

RF Test Report

For

Shenzhen DOOGEE Hengtong Technology CO.,LTD **Applicant Name:**

B, 2/F, Building A4, Silicon Valley Power Digital Industrial Park, No. Address:

22, Longhua New District, Shenzhen, China

EUT Name: Tablet

Brand Name: DOOGEE

Model Number: Tab E3 Max

Tab E3 Max VIP Edition, Tab E3 Pro,

Tab E3 Pro VIP Edition, Tab E3 Pro+, Tab E3 Pro+ VIP Edition, Series Model Number:

Tab E3 Pro Max, Tab E3 Pro Max VIP Edition, Tab E3 Ultra,

Tab E3 Power

FCC ID: 2AX4YTABE3MAX

Issued By

Company name: BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

101/201/301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park. Tantou Address:

Community, Songgang Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

Report number: BTF250514R00704

Test standards: FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E (§15.407)

Test conclusion: Pass

Date of sample

receipt:

2025-03-31

2025-04-01 to 2025-05-22 Test date:

Date of issue: 2025-05-23

Sean He Test by:

Sean He / Tester

Prepared by:

Chris Liu/ Project engine

yan.CJ /EMC manager

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Version: 1/00





Revision History					
Version Issue date Revisions content					
R_V0	2025-05-23	Original			
Note:					
Once the revision has been made, then previous versions reports are invalid.					



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1 Introduction

1.1 Laboratory Location

Test location:	BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address:	F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at F101,201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Commun Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China	
Phone number: +86-0755-23146130	
Fax number: +86-0755-23146130	

1.2 Laboratory Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

FCC - Designation No.: CN1409

BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. has been accredited as a testing laboratory by FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The test firm Registration No. is 518915.

CNAS - Registration No.: CNAS L17568

BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration laboratories for the competence of testing. The Registration No. is CNAS L17568.

A2LA - Registration No.: 6660.01

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1.3 Announcement

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v0.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing, reviewing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
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2 Product Information

2.1 Application Information

Company name: Shenzhen DOOGEE Hengtong Technology CO.,LTD	
Address:	B, 2/F, Building A4, Silicon Valley Power Digital Industrial Park, No. 22, Longhua New District, Shenzhen, China

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company name: Shenzhen DOOGEE Hengtong Technology CO.,LTD	
Address:	B, 2/F, Building A4, Silicon Valley Power Digital Industrial Park, No. 22, Longhua New District, Shenzhen, China

2.3 Factory Information

Company name: Shenzhen DOOGEE Hengtong Technology CO.,LTD	
Address:	B, 2/F, Building A4, Silicon Valley Power Digital Industrial Park, No. 22, Longhua New District, Shenzhen, China

2.4 General Description of Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT name	Tablet			
Under test model name	Tab E3 Max			
Series model name	Tab E3 Max VIP Edition, Tab E3 Pro, Tab E3 Pro VIP Edition, Tab E3 Pro+, Tab E3 Pro+ VIP Edition, Tab E3 Pro Max, Tab E3 Pro Max VIP Edition, Tab E3 Ultra, Tab E3 Power			
Description of model name differentiation	There is no difference except the name of the model			
Hardware Version	M100TCER100-TC67DG			
Software Version	DOOGEE-Tab E3 Max-EEA-Android15.0			
Rating:	DC 3.87V from battery or DC 9V from Fast Charger			
Fast Charger	Manufacturer: Shenzhen Huajin Electronics Co.,LTD Model: HJ-PD18W-US Input: AC100-240V~ 50/60Hz 0.6A Output: 5.0V=3.0A 15.0W OR 9.0V=2.0A 18.0W OR 12.0V=1.5A 18.0W MAX			



2.5 Technical Information

Operation frequency:	Band 1: 5180MHz ~ 5240MHz Band 3: 5745MHz ~ 5825MHz	
Channel numbers:	Band 1: 4, Band 3: 5 (for 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT20) Band 1/3: 2 (for 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT40) Band 1/3: 1 (for 802.11ac-VHT80)	
Modulation technology: (IEEE 802.11a/n)	OFDM-BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM	
Modulation technology: (IEEE 802.11ac)	OFDM-BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM	
Max. Conducted Power:	12.64dBm (802.11a)	
Antenna type:	PIFA Antenna	
Antenna gain:	2.2dBi (declare by Applicant)	
Antenna transmit mode:	SISO (1TX, 1RX)	

Channel List

Band 1

20MHz	40MHz		80MHz		
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
36	5180	38	5190		
40	5200	46	F220	42	5210
48	5240	46	5230		

Band 3

20MHz		40MHz		80MHz	
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
149	5745	151	5755		
157	5785	159	5795	155	5775
165	5825	159	5795		

Note:

In section 15.31(m), regards to the operating frequency range over 10 MHz, the Lowest frequency, the middle frequency, and the highest frequency of channel were selected to perform the test, and the selected channel see below:



3 Test Information

3.1 Test Standards

Identity	Document Title
FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E (§15.407)	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices
ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
KDB 789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01	Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices Part 15, Subpart E

3.2 Summary of Test

Clauses	Test Items	Result
§ 15.203	Antenna Requirement	Pass
§ 15.207 § 15.407(b)(9)	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	Pass
§ 15.407(a)(1)(iv)-(B1), (a)(3)(i)-(B4)	Conducted Peak Output Power Power Spectral Density	Pass
§ 15.407(a) § 15.407(e)	26dB Emission Bandwidth 99% Occupied Bandwidth	Pass
§ 15.407(e)	6dB Emission Bandwidth	Pass
§ 15.205 § 15.209 § 15.407(b)(1)-(B1), (4) -(B4)	Unwanted Emissions	Pass
§ 15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	Pass

Remark:

^{1.} Pass: met the requirements.

