



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Shenzhen CO-ME Technology Co., Ltd.

Room 201, A block, #1 1st Qian Wan Road, Qianhai Shenzhen and Hong Kong cooperation district, Shen Zhen China

FCC ID: 2AVVZ-MSA01

Report Type: **Product Type:** Original Report Mobile Assistant **Report Number:** RSZ200120813-SAB **Report Date:** 2020-04-15 Sivin Muany Alvin Huang Reviewed By: Lab Manager Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) Prepared By: 6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008 www.baclcorp.com.cn

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Attestation of Test Results						
	EUT Description	Mobile Assistant				
	Tested Model	MSA 01				
EUT Information	EUT FCC ID 2AVVZ-MSA01					
	Serial Number	r RSZ200120813-SA-S1				
	Test Date	2020-03-27 to 2020-03-28				
MOI	DE	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg) Limit				
LTE Band 2	1g Face up SAR	0.09				
LTE Band 4	1g Face up SAR	0.05	1.6			
LTE Band 12	1g Face up SAR	0.05				
LTE Band 2	10g Handheld SAR	1.76				
LTE Band 4	10g Handheld SAR	0.75	4.0			
LTE Band 12	10g Handheld SAR	0.19				

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices
Applicable Standards	IEEE 1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques IEC 62209-2:2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)
	KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in **FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093** and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

SAR Evaluation Report 2 of 47

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY	4
EUT DESCRIPTION	5
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	5
REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES	6
SAR LIMITS	7
FACILITIES	8
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM	9
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION	
EQUIPMENTS LIST & CALIBRATION INFORMATION	15
SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION	16
LIQUID VERIFICATION	
SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATION	
SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA	
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY	22
TEST POSITIONS FOR DEVICE OPERATING NEXT TO A PERSON'S EAR	
CHEEK/TOUCH POSITION	
EAR/TILT POSITIONTEST POSITIONS FOR BODY-WORN AND OTHER CONFIGURATIONS	
TEST POSITIONS FOR BODY-WORN AND OTHER CONFIGURATIONS TEST DISTANCE FOR SAR EVALUATION	
SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURE	
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT	26
Provision Applicable	26
TEST PROCEDURE	
RADIO CONFIGURATION	
MAXIMUM TARGET OUTPUT POWERTEST RESULTS:	
STANDALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATIONS	
Antenna Distance To Edge	
SAR TEST EXCLUSION FOR THE EUT EDGE CONSIDERATIONS RESULT	
SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS	
SAR TEST DATA	
SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY	42
SAR PLOTS	43
APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	44
APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS	46
APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	47

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RSZ200120813-SAB	Original Report	2020-04-15	

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

SAR Evaluation Report 4 of 47

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of *Shenzhen CO-ME Technology Co., Ltd.* and their product *Mobile Assistant*, Model: *MSA 01*, FCC ID: *2AVVZ-MSA01* or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: RSZ200120813-SA-S1`(Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2020-01-25

Technical Specification

Device Type:	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
DTM Type:	Class B
Proximity sensor for SAR reduction:	None
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Operation Mode :	FDD-LTE
Frequency Band:	LTE Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) LTE Band 4: 1710-1755 MHz(TX) ; 2110-2155 MHz(RX) LTE Band 12: 699-716 MHz(TX); 729-746 MHz(RX)
Conducted RF Power:	LTE Band 2: 23.94 dBm LTE Band 4: 23.24 dBm LTE Band 12: 23.93 dBm
Power Source:	Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Face Up and Handheld

SAR Evaluation Report 5 of 47

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Evaluation Report 6 of 47

SAR Limits

FCC Limit

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

CE Limit

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population /	(Occupational /			
EXI OSCRE ENTIS	Uncontrolled Exposure	Controlled Exposure			
	Environment)	Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2~W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

SAR Evaluation Report 7 of 47

FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

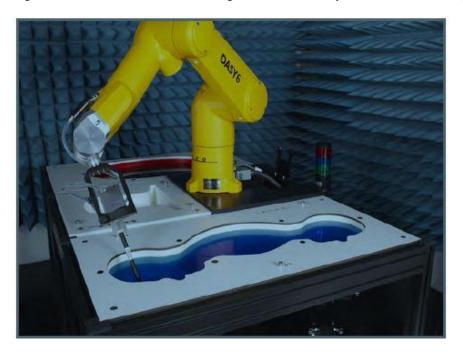
The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 342867, the FCC Designation No.: CN1221.

The test site has been registered with ISED Canada under ISED Canada Registration Number 3062B.

SAR Evaluation Report 8 of 47

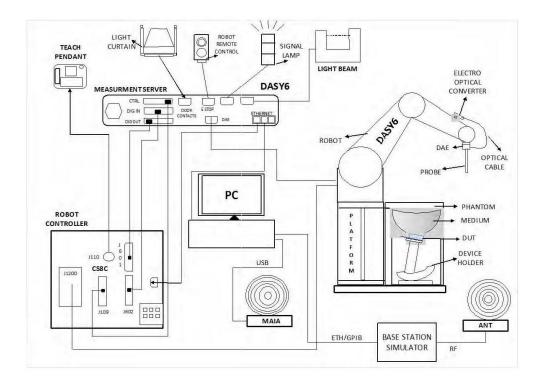
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY6 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



DASY6 System Description

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



SAR Evaluation Report 9 of 47

- Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB
- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY6 Measurement Server

The DASY6 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400 MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128 MB chip-disk and 128 MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16-bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY6 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluations of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements, and handles safety operations. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time-critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program- controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port, which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Connection of devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

SAR Evaluation Report 10 of 47

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 $\mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu W/g$)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

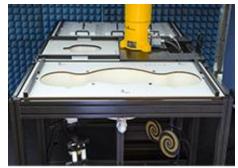
SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom (shown in front of DASY6) is a fiberglass shell phantom with shell thickness 2 mm, except in the ear region where the thickness is increased to 6 mm. The phantom has three measurement areas: 1) Left Head, 2) Right Head, and 3) Flat Section. For larger devices, the use of the ELI-Phantom (shown behind DASY6) is required. For devices such as glasses with a wireless link, the Face Down Phantom is the most suitable (between the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms).

When the phantom is mounted inside allocated slot of the DASY6 platform, phantom reference points can be taught directly in the DASY5 V5.2 software. When the DASY6 platform is used to mount the

Phantom, some of the phantom teaching points cannot be reached by the robot in DASY5 V5.2. A special tool called P1a-P2aX-Former is provided to transform two of the three points, P1 and P2, to reachable locations. To use these new teaching points, a revised phantom configuration file is required.

In addition to our standard broadband liquids, the phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:



Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB



Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.

DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).

Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom. Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to fill the SAM Twin phantom.

SAR Evaluation Report 11 of 47

ELI Phantom

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and the use of all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized for performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover is provided to prevent evaporation of water and changes in liquid parameters. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom.
 Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.
- DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom.

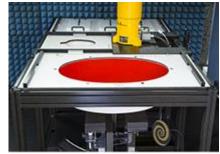
Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to _fill the ELI phantom.



The DASY6 system uses the high-precision industrial robots TX60L, TX90XL, and RX160L from St aubli SA (France). The TX robot family - the successor of the well-known RX robot family - continues to offer the features important for DASY6 applications:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is provided



Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB



SAR Evaluation Report

Calibration Frequency Points for EX3DV4 E-Field Probes SN: 7441 Calibrated: 2020/02/08

Calibration Frequency	Frequency	Range(MHz)	Conversion Factor			
Point(MHz)	From	То	Х	Υ	Z	
750 Head	650	850	10.33	10.33	10.33	
900 Head	850	1000	9.74	9.74	9.74	
1750 Head	1650	1850	8.36	8.36	8.36	
1900 Head	1850	2000	8.05	8.05	8.05	
2300 Head	2200	2400	7.89	7.89	7.89	
2450 Head	2400	2550	7.66	7.66	7.66	
2600 Head	2550	2700	7.35	7.35	7.35	

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m^3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10 mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube is 21.5 mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

SAR Evaluation Report 13 of 47

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1:2016

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Table A.3 - Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

Frequency	Relative permittivity	Conductivity (a)
MHz	$arepsilon_{ m r}$	S/m
300	45,3	0,87
450	43,5	0,87
750	41,9	0,89
835	41,5	0,90
900	41,5	0,97
1 450	40,5	1,20
1 500	40,4	1,23
1 640	40,2	1,31
1 750	40,1	1,37
1 800	40,0	1,40
1 900	40,0	1,40
2 000	40,0	1,40
2 100	39,8	1,49
2 300	39,5	1,67
2 450	39,2	1,80
2 600	39,0	1,96
3 000	38,5	2,40
3 500	37,9	2,91
4 000	37,4	3,43
4 500	36,8	3,94
5 000	36,2	4,45
5 200	36,0	4,66
5 400	35,8	4,86
5 600	35,5	5,07
5 800	35,3	5,27
6 000	35,1	5,48

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown *in italics*). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.

SAR Evaluation Report 14 of 47

EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

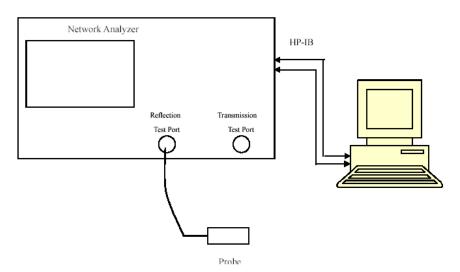
Equipment Mode		S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52 52.10.2	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY6 Measurement Server	DASY6 6.0.31	N/A	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1562	2020/03/10	2021/03/09
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7441	2020/02/08	2021/02/07
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	NCR	NCR
SAM Twin Phantom	SAM-Twin V8.0	1962	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 750MHz	D750V3	1194	2020/01/13	2023/01/12
Dipole, 1800MHz	D1800V2	2d018	2017/10/11	2020/10/10
Dipole, 1900MHz	D1900V2	5d231	2020/01/14	2023/01/13
Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	HBBL600-10000V6	180622-2	Each Time	
Network Analyzer	8753D	3410A08288	2019/7/22	2020/7/21
Dielectric Assessment Kit	DAK-3.5	1248	NCR	NCR
Anritsu Signal Generator	68369B	4114	2019/7/9	2020/7/8
Power Meter	E4419B	GB39511341	2019/06/23	2020/06/22
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	71377	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	4242-10	3307	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	3dB	5402	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	10dB	AU 3842	NCR	NCR
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMW500	1201.002K50-146520-wh	2019/08/13	2020/08/12

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

SAR Evaluation Report 15 of 47

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	- · I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		Q	ε _r	Q	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ	(%)
		$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	(S/m)	o _I	(S/m)	v _I	10	
704	Simulated Tissue Liquid Body	42.247	0.873	42.15	0.89	0.23	-1.91	±5
707.5	Simulated Tissue Liquid Body	42.097	0.886	42.13	0.89	-0.08	-0.45	±5
711	Simulated Tissue Liquid Body	42.089	0.9	42.11	0.89	-0.05	1.12	±5
750	Simulated Tissue Liquid Body	42.043	0.861	41.9	0.89	0.34	-3.26	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020/03/27

Frequency	Liquid Tuno	Liquid Parameter		Target	Target Value		lta 6)	Tolerance	
(MHz)	Liquid Type	ε _r	Q	€ _r	Q	$\Delta arepsilon_{ m r}$	ΔO	(%)	
			(S/m)	(S/m)		-1			
1720	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.98	1.379	40.13	1.35	2.12	2.15	±5	
1732.5	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.722	1.413	40.12	1.36	1.5	3.9	±5	
1745	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.347	1.424	40.1	1.37	0.62	3.94	±5	
1800	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.866	1.428	40	1.4	-0.34	2	±5	

^{*}Liquid Verification above was performed on 2020/03/28

SAR Evaluation Report 16 of 47

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔO	(%)
1860	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.962	1.421	40.0	1.40	2.41	1.5	±5
1880	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.647	1.423	40.0	1.40	1.62	1.64	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.001	1.439	40.0	1.40	0	2.79	±5

 $[*]Liquid\ Verification\ above\ was\ performed\ on\ 2020/03/28$

SAR Evaluation Report 17 of 47

System Accuracy Verification

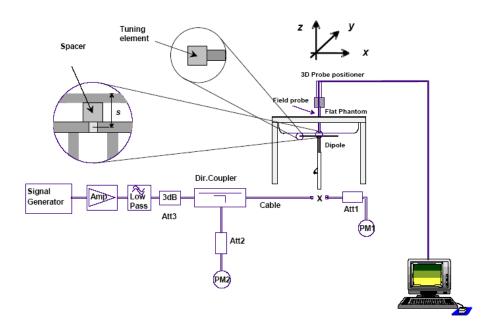
Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- a) $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm for } 300 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1000 \text{ MHz};$
- b) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm} \text{ for } 1000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 3000 \text{ MHz};$
- c) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for 3 000 MHz $< f \le 6$ 000 MHz.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band (MHz)	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	S	asured SAR V/kg)	Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2020/03/27	750	Head	100	10g	0.584	5.84	5.62	3.915	±10
2020/03/27	750	Head	100	1g	0.849	8.49	8.55	-0.702	±10
2020/03/28	1800	Head	100	10g	2.11	21.1	20.2	4.455	±10
2020/03/28	1800	Head	100	1g	3.76	37.6	38.5	-2.338	±10
2020/03/28	1900	Head	100	10g	2.15	21.5	20.9	2.871	±10
2020/03/28	1900	Head	100	1g	4.14	41.4	40.3	2.730	±10

