



FCC TEST REPORT

**Test report
On Behalf of
GAP PROMOTIONS LLC
For
Beer can ear buds
Model No: H35T**

FCC ID: 2AXJO-H35T

Prepared for : **GAP PROMOTIONS LLC**
1 Washington Street, Gloucester, MA 01930

Prepared By : **Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co., Ltd**
1th Floor, Building 1, Haomai High-tech Park, Huating Road 387, Dalang
Street, Longhua, Shenzhen, China

Date of Test: **2020/8/15 - 2020/8/26**

Date of Report: **2020/8/26**

Report Number: **TZ200801597-E**

The test report apply only to the specific sample(s) tested under stated test conditions

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TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name **GAP PROMOTIONS LLC**

Address 1 Washington Street, Gloucester, MA 01930, USA

Manufacture's Name ... **Variety International CO., Ltd.**

Address Room 801, Unit 1, 2 Buildings, First phase of DaYunChengBang, FengGang
Town, DongGuan, China

Product description

Trade Mark N/A

Product name Beer can ear buds

Model No H35T

Standards FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247
ANSI C63.10: 2013

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Date of Test 2020/8/15 - 2020/8/26

Date of Issu 2020/8/26

Test Result **PASS**

Testing Engineer :

Nancy Li

(Nancy Li)

Technical Manager :

Hugo Chen

(Hugo Chen)

Authorized Signatory :

Andy Zhang

(Andy Zhang)



Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
00	2020/8/26	Initial Issue	Andy Zhang



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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Description of Device (EUT)

EUT : Beer can ear buds
Model Number : H35T
Model Difference Declaration : N/A
Test Model : H35T
Power Supply : DC 3.7V by battery and DC 5V From external circuit

Bluetooth

Bluetooth : BR/EDR
Frequency Range : 2402-2480MHz
Channel Number : 79 Channels
Modulation Technology : GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK
Data Rates : 1~2Mbps
Antenna Type And Gain : Chip Antenna 2.0dBi

Note: Antenna position refer to EUT Photos.

1.2 Support equipment List

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate

1.3 EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

- - supplied by the manufacturer
- - supplied by the lab

	Adapter	Mode:EP-TA20CBC Input:AC100-240V-50/60Hz · 0.5A Output:DC 5V,2A
--	---------	---

1.4 External I/O Cable

I/O Port Description	Quantity	Cable

1.5 Description of Test Facility

Designation Number: CN1275
Test Firm Registration Number: 167722
A2LA Certificate Number:5463.01

The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfills CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.10 and CISPR 16-1-4:2010



1.6 Statement of the Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16 – 4 “Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements” and is documented in the Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd To DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

1.7 Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item		Frequency Range	Uncertainty	Note
Radiation Uncertainty	:	9KHz~30MHz	±3.08dB	(1)
	:	30MHz~1000MHz	±4.42dB	(1)
	:	1GHz~40GHz	±4.06dB	(1)
Conduction Uncertainty	:	150kHz~30MHz	±2.23dB	(1)

(1). This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

1.8 Description of Test Modes

Bluetooth operates in the unlicensed ISM Band at 2.4GHz. The EUT works in the X-axis, Y-axis, Z-axis. The following operating modes were applied for the related test items. All test modes were tested, only the result of the worst case was recorded in the report.

Mode of Operations	Frequency Range (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)
Bluetooth	2402	1/2
	2441	1/2
	2480	1/2
For Conducted Emission		
Test Mode	TX Mode	
For Radiated Emission		
Test Mode	TX Mode	

Worst-case mode and channel used for 9kHz-1000 MHz radiated emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power, that was determined to be TX(1Mbps-High Channel).



2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013, FCC CFR PART 15C 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 and DA 00-705.

2.1 EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2 EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the normal operating mode for Hopping Numbers and Dwell Time test and a continuous transmits mode for other tests.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209, 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

2.3 General Test Procedures

2.3.1 Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

2.3.2 Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013

2.4. Test Sample

The application provides 2 samples to meet requirement;

Sample Number	Description
Sample 1	Engineer sample – continuous transmit
Sample 2	Normal sample – Intermittent transmit



3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition.

3.2 EUT Exercise Software

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition and change test channels by software (SecureCRTPortable) provided by application.

3.3 Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document.

3.4 Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd has not done any modification on the EUT.

3.5 Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.



4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Applied Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart C			
FCC Rules	Description of Test	Test Sample	Result
§15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Sample 1	Compliant
§15.247(c)	Frequency Separation And 20 dB Bandwidth	Sample 1	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(ii)	Number Of Hopping Frequency	Sample 1	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time Of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Sample 1	Compliant
§15.209, §15.247(d)	Radiated and Conducted Spurious Emissions	Sample 1 Sample 2	Compliant
§15.205	Emissions at Restricted Band	Sample 1	Compliant
§15.207(a)	Conducted Emissions	Sample 2	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirements	Sample 1	Compliant
§15.247(i)§2.1093	RF Exposure	N/A	Compliant



5. SUMMARY OF TEST EQUIPMENT

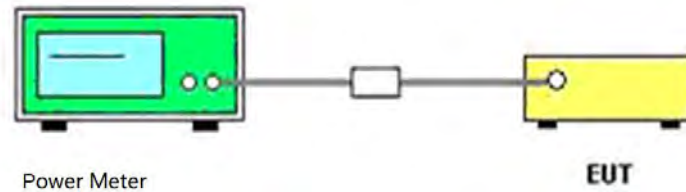
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1	MXA Signal Analyzer	Keysight	N9020A	MY52091623	2020/1/2	2021/1/1
2	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY5365004	2020/1/2	2021/1/1
3	Power Meter	Agilent	U2531A	TW53323507	2020/1/2	2021/1/1
4	Wideband Antenna	schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	958	2019/11/16	2022/11/15
5	Horn Antenna	schwarzbeck	9120D-1141	1574	2019/11/16	2022/11/15
6	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100849/003	2020/1/2	2021/1/1
7	Controller	MF	MF7802	N/A	N/A	N/A
8	Amplifier	schwarzbeck	BBV 9743	209	2020/1/2	2021/1/1
9	Amplifier	Tonscend	TSAMP-0518SE	--	2020/1/2	2021/1/1
10	RF Cable(below 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	N/A	2020/1/2	2021/1/1
11	RF Cable(above 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	N/A	2020/1/2	2021/1/1
12	Artificial Mains	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ENV 216	101333-IP	2020/1/2	2021/1/1
12	EMI Test Software	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESK1	V1.71	N/A	N/A
14	RE test software	Tonscend	JS32-RE	V2.0.2.0	N/A	N/A
15	Test Software	Tonscend	JS1120-3	V2.5.77.0418	N/A	N/A
16	Horn Antenna	A-INFO	LB-180400-KF	J211020657	2019/11/16	2020/11/15
17	Amplifier	SKET	LNPA_1840-50	SK2018101801	2019/10/22	2020/10/21
18	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	100020	2019/10/22	2020/10/21



6. MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 Peak Power

6.1.1 Block Diagram of Test Setup



6.1.2 Limit

According to §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

6.1.3 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10:2013 Maximum peak conducted output power for HFSS devices: The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the HFSS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

6.1.4 Test Results

Temperature	22.8°C	Humidity	56%
Test Engineer	Nancy Li	Configurations	BT

Type	Channel	Peak Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
GFSK	00	4.85	30	Pass
	39	6.34		
	78	4.64		
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	00	5.89	21	Pass
	39	7.36		
	78	5.62		

Remark:

1. Test results including cable loss;
2. please refer to following plots;
3. Measured output power at difference Packet Type for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.

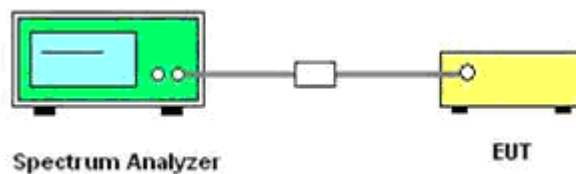


6.2 Frequency Separation and 20 dB Bandwidth

6.2.1 Limit

According to §15.247(a) (1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

6.2.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



6.2.3 Test Procedure

Frequency separation test procedure:

- 1). Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
- 2). Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the Spectrum Analyzer.
- 3). Set center frequency of Spectrum Analyzer = middle of hopping channel.
- 4). Set the Spectrum Analyzer as RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels, Sweep = auto.
- 5). Max hold, mark 2 peaks of hopping channel and record the 2 peaks frequency.

20dB bandwidth test procedure:

- 1). Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
- 2). RBW $\geq 1\%$ of the 20 dB bandwidth, VBW \geq RBW.
- 3). Detector function = peak.
- 4). Trace = max hold.

6.2.4 Test Results



Temperature	22.8°C	Humidity	56%
Test Engineer	Nancy Li	Configurations	BT

Modulation	Channel	20dB bandwidth (MHz)	Result
GFSK	CH00	0.876	Pass
	CH39	0.852	
	CH78	0.879	
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	CH00	1.230	Pass
	CH39	1.254	
	CH78	1.257	

Modulation	Channel	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit(MHz)	Result
GFSK	CH38	1.000	2/3* 20dB BW or 20dB BW	Pass
	CH39			
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	CH38	0.994	2/3* 20dB BW or 20dB BW	Pass
	CH39			

Remark:

1. *Test results including cable loss;*
2. *please refer to following plots;*
3. *Measured at difference Packet Type for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*



For 20dB bandwidth Test plots:

GFSK Modulation*CH00**CH39**CH78*

 $\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation

CH00



CH39



CH78



For Channel Separation (MHz):

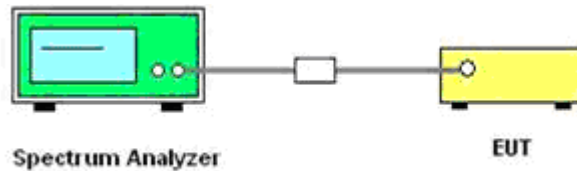
GFSK Modulation *$\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation*

6.3 Number of Hopping Frequency

6.3.1 Limit

According to §15.247(a)(1)(ii) or A8.1 (d), Frequency hopping systems operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 hopping channels.

