

TEST REPORT

FCC Test for PSR-9536-A Certification

APPLICANT

TJ innovation Co., Ltd.

REPORT NO. HCT-RF-2002-FC001-R2

DATE OF ISSUE February 27, 2020



HCT Co., Ltd.

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Additional Model VISION78

Applicant	TJ innovation Co., Ltd. 2018, Sambo Techno-tower 122, Jomaru-ro 385beon-gil, Bucheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
Eut Type Model Name	Public Safety Repeater (PSR-9536) PSR-9536-A
FCC ID	2AVNP-PSR-9536-A
Output Power	Uplink: 30 dBm / Downlink: 33 dBm
Date of Test	January 13, 2020 ~ February 10, 2020
FCC Rule Parts:	Part 2, Part 90
	This test results were applied only to the test methods required by the standard.

Tested by Kyung Soo Kang

Technical Manager Jong Seok Lee

HCT CO., LTD.

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REVISION HISTORY

The revision history for this test report is shown in table.

Revision No.	Date of Issue	Description	
0	February 12, 2020	Initial Release	
1	February 20, 2020	Revised antenna peak gain on page 5.	
2	February 27, 2020	Revised uplink and downlink frequency on page 5, page 7	

The result shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.



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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. APPLICANT INFORMATION

Company Name	TJ innovation Co., Ltd.
Company Address	2018, Sambo Techno-tower 122, Jomaru-ro 385beon-gil,
Company Address	Bucheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

1.2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

EUT Type	Public Safety Repeater (PSR-9536)
EUT Serial Number	PSR-9536-A-2002-0001
	Input : (110 ~ 240) Vac or DC +30.3V, +6.2V
Power Supply	Output(Voltage, Current): 30.3V/3.9A, 10A
	DC rating: 177W
Eroquoney Pango	PS700: 799 MHz ~ 805 MHz(Uplink), 769 MHz ~ 775 MHz(Downlink)
Frequency Range	PS800: 806 MHz ~ 816 MHz(Uplink), 851 MHz ~ 861 MHz(Downlink)
Tx Output Power	Uplink : 30 dBm / Downlink : 33 dBm
Antenna Peak Gain	Downlink (service side) : Omni antenna, Gain: 2.9dBi
AIILEIIIIA PEAK GAIII	Uplink (donor side) : Panel antenna, Gain: 5.9dBi

1.3. TEST INFORMATION

FCC Rule Parts	Part 2, Part 90
Measurement Standards	KDB 935210 D05 v01r03, ANSI C63.26-2015
Test Location	HCT CO., LTD.
	74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do,
	17383, Rep. of KOREA



2. TEST STANDARDS

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with FCC Part 2, 90.

Description	Reference
AGC threshold	KDB 935210 D05 v01r03 3.2 KDB 935210 D05 v01r03 4.2
Out-of-band rejection	KDB 935210 D05 v01r03 3.3 KDB 935210 D05 v01r03 4.3
Occupied Bandwidth	§ 2.1049 § 90.219(e)(4)(ii)
Input-versus-output signal comparison	§ 90.210, § 90.219(e)(4)(iii)
Input/output power and amplifier/booster gain	§ 2.1046, § 90.219, § 90.541, § 90.635
Noise figure	§ 90.219(e)(2)
Emission masks Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions and spurious emissions	§ 2.1051, § 90.219(e)(3)
Spurious emissions radiated	§ 2.1053



3. TEST SPECIFICATIONS

3.1. ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTIONS ABOUT TEST

Except for the following cases, EUT was tested under normal operating conditions.

- : Out-of-band rejection test requires maximum gain condition without AGC
- : Noise figure test requires any AGC circuitry be disabled over the duration of the measurement.

This EUT is supported power supply both of AC and DC. Test results are only attached worst cases.

The test was generally based on the method of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03 and only followed ANSI C63.26-2015 if there was no test method in KDB standard.

EUT was tested with following modulated signals provide by applicant.

Band Name	Link	Frequency	Tested signals	
DC700	Uplink	(799 ~ 805) MHz	P25 Phase 1, P25 Phase 2, TETRA	
PS700	Downlink	(769 ~ 775) MHz		
PS800	Uplink	(806 ~ 816) MHz	D25 Dhasa 1 D25 Dhasa 2 T5TDA	
P5800	Downlink	(851 ~ 861) MHz	P25 Phase 1, P25 Phase 2, TETRA	

Below channels greater than 25 kHz in EUT specification are not tested because it could consist of a combination of P25 Phase 1, P25 Phase 2 and TETRA signals.

Channelizing	P25 Phase 1 combinations	P25 Phase 2 combinations	TETRA combinations
50 kHz	n = 4	n = 8	n = 2
75 kHz	n = 6	n = 12	n = 3

The frequency stability measurement has been omitted in accordance with section 3.7 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03.

: It can be confirmed through input-versus-output spectrum test that EUT does not alter the input signal.

The tests results included actual loss value for attenuator and cable combination as shown in the table below.

: Input Path

Correction factor table				
Frequency (MHz)	Hz) Factor (dB) Frequency (MHz) Factor (dB)			
600	0.723	850	0.756	
700	0.763	900	0.728	
750	0.756	1 000	0.739	
800	0.795	1 050	0.703	



: Output Path

Correction factor table				
Frequency (MHz)	Factor (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Factor (dB)	
30	29.772	1500	31.413	
50	29.780	2000	31.603	
100	29.858	2500	31.931	
150	29.939	3000	32.272	
200	30.053	3500	32.387	
250	30.195	4000	32.685	
300	30.409	4500	32.517	
350	30.491	5000	32.662	
400	30.536	5500	33.296	
450	30.532	6000	33.361	
500	30.682	6500	34.388	
550	30.602	7000	33.551	
600	30.773	7500	33.924	
650	30.819	8000	33.681	
700	30.855	8500	33.775	
750	30.842	9000	34.452	
800	30.878			
850	30.890			
900	30.890			
950	30.947			
1000	30.920			



3.2. MEASUREMENTUNCERTAINTY

Description	Reference	Results
AGC threshold	-	±0.87 dB
Out-of-band rejection	-	±0.58 MHz
Occupied Pandwidth	OBW ≤ 25 kHz	±0.16 MHz
Occupied Bandwidth	OBW > 5 MHz	±0.58 MHz
Input-versus-output signal comparison	-	±0.87 dB
Input/output power and amplifier/booster gain	-	±0.87 dB
Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions and spurious emissions	-	±1.08 dB
Spurious amissions radiated	f ≤ 1 GHz	±4.80 dB
Spurious emissions radiated	f > 1 GHz	±6.07 dB

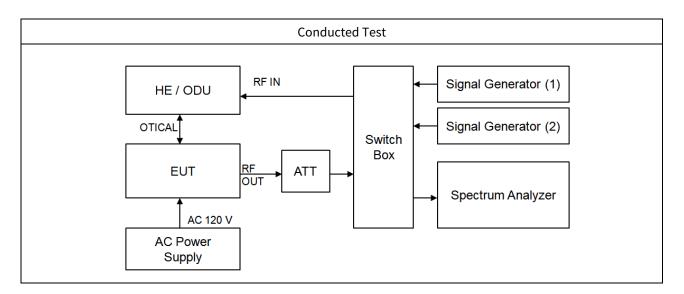
^{*} Coverage factor k = 2, Confidence levels of 95 %

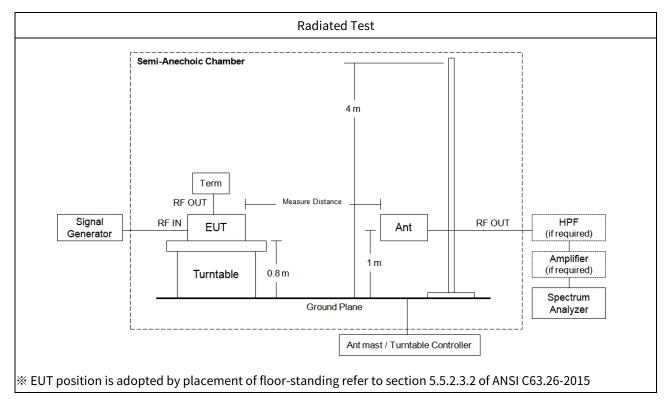
3.3. STANDARDS ENVIRONMENTAL TEST CONDITIONS