^{2.} N/A: not applicable.



3.3 Uncertainty of Test

Measurement	Value
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±1.5 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±3.0 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±3.0 dB
Supply voltages	±3 %
Time	±5 %
Conducted Emission for LISN (9kHz ~ 150kHz)	±2.97 dB
Conducted Emission for LISN (150kHz ~ 30MHz)	±2.45 dB
Radiated Emission (30MHz ~ 1000MHz)	±4.80 dB
Radiated Emission (1GHz ~ 18GHz)	±4.82 dB

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

3.4 Additions to, deviations, or exclusions from the method

None

3.5 Test Auxiliary Equipment

No.	Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Certification
1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

3.6 Test Equipment List

	Radiated test method					
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No. Cal. Date Cal. Due			
EMI Receiver	Rohde &Schwarz	ESCI7	101032	2024/10/25	2025/10/24	
Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSQ40	100010	2024/10/25	2025/10/24	
Log periodic antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	01328	2024/10/28	2025/10/27	
Preamplifier (30MHz ~ 1GHz)	Schwarzbeck	BBV9744	00246	2024/09/24	2025/09/23	
Horn Antenna (1GHz ~18GHz)	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	2597	2024/10/30	2025/10/29	
Horn Antenna (15GHz ~ 40GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	1157	2024/10/24	2025/10/23	
Preamplifier (1GHz ~ 40GHz)	TST Pass	LNA10180G45	246	2024/09/24	2025/09/23	
Test Software	Frad	EZ_EMC	Version: FA-03A2 RE+			





	Conducted Emission Test						
Description	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due				
EMI Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI3	101422	2024/10/25	2025/10/24		
V-LISN	Schwarzbeck	NSLK 8127	01073	2024/10/25	2025/10/24		
Coaxial Switcher	Schwarzbeck	CX210	CX210	2024/10/25	2025/10/24		
Pulse Limiter Schwarzbeck		VTSD 9561-F	00953	2024/10/25	2025/10/24		
Test Software	Test Software Frad EZ_EMC Version: EMC-CON 3A1.1+				\1.1+		

	Condu	cted test method	ı		
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9020A	MY50410020	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
ESG Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY45094854	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
MXG Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY46240163	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	Rohde&Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
Temperature Humidity Chamber	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
DC Power Supply	Tongmen	etm-6050c	20211026123	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	/	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	/	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
Test Software	TST Pass	/	Version: 2.0		



4 Test Configuration

4.1 Test mode

Transmitting mode:	Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode with modulation
Remark: Per-scan all kind of data rate, and report only reflects the test data of worst data rate mode.	

4.2 Test Channel of EUT

In section 15.31(m), regards to the operating frequency range over 10 MHz, the lowest frequency, the middle frequency, and the highest frequency of channel were selected to perform the test, and the selected channel see below:

Operation frequency: 5180 MHz – 5240 MHz					
	IEEE	802.11a, IEEE 802.	11n20, IEEE 802.1	1ac20	
Lowest	channel	Middle	channel	Highest	channel
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)
36	5180	40	5200	48	5240
	IEEE 802.11n40, IEEE 802.11ac40				
Lowest	channel	Middle channel		Highest channel	
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)
38	5190	/	/	46	5230
	802.11ac-VHT80				
Lowest	Lowest channel Middle channel Highest channel				
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)
/	/	42	5210	/	/





	_	eration frequency:			
Lowest	channel	802.11a, IEEE 802. Middle	11n20, IEEE 802.1 channel		channel
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)
149	5745	157	5785	165	5825
IEEE 802.11n40, IEEE 802.11ac40					
Lowest	channel	Middle channel		Highest channel	
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)
151	5755	/	/	159	5795
IEEE 802.11ac80					
Lowest channel Middle channel Highest channel					
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)
/	/	155	5775	/	/

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4.3 Test procedure

AC Power Line Conducted Emission

The EUT is connected to the power mains through a LISN which provides 50 Ω /50 μ H of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument. The test frequency range is from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), Quasi-peak (QP) and Average (AV) detectors; the emission levels that are more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be remeasured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed.

Radiated test method

For below 1GHz:

- 1. The EUT was placed on the tabletop of a rotating table 0.8 m the ground at a 3 m semi anechoic chamber. The measurement distance from the EUT to the receiving antenna is 3 m.
- 2. EUT works in each mode of operation that needs to be tested. The highest signal levels relative to the limit shall be determined by rotating the EUT from 0° to 360° and with varying the measurement antenna height between 1 m and 4 m in vertical and horizontal polarizations.
- 3. Open the test software to control the test antenna and test turntable. Perform the test, save the test results, and export the test data.

