



TEST REPORT

No.B20N00635-HAC RF

For

Shenzhen Eternity Technology Co., Ltd.

LTE smartphone

Model Name: HEROSP001, UW5008KLTE

With

Hardware Version: AL_A5L_MB_V10

Software Version: MOLY.LR12A.R3.MP.V88.3.T1

FCC ID: 2AVYL-HEROSP001

Results Summary: M Category = M4

Issued Date: 2020-04-26

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of SAICT.

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No. B20N00635-HAC RF

REPORT HISTORY

| Report Number | Revision | Description | Issue Date |
|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| B20N00635-HAC RF | Rev.0 | 1st edition | 2020-04-26 |



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No. B20N00635-HAC RF

1. Summary of Test Report

1.1. Test Items

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description | LTE smartphone |
| Model Name | HEROSP001, UW5008KLTE |
| Applicant's name | Shenzhen Eternity Technology Co., Ltd. |
| Manufacturer's Name | Shenzhen Eternity Technology Co., Ltd. |

1.2. Test Standards

ANSI C63.19-2011

1.3. Test Result

Pass

1.4. Testing Location

Address: Building G, Shenzhen International Innovation Center, No.1006 Shennan Road,
Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China 518026

1.5. Project Data

Testing Start Date: 2020-03-23

Testing Start Date: 2020-03-23

1.6. Signature

Li Yongfu

(Prepared this test report)

Zhang Yunzhuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Cao Junfei

(Approved this test report)



2. Client Information

2.1. Applicant Information

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Company Name: | Shenzhen Eternity Technology Co., Ltd. |
| Address: | Building A2, YingZhan Industrial Park, LongTian Street, PingShan, ShenZhen, China |
| City: | / |
| Country: | / |
| Telephone: | 0086-755-36518600 |

2.2. Manufacturer Information

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Company Name: | Shenzhen Eternity Technology Co., Ltd. |
| Address: | Building A2, YingZhan Industrial Park, LongTian Street, PingShan, ShenZhen, China |
| City: | / |
| Country: | / |
| Telephone: | 0086-755-36518600 |

3. Equipment under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1. About EUT

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Description: | LTE smartphone |
| Model name: | HEROSP001, UW5008KLTE |
| Condition of EUT as received: | No obvious damage in appearance |
| Operating mode(s): | GSM 850/1900, CDMA BC0/BC1/BC10, WCDMA Band 2/4/5 LTE Band 2/4/5/12/13/17/25/26/41/66/71, BT, Wi-Fi 2.4G |

3.2. Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

| EUT ID* | IMEI | HW Version | SW Version |
|---------|----------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| UT01aa | 99001601000052 | AL_A5L_MB_V10 | MOLY.LR12A.R3.MP.V88.3.T1 |
| UT02aa | 99001601000054 | AL_A5L_MB_V10 | MOLY.LR12A.R3.MP.V88.3.T1 |
| UT03aa | 99001601000051 | AL_A5L_MB_V10 | MOLY.LR12A.R3.MP.V88.3.T1 |

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test HAC with the UT 01aa & 02aa & 03aa.

3.3. Internal Identification of AE used during the test

| AE ID* | Description | Type | Manufacturer |
|--------|-------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| AE1 | Battery | lithium ion battery | DongGuan Hongde Battery Co., Ltd. |

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.4. Air Interfaces / Bands Indicating Operating Modes

| Air-interface | Band(MHz) | Type | C63.19 / tested | Simultaneous Transmissions | Name of Voice Service | Power Reduction |
|---------------|-------------------------------|------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| GSM | 850 /1900 | VO | Yes | BT,WLAN | CMRS Voice | No |
| EDGE | 850 /1900 | DT | No | BT,WLAN | NA | |
| WCDMA | B2 / B4/ B5 | VO | Yes | BT,WLAN | CMRS Voice | No |
| | HSPA | DT | No | BT,WLAN | NA | |
| CDMA | BC0 / BC1 / BC10 | VO | Yes | BT,WLAN | CMRS Voice | No |
| | 1XRTT / EVDO | DT | No | BT,WLAN | NA | |
| LTE (FDD) | 2/4/5/12/13/17 25/26/66/71 | VD | Yes | BT,WLAN | VoLTE | No |
| LTE (TDD) | 41 | VD | Yes | BT,WLAN | VoLTE | No |
| WLAN | 2.4G | DT | No | WWAN | NA | No |
| BT | 2.4G | DT | No | WWAN | NA | No |

VO: Voice CMRS/PSTN Service Only

VD: Voice CMRS/PSTN and Data Service

DT: Digital Transport

* HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes; Non-current mode was found to represent worst case rating for both M and T rating



4. Reference Documents

The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

| Reference | Title | Version |
|------------------|--|---------|
| ANSI C63.19-2011 | American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices and Hearing Aids | 2011 |
| KDB 285076 D01 | Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility | v05 |

5. Operational Conditions During Test

5.1. HAC Measurement Set-up

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 NEO automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 1.86 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY5 NEO, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

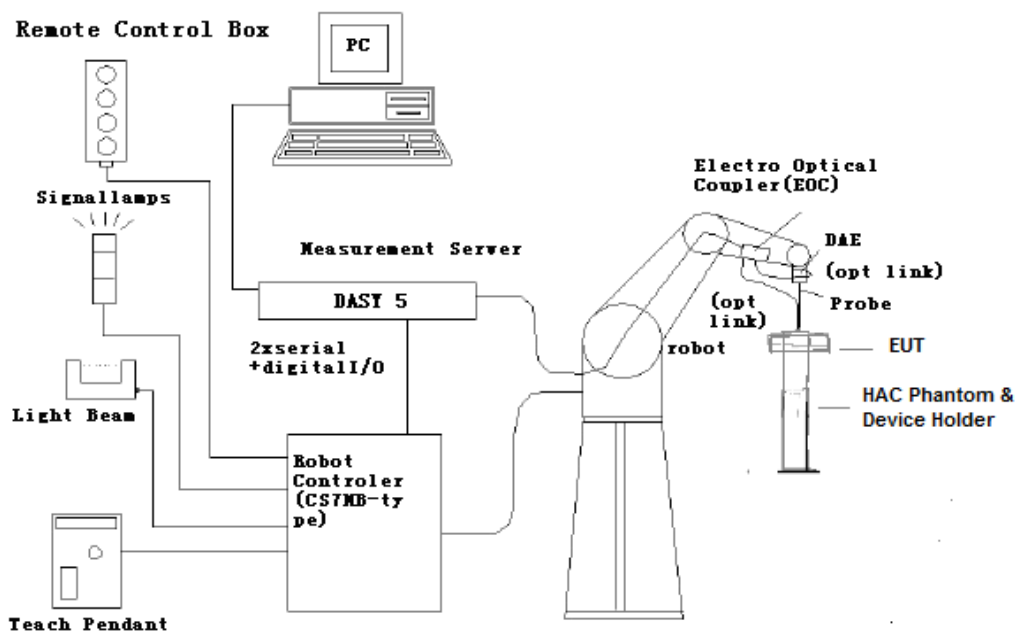


Fig. 1 HAC Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

5.2. Probe Specification

E-Field Probe Description

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Construction | One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material |
| Calibration | In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, $k=2$) |
| Frequency | 40 MHz to > 6 GHz (can be extended to < 20 MHz) Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz) |
| Directivity | ± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis) |
| Dynamic Range | 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm |
| Application | General near-field measurements up to 6 GHz Field component measurements Fast automatic scanning in phantoms |



[ER3DV6]

5.3. Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions: 370 x 370 x 370 mm).

The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field $\leq \pm 0.5$ dB.

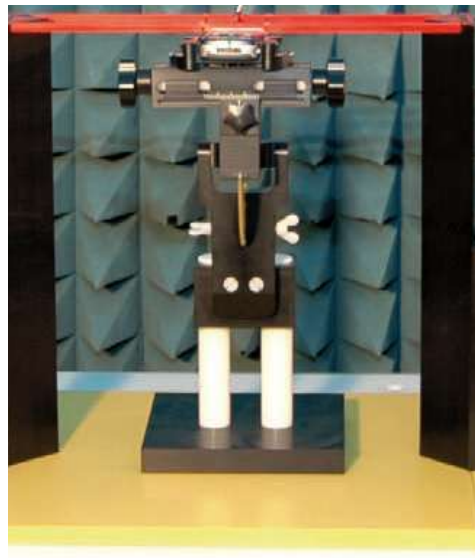


Fig. 2 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

5.4. Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160XL

Repeatability: ± 0.02 mm

No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Intel Core2

Clock Speed: 1.86 GHz

Operating System: Windows XP

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic

Software: DASY5 software

Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.

Optical uplink for commands and clock

6. EUT Arrangement

6.1. WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane

Figure 4 illustrates the references and reference plane that shall be used in the WD emissions measurement.

- The grid is 5 cm by 5 cm area that is divided into 9 evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the WD (speaker or T-coil).
- The grid is located by reference to a reference plane. This reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the WD that normally rests against the user's ear
- The measurement plane is located parallel to the reference plane and 15 mm from it, out from the phone. The grid is located in the measurement plane.

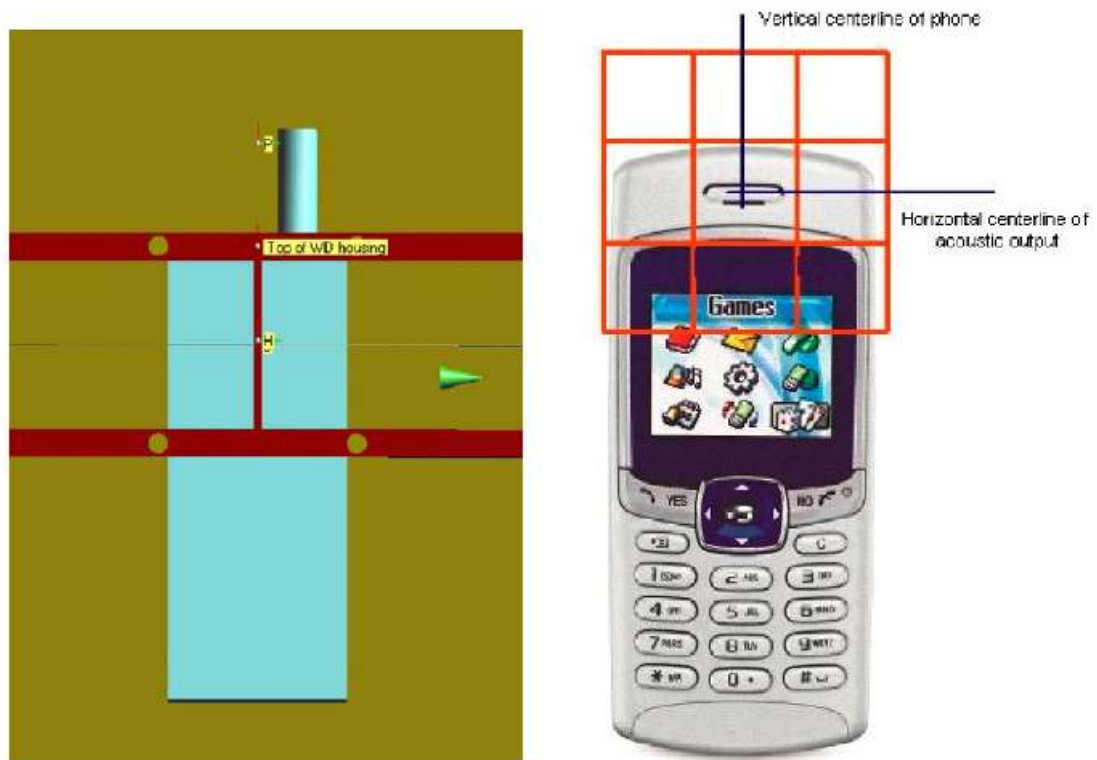


Fig. 3 WD reference and plane for RF emission measurements

7. System Validation

7.1. Validation Procedure

Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI C63.19 in the position normally occupied by the WD. The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical output. Position the E-field probes so that:

- The probes and their cables are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna
- The probe cables and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions
- The center point of the probe element(s) are 15 mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.

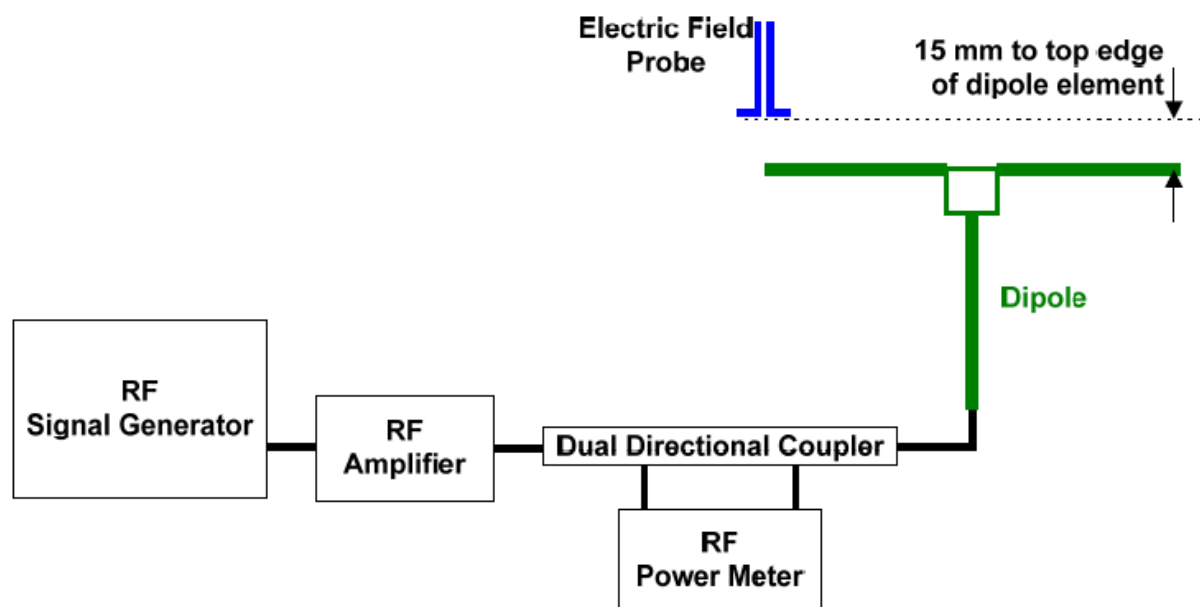


Fig. 4 Dipole Validation Setup

7.2. Validation Result

| E-Field Scan | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Mode | Frequency (MHz) | Input Power (mW) | Measured ¹ Value(dBV/m) | Target ² Value(dBV/m) | Deviation ³ (%) | Limit ⁴ (%) |
| CW | 835 | 100 | 41.65 | 40.72 | 2.3 | ±25 |
| CW | 1880 | 100 | 39.42 | 39.06 | 0.9 | ±25 |
| CW | 2600 | 100 | 39.75 | 38.71 | 2.7 | ±25 |

Notes:

1. Please refer to the attachment for detailed measurement data and plot.
2. Target value is provided by SPEAD in the calibration certificate of specific dipoles.
3. Deviation (%) = 100 * (Measured value minus Target value) divided by Target value.
4. ANSI C63.19 requires values within ± 25% are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty. Values independently validated for the dipole actually used in the measurements should be used, when available.

8. Modulation Interference Factor (MIF)

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) which replaces the need for the Articulation Weighting Factor (AWF) during the evaluation and is applicable to any modulation scheme.

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63-2007.

Definitions

ER3D, E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the “indirect” measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by probe modulation response (PMR) calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading.

The evaluation method or the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is called to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty. It may alternatively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constraint and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and is automatically applied.