Temperature	+15 °C to +35 °C
Relative humidity	30 % to 60 %
Air pressure	860 mbar to 1 060 mbar



3.4. TEST DIAGRAMS







4. TEST EQUIPMENTS

	Calibration	6 - 111 11		
Model / Equipment		Calibration	Serial No.	
		Interval		
Signal Analyzer	05/08/2019	Annual	MY51110063	
or Signal Generator	12/23/2019	Annual	MY46240523	
or Signal Generator	01/17/2020	Annual	MY47070406	
B Attenuator	02/18/2019	Annual	51161	
Switch	N/A	N/A	1088024	
Power Supply	04/04/2019	Annual	1003030-1	
er(Antenna mast)	N/A	N/A	CO3000-4p	
ntenna Position Tower	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Controller	N/A	N/A	060520	
n Table	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Antenna	04/26/2019	Biennial	1513-175	
ybrid Antenna	03/22/2019	Biennial	760	
Horn Antenna	04/29/2019	Biennial	9120D-937	
/ Spectrum Analyzer	05/09/2019	Annual	100854	
200 45000 4000	07/45/0055		_	
WHKX10-900-1000-15000-40SS		Annual	5	
Power Amplifier	07/01/2019	Annual	22964	
Power Amplifier	07/01/2019	Annual	22965	
	Signal Analyzer or Signal Generator or Signal Generator B Attenuator Switch Power Supply ler(Antenna mast) ntenna Position Tower Controller n Table Antenna ybrid Antenna Horn Antenna / Spectrum Analyzer D00-15000-40SS Power Amplifier Power Amplifier	or Signal Generator 12/23/2019 or Signal Generator 01/17/2020 B Attenuator 02/18/2019 Switch N/A Power Supply 04/04/2019 ler(Antenna mast) N/A ntenna Position Tower N/A Controller N/A n Table N/A Antenna 04/26/2019 ybrid Antenna 04/26/2019 Horn Antenna 04/29/2019 / Spectrum Analyzer 05/09/2019 Power Amplifier 07/01/2019	or Signal Generator or Signal Generator or Signal Generator D1/17/2020 Annual B Attenuator D2/18/2019 Annual N/A N/A Power Supply D4/04/2019 Annual N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/	



5. TEST RESULT

5.1. AGC THRESHOLD

Test Requirement:

KDB 935210 D05 v01r03

Testing at and above the AGC threshold is required.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.2 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03.

In the case of fiber-optic distribution systems, the RF input port of the equipment under test (EUT) refers to the RF input of the supporting equipment RF to optical convertor; see also descriptions and diagrams for typical DAS booster systems in KDB Publication 935210 D02

Devices intended to be directly connected to an RF source (donor port) only need to be evaluated for any over-the-air transmit paths.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- c) The signal generator should initially be configured to produce either of the required test signals.
- d) Set the signal generator frequency to the center frequency of the EUT operating band.
- e) While monitoring the output power of the EUT, measured using the methods of ANSI C63.26-2015 subclause 5.2.4.4.1, increase the input level until a 1 dB increase in the input signal power no longer causes a 1 dB increase in the output signal power.
- f) Record this level as the AGC threshold level.
- g) Repeat the procedure with the remaining test signal.

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 4.2 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03.

Testing at and above the AGC threshold will be required. The AGC threshold shall be determined by applying the procedure of 3.2, but with the signal generator configured to produce a test signal defined in Table 1, a CW input signal, or a digitally modulated signal, consistent with the discussion about signal types in 4.1.

Output power measurement in subclause 5.2.4.4.1 of ANSI C63.26

- a) Set span to $2 \times$ to $3 \times$ the OBW.
- b) Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW.
- c) Set VBW \geq 3 × RBW.
- d) Set number of measurement points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$.
- e) Sweep time: auto-couple



- f) Detector = power averaging (rms).
- g) If the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously, then set the trigger to free run.
- h) Omit
- i) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. To accurately determine the average power over multiple symbols, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100 or, if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.
- j) Compute the power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band or channel power measurement function, with the band/channel limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band or channel power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

Test Results:

Test Band	Link	Tested signals	Measured	AGC Threshold Level	Output Level
			Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)
		P25 Phase 1	802.00	-65	29.94
	Uplink	P25 Phase 2	802.00	-65	30.05
PS700		TETRA	802.00	-65	30.05
P3700		P25 Phase 1	772.00	-62	32.98
	Downlink	P25 Phase 2	772.00	-62	32.84
		TETRA	772.00	-62	32.99
PS800 Downlink	P25 Phase 1	811.00	-65	30.62	
	Uplink	P25 Phase 2	811.00	-65	30.15
		TETRA	811.00	-65	30.03
	Downlink	P25 Phase 1	856.00	-62	32.67
		P25 Phase 2	856.00	-62	32.71
		TETRA	856.00	-62	32.70



5.2. OUT-OF-BAND REJECTION

Test Requirement:

KDB 935210 D05 v01r03

Out-of-band rejection required.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.3 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03.

Adjust the internal gain control of the EUT to the maximum gain for which equipment certification is sought.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure a swept CW signal with the following parameters:
 - 1) Frequency range = ± 250 % of the passband, for each applicable CMRS band.
 - 2) Level = a sufficient level to affirm that the out-of-band rejection is > 20 dB above the noise floor and will not engage the AGC during the entire sweep.
 - 3) Dwell time = approximately 10 ms.
 - 4) Number of points = SPAN/(RBW/2).
- c) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
- d) Set the span of the spectrum analyzer to the same as the frequency range of the signal generator.
- e) Set the resolution bandwidth (RBW) of the spectrum analyzer to be 1 % to 5 % of the EUT passband, and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall be set to \geq 3 × RBW.
- f) Set the detector to Peak Max-Hold and wait for the spectrum analyzer's spectral display to fill.
- g) Place a marker to the peak of the frequency response and record this frequency as f₀.
- h) Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the -20 dB down amplitude, to determine the 20 dB bandwidth.
- i) Capture the frequency response of the EUT.
- j) Repeat for all frequency bands applicable for use by the EUT.

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 4.3 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03.

Adjust the internal gain control of the EUT to the maximum gain for which equipment certification is sought.

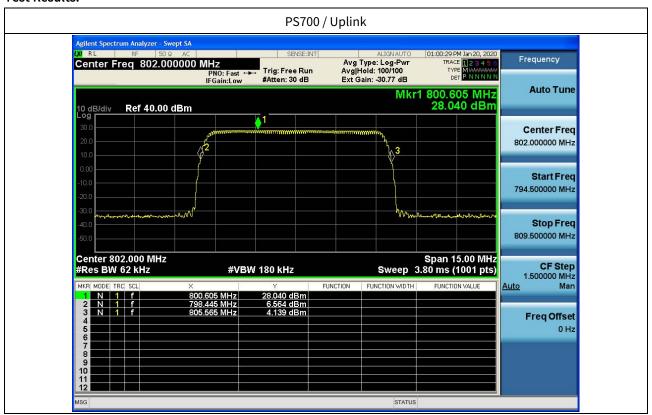
- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure a swept CW signal with the following parameters:
 - 1) Frequency range = \pm 250 % of the manufacturer's specified pass band.
 - 2) The CW amplitude shall be 3 dB below the AGC threshold (see 4.2), and shall not activate the AGC threshold throughout the test.
 - 3) Dwell time = approximately 10 ms.