For above 1GHz:

- 1. The EUT was placed on the tabletop of a rotating table 1.5 m the ground at a 3 m semi anechoic chamber. The measurement distance from the EUT to the receiving antenna is 3 m.
- 2. EUT works in each mode of operation that needs to be tested. The highest signal levels relative to the limit shall be determined by rotating the EUT from 0° to 360° and with varying the measurement antenna height between 1 m and 4 m in vertical and horizontal polarizations.
- 3. Open the test software to control the test antenna and test turntable. Perform the test, save the test results, and export the test data.

Conducted test method

- 1. The WiFi antenna port of EUT was connected to the test port of the test system through an RF cable.
- 2. The EUT is keeping in continuous transmission mode and tested in all modulation modes.
- 3. Open the test software, prepare a test plan, and control the system through the software. After the test is completed, the test report is exported through the test software.

4.4 Test software

Test software:	Engineering mode	Version:	DOOGEE-Tab E3 Max- EEA-Android15.0
Power Class:	Default		

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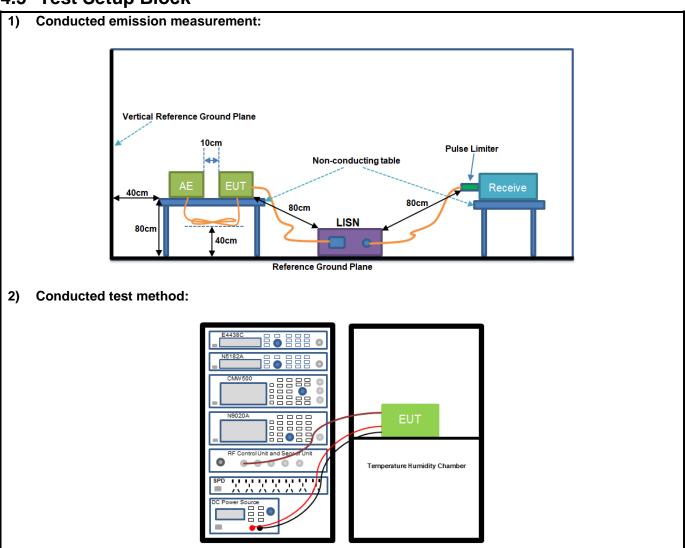
BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China Email: info@btf-lab.com

Tel: +86-755-23146130 http://www.btf-lab.com

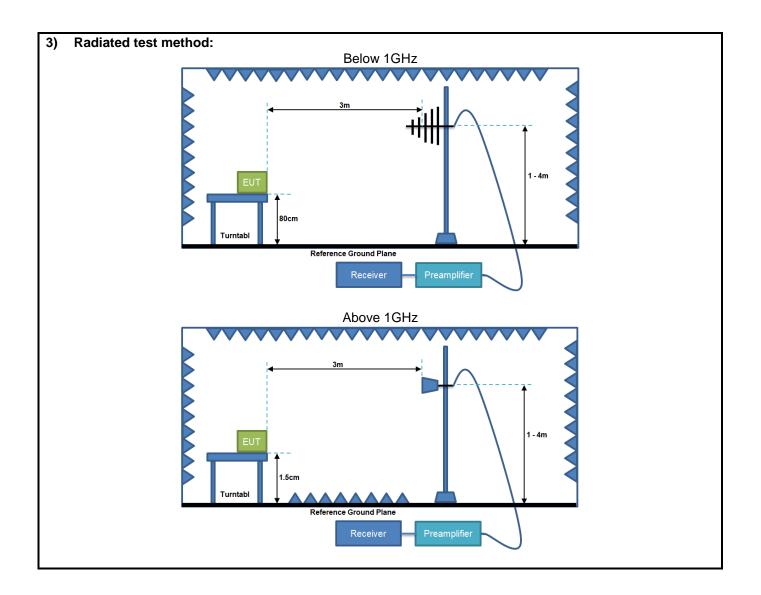
Version: 1/00



4.5 Test Setup Block











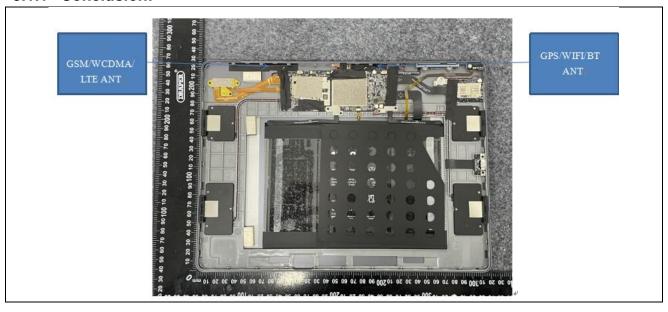
5 Technical requirements specification

5.1 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

5.1.1 Conclusion:





5.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.207(a)			
Test Method:	Refer to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.2, standard test method for ac power-line conducted emissions from unlicensed wireless devices			
Test Limit:	Frequency of emission (MHz) 0.15-0.5 0.5-5 5-30 *Decreases with the logarithm of the second content of the	Conducted limit (dBµV) Quasi-peak 66 to 56* 56 60 ne frequency.	Average 56 to 46* 46 50	

5.2.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:		
Temperature:	25.5 °C	
Humidity:	50.6 %	
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar	
Test Voltage	AC 120V 60Hz	