MIF values were not tested by a probe or as specified in the standards but are based on analysis provided by SPEAG for all the air interfaces (GSM, WCDMA, CDMA, LTE). The data included in this report are for the worst case operating modes. The UIDs used are listed below:

| UID | Communication System Name | MIF (dB) |
|-------|--|----------|
| 10021 | GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK) | 3.63 |
| 10011 | UMTS-FDD (WCDMA) | -27.23 |
| 10295 | CDMA2000 (RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.) | 3.26 |
| 10170 | LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16-QAM) | -9.76 |
| 10176 | LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA, 1RB, 10MHz, 16-QAM) | -9.76 |
| 10173 | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16QAM) | -1.44 |



A PMR calibrated probe is linearized for the selected waveform over the full dynamic range within the uncertainty specified in its calibration certificate. ER3D, EF3D and EU2D E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the "indirect" measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading.

The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

0.2 dB for MIF -7 to +5 dB,

0.5 dB for MIF -13 to +11 dB

1 dB for MIF > -20 dB

9. Evaluation for low-power exemption

9.1. Product testing threshold

There are two methods for exempting an RF air interface technology from testing. The first method requires evaluation of the MIF for the worst-case operating mode. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤ 17 dBm for any of its operating modes. The second method does not require determination of the MIF. The RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals $\leq 50 \mu s$, is ≤ 23 dBm. An RF air interface technology that is exempted from testing by either method shall be rated as M4.

The first method is used to be exempt from testing for the RF air interface technology in this report.

9.2. Conducted power

| Band | power (dBm) | MIF (dB) | Sum (dBm) | HAC Test |
|-------------|-------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| GSM 850 | 32.1 | 3.63 | 35.73 | Yes |
| GSM 1900 | 30.0 | 3.63 | 33.63 | Yes |
| CDMA BC0 | 25.0 | 3.26 | 28.26 | Yes |
| CDMA BC1 | 25.0 | 3.26 | 28.26 | Yes |
| CDMA BC10 | 25.0 | 3.26 | 28.26 | Yes |
| WCDMA B2 | 22.6 | -27.23 | -4.63 | No |
| WCDMA B4 | 22.4 | -27.23 | -4.83 | No |
| WCDMA B5 | 22.6 | -27.23 | -4.63 | No |
| LTE Band 2 | 25.5 | -9.76 | 15.74 | No |
| LTE Band 4 | 25.0 | -9.76 | 15.24 | No |
| LTE Band 5 | 24.5 | -9.76 | 14.74 | No |
| LTE Band 12 | 24.0 | -9.76 | 14.24 | No |
| LTE Band 13 | 24.5 | -9.76 | 14.74 | No |
| LTE Band 17 | 24.0 | -9.76 | 14.24 | No |
| LTE Band 25 | 25.5 | -9.76 | 15.74 | No |
| LTE Band 26 | 24.5 | -9.76 | 14.74 | No |
| LTE Band 66 | 25.5 | -9.76 | 15.74 | No |
| LTE Band 71 | 24.0 | -9.76 | 14.24 | No |
| LTE Band 41 | 25.0 | -1.44 | 23.56 | Yes |

Note:

1. Power = Max turn-up limit.



10. RF Test Procedures

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- 1) Confirm proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- 2) Position the WD in its intended test position. The gauge block can simplify this positioning.
- 3) Configure the WD normal operation for maximum rated RF output power, at the desired channel and other operating parameters (e.g., test mode), as intended for the test.
- 4) The center sub-grid shall be centered on the center of the T-Coil mode axial measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- 5) Record the reading.
- 6) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- 7) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- 8) Identify the maximum field reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in Step 7)
- 9) Evaluate the MIF and add to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading to obtain the RF audio interference level..
- 10) Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories and record the resulting WD category rating.

11. Measurement Results (E-Field)

| Frequency | | Measured Value (dBV/m) | Power Drift (dB) | Category |
|-------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| MHz | Channel | | | |
| GSM 850 | | | | |
| 848.8 | 251 | 38.06 | -0.01 | M4 (see Fig A.1) |
| 836.6 | 190 | 38.29 | -0.05 | M4 (see Fig A.2) |
| 824.2 | 128 | 38.12 | -0.02 | M4 (see Fig A.3) |
| GSM 1900 | | | | |
| 1909.8 | 810 | 27.76 | 0.04 | M4 (see Fig A.4) |
| 1880 | 661 | 28.10 | 0.11 | M4 (see Fig A.5) |
| 1850.2 | 512 | 29.15 | 0.07 | M4 (see Fig A.6) |
| CDMA BC0 | | | | |
| 848.31 | 777 | 17.85 | 0.05 | M4 (see Fig A.7) |
| 836.52 | 384 | 17.93 | 0.08 | M4 (see Fig A.8) |
| 824.70 | 1013 | 17.49 | 0.12 | M4 (see Fig A.9) |
| CDMA BC1 | | | | |
| 1908.75 | 1175 | 18.71 | 0.07 | M4 (see Fig A.10) |
| 1880 | 600 | 18.17 | 0.06 | M4 (see Fig A.11) |
| 1851.25 | 25 | 16.99 | 0.09 | M4 (see Fig A.12) |
| CDMA BC10 | | | | |
| 823.1 | 684 | 17.64 | 0.05 | M4 (see Fig A.13) |
| 820.5 | 580 | 17.46 | 0.10 | M4 (see Fig A.14) |
| 817.9 | 476 | 17.14 | 0.11 | M4 (see Fig A.15) |
| LTE Band 41 | | | | |
| 2680 | 41490 | 22.05 | 0.02 | M4 (see Fig A.16) |
| 2636.5 | 41055 | 22.60 | 0.09 | M4 (see Fig A.17) |
| 2593 | 40620 | 24.46 | 0.10 | M4 (see Fig A.18) |
| 2549.5 | 40185 | 25.11 | 0.05 | M4 (see Fig A.19) |
| 2506 | 39750 | 25.84 | 0.02 | M4 (see Fig A.20) |

12. ANSI C 63.19-2011 Limits

WD RF audio interference level categories in logarithmic units

| Emission categories | < 960 MHz | |
|---------------------|-------------------|----------|
| | E-field emissions | |
| Category M1 | 50 to 55 | dB (V/m) |
| Category M2 | 45 to 50 | dB (V/m) |
| Category M3 | 40 to 45 | dB (V/m) |
| Category M4 | < 40 | dB (V/m) |
| Emission categories | > 960 MHz | |
| | E-field emissions | |
| Category M1 | 40 to 45 | dB (V/m) |
| Category M2 | 35 to 40 | dB (V/m) |
| Category M3 | 30 to 35 | dB (V/m) |
| Category M4 | < 30 | dB (V/m) |

13. Measurement Uncertainty

| No. | Error source | Type | Uncertainty Value (%) | Prob. Dist. | k | c_i E | Standard Uncertainty (%) u_i (%) E | Degree of freedom V_{eff} or v_i | source |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------|------------|------------|---|---|--------------|
| 1 | System repeatability | A | 0.24 | N | 1 | 1 | 0.24 | 9 | Measurement |
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Probe Calibration | B | 10.1 | N | 1 | 1 | 10.1 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| 3 | Axial Isotropy | B | 0.5 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.5 | ∞ | Cal report |
| 4 | Sensor Displacement | B | 16.5 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 9.5 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| 5 | Boundary Effects | B | 2.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.4 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| 6 | Linearity | B | 0.6 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.35 | ∞ | Cal report |
| 7 | Scaling to Peak Envelope Power | B | 2.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.2 | ∞ | Standard |
| 8 | System Detection Limit | B | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.6 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| 9 | Readout Electronics | B | 0.3 | N | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| 10 | Response Time | B | 0.8 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.5 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| 11 | Integration Time | B | 2.6 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.5 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| 12 | RF Ambient Conditions | B | 3.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.7 | ∞ | Measurement |
| 13 | RF Reflections | B | 12.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 6.9 | ∞ | Measurement |
| 14 | Probe Positioner | A | 1.2 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.7 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| 15 | Probe Positioning | A | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.7 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| 16 | Extra. And Interpolation | B | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.6 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | Device Positioning Vertical | B | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.7 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| 18 | Device Positioning Lateral | B | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 0.6 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| 19 | Device Holder and Phantom | B | 2.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.4 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| 20 | Power Drift | B | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.9 | ∞ | Measurement |
| Phantom and Setup related | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | Phantom Thickness | B | 2.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.4 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| PMF related | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | Monitor amplitude | B | 3.5 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.02 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| 23 | Setup repeatability | A | 2.3 | N | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 9 | Manufacturer |
| 24 | Sensor amplitude | B | 12 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 6.93 | ∞ | Manufacturer |
| Combined standard uncertainty(%) | | | | | | | 18.3 | | |
| Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %) | | $u_e = 2u_c$ | | N | k=2 | | 36.6 | | |

14. Main Test Instruments

Table 14-1: List of Main Instruments

| No. | Name | Type | Serial Number | Calibration Date | Valid Period |
|-----|------------------|----------|---------------|------------------|--------------|
| 01 | Signal Generator | E8257D | MY47461211 | 2019-06-03 | One year |
| 02 | Power meter | E4418B | MY50000366 | 2020-01-15 | One year |
| 03 | Power sensor | E9304A | MY50000188 | | |
| 04 | Amplifier | VTL5400 | 0404 | / | |
| 05 | HAC Test Arch | N/A | 1150 | / | |
| 06 | DAE | DAE4 | 1527 | 2019-11-11 | One year |
| 07 | E-Field Probe | ER3DV6 | 2424 | 2018-02-23 | Three year |
| 08 | HAC Dipole | CD835V3 | 1165 | 2018-07-19 | Three year |
| 09 | HAC Dipole | CD1880V3 | 1149 | 2018-07-19 | Three year |
| 10 | HAC Dipole | CD2600V3 | 1020 | 2018-10-23 | Three year |
| 11 | BTS | CMU200 | 114544 | 2019-09-02 | One year |
| 12 | BTS | CMU500 | 152499 | 2019-07-18 | One year |

ANNEX A: RF Emission Test Plot

HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 High

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 61.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.06 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 37.84 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 38.59 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 38.5 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 37.33 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 38.06 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 37.88 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 36.28 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 36.71 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 36.44 dBV/m |

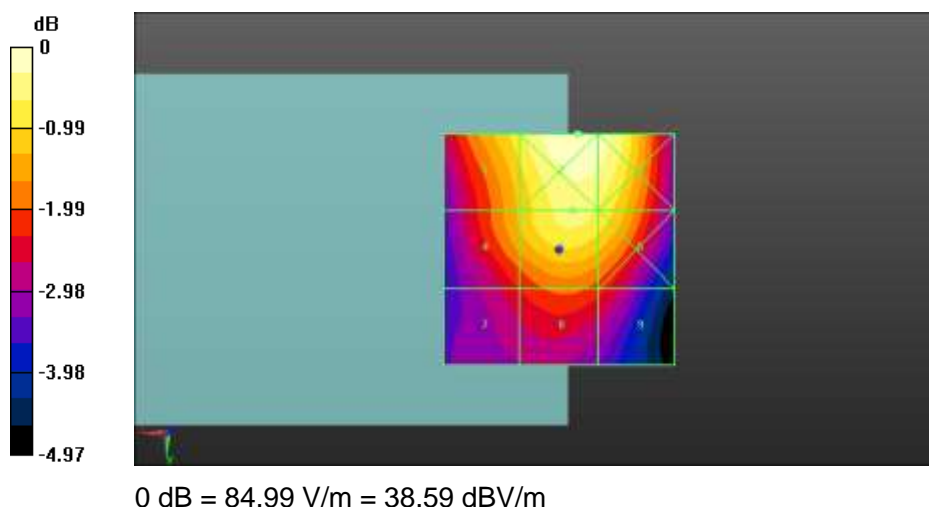


Fig A.1 HAC RF E-Field GSM850

HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Middle

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 62.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.29 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 38.26 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 38.91 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 38.72 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 37.66 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 38.29 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 38.02 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 36.52 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 36.87 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 36.47 dBV/m |

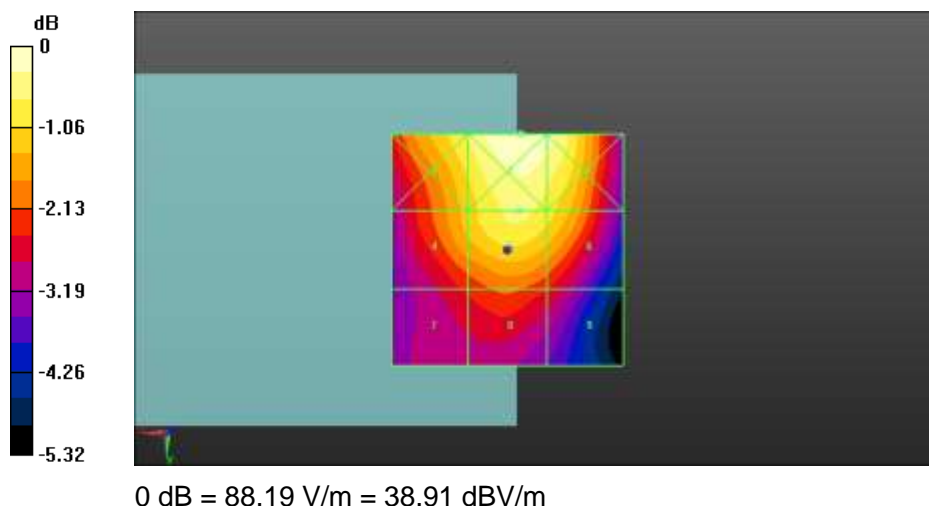


Fig A.2 HAC RF E-Field GSM850

HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Low

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 824.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 61.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.12 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 38.39 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 38.93 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 38.73 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 37.58 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 38.12 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 37.85 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 36.21 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 36.49 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 36.12 dBV/m |

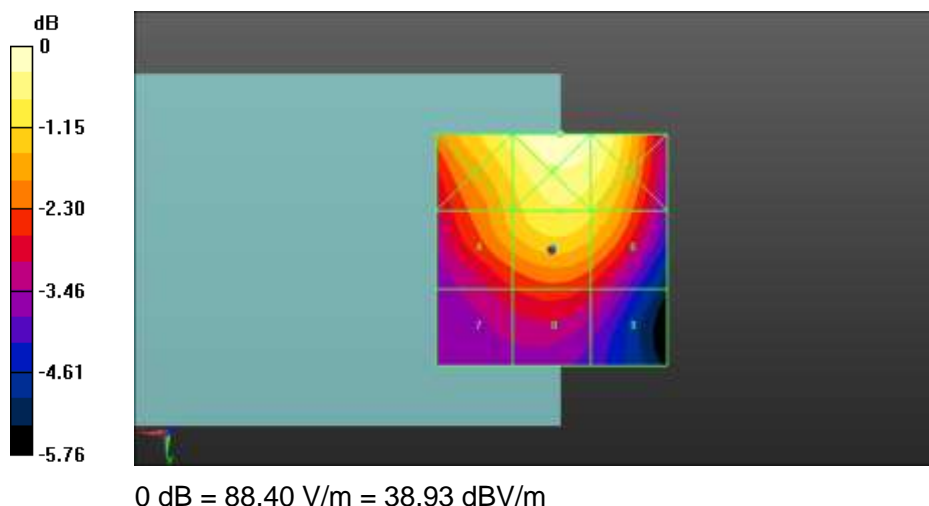


Fig A.3 HAC RF E-Field GSM850

HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 High

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 1910 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 7.192 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 27.76 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 28.84 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 29.38 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 28.6 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 23.35 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 25.87 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 26.38 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 27.76 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 27.35 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 25.69 dBV/m |