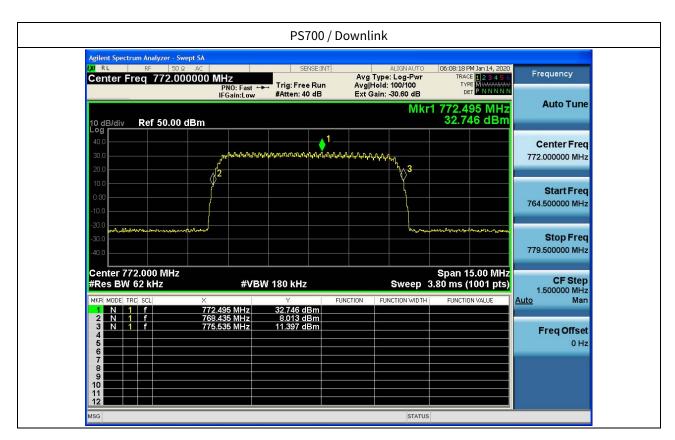


- 4) Frequency step = 50 kHz.
- c) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
- d) Set the RBW of the spectrum analyzer to between 1 % and 5 % of the manufacturer's rated passband, and VBW = $3 \times RBW$.
- e) Set the detector to Peak and the trace to Max-Hold.
- f) After the trace is completely filled, place a marker at the peak amplitude, which is designated as f0, and with two additional markers (use the marker-delta method) at the 20 dB bandwidth (i.e., at the points where the level has fallen by 20 dB).
- g) Capture the frequency response plot for inclusion in the test report.

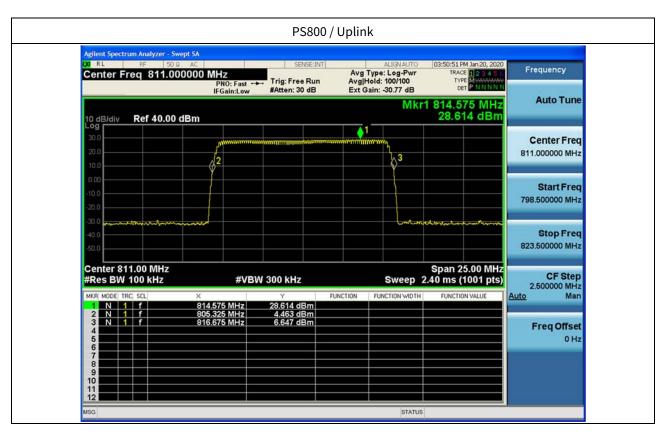


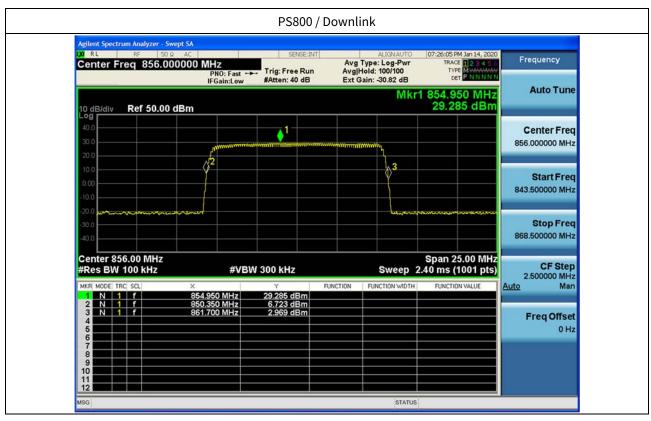
Test Results:













5.3. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Test Requirement:

§ 2.1049 Measurements required: Occupied bandwidth.

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the specified conditions of § 2.1049 (a) through (i) as applicable.

§ 90.219 Use of signal boosters.

- (e) Device Specifications. In addition to the general rules for equipment certification in § 90.203(a)(2) and part 2, subpart J of this chapter, a signal booster must also meet the rules in this paragraph.
 - (4) A signal booster must be designed such that all signals that it retransmits meet the following requirements:
 - (ii) There is no change in the occupied bandwidth of the retransmitted signals.

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 3.4 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure the signal generator to transmit the AWGN signal.
- c) Configure the signal amplitude to be just below the AGC threshold level (see 3.2), but not more than 0.5 dB below.
- d) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
- e) Set the spectrum analyzer center frequency to the center frequency of the operational band under test. The span range of the spectrum analyzer shall be between 2 times to 5 times the emission bandwidth (EBW) or alternatively, the OBW.
- f) The nominal RBW shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be \geq 3 × RBW.
- g) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to preclude the signal from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope must be more than [10 log (OBW / RBW)] below the reference level.
- h) Steps f) and g) may require iteration to enable adjustments within the specified tolerances.
- i) The noise floor of the spectrum analyzer at the selected RBW shall be at least 36 dB below the reference level.
- j) Set spectrum analyzer detection function to positive peak.
- k) Set the trace mode to max hold.
- l) Determine the reference value: Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest amplitude level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value) and record the associated frequency.
- m) Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the -26 dB down amplitude. The 26 dB EBW (alternatively OBW) is the positive frequency difference between the two markers. If the spectral envelope crosses the -26 dB down amplitude at multiple points, the lowest or highest frequency shall be selected as the frequencies that



- are the furthest removed from the center frequency at which the spectral envelope crosses the -26 dB down amplitude point.
- n) Repeat steps e) to l) with the input signal connected directly to the spectrum analyzer (i.e., input signal measurement).
- o) Compare the spectral plot of the input signal (determined from step m) to the output signal (determined from step l) to affirm that they are similar (in passband and rolloff characteristic features and relative spectral locations), and include plot(s) and descriptions in test report.
 - A. Repeat the procedure [steps e) to n)] with the input signal amplitude set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.
- p) Repeat steps e) to o) with the signal generator set to the narrowband signal.
- q) Repeat steps e) to p) for all frequency bands authorized for use by the EUT.

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 5.4.4 of ANSI C63.26-2015.

- a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be set wide enough to capture all modulation products including the emission skirts (typically a span of 1.5 × OBW is sufficient).
- b) The nominal IF filter 3 dB bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be set $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to prevent the signal amplitude from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. See guidance provided in 4.2.3.

 NOTE—Step a), step b), and step c) may require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.
- d) Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max-hold.
- e) Omit
- f) The OBW shall be reported and plot(s) of the measuring instrument display shall be provided with the test report. The frequency and amplitude axis and scale shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data can be reported in addition to the plot(s).



Test Results:

Tabular data of Output Occupied Bandwidth

Test Band	Link	Tested signals	Measured Frequency (MHz)	99 % OBW (kHz)	26 dB OBW (MHz)
		P25 Phase 1	802.000	8.241	11.00
	Uplink	P25 Phase 2	802.000	4.830	5.458
PS700		TETRA	802.000	21.071	23.86
P3700	Downlink	P25 Phase 1	772.000	8.325	11.79
		P25 Phase 2	772.000	4.876	5.446
		TETRA	772.000	20.998	23.83
PS800		P25 Phase 1	811.000	8.310	11.48
	Uplink	P25 Phase 2	811.000	4.855	5.465
		TETRA	811.000	21.025	23.77
	Downlink	P25 Phase 1	856.000	8.148	10.52
		P25 Phase 2	856.000	4.860	5.452
		TETRA	856.000	21.068	23.79

Tabular data of Input Occupied Bandwidth

Test Band	Link	Tested signals	Measured Frequency (MHz)	99 % OBW (kHz)	26 dB OBW (MHz)
		P25 Phase 1	802.000	8.270	11.09
	Uplink	P25 Phase 2	802.000	4.871	5.450
DC700		TETRA	802.000	20.932	23.86
PS700	Downlink	P25 Phase 1	772.000	8.215	11.44
		P25 Phase 2	772.000	4.861	5.461
		TETRA	772.000	21.152	23.84
PS800	Uplink	P25 Phase 1	811.000	8.261	11.16
		P25 Phase 2	811.000	4.884	5.392
		TETRA	811.000	21.032	23.76
	Downlink	P25 Phase 1	856.000	8.355	11.68
		P25 Phase 2	856.000	4.856	5.445
		TETRA	856.000	21.091	23.82



Tabular data of 3 dB above the AGC threshold Output Occupied Bandwidth

Test Band	Link	Tested signals	Measured Frequency (MHz)	99 % OBW (kHz)	26 dB OBW (MHz)
		P25 Phase 1	802.000	8.177	10.90
	Uplink	P25 Phase 2	802.000	4.877	5.431
DC700		TETRA	802.000	20.947	23.83
PS700	Downlink	P25 Phase 1	772.000	8.247	10.75
		P25 Phase 2	772.000	4.865	5.455
		TETRA	772.000	21.205	23.79
PS800		P25 Phase 1	811.000	8.333	11.83
	Uplink	P25 Phase 2	811.000	4.846	5.465
		TETRA	811.000	21.076	23.89
	Downlink	P25 Phase 1	856.000	8.344	10.75
		P25 Phase 2	856.000	4.877	5.438
		TETRA	856.000	21.010	23.78