5.2.2 Test Setup

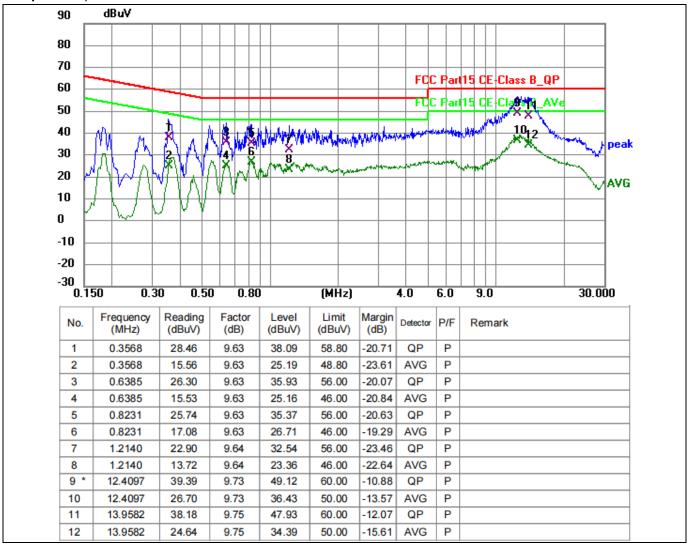
See section 4.5 for test setup description. The photo of test setup please refer to Appendix I Test Setup Photos





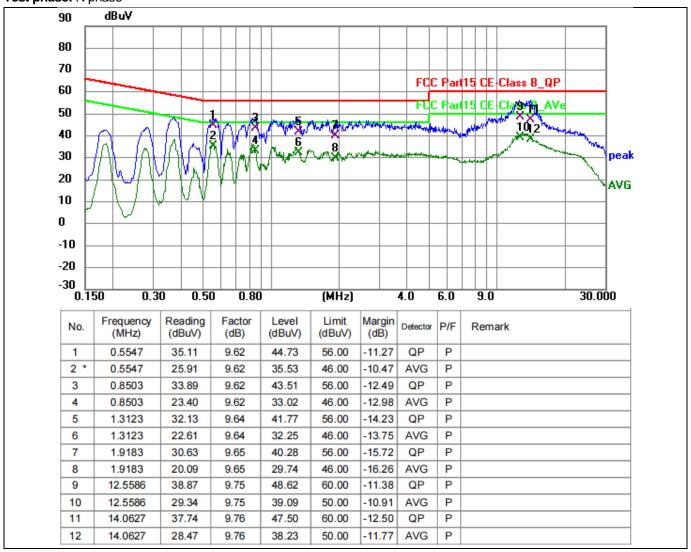
5.2.3 Test Data:

Test phase: L phase





Test phase: N phase





5.3 Duty Cycle

Test Requirement:	All measurements are to be performed with the EUT transmitting at 100% duty cycle at its maximum power control level; however, if 100% duty cycle cannot be achieved, measurements of duty cycle, x, and maximum-power transmission duration, T, are required for each tested mode of operation.			
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 12.2 (b)			
Test Limit:	No limits, only for report use.			
Procedure:	 i) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. ii) Set RBW >= EBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. iii) Set VBW >= RBW. iv) Set detector = peak. v) The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T, where T is defined in item a1) of 12.2, and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. 			

5.3.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5 for test setup description. The photo of test setup please refer to Appendix I Test Setup Photos

5.3.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix-5GWIFI





5.4 Maximum co	nducted output power		
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(i) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(ii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.3		
	For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).		
	For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.		
Test Limit:	For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.		
	For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.		
	For the band 5.725-5.850 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional		

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	applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
Procedure:	Method SA-1 a) Set span to encompass the entire 26 dB EBW or 99% OBW of the signal. b) Set RBW = 1 MHz. c) Set VBW >= 3 MHz. d) Number of points in sweep >= [2 x span / RBW]. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing <= RBW / 2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.) e) Sweep time = auto. f) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode. g) If transmit duty cycle < 98%, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. The transmitter shall operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no OFF intervals) or at duty cycle >= 98%, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run." h) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode. i) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the 26 dB EBW or 99% OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function, with band limits set equal to the EBW or OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the 26 dB EBW or 99% OBW of the spectrum.

5.4.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar





5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5 for test setup description. The photo of test setup please refer to Appendix I Test Setup Photos

5.4.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix-5GWIFI





5.5 Power spectral density

5.5 Power specti	ar density	
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(i) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(ii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)	
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.5	
	For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.	
Test Limit:	For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.	
	For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.	
	For the band 5.725-5.850 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is	
Dre on divino	professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.	
Procedure:	a) Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested	

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by following the

instructions in 12.3.2 for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum

analyzer or EMI receiver; that is, select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or their

respective alternatives) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, "Compute

power...." (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power

measurement was performed using the power meter method PM.)

- b) Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum.
- c) Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:
- 1) If method SA-2 or SA-2A was used, then add [10 $\log (1 / D)$], where D is the duty

cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.

- 2) If method SA-3A was used and the linear mode was used in step h) of 12.3.2.7, add
- 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and

power averaging.