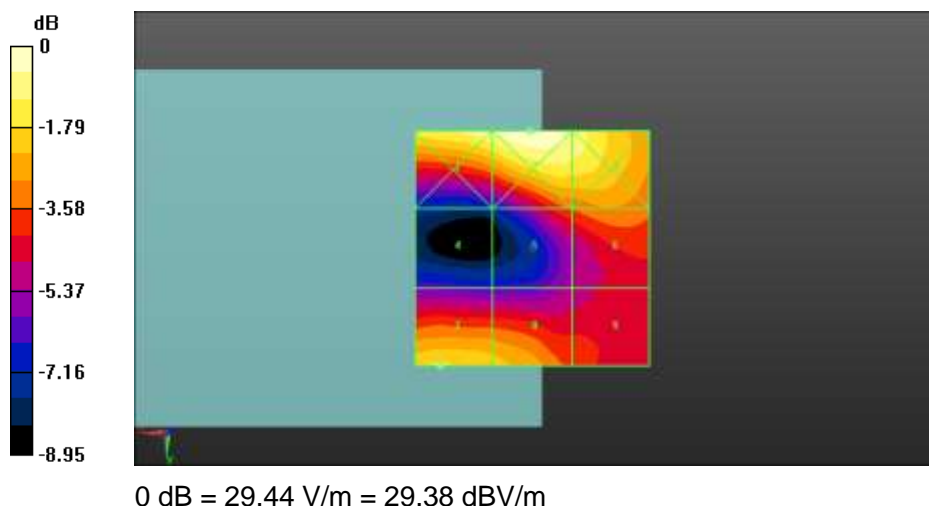


Fig A.4 HAC RF E-Field GSM1900

HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Middle

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 8.364 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 28.10 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 29.36 dBV/m | Grid 2 M3 30.01 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 29.28 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 23.76 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 26.97 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 27.21 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 28.1 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 27.21 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 25.06 dBV/m |

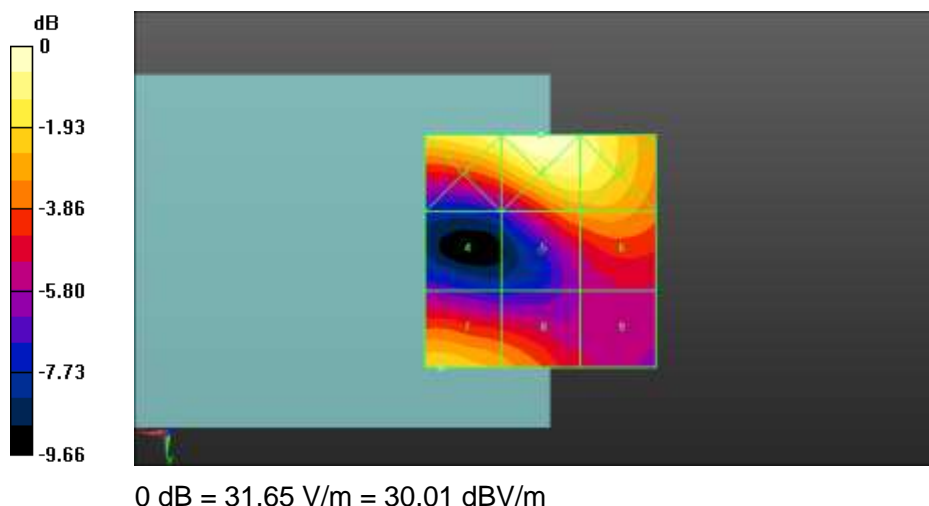


Fig A.5 HAC RF E-Field GSM1900

HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Low

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 10.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 29.15 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Grid 1 M3 30.48 dBV/m | Grid 2 M3 31 dBV/m | Grid 3 M3 30.34 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 24.68 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 28.4 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 28.52 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 29.15 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 27.56 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 25.74 dBV/m |

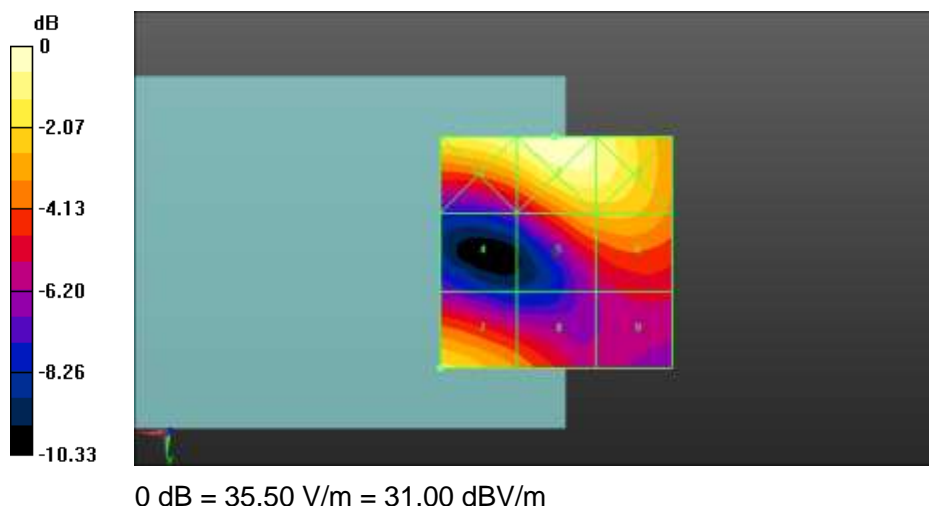


Fig A.6 HAC RF E-Field GSM1900

HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC0 High

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA Frequency: 848.31 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 5.198 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 17.85 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 17.51 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 17.51 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 17.74 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 17.68 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 17.85 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 17.56 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 17.13 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 17.56 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 17.27 dBV/m |

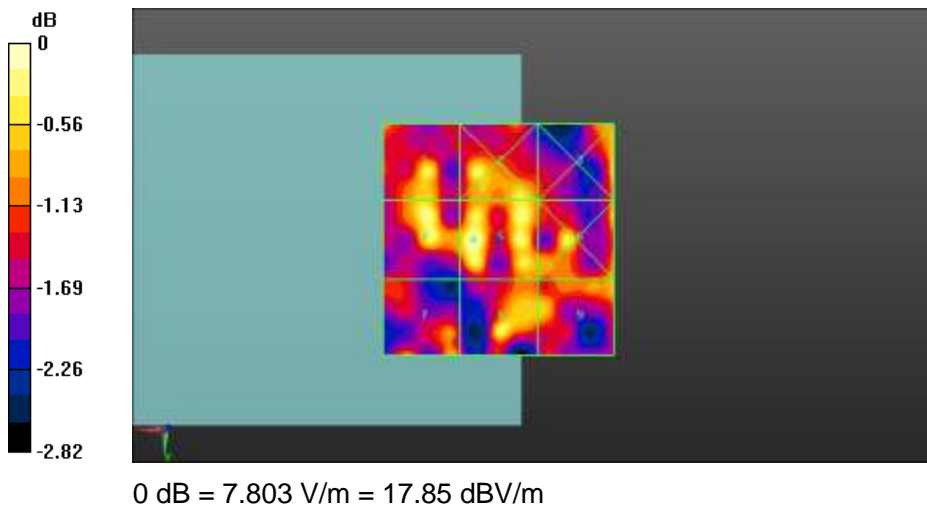


Fig A.7 HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC0

HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC0 Middle

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA Frequency: 836.52 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 7.849 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 17.93 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 25.19 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 17.51 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 17.93 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 23.98 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 17.7 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 17.28 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 23.51 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 17.54 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 17.21 dBV/m |

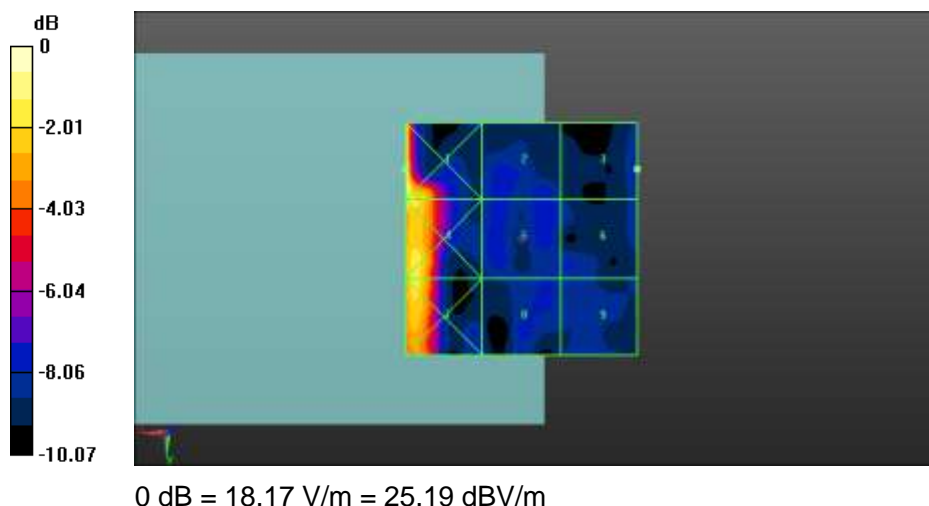


Fig A.8 HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC0

HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC0 Low

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA Frequency: 824.7 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 4.525 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 17.49 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 17.13 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 17.48 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 17.64 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 17.49 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 17.4 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 17.45 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 17.37 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 17.21 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 17.01 dBV/m |

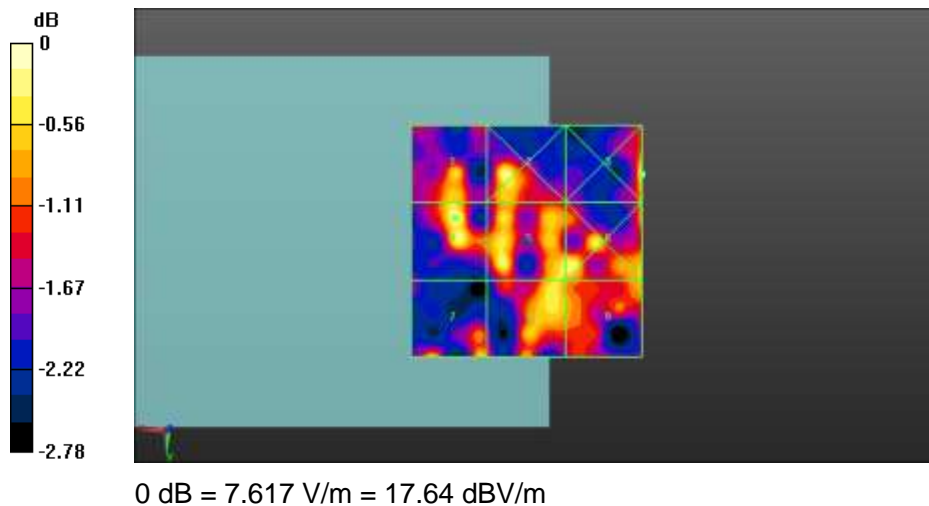


Fig A.9 HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC0

HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC1 High

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA Frequency: 1908.75 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 7.341 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 18.71 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 25.09 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 18.71 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 16.82 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 25.83 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 16.71 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 16.73 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 25.76 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 16.58 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 16.49 dBV/m |

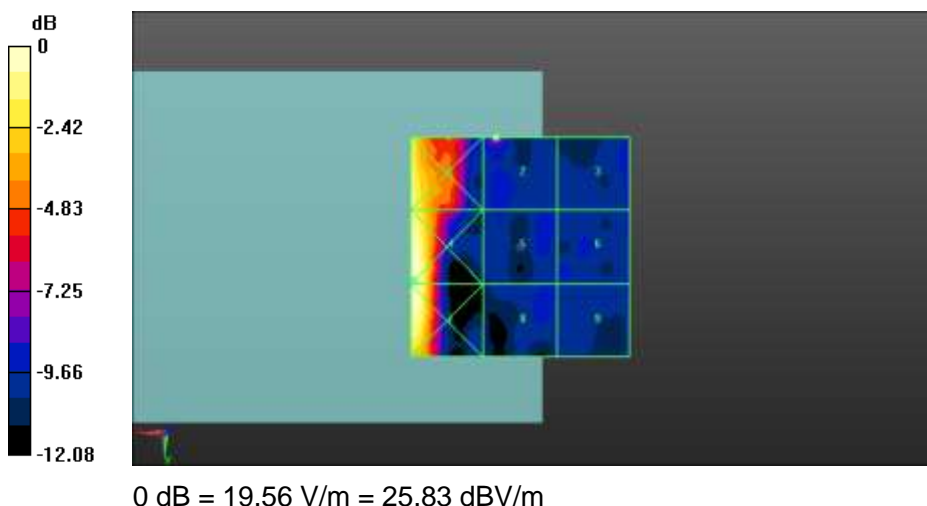


Fig A.10 HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC1

HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC1 Middle

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 4.243 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 18.17 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 17.95 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 18.23 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 16.81 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 16.95 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 18.17 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 16.76 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 16.44 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 16.45 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 16.45 dBV/m |

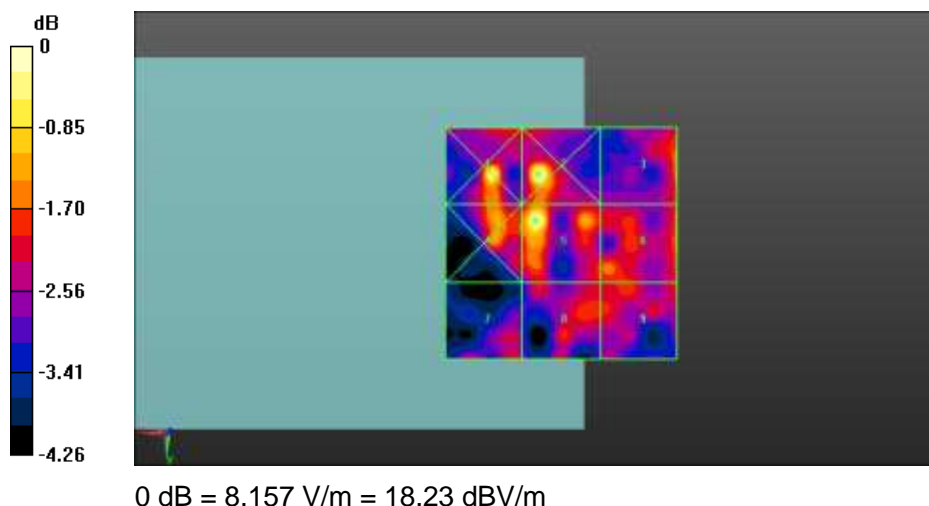


Fig A.11 HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC1

HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC1 Low

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA Frequency: 1851.25 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 4.115 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 16.99 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 16.99 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 17.23 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 16.91 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 16.96 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 16.89 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 17.13 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 16.26 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 16.71 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 16.44 dBV/m |

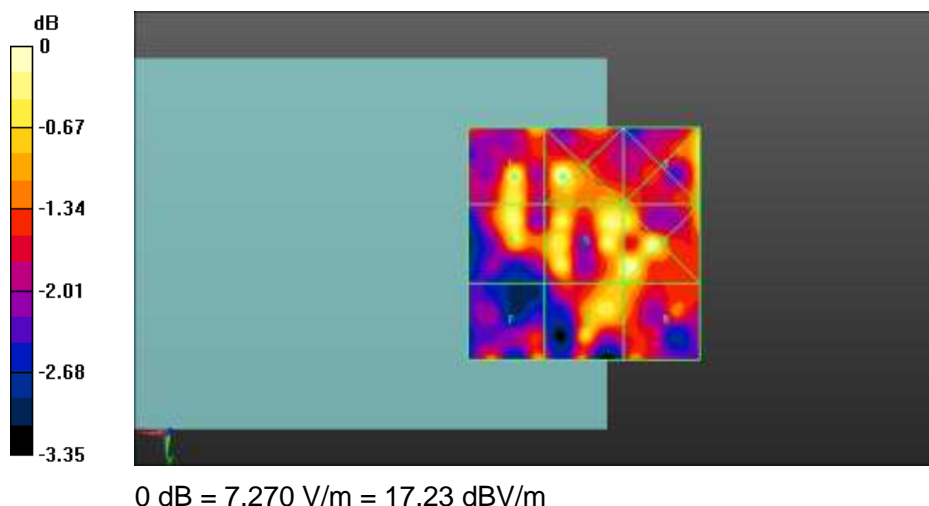


Fig A.12 HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC1

HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC10 High

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA Frequency: 823.1 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 4.591 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 17.64 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 17.06 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 17.21 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 17.48 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 17.24 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 17.64 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 17.19 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 17.34 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 17.17 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 16.7 dBV/m |

