

#### SAR EVALUATION REPORT

FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 IEEE Std. 1528-2013

For CHAMPe Bingo Handset

FCC ID: 2AUX7-VK7 Model: VK7

Report Number: 4789391992-10-SAR-2

Issue Date: March 31, 2020

Prepared for

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### Prepared by

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### **Revision History**

Rev.	Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1.0	March 31, 2020	Initial Issue	/

Note: This report is only published to and used by the applicant, and it is not for evidence purpose in China.

### Report No.: 4789182259-10-SAR-2

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## 1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name	Estone Technolo	ogy LTD				
Address	2F,Building No.1, Jia'an Industrial Park, No.2 Long Chang Road, Bao'an, Shenzhen, China.					
Manufacturer	Estone Technolo	ogy LTD				
Address	2F,Building No.1, Jia'an Industrial Park, No.2 Long Chang Road, Bao'an, Shenzhen, China.					
EUT Name	CHAMPe Bingo	Handset				
Model	VK7					
Sample Status	Normal					
Sample Received Date	March 10, 2020					
Date of Tested	March 10~ 18, 2020					
Applicable Standards	FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 Applicable Standards IEEE Std. 1528-2013 KDB publication					
SAR Limits (W/Kg)						
Exposure Category	1	tial-average tissue)	Extremities (hands, wrists, ankles, etc.) (10g of tissue)			
General population / Uncontrolled exposure		1.6	4			
The Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)						
RF Exposure Conditions		Equip	ment Class			
Ki Exposure Conditions	DSS	DTS	U-NII			
Body (1-g)	/	0.425	1.315			
Simultaneous Transmission (1-g)			1.391			
Test Results			Pass			
Prepared By:	Reviewed By:		Approved By:			
Jacky Jang	Sheunder		Laphenbur			
Jacky Jiang Engineer Project Associate	Shawn Wen Laboratory Lea	der	Stephen Guo Laboratory Manager			

## 2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with IEEE Std.1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

- 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
- o 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
- o 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants
- o 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
- o 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
- o 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets

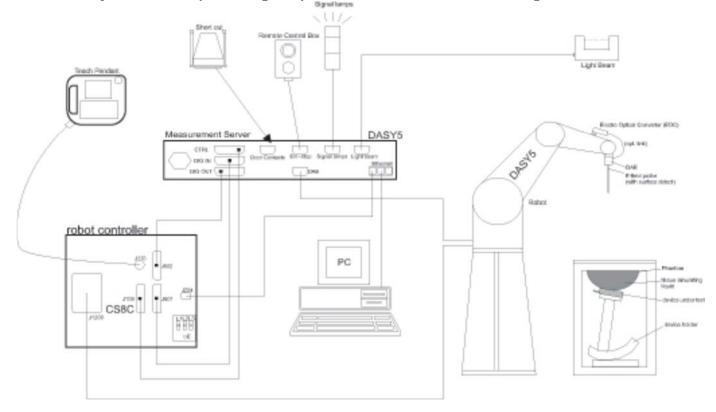
## 3. Facilities and Accreditation

Test Location	UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch.
Address	Building 10, Innovation Technology Park, Song Shan Lake Hi tech Development Zone, Dongguan, 523808, China
Accreditation Certificate	A2LA (Certificate No.: 4102.01)  UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with A2LA.  FCC (FCC Recognized No.: CN1187)  UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch has been recognized to perform compliance testing on equipment subject to the Commission's Declaration of Conformity (DoC) and Certification rules  IC(Company No.: 21320)  UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch has been registered and fully described in a report filed with Industry Canada. The Company Number is 21320.  VCCI (Registration No.: G-20019, R-20004, C-20012 and T-20011)  UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with VCCI, the Membership No. is 3793. Facility Name:  Chamber D, the VCCI registration No. is G-20019 and R-20004  Shielding Room B, the VCCI registration No. is C-20012 and T-20011
Description	All measurement facilities use to collect the measurement data are located at Building 10, Innovation Technology Park, Song Shan Lake Hi tech Development Zone, Dongguan, 523808, China

## 4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

### 4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### 4.2. SAR Scan Procedures

#### **Step 1: Power Reference Measurement**

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

#### Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in Db) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 Db range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 Db is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

#### Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

			$\leq$ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$			$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface		≤ 4 mm	$3-4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4-5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5-6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subseque points	between subsequent	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta x$	Z <sub>Zoom</sub> (n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in Db from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

#### Step 5: Z-Scan (FCC only)

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation the extrapolated distance should not be greater than the step size in Z-direction.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based *1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

### 4.3. Test Equipment

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

Name of equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
ENA Network Analyzer	Keysight	E5080A	MY55100583	2020.12.05
Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	SM DAK 040 SA	1155	NCR
DC power supply	Keysight	E36103A	MY55350020	2020.12.04
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SME06	837633\001	2020.12.04
BI-Directional Coupler	WERLATONE	C8060-102	3423	2020.12.04
Peak and Average Power Sensor	Keysight	E9323A	MY55440013	2020.12.05
Peak and Average Power Sensor	Keysight	E9323A	MY55420006	2020.12.05
Dual Channel PK Power Meter	Keysight	N1912A	MY55416024	2020.12.05
Amplifier	CORAD TECHNOLOGY LTD	AMF-4D-00400600-50- 30P	1983561	NCR
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7383	2021.01.02
Data Acquisition Electronic	SPEAG	DAE4	570	2020.6.12
Dipole Kit 2450 MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	977	2021.12.04
Dipole Kit 5 GHz	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1231	2021.12.07
Software	SPEAG	DASY52	N/A	NCR
Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM V5.0	1805	NCR
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	ELI V5.0	1235	NCR
Thermometer	1	GX-138	150709653	2020.12.09
Thermometer	VICTOR	ITHX-SD-5	18470005	2020.12.10

#### Note:

- 1) Per KDB865664D01 v01r04 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three-year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) The most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement.
- d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within  $5\Omega$  from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

### 5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std. 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

# 6. Device Under Test (DUT) Information

## 6.1. DUT Description

The DUT is	The DUT is a Tablet with IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac radio.				
Dimension	Overall (Length x Width x Height): 256 mm x 145 mm x 40 mm				

## 6.2. Wireless Technology

Wireless technology	Frequency band
Wi-Fi	2.4 GHz
Wi-Fi	5 GHz
Bluetooth	2.4GHz

## 7. Conducted Output Power Measurement and tune-up tolerance

### 7.1. Power measurement result of 2.4GHz Wi-Fi.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	SAR Test	Duty Cycle %		
	1	2412		17.16	17.50				
802.11b	6	2437	1Mbps	17.03	17.50	Required	100		
	11	2462	-	17.38	17.50				
	1	2412			15.5				
802.11g	6	2437	6Mbps	6Mbps Not Required	6Mbps	Not Required	15.5	Excluded	\
	11	2462			15.5				
902 11p	1	2412			16.0				
802.11n- HT20	6	2437	MCS0	Not Required	16.0	Excluded	\		
11120	11	2462			16.0				

7.2. Power measurement result of 5GHz Wi-Fi (U-NII-1).

7.2. I ower measurement result of Sonz Wi-i i (O-Mi-i).								
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit	SAR Test	Duty Cycle %	
	36	5180			15.5			
802.11a-20	40	5200	6Mbps	Not Required	15.5	Excluded	\	
	48	5240			15.5			
	36	5180	MCS0			14.5		
802.11n-HT20	40	5200		Not Required	14.5	Excluded	\	
	48	5240			14.5			
802.11n-HT40	38	5190	MCS0	MCSO Not Poquir	Not Required	14.5	Excluded	\ 
002.1111-11140	46	5230		Not Required	14.5	Excluded	\	
000 44	36	5180				13.5		
802.11ac- VHT20	40	5200	MCS0	1CS0 Not Required	13.5	Excluded	\	
V11120	48	5240			13.5			
802.11ac-	38	5190	MCCO	Not Doguirod	13.5	Excluded	\	
VHT40	46	5230	MCS0	Not Required	13.5			
802.11ac- VHT80	42	5210	MCS0	Not Required	13.5	Excluded	\	

Note: When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤1.2W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.