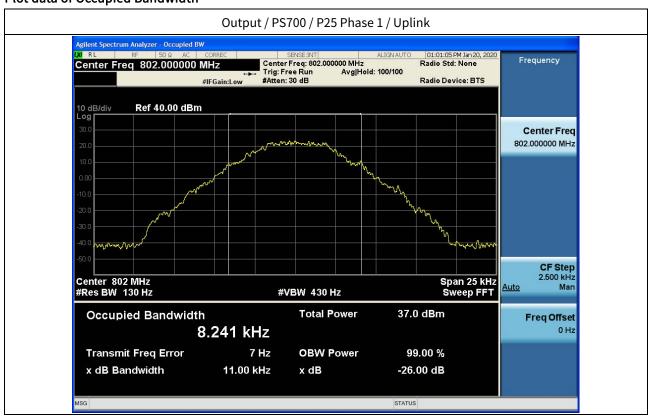
Measured Occupied Bandwidth Comparison

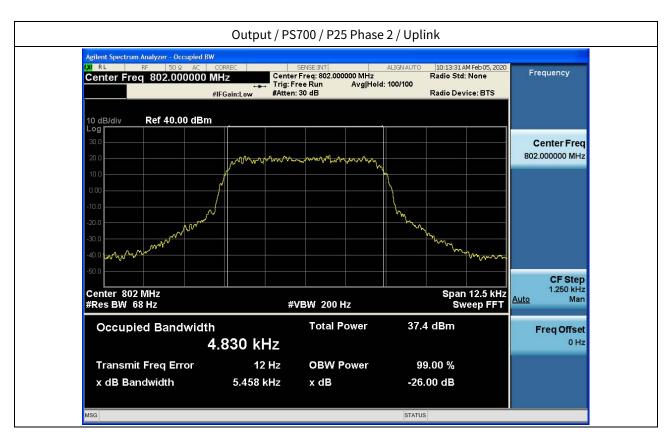
Test Band	Link	Tested signals	Variant of Input and output Occupied Bandwidth (%)	Variant of Input and 3 dB above the AGC threshold output Occupied Bandwidth (%)
		P25 Phase 1	-0.345	-1.127
	Uplink	P25 Phase 2	-0.848	0.118
PS700		TETRA	0.664	0.072
P3700	Downlink	P25 Phase 1	1.341	0.397
		P25 Phase 2	0.318	0.077
		TETRA	-0.728	0.251
PS800		P25 Phase 1	0.597	0.868
	Uplink	P25 Phase 2	-0.584	-0.768
		TETRA	-0.033	0.209
	Downlink	P25 Phase 1	-2.471	-0.126
		P25 Phase 2	0.071	0.438
		TETRA	-0.109	-0.384

^{*} Change in input-output OBW is less than ± 5 %.