^{*}The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR Evaluation Report 18 of 47

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

System Performance 750 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1194

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.861$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.043$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7441; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33) @ 750 MHz;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1562; Calibrated: 2020/03/10

Phantom: SAM-Twin V8.0 P1aP2a; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1962

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Head 750MHz Pin=100mW/Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.978 W/kg

Head 750MHz Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

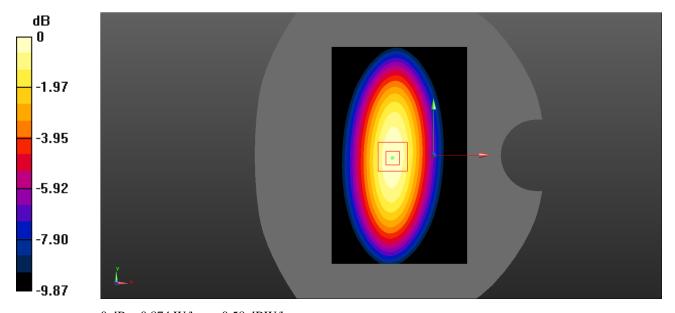
Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

Reference Value = 34.31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.849 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.584 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.874 W/kg



0 dB = 0.874 W/kg = -0.58 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 19 of 47

System Performance 1800 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; **Serial:** 2d018

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.428$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.866$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7441; ConvF(8.36, 8.36, 8.36) @ 1800 MHz;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1562; Calibrated: 2020/03/10

Phantom: SAM-Twin V8.0 P1aP2a; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1962

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Configuration/Head 1800MHz Pin=100mW/Area Scan (81x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.74 W/kg

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

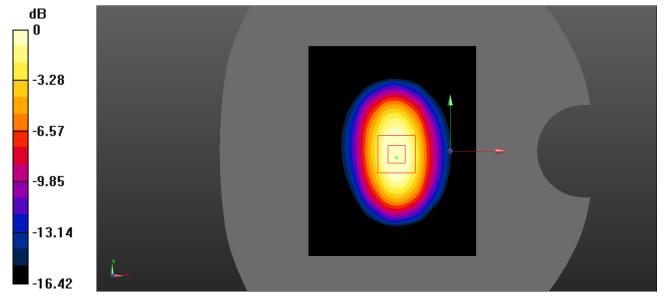
Configuration/Head 1800MHz Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.84 W/kg



0 dB = 3.84 W/kg = 5.84 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 20 of 47

System Performance 1900 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 1900MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Serial: 210-00710

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.439 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.001$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7441; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05) @ 1900 MHz;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1562; Calibrated: 2020/03/10

Phantom: SAM-Twin V8.0 P1aP2a; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1962

• DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head 1900MHz Pin=100mW/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.84 W/kg

Head 1900MHz Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

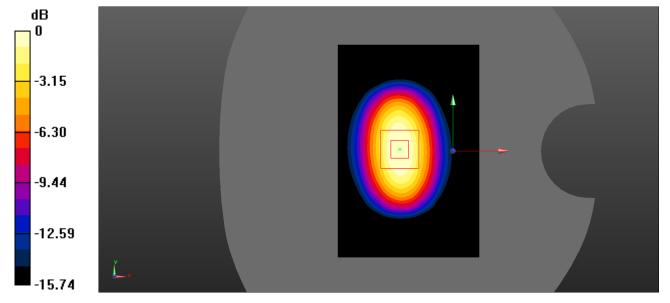
Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

Reference Value = 53.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.01W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.20 W/kg



0 dB = 4.20 W/kg = 6.23 dBW/kg

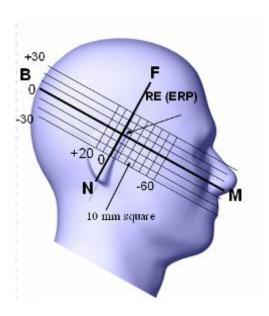
SAR Evaluation Report 21 of 47

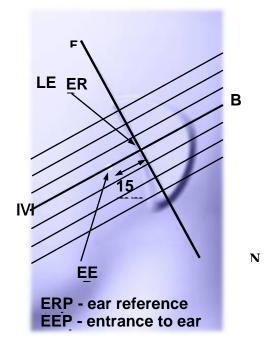
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

SAR Evaluation Report 22 of 47

Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

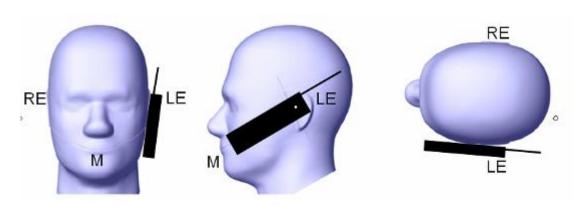
When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek / Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

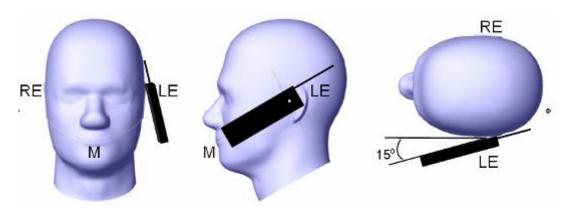
- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

SAR Evaluation Report 23 of 47

Ear /Tilt 15° Position

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

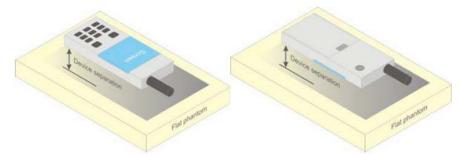


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

Test Distance for SAR Evaluation

For this case the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set 0mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 0mm.

SAR Evaluation Report 24 of 47

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of $30 \text{ mm} \times 30 \text{ mm} \times 30 \text{ mm}$ was assessed by measuring $7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 100$ points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

SAR Evaluation Report 25 of 47

CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

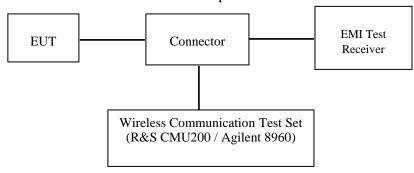
Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through Connector.

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB



LTE

Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set.

FDD-LTE

For UE Power Class 1 and 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1 and 3

Modulation	Cha	nnel bandw	idth / Tra	nsmission	bandwidth (N _{RB})	MPR (dB)
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20	
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤2

For UE Power Class 1 and 3 the specific requirements and identified sub clauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 to 6.2.4-15 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in sub clause 6.2.3.