6.3.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



6.3.3 Test Procedure

- 1). Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
- 2). Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the Spectrum Analyzer.
- 3). Set Spectrum Analyzer Start=2400MHz, Stop = 2483.5MHz, Sweep = auto.
- 4). Set the Spectrum Analyzer as RBW=100KHz, VBW=300KHz.
- 5). Max hold, view and count how many channel in the band.

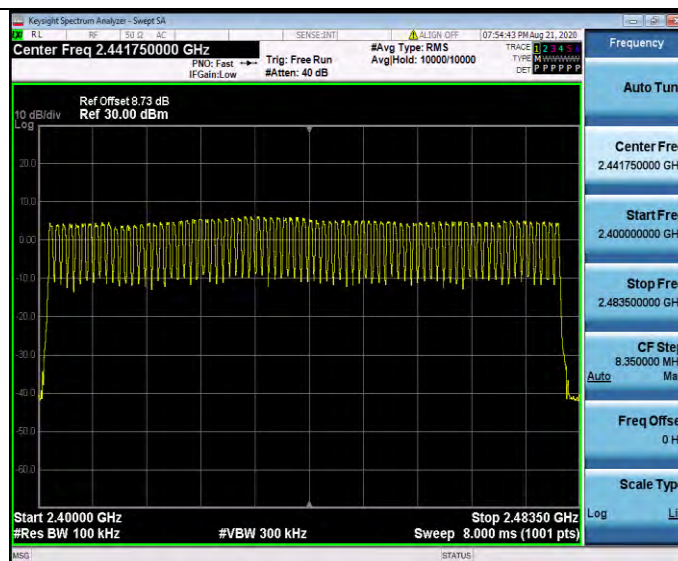
6.3.4 Test Results

Temperature	22.8°C	Humidity	56%
Test Engineer	Nancy Li	Configurations	BT

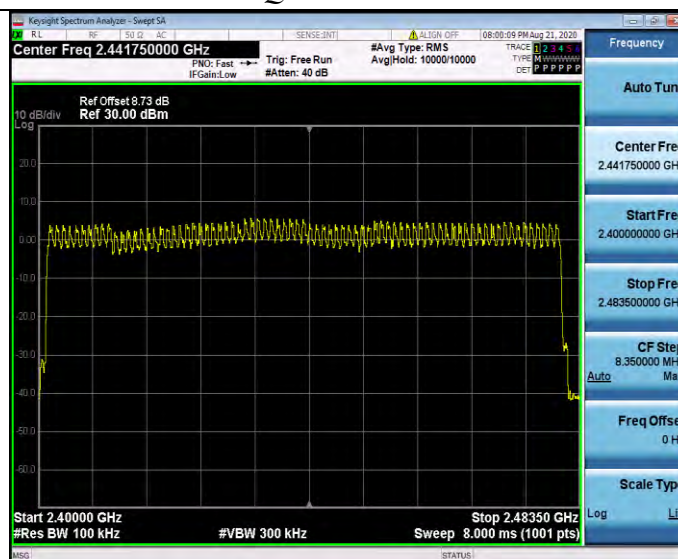
Modulation	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit	Result
GFSK	79	≥ 15	Pass
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	79		



GFSK Modulation



$\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation

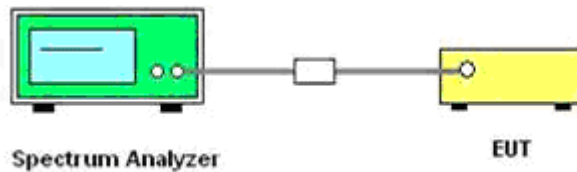


6.4 Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

6.4.1 Limit

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii) or A8.1 (d), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5 MHz bands. The average time of occupancy on any channels shall not greater than 0.4 s within a period 0.4 s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

6.4.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



6.4.3 Test Procedure

- 1). Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
- 2). Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the Spectrum Analyzer.
- 3). Set center frequency of Spectrum Analyzer = operating frequency.
- 4). Set the Spectrum Analyzer as RBW, VBW=1MHz, Span = 0Hz, Sweep = auto.
- 5). Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured was complete.

6.4.4 Test Result

Temperature	22.8°C	Humidity	56%
Test Engineer	Nancy Li	Configurations	BT

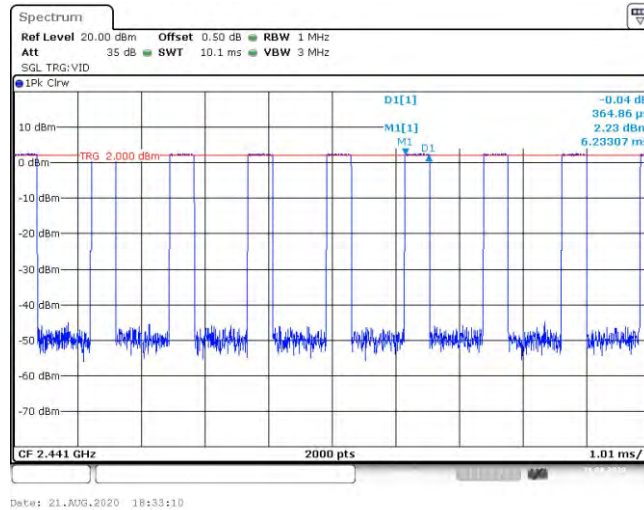
Modulation	Packet	Pulse time (ms)	Dwell time (s)	Limit (s)	Result
GFSK	DH1	0.365	0.117	0.40	Pass
	DH3	1.627	0.260		
	DH5	2.853	0.304		
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2-DH1	0.365	0.117	0.40	Pass
	2-DH3	1.601	0.256		
	2-DH5	2.833	0.302		

Note:

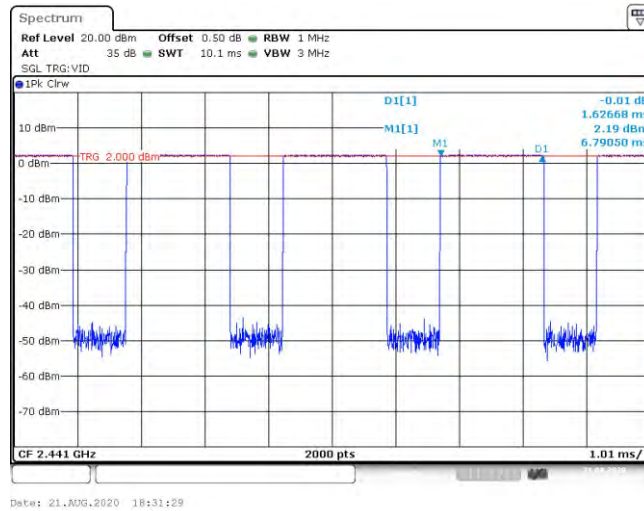
1. We have tested all mode at high,middle and low channel,and recoreded worst case at middle channel.
2. Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 2 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second for DH1, 2-DH1, 3-DH1
Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 4 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second for DH3, 2-DH3, 3-DH3
Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 6 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second for DH5, 2-DH5, 3-DH5



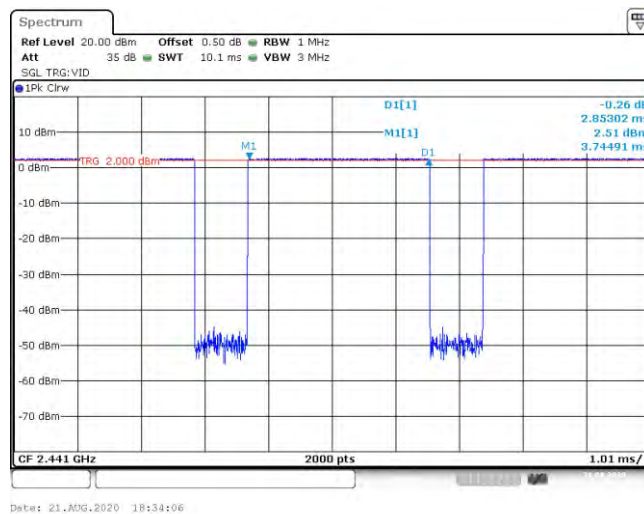
GFSK Modulation



DH1



DH3



DH5



Spectrum

Ref Level 20.00 dBm **Offset** 0.50 dB **RBW** 1 MHz

Att 35 dB **SWT** 10.1 ms **VBW** 3 MHz

SQL TRG: VID

1Pk Cirw

10 dBm

0 dBm

-10 dBm

-20 dBm

-30 dBm

-40 dBm

-50 dBm

-60 dBm

-70 dBm

TRG 2.000 dBm

D1[1]

M1[1]

M1

D1

-0.34 dB

364.86 μ

1.87 dBm

7.36819 m

CF 2.441 GHz

2000 pts

1.01 ms/

Date: 21.MAY.2020 18:34:45

Date: 21.AUG.2020 18:34:45

Spectrum

Ref Level 20.00 dBm Offset 0.50 dB RBW 1 MHz

Att 35 dB SWT 10.1 ms VBW 3 MHz

SGL TRG:VID

1Pk Cirw

0.16 dB
1.60134 m
1.36 dBm
4.85976 m

10 dBm

0 dBm

-10 dBm

-20 dBm

-30 dBm

-40 dBm

-50 dBm

-60 dBm

-70 dBm

TRG 2.000 dBm

M1

D1

CF 2.441 GHz

2000 pts

1.01 ms/

Date: 21.MAY.2020 18:37:33

Date: 21.AUG.2020 18:37:33

Spectrum

Ref Level 20.00 dBm **Offset** 0.50 dB **RBW** 1 MHz
Att 35 dB **SWT** 10.1 ms **VBW** 3 MHz

SGL TRG:VID

● 1Pk Cirw

The spectrum plot displays three distinct signals. The top trace, labeled D1[1], has a peak level of 0.42 dBm at 2.83275 MHz. The middle trace, labeled M1[1], has a peak level of 2.41 dBm at 2.41 dBm. The bottom trace, labeled D1, has a peak level of 5.85807 MHz. The plot also includes a red horizontal line at 0 dBm and a blue vertical line at 2.000 dBm.