## 7.3. Power measurement result of 5GHz Wi-Fi (U-NII-2A).

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit	SAR Test	Duty Cycle %	
	52	5260		15.32	15.5			
802.11a-20	60	5300	6Mbps	15.49	15.5	Required	97.57	
	64	5320		15.31	15.5			
	52	5260			14.5			
802.11n-HT20	60	5300	MCS0	Not Required	14.5	Excluded	\	
	64	5320				14.5		
802.11n-HT40	54	5270	MCS0	Not Required	13.0	Excluded	\	

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	62	5310			13.0		
000 1100	52	5260			13.5		
802.11ac- VHT20	60	5300	MCS0	Not Required	13.5	Excluded	\
VH120	64	5320			13.5		
802.11ac-	54	5270	MCS0	Not Required	13.0	Excluded	\
VHT40	62	5310	MCSU	Not Required	13.0	Excluded	\
802.11ac- VHT80	58	5290	MCS0	Not Required	13.5	Excluded	\

## 7.4. Power measurement result of 5GHz Wi-Fi (U-NII-2C).

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit	SAR Test	Duty Cycle %
	100	5500		12.16	13.5		
	104	5520		11.75	13.5		
	108	5540	·	11.62	13.5		
	112	5560	·	11.39	13.5		
	116	5580		11.77	13.5		
802.11a-20	120	5600	6Mbpa	13.32	13.5	Doguirod	07.57
	124	5620	6Mbps	11.59	13.5	Required	97.57
	128	5640		11.81	13.5		
	132	5660	·	11.63	13.5		
	136	5680	·	11.76	13.5		
	140	5700	[	12.37	13.5		
	144	5720		12.06	13.5		
	100	5500			12.0		
	104	5520		Not Required	12.0	Excluded	\
	108	5540			12.0		
	112	5560	•		12.0		
	116	5580	MCS0		12.0		
000 44 × LITO0	120	5600			12.0		
802.11n-HT20	124	5620			12.0		
	128	5640	·		12.0		
	132	5660			12.0		
	136	5680	·		12.0		
	140	5700			12.0		
	144	5720	·		12.0		
	102	5510			10.0		
	110	5550	·		10.0		
802.11n-HT40	118	5590	MCS0	Not Doguirod	10.0	Excluded	\
002.1111-1140	126	5630	MCSU	Not Required	10.0	Excluded	\
	134	5670			10.0		
	142	5710			10.0		
	100	5500			12.0		
	104	5520			12.0		
000 44	108	5540			12.0		
802.11ac- VHT20	112	5560	MCS0	Not Required	12.0	Excluded	\
VIIIZU	116	5580			12.0		1
	120	5600			12.0		
	124	5620			12.0		

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	128	5640			12.0		
	132	5660			12.0		
	136	5680			12.0		
	140	5700			12.0		
	144	5720			12.0		
_	102	5510			10.0		
	110	5550	MCS0	Not Required	10.0	- Excluded	
802.11ac-	118	5590			10.0		,
VHT40	126	5630			10.0		\
	134	5670			10.0		
	142	5710			10.0		
000 44	106	5530			10.5		
802.11ac- — VHT80 —	122	5610	MCS0	Not Required	10.5	Excluded	\
V11100	138	5690			10.5		

7.5. Power measurement result of 5GHz Wi-Fi (U-NII-3).

7.5. Fower measurement result of SGHZ WI-FI (U-NII-5).											
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit	SAR Test	Duty Cycle %				
	149	5745		13.37	14.0						
	153	5765		12.98	14.0						
802.11a-20	157	5785	6Mbps	13.88	14.0	Required	97.57				
	161	5805		13.02	14.0						
	165	5825		13.45	14.0						
	149	5745			13.6						
	153	5765	MCS0	Not Required	13.6	Excluded	١				
802.11n-HT20	157	5785			13.6						
	161	5805			13.6						
	165	5825			13.6						
802.11n-HT40	151	5755	MCS0	Not Required	13.5	Excluded	,				
002.1111-1140	159	5795	IVICSU	Not Required	13.5	Excluded	\				
	149	5745			13.5						
000 11	153	5765			13.5						
802.11ac- VHT20	157	5785	MCS0	Not Required	13.5	Excluded	\				
V11120	161	5805			13.5						
	165	5825			13.5						
802.11ac-	151	5755	MCS0	Not Doguirod	13.5	Excluded	\				
VHT40	159	5795	IVICOU	Not Required	13.5	Excluded	1				
802.11ac- VHT80	155	5775	MCS0	Not Required	13.5	Excluded	\				