SAR Evaluation Report 26 of 47

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N _{RB})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	N/A
			3	>5	≤1
		2, 4,10, 23, 25,	5	>6	≤1
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4, 10, 23, 25, 35, 36	10	>6	≤1
		33, 30	15	>8	≤1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
_			10, 15, 20		6.2.4-4
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table	6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40 > 55	≤ 1 ≤ 2
NS 10		20	15, 20	Table	6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table	6.2.4-5
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table	6.2.4-6
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5	Table	6.2.4-7
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15	Table	6.2.4-8
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15		6.2.4-9 6.2.4-10
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10		Table 6.2.4-12, 6.2.4-13
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_18	6.6.3.3.11	28	5 10, 15, 20	≥2 ≥1	≤ 1 ≤ 4
NS_19	6.6.3.3.12	44	10, 15, 20		5.2.4-14
NS_20	6.2.2 6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.2	23	5, 10, 15, 20		6.2.4-15
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

SAR Evaluation Report 27 of 47

Maximum Target Output Power

	Max Target P	ower(dBm)	
Mada/Dand		Channel	
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High
LTE Band 2	24.1	24.1	24.1
LTE Band 4	23.5	23.5	23.5
LTE Band 12	24.1	24.1	24.1

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

SAR Evaluation Report 28 of 47

Test Results:

LTE Band 2:

					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size&	Target	Meas	Low	Mid	High
(MHz)	Modulation	Resource Block Offset	MPR	MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					1850.7MHz	1880MHz	1909.3MHz
		RB1#0	0	0	23.94	22.89	22.49
		RB1#3	0	0	23.68	23.14	22.79
	QPSK	RB1#5	0	0	23.48	22.87	22.51
	Qrsk	RB3#0	1	1	23.48	22.98	22.56
		RB3#3	1	1	23.60	22.97	22.62
1.4		RB6#0	1	1	22.53	22.07	21.68
1.4		RB1#0	1	1	22.43	22.13	21.65
		RB1#3	1	1	22.69	22.24	21.86
	16QAM	RB1#5	1	1	22.32	22.11	21.60
	IOQAM	RB3#0	2	2	22.79	22.10	21.84
		RB3#3	2	2	22.71	22.14	21.89
		RB6#0	2	2	21.65	21.14	20.65
					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size&	Target	Meas	Low	Mid	High
(MHz)	Wiodulation	Resource Block Offset	MPR	MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					1851.5MHz	1880MHz	1908.5MHz
		RB1#0	0	0	23.47	22.94	22.66
	<u> </u>	RB1#8	0	0	23.35	22.84	22.47
	QPSK	RB1#14	0	0	23.38	22.91	22.45
	Qrsk	RB6#0	1	1	22.43	21.93	21.62
		RB6#9	1	1	22.28	21.82	21.57
	-	TEDONY	1	-			
3	-	RB15#0	1	1	22.40	22.05	21.72
3							21.72 21.74
3		RB15#0	1	1	22.40	22.05	
3	160AM	RB15#0 RB1#0	1 1	1	22.40 22.95	22.05 22.25	21.74
3	16QAM	RB15#0 RB1#0 RB1#8	1 1 1	1 1 1	22.40 22.95 22.95	22.05 22.25 22.22	21.74 21.65
3	16QAM	RB15#0 RB1#0 RB1#8 RB1#14	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	22.40 22.95 22.95 22.86	22.05 22.25 22.22 21.99	21.74 21.65 21.56

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

SAR Evaluation Report 29 of 47

					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
BW (MHz)	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1852.5MHz	1880MHz	1907.5MHz
		RB1#0	0	0	23.28	22.75	22.38
	[RB1#13	0	0	23.43	22.98	22.63
İ	ODCK	RB1#24	0	0	23.24	22.81	22.46
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	22.44	22.06	21.71
	[RB15#10	1	1	22.48	22.04	21.68
5		RB25#0	1	1	22.35	21.97	21.73
) 		RB1#0	1	1	22.22	22.35	21.57
		RB1#13	1	1	22.37	22.45	21.80
	16QAM	RB1#24	1	1	22.09	22.22	21.63
	IOQAM	RB15#0	2	2	21.54	21.00	20.76
		RB15#10	2	2	21.65	21.07	20.82
	[RB25#0	2	2	21.53	21.02	20.63
					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
T. T. T.		Resource Block Size&	Target	Meas	Low	Mid	High
BW (MHz)	Modulation	Resource Block Offset	MPR	MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
	Modulation						
	Modulation				Channel	Channel	Channel
	Modulation	Resource Block Offset	MPR	MPR	Channel 1855MHz	Channel 1880MHz	Channel 1905MHz
	-	Resource Block Offset RB1#0	MPR 0	MPR 0	Channel 1855MHz 23.36	Channel 1880MHz 22.91	Channel 1905MHz 22.63
	Modulation QPSK	Resource Block Offset RB1#0 RB1#25	0 0	0 0	Channel 1855MHz 23.36 23.55	Channel 1880MHz 22.91 22.98	Channel 1905MHz 22.63 22.70
	-	RB1#0 RB1#25 RB1#49	0 0 0	0 0 0	Channel 1855MHz 23.36 23.55 23.31	Channel 1880MHz 22.91 22.98 22.80	Channel 1905MHz 22.63 22.70 22.42
(MHz)	-	RB1#0 RB1#25 RB1#49 RB25#0	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	Channel 1855MHz 23.36 23.55 23.31 22.36	Channel 1880MHz 22.91 22.98 22.80 22.16	Channel 1905MHz 22.63 22.70 22.42 21.72
	-	RB1#0 RB1#25 RB1#49 RB25#0 RB25#25	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 1	Channel 1855MHz 23.36 23.55 23.31 22.36 22.35	Channel 1880MHz 22.91 22.98 22.80 22.16 21.94	Channel 1905MHz 22.63 22.70 22.42 21.72 21.66
(MHz)	-	RB1#0 RB1#25 RB1#49 RB25#0 RB25#25 RB50#0	0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1	Channel 1855MHz 23.36 23.55 23.31 22.36 22.35 22.33	Channel 1880MHz 22.91 22.98 22.80 22.16 21.94 22.08	Channel 1905MHz 22.63 22.70 22.42 21.72 21.66 21.71
(MHz)	QPSK -	RB1#0 RB1#25 RB1#49 RB25#0 RB25#25 RB50#0 RB1#0	0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1	Channel 1855MHz 23.36 23.55 23.31 22.36 22.35 22.33 22.99	Channel 1880MHz 22.91 22.98 22.80 22.16 21.94 22.08 22.24	Channel 1905MHz 22.63 22.70 22.42 21.72 21.66 21.71 21.69
(MHz)	-	RB1#0 RB1#25 RB1#49 RB25#0 RB25#25 RB50#0 RB1#0 RB1#25	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Channel 1855MHz 23.36 23.55 23.31 22.36 22.35 22.33 22.99 23.15	Channel 1880MHz 22.91 22.98 22.80 22.16 21.94 22.08 22.24 22.22	Channel 1905MHz 22.63 22.70 22.42 21.72 21.66 21.71 21.69 21.79
(MHz)	QPSK -	RB1#0 RB1#25 RB1#49 RB25#0 RB25#25 RB50#0 RB1#0 RB1#0 RB1#0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	Channel 1855MHz 23.36 23.55 23.31 22.36 22.35 22.33 22.99 23.15 22.88	Channel 1880MHz 22.91 22.98 22.80 22.16 21.94 22.08 22.24 22.22 22.03	Channel 1905MHz 22.63 22.70 22.42 21.72 21.66 21.71 21.69 21.79 21.56