CF 2.441 GHz 2000 pts 1.01 ms /

Date: 21.AUG.2020 18:36:52

Date: 21.AUG.2020 18:36:52

Remark:

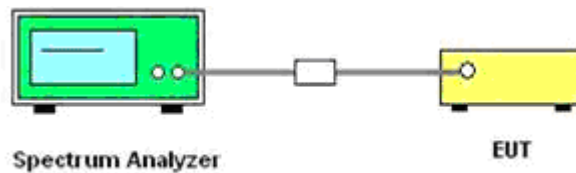
1. Test results including cable loss;
2. please refer to following plots;
3. Measured at difference Packet Type for each mode and recorded woest case for each mode

6.5 Conducted Spurious Emissions and Band Edges Test

6.5.1 Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.

6.5.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



6.5.3 Test Procedure

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

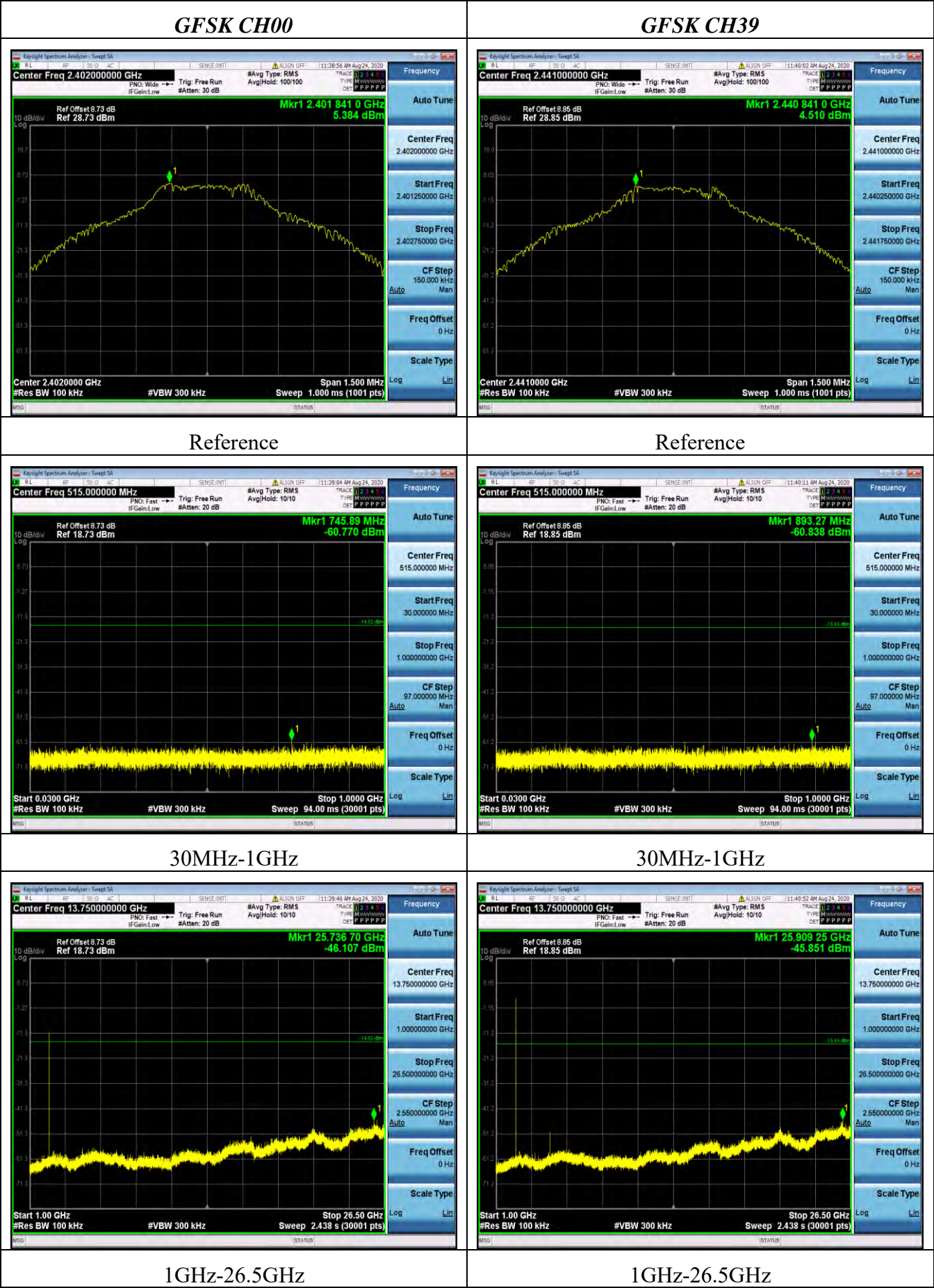
The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 KHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 KHz.

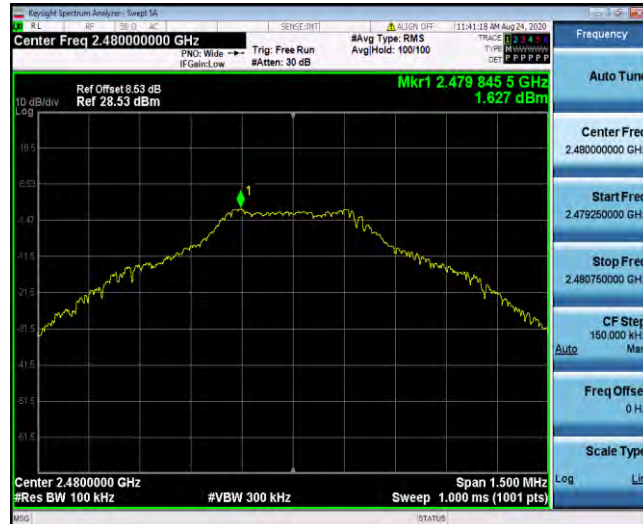
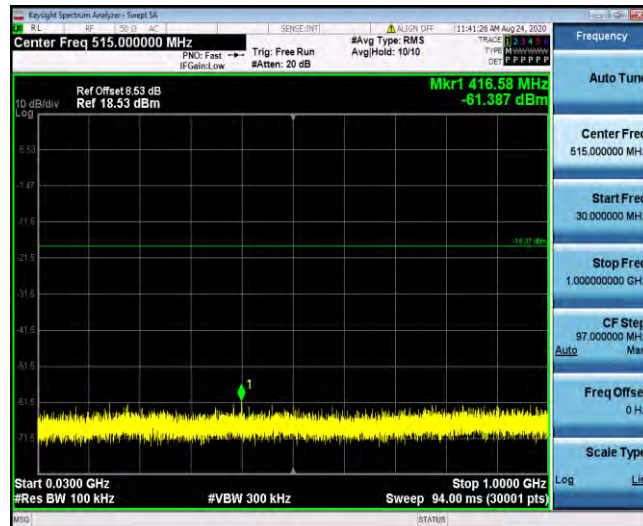
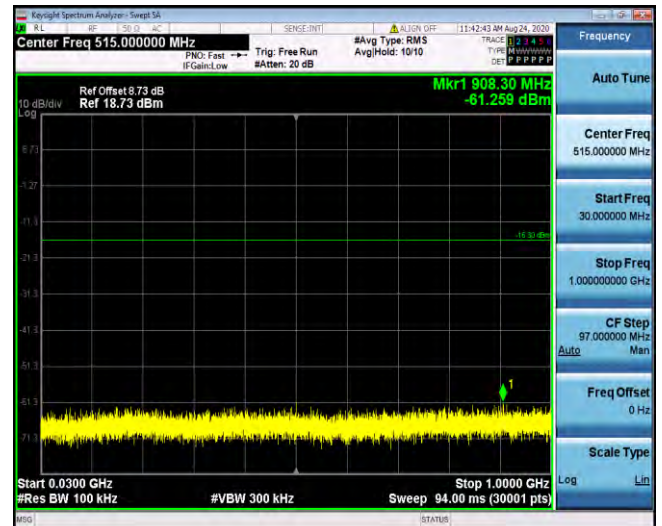
Measurements are made over the 9 kHz to 26.5GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels

6.5.4 Test Results of Conducted Spurious Emissions

No non-compliance noted. Only record the worst test result in this report. The test data refer to the following page.