#### Note:

As per KDB 447498 sec.4.1.d) at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

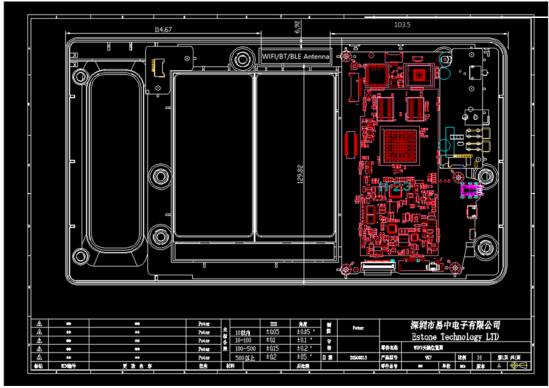
### 7.6. Power measurement result BT

	Band	Mode	Average	Tungun		
		Mode	0CH	39CH	78CH	Tune-up
	0.40	DH5	3.81	3.69	3.56	4.0
	2.4G	3DH5	0.58	0.41	-0.11	1.0

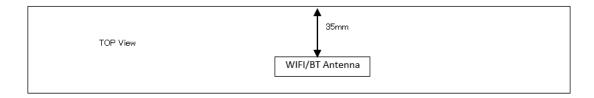
Band	Mode	Average	Tungun		
Band	Mode	0CH	19CH	39CH	Tune-up
2.4G	BLE	3.18	3.31	2.80	3.5

## 8. RF Exposure Conditions

Refer to the diagram of the device below for the specific details of the antenna to edges distances.



Rear View



#### Per FCC KDB 616217 D04

The overall diagonal dimension of the display section of a tablet is > 20cm, the bottom surface and edges of the tablet should be selected for SAR evaluation at a 0mm separation distance, Exposures from antennas through the front surface of the display section of a full-size tablet, away from the edges, are generally limited to the user's hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary, except for tablets that are designed to require continuous operations with the hand(s) next to the antenna(s)

#### Per FCC KDB 447498D01:

1. The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $\leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for product specific 10-g SAR, where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

- 2. The SAR exclusion threshold for distances >50mm is defined by the following equation, as illustrated in KDB 447498 D01 Appendix B:
- a) at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

[Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm)·( f(MHz)/150)] mW b) at > 1500 MHz and  $\leq$  6 GHz

[Power allowed at numeric Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm)·10] mW

3. The test separation distances required for a device to demonstrate SAR or MPE compliance must be sufficiently conservative to support the operational separation distances required by the device and its antennas and radiating structures. For devices such as tablets and transmitters embedded in keyboard sections of laptop computers that are typically used in close proximity to users, the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user. For larger devices, as the antenna operational separation distance increases to where the SAR characteristics of the device and its antennas are not directly influenced by the user, such as antennas along the top and upper side edges of laptop computer displays or opposite and adjacent edges of tablets, the test separation distance is normally determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.

For Bluetooth 1-g SAR (antenna to edges separation distance less than 50mm)

Position	Frequency	Power (dBm)	Power (mW)	Separation Distance (mm)	Calculated Result	Threshold	SAR Test
Top edge	2462	4.0	2.51	6.92	0.57	3.0	Excluded
Bottom edge	2462	4.0	2.51	1	1	\	\
Left edge	2462	4.0	2.51	\	1	\	\
Right edge	2462	4.0	2.51	1	1	\	\
Rear surface	2462	4.0	2.51	35	0.1	3.0	Excluded

For Bluetooth 1-g SAR (antenna to edges separation distance greater than 50mm)

Position	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Power (mW)	Power allowed at 50mm (mW)	Separation Distance (mm)	Calculation Result (mW)	SAR Test
Top edge	2480	4.0	2.51	\	\	\	\
Bottom edge	2480	4.0	2.51	95.25	129.82	893.45	Excluded
Left edge	2480	4.0	2.51	95.25	103.5	630.25	Excluded
Right edge	2480	4.0	2.51	95.25	114.67	741.95	Excluded
Rear surface	2480	4.0	2.51	\	\	\	\

#### Note:

Because the power in mW is less than the calculation result, so SAR evaluation for corresponding position is not required.