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

SAR Evaluation Report 30 of 47

					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
BW (MHz)	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1857.5MHz	1880MHz	1902.5MHz
		RB1#0	0	0	23.35	22.96	22.68
		RB1#38	0	0	23.35	22.83	22.60
	ODGIV	RB1#74	0	0	23.05	22.74	22.46
	QPSK -	RB36#0	1	1	22.52	22.07	21.83
		RB36#39	1	1	22.43	21.96	21.71
15		RB75#0	1	1	22.40	22.01	21.82
15		RB1#0	1	1	22.95	22.20	22.26
ı		RB1#38	1	1	22.85	22.19	22.20
	160AM	RB1#74	1	1	22.77	22.00	21.97
	16QAM	RB36#0	2	2	21.61	21.09	20.82
		RB36#39	2	2	21.48	20.93	20.71
		RB75#0	2	2	21.57	21.02	20.71
					Λvo	Tx Power (d)	Rm)
					AVC	IXIOWCI (u.	D111)
BW (MHz)	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
	Modulation				Low	Mid	High
	Modulation				Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
	Modulation	Resource Block Offset	MPR	MPR	Low Channel 1860MHz	Mid Channel 1880MHz	High Channel 1900MHz
	-	Resource Block Offset RB1#0	MPR 0	MPR 0	Low Channel 1860MHz 23.30	Mid Channel 1880MHz 22.94	High Channel 1900MHz 22.45
	Modulation QPSK	RB1#0 RB1#50	0 0	0 0	Low Channel 1860MHz 23.30 23.45	Mid Channel 1880MHz 22.94 23.06	High Channel 1900MHz 22.45 22.70
	-	RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#99	0 0 0	0 0 0	Low Channel 1860MHz 23.30 23.45 22.85	Mid Channel 1880MHz 22.94 23.06 22.55	High Channel 1900MHz 22.45 22.70 22.13
(MHz)	-	RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#99 RB50#0	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	Low Channel 1860MHz 23.30 23.45 22.85 22.31	Mid Channel 1880MHz 22.94 23.06 22.55 22.19	High Channel 1900MHz 22.45 22.70 22.13 21.73
	-	RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#99 RB50#0 RB50#50	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 1	Low Channel 1860MHz 23.30 23.45 22.85 22.31 22.27	Mid Channel 1880MHz 22.94 23.06 22.55 22.19 21.96	High Channel 1900MHz 22.45 22.70 22.13 21.73 21.63
(MHz)		RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#99 RB50#0 RB50#50 RB100#0	0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1	Low Channel 1860MHz 23.30 23.45 22.85 22.31 22.27 22.28	Mid Channel 1880MHz 22.94 23.06 22.55 22.19 21.96 22.06	High Channel 1900MHz 22.45 22.70 22.13 21.73 21.63 21.62
(MHz)	QPSK -	RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#99 RB50#0 RB50#50 RB100#0 RB1#0	0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1	Low Channel 1860MHz 23.30 23.45 22.85 22.31 22.27 22.28 22.47	Mid Channel 1880MHz 22.94 23.06 22.55 22.19 21.96 22.06 22.11	High Channel 1900MHz 22.45 22.70 22.13 21.73 21.63 21.62 22.09
(MHz)		RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#99 RB50#0 RB50#50 RB100#0 RB1#0 RB1#50	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 1860MHz 23.30 23.45 22.85 22.31 22.27 22.28 22.47 22.76	Mid Channel 1880MHz 22.94 23.06 22.55 22.19 21.96 22.06 22.11 22.41	High Channel 1900MHz 22.45 22.70 22.13 21.73 21.63 21.62 22.09 22.33
(MHz)	QPSK -	RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#50 RB1#99 RB50#0 RB50#50 RB100#0 RB1#0 RB1#0 RB1#99	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 1860MHz 23.30 23.45 22.85 22.31 22.27 22.28 22.47 22.76 22.23	Mid Channel 1880MHz 22.94 23.06 22.55 22.19 21.96 22.06 22.11 22.41 21.84	High Channel 1900MHz 22.45 22.70 22.13 21.73 21.63 21.62 22.09 22.33 21.87

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

SAR Evaluation Report 31 of 47

LTE Band 4:

					Ave	Tx Power (dl	Bm)
BW (MHz)	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1710.7MHz	1732.5MHz	1754.3MHz
		RB1#0	0	0	22.31	22.24	22.78
		RB1#3	0	0	22.48	22.56	22.84
	QPSK	RB1#5	0	0	22.37	22.33	22.63
	QPSK	RB3#0	1	1	22.27	22.37	22.42
		RB3#3	1	1	22.29	22.31	22.49
1.4		RB6#0	1	1	21.30	21.40	21.62
1.4		RB1#0	1	1	21.04	21.39	21.34
		RB1#3	1	1	21.32	21.58	21.59
	160 4 14	RB1#5	1	1	21.10	21.35	21.67
	16QAM	RB3#0	2	2	21.48	21.30	21.64
	TOQAW	RB3#3	2	2	21.34	21.40	21.66
		RB6#0	2	2	20.23	20.47	20.70
					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
BW (MHz)	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1711.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1753.5MHz
		RB1#0	0	0	22.88	22.67	23.12
		RB1#8	0	0	22.46	22.72	23.12
	ODGIZ	RB1#14	0	0	22.35	22.75	22.87
	QPSK -	RB6#0	1	1	21.53	21.63	21.99
	QPSK						
		RB6#9	1	1	21.36	21.71	22.12
2		RB6#9 RB15#0	1 1	1	21.36 21.47	21.71 21.84	22.12 21.85
3			_				
3		RB15#0	1	1	21.47	21.84	21.85
3	Icony	RB15#0 RB1#0	1 1	1	21.47 21.89	21.84 21.80	21.85 21.87
3	16QAM	RB15#0 RB1#0 RB1#8	1 1 1	1 1 1	21.47 21.89 21.75	21.84 21.80 21.84	21.85 21.87 22.05
3	16QAM	RB15#0 RB1#0 RB1#8 RB1#14	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	21.47 21.89 21.75 21.76	21.84 21.80 21.84 21.74	21.85 21.87 22.05 21.90