Temperature	22.8°C	Humidity	52%
Test Engineer	Nancy Li	Configurations	BT



**GFSK CH78** **$\pi/4$ DQPSK CH00****Reference****Reference****30MHz-1GHz****30MHz-1GHz****1GHz-26.5GHz****1GHz-26.5GHz**



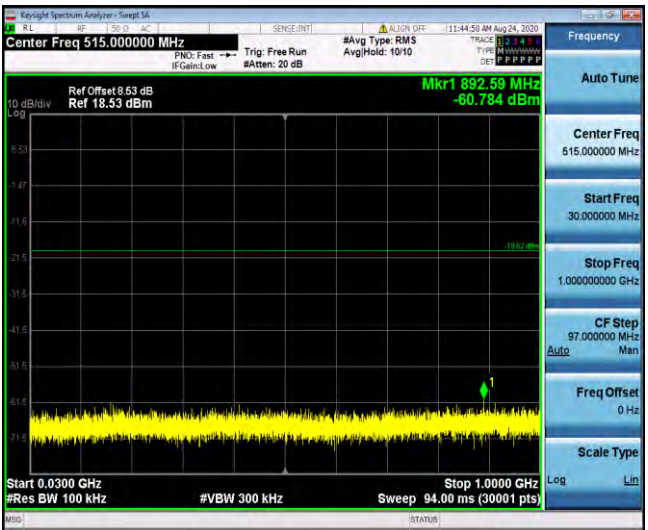
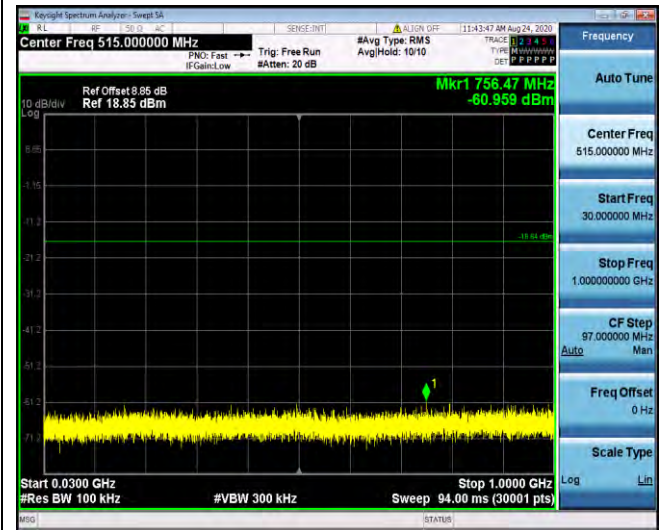
$\pi/4$ DQPSK CH39



$\pi/4$ DQPSK CH78



Reference



30MHz-1GHz

30MHz-1GHz



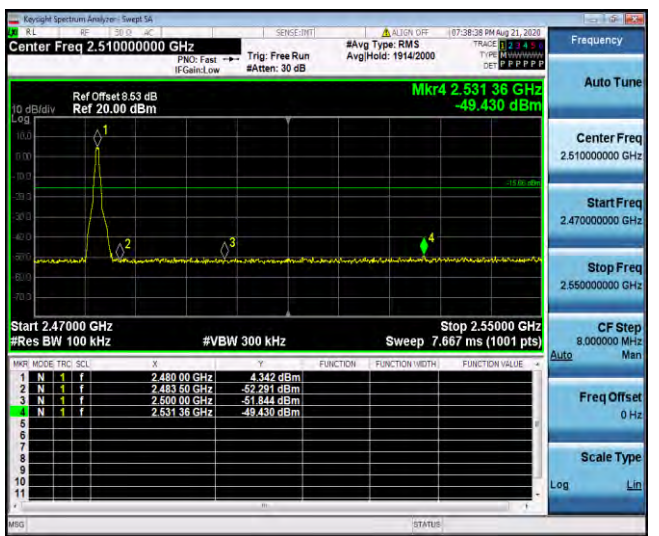
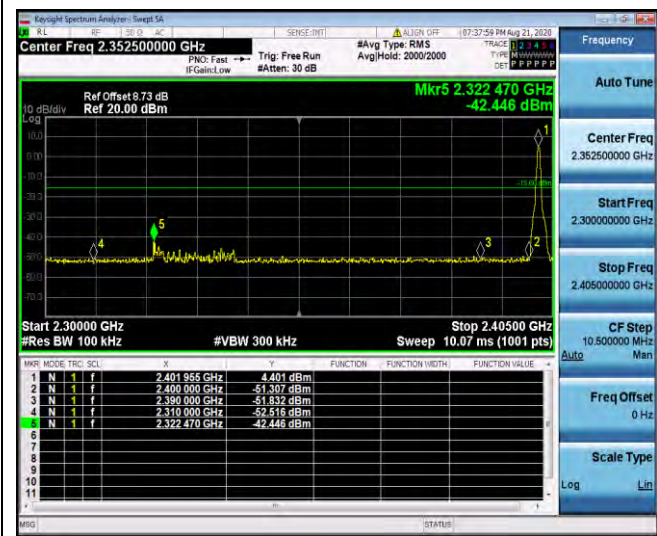
1GHz-26.5GHz

1GHz-26.5GHz



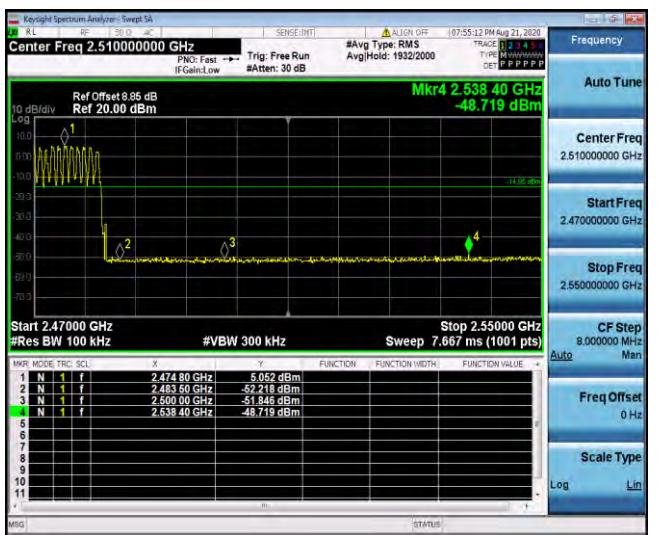
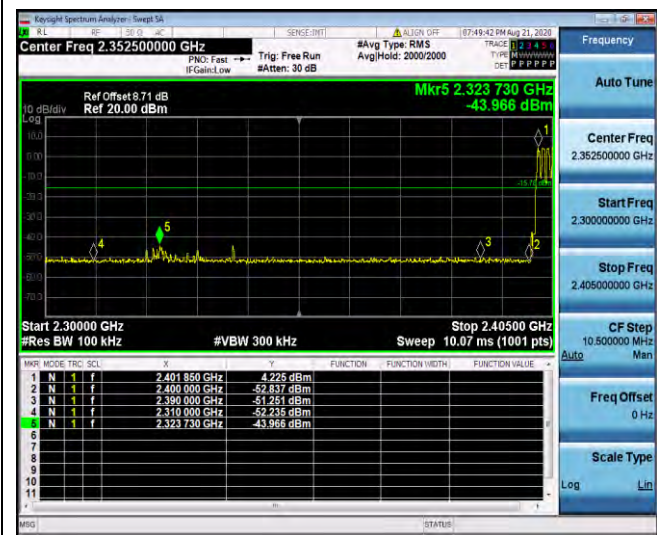
Band-edge Measurements for RF Conducted Emissions:

GFSK



Left Band edge hopping off

Right Band edge hopping off

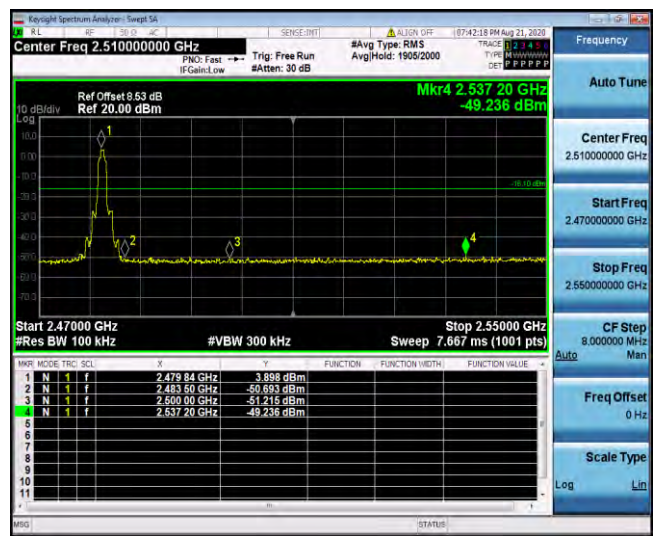


Left Band edge hopping on

Right Band edge hopping on

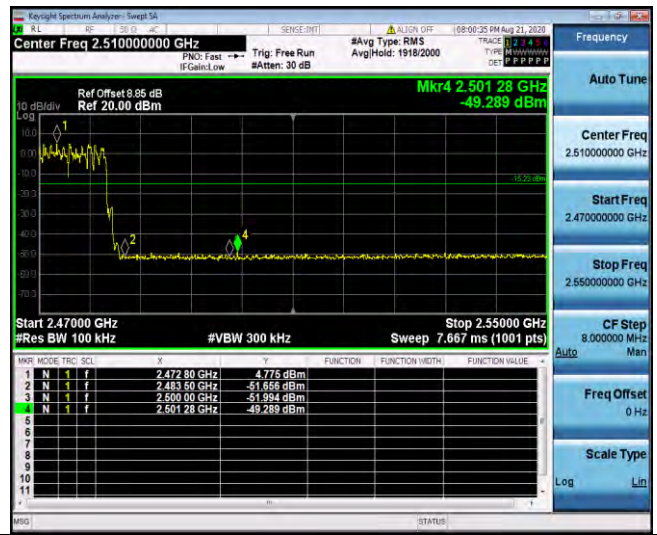
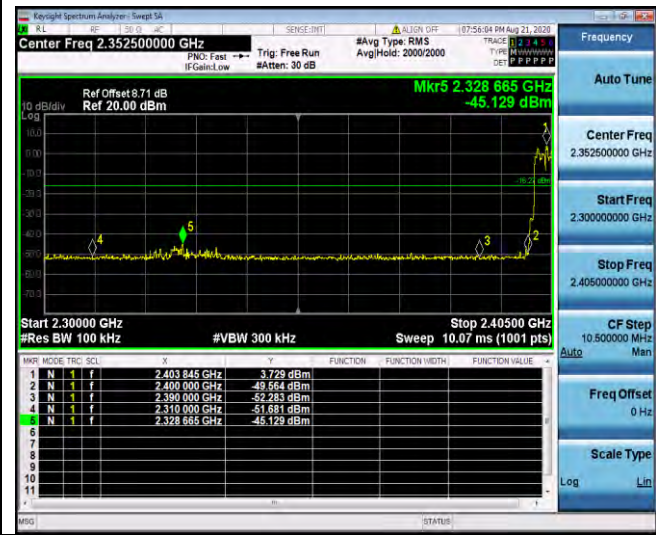


$\pi/4$ DQPSK



Left Band edge hopping off

Right Band edge hopping off



Left Band edge hopping on

Right Band edge hopping on

Remark:
 1. Test results including cable loss;
 2. Measured at difference Packet Type for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.