For 2.4GHz Wi-Fi 1-q SAR (antenna to edges separation distance less than 50mm)

Position	Frequency	Power (dBm)	Power (mW)	Separation Distance (mm)	Calculated Result	Threshold	SAR Test
Top edge	2462	17.5	56.23	6.92	12.75	3.0	Required
Bottom edge	2462	17.5	56.23	1	1	1	\
Left edge	2462	17.5	56.23	/	1	/	\
Right edge	2462	17.5	56.23	1	1	1	\
Rear surface	2462	17.5	56.23	35	2.5	3.0	Excluded

#### Note:

Because the calculated result is greater than the threshold, so SAR evaluation for corresponding position is required.

For 2.4GHz Wi-Fi 1-g SAR (antenna to edges separation distance greater than 50mm)

Position	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Power (mW)	Power allowed at 50mm (mW)	Separation Distance (mm)	Calculation Result (mW)	SAR Test
Top edge	2462	17.5	56.23	\	\	\	\
Bottom edge	2462	17.5	56.23	95.60	129.82	893.8	Excluded
Left edge	2462	17.5	56.23	95.60	103.5	630.6	Excluded
Right edge	2462	17.5	56.23	95.60	114.67	742.3	Excluded
Rear surface	2462	17.5	56.23	\	\	\	\

#### Note:

Because the power in mW is less than the calculation result, so SAR evaluation for corresponding position is not required.

For 5GHz Wi-Fi 1-g SAR (antenna to edges separation distance less than 50mm)

Position	Frequency	Power (dBm)	Power (mW)	Separation Distance (mm)	Calculated Result	Threshold	SAR Test
Top edge	5825	15.5	35.48	6.92	12.375	3.0	Required
Bottom edge	5825	15.5	35.48	1	1	/	\
Left edge	5825	15.5	35.48	1	1	/	\
Right edge	5825	15.5	35.48	1	1	1	\
Rear surface	5825	15.5	35.48	35	2.4	3.0	Excluded

#### Note:

Because the calculated result is greater than the threshold, so SAR evaluation for corresponding position is required.

For 5GHz Wi-Fi 1-g SAR (antenna to edges separation distance greater than 50mm)

Position	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Power (mW)	Power allowed at 50mm	Separation Distance (mm)	Calculation Result (mW)	SAR Test
Top edge	5825	15.5	35.48	\	\	\	/
Bottom edge	5825	15.5	35.48	62.15	129.82	860.35	Excluded
Left edge	5825	15.5	35.48	62.15	103.5	597.15	Excluded
Right edge	5825	15.5	35.48	62.15	114.67	708.85	Excluded
Rear surface	5825	15.5	35.48	\	\	\	/

#### Note:

Because the power in mW is less than the calculation result, so SAR evaluation for corresponding position is not required.

## 9. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

### 9.1. Dielectric Property Measurements

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within  $18^{\circ}$ C to  $25^{\circ}$ C and within  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

#### **Tissue Dielectric Parameters**

FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Target Frequency (MHz)	H	ead	В	ody
rarget Frequency (Miriz)	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

IEEE Std 1528-2013
Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

**Dielectric Property Measurements Results:** 

Liquid	Freq.	Liquid Parameters			Dolt	to(0/)				
		Measured T		Tarç	arget		Delta(%)		Temp. (°C)	Test Date
		€r	σ	€r	σ	€r	σ	(%)	, ,	,
Head 2450	2450	39.7	1.799	39.20	1.80	1.28	-0.06	±5	21.9	March 17, 2020
Head 5250	5250	36.21	4.69	35.93	4.71	0.78	-0.34	±5	21.8	March 17, 2020
Head 5600	5600	35.76	5.03	35.53	5.07	0.65	-0.79	±5	21.8	March 17, 2020
Head 5750	5750	36.33	5.44	35.36	5.22	2.74	4.18	±5	22.7	March 17, 2020

### 9.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

#### **System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:**

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0 ±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm (above 1GHZ) and 15mm (below 1GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- For area scan, standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension(≤2GHz), 12 mm in x- and y-dimension(2-4 GHz) and 10mm in x- and y- dimension(4-6GHz).
- For zoom scan,  $\Delta$   $x_{zoom}$ ,  $\Delta$   $y_{zoom} \le 2GHz$   $\le 8mm$ , 2-4GHz  $\le 5mm$  and 4-6 GHz- $\le 4mm$ ;  $\Delta$   $z_{zoom} \le 3GHz$   $\le 5mm$ , 3-4 GHz- $\le 4mm$  and 4-6GHz- $\le 2mm$ .
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm except for 5 GHz band. For 5GHz band, Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was set to 100 mW or 250 mW depend on the certificate of the dipoles.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