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

SAR Evaluation Report 32 of 47

					Ave	Tx Power (dl	Bm)
BW (MHz)	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
(11222)		21000 11 00 210 011 0 11000	112222	1,11	1712.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1752.5MHz
		RB1#0	0	0	22.80	22.66	22.88
		RB1#13	0	0	22.89	22.69	23.04
	ODGK	RB1#24	0	0	22.65	22.76	22.97
	QPSK -	RB15#0	1	1	21.73	21.71	22.04
		RB15#10	1	1	21.82	21.83	22.00
_		RB25#0	1	1	21.72	21.81	22.06
5		RB1#0	1	1	21.38	22.02	22.00
		RB1#13	1	1	21.49	22.06	22.13
	160AM	RB1#24	1	1	21.35	21.93	21.92
	16QAM	RB15#0	2	2	20.74	20.64	21.05
		RB15#10	2	2	20.76	20.81	21.03
		RB25#0	2	2	20.69	20.67	20.96
					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
BW (MHz)	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
(MITZ)		Resource block Offset	MIPK	MIPK	1715MHz	1732.5MHz	1750MHz
		RB1#0	0	0	22.84	22.74	22.85
			U	U	44.04	44.74	22.03
		RR1#25	0	0			
	-	RB1#25	0	0	22.90	22.81	23.24
	QPSK -	RB1#49	0	0	22.90 22.81	22.81 22.70	23.24 23.12
	QPSK -	RB1#49 RB25#0	0	0	22.90 22.81 21.80	22.81 22.70 21.83	23.24 23.12 22.02
	QPSK -	RB1#49 RB25#0 RB25#25	0 1 1	0 1 1	22.90 22.81 21.80 21.65	22.81 22.70 21.83 21.89	23.24 23.12 22.02 21.99
10	QPSK	RB1#49 RB25#0 RB25#25 RB50#0	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 1 1	22.90 22.81 21.80 21.65 21.76	22.81 22.70 21.83 21.89 21.84	23.24 23.12 22.02 21.99 22.01
10	QPSK -	RB1#49 RB25#0 RB25#25 RB50#0 RB1#0	0 1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1 1	22.90 22.81 21.80 21.65 21.76 22.19	22.81 22.70 21.83 21.89 21.84 21.86	23.24 23.12 22.02 21.99 22.01 21.94
10		RB1#49 RB25#0 RB25#25 RB50#0 RB1#0 RB1#25	0 1 1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1 1	22.90 22.81 21.80 21.65 21.76 22.19 22.25	22.81 22.70 21.83 21.89 21.84 21.86 22.13	23.24 23.12 22.02 21.99 22.01 21.94 22.09
10	QPSK -	RB1#49 RB25#0 RB25#25 RB50#0 RB1#0 RB1#25 RB1#49	0 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1 1 1	22.90 22.81 21.80 21.65 21.76 22.19 22.25 22.13	22.81 22.70 21.83 21.89 21.84 21.86 22.13 21.98	23.24 23.12 22.02 21.99 22.01 21.94 22.09 21.93
10		RB1#49 RB25#0 RB25#25 RB50#0 RB1#0 RB1#25	0 1 1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1 1	22.90 22.81 21.80 21.65 21.76 22.19 22.25	22.81 22.70 21.83 21.89 21.84 21.86 22.13	23.24 23.12 22.02 21.99 22.01 21.94 22.09

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

SAR Evaluation Report 33 of 47

					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target	Meas	Low	Mid	High
(MHz)		Resource Block Offset	MPR	MPR	Channel 1717.5MHz	Channel 1732.5MHz	Channel 1747.5MHz
		RB1#0	0	0	22.83	22.69	22.73
		RB1#38	0	0	22.73	22.80	23.06
		RB1#74	0	0	22.70	22.66	23.09
	QPSK	RB36#0	1	1	21.90	21.91	21.96
	 	RB36#39	1	1	21.85	22.05	22.25
		RB75#0	1	1	21.97	22.04	22.25
15		RB1#0	1	1	22.08	21.79	22.14
		RB1#38	1	1	22.02	21.77	22.21
		RB1#74	1	1	22.16	21.85	22.16
	16QAM	RB36#0	2	2	20.78	20.83	20.99
		RB36#39	2	2	20.82	20.86	21.02
		RB75#0	2	2	20.84	20.92	20.95
					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size&	Target	Meas	Low	Mid	High
BW (MHz)	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
	Modulation	Resource Block Offset			Low Channel 1720MHz	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz	High Channel 1745MHz
	Modulation				Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
	Modulation	Resource Block Offset	MPR	MPR	Low Channel 1720MHz	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz	High Channel 1745MHz
		Resource Block Offset RB1#0	MPR 0	MPR 0	Low Channel 1720MHz 22.62	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 22.35	High Channel 1745MHz 22.28
	Modulation QPSK	Resource Block Offset RB1#0 RB1#50	0 0	0 0	Low Channel 1720MHz 22.62 22.99	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 22.35 22.51	High Channel 1745MHz 22.28 22.70
		RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#99	0 0 0	0 0 0	Low Channel 1720MHz 22.62 22.99 22.29	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 22.35 22.51 22.25	High Channel 1745MHz 22.28 22.70 22.61
(MHz)		RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#99 RB50#0	MPR 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	Low Channel 1720MHz 22.62 22.99 22.29 21.27	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 22.35 22.51 22.25 21.52	High Channel 1745MHz 22.28 22.70 22.61 21.62
		RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#99 RB50#0 RB50#50	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 1	Low Channel 1720MHz 22.62 22.99 22.29 21.27 21.38	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 22.35 22.51 22.25 21.52 21.61	High Channel 1745MHz 22.28 22.70 22.61 21.62 21.73
(MHz)		RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#99 RB50#0 RB50#50 RB100#0	0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1	Low Channel 1720MHz 22.62 22.99 22.29 21.27 21.38 21.39	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 22.35 22.51 22.25 21.52 21.61 21.58	High Channel 1745MHz 22.28 22.70 22.61 21.62 21.73 21.64
(MHz)	QPSK -	RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#99 RB50#0 RB50#50 RB100#0 RB1#0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1	Low Channel 1720MHz 22.62 22.99 22.29 21.27 21.38 21.39 21.29	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 22.35 22.51 22.25 21.52 21.61 21.58 21.72	High Channel 1745MHz 22.28 22.70 22.61 21.62 21.73 21.64 21.63
(MHz)		RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#99 RB50#0 RB50#50 RB100#0 RB1#0 RB1#50	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 1720MHz 22.62 22.99 22.29 21.27 21.38 21.39 21.29 21.72	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 22.35 22.51 22.25 21.52 21.61 21.58 21.72 22.24	High Channel 1745MHz 22.28 22.70 22.61 21.62 21.73 21.64 21.63 21.97
(MHz)	QPSK -	RB1#0 RB1#50 RB1#99 RB50#0 RB50#50 RB100#0 RB1#0 RB1#0 RB1#99	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 1720MHz 22.62 22.99 22.29 21.27 21.38 21.39 21.29 21.72 21.49	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 22.35 22.51 22.25 21.52 21.61 21.58 21.72 22.24 21.83	High Channel 1745MHz 22.28 22.70 22.61 21.62 21.73 21.64 21.63 21.97 21.70