- d) The result is the PPSD.
- e) The procedure in item a) through item c) requires the use of 1 MHz resolution bandwidth to

satisfy the 1 MHz measurement bandwidth specified by some regulatory authorities. This

requirement also permits use of resolution bandwidths less than 1 MHz "provided that the

measured power is integrated to show the total power over the measurement bandwidth" (i.e.,

1 MHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth and integrated

over 1 MHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

- 1) Set RBW >= 1 / T, where T is defined in 12.2 a).
- 2) Set VBW \Rightarrow [3 x RBW].
- 3) Care shall be taken such that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

5.5.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

5.5.2

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5.5.3 Test Setup

See section 4.5 for test setup description. The photo of test setup please refer to Appendix I Test Setup Photos

5.5.4 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix-5GWIFI





5.6 Emission bandwidth and occupied bandwidth

Test Requirement:	U-NII 1: No limits, only for report use. U-NII 3: 47 CFR Part 15.407(e)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 6.9.3 & 12.4 KDB 789033 D02, Clause C.2
Test Limit:	U-NII 1: No limits, only for report use. U-NII 3: Within the 5.725-5.850 GHz, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.
	Emission bandwidth: a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth. b) Set the VBW > RBW. c) Detector = peak. d) Trace mode = max hold. e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peak of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the instrument. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%. Occupied bandwidth:
Procedure:	 a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW. b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope
	shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power handwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report
	f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99%

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power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies. h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s). 6 dB emission bandwidth: a) Set RBW = 100 kHz. b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 >= RBW. c) Detector = Peak. d) Trace mode = max hold. e) Sweep = auto couple. f) Allow the trace to stabilize. g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.6.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature: 25.5 °C	
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5 for test setup description. The photo of test setup please refer to Appendix I Test Setup Photos

5.6.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix-5GWIFI



5.7 Band edge emissions (Radiated)

J. Dana eage emissions (Nadiated)				
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)			
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.7.4, 12.7.5, 12.7.6			
Test Metrod.	For transmitters operat 5.15-5.35 GHz band sh	ing in the 5.15-5.25 Ghall not exceed an e.i.r.	Iz band: All emis p. of −27 dBm/M	1Hz.
	For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.			
	For transmitters operating solely in the 5.725-5.850 GHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.			MHz or more above 25 MHz above or and edge increasing the band edge, and
	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
	0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	
	¹ 0.495-0.505			
	2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	
	4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	
	4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
	4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5- 1646.5	9.3-9.5
	6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
	6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8- 1722.2	13.25-13.4
Test Limit:	6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
	8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
	8.362-8.366	156.52475- 156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
	8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
	8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	
	12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
	12.51975-12.52025 12.57675-12.57725 13.36-13.41	240-285 322-335.4	3345.8-3358 3600-4400	36.43-36.5 (²)
	¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.			
	² Above 38.6			
	The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in § 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in § 15.209shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in § 15.209shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in § 15.35apply to these measurements.			
Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:				





Frequency (MHz)	Field strength	Measurement
	(microvolts/meter)	distance
		(meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100 **	3
88-216	150 **	3
216-960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3
Above 1GHz		

- a. For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be retested one by one using peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.
- g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel.
- h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.
- i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.
- 1. Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor
- 2. Scan from 18GHz to 40GHz, the disturbance above 18GHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported.
- 3. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower than the average limit, only the peak measurement is shown in the report.
- 4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.

Procedure:

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5.7.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 ℃
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar
Test Voltage	AC 120V 60Hz

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5 for test setup description. The photo of test setup please refer to Appendix I Test Setup Photos



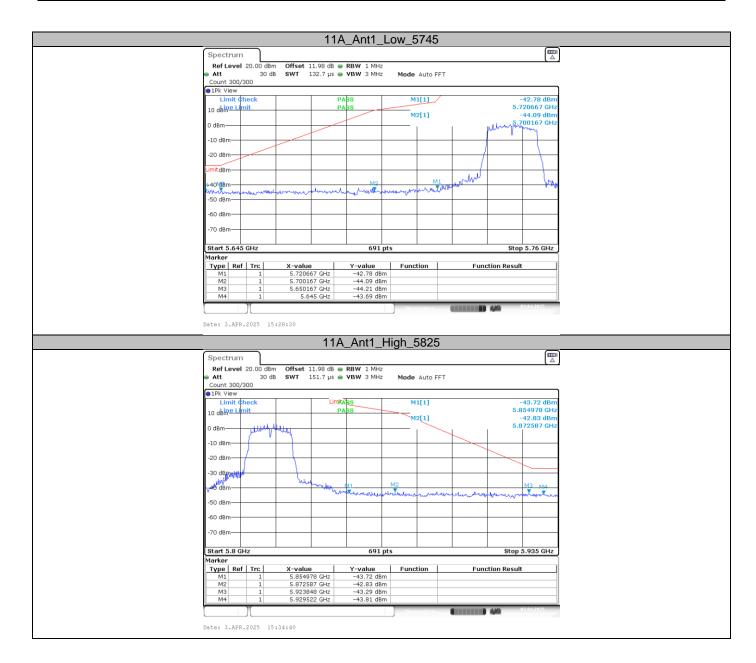


5.7.3 Test Data:

Remark: During the test, pre-scan 802.11a/n/ac modulation mode, found 802.11a modulation was worse case mode. The report only reflects the test data of worst mode.

