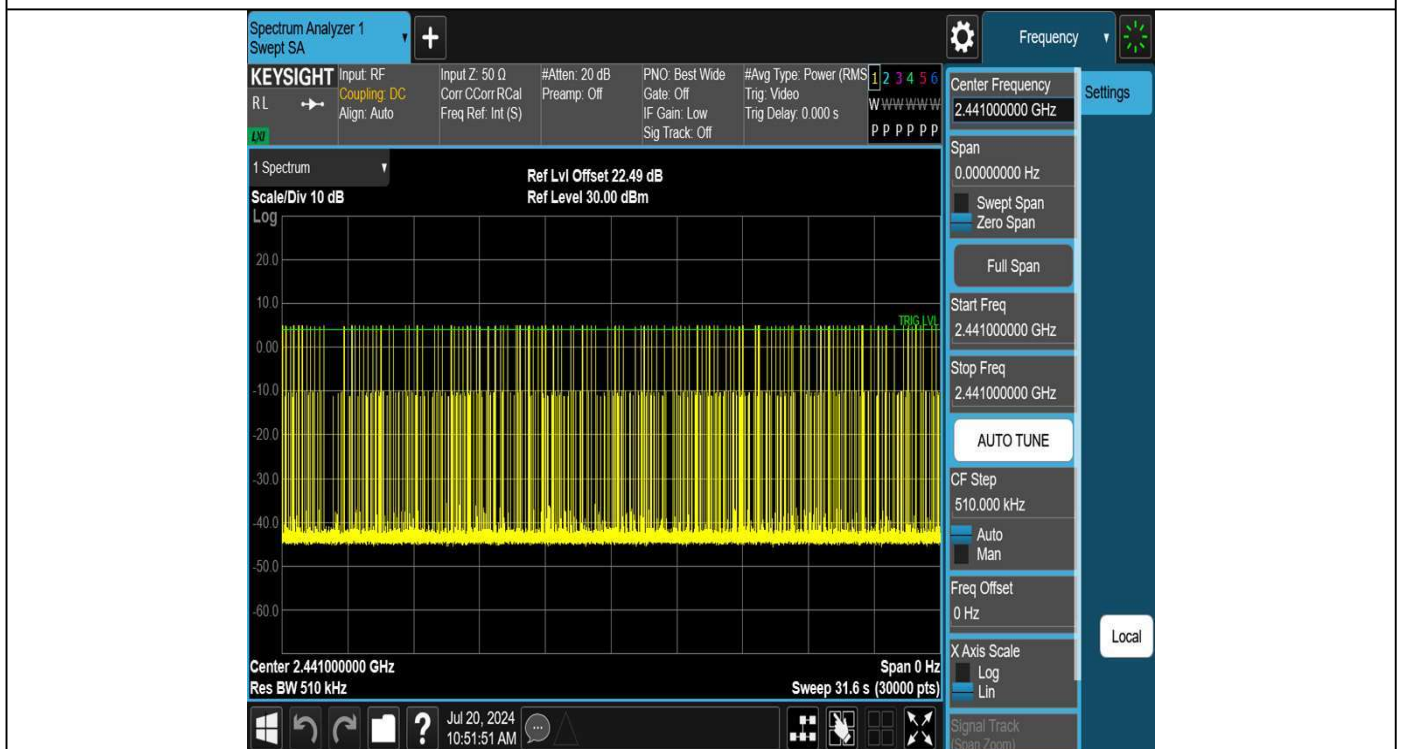






APPENDIX G - HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION

Test Mode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	Result[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Hop	0.99	≥0.642	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	1.018	≥0.910	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	1.15	≥0.902	PASS

Test Graphs





APPENDIX H - BANDWIDTH

20dB Emission Bandwidth

Test Mode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	20dB EBW[MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	0.960	2401.526	2402.486	---	---
		2441	0.960	2440.526	2441.486	---	---
		2480	0.963	2479.526	2480.489	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2402	1.365	2401.319	2402.684	---	---
		2441	1.362	2440.322	2441.684	---	---
		2480	1.365	2479.319	2480.684	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2402	1.353	2401.319	2402.672	---	---
		2441	1.353	2440.319	2441.672	---	---
		2480	1.353	2479.319	2480.672	---	---

Test Graphs





2DH5_Ant1_2402



2DH5_Ant1_2441





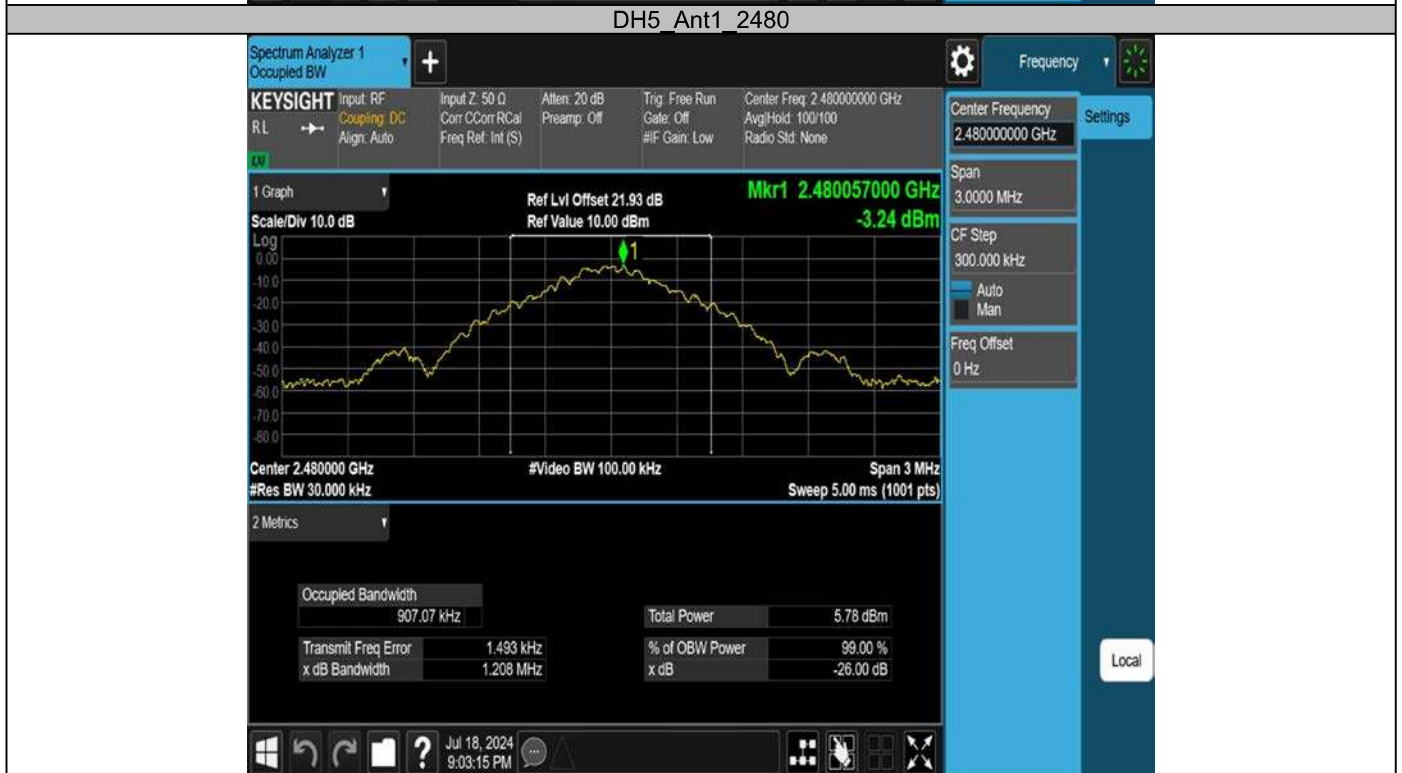


Occupied Channel Bandwidth

Test Mode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	OCB [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	0.90383	2401.5482	2402.4521	---	---
		2441	0.90515	2440.5490	2441.4541	---	---
		2480	0.90707	2479.5480	2480.4550	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2402	1.2002	2401.4010	2402.6012	---	---
		2441	1.2017	2440.3980	2441.5997	---	---
		2480	1.2028	2479.3976	2480.6004	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2402	1.2057	2401.3933	2402.5990	---	---
		2441	1.2059	2440.3933	2441.5992	---	---
		2480	1.2054	2479.3932	2480.5986	---	---