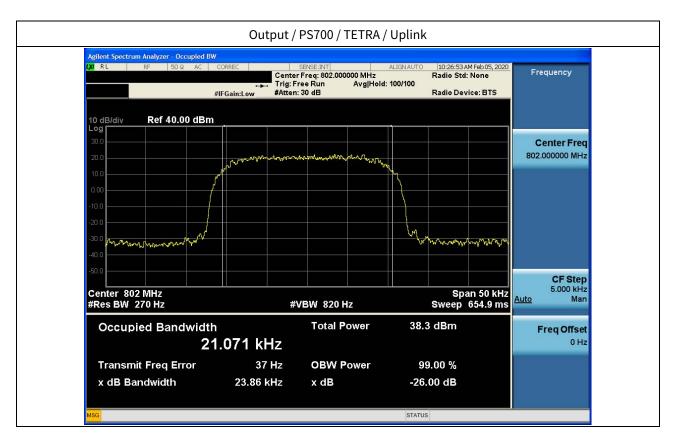


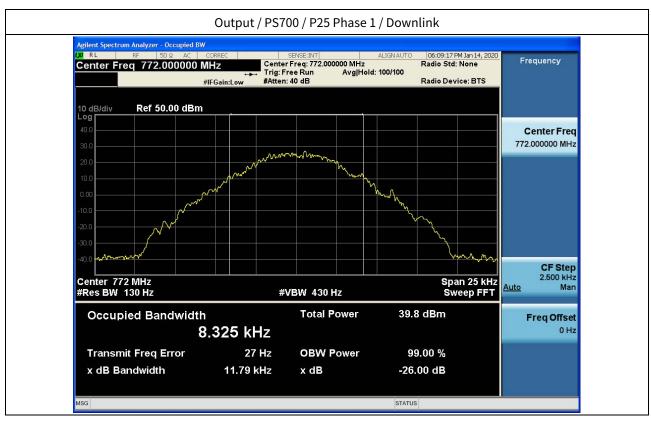
Plot data of Occupied Bandwidth



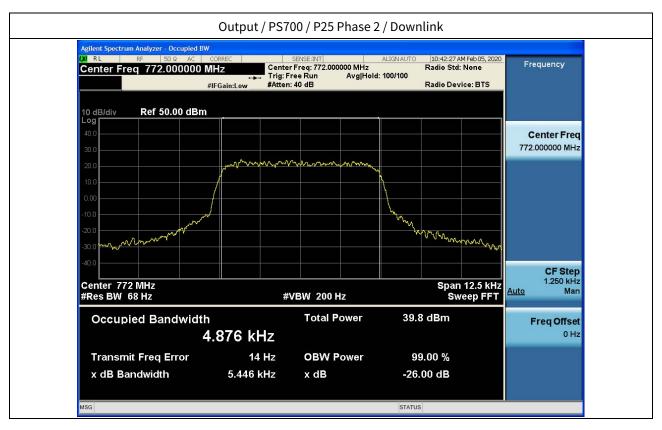


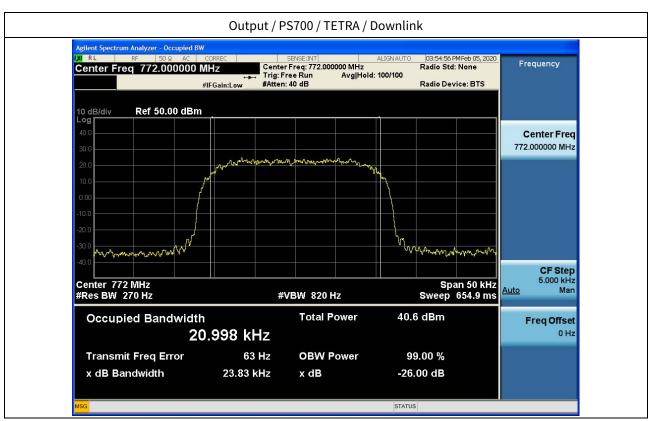




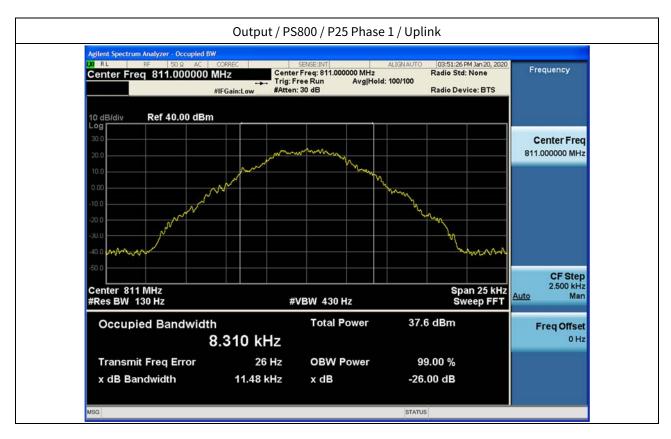


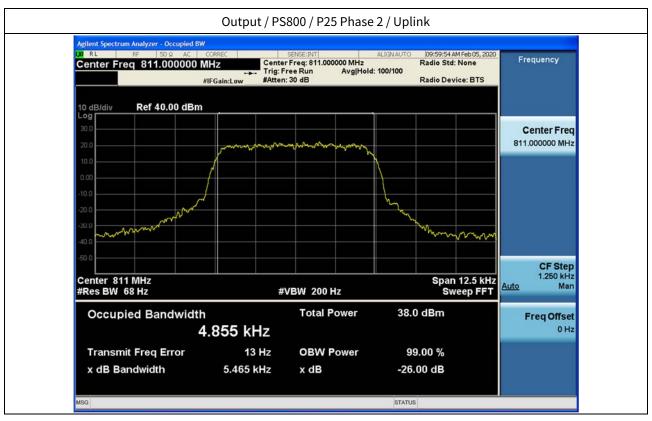




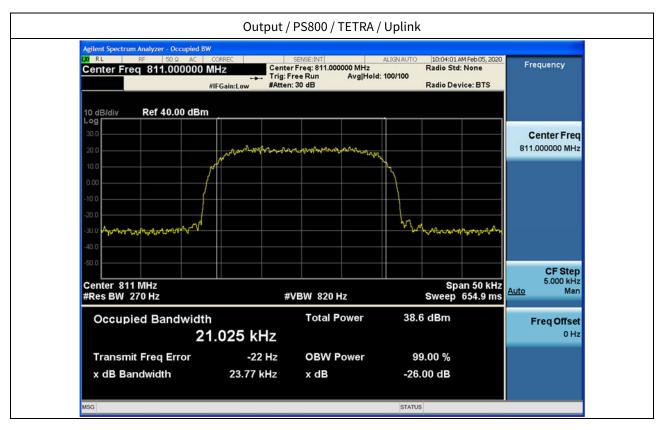


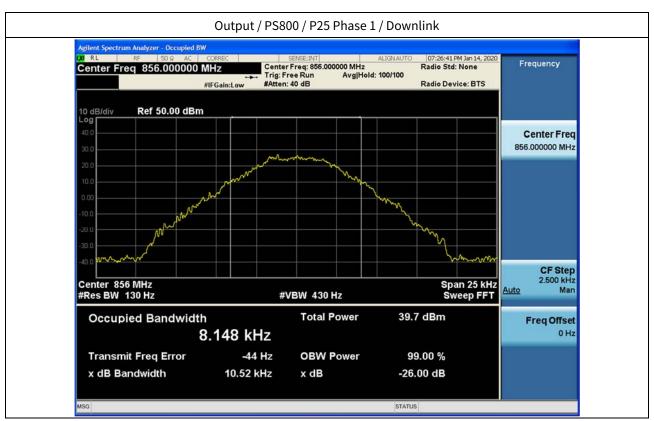




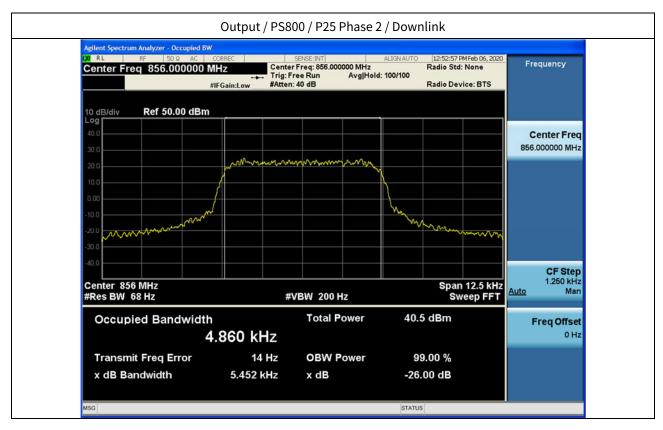


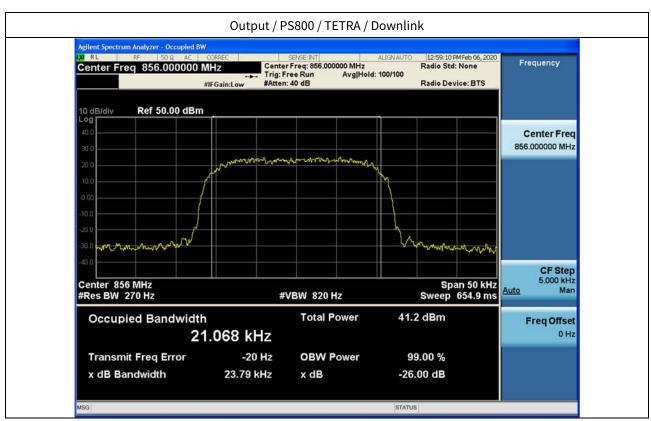




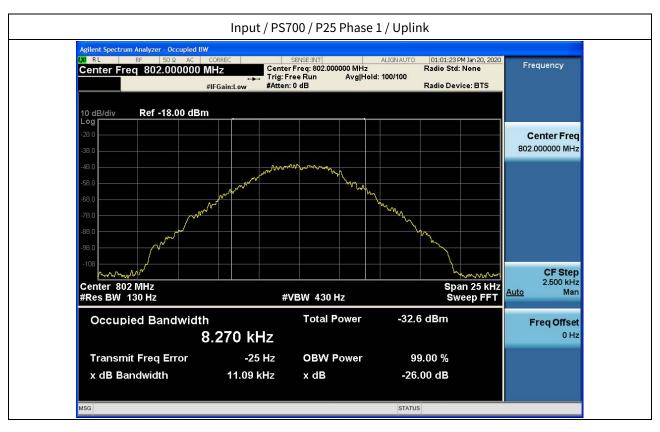


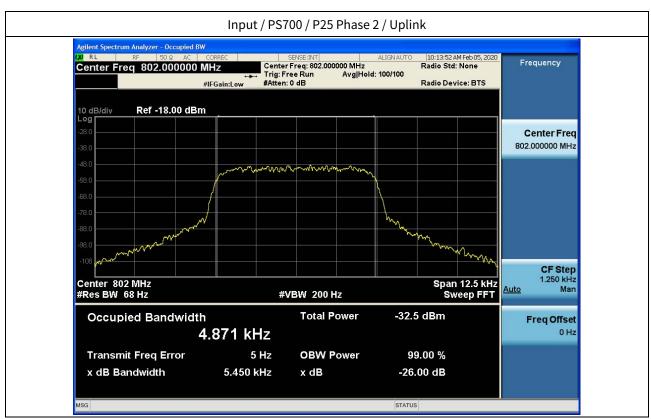




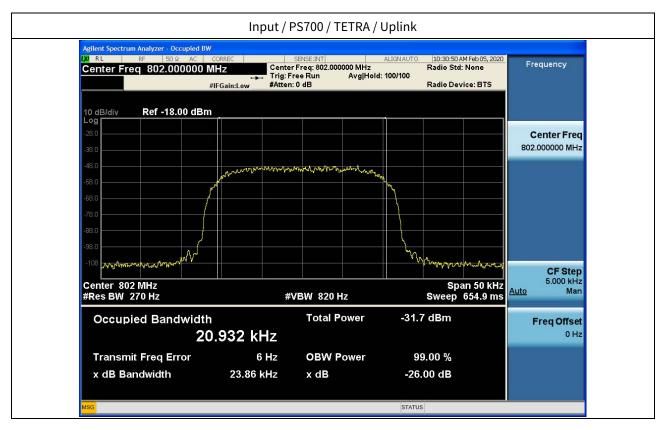


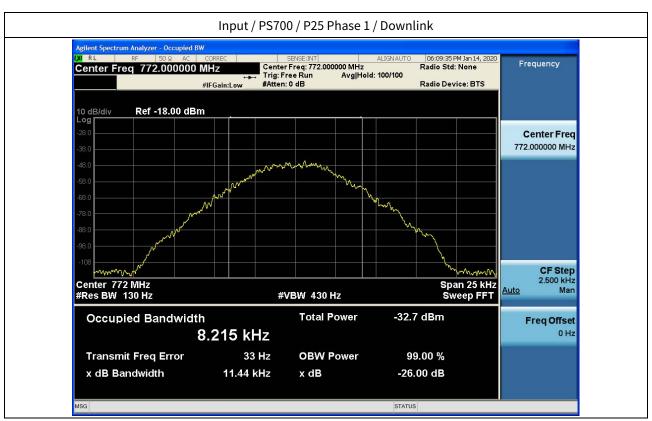




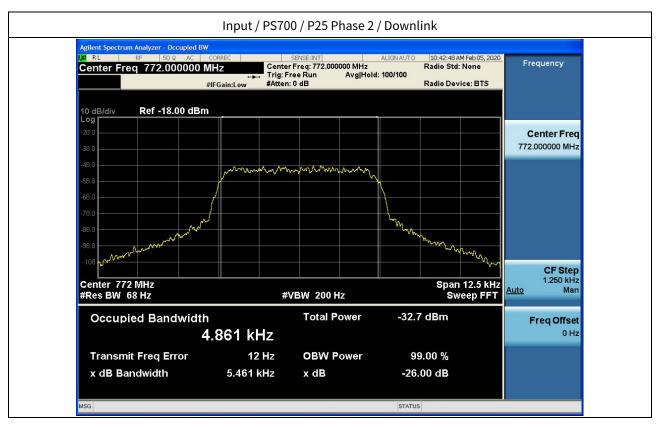


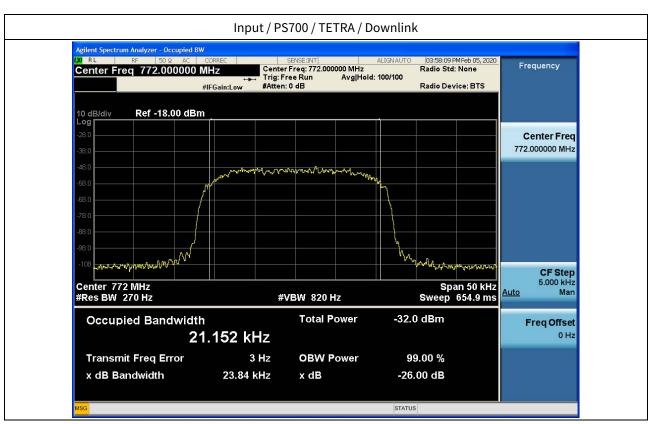




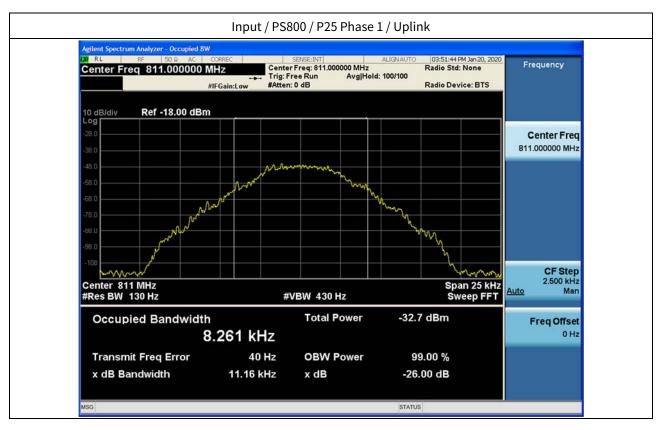


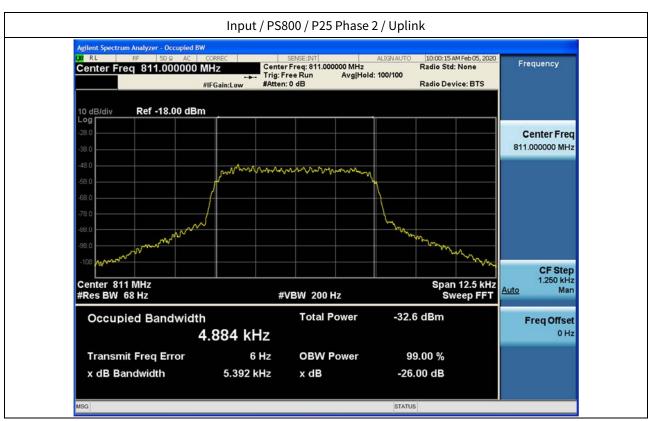




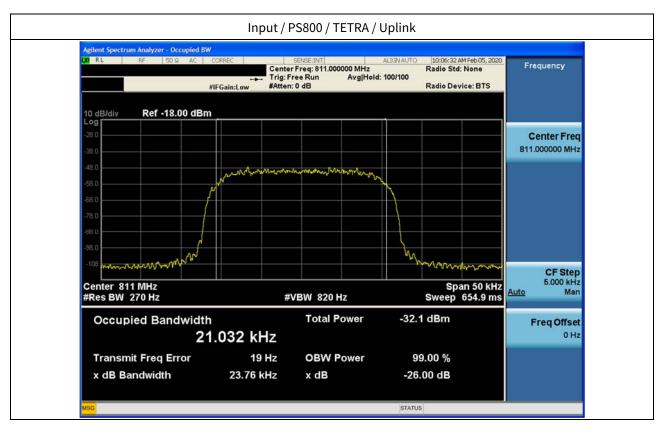


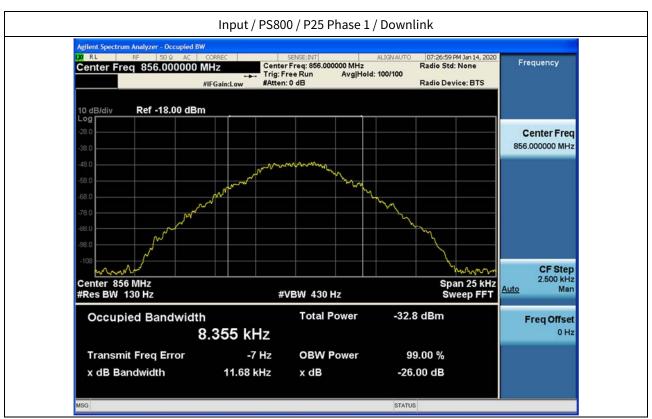




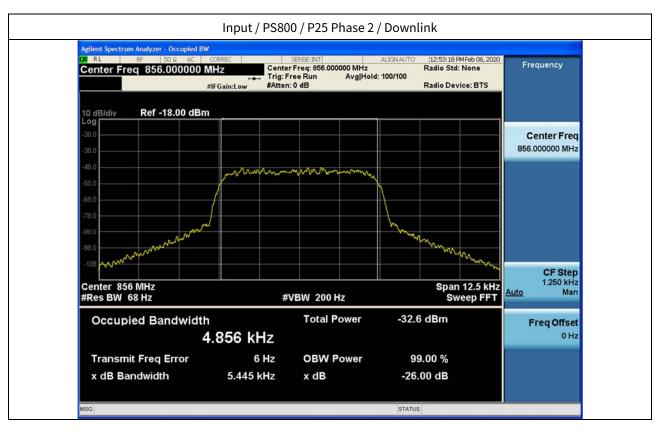


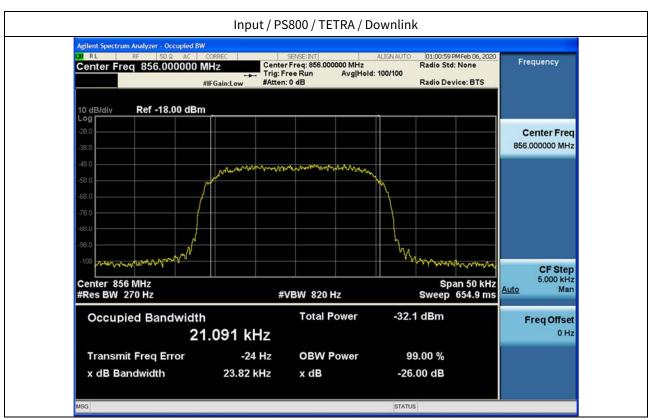




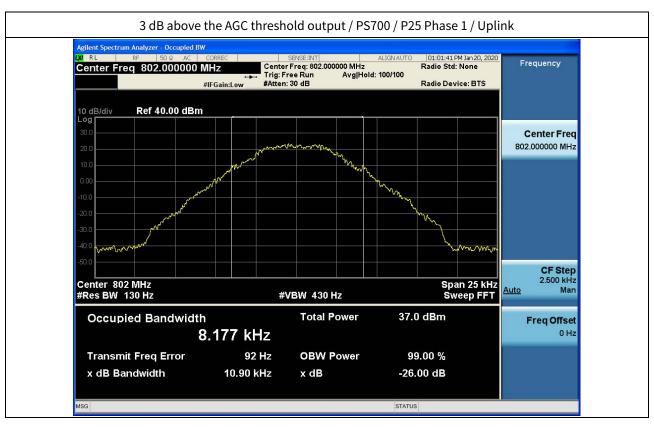


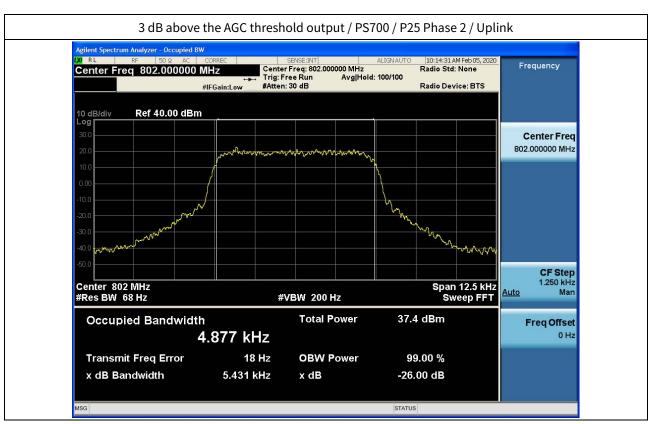




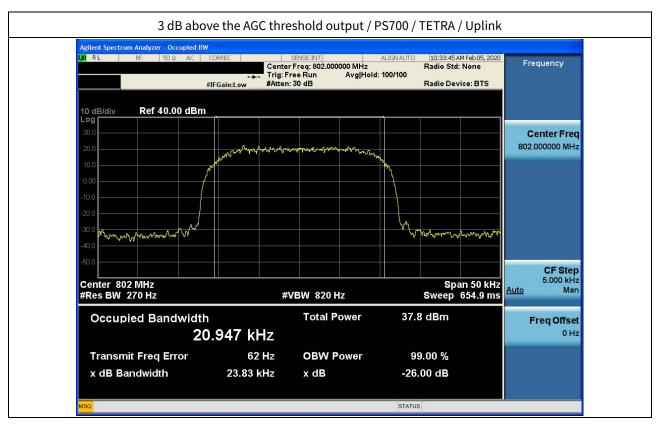






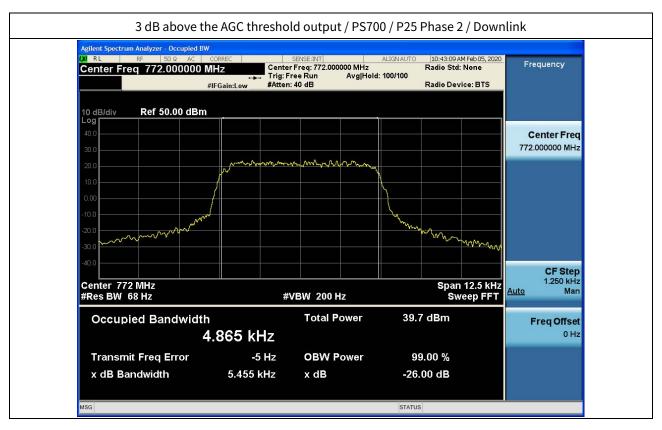


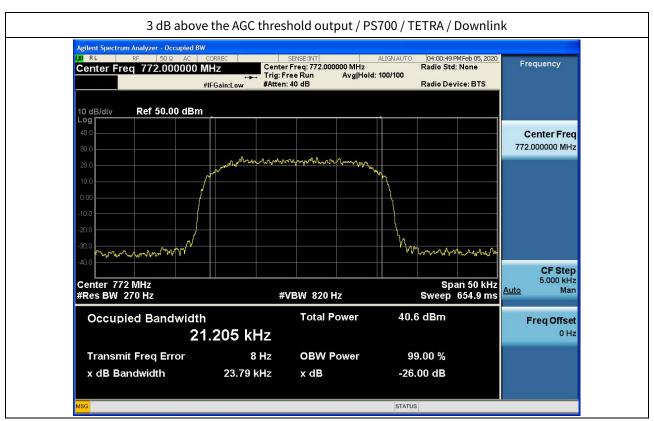




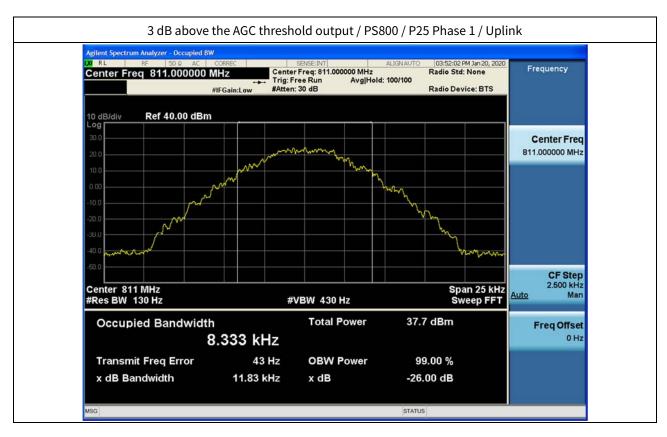


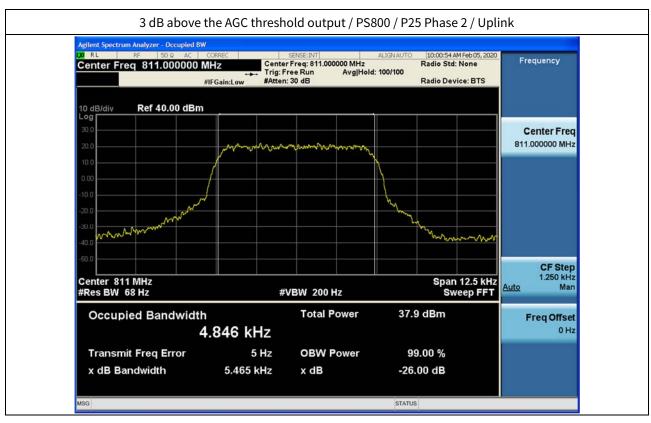




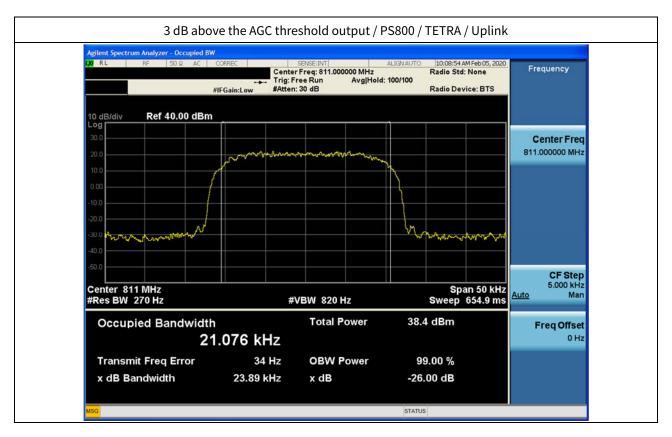


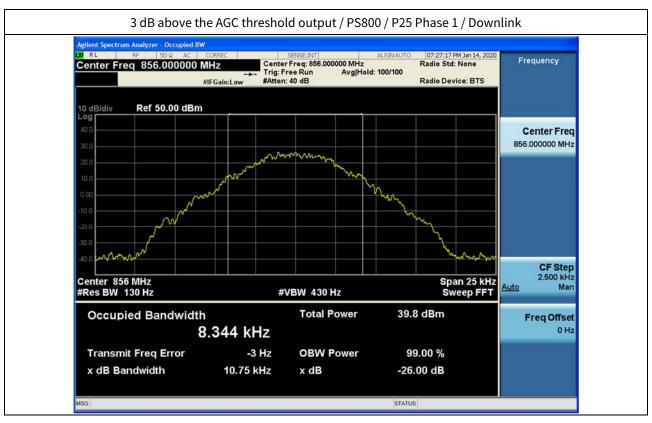




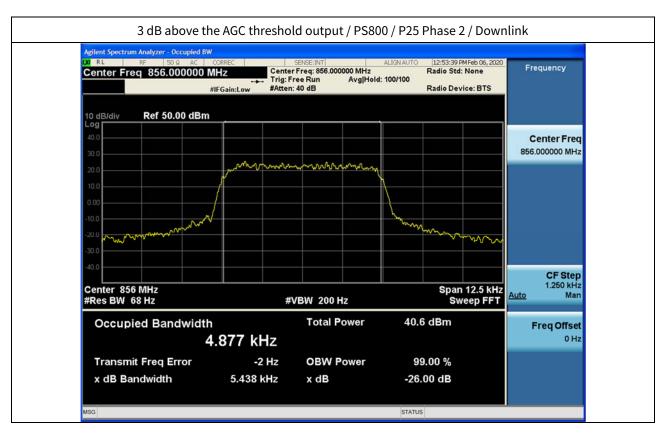


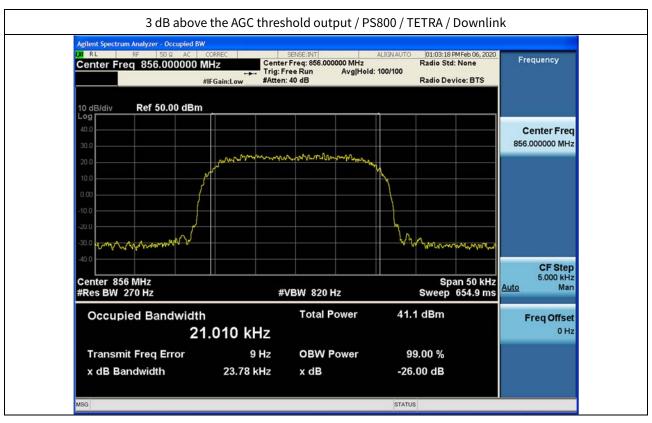














5.4. INPUT-VERSUS-OUTPUT SIGNAL COMPARISON

Test Requirement:

§ 90.210 Emission masks.

Except as indicated elsewhere in this part, transmitters used in the radio services governed by this part must comply with the emission masks outlined in this section. Unless otherwise stated, per paragraphs (d)(4), (e)(4), and (o) of this section, measurements of emission power can be expressed in either peak or average values provided that emission powers are expressed with the same parameters used to specify the unmodulated transmitter carrier power. For transmitters that do not produce a full power unmodulated carrier, reference to the unmodulated transmitter carrier power refers to the total power contained in the channel bandwidth. Unless indicated elsewhere in this part, the table in this section specifies the emission masks for equipment operating under this part.