6.6 Restricted Band Emission Limit

6.6.1. Standard Applicable

15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
1\ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(12\)
13.36-13.41			

1\ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

12\ Above 38.6

According to §15.247 (d): 20dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

6.6.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	10 th carrier harmonic
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average



Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB/VB 200Hz/1KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB/VB 9kHz/30KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB/VB 120kHz/1MHz for QP

6.6.3. Test Procedures

1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 0.8 meter.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

Final measurement:

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QPK detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.



2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 to 3 meter.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ($\pm 45^\circ$) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.
- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.



3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ($\pm 45^\circ$) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.



4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 1 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

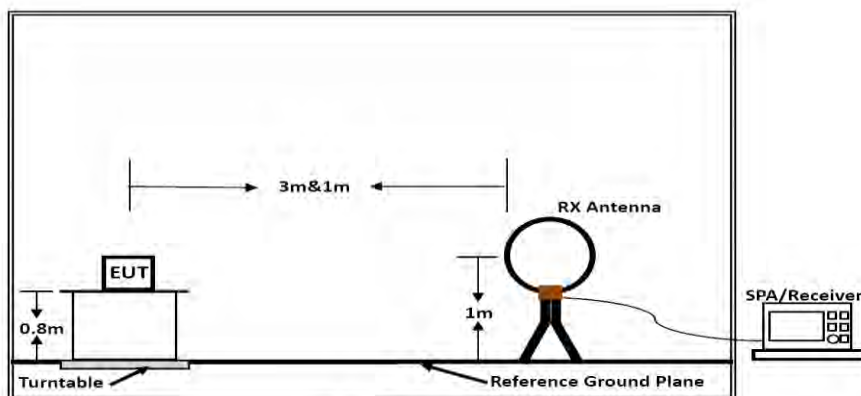
Premeasurement:

- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

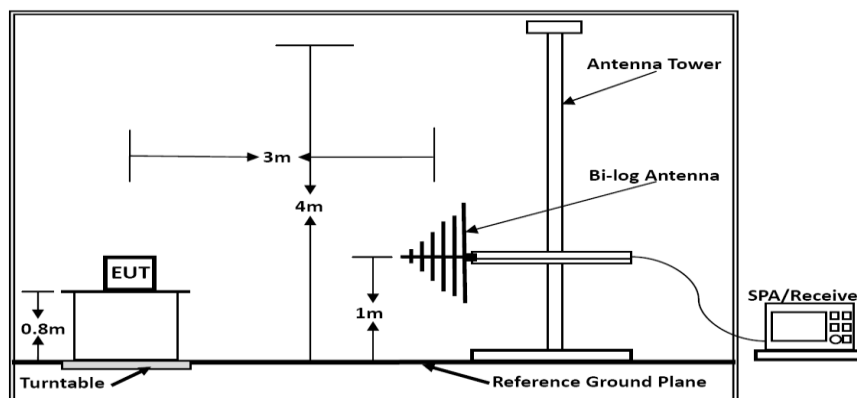
Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

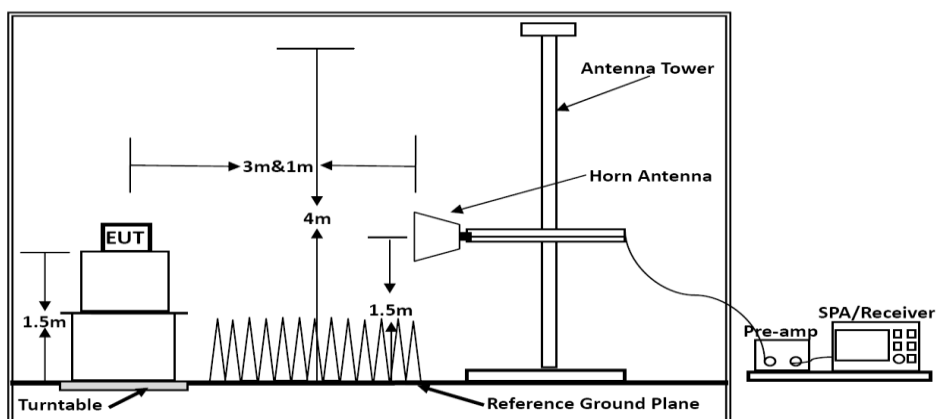
6.6.4. Test Setup Layout



Below 30MHz



Below 1GHz



Above 1GHz

Above 10 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade from 3m to 1.5m.

Distance extrapolation factor = $20 \log (\text{specific distance [3m]} / \text{test distance [1.5m]})$ (dB);
Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].



6.6.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

6.6.6. Results of Radiated Emissions (9 kHz~30MHz)

Temperature	22.8°C	Humidity	52%
Test Engineer	Nancy Li	Configurations	BT

Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Over Limit (dBuV)	Remark
-	-	-	-	See Note

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor = $40 \log (\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$ (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

PASS.

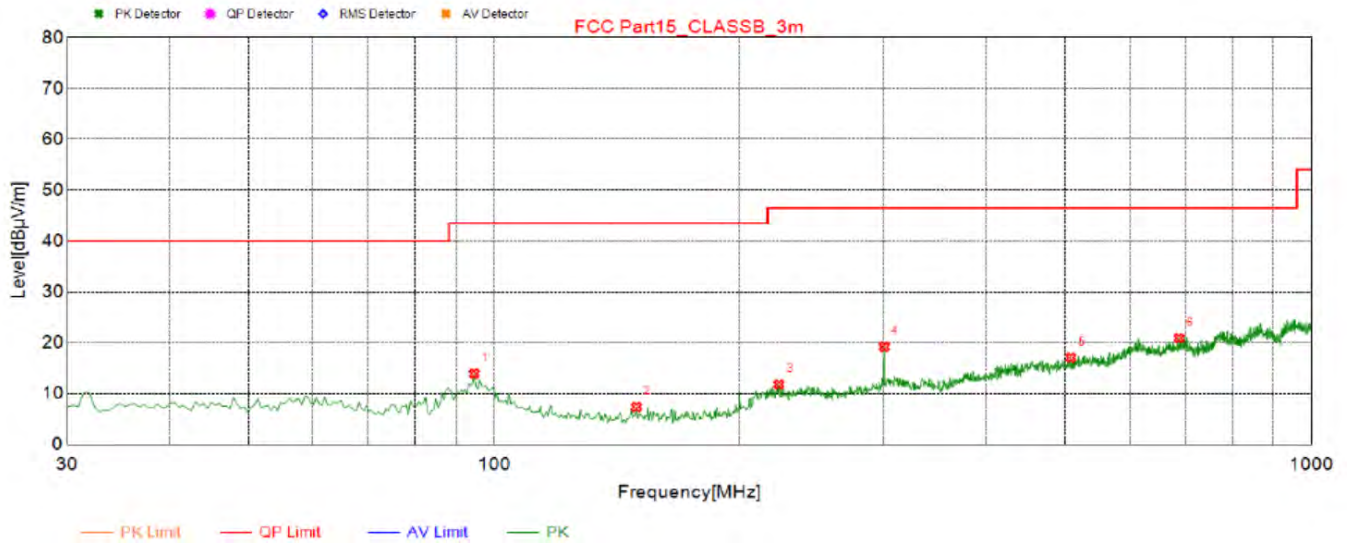
Only record the worst test result in this report.

The test data please refer to following page.



Below 1GHz (Worst case: 1Mbps, High Channel)

Horizontal



Suspected List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Result Level [dBuV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle[°]	Polarity
1	94.505	13.94	-16.91	43.50	29.56	300	223	Horizontal
2	149.310	7.39	-19.11	43.50	36.11	300	77	Horizontal
3	223.030	11.82	-14.71	46.50	34.68	300	115	Horizontal
4	300.145	19.23	-12.81	46.50	27.27	100	195	Horizontal
5	507.725	17.07	-7.87	46.50	29.43	100	121	Horizontal
6	688.630	20.89	-4.49	46.50	25.61	100	112	Horizontal

*****Note:**

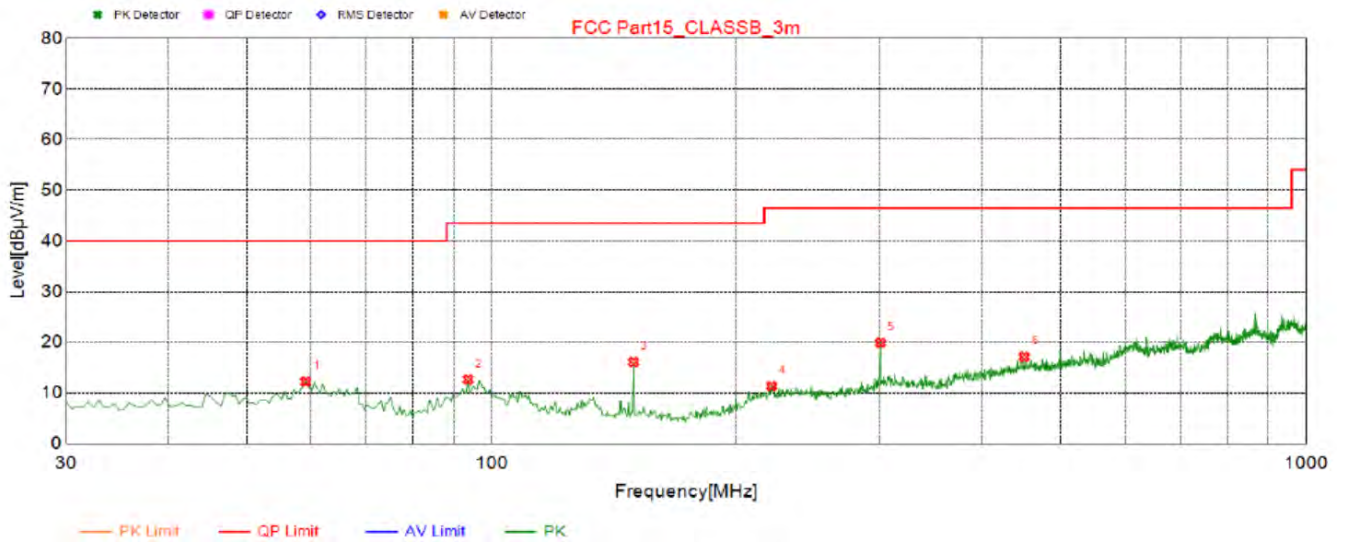
Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (TX (3Mbps)).

Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.



Vertical



Suspected List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Result Level [dBuV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle[°]	Polarity
1	59.100	12.24	-15.51	40.00	27.76	200	147	Vertical
2	93.535	12.64	-17.07	43.50	30.86	200	15	Vertical
3	149.310	16.1	-19.11	43.50	27.40	100	276	Vertical
4	220.605	11.35	-14.79	46.50	35.15	200	186	Vertical
5	300.145	19.89	-12.81	46.50	26.61	200	5	Vertical
6	450.495	17.11	-9.04	46.50	29.39	200	139	Vertical

***Note:

Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report.

Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.

**Above 1GHz***The worst test result for GFSK, Channel 0 / 2402 MHz*

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4804.00	52.17	33.06	35.04	3.94	54.13	74.00	19.87	Peak	Horizontal
4804.00	41.28	33.06	35.04	3.94	43.24	54.00	10.76	Average	Horizontal
4804.00	51.98	33.06	35.04	3.94	53.94	74.00	20.06	Peak	Vertical
4804.00	40.08	33.06	35.04	3.94	42.04	54.00	11.96	Average	Vertical

The worst test result for $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, Channel 0 / 2402 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4804.00	53.84	33.06	35.04	3.94	55.80	74	18.20	Peak	Horizontal
4804.00	40.67	33.06	35.04	3.94	42.63	54	11.37	Average	Horizontal
4804.00	52.93	33.06	35.04	3.94	54.89	74	19.11	Peak	Vertical
4804.00	40.18	33.06	35.04	3.94	42.14	54	11.86	Average	Vertical

The worst test result for GFSK, Channel 39 / 2441 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4882.00	53.08	33.16	35.15	3.96	55.05	74	18.95	Peak	Horizontal
4882.00	40.17	33.16	35.15	3.96	42.14	54	11.86	Average	Horizontal
4882.00	52.61	33.16	35.15	3.96	54.58	74	19.42	Peak	Vertical
4882.00	39.83	33.16	35.15	3.96	41.80	54	12.20	Average	Vertical

The worst test result for $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, Channel 39 / 2441 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4882.00	53.81	33.16	35.15	3.96	55.78	74	18.22	Peak	Horizontal
4882.00	40.69	33.16	35.15	3.96	42.66	54	11.34	Average	Horizontal
4882.00	52.37	33.16	35.15	3.96	54.34	74	19.66	Peak	Vertical
4882.00	40.25	33.16	35.15	3.96	42.22	54	11.78	Average	Vertical

The worst test result for GFSK, Channel 78 / 2480 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4960.00	53.38	33.26	35.14	3.98	55.48	74	18.52	Peak	Horizontal
4960.00	40.17	33.26	35.14	3.98	42.27	54	11.73	Average	Horizontal
4960.00	52.07	33.26	35.14	3.98	54.17	74	19.83	Peak	Vertical
4960.00	39.29	33.26	35.14	3.98	41.39	54	12.61	Average	Vertical

*The worst test result for $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, Channel 78 / 2480 MHz*

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4960.00	54.93	33.26	35.14	3.98	57.03	74	16.97	Peak	Horizontal
4960.00	40.84	33.26	35.14	3.98	42.94	54	11.06	Average	Horizontal
4960.00	53.60	33.26	35.14	3.98	55.70	74	18.30	Peak	Vertical
4960.00	40.41	33.26	35.14	3.98	42.51	54	11.49	Average	Vertical

Notes:

- 1). Measuring frequencies from 9k~10th harmonic (ex. 26GHz), No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30 MHz.
- 2). Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9k~10th harmonic (ex. 26GHz) were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3). 18~25GHz at least have 20dB margin. No recording in the test report.
- 4). Margin=Reading Level+ Ant Fac + Cab Loss-Pre Fac -Limit

6.7. AC Power line conducted emissions

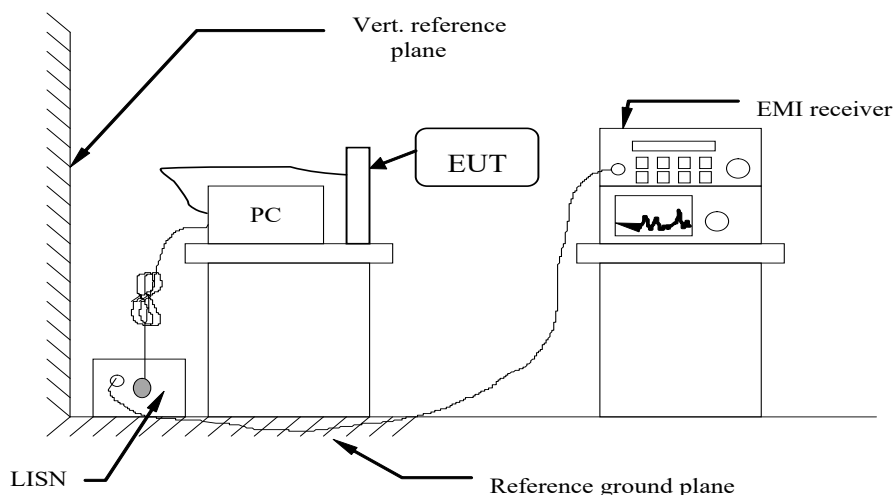
6.7.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range is listed as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

6.7.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



6.7.3 Test Results

Remark:

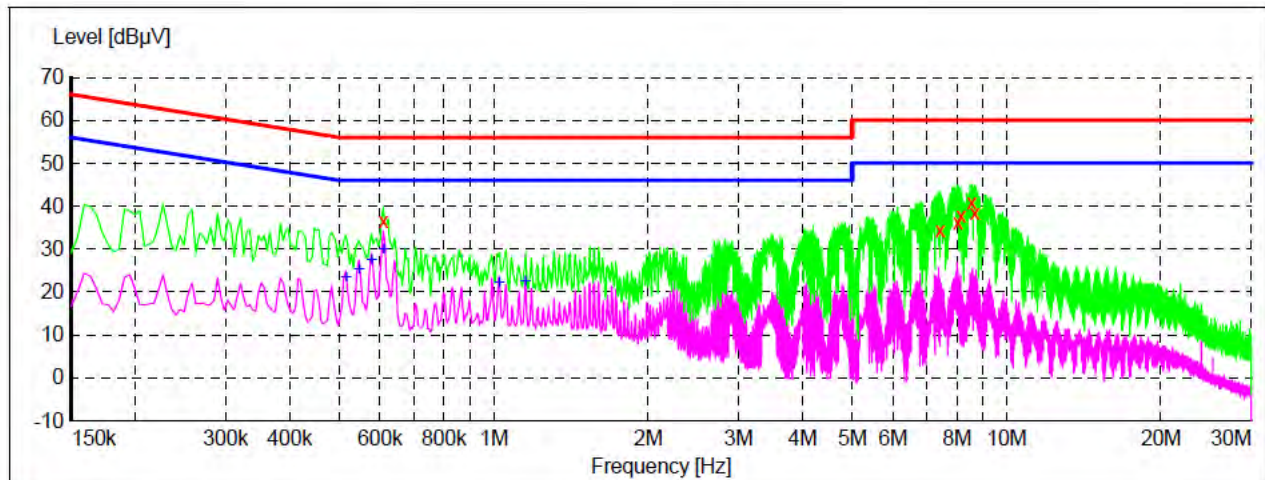
1. All modes of GFSK, and Pi/4 DQPSK were test at Low, Middle, and High channel; only the worst result of GFSK Middle Channel was reported as below:
2. Both 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz power supply have been tested, only the worst result of 120 VAC, 60 Hz was reported as below:



Power supply:	DC 5V from Adapter AC 120V/60Hz)	Polarization	L
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SCAN TABLE: "Voltage (9K-30M) FIN"

Short Description: 150K-30M Voltage

**MEASUREMENT RESULT: "TZ200824105_fin"**

8/24/2020 3:14PM

Frequency MHz	Level dBμV	Transd dB	Limit dBμV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.609000	36.40	9.9	56	19.6	QP	L1	GND
7.408500	34.20	9.8	60	25.8	QP	L1	GND
8.038500	36.30	9.8	60	23.7	QP	L1	GND
8.142000	37.60	9.8	60	22.4	QP	L1	GND
8.542500	40.80	9.8	60	19.2	QP	L1	GND
8.659500	38.50	9.8	60	21.5	QP	L1	GND

MEASUREMENT RESULT: "TZ200824105_fin2"