Test Graphs







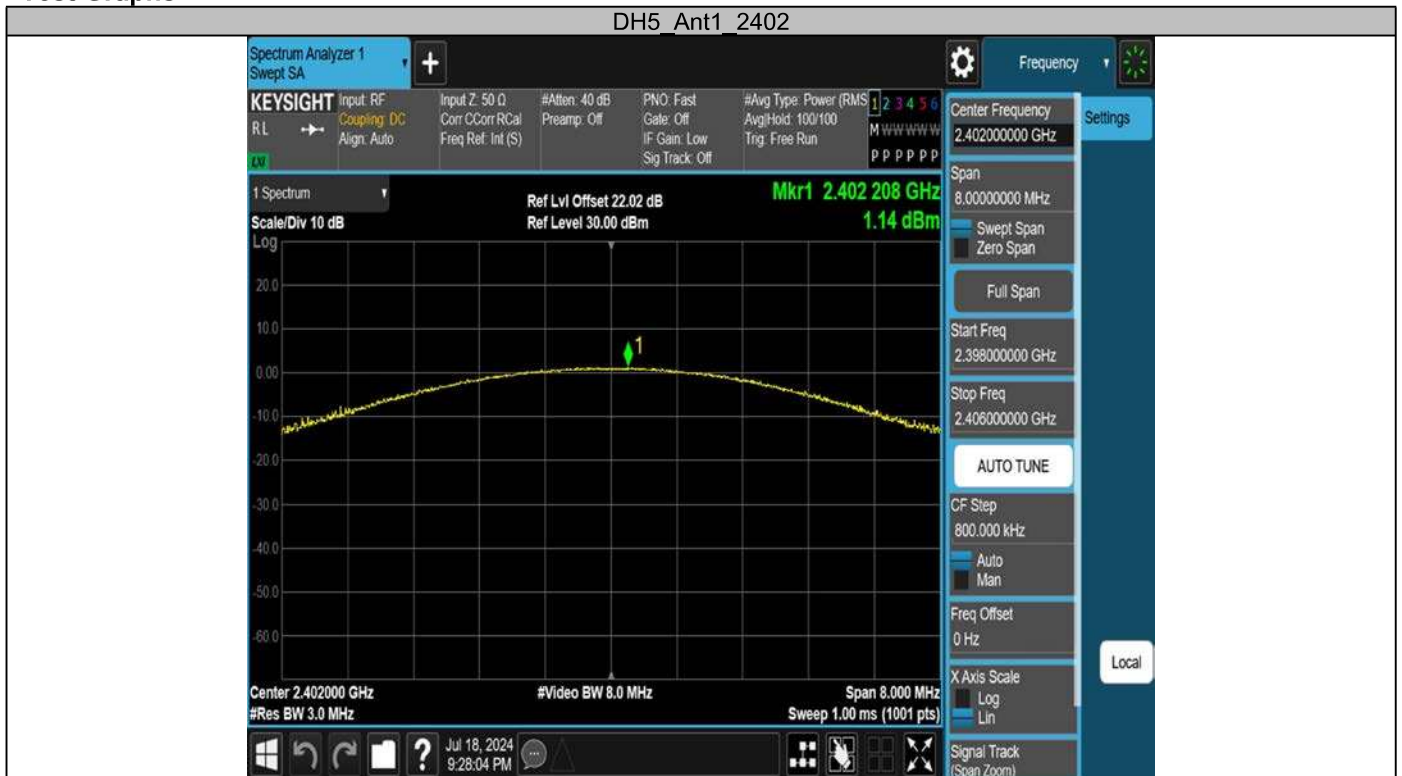


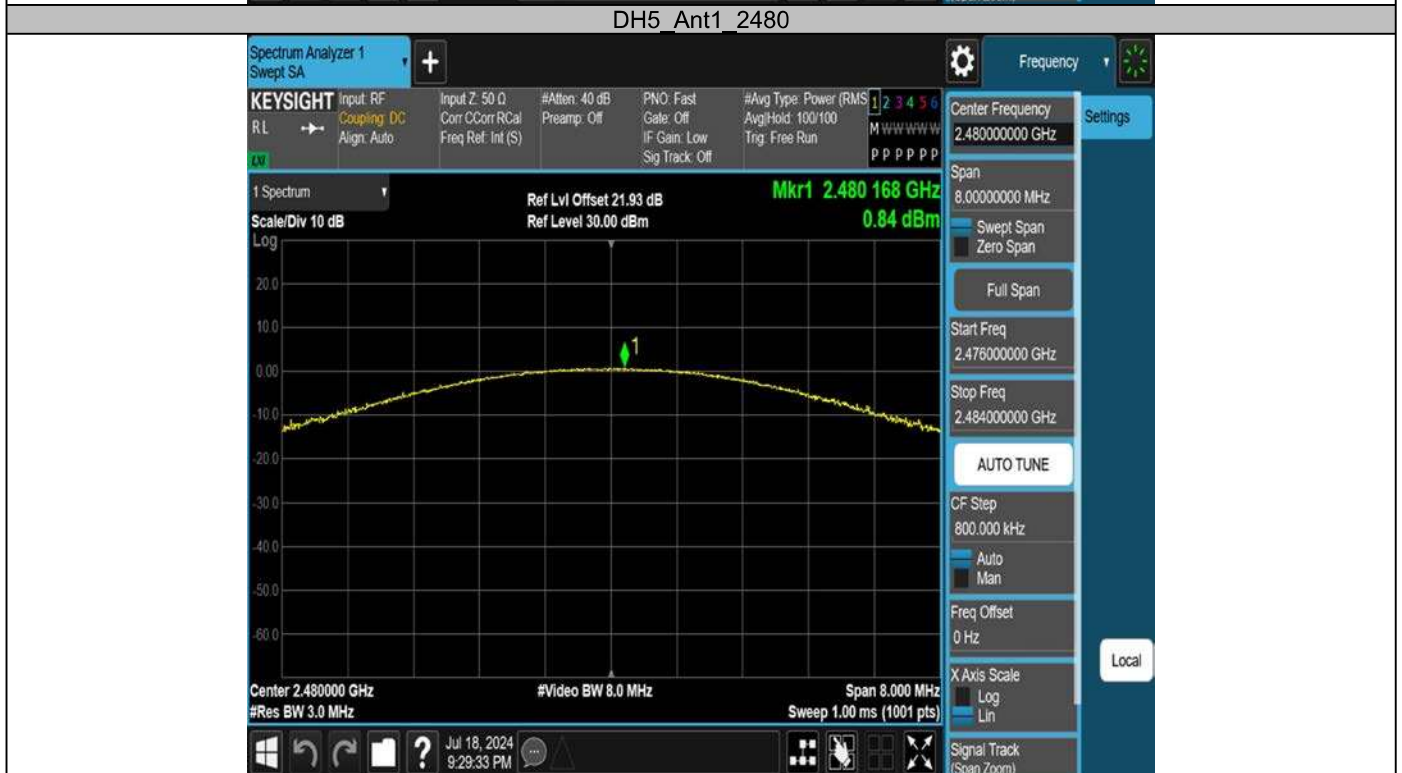


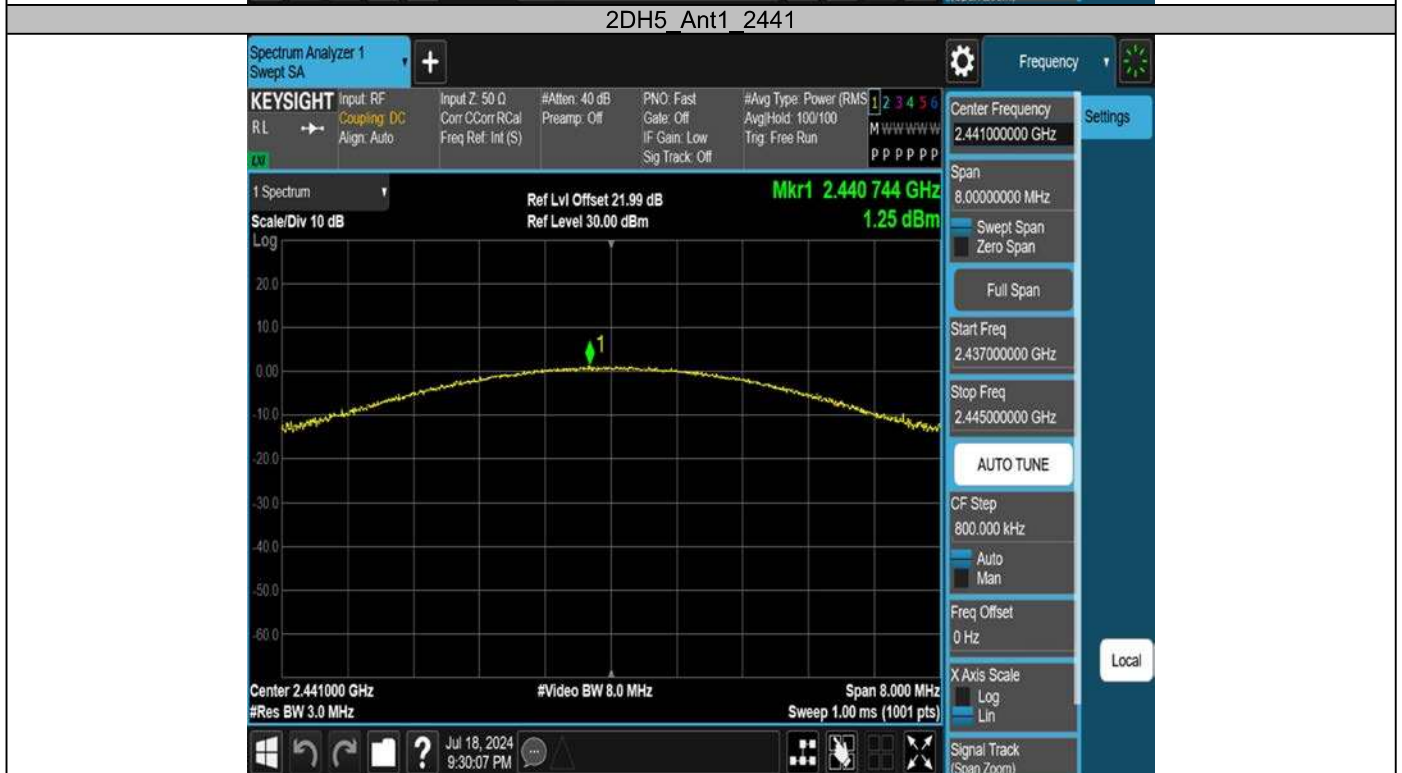
APPENDIX I - MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

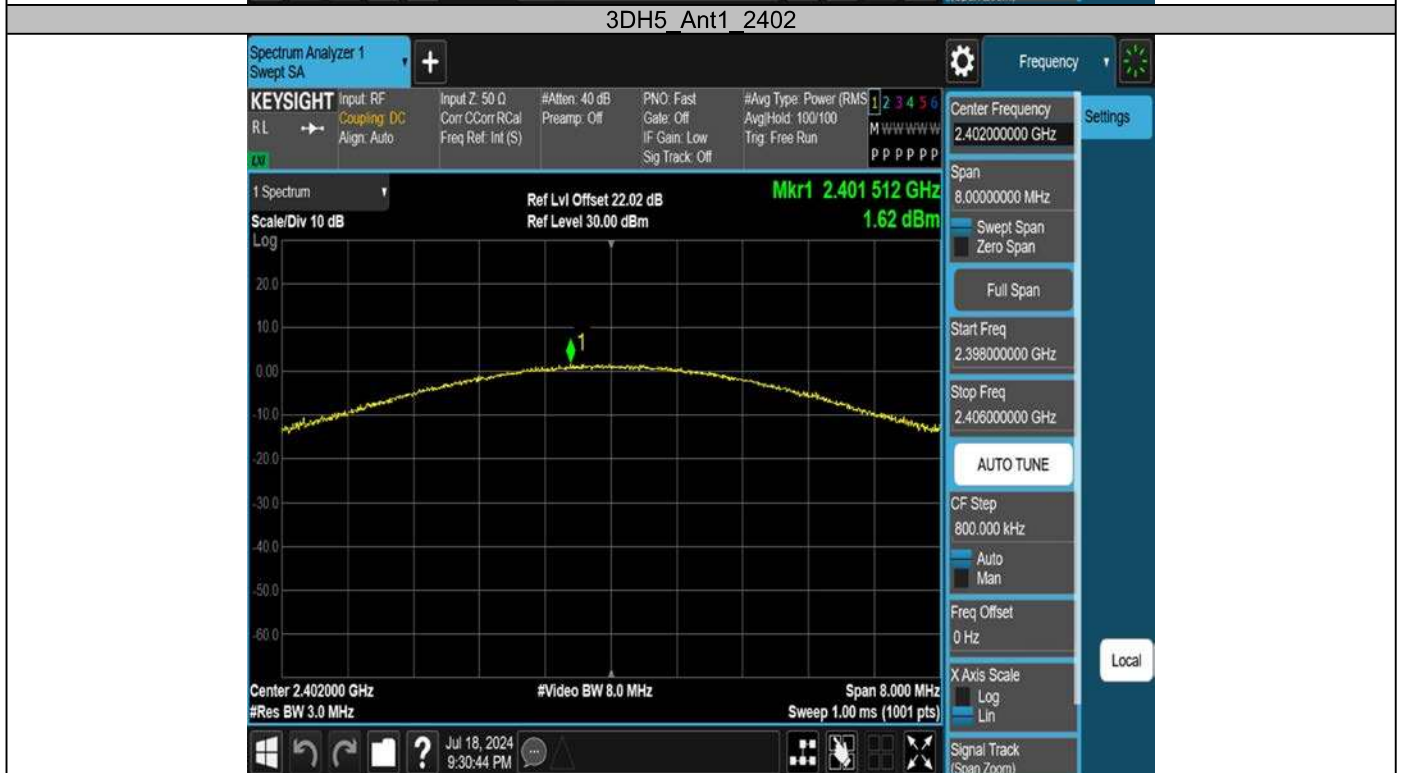
Test Mode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	Conducted Peak Power[dBm]	Conducted Limit[dBm]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	1.14	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	1.12	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	0.84	≤20.97	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2402	1.22	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	1.25	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	0.89	≤20.97	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2402	1.62	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	1.65	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	1.24	≤20.97	PASS