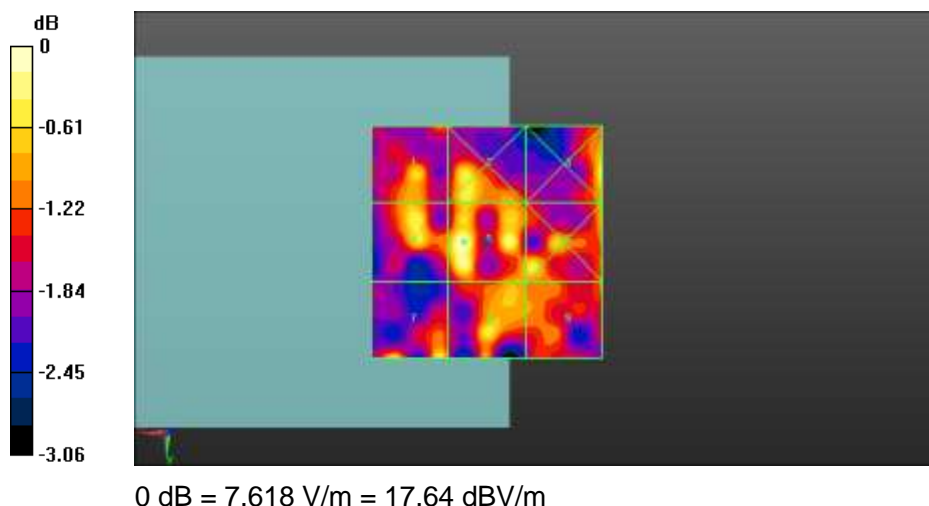


Fig A.13 HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC10

HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC10 Middle

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA Frequency: 820.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 4.675 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 17.46 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 17.06 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 16.84 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 17.43 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 17.32 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 17.46 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 17.31 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 17.06 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 16.99 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 16.66 dBV/m |

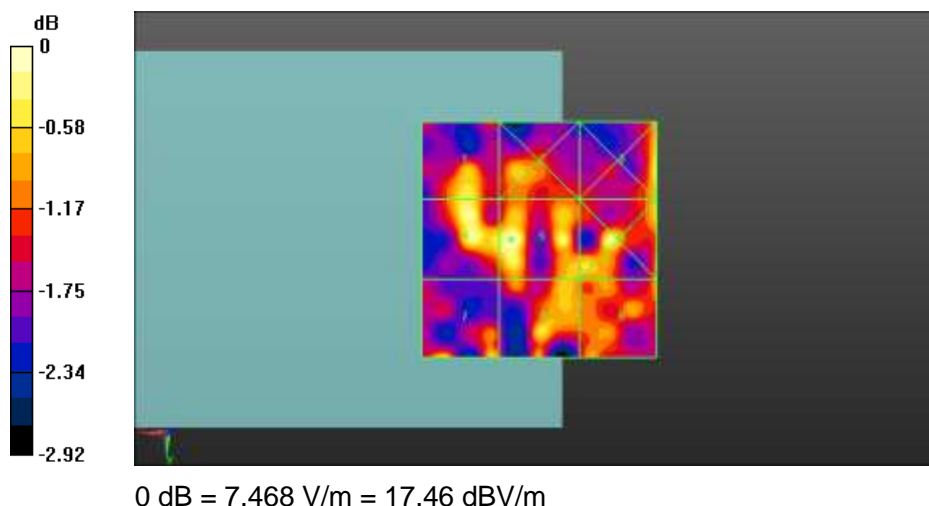


Fig A.14 HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC10

HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC10 Low

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA Frequency: 817.9 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 4.331 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Applied MIF = 3.26 dB

RF audio interference level = 17.14 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 16.54 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 17.02 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 16.85 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 17.02 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 17.14 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 16.73 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 16.74 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 17.05 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 16.65 dBV/m |

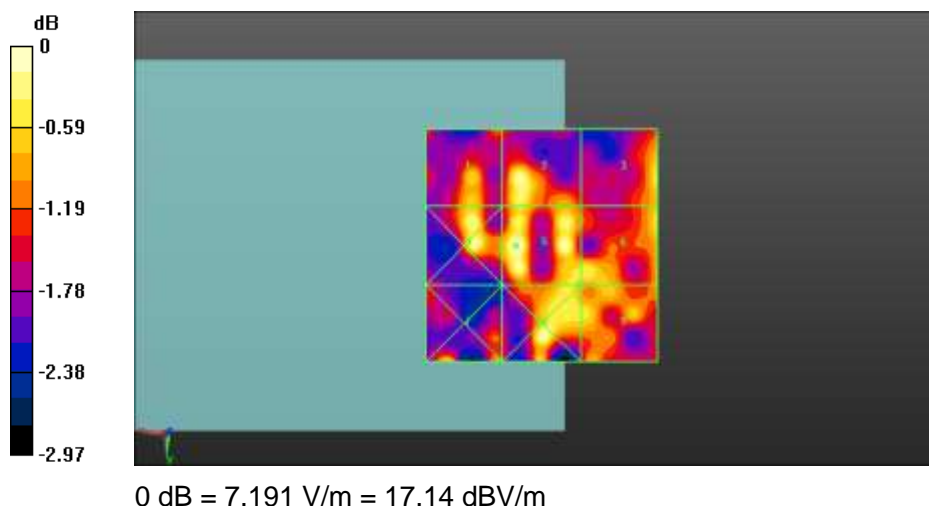


Fig A.15 HAC RF E-Field CDMA BC10

HAC RF E-Field LTE-Band 41 High

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_TDD Frequency: 2680 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 7.090 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 22.05 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 21.18 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 17.78 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 19.42 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 22.32 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 19.93 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 19.75 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 24.81 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 22.93 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 22.05 dBV/m |

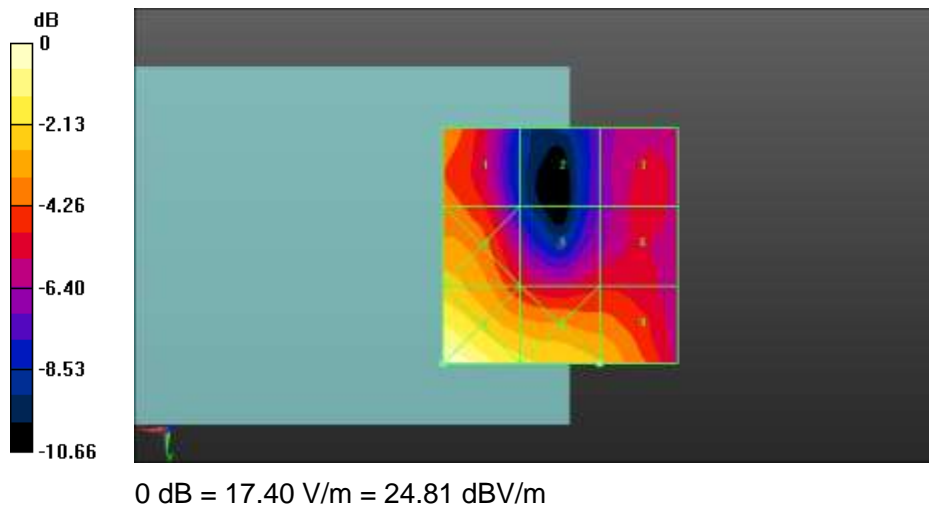


Fig A.16 HAC RF E-Field LTE-Band 41 High

HAC RF E-Field LTE-Band 41 High-2

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_TDD Frequency: 2636.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 8.738 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 22.60 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| Grid 1 M4 21.72 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 18.35 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 19.98 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 22.86 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 20.49 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 20.31 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 25.50 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 23.47 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 22.60 dBV/m |

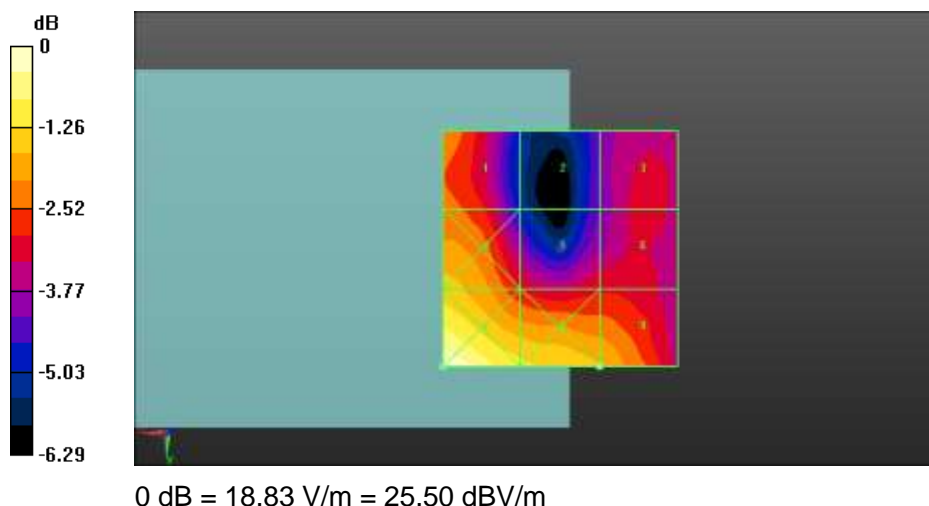


Fig A.17 HAC RF E-Field LTE-Band 41 High-2

HAC RF E-Field LTE-Band 41 Middle

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_TDD Frequency: 2593 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 14.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 24.46 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 24.46 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 22.26 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 23.42 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 24.64 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 23.05 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 23.53 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 26.87 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 24.82 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 24.27 dBV/m |

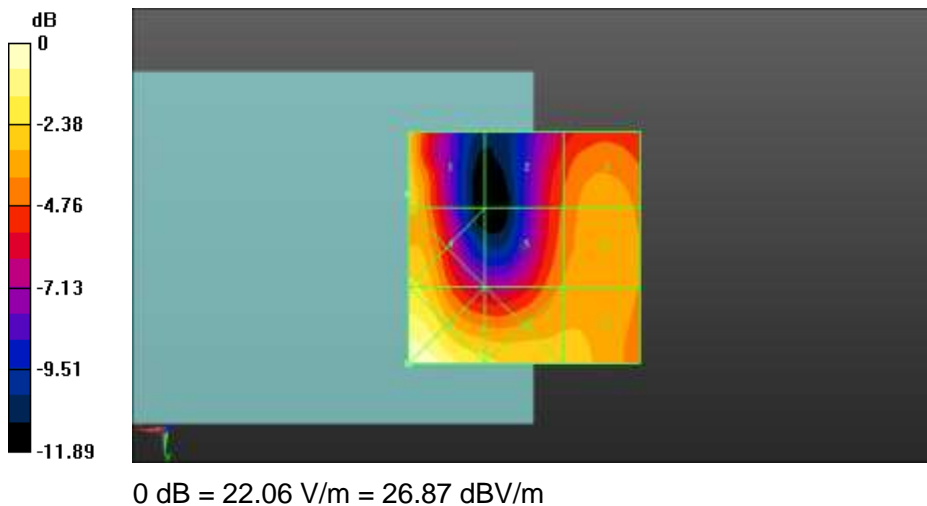


Fig A.18 HAC RF E-Field LTE-Band 41 Middle

HAC RF E-Field LTE-Band 41 Low-2

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_TDD Frequency: 2549.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device L/Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 17.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 25.11 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 21.75 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 24.11 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 24.56 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 21.96 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 25.05 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 25.11 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 26.54 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 27.06 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 26.38 dBV/m |

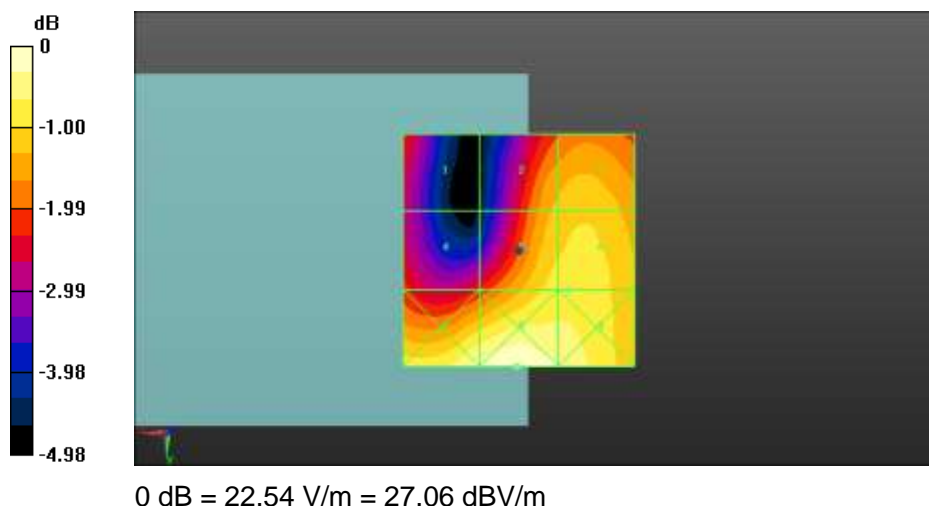


Fig A.19 HAC RF E-Field LTE-Band 41 Low-2

HAC RF E-Field LTE-Band 41 Low

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_TDD Frequency: 2506 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 22.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 25.84 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M4 22.45 dBV/m | Grid 2 M4 24.82 dBV/m | Grid 3 M4 25.27 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 22.65 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 25.76 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 25.84 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M4 27.21 dBV/m | Grid 8 M4 27.75 dBV/m | Grid 9 M4 27.02 dBV/m |

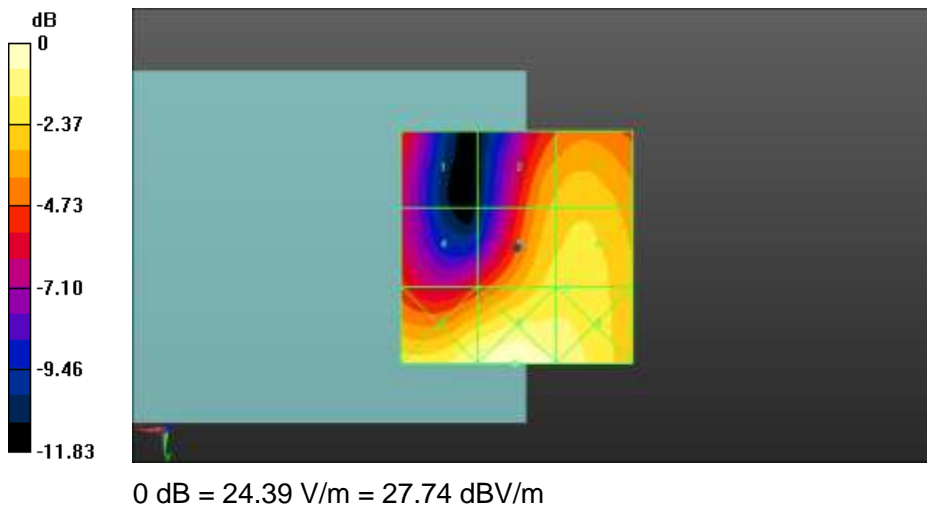


Fig A.20 HAC RF E-Field LTE-Band 41 Low

ANNEX B: System Validation Result

835 MHz

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424; ConvF (1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 Dipole = 15mm