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

SAR Evaluation Report 34 of 47

LTE Band 12:

					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
		210000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,122.20	1,122.21	699.7MHz	707.5MHz	715.3MHz
		RB1#0	0	0	23.72	23.61	23.65
		RB1#3	0	0	23.83	23.69	23.93
	ODGK	RB1#5	0	0	23.80	23.56	23.61
	QPSK	RB3#0	1	1	23.39	23.58	23.39
		RB3#3	1	1	23.51	23.45	23.38
1.4M		RB6#0	1	1	22.85	22.75	22.85
1.41/1		RB1#0	1	1	22.44	22.64	22.47
		RB1#3	1	1	22.58	22.87	22.62
	160AM	RB1#5	1	1	22.48	22.67	22.42
	16QAM	RB3#0	2	2	22.44	22.43	22.45
		RB3#3	2	2	22.56	22.58	22.36
		RB6#0	2	2	21.46	21.54	21.41
					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					700.5MHz	707.5MHz	714.5MHz
		RB1#0	0	0	23.87	23.61	23.64
		RB1#8	0	0	23.74	23.53	23.67
		RB1#14	0	0	23.67	23.56	23.73
	ODCV			_			
	QPSK	RB6#0	1	1	22.91	22.62	22.67
	QPSK -	RB6#0 RB6#9	1 1	1 1	22.91 22.71	22.62 22.66	22.67 22.76
21/4	QPSK -						
3M	QPSK	RB6#9	1	1	22.71	22.66	22.76
3M	QPSK -	RB6#9 RB15#0	1 1	1	22.71 22.70	22.66 22.56	22.76 22.49
3M		RB6#9 RB15#0 RB1#0	1 1 1	1 1 1	22.71 22.70 22.89	22.66 22.56 22.73	22.76 22.49 22.45
3M	QPSK -	RB6#9 RB15#0 RB1#0 RB1#8	1 1 1 1	1 1 1	22.71 22.70 22.89 22.90	22.66 22.56 22.73 22.63	22.76 22.49 22.45 22.41
3M		RB6#9 RB15#0 RB1#0 RB1#8 RB1#14	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	22.71 22.70 22.89 22.90 22.90	22.66 22.56 22.73 22.63 22.68	22.76 22.49 22.45 22.41 22.47

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

SAR Evaluation Report 35 of 47

					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					701.5MHz	707.5MHz	713.5MHz
		RB1#0	0	0	23.64	23.54	23.54
		RB1#3	0	0	23.58	23.58	23.64
	QPSK	RB1#5	0	0	23.46	23.58	23.33
	QPSK	RB3#0	1	1	22.54	22.71	22.32
		RB3#3	1	1	22.59	22.65	22.55
5M		RB6#0	1	1	22.43	22.49	22.49
SIVI		RB1#0	1	1	22.33	22.67	22.49
		RB1#3	1	1	22.32	22.60	22.57
	16041	RB1#5	1	1	22.26	22.51	22.44
	16QAM	RB3#0	2	2	21.47	21.42	21.56
		RB3#3	2	2	21.49	21.47	21.34
		RB6#0	2	2	21.52	21.55	21.30
					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					704MHz	707.5MHz	711MHz
		RB1#0	0	0	23.74	23.58	23.39
		RB1#8	0	0	23.71	23.60	23.41
	ODCK	RB1#14	0	0	23.61	23.29	23.24
	QPSK	RB6#0	1	1	22.39	22.51	22.14
		RB6#9	1	1	22.55	22.45	22.10
101/		RB15#0	1	1	22.48	22.29	22.10
10M		RB1#0	1	1	22.58	22.30	22.05
		RB1#8	1	1	23.03	22.43	22.22
	160414	RB1#14	1	1	22.73	22.29	21.97
	16QAM	RB6#0	2	2	21.46	21.34	21.19
•	I -		1			İ	
		RB6#9	2	2	21.60	21.42	21.08

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

Note:

- 1. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
- 2. The CMW500 Wideband Radio Communication tester is used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control is used to keep the radio transmitters the max output power during the test.

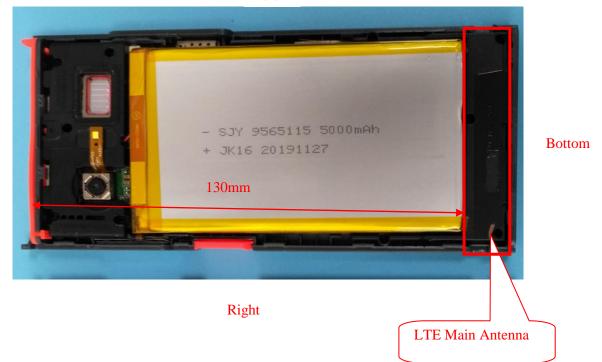
SAR Evaluation Report 36 of 47

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Antennas Location:

Top





Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

Antenna Distance To Edge

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)											
Antenna	Antenna Back Left Right Top Bottom										
WWAN(LTE) < 5 < 5 < 5 130 < 5											

SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result

Exclusion Result									
Mode	Mode Back Left Right Top Bottom								
WWAN	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required				

Note:

Required: The distance to Edge is less than 25mm, testing is required. **Exclusion*:** SAR test exclusion evaluation has been done above. **Exclusion:** The distance to Edge is more than 25 mm, testing is not required.

SAR Evaluation Report 37 of 47

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22.1-23.3 ℃	22.6-23.8 ℃
Relative Humidity:	56-65%	55-68 %
ATM Pressure:	101.2 kPa	101.2 kPa
Test Date:	2020/03/27	2020/03/28

Testing was performed by Seven Liang, Yates Li, Ricardo Lan.