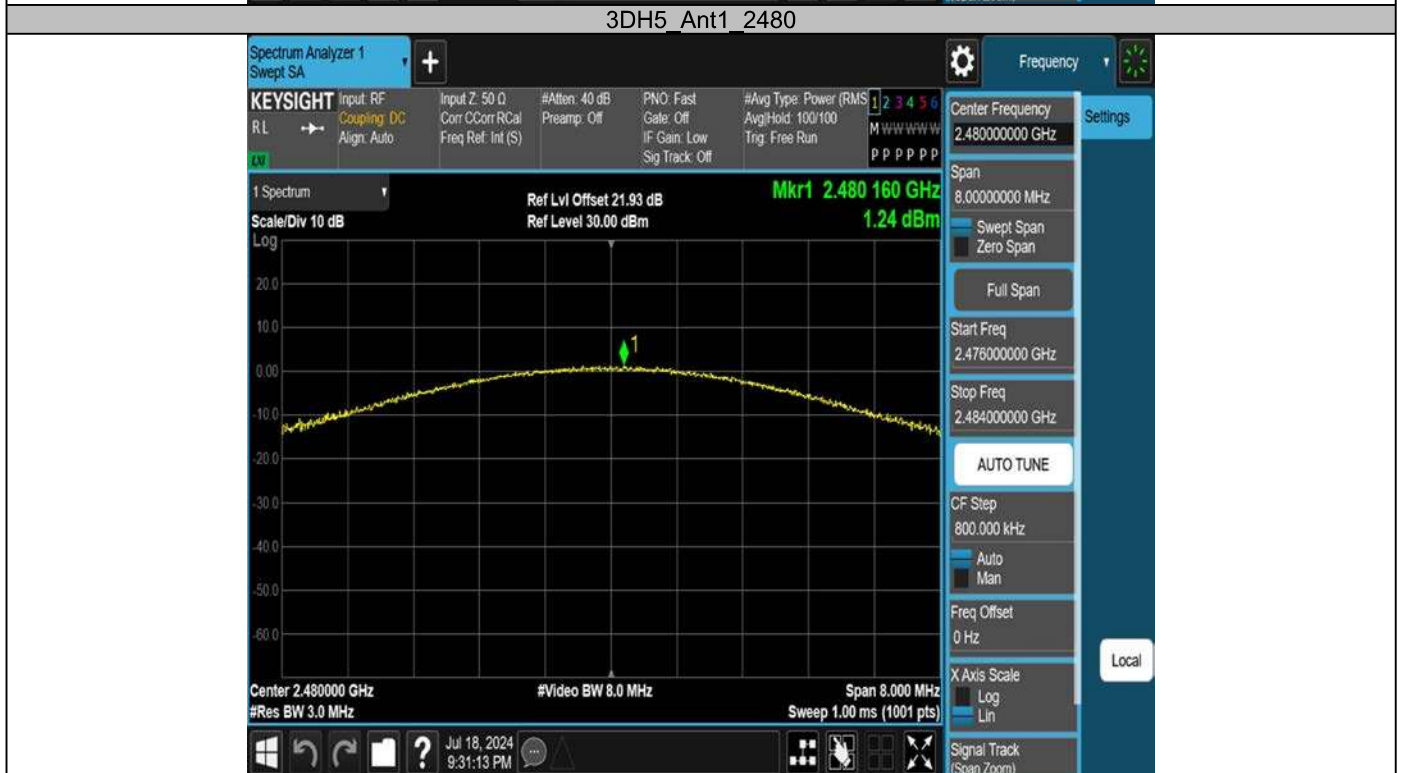
Test Graphs









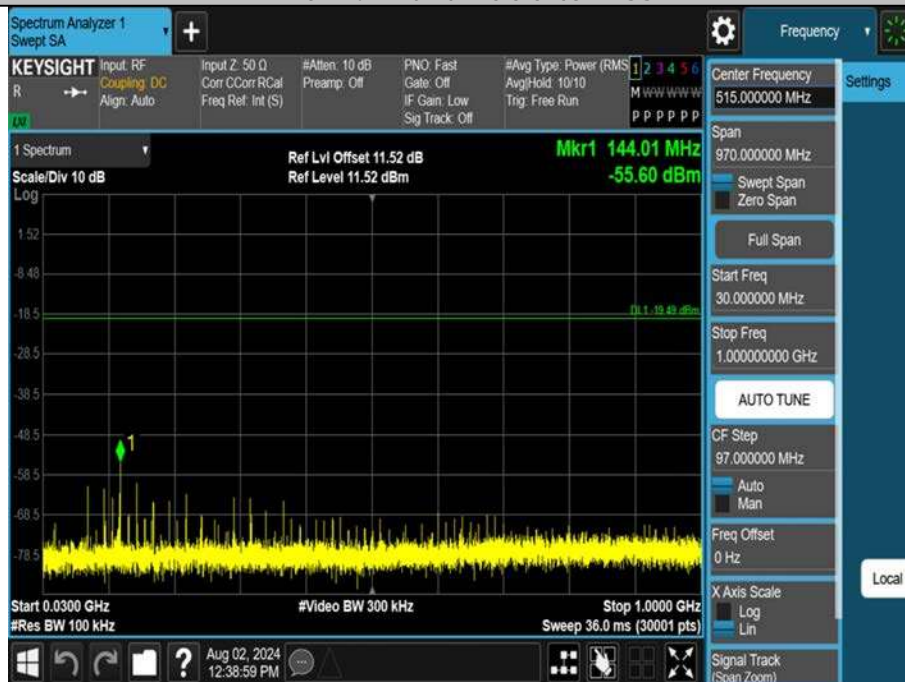


APPENDIX J - CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

Test Graphs



DH5-Ant1-2402-0~Reference-PASS



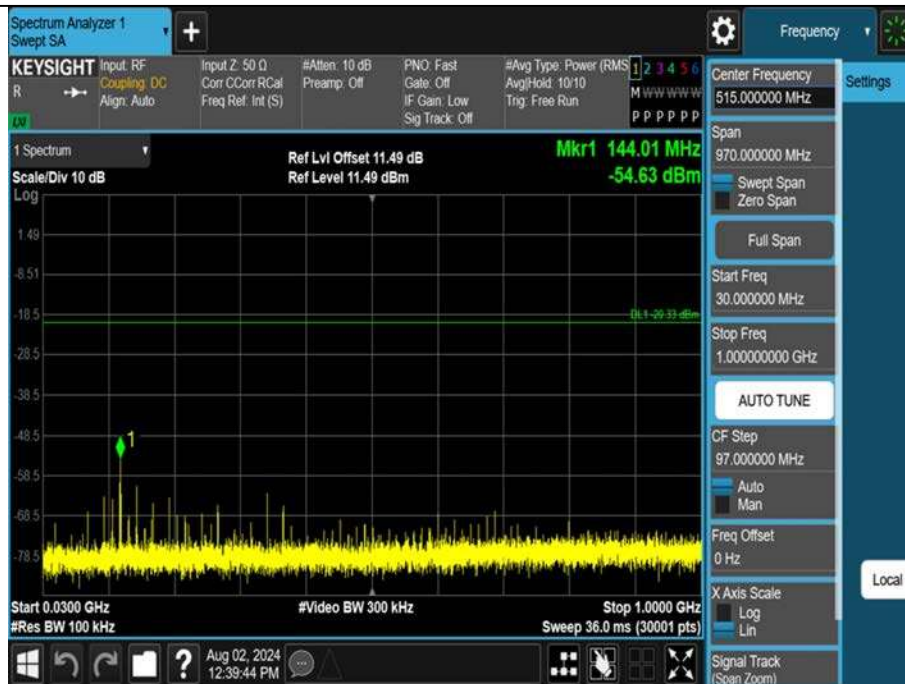
DH5-Ant1-2402-30~1000-PASS



DH5-Ant1-2402-1000~26500-PASS



DH5-Ant1-2441-0~Reference-PASS



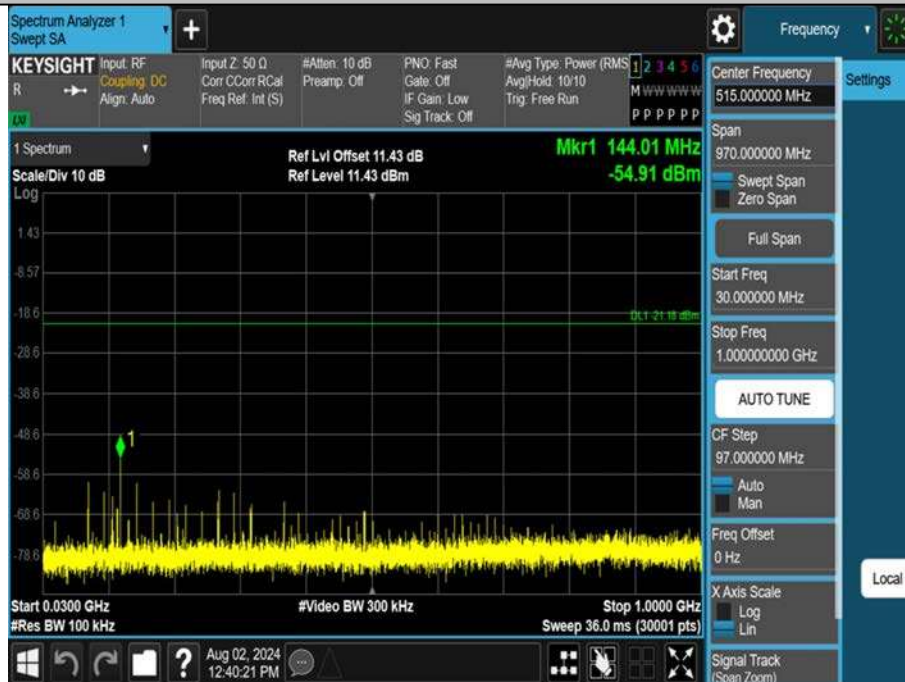
DH5-Ant1-2441-30~1000-PASS



DH5-Ant1-2441-1000~26500-PASS



DH5-Ant1-2480-0~Reference-PASS



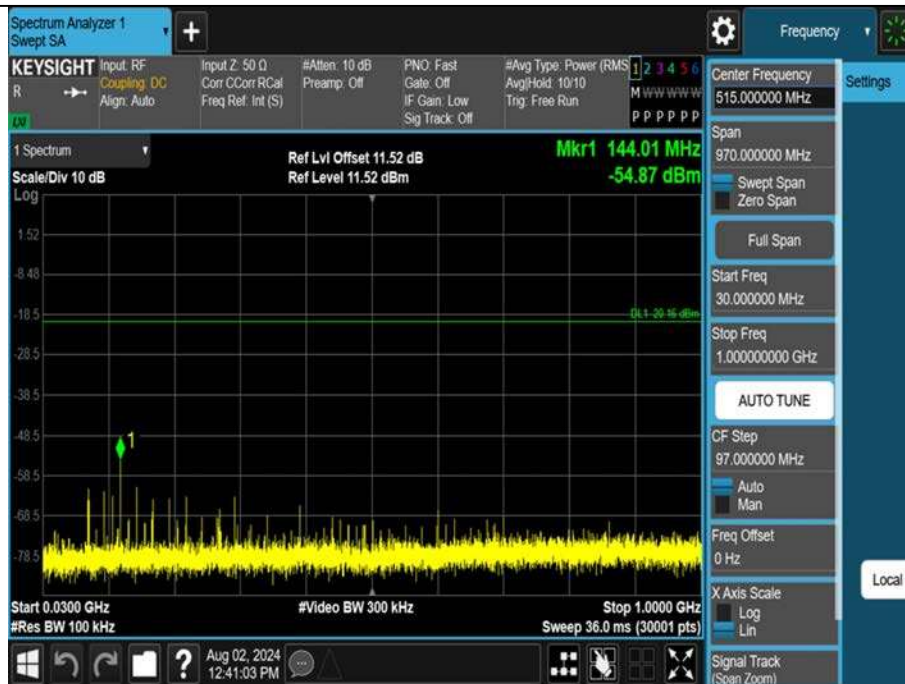
DH5-Ant1-2480-30~1000-PASS



DH5-Ant1-2480-1000~26500-PASS



2DH5-Ant1-2402-0~Reference-PASS



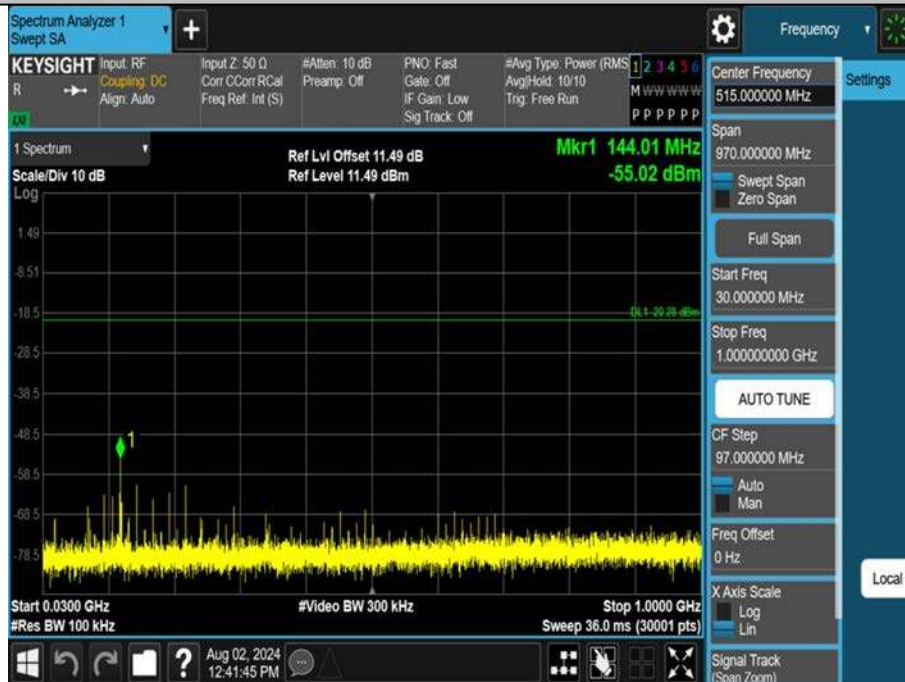
2DH5-Ant1-2402-30~1000-PASS



2DH5-Ant1-2402-1000~26500-PASS



2DH5-Ant1-2441-0~Reference-PASS



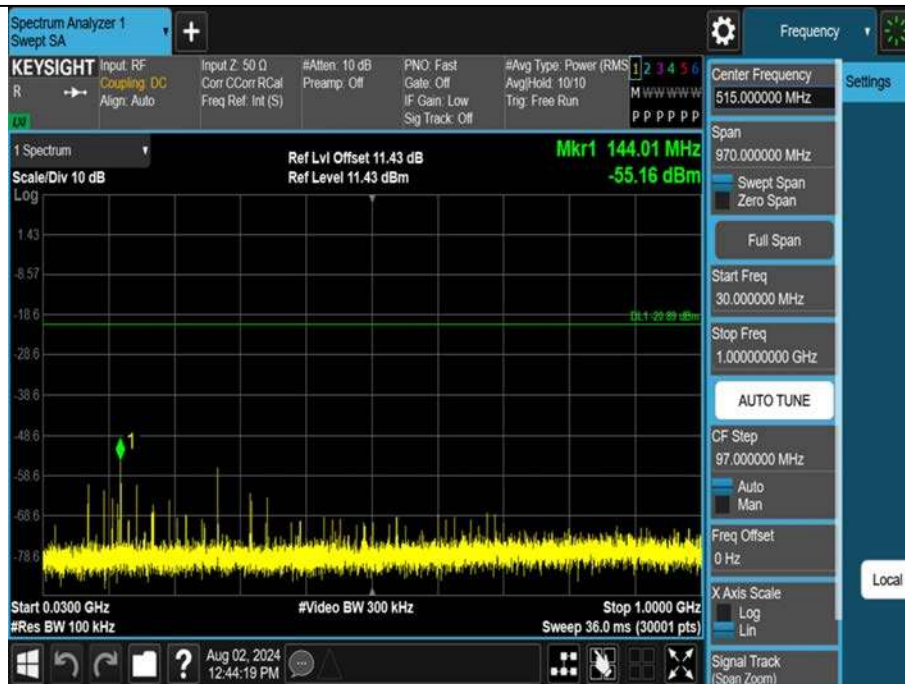
2DH5-Ant1-2441-30~1000-PASS



2DH5-Ant1-2441-1000~26500-PASS



2DH5-Ant1-2480-0~Reference-PASS



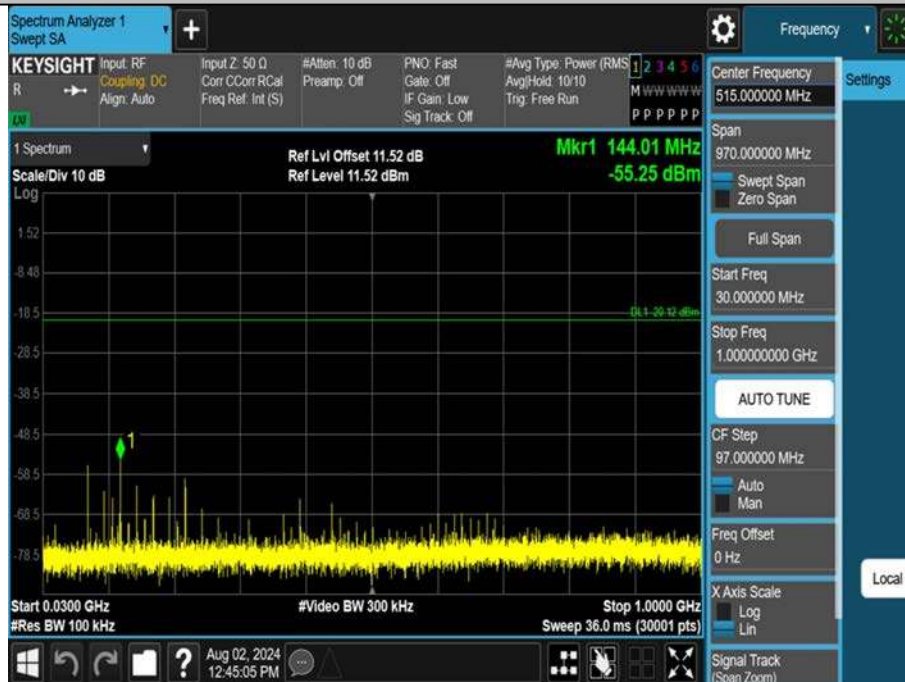
2DH5-Ant1-2480-30~1000-PASS



2DH5-Ant1-2480-1000~26500-PASS



3DH5-Ant1-2402-0~Reference-PASS



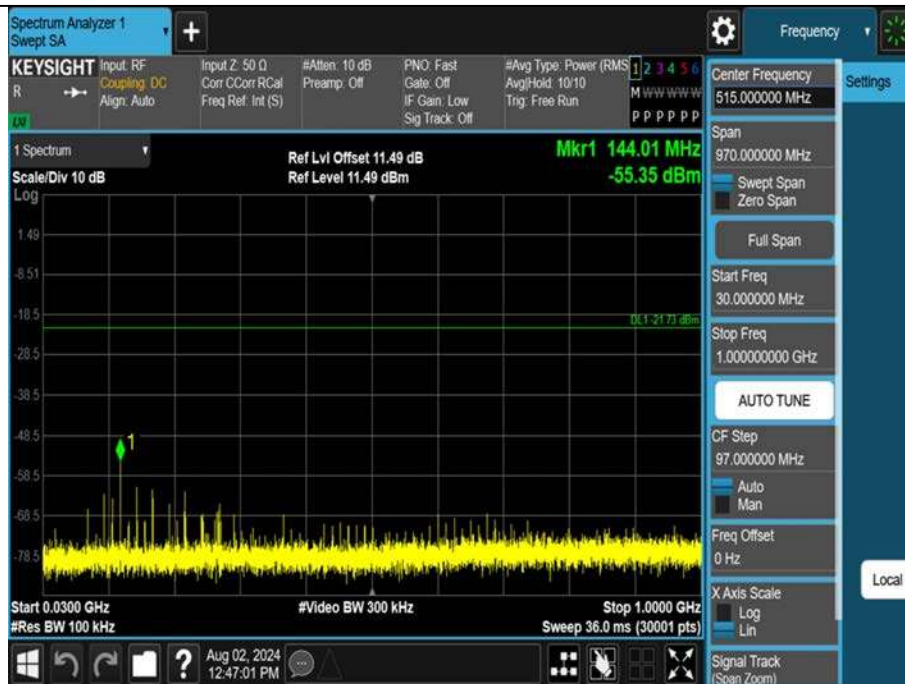
3DH5-Ant1-2402-30~1000-PASS



3DH5-Ant1-2402-1000~26500-PASS



3DH5-Ant1-2441-0~Reference-PASS



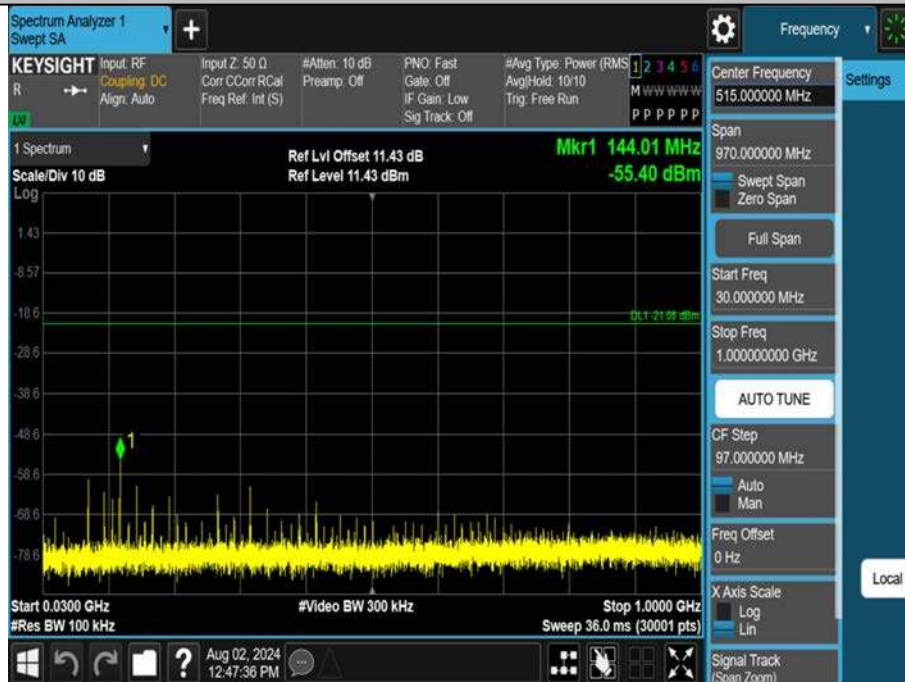
3DH5-Ant1-2441-30~1000-PASS



3DH5-Ant1-2441-1000~26500-PASS



3DH5-Ant1-2480-0~Reference-PASS

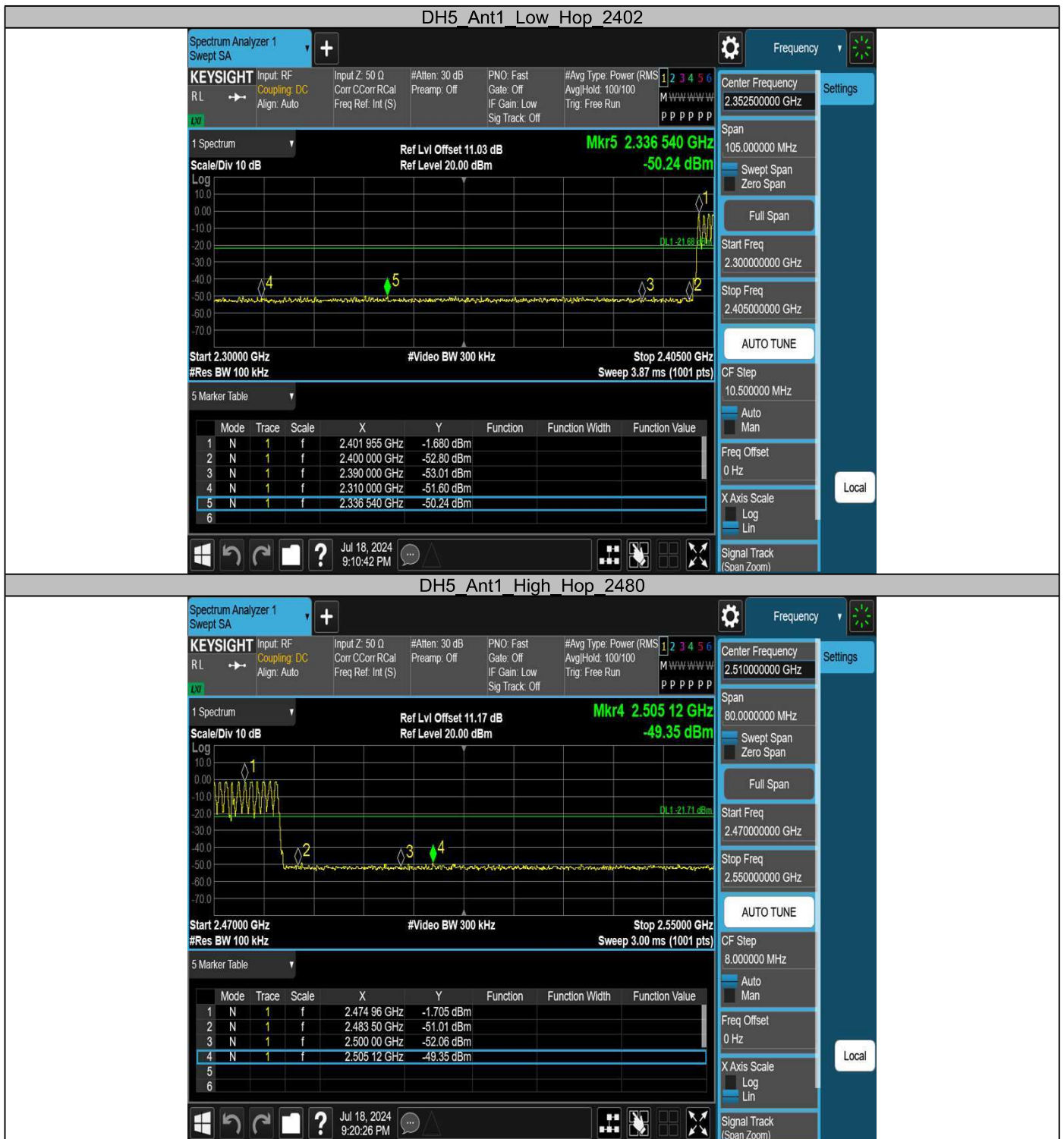


3DH5-Ant1-2480-30~1000-PASS



Band edge