Applicable Emission Masks

Frequency band (MHz)	Mask for equipment with audio low pass filter	Mask for equipment without audio low pass filter
Below 25	A or B	A or C
25-50	В	С
72-76	В	С
150-174	B, D, or E	C, D or E
150 paging only	В	С
220-222	F	F
421-512	B, D, or E	C, D, or E
450 paging only	В	G
806-809/851-854	В	Н
809-824/854-869	B, D	D, G.
896-901/935-940	l	J
902-928	К	K
929 ~ 930	В	G
4940-4990 MHz	LorM	L or M
5850-5925		
All other bands	В	С

^{*} Equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask B or C, as applicable. Equipment designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask D, and equipment designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask E.



- (c) Emission Mask C. For transmitters that are not equipped with an audio low-pass filter, the power of any emission must be attenuated below the unmodulated carrier output power (P) as follows:
 - (1) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (fd in kHz) of more than 5 kHz, but not more than 10 kHz: At least 83 log (fd/5) dB;
 - (2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (fd in kHz) of more than 10 kHz, but not more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least 29 log (fd2/11) dB or 50 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation;
 - (3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least $43 + 10 \log (P) dB$.
 - (4) In the 1427-1432 MHz band, licensees are encouraged to take all reasonable steps to ensure that unwanted emissions power does not exceed the following levels in the 1400-1427 MHz band:
 - (i) For stations of point-to-point systems in the fixed service: -45 dBW/27 MHz.
 - (ii) For stations in the mobile service: −60 dBW/27 MHz.
- (d) Emission Mask D—12.5 kHz channel bandwidth equipment. For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:
 - (1) On any frequency from the center of the authorized bandwidth f0 to 5.625 kHz removed from f0: Zero dB.
 - (2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (fd in kHz) of more than 5.625 kHz but no more than 12.5 kHz: At least 7.27(fd-2.88 kHz) dB.
 - (3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (fd in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: At least $50 + 10 \log (P) \text{ dB}$ or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.