/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 108.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

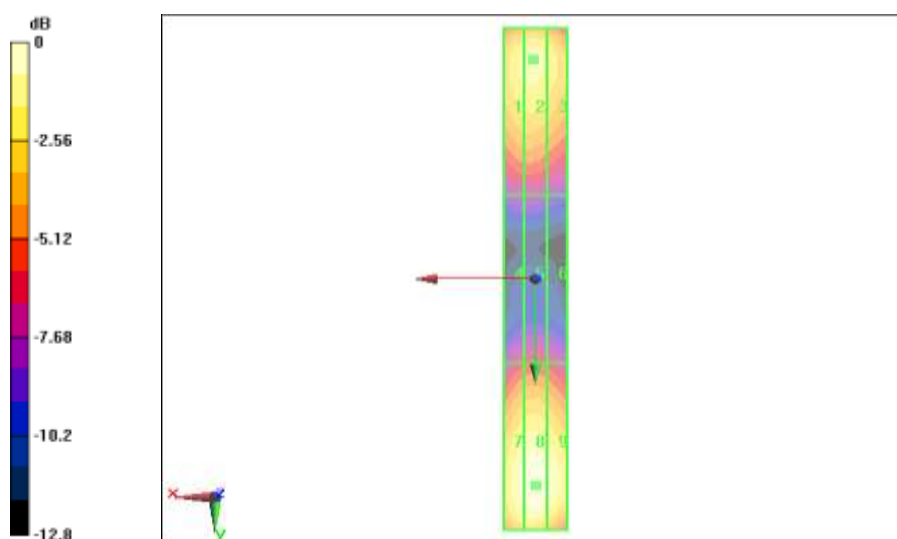
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 41.65 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M3 40.99 dBV/m | Grid 2 M3 41.57 dBV/m | Grid 3 M3 41.48 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 36.58 dBV/m | Grid 5 M4 36.86 dBV/m | Grid 6 M4 36.72 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M3 41.03 dBV/m | Grid 8 M3 41.65 dBV/m | Grid 9 M3 41.54 dBV/m |



0 dB = 41.65 dBV/m

1880 MHz

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424; ConvF (1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 Dipole = 15mm

/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 105.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

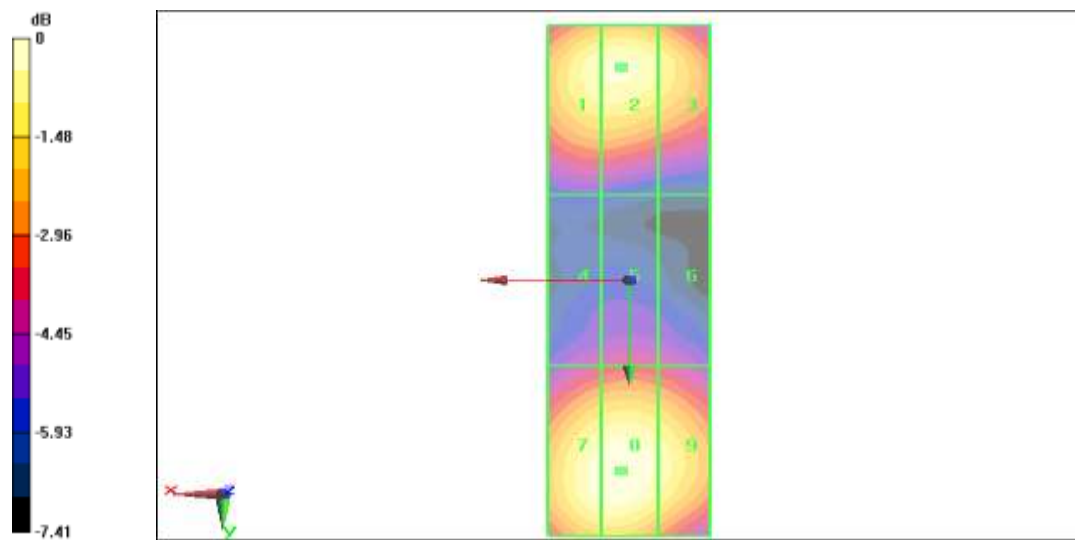
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.42 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M2 38.99 dBV/m | Grid 2 M2 39.42 dBV/m | Grid 3 M2 39.33 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M2 37.18 dBV/m | Grid 5 M2 37.55 dBV/m | Grid 6 M2 37.46 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M2 38.91 dBV/m | Grid 8 M2 39.37 dB V/m | Grid 9 M2 39.28 dBV/m |



0 dB = 39.42 dBV/m

2600 MHz

Date: 2020-3-23

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424; ConvF (1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD2600 Dipole = 15mm

/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 72.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

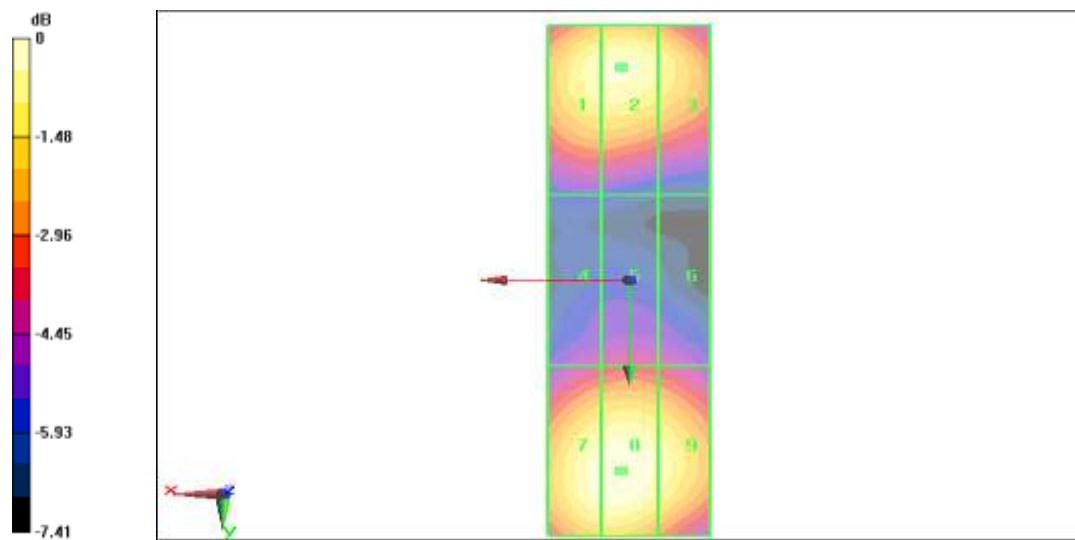
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.75 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Grid 1 M2 39.31 dBV/m | Grid 2 M2 39.68 dBV/m | Grid 3 M2 39.52 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M2 38.95 dBV/m | Grid 5 M2 39.11 dBV/m | Grid 6 M2 39.04 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M2 39.60 dBV/m | Grid 8 M2 39.75 dB V/m | Grid 9 M2 39.68 dBV/m |



0 dB = 39.75 dBV/m

**ANNEX C: Probe Calibration Certificate****E_Probe ER3DV6**

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**Client: **CTTL-SZ (Auden)**Certificate No: **ER3-2424_Feb18****CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**Object: **ER3DV6 - SN:2424**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6**
Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field
evaluations in air

Calibration date: **February 23, 2018**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)/°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521+02522) | Apr-18 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) | Apr-18 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02525) | Apr-18 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) | Apr-18 |
| Reference Probe ER3DV6 | SN: 2328 | 10-Oct-17 (No. ER3-2328, Oct17) | Oct-18 |
| DAE4 | SN: 789 | 2-Aug-17 (No. DAE4-789, Aug17) | Aug-18 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB41293874 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16) | In house check: Jun-18 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: MY41498067 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16) | In house check: Jun-18 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: 000110210 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16) | In house check: Jun-18 |
| RF generator HP 8548C | SN: US3642U01700 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16) | In house check: Jun-18 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | SN: US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-18 |

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name Jeton Kasrati | Function Laboratory Technician | Signature |
| Approved by: | Name Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory. | | | |
| Issued: February 23, 2018 | | | |

Certificate No: **ER3-2424_Feb18**

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Calibration Laboratory of
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary:

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| CF | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal |
| A, B, C, D | modulation dependent linearization parameters |
| Polarization φ | φ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization θ | θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| Connector Angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.0, November 2013

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ for XY sensors and $\theta = 90$ for Z sensor ($f < 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).



ER3DV6 – SN:2424

February 23, 2018

Probe ER3DV6

SN:2424

Manufactured: November 12, 2007
Calibrated: February 23, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

ER3DV6 – SN:2424

February 23, 2018

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2424

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$) | 1.46 | 1.51 | 1.82 | $\pm 10.1\%$ |
| DCP (mV) ^a | 100.0 | 98.3 | 100.6 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | B dBV/ μV | C | D dB | VR mV | Unc ^b (k=2) |
|-----------|--|---|---------|-------------------|------|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 189.6 | $\pm 3.5\%$ |
| | | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 204.8 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 200.6 | |
| 10021-DAC | GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK) | X | 21.68 | 99.9 | 28.7 | 9.39 | 106.2 | $\pm 2.2\%$ |
| | | Y | 19.41 | 99.7 | 28.6 | | 111.3 | |
| | | Z | 24.71 | 99.5 | 28.2 | | 119.2 | |
| 10061-CAB | IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps) | X | 8.35 | 84.6 | 25.4 | 3.60 | 146.9 | $\pm 1.9\%$ |
| | | Y | 4.81 | 74.8 | 21.7 | | 112.9 | |
| | | Z | 6.43 | 78.8 | 22.9 | | 111.9 | |
| 10077-CAB | IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps) | X | 13.26 | 77.7 | 29.3 | 11.00 | 139.0 | $\pm 3.8\%$ |
| | | Y | 11.65 | 73.4 | 26.9 | | 100.8 | |
| | | Z | 11.41 | 72.1 | 25.6 | | 99.2 | |
| 10172-CAD | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK) | X | 9.48 | 80.8 | 29.7 | 9.21 | 125.2 | $\pm 3.8\%$ |
| | | Y | 9.49 | 81.9 | 30.6 | | 134.1 | |
| | | Z | 10.82 | 83.6 | 30.5 | | 136.8 | |
| 10173-CAD | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM) | X | 9.87 | 81.2 | 29.9 | 9.48 | 125.1 | $\pm 2.5\%$ |
| | | Y | 10.11 | 83.1 | 31.3 | | 134.2 | |
| | | Z | 11.30 | 84.2 | 30.8 | | 136.9 | |
| 10285-AAB | CDMA2000, RC1, 3Q3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr. | X | 16.69 | 99.5 | 40.3 | 12.49 | 96.6 | $\pm 2.5\%$ |
| | | Y | 15.42 | 99.3 | 41.1 | | 100.6 | |
| | | Z | 17.91 | 99.9 | 39.8 | | 104.3 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

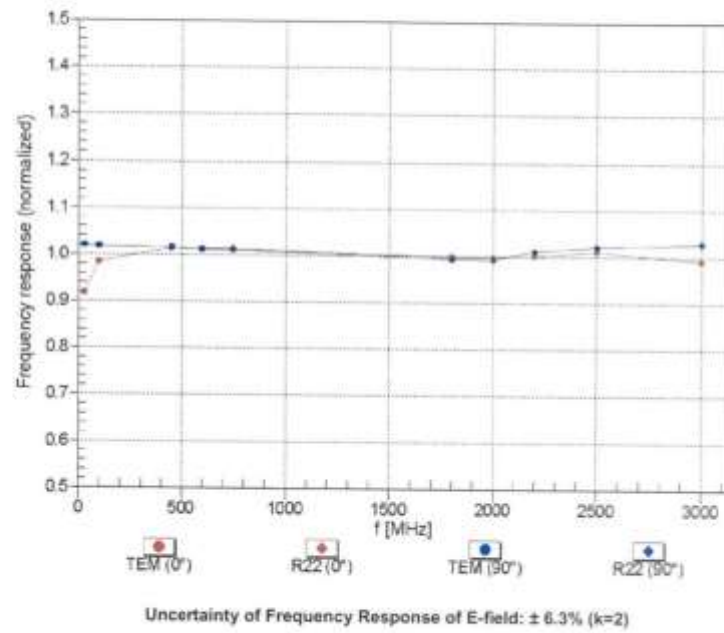
^a Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^b Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ER3DV6 – SN:2424

February 23, 2016

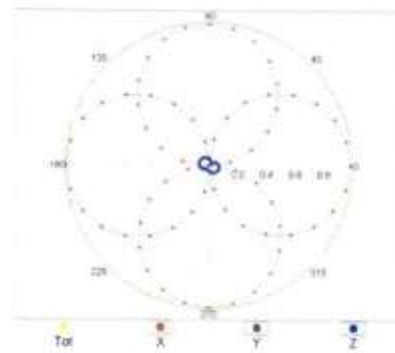
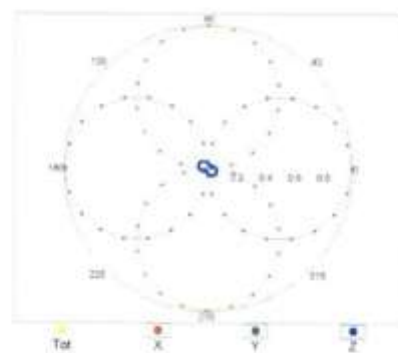
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



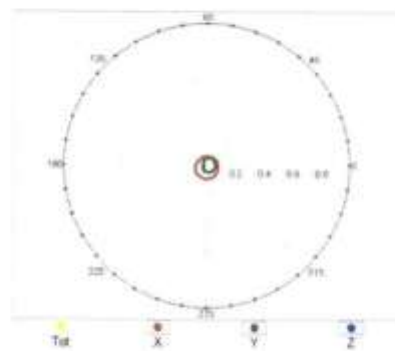
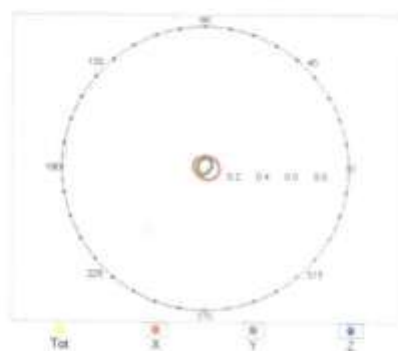
ER3DV6 – SN 2424

February 23, 2018

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

 $f=600\text{ MHz, TEM, }0^\circ$

 $f=2500\text{ MHz, R22, }0^\circ$


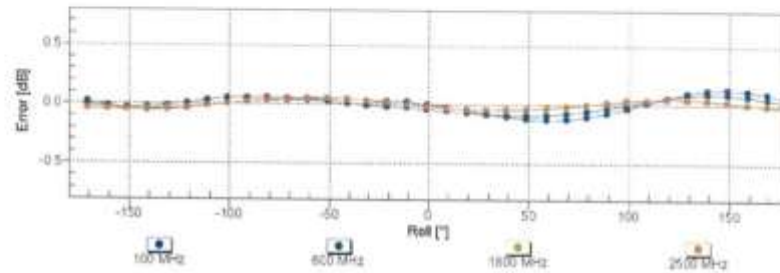
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 90^\circ$

 $f=600\text{ MHz, TEM, }90^\circ$

 $f=2500\text{ MHz, R22, }90^\circ$


ER3DV6 – SN.2424

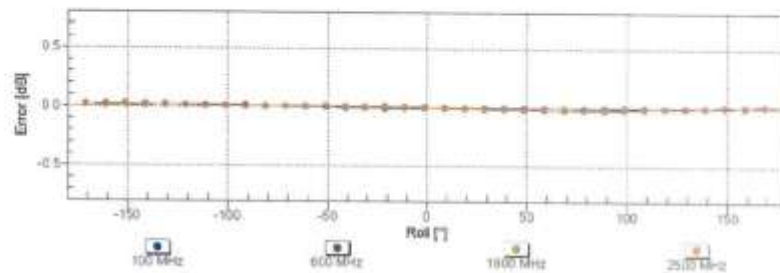
February 23, 2018

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$

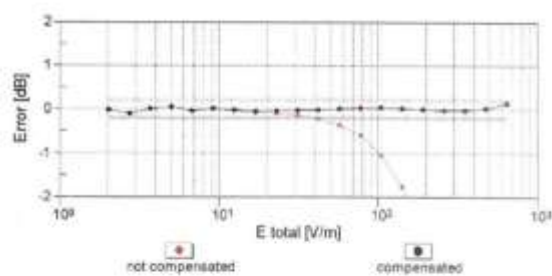
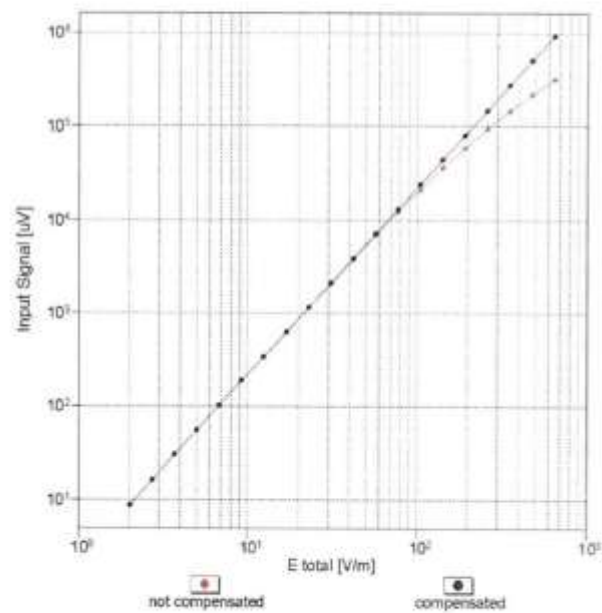


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

ER3DV6 - SN.2424

February 23, 2018

Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



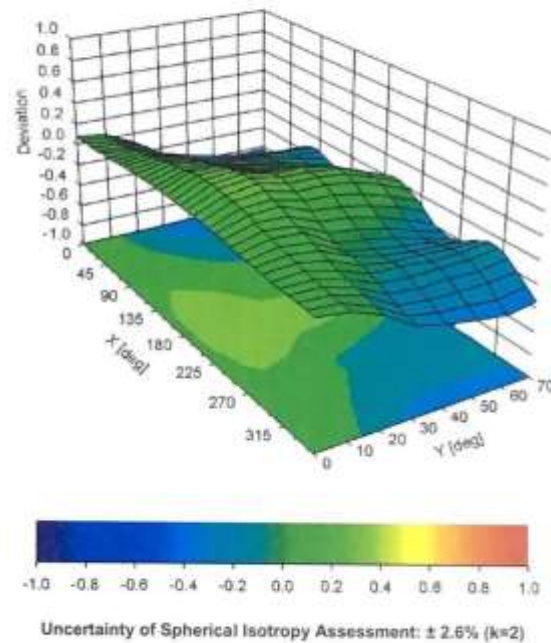
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ (k=2)

ER3DV6 – SN:2424

February 23, 2018

Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900$ MHz





ER3DV6 - SN:2424

February 23, 2018

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2424**Other Probe Parameters**

| | |
|---|-------------|
| Sensor Arrangement | Rectangular |
| Connector Angle (°) | -11.2 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 10 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 8 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 2.5 mm |

**ANNEX D: Dipole Calibration Certificate****Dipole 835 MHz**

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**Client **CTTL (Auden)**Certificate No: **CD835V3-1165_Jul18****CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**Object **CD835V3 - SN: 1165**Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v6
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air**Calibration date: **July 19, 2018**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&E critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) | Apr-19 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20K) | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) | Apr-19 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) | Apr-19 |
| Probe EF3DV3 | SN: 4013 | 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013, Mar18) | Mar-19 |
| Probe H3DV6 | SN: 6065 | 30-Dec-17 (No. H3-6065, Dec17) | Dec-18 |
| DAE4 | SN: 781 | 17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) | Jan-19 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter Agilent 4419B | SN: GB42420191 | 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Power sensor HP E4412A | SN: US38485102 | 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Power sensor HP 8482A | SN: US37295597 | 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 832283/011 | 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41060477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-18 |

| | | | |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Leif Klysner | Laboratory Technician | |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |

Issued: July 19, 2018

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates.

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms, z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|----------|
| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.10.1 |
| Phantom | HAC Test Arch | |
| Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center | 15 mm | |
| Scan resolution | dx, dy = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 835 MHz \pm 1 MHz | |
| Input power drift | < 0.05 dB | |

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

| E-field 15 mm above dipole surface | condition | Interpolated maximum |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| Maximum measured above high end | 100 mW input power | 108.7 V/m = 40.72 dBV/m |
| Maximum measured above low end | 100 mW input power | 108.6 V/m = 40.72 dBV/m |
| Averaged maximum above arm | 100 mW input power | 108.7 V/m \pm 12.8 % (k=2) |

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

| Frequency | Return Loss | Impedance |
|-----------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| 800 MHz | 16.4 dB | 40.0 Ω - 9.2 j Ω |
| 835 MHz | 25.5 dB | 53.7 Ω + 4.0 j Ω |
| 880 MHz | 17.8 dB | 60.3 Ω - 9.8 j Ω |
| 900 MHz | 16.5 dB | 51.6 Ω - 15.3 j Ω |
| 945 MHz | 21.7 dB | 43.9 Ω + 4.8 j Ω |

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

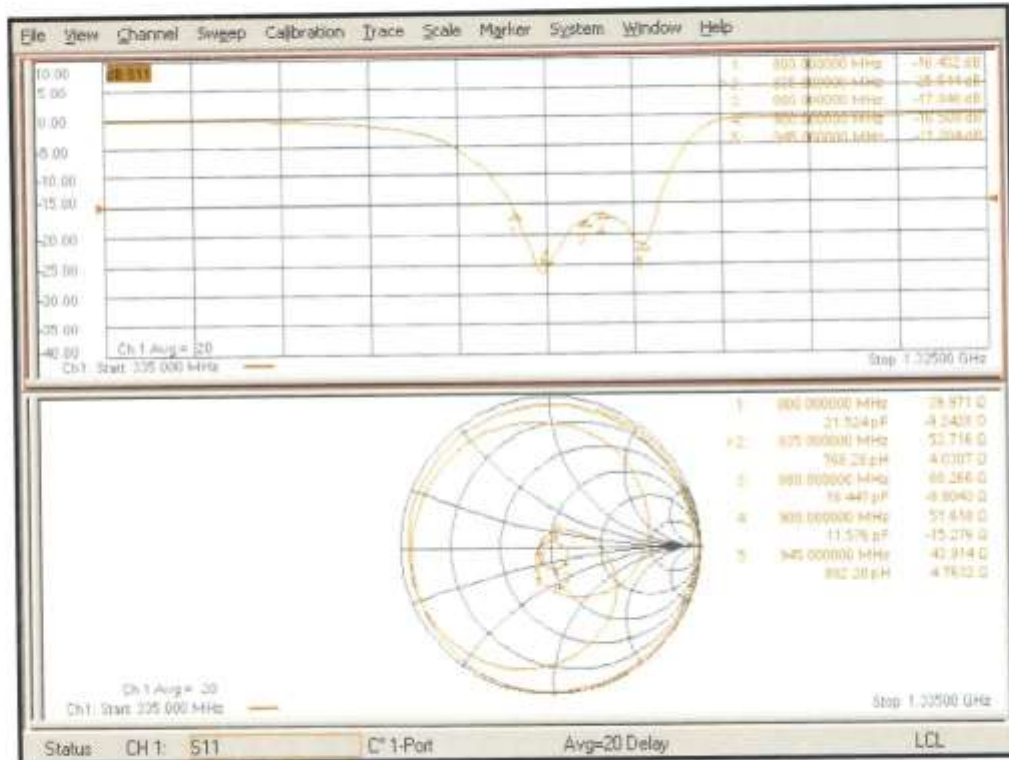
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 19.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1165

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³
Phantom section: RF Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - 5N4013; ConvF{1, 1, 1} @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 05.03.2018
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 5n781; Calibrated: 17.01.2018
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 130.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

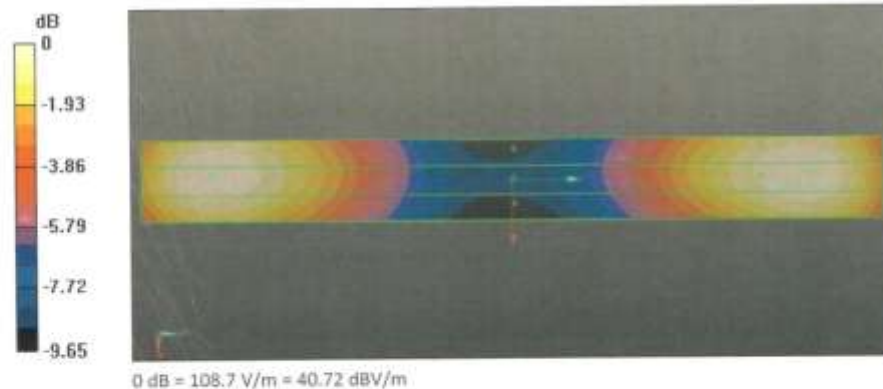
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.73 dBV/m.

Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Grid 1 M3 | Grid 2 M3 | Grid 3 M3 |
| 40.28 dBV/m | 40.72 dBV/m | 40.67 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M4 | Grid 5 M4 | Grid 6 M4 |
| 35.61 dBV/m | 35.96 dBV/m | 35.94 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M3 | Grid 8 M3 | Grid 9 M3 |
| 40.41 dBV/m | 40.73 dBV/m | 40.67 dBV/m |





Dipole 1880 MHz



No. B20N00635-HAC RF

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **CTTL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **CD1880V3-1149_Jul18**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD1880V3 - SN: 1149**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v6
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air**

Calibration date: **July 19, 2018**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) | Apr-19 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20k) | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) | Apr-19 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 08327 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) | Apr-19 |
| Probe EF3DV3 | SN: 4013 | 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18) | Mar-19 |
| Probe H3DV6 | SN: 6065 | 30-Dec-17 (No. H3-6065_Dec17) | Dec-18 |
| DAE4 | SN: 781 | 17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) | Jan-19 |

| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter Agilent 4419B | SN: GB42420191 | 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Power sensor HP E4412A | SN: US38485102 | 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Power sensor HP 8482A | SN: US37295597 | 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 832283/011 | 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-18 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Leif Klysner | Laboratory Technician | |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |

Issued: July 19, 2018

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Certificate No: CD1880V3-1149_Jul18

Page 1 of 5

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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
 Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------|
| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.10.1 |
| Phantom | HAC Test Arch | |
| Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center | 15 mm | |
| Scan resolution | dx, dy = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 1880 MHz \pm 1 MHz | |
| Input power drift | < 0.05 dB | |

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

| E-field 15 mm above dipole surface | condition | Interpolated maximum |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| Maximum measured above high end | 100 mW input power | 89.8 V/m = 39.06 dBV/m |
| Maximum measured above low end | 100 mW input power | 89.3 V/m = 39.02 dBV/m |
| Averaged maximum above arm | 100 mW input power | 89.5 V/m \pm 12.8 % (k=2) |

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

| Frequency | Return Loss | Impedance |
|-----------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| 1730 MHz | 23.9 dB | 53.9 Ω + 5.4 j Ω |
| 1880 MHz | 22.5 dB | 54.7 Ω + 6.3 j Ω |
| 1900 MHz | 23.4 dB | 55.6 Ω + 4.5 j Ω |
| 1950 MHz | 30.3 dB | 52.9 Ω - 1.3 j Ω |
| 2000 MHz | 21.3 dB | 44.2 Ω + 5.7 j Ω |

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

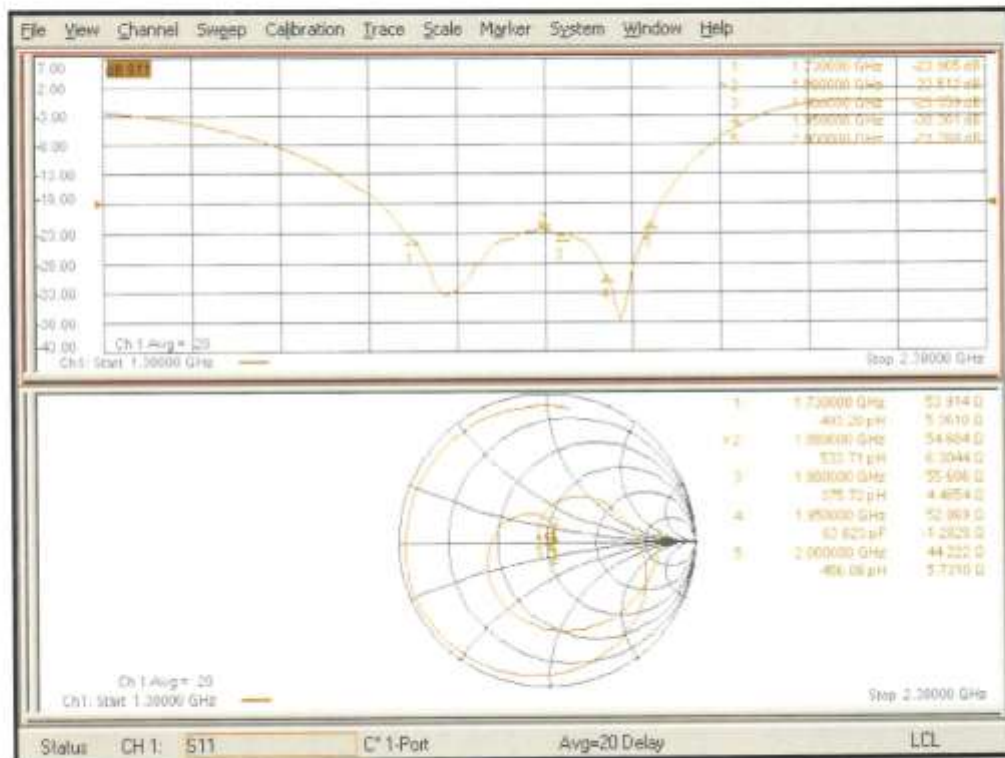
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 19.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1149

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³
Phantom section: RF Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 05.03.2018
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 5n781; Calibrated: 17.01.2018
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 160.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

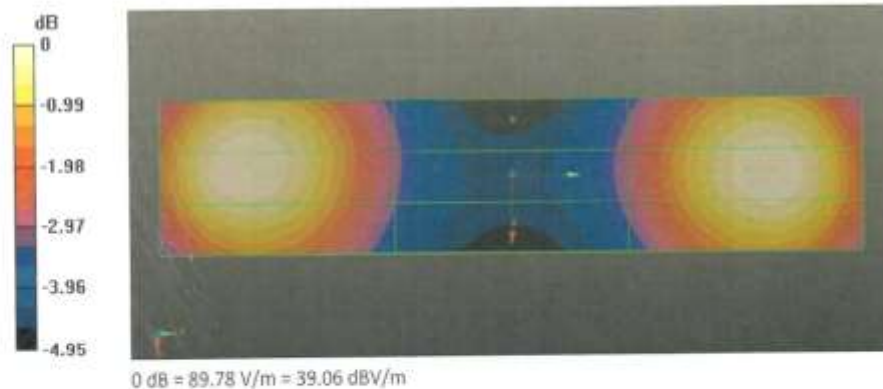
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.06 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Grid 1 M2 | Grid 2 M2 | Grid 3 M2 |
| 38.67 dBV/m | 39.06 dBV/m | 39.01 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M2 | Grid 5 M2 | Grid 6 M2 |
| 36 dBV/m | 36.15 dBV/m | 36.1 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M2 | Grid 8 M2 | Grid 9 M2 |
| 38.79 dBV/m | 39.02 dBV/m | 38.91 dBV/m |





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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **CTTL-SZ (Auden)**

Certificate No: **CD2600V3-1020_Oct18**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD2600V3 - SN: 1020**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v6
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air**

Calibration date: **October 23, 2018**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) | Apr-19 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20k) | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) | Apr-19 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) | Apr-19 |
| Probe EF3DV3 | SN: 4013 | 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18) | Mar-19 |
| DAE4 | SN: 781 | 17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) | Jan-19 |

| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter Agilent 4419B | SN: GB42420191 | 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Power sensor HP E4412A | SN: US38485102 | 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Power sensor HP 8482A | SN: US37295597 | 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 832283/011 | 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18) | In house check: Oct-19 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Leif Klysner | Laboratory Technician | |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |

Issued: October 23, 2018

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------|
| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.10.2 |
| Phantom | HAC Test Arch | |
| Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center | 15 mm | |
| Scan resolution | dx, dy = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2600 MHz \pm 1 MHz | |
| Input power drift | < 0.05 dB | |

Maximum Field values at 2600 MHz

| E-field 15 mm above dipole surface | condition | Interpolated maximum |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Maximum measured above high end | 100 mW input power | 86.2 V/m = 38.71 dBV/m |
| Maximum measured above low end | 100 mW input power | 85.2 V/m = 38.61 dBV/m |
| Averaged maximum above arm | 100 mW input power | 85.7 V/m \pm 12.8 % (k=2) |

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

| Frequency | Return Loss | Impedance |
|-----------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| 2450 MHz | 18.6 dB | 42.7 Ω - 8.2 j Ω |
| 2550 MHz | 27.1 dB | 45.9 Ω + 1.2 j Ω |
| 2600 MHz | 32.4 dB | 48.3 Ω + 1.6 j Ω |
| 2650 MHz | 36.6 dB | 51.2 Ω + 1.0 j Ω |
| 2750 MHz | 19.3 dB | 50.9 Ω - 11.0 j Ω |

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

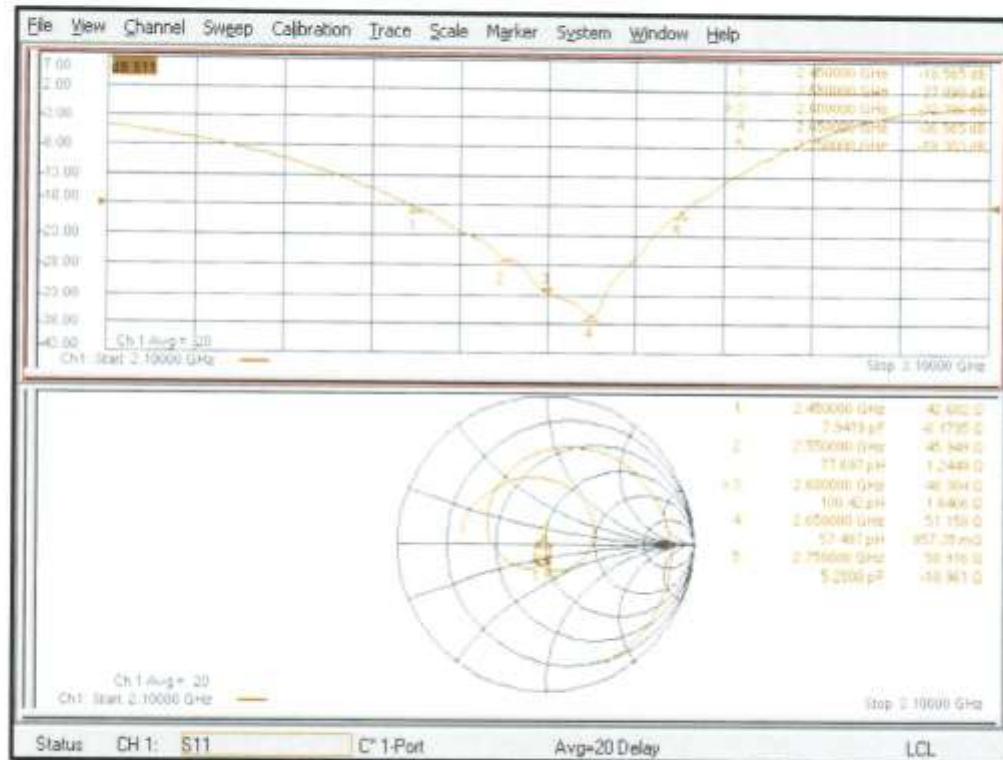
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 23.10.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: CD2600V3; Serial: CD2600V3 - SN: 1020

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2600 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³
Phantom section: RF Section w
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 05.03.2018
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 17.01.2018
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 2600MHz/E-Scan - 2600MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6,3 mm

Reference Value = 64.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

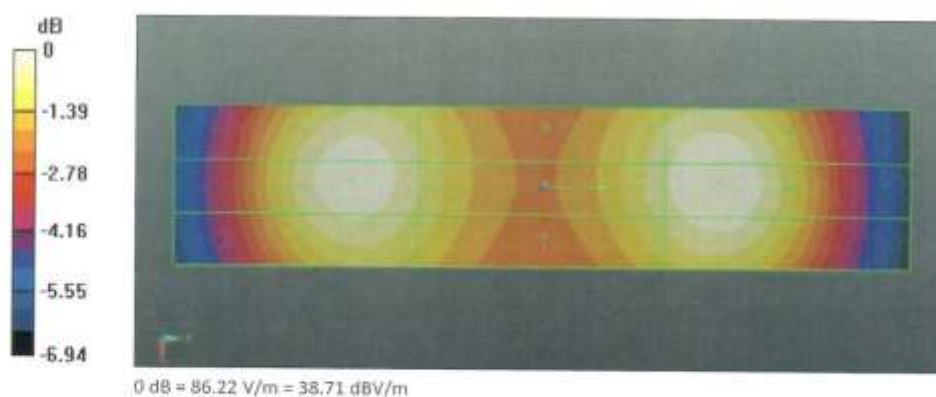
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.71 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

| | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Grid 1 M2 | Grid 2 M2 | Grid 3 M2 |
| 38.32 dBV/m | 38.61 dBV/m | 38.53 dBV/m |
| Grid 4 M2 | Grid 5 M2 | Grid 6 M2 |
| 37.96 dBV/m | 38.19 dBV/m | 38.15 dBV/m |
| Grid 7 M2 | Grid 8 M2 | Grid 9 M2 |
| 38.48 dBV/m | 38.71 dBV/m | 38.63 dBV/m |



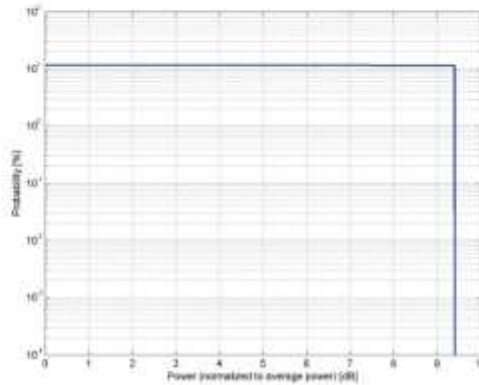
ANNEX E: UID Specification

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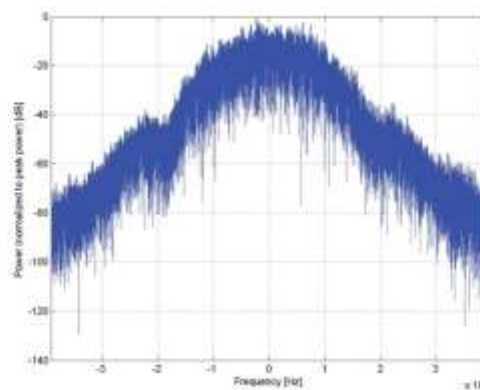
| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Name: | GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK) |
| Group: | GSM |
| UID: | 10021-DAC |
| PAR: ¹ | 9.39 dB |
| MIF: ² | 3.63 dB |
| Standard Reference: | ETSI TS 100 909 V8.9.0 (2005-01) FCC OET KDB 941225, D03 and D04 Periodic pulsed modulation |
| Category: | GMSK |
| Modulation: | GSM 450 (450.4 - 457.6 MHz) GSM 480 (478.8 - 486.0 MHz) GSM 710 (698.0 - 716.0 MHz) GSM 750 (747.0 - 763.0 MHz) GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz) P-GSM 900 (880.0 - 915.0 MHz) E-GSM 900 (880.0 - 915.0 MHz) R-GSM 900 (876.0 - 915.0 MHz) DCS 1800 (1710.0 - 1785.0 MHz) PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz) ER-GSM 900 (873.0 - 915.0 MHz) Validation band (0.0 - 8000.0 MHz) |
| Detailed Specification: | Active Slot: TNO Data: PN9 continuous Frame: composed out of 8 Slots Multiframe: 26th (IDLE) Frame set blank Slottype & -timing: Normal burst for GMSK |
| Bandwidth: | 0.2 MHz |
| Integration Time: | 120.0 ms |

¹ PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 5.1 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"
² Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).

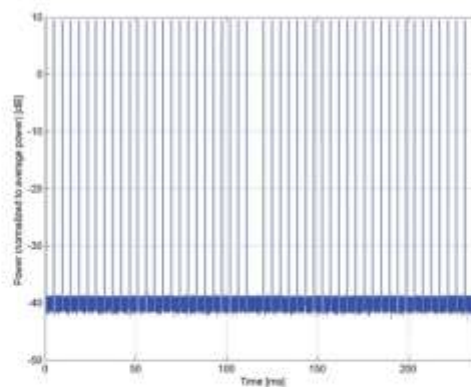
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Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)



Frequency Domain



Time Domain

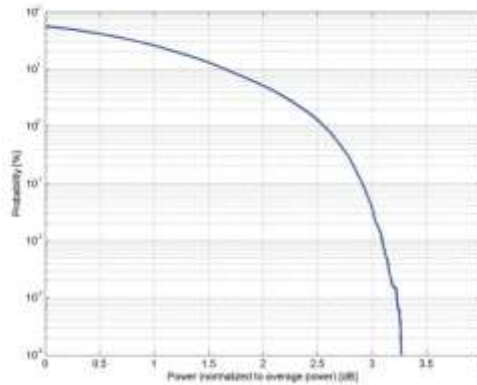
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| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Name: | UMTS-FDD (WCDMA) |
| Group: | WCDMA |
| UID: | 10011-CAB |
| PAR: ¹ | 2.91 dB |
| MIF: ² | -27.23 dB |
| Standard Reference: | 3GPP TS 25.141 Annex A |
| Category: | FCC OET KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02 |
| Modulation: | Random amplitude modulation |
| Frequency Band: | QPSK |
| | Band 1, UTRA/FDD (1920.0-1980.0 MHz, 20000) |
| | Band 2, UTRA/FDD (1850.0-1910.0 MHz, 20001) |
| | Band 3, UTRA/FDD (1710.0-1785.0 MHz, 20002) |
| | Band 4, UTRA/FDD (1710.0-1755.0 MHz, 20003) |
| | Band 5, UTRA/FDD (824.0-849.0 MHz, 20004) |
| | Band 6, UTRA/FDD (830.0-840.0 MHz, 20005) |
| | Band 7, UTRA/FDD (2500.0-2570.0 MHz, 20006) |
| | Band 8, UTRA/FDD (880.0-915.0 MHz, 20007) |
| | Band 9, UTRA/FDD (1749.9-1784.9 MHz, 20008) |
| | Band 10, UTRA/FDD (1710.0-1770.0 MHz, 20009) |
| | Band 11, UTRA/FDD (1427.9-1452.9 MHz, 20010) |
| | Band 12, UTRA/FDD (698.0-716.0 MHz, 20011) |
| | Band 13, UTRA/FDD (777.0-787.0 MHz, 20012) |
| | Band 14, UTRA/FDD (788.0-798.0 MHz, 20013) |
| | Band 19, UTRA/FDD (830.0-845.0 MHz, 20130) |
| | Band 20, UTRA/FDD (832.0-862.0 MHz, 20131) |
| | Band 21, UTRA/FDD (1447.9-1462.9 MHz, 20132) |
| | Band 22, UTRA/FDD (3410.0-3490.0 MHz, 20217) |
| | Band 25, UTRA/FDD (1850.0-1915.0 MHz, 20218) |
| | Band 26, UTRA/FDD (814.0-849.0 MHz, 20219) |
| Detailed Specification: | Dedicated Channel Type: RMC |
| | Bitrate: 12.2 kbps |
| | DPDCH: 60 kbps |
| | DPCCH: 15 kbps |
| | DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio: -5.46 dB |
| Bandwidth: | 5.0 MHz |
| Integration Time: | 100.0 ms |

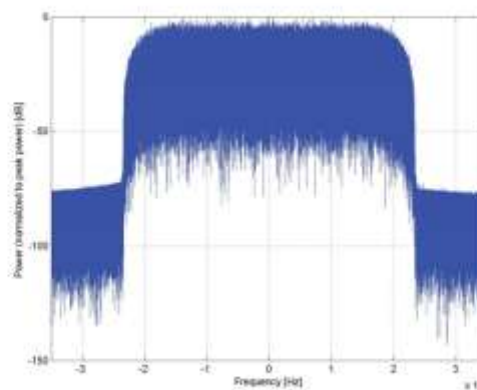
¹ PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"

² Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).

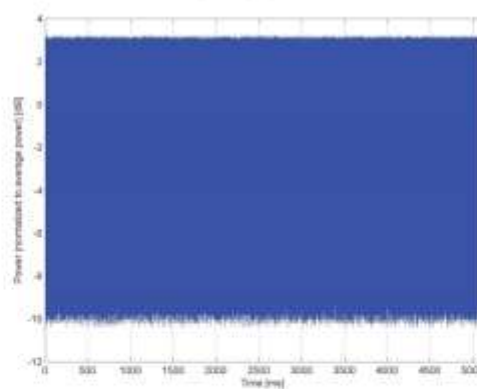
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Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)



Frequency Domain



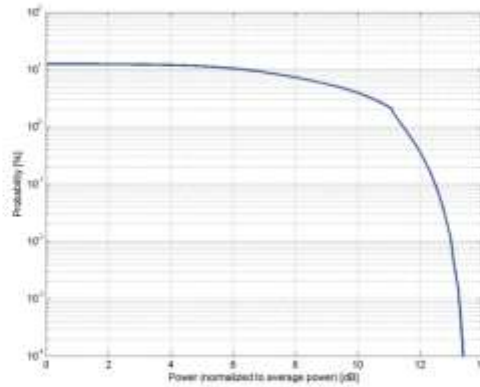
Time Domain

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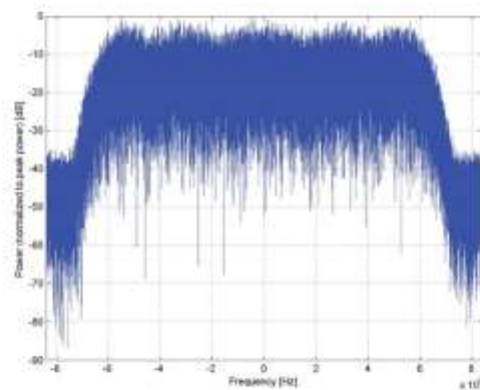
| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Name: | CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr. |
| Group: | CDMA2000 |
| UID: | 10295-AAB |
| PAR: ¹ | 12.49 dB |
| MIF: ² | 3.26 dB |
| Standard Reference: | 3GPP2 C.S0002-C-1, Chapter 2.1.3.9.2.3 FCC OET KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices (v02) |
| Category: | Random amplitude modulation |
| Modulation: | 64-ary orthogonal |
| Frequency Band: | Band Class 0 (815.0-849.0 MHz, 20220) Band Class 1 (1850.0-1910.0 MHz, 20040) Band Class 2 (872.0-915.0 MHz, 20041) Band Class 3 (887.0-925.0 MHz, 20042) Band Class 4 (1750.0-1780.0 MHz, 20043) Band Class 5 (411.7-483.5 MHz, 20044) Band Class 6 (1920.0-1980.0 MHz, 20045) Band Class 7 (776.0-794.0 MHz, 20046) Band Class 8 (1710.0-1785.0 MHz, 20047) Band Class 9 (880.0-915.0 MHz, 20048) Band Class 10 (806.0-901.0 MHz, 20049) Band Class 11 (410.0-462.5 MHz, 20050) Band Class 12 (870.0-876.0 MHz, 20051) Band Class 13 (2500.0-2570.0 MHz, 20179) Band Class 14 (1850.0-1915.0 MHz, 20180) Band Class 15 (1710.0-1755.0 MHz, 20181) Band Class 16 (2502.0-2568.0 MHz, 20182) Band Class 18 (787.0-799.0 MHz, 20184) Band Class 19 (698.0-716.0 MHz, 20185) Band Class 20 (1626.5-1660.5 MHz, 20186) Band Class 21 (2000.0-2020.0 MHz, 20187) |
| Detailed Specification: | Radio Configuration 1 (RC1) Service Option 3 (SO3) Speech codec: 8k EVRC (Enhanced Voice Rate Codec) |
| Bandwidth: | 1/8th frame rate 1.2 MHz |
| Integration Time: | 500.0 ms |

¹ PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"
² Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).

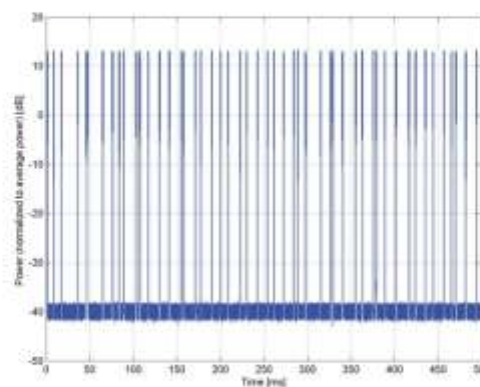
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Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)



Frequency Domain



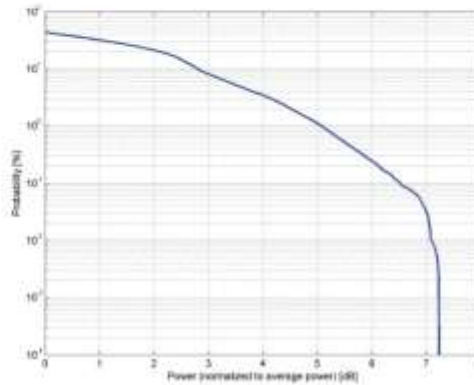
Time Domain

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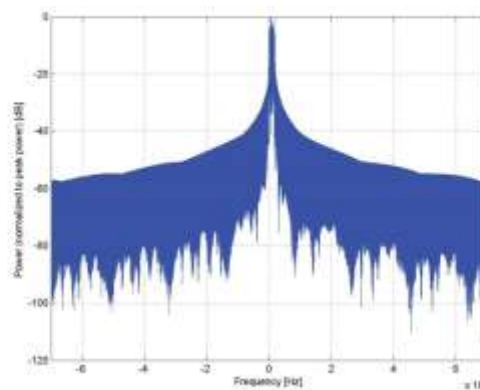
| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Name: | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM) |
| Group: | LTE-FDD |
| UID: | 10176-CAE |
| PAR: ¹ | 6.52 dB |
| MIF: ² | -9.76 dB |
| Standard Reference: | 3GPP / ETSI TS 136.101 V8.4.0 3GPP / ETSI TS 136.213 V8.4.0 FCC OET KDB 941225 Doc SAR for LTE Devices v01 Random amplitude modulation |
| Category: | 16-QAM |
| Modulation: | Band 1, E-UTRA/FDD (1920.0 - 1980.0 MHz) Band 2, E-UTRA/FDD (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz) Band 3, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1785.0 MHz) Band 4, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1755.0 MHz) Band 5, E-UTRA/FDD (824.0 - 849.0 MHz) Band 6, E-UTRA/FDD (830.0 - 840.0 MHz) Band 7, E-UTRA/FDD (2500.0 - 2570.0 MHz) Band 8, E-UTRA/FDD (880.0 - 915.0 MHz) Band 9, E-UTRA/FDD (1749.9 - 1784.9 MHz) Band 10, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1770.0 MHz) Band 11, E-UTRA/FDD (1427.9 - 1447.9 MHz) Band 12, E-UTRA/FDD (699.0 - 716.0 MHz) Band 13, E-UTRA/FDD (777.0 - 787.0 MHz) Band 14, E-UTRA/FDD (788.0 - 798.0 MHz) Band 17, E-UTRA/FDD (704.0 - 716.0 MHz) Band 18, E-UTRA/FDD (815.0 - 830.0 MHz) Band 19, E-UTRA/FDD (830.0 - 845.0 MHz) Band 20, E-UTRA/FDD (832.0 - 862.0 MHz) Band 21, E-UTRA/FDD (1447.9 - 1462.9 MHz) Band 22, E-UTRA/FDD (3410.0 - 3490.0 MHz) Band 23, E-UTRA/FDD (2000.0 - 2020.0 MHz) Band 24, E-UTRA/FDD (1626.5 - 1660.5 MHz) Band 25, E-UTRA/FDD (1850.0 - 1915.0 MHz) Band 26 E-UTRA/FDD (814.0 - 849.0 MHz) Band 27 E-UTRA/FDD (807.0 - 824.0 MHz) Band 28 E-UTRA/FDD (703.0 - 748.0 MHz) Band 30, E-UTRA/FDD (2305.0 - 2315.0 MHz) Band 65, E-UTRA/FDD (1920.0 - 2010.0 MHz) Band 66, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1790.0 MHz) Band 68, E-UTRA/FDD (698.0 - 728.0 MHz) Band 70, E-UTRA/FDD (1695.0 - 1710.0 MHz) Band 71, E-UTRA/FDD (663.0 - 698.0 MHz) Validation band (0.0 - 6000.0 MHz) |
| Frequency Band: | |
| Detailed Specification: | Modulation Scheme: SC-FDMA Number of PUSCHs: 1 Settings for Subframe #0 to #9: Modulation Scheme: QPSK Data Type: UL-SCH Number RB: 1 Transport Block Size: 256 TBS Index: 14 MCS Index: 15 Data Type: PUS |
| Bandwidth: | 10.0 MHz |
| Integration Time: | 10.0 ms |

¹ PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"
² Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).

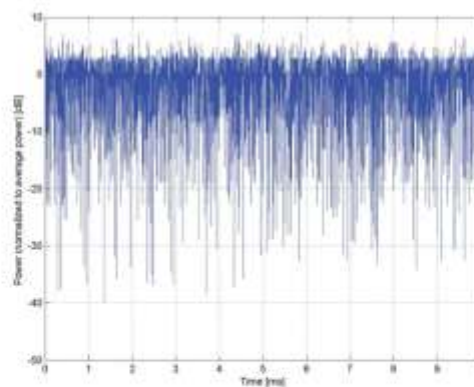
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Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)



Frequency Domain



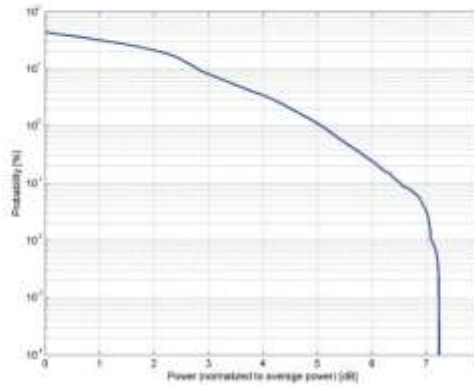
Time Domain

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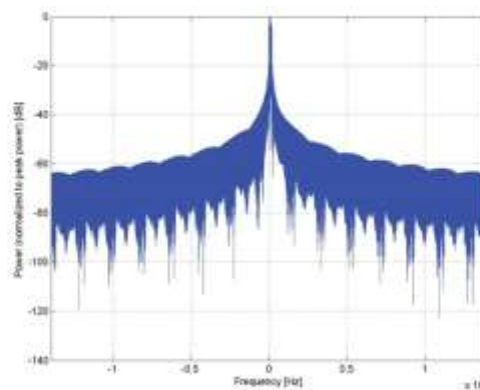
| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Name: | LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM) |
| Group: | LTE-FDD |
| UID: | 10170-CAD |
| PAR: ¹ | 6.52 dB |
| MIF: ² | -9.76 dB |
| Standard Reference: | 3GPP / ETSI TS 136.101 V8.4.0 3GPP / ETSI TS 136.213 V8.4.0 FCC OET KDB 941225 Doc SAR for LTE Devices v01 Random amplitude modulation |
| Category: | 16-QAM |
| Modulation: | Band 1, E-UTRA/FDD (1920.0 - 1980.0 MHz) Band 2, E-UTRA/FDD (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz) Band 3, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1785.0 MHz) Band 4, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1755.0 MHz) Band 7, E-UTRA/FDD (2500.0 - 2570.0 MHz) Band 9, E-UTRA/FDD (1748.9 - 1784.9 MHz) Band 10, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1770.0 MHz) Band 20, E-UTRA/FDD (832.0 - 862.0 MHz) Band 22, E-UTRA/FDD (3410.0 - 3490.0 MHz) Band 23, E-UTRA/FDD (2000.0 - 2020.0 MHz) Band 25, E-UTRA/FDD (1850.0 - 1915.0 MHz) Band 28, E-UTRA/FDD (703.0 - 748.0 MHz) Band 65, E-UTRA/FDD (1920.0 - 2010.0 MHz) Band 66, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1780.0 MHz) Band 70, E-UTRA/FDD (1695.0 - 1710.0 MHz) Band 71, E-UTRA/FDD (663.0 - 698.0 MHz) Validation band (0.0 - 6000.0 MHz) |
| Frequency Band: | |
| Detailed Specification: | Modulation Scheme: SC-FDMA Number of PUSCHs: 1 Settings for Subframe #0 to #9: Modulation Scheme: 16QAM Data Type: UL-SCH Number RB: 1 Transport Block Size: 256 TBS Index: 14 MCS Index: 15 Data Type: PUS |
| Bandwidth: | 20.0 MHz |
| Integration Time: | 10.0 ms |

¹ PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"
² Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).

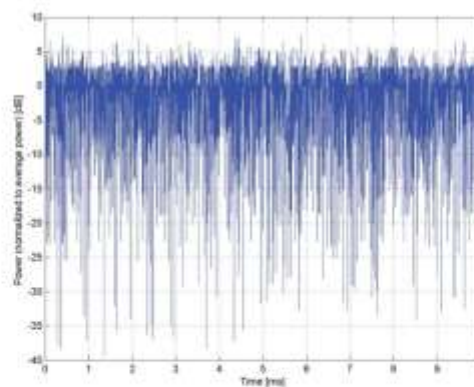
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Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)



Frequency Domain



Time Domain

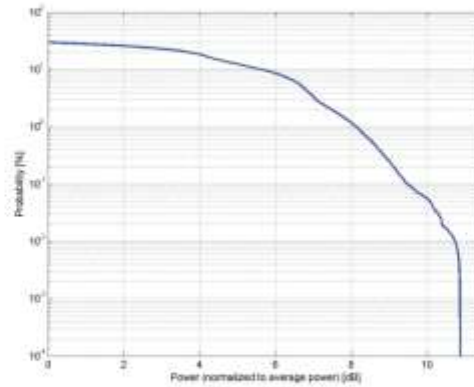


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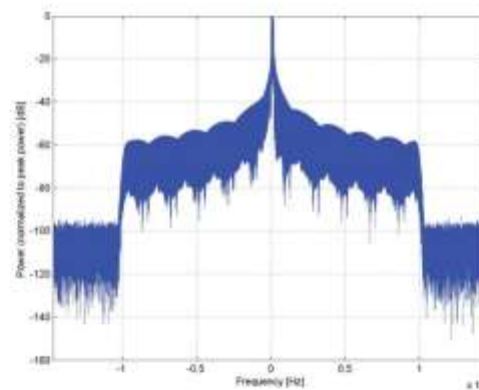
| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Name: | LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM) |
| Group: | LTE-TDD |
| UID: | 10173-CAD |
| PAR: ¹ | 9.48 dB |
| MIF: ² | -1.44 dB |
| Standard Reference: | 3GPP / ETSI TS 136.101 V8.4.0 3GPP / ETSI TS 136.213 V8.4.0 FCC OET KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02 Random amplitude modulation |
| Category: | 16-QAM |
| Modulation: | Band 33, E-UTRA/TDD (1900.0 - 1920.0 MHz) Band 35, E-UTRA/TDD (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz) Band 36, E-UTRA/TDD (1930.0 - 1990.0 MHz) Band 37, E-UTRA/TDD (1910.0 - 1930.0 MHz) Band 38, E-UTRA/TDD (2570.0 - 2620.0 MHz) Band 39, E-UTRA/TDD (1880.0 - 1920.0 MHz) Band 40, E-UTRA/TDD (2300.0 - 2400.0 MHz) Band 41, E-UTRA/TDD (2496.0 - 2690.0 MHz) Band 42, E-UTRA/TDD (3400.0 - 3600.0 MHz) Band 43, E-UTRA/TDD (3600.0 - 3800.0 MHz) Band 44, E-UTRA/TDD (703.0 - 803.0 MHz) Band 45, E-UTRA/FDD (1447.0 - 1467.0 MHz) Band 46, E-UTRA/FDD (5150.0 - 5925.0 MHz) Band 47, E-UTRA/TDD (5855.0 - 5925.0 MHz) Band 48, E-UTRA/TDD (3550.0 - 3700.0 MHz) Validation band (0.0 - 6000.0 MHz) |
| Frequency Band: | |
| Detailed Specification: | Modulation Scheme: SC-FDMA Uplink-downlink configuration: 1 Special Subframe configuration: 4 Number of Frames: 1 Settings for UL Subframe 2,3,7,8: Number of PUSCHs: 1 Modulation Scheme: 16QAM Allocated RB: 1 Start Number of RB: 50 Data Type: PN9tx Bandwidth: 20.0 MHz Integration Time: 5.0 ms |

¹ PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"
² Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).

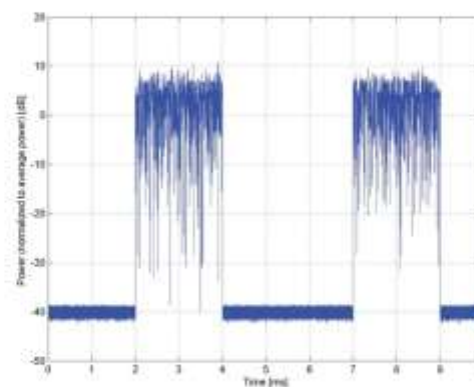
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Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)



Frequency Domain



Time Domain

ANNEX F: Accreditation Certificate*****END OF REPORT*****