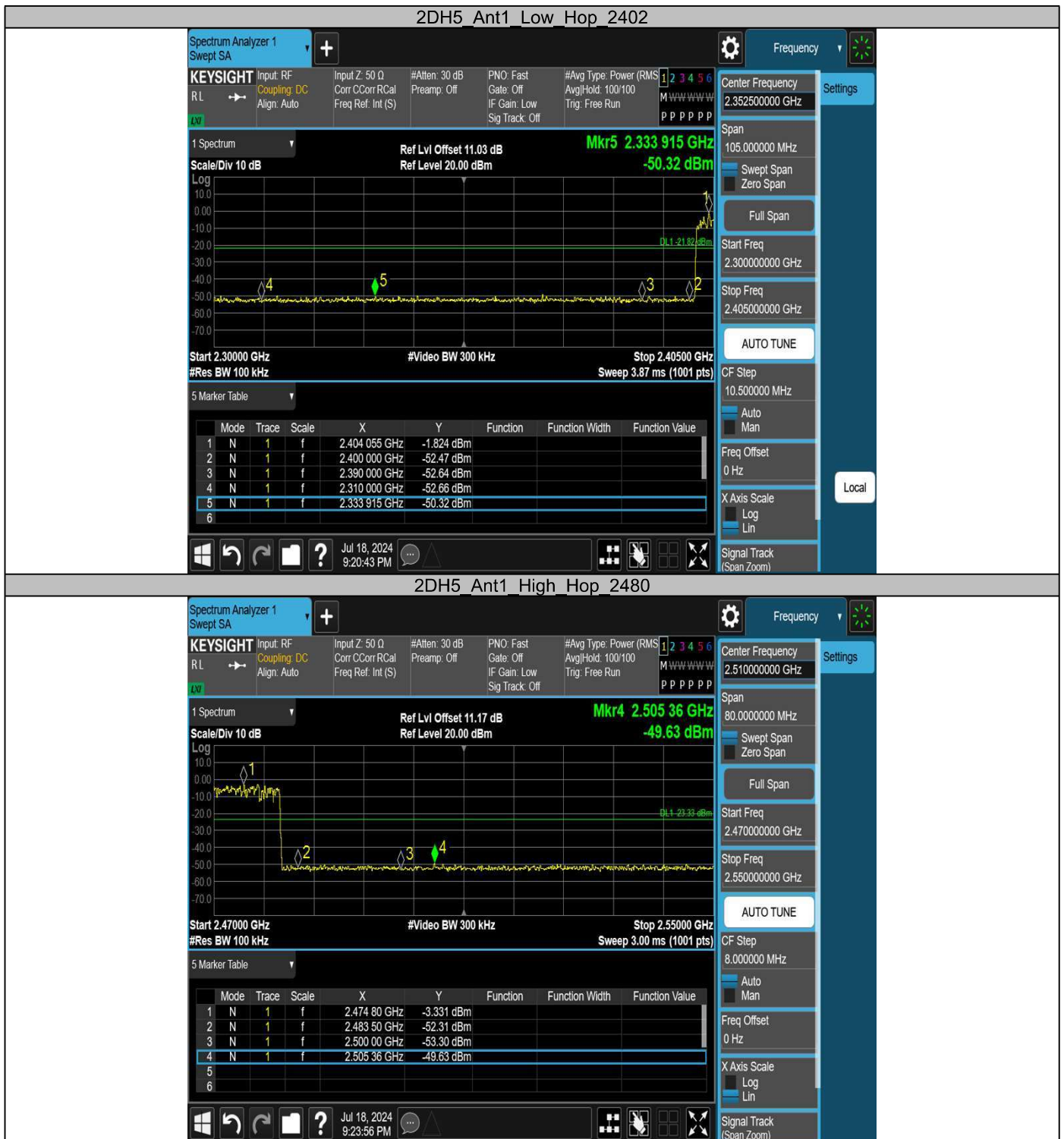


2DH5_Ant1_Low_2402

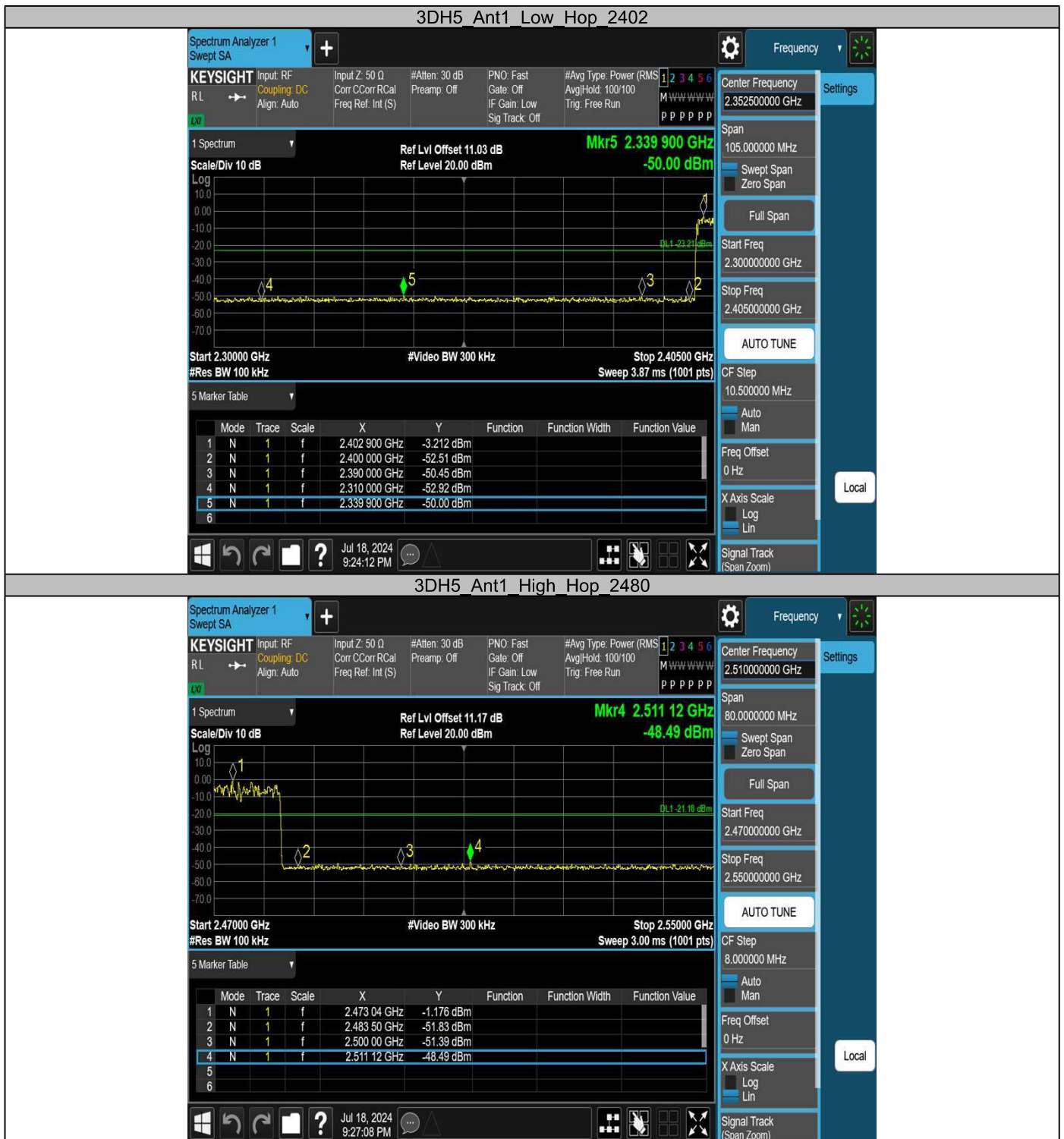


2DH5_Ant1_High_2480









APPENDIX K - DECLARATION FOR BLUETOOTH DEVICE

1. Output power and channel separation of a Bluetooth device in the different operating modes:

The different operating modes (data-mode, acquisition-mode) of a Bluetooth device has no influence on the output power and the channel spacing. There is only one transmitter which is driven by identical input parameters concerning these two parameters.

Only a different hopping sequence will be used. For this reason the check of these RF parameters in one op-mode is sufficient.

2. Frequency range of a Bluetooth device:

Hereby we declare that the maximum frequency of this device is: 2402 - 2480MHz. This is according to the Bluetooth Core Specification (+ critical errata) for devices which will be operated in the USA.

This was checked during the Bluetooth Qualification tests (Test Case: TRM/CA/04-E). Other frequency ranges (e.g. for Spain, France, Japan) which are allowed according the Core Specification are not supported by this device.

3. Co-ordination of the hopping sequence in data mode to avoid simultaneous occupancy by multiple transmitters:

Bluetooth units which want to communicate with other units must be organised in a structure called piconet. This piconet consist of max. 8 Bluetooth units. One unit is the master the other seven are the slaves. The master co-ordinates frequency occupation in this piconet for all units. As the master hop sequence is derived from its BD address which is unique for each Bluetooth device, additional masters intending to establish new piconets will always use different hop sequences.

4. Example of a hopping sequence in data mode:

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

40, 21, 44, 23, 42, 53, 46, 55, 48, 33, 52, 35, 50, 65, 54, 67, 56, 37, 60, 39, 58, 69, 62, 71, 64, 25, 68, 27, 66, 57, 70, 59, 72, 29, 76, 31, 74, 61, 78, 63, 01, 41, 05, 43, 03, 73, 07, 75, 09, 45, 13, 47, 11, 77, 15, 00, 64, 49, 66, 53, 68, 02, 70, 06, 01, 51, 03, 55, 05, 04

5. Equally average use of frequencies in data mode and behaviour for short transmissions:

The generation of the hopping sequence in connection mode depends essentially on two input values:

- LAP/UAP of the master of the connection.
- Internal master clock.

The LAP (lower address part) are the 24 LSB's of the 48 BD_ADDRESS. The BD_ADDRESS is an unambiguous number of every Bluetooth unit. The UAP (upper address part) are the 24 MSB's of the 48 BD_ADDRESS.

The internal clock of a Bluetooth unit is derived from a free running clock which is never adjusted and is never turned off. For synchronisation with other units only offset are used. It has no relation to the time of the day. Its resolution is at least half the RX/TX slot length of 312.5 μ s. The clock has a cycle of about one day (23h30). In most case it is implemented as 28 bit counter. For the deriving of the hopping sequence the entire.