### **System Check Results**

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test

frequency, must be within 10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

		Measured	Measured Results						
T.S. Liquid		Zoom Scan (W/Kg)	Normalize to 1W (W/Kg)	Target (Ref. value)	Delta (%)	Limit (%)	Temp. (°C)	Test Date	
Head 2450	1-g	13.360	53.44	53.70	-0.48	±10	21.9	March 17, 2020	
Tieau 2430	10-g	6.150	24.60	25.00	-1.60	±10	21.9	Walcii 17, 2020	
Head 5250	1-g	7.990	79.90	78.60	1.65	±10	21.8		
nead 5250	10-g	2.320	23.20	22.50	3.11	±10	21.0	March 17, 2020	
Head 5600	1-g	8.180	81.80	81.20	0.74	±10	21.8	March 17, 2020	
nead 5000	10-g	2.450	24.50	23.40	4.70	±10	21.0	Walcii 17, 2020	
Head 5750	1-g	8.300	83.00	80.00	3.75	±10	21.8	March 17, 2020	
Tieau 5750	10-g	2.410	24.10	22.80	5.70	±10	21.0	IVIAICII 17, 2020	

### 10. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

As per KDB 447498 sec.4.1.e), When SAR or MPE is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported.

#### Scaled SAR calculation formula:

Scaled SAR = Tune-up in mW / Conducted power in mW \* Duty cycle (if available) \* SAR value

#### SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

#### KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

A) Per KDB447498 D01 v06, all SAR measurement results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate SAR compliance.

B) Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz.
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz.

#### Per KDB865664 D01 v01r04:

For each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤ 20%, and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

#### Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02:

For Wi-Fi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the testing software for Wi-Fi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. The RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1. The test procedures in KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 are applied. (Refer to KDB 248227D01 v02r02 for more details)

#### **Initial Test Position Procedure**

For exposure condition with multiple test position, such as handsets operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for <u>initial test position</u> can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or <u>initial test configuration</u>, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the <u>initial test position</u> is  $\leq 0.4$ W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is  $\leq 0.8$ W/kg or all test position are measured. For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions /configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.

#### **Initial Test Configuration Procedure**

An <u>initial test configuration</u> is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2 of KDB 248227D01 v02r02). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration.

For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the <u>initial test position</u> procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the <u>initial test configuration</u> transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the <u>initial test configuration</u>. When the reported SAR of the <u>initial test configuration</u> is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

#### **Sub Test Configuration Procedure**

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the <u>initial test configuration</u> are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. When the highest reported SAR for the <u>initial test configuration</u>, according to the <u>initial test position</u> or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to <u>initial test configuration</u> specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

#### Note:

The same procedure is applied to extremity SAR evaluation, and the corresponding limitation is 2.5 times of 1-g SAR.

### 10.1. SAR Test Results of 2.4GHz Wi-Fi.

Toot Docition		Channell	Power (	dBm)	SAR Value	Dower	Duty Factor	Cooled
Test Position (Body 0mm)	Test Mode	Channel/ Frequency	Tune-up	Meas.	1-g	Power Drift	Duty Factor (%)	Scaled (W/Kg)
Top Edge	802.11b	11/2462	17.50	17.38	0.413	0.05	100.00	0.425

Note: When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is >0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent nest highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

OFDM mode SAR evaluation exclusion analysis

Mode	Tune-up (dBm) (mW)		Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)	Adjusted SAR (W/Kg)	SAR Test
802.11b	17.5	56.23	0.425	\	\
802.11g	15.5	35.48	\	0.268	Excluded
802.11n (20M)	16.0	39.81	\	0.301	Excluded

#### Note:

1) The highest reported SAR for DSSS adjusted by the ratio of OFDM 802.11g/n to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, so SAR evaluation for 802.11g/n is not required.