LTE Band 2:

EUT Position	Frequency Bandwidth (MHz) (MHz)		Test Mode	Max I	Power Bm)	Scaled	10g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
Position	(MHZ)	(MITZ)	Mode	Meas.	Rated	Factor	Meas.	Rated	
TT 11 11	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld Back	1880	20	1RB	22.94	24.1	1.306	1.350	1.76	1#
(0mm)	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	22.19	23.1	1.233	1.150	1.42	2#
	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld Left	1880	20	1RB	22.94	24.1	1.306	0.130	0.17	3#
(0mm)	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	22.19	23.1	1.233	0.111	0.14	4#
	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld Right	1880	20	1RB	22.94	24.1	1.306	0.121	0.16	5#
(0mm)	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	22.19	23.1	1.233	0.103	0.13	6#
	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld Bottom	1880	20	1RB	22.94	24.1	1.306	0.514	0.67	7#
(0mm)	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	22.19	23.1	1.233	0.447	0.55	8#

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

EUT	Frequency	Bandwidth	Test	Max I	Power Bm)	Scaled	_	SAR (kg)	Plot
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Mode	Meas.	Rated	Factor	Meas.	Rated	
	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Face Up	1880	20	1RB	22.94	24.1	1.306	0.066	0.09	9#
(10mm)	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	22.19	23.1	1.233	0.064	0.08	10#

SAR Evaluation Report 38 of 47

LTE Band 4:

EUT Position	Frequency Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	10g SAR (W/kg)		Plot	
Position		(MITIZ)	Mode	Meas.	Rated	Tactor	Meas.	Rated	
	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld Back (0mm)	1732.5	20	1RB	22.35	23.5	1.303	0.576	0.75	11#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	21.52	22.6	1.282	0.501	0.64	12#
	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld Left	1732.5	20	1RB	22.35	23.5	1.303	0.053	0.07	13#
(0mm)	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	21.52	22.6	1.282	0.048	0.06	14#
	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld Right	1732.5	20	1RB	22.35	23.5	1.303	0.029	0.04	15#
(0mm)	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	21.52	22.6	1.282	0.035	0.04	16#
	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld Bottom	1732.5	20	1RB	22.35	23.5	1.303	0.306	0.40	17#
(0mm)	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	21.52	22.6	1.282	0.270	0.35	18#

EUT	Frequency	Bandwidth	Test		Power Bm)	Scaled	1g S	SAR (kg)	Plot
Position	(MHz)	(MHz) Mode		Meas.	Rated	Factor	Meas.	Rated	
	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Face Up	1732.5	20	1RB	22.35	23.5	1.303	0.04	0.05	19#
(10mm)	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	21.52	22.6	1.282	0.038	0.05	20#

SAR Evaluation Report 39 of 47

LTE Band 12:

EUT	Frequency Bandwidth (MHz) (MHz)	Test	Max I		Scaled	10g SAR (W/kg)		Plot	
Position	(MHZ)	(MHZ)	Mode	Meas.	Rated	Factor	Meas.	Rated	
Handheld Back (0mm)	704	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707.5	10	1RB	23.58	24.1	1.127	0.131	0.15	21#
	711	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707.5	10	50%RB	22.51	23.7	1.315	0.143	0.19	22#
	704	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld Left	707.5	10	1RB	23.58	24.1	1.127	0.037	0.04	23#
(0mm)	711	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707.5	10	50%RB	22.51	23.7	1.315	0.050	0.07	24#
	704	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld Right	707.5	10	1RB	23.58	24.1	1.127	0.055	0.06	25#
(0mm)	711	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707.5	10	50%RB	22.51	23.7	1.315	0.059	0.08	26#
	704	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Handheld Bottom	707.5	10	1RB	23.58	24.1	1.127	0.056	0.06	27#
(0mm)	711	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707.5	10	50%RB	22.51	23.7	1.315	0.053	0.07	28#

EUT	Frequency	Bandwidth	Test	Max I	Power Bm)	Scaled	1g S (W/		Plot
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Mode	Meas.	Rated	Factor	Meas.	Rated	
	704	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Face Up	707.5	10	1RB	23.58	24.1	1.127	0.043	0.05	29#
(10mm)	711	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	707.5	10	50%RB	22.51	23.7	1.315	0.037	0.05	30#

Note:

- 1. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
- 2. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 3. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 4. The procedures required for 1 RB allocation are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.
- 5.KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are \leq 0.8 W/kg.
- 6. KDB941225D05-For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is <1.45 W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
- 7. KDB941225D05- other channel bandwidths SAR test is required when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.
- 8. KDB941225D05-SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg
- 9. KDB 648474 D04-When the peak SAR located in regions that probe is unable to access, a flat phantom is used for SAR measurement.

SAR Evaluation Report 40 of 47

- Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB
- 10. When the 10-g SAR is \leq 2 W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 11. The procedures required for 1 RB allocation are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.
- 12.KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are \leq 2 W/kg.
- 13. KDB941225D05-For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is < 3.6 W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
- 14. KDB941225D05- other channel bandwidths SAR test is required when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > ½ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 3.6 W/kg.
- 15. KDB941225D05-SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 3.6 W/kg

SAR Evaluation Report 41 of 47

SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

Face Up

SAR probe	Frequency	Enag (MHg)	EUT Docition	Meas. SA	.R (W/kg)	Largest to	
calibration point	Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio	
/	/	/	/	/	/	/	

Handheld

SAR probe calibration point	Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SA	Largest to Smallest	
				Original	Repeated	SAR Ratio
/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.
- 2. The measured SAR results do not have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.
- 3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements

SAR Evaluation Report 42 of 47

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

SAR Evaluation Report 43 of 47

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ±%	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ±%, (10 g)		
Measurement system									
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6		
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0		
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3		
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
RF ambient conditions—reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5		
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9		
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2		
		Test sample	related						
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8		
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3		
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9		
Phantom and set-up									
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3		
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2		
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1		
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4		
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2		
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0		
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9		

SAR Evaluation Report 44 of 47

.

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ±%	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ±%, (10 g)		
Measurement system									
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6		
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0		
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3		
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5		
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9		
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2		
		Test sample	related	•	•		•		
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3		
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8		
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6		
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9		
Phantom and set-up									
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3		
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9		
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1		
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2		
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7		
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0		
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1		
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2		

SAR Evaluation Report 45 of 47

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

Please Refer to the Attachment.

SAR Evaluation Report 46 of 47

APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Please Refer to the Attachment.

***** END OF REPORT *****

Report No.: RSZ200120813-SAB

SAR Evaluation Report 47 of 47