LAP (24 bits), 4 LSB's (4 bits) (Input 1) and the 27 MSB's of the clock (Input 2) are used. With this input values different mathematical procedures (permutations, additions, XOR- operations) are performed to generate the sequence. This will be done at the beginning of every new transmission.

Regarding short transmissions the Bluetooth system has the following behaviour:

The first connection between the two devices is established, a hopping sequence was generated. For transmitting the wanted data the complete hopping sequence was not used. The connection ended.

The second connection will be established. A new hopping sequence is generated. Due to the fact that the Bluetooth clock has a different value, because the period between the two transmission is longer (and it cannot be shorter) than the minimum resolution of the clock (312.5 μ s). The hopping sequence will always

differ from the first one.

6. Receiver input bandwidth and behaviour for repeated single or multiple packets:

The input bandwidth of the receiver is 1 MHz. In every connection one Bluetooth device is the master and the other one is the slave. The master determines the hopping sequence (see chapter 5). The slave follows this sequence. Both devices shift between RX and TX time slot according to the clock of the master.

Additionally the type of connection (e.g. single or multislot packet) is set up at the beginning of the connection. The master adapts its hopping frequency and its TX/RX timing according to the packet type of the connection. Also the slave of the connection will use these settings.

Repeating of a packet has no influence on the hopping sequence. The hopping sequence generated by the master of the connection will be followed in any case. That means, a repeated packet will not be send on the same frequency, it is send on the next frequency of the hopping sequence.

Statement

1. The report is invalid without the official seal or special seal of Shenzhen Haiyun Standard Technology Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the unit).
2. The report is invalid without the signature of the approver.
3. The report is invalid if altered arbitrarily.
4. The report shall not be partially copied without the written approval of the unit.
5. The reported test results are only valid for the tested samples.
6. If there is any objection to the test report, it shall be submitted to the test unit within 15 days from the date of receiving the report, and the overdue shall not be accepted.

Shenzhen Haiyun Standard Technology Co., Ltd.

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Tel: 0755-26024411

Email: service@hy-lab.cn

End of Test Report