mode. The report only reflects the test data of worst mode.							
М	ode:	802.	.11a	Frequ	iency:	5180	MHz
Antenna Pol.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level	Factor	Measure Level	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over limit(dB)	Detector
		(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)			
Н	5150	40.09	12.01	52.10	68.2	-16.10	PK
V	5150	38.38	12.01	50.39	68.2	-17.81	PK
		Г		1			
Me	ode:	802.	.11a	Frequ	iency:	5180	MHz
Antenna Pol.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level	Factor	Measure Level	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over limit(dB)	Detector
		(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)			
Н	5150	26.39	12.01	38.40	54	-15.60	AV
V	5150	27.16	12.01	39.17	54	-14.83	AV
Me	ode:	802.	.11a	Frequ	iency:	5240	MHz
Antenna Pol.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level	Factor	Measure Level	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over limit(dB)	Detector
		(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)			
Н	5350	40.88	13.86	54.74	68.2	-13.46	PK
V	5350	38.57	13.86	52.43	68.2	-15.77	PK
		1		ī			
Me	ode:	802.	.11a	Frequ	iency:	5240	MHz
Antenna Pol.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level	Factor	Measure Level	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over limit(dB)	Detector
		(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)			
Н	5350	25.87	13.86	39.73	54	-14.27	AV
V	5350	26.35	13.86	40.21	54	-13.79	AV







5.8 RADIATED EMISSIONS (below 1GHz)

	MISSIONS (below?	iGnz)					
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(9)						
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 1	2.7.4, 12.7.5, 12.7.6					
	forth in § 15.209. Except as provided elsewhere	GHz must comply with the general f	n intentional radiator				
		ngth levels specified in the following	table:				
Test Limit:	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)				
1 650 2	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300				
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30				
	1.705-30.0	30	30				
	30-88	100 **	3				
	88-216	150 **	3				
	216-960	200 **	3				
	Above 960	500	3				
Procedure:	ground at a 3 meter semi-anea determine the position of the b. The EUT was set 3 or 10 m was mounted on the top of a v. The antenna height is varie determine the maximum valupolarizations of the antenna ad. For each suspected emission antenna was tuned to heights 30MHz, the antenna was tuned 0 degrees to 360 degrees to file. The test-receiver system was maximum Hold Mode. f. If the emission level of the then testing could be stopped Otherwise the emissions that using quasi-peak method as sig. Test the EUT in the lowest h. The radiation measurement mode, and found the X axis pil. Repeat above procedures un Remark: 1. Level= Read Level+ Cable 2. Scan from 9kHz to 30MHz marked on above plots are the above points had been display which are attenuated more tha 3. The disturbance below 1GHz could be found when testing, Above 1GHz: a. For above 1GHz, the EUT ground at a 3 meter fully-anea determine the position of the	neters away from the interference-recovariable-height antenna tower. In deform one meter to four meters above to of the field strength. Both horizontare set to make the measurement. In the EUT was arranged to its worst from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test do to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable and the maximum reading. In the EUT was arranged to its worst from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test do to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable and the maximum reading. In the EUT was arranged to its worst from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test do to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable and the maximum reading. In the set to Peak Detect Function and Space in the peak values of the EUT would did not have 10dB margin would be repectified and then reported in a data such channel, the middle channel, the Highest are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning which it is the worst case. In the disturbance below 30MHz was an activate the highest emissions could be found world. The amplitude of spurious emissions are 20dB below the limit need not be a left was very low and the harmonics was only the above harmonics had been was placed on the top of a rotating tachoic chamber. The table was rotated thighest radiation. Was placed on the top of a rotating tachoic chamber. The table was rotated thighest radiation.	eiving antenna, which we the ground to al and vertical case and then the frequency of below le table was turned from becified Bandwidth with than the limit specified, ld be reported. re-tested one by one heet. chest channel. cioning for Transmitting implete. cor very low. The points hen testing, so only cions from the radiator reported. vere the highest point and displayed. ble 1.5 meters above the 360 degrees to				

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c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to
determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical
polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the
antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below
30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from
0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with
Maximum Hold Mode.
f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified,
then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported.
Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one
using peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.
g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel.
h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting
mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.
i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.
Remark:
1. Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor
2. Scan from 18GHz to 40GHz, the disturbance above 18GHz was very low. The points
marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only
above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator
which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported.
3. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based
on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the
maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any
condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower than the average
limit, only the peak measurement is shown in the report.
4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point
Factor Parties

5.8.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:						
Temperature:	25.5 ℃					
Humidity:	50.6 %					
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar					
Test Voltage	AC 120V 60Hz					

could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5 for test setup description. The photo of test setup please refer to Appendix I Test Setup Photos

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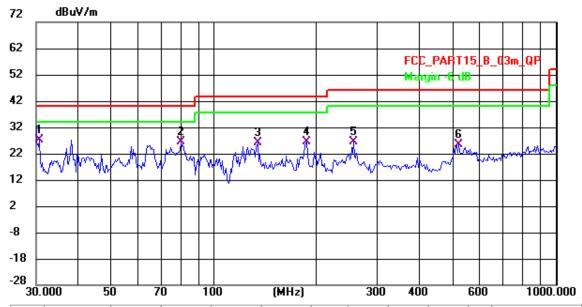




5.8.3 Test Data:

Note: All the mode have been tested, and only the worst mode are in the report

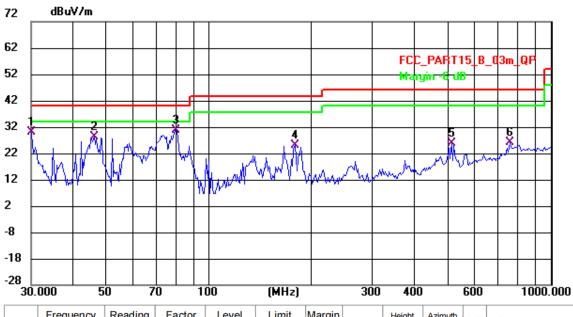
TM1 / Polarization: Horizontal IEEE 802.11a TX 5180MHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	l .	Margin (dB)	Detector	Height (cm)	Azimuth (deg.)	P/F	Remark
1 *	30.6391	50.46	-23.35	27.11	40.00	-12.89	QP	100	208	Р	
2	79.6764	52.21	-25.82	26.39	40.00	-13.61	QP	200	15	Р	
3	134.0194	47.92	-21.90	26.02	43.50	-17.48	QP	200	298	Р	
4	186.4682	49.88	-23.43	26.45	43.50	-17.05	QP	200	311	Р	
5	255.8226	49.92	-23.33	26.59	46.00	-19.41	QP	100	245	Р	
6	520.2078	41.97	-16.40	25.57	46.00	-20.43	QP	100	233	Р	



TM1 / Polarization: Vertical IEEE 802.11a TX 5180MHz



1	No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Height (cm)	Azimuth (deg.)	P/F	Remark
	1	30.0000	53.41	-23.40	30.01	40.00	-9.99	QP	100	183	Р	
	2	46.0558	50.58	-22.19	28.39	40.00	-11.61	QP	200	356	Р	
;	3 *	79.6764	56.56	-25.82	30.74	40.00	-9.26	QP	100	159	Р	
	4	178.7697	47.41	-22.38	25.03	43.50	-18.47	QP	100	343	Р	
	5	512.9477	42.35	-16.53	25.82	46.00	-20.18	QP	100	73	Р	
	6	760.2867	36.33	-10.24	26.09	46.00	-19.91	QP	200	15	Р	



5.9 RADIATED EMISSIONS (above 1GHz)

Test Requirement:		47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)						
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, sec	tion 12.7.4, 12.7.5, 12.7.6	<u> </u>					
Test Limit:	For transmitters operating 5.35 GHz band shall not For transmitters operating 5.35 GHz band shall not For transmitters operating All emissions shall be likelow the band edge incompand edge, and from 25 of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 M	ing in the 5.15-5.25 GHz by the exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 ring in the 5.25-5.35 GHz by the exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 ring in the 5.25-5.35 GHz by the exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 ring solely in the 5.725-5.8 mited to a level of -27 difference of the exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 difference of -27 difference of the exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 difference of -	oand: All emissions dBm/MHz. oand: All emissions dBm/MHz. 50 GHz band: Bm/MHz at 75 MHz m/MHz at 25 MHz band edge increasionand edge, and from	iz or more above or above or below the ing linearly to a level m 5 MHz above or				
	12.29-12.293 12.51975-12.52025 12.57675-12.57725 13.36-13.41 ¹ Until February 1, 1999. ² Above 38.6 The field strength of em the limits shown in § 15 with the limits in § 15.2 employing a CISPR qualimits in § 15.209shall be emissions. The provision Except as provided elsested.	167.72-173.2 240-285 322-335.4 This restricted band shall issions appearing within a compart of the compart of	3332-3339 3345.8-3358 3600-4400 be 0.490-0.510 M these frequency bath to or less than 10 using measurement 1000 MHz, compliate average value of the average value of the measurements.	31.2-31.8 36.43-36.5 (2) Hz. Inds shall not exceed 00 MHz, compliance instrumentation ance with the emission of the measured				

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	216-960	200 **	3
	Above 960	500	3
Procedure:	ground at a 3 meter determine the position b. The EUT was set mounted on the top of the condition of the top of the condition of the set of the condition of modula limit, only the peak 4. The disturbance as the condition of modula limit, only the peak 4. The disturbance as the condition of the condition of the condition of modula limit, only the peak 4. The disturbance as the condition the top of the condition of modula limit, only the peak 4. The disturbance as the condition the top of the condition of the con	fully-anechoic chamber. The top of the highest radiation. 3 meters away from the interfor a variable-height antenna to the is varied from one meter to mum value of the field strength antenna are set to make the medical demission, the EUT was arranged heights from 1 meter to 4 medical was tuned to heights 1 meter) grees to find the maximum read system was set to Peak Detect dectors. The first of the EUT in peak mode were stopped and the peak values ions that did not have 10dB may green to find the maximum read system was set to Peak Detect dectors. The first of the EUT in peak mode were stopped and the peak values ions that did not have 10dB may green the lowest channel, the middle assurements are performed in X axis positioning which it is redured until all frequencies must be a first of the first	four meters above the ground to h. Both horizontal and vertical easurement. Inged to its worst case and then the eters (for the test frequency of below and the rotatable table was turned from ding. Function and Specified Bandwidth with was 10dB lower than the limit specified, of the EUT would be reported. Inargin would be re-tested one by one en reported in a data sheet. Inchannel, the Highest channel. Inchannel, the Highest channel. Inchannel, the worst case. Interest was complete. Interest was very low. The points would be found when testing, so only of spurious emissions from the radiator mit need not be reported. Interest was complete. Interest was very low was a complete was very low. The points would be found when testing, so only of spurious emissions from the radiator mit need not be reported. Interest was very low was very low was a complete was very low. The points would be found when testing, so only of spurious emissions from the radiator mit need not be reported. In GHz, the field strength limits are based the of any emission shall not exceed the we by more than 20 dB under any was peak level is lower than the average report. In the Highest channel was turned from ding.

5.9.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:						
Temperature:	25.5 ℃					
Humidity:	50.6 %					
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar					
Test Voltage	AC 120V 60Hz					

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Version Version: 1/00





5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5 for test setup description. The photo of test setup please refer to Appendix I Test Setup Photos

5.9.3 Test Data:

Not: All of the mode had be tested, only the worse mode of 802.11a are show in the report:

UNII-1

				UNII-I					
				302.11a Channel 36 / 5	180 MHz				
	Ant.Pol.	Peak reading	AV reading	AV reading		on Level	Peak Limit	AV Limit	Margin
Frequency	H/V	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	Correction Factor	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
10652	Н	43.16		9.03	52.19		74	54	-21.81
15525	Н	39.25		9.87	49.12		74	54	-24.88
	Н								
10652	V	44.60		9.03	53.63		74	54	-20.37
15542	V	38.93		9.88	48.81		74	54	-25.19
	V								
				802.11a Channel 40 / 5	200 MHz				
	Ant.Pol.	Peak reading	AV reading		Emissio	on Level	Peak Limit	AV Limit	Margin
Frequency	H/V	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	Correction Factor	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
10669	Н	44.61		9.09	53.70		74	54	-20.30
15601	Н	40.65		9.91	50.56		74	54	-23.44
	Н								
10668	V	44.21		9.09	53.30		74	54	-20.70
15601	V	43.05		9.91	52.96		74	54	-21.04
	V								
				302.11a Channel 48 / 5	240 MHz				
_	Ant.Pol.	Peak reading	AV reading		Emissio	on Level	Peak Limit	AV Limit	Margin
Frequency	H/V	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	Correction Factor	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
10760	Н	44.67		9.24	53.91		74	54	-20.09
15725	Н	43.54		10.01	53.55		74	54	-20.45
	Н								
		·				·		·	
10759	V	44.61		9.24	53.85		74	54	-20.15
15725	V	43.55		10.01	53.56		74	54	-20.44
	V								





UNII-3

	802.11a Channel 149 / 5745 MHz								
Frequency	Ant.Pol. H/V	Peak reading (dBuV)	AV reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor	Emissio Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	Peak Limit (dBuV/m)	AV Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
11727	Н	44.67		9.15	53.82		74	54	-20.18
17739	Н	43.21		10.25	53.46		74	54	-20.54
	Н								
	•						•		
11726	V	43.62		9.99	53.61		74	54	-20.39
17738	V	42.53		10.95	53.48		74	54	-20.52
	V								
			80	02.11a Channel 153 / 5	5765 MHz				
	Ant.Pol.	Peak reading	AV reading		Emissio	n Level	Peak Limit	AV Limit	Margin
Frequency	H/V	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	Correction Factor	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
11837	Н	41.36		10.01	51.37		74	54	-22.63
18126	Н	41.80		10.79	52.59		74	54	-21.41
	Н								
11849	V	43.27		10.05	53.32		74	54	-20.68
18356	V	40.81		11.93	52.74		74	54	-21.26
	V								
			8	02.11a Channel 165/ 5	825 MHz				
	Ant.Pol.	Peak reading	AV reading		Emissio	n Level	Peak Limit	AV Limit	Margin
Frequency	H/V	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	Correction Factor	Peak (dBuV/m)	AV (dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
11906	Н	43.95		10.00	53.95		74	54	-20.05
18254	Н	40.14		12.04	52.18		74	54	-21.82
	Н								
11932	V	43.44		10.12	53.56		74	54	-20.44
18298	V	42.20		11.32	53.52		74	54	-20.48
	V								

Remark: Test frequency up to 40GHz, and the emission levels of other frequencies are lower than the limit 20dB, not show in test report.



5.10 Frequency Stability Measurement

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 Section 15.407(g) &Part2 J Section 2.1055
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: 2013
Limit:	The frequency tolerance shall be maintained within the band of operation frequency over a temperature variation of 0 degrees to 45 degrees C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 degrees C.
Test Procedure:	The EUT was placed inside the environmental test chamber and powered by nominal AC/DC voltage. b. Turn the EUT on and couple its output to a spectrum analyzer. c. Turn the EUT off and set the chamber to the highest temperature specified. d. Allow sufficient time (approximately 30 min) for the temperature of the chamber to stabilize. e. Repeat step 2 and 3 with the temperature chamber set to the lowest temperature. f. The test chamber was allowed to stabilize at +20 degree C for a minimum of 30 minutes. The supply voltage was then adjusted on the EUT from 85% to 115% and the frequency record.

5.10.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

5.10.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5 for test setup description. The photo of test setup please refer to Appendix I Test Setup Photos

5.10.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix-5GWIFI



6 Test Setup Photos

Please refer to the Appendix I Test Setup Photos

7 EUT Constructional Details (EUT Photos)

Please refer to the Appendix II External Photos & Appendix III Internal Photos







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--END OF REPORT--