### 10.2. SAR Test Results of 5GHz Wi-Fi.

Took Dooltion		Ohanna!/	Power (	(dBm)	SAR Value	D	Duty	Scaled	
Test Position (Body 0mm)	Test Mode	Channel/ Frequency	Tune-up	Meas.	1-g	Power Drift	Factor (%)	(W/Kg)	
UNII-2A									
Top edge	802.11a-20	60/5300	15.5	15.49	0.417	-0.03	97.57	0.428	
	UNII-2C								
Top edge	802.11a-20	120/5600	13.5	13.32	1.110	0.04	97.57	1.186	
Top edge	802.11a-20	140/5700	13.5	12.37	0.688	-0.08	97.57	0.915	
			UNII-3						
Top edge	802.11a-20	157/5785	14.0	13.88	1.000	0.19	97.57	1.054	
Top edge	802.11a-20	165/5825	14.0	13.45	0.964	0.13	97.57	1.121	
Top edge	802.11a-20	149/5745	14.0	13.37	1.110	0.09	97.57	1.315	
	Repeated test at worst measured SAR configuration above								
Top edge	802.11a-20	149/5745	14.0	13.37	1.050	0.18	97.57	1.244	

Subsequent test configuration SAR evaluation exclusion analysis for U-NII-2A band

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mW)	Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)	Adjusted SAR (W/Kg)	SAR Test
802.11a-20	15.5	35.48	0.428	/	\
802.11n 20M	14.5	28.18	\	0.340	Excluded
802.11n 40M	13.0	19.95	\	0.241	Excluded
802.11ac 20M	13.5	22.39	\	0.270	Excluded
802.11ac 40M	13.0	19.95	\	0.241	Excluded
802.11ac 80M	13.5	22.39	\	0.270	Excluded

#### Note:

1) The 802.11a mode is selected as Initial Test Configuration for SAR test according to the specified maximum output power. As the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.

Subsequent test configuration SAR evaluation exclusion analysis for U-NII-2C band

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mW)	Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)	Adjusted SAR (W/Kg)	SAR Test
802.11a-20	13.5	22.39	1.186	\	\
802.11n 20M	12.0	15.85	\	0.840	Excluded
802.11n 40M	10.0	10.00	\	0.530	Excluded
802.11ac 20M	12.0	15.85	\	0.840	Excluded
802.11ac 40M	10.0	10.00	\	0.530	Excluded
802.11ac 80M	10.5	11.22	\	0.594	Excluded

#### Note:

1) The 802.11a mode is selected as Initial Test Configuration for SAR test according to the specified maximum output power. As the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.

Subsequent test configuration SAR evaluation exclusion analysis for U-NII-3 band

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mW)	Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)	Adjusted SAR (W/Kg)	SAR Test
802.11a-20	14.0	25.12	1.315	\	\
802.11n 20M	13.6	22.91	\	1.199	Excluded
802.11n 40M	13.5	22.39	\	1.172	Excluded
802.11ac 20M	13.5	22.39	\	1.172	Excluded
802.11ac 40M	13.5	22.39	\	1.172	Excluded
802.11ac 80M	13.5	22.39	\	1.172	Excluded

### Note:

1) The 802.11a mode is selected as Initial Test Configuration for SAR test according to the specified maximum output power. As the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.

### 11. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. The antenna supports 2.4GHz Wi-Fi, 5GHz Wi-Fi and BT.

Combination	Mode
1	2.4GHz Wi-Fi+ BT
2	5GHz Wi-Fi + BT

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

- 1) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]$  W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- 2) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distance is > 50 mm. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied.

Wireless technologies	Scenario	Frequency (GHz)	Power (dBm)	Power (mW)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
BT	Top edge	2.48	4.00	2.51	6.92	0.076

#### For Combination NO.1

Test Position	on	2.4GHz Wi-Fi Max 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	BT 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SUM 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR
Top edge		0.425	0.076	0.501	Excluded

#### For Combination NO.2

Test Position	5GHz Wi-Fi Max 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	BT (aux ANT) 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SUM 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR
Top edge	1.315	0.076	1.391	Excluded

## **Appendixes**

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

4789391992-10-SAR-2\_App A Photo

4789391992-10-SAR-2\_App B System Check Plots

4789391992-10-SAR-2\_App C Highest Test Plots

4789391992-10-SAR-2\_App D Cal. Certificates

End of F	Report
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