8/24/2020 3:14PM

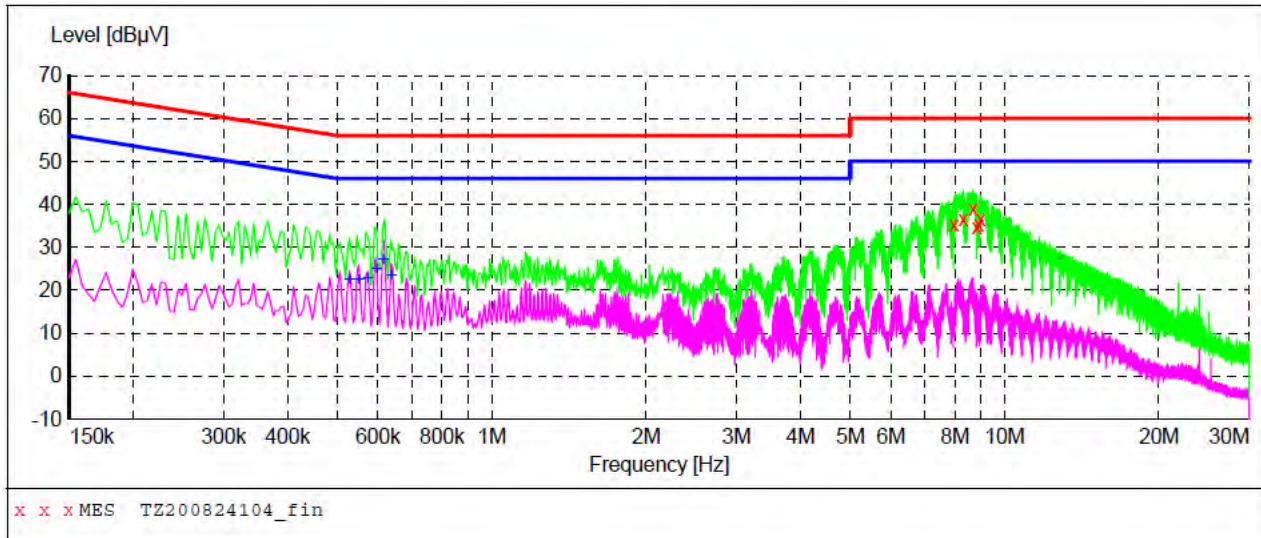
Frequency MHz	Level dBμV	Transd dB	Limit dBμV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.514500	23.50	9.9	46	22.5	AV	L1	GND
0.546000	25.40	9.9	46	20.6	AV	L1	GND
0.577500	27.60	9.9	46	18.4	AV	L1	GND
0.609000	30.10	9.9	46	15.9	AV	L1	GND
1.023000	22.20	9.8	46	23.8	AV	L1	GND
1.153500	22.60	9.8	46	23.4	AV	L1	GND



Power supply:	DC 5V from Adapter AC 120V/60Hz)	Polarization	N
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SCAN TABLE: "Voltage (9K-30M)FIN"

Short Description: 150K-30M Voltage

**MEASUREMENT RESULT: "TZ200824104_fin"**

8/24/2020 3:12PM

Frequency MHz	Level dBμV	Transd dB	Limit dBμV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
7.971000	35.40	9.8	60	24.6	QP	N	GND
8.299500	36.50	9.8	60	23.5	QP	N	GND
8.686500	38.90	9.8	60	21.1	QP	N	GND
8.826000	34.50	9.8	60	25.5	QP	N	GND
8.916000	35.30	9.8	60	24.7	QP	N	GND
8.979000	36.60	9.8	60	23.4	QP	N	GND

MEASUREMENT RESULT: "TZ200824104_fin2"

8/24/2020 3:12PM

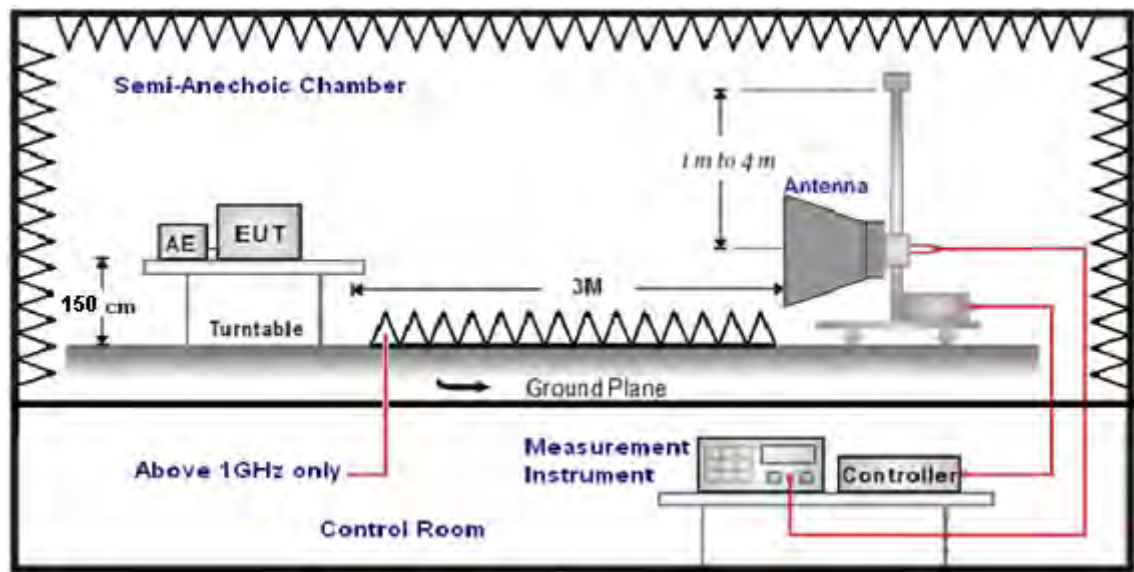
Frequency MHz	Level dBμV	Transd dB	Limit dBμV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.528000	22.60	9.9	46	23.4	AV	N	GND
0.550500	22.60	9.9	46	23.4	AV	N	GND
0.573000	22.90	9.9	46	23.1	AV	N	GND
0.595500	25.00	9.9	46	21.0	AV	N	GND
0.613500	27.30	9.9	46	18.7	AV	N	GND
0.636000	23.50	9.9	46	22.5	AV	N	GND

6.8. Band-edge measurements for radiated emissions

6.8.1 Standard Applicable

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

6.8.2. Test Setup Layout



6.8.3. Test Procedures

According to KDB 412172 section 1.1 Field Strength Approach (linear terms):

- 1.The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane.
- 2.Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0° to 360° to acquire the highest emissions from EUT.
- 3.And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 4.Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed..
- 5.The distance between test antenna and EUT was 3 meter:
- 6.Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Receiver/Spectrum Setting	Detector
1GHz-40GHz	Peak Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz, Sweep time=Auto Average Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz, Sweep time=Auto	Peak



6.8.4. Test Results

Temperature	22.8°C	Humidity	55%
Test Engineer	Nancy Li	Configurations	BT

Remark: GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK all have been tested, only worse case GFSK is reported.

Operation Mode: GFSK TX Low channel(2402MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2390	62.46	-5.68	56.78	74	-17.22	peak
2390	47.19	-5.68	41.51	54	-12.49	AVG
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2390	65.22	-5.68	59.54	74	-14.46	peak
2390	48.11	-5.68	42.43	54	-11.57	AVG
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

Operation Mode: GFSK TX High channel (2480MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2483.5	62.09	-5.42	56.67	74	-17.33	peak
2483.5	43.63	-5.42	38.21	54	-15.79	AVG
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2483.5	64.11	-5.42	58.69	74	-15.31	peak
2483.5	44.39	-5.42	38.97	54	-15.03	AVG
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						
Remark: All the other emissions not reported were too low to read and deemed to comply with FCC limit.						

Remark:

1. Measured at difference Packet Type for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.



2. *Worst case data at DH5 for GFSK, 2DH5 for $\pi/4$ DQPSK, modulation type;*
3. *Measured at Hopping and Non-Hopping mode, recorded worst at Non-Hopping mode.*
4. *The other emission levels were very low against the limit.*
5. *The average measurement was not performed when the peak measured data under the limit of average detection.*
6. *Detector AV is setting spectrum/receiver. RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz/Sweep time=Auto/Detector=Peak;*

6.9. Pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence

6.9.1 Standard Applicable

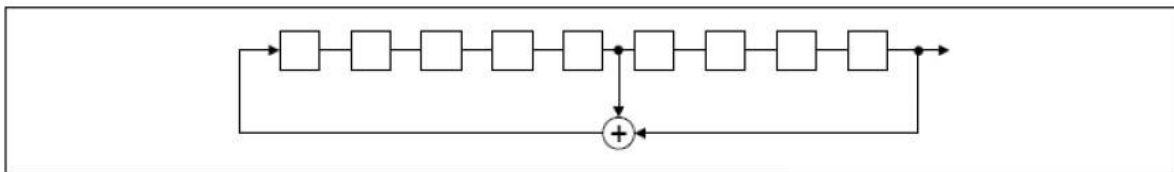
For 47 CFR Part 15C sections 15.247 (a) (1) requirement:

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hop-ping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hop-ping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

6.9.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Requirement

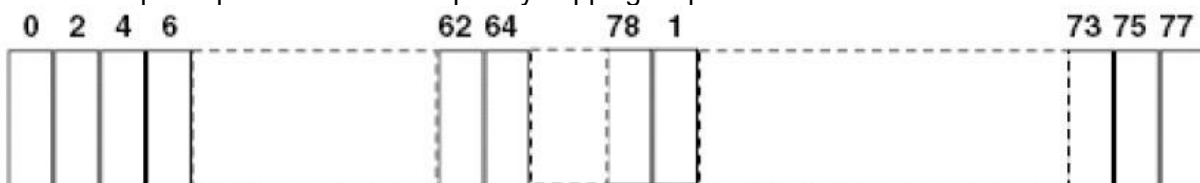
The pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th first stage. The sequence begins with the first one of 9 consecutive ones, for example: the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages:9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence:29-1=511 bits
- Longest sequence of zeros:8(non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

An example of pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence as follows:



Each frequency used equally one the average by each transmitter.
The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitter and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.



6.10. Antenna requirement

6.10.1 Standard Applicable

According to antenna requirement of §15.203.

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be re-placed by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

And according to §15.247(4)(1), system operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

6.10.2 Antenna Connected Construction

6.10.2.1. Standard Applicable

According to § 15.203 & RSS-Gen, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

6.10.2.2. Antenna Connector Construction

The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is 2.00dBi, and the antenna is an Chip antenna connect to PCB board and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.

6.10.2.3. Results: Compliance.



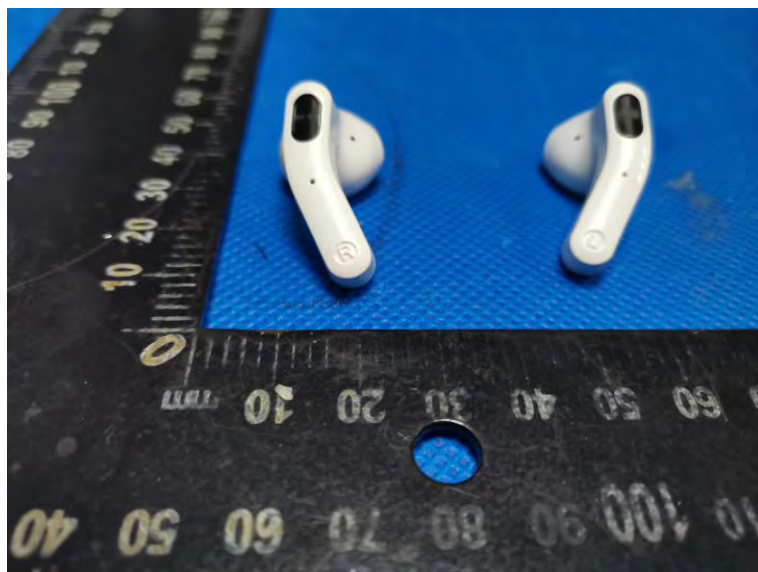
7. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS



8.EXTERNAL PHOTOS OF THE EUT



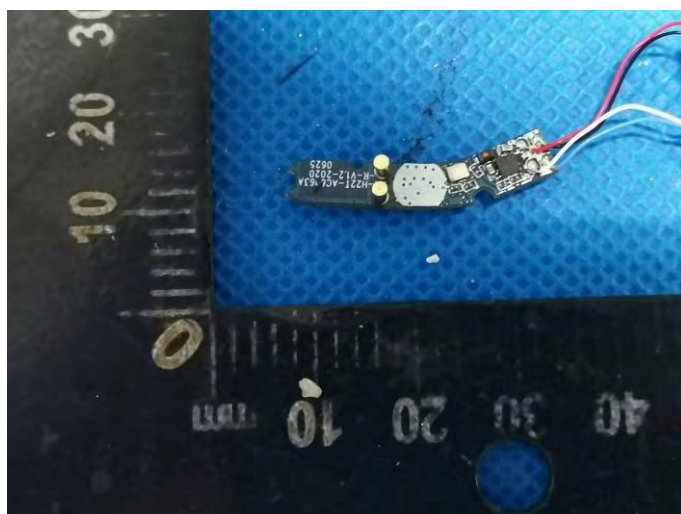
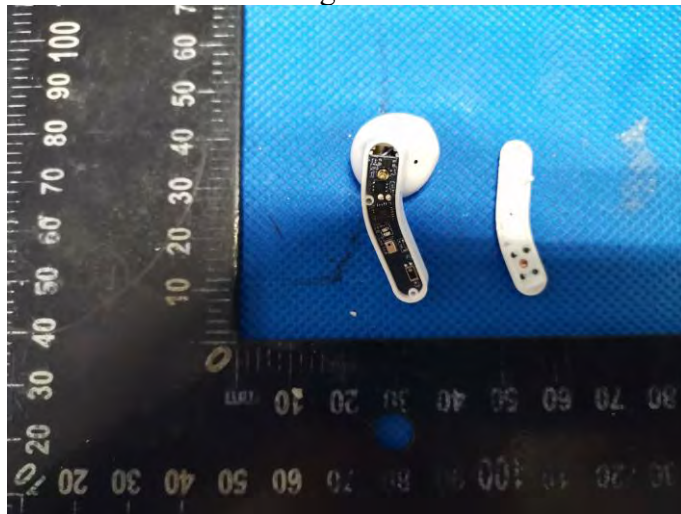


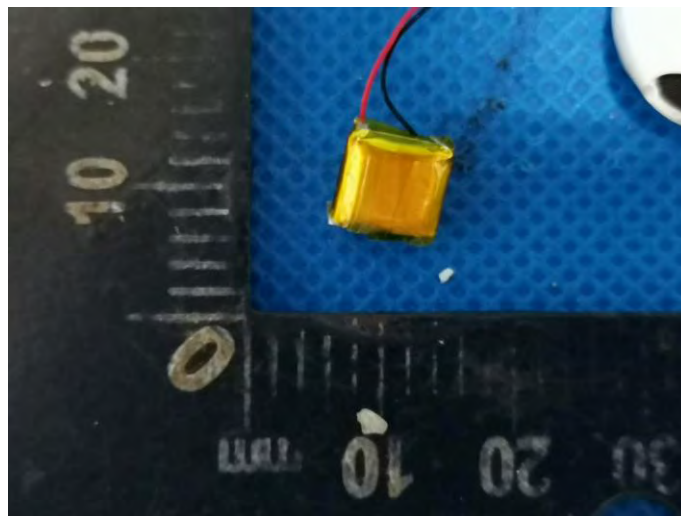
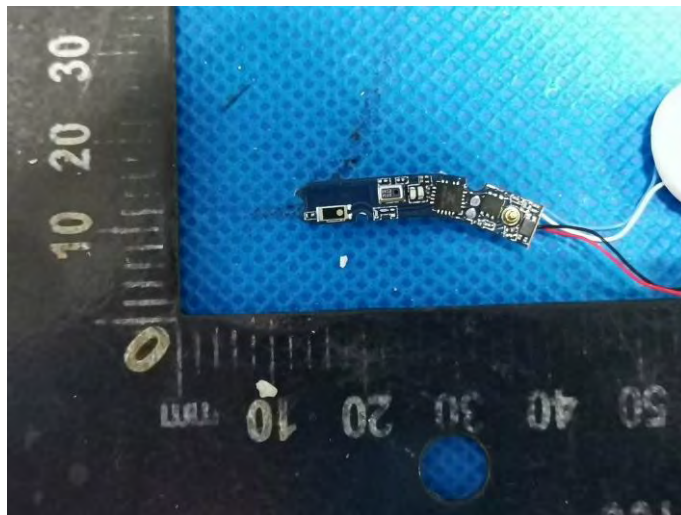




9.INTERIOR PHOTOS OF THE EUT

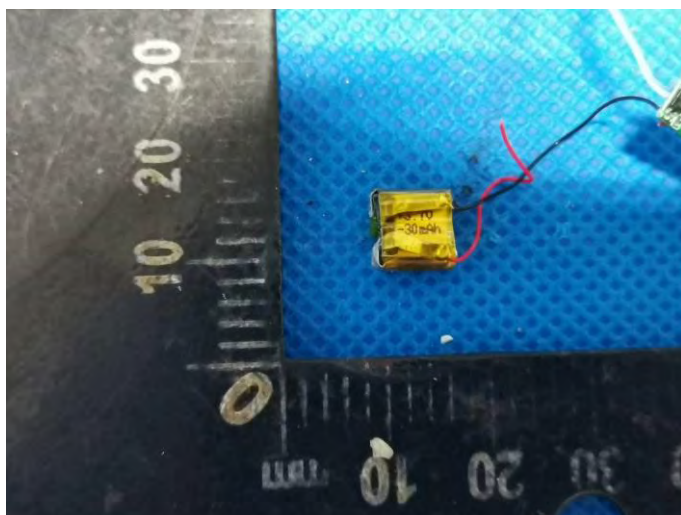
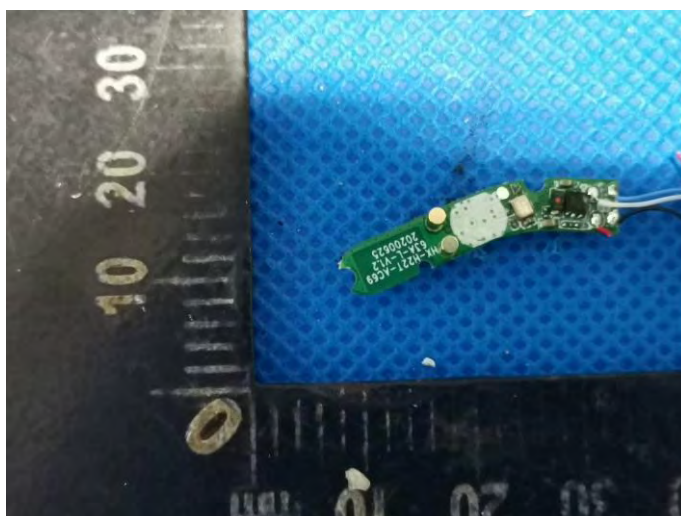
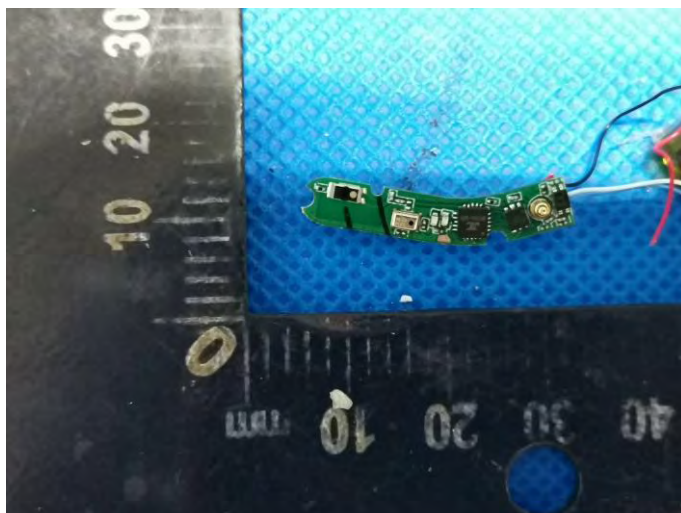
Right ear





Left ear





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