 - (4) The reference level for showing compliance with the emission mask shall be established using a resolution bandwidth sufficiently wide (usually two or three times the channel bandwidth) to capture the true peak emission of the equipment under test. In order to show compliance with the emission mask up to and including 50 kHz removed from the edge of the authorized bandwidth, adjust the resolution bandwidth to 100 Hz with the measuring instrument in a peak hold mode. A sufficient number of sweeps must be measured to insure that the emission profile is developed. If video filtering is used, its bandwidth must not be less than the instrument resolution bandwidth. For emissions beyond 50 kHz from the edge of the authorized bandwidth, see paragraph (o) of this section. If it can be shown that use of the above instrumentation settings do not accurately represent the true interference potential of the equipment under test, an alternate procedure may be used provided prior Commission approval is obtained.
- (h) Emission Mask H. For transmitters that are not equipped with an audio low-pass filter, the power of any emission must be attenuated below the unmodulated carrier power (P) as follows:
 - (1) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (fd in kHz) of 4 kHz or less: Zero dB.
 - (2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (fd in kHz) of more than 4 kHz, but no more than 8.5 kHz: At least 107 log (fd/4) dB;



- (3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (fd in kHz) of more than 8.5 kHz, but no more than 15 kHz: At least 40.5 log (fd/1.16) dB;
- (4) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (fd in kHz) of more than 15 kHz, but no more than 25 kHz: At least 116 log (fd/6.1) dB;
- (5) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by more than 25 kHz: At least 43 + 10 log (P) dB.

§ 90.219 Use of signal boosters.

- (e) Device Specifications. In addition to the general rules for equipment certification in § 90.203(a)(2) and part 2, subpart J of this chapter, a signal booster must also meet the rules in this paragraph.
 - (4) A signal booster must be designed such that all signals that it retransmits meet the following requirements:
 - (iii) The retransmitted signals continue to meet the unwanted emissions limits of § 90.210 applicable to the corresponding received signals (assuming that these received signals meet the applicable unwanted emissions limits by a reasonable margin).

Test Procedures:

Measurements were in accordance with the test methods section 4.4 of KDB 935210 D05 v01r03.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure the signal generator to transmit the appropriate test signal associated with the public safety emission designation.
- c) Configure the signal level to be just below the AGC threshold.
- d) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- e) Set the spectrum analyzer center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 2 times to 5 times the EBW (or OBW).
- f) The nominal RBW shall be 300 Hz for 16K0F3E, and 100 Hz for all other emissions types.
- g) Set the reference level of the spectrum analyzer to accommodate the maximum input amplitude level, i.e., the level at f_0 per Out-of-band rejection test.
- h) Set spectrum analyzer detection mode to peak, and trace mode to max hold.
- i) Allow the trace to fully stabilize.
- j) Confirm that the signal is contained within the appropriate emissions mask.
- k) Use the marker function to determine the maximum emission level and record the associated frequency.
- l) Capture the emissions mask plot for inclusion in the test report (output signal spectra).
- m) Measure the EUT input signal power (signal generator output signal) directly from the signal generator using power measurement guidance provided in KDB Publication 971168 [R8] (input signal spectra).
- n) Compare the spectral plot of the output signal (determined in step k), to the input signal (determined in step l) to affirm they are similar (in passband and rolloff characteristic features and relative spectral locations).
- o) Repeat steps d) to n) with the input signal amplitude set 3 dB above the AGC threshold.
- p) Repeat steps b) to o) for all authorized operational bands and emissions types (see applicable regulatory



specifications, e.g., Section 90.210).

q) Include all accumulated spectral plots depicting EUT input signal and EUT output signal in the test report, and note any observed dissimilarities.



Plot data of Emission mask:

