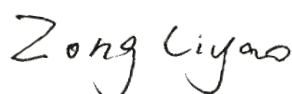


TEST REPORT

Applicant: TAG Heuer, branch of LVMH Swiss Manufactures SA
Address: 6A rue Louis-Joseph Chevrolet, 2300 La Chaux-de-Fonds, Switzerland
Equipment Type: Smart Watch
Model Name: SBT8A
Brand Name: TAG HEUER
FCC ID: 2AUP8SBT8A
Test Standard: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093
(refer to section 3.1)
Maximum SAR: Limbs SAR (10 g): 0.31 W/kg
Sample Arrival Date: Feb. 22, 2024
Test Date: Mar. 10, 2024 - Mar. 11, 2024
Date of Issue: Apr. 03, 2025

ISSUED BY:

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

Tested by: Xu Rui**Checked by:** Zong Liyao**Approved by:** Tolan Tu
(Testing Director)

Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions Content
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Aug. 08, 2024</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>
<u>Rev. 02</u>	<u>Apr. 03, 2025</u>	<u>The simultaneous mode DTS in section 3.3.2 was changed to NII and updated section 3.3</u>

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Location	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	<input type="checkbox"/> 1/F, Building B, Ganghongji High-tech Intelligent Industrial Park, No. 1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Sub-district, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.

1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature	18°C to 25°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	30% to 70%

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	TAG Heuer, branch of LVMH Swiss Manufactures SA
Address	6A rue Louis-Joseph Chevrolet, 2300 La Chaux-de-Fonds, Switzerland

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	TAG Heuer, branch of LVMH Swiss Manufactures SA
Address	6A rue Louis-Joseph Chevrolet, 2300 La Chaux-de-Fonds, Switzerland

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Smart Watch
Model Name Under Test	SBT8A
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model Name Differentiation	N/A
Hardware Version	LTAM881
Software Version	1.6.1
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

2.4 Ancillary Equipment

Ancillary Equipment 1	Li-Polymer Battery 1	
	Brand Name	Jiade
	Model No.	B881
	Serial No.	N/A
	Capacitance	419mAh/1.621Wh
	Rated Voltage	3.87 V
	Limited Voltage	4.45 V
	Manufacturer	Jiade Energy Technology (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd

2.5 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE) 2.4G WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20) 5G WIFI 802.11a, 802.11n(HT20) U-NII-1/2A/2C/3, GPS, GLONASS, BDS, QZSS, GLA, NFC
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The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Operating Mode	2.4G WLAN, 5G WLAN, Bluetooth	
Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n(HT20)	2412 ~ 2462 MHz
	802.11a/n(HT20)	5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz
		5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz
		5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz
		5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz
	Bluetooth	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Antenna Type	NFC	13.56 MHz
	WLAN: IFA Antenna Bluetooth: IFA Antenna NFC: FPC Coil Antenna	
Hotspot Function	N/A	
Exposure Category	General Population/Uncontrolled exposure	
Product Type	Portable Device	
EUT Type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Production unit	<input type="checkbox"/> Identical prototype

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2.1093	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices
2	ANSI C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	FCC KDB 447498 D04	RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices
4	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
5	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
6	KDB 248227 D01 v02r02	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters

3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user.

Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

Table of Exposure Limits:

Body Position	SAR Value (W/Kg)	
	General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure	Occupational/ Controlled Exposure
Whole-Body SAR (averaged over the entire body)	0.08	0.4
Partial-Body SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.60	8.0
SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0	20.0

NOTE:

General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure: Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational/Controlled Exposure: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

3.3 Test Result Summary

3.3.1 Highest SAR

Equipment Class	Band	Maximum Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Report SAR (W/kg)
		Limbs 10g(0mm)	Limbs 10g(0mm)
DTS	2.4G WLAN	0.31	0.31
NII	5.3G WLAN	0.01	
	5.6G WLAN	0.01	
	5.8G WLAN	0.00	
DSSS	Bluetooth	0.18	
Limit (W/kg)		4.00	
Verdict		Pass	

3.3.2 Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR Values

Equipment Class	Maximum Scaled SAR
	Limbs 10g(0mm)
NII	0.20
DSS	0.20
Limit (W/Kg)	4.00
Verdict	Pass

Note: The simultaneous transmission SAR detail please refer to section 12.

3.4 Test Uncertainty

According to KDB 865664 D01, when the highest measured 1 g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

The maximum 1 g SAR for the EUT in this report is 0.31 W/kg, which is lower than 1.5 W/kg, so the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in this report.

4 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

4.1 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Definition

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

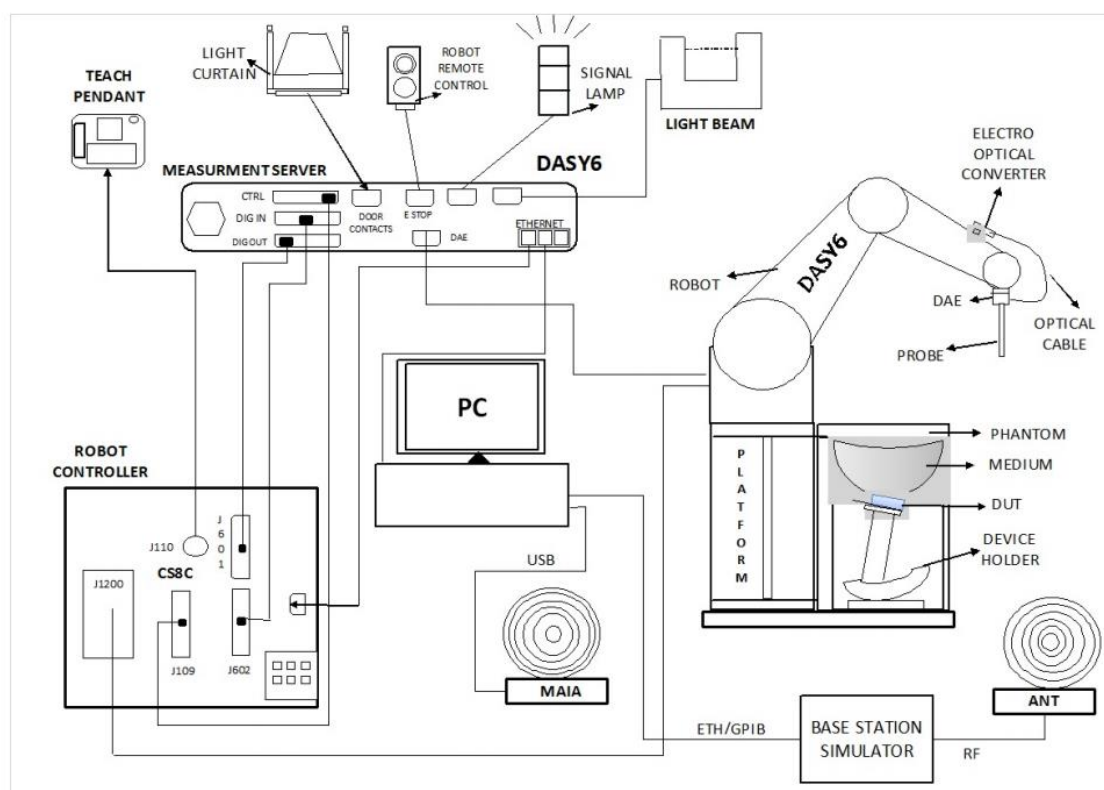
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

4.2 DASY SAR System

4.2.1 DASY SAR System Diagram

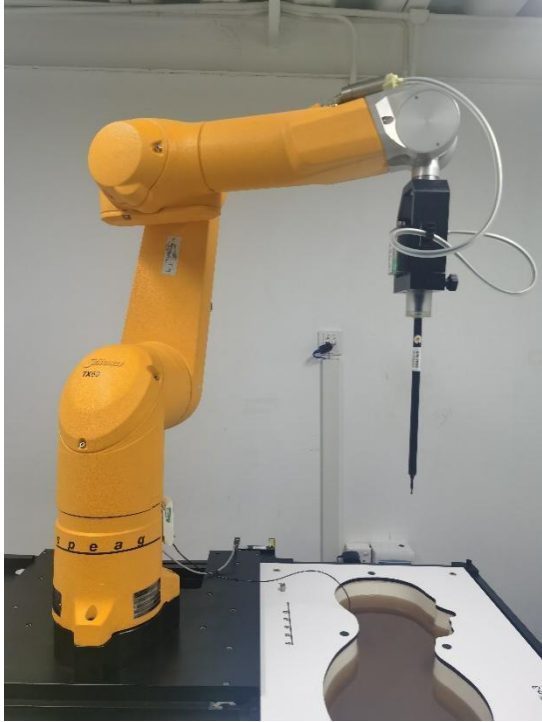


The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
2. A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
3. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY measurement server.
6. The DASY measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.
7. DASY software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

4.2.2 Robot

The Dasy SAR system uses the high precision robots. Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system For the 6-axis controller system, Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents). The robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision
(repeatability ± 0.02 mm)
- High reliability
(industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs
(virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements
(brush less synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference
(motor control _elds shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

4.2.3 E-Field Probe

The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities for the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe EX3DV4: SN 7607 with following specifications is used.

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycolether)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	4 MHz to 10 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ; ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms (EX3DV4)



E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.

4.2.4 Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.



- Input Impedance: 200M Ω m
- The Inputs: Symmetrical and Floating
- Common Mode Rejection: Above 80dB

4.2.5 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



- Left hand
- Right hand
- Flat phantom

Photo of Phantom SN1576



Serial Number	Material	Length	Height
SN 1576 SAM	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced	1000	500

4.2.6 Device Holder

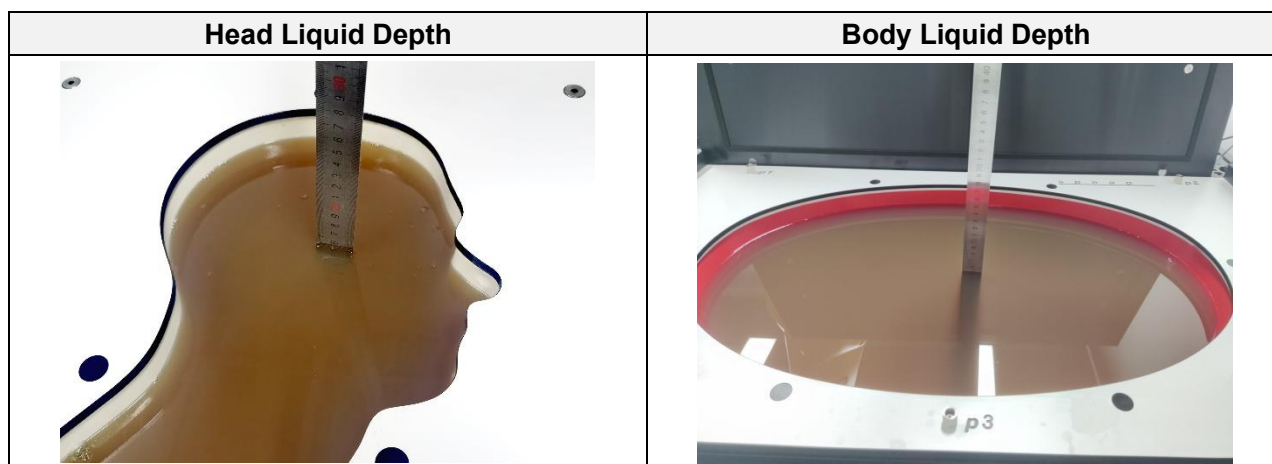
The DASY device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65° . The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA"s only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used. Larger DUT"s (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values. Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.



The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. Incompliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1° .

4.2.7 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.



The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid and the theoretical Conductivity/Permittivity.

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Head WideBand	SPEAG HBBL600-10000V6	600-10000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4-diol, Alkoxylated alcohol

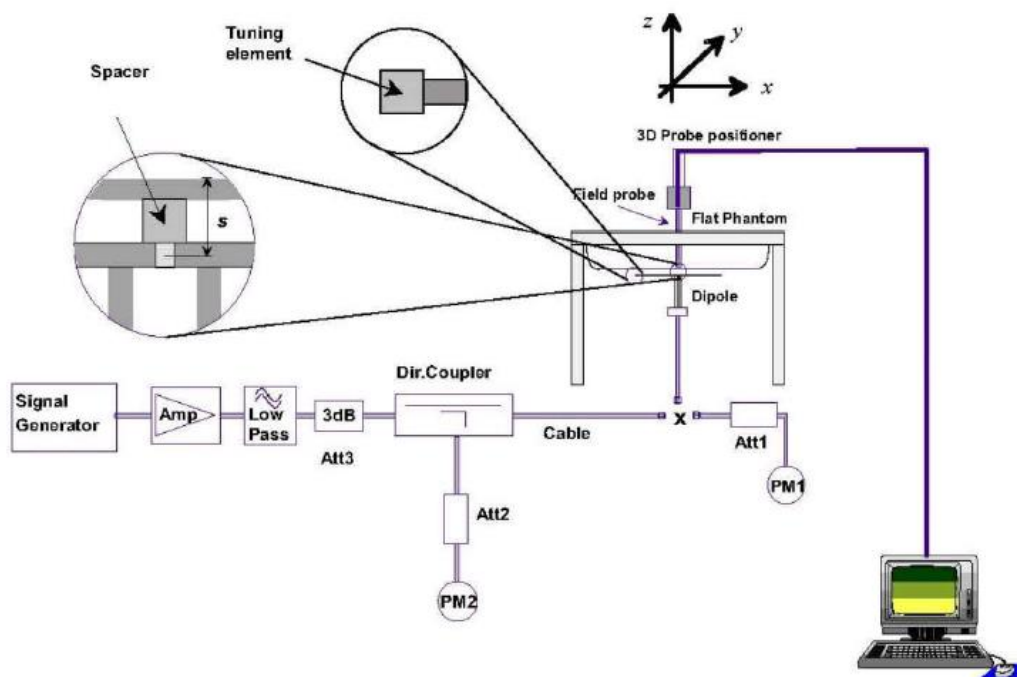
5 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

5.1 Purpose of System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

5.2 System Check Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

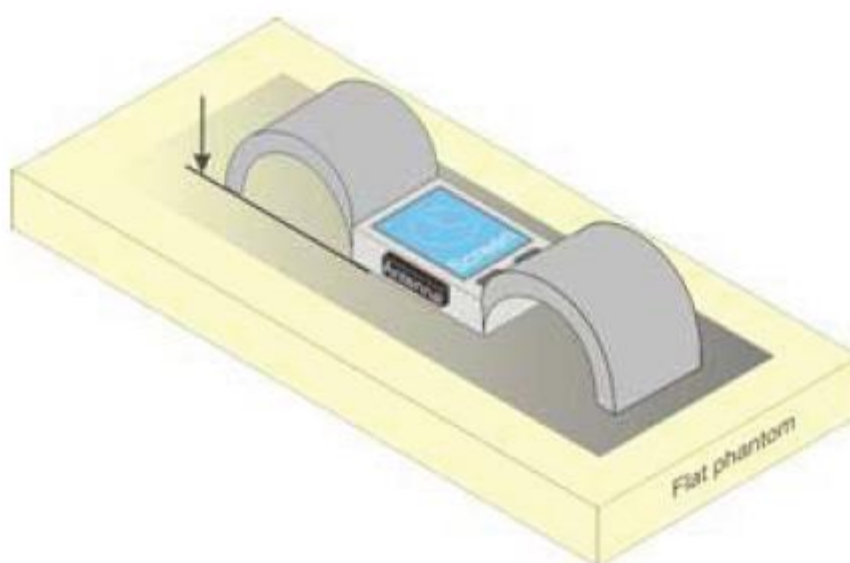


6 TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS

6.1 Limb-worn device

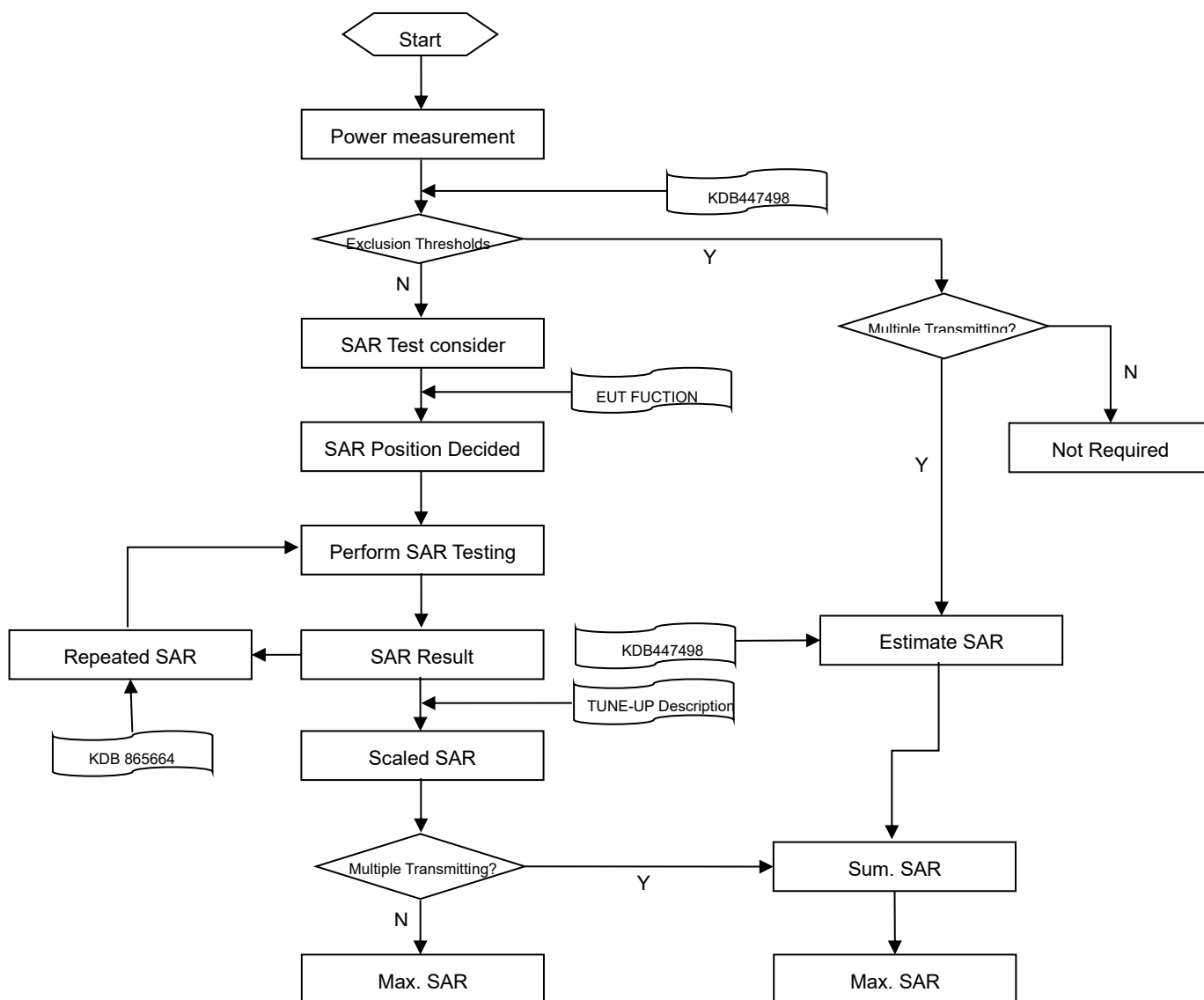
A limb-worn device is a unit whose intended use includes being strapped to the arm or leg of the user while transmitting (except in idle mode). It is similar to a body-worn device. Therefore, the test positions of 6.1.4.4 also apply. The strap shall be opened so that it is divided into two parts as shown in Figure 10. The device shall be positioned directly against the phantom surface with the strap straightened as much as possible and the back of the device towards the phantom.

If the strap cannot normally be opened to allow placing in direct contact with the phantom surface, it may be necessary to break the strap of the device but ensuring to not damage the antenna.



7 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

7.1 Measurement Process Diagram



7.2 SAR Scan General Requirement

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1 g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

			≤3GHz	>3GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5±1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30°±1°	20°±1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx Area , Δy Area			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx Zoom , Δy Zoom			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 –3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: Δz Zoom (n)		≤ 5 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm
				4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
				5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	Δz Zoom (1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
				4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm
		Δz Zoom (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δz Zoom (n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥30 mm	3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm
				4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm
				5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note:

1. δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
2. * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1 g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

7.3 Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- a. Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- b. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- c. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- d. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

When the 1 g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

7.5 Interim Procedures for WLAN 6E

Interim procedures for FCC radio frequency (RF) exposure evaluations of U-NII 6-7 GHz band portable devices have been made available during the TCB workshop in April 2021. The procedure is summarized below:

- a. Evaluate SAR / APD with DASY6 Module SAR V16.0 or higher. The configurations to be tested are defined in the relevant Knowledge Database (KDB). The psSAR and absorbed psPD are reported.
- b. 2. For the configuration with the highest SAR, evaluate the incident power density with DASY6 Module mmWave V2.4.2 or higher. The incident psPD must be adjusted per amount that the measurement uncertainty exceeds 30% before it is included in the test report.

8 CONDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER

8.1 WIFI

8.1.1 2.4G WIFI

Band (GHz)	Mode	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	AV Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	SAR Test Require.
2.4 (2.4~2.4835)	802.11b	1	2412	17.17	17.50	Yes
		6	2437	17.32	17.50	Yes
		11	2462	17.30	17.50	Yes
	802.11g	1	2412	17.28	17.50	No
		6	2437	17.37	17.50	No
		11	2462	17.41	17.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	1	2412	17.13	17.50	No
		6	2437	17.21	17.50	No
		11	2462	16.69	17.50	No

Note: According KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Adjusted SAR = Report SAR * (max power (OFDM)/ max power (DSSS)) = 0.307 * (56.23mW/56.23mW) = 0.307 W/Kg, so the 2.4G OFDM SAR test is not required.

8.1.2 5G WIFI

Band (GHz)	Mode	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	AV Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)	SAR Test Require.
5.2 (5.15~5.25)	802.11a	36	5180	15.87	17.50	No
		40	5200	16.58	17.50	No
		48	5240	17.42	17.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	36	5180	16.70	17.50	No
		40	5200	17.34	17.50	No
		48	5240	17.39	17.50	No
5.3 (5.25~5.35)	802.11a	52	5260	17.21	17.50	Yes
		60	5300	17.02	17.50	Yes
		64	5320	17.29	17.50	Yes
	802.11n(HT20)	52	5260	17.19	17.50	No
		60	5300	17.45	17.50	No
		64	5320	17.23	17.50	No
5.6 (5.47~5.725)	802.11a	100	5500	16.93	17.50	Yes
		116	5580	17.45	17.50	Yes
		140	5700	17.33	17.50	Yes
	802.11n(HT20)	100	5500	16.85	17.50	No
		116	5580	16.99	17.50	No
		140	5700	17.28	17.50	No
5.8 (5.725~5.85)	802.11a	149	5745	17.17	17.50	Yes
		157	5785	17.25	17.50	Yes
		165	5825	17.34	17.50	Yes
	802.11n(HT20)	149	5745	17.10	17.50	No
		157	5785	17.15	17.50	No
		165	5825	17.26	17.50	No

Note: When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

8.2 Bluetooth

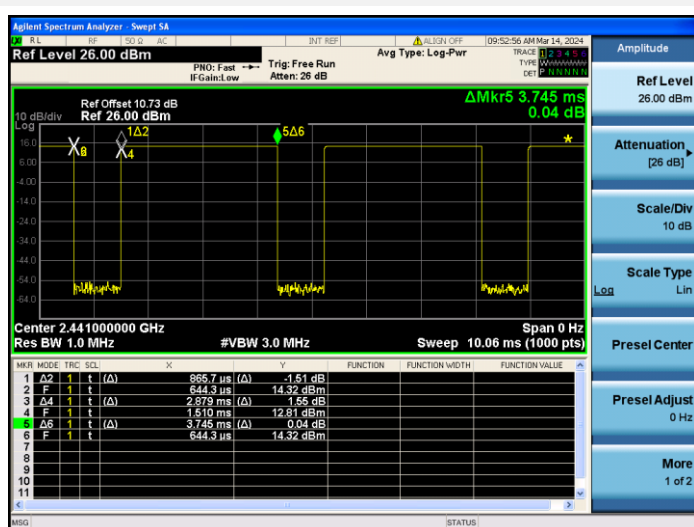
Mode	GFSK			$\pi/4$ -DQPSK		
Channel	0	39	78	0	39	78
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2441	2480
AV Power (dBm)	14.75	14.30	14.86	11.24	10.74	11.51
Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	16.00	16.00	16.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
SAR Test Require	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Mode	8-DPSK			/		
Channel	0	39	78	/	/	/
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	/	/	/
AV Power (dBm)	11.20	10.72	11.49	/	/	/
Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	12.00	12.00	12.00	/	/	/
SAR Test Require	No	No	No	/	/	/
Mode	BLE-1Mbps			BLE-2Mbps		
Channel	0	19	39	1	19	38
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2440	2480	2404	2440	2478
AV Power (dBm)	8.64	8.57	8.36	8.90	8.74	8.50
Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
SAR Test Require	No	No	No	No	No	No

Note: Since Bluetooth BR mode is the maximum output power mode, SAR measurements were performed with test software using DH5 modulation, and SAR measurement is not required for the EDR and LE. When the secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode.

The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.88 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to 100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation.

Duty Cycle

Bluetooth-GFSK



9 TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATION

For antenna location and support bands please refer the document "BL-SZ2360975-AI EUT internal photo.pdf".

10 TEST RESULT

10.1 Bluetooth

Mode	Antenna	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	10 g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty cycle (%)	Duty Factor	10g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
Limbs														
DH5	ANT1	Back Side	0	78	2478	-0.01	0.109	14.86	16.00	1.300	76.88	1.301	0.184	1#
	ANT1	Back Side	0	0	2402	0.15	0.085	14.30	16.00	1.479	76.88	1.301	0.164	/
	ANT1	Back Side	0	39	2441	0.06	0.101	14.75	16.00	1.334	76.88	1.301	0.175	/
Note: Refer to ANNEX C for the detailed test data for each test configuration.														

10.2 WIFI 2.4GHz

Mode	Antenna	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	10 g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty cycle (%)	Duty Factor	10g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
Limbs														
802.11b	ANT1	Back Side	0	6	2437	-0.11	0.245	17.32	17.50	1.042	98.00	1.020	0.260	/
	ANT1	Back Side	0	1	2412	-0.15	0.279	17.17	17.50	1.079	98.00	1.020	0.307	2#
	ANT1	Back Side	0	11	2462	-0.18	0.257	17.30	17.50	1.047	98.00	1.020	0.274	/
Note: Refer to ANNEX C for the detailed test data for each test configuration.														

10.3 WIFI 5GHz

Fre. Band	Mode	Antenna	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (dB)	10 g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty cycle (%)	Duty Factor	10g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
Limbs															
5.3G	802.11a	ANT1	Back Side	0	64	5320	0.03	0.006	17.29	17.50	1.050	98.08	1.020	0.006	3#
		ANT1	Back Side	0	52	5260	0.14	0.005	17.21	17.50	1.069	98.08	1.020	0.005	/
		ANT1	Back Side	0	60	5300	-0.11	0.004	17.02	17.50	1.117	98.08	1.020	0.005	/
5.6G	802.11a	ANT1	Back Side	0	116	5580	0.01	0.012	17.45	17.50	1.012	98.08	1.020	0.012	4#
		ANT1	Back Side	0	100	5500	-0.08	0.009	16.93	17.50	1.140	98.08	1.020	0.010	/
		ANT1	Back Side	0	140	5700	-0.02	0.010	17.33	17.50	1.040	98.08	1.020	0.011	/
5.8G	802.11a	ANT1	Back Side	0	165	5825	0.06	0.003	17.34	17.50	1.038	98.08	1.020	0.003	5#
		ANT1	Back Side	0	149	5745	0.13	0.002	17.17	17.50	1.079	98.08	1.020	0.002	/
		ANT1	Back Side	0	157	5785	0.09	0.002	17.25	17.50	1.059	98.08	1.020	0.002	/
Note: Refer to ANNEX C for the detailed test data for each test configuration.															

10.4 NFC SAR

1. According to the 2022.04 TCBC Workshop meeting, the power threshold is $\leq 100\text{MHz}$, refer to P6s.

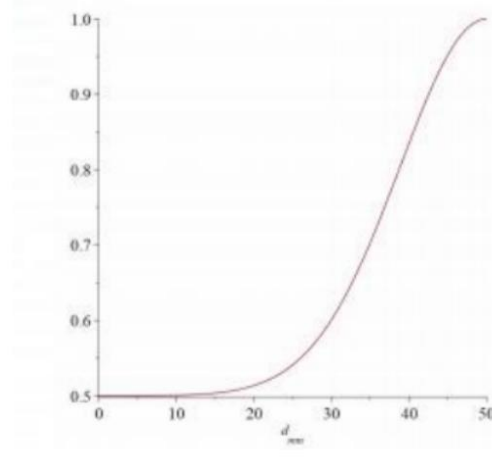
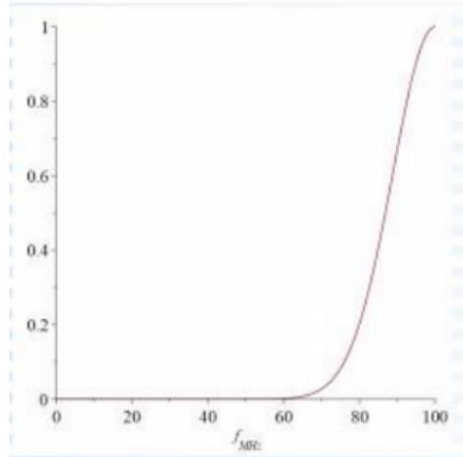
$$P_{7X}(d_{mm}, f_{MHz}) := \begin{cases} P_{6S}(d_{mm}, f_{MHz}) & f_{MHz} \leq 100 \\ P_{6to7}(d_{mm}, f_{MHz}) & 100 < f_{MHz} \leq 300 \\ P_7(d_{mm}, f_{MHz}) & 300 < f_{MHz} \end{cases}$$

2. For portable products, when using a distance of $\leq 50\text{mm}$, such as mobile phone NFC, P6s is calculated with the following formula calculate.

$$S_f(f_{MHz}) \cdot P_{431a}(d_{mm}, f_{MHz}) + (1 - S_f(f_{MHz})) \cdot S_d(d_{mm}) P_{431b1}(50., 100.) \cdot \left(1 + \log_{10}\left(\frac{100.}{f_{MHz}}\right)\right) \quad d_{mm} \leq 50 \text{ and } f_{MHz} \leq 100$$

3. The smoothing functions Sf and Sd in P6s calculate the limits based on KDB 447498 V06 and are calculated as follows.

$$S_f(f_{MHz}) := \exp\left(-10 \frac{(f_{MHz} - f_{\max})^2}{\Delta f^2}\right) \quad S_d(d_{mm}) := 0.5 + 0.5 \cdot \exp\left(-10 \frac{(d_{mm} - d_{\max})^2}{\Delta d^2}\right)$$



d≤50mm				
f Max(MHz)	100		d Max(mm)	50
f MHz	13.56		d(mm)	5
△f(MHz)	100		△d	50
Sf(fMHz)	0.000568861		Sd (dmm)	0.50015177
P6s(mW)	443.1257378			
Note: SAR testing is required when the distance is 5mm and the power is greater than 443.13mW.				

4. According to the ANSI C63.10 clause 11.12.2.2:

The value of maximum peak output power is according to the method described in ANSI C63.10 clause 11.12.2.2 General procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands:

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies \leq 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies $>$ 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the ERP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant ERP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship: $E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB μ V/m,

ERP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

Mode	f (MHz)	Max. E-Field strength (dB μ V/m)	D (m)	Ground reflection factor (dB)	ERP (dBm)
NFC (13.56MHz)	13.56	56.3	3	6	-32.96
Note: 1. Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies \leq 30 MHz). 2. ERP = $56.3 + 20 \cdot \log(3) - 104.8 + 6 = -32.96$ (dBm)					

According to the FCC KDB 447498 D04

Estimated SAR: SAR test = $1.6 \cdot P_{\text{ant}} / P_{\text{th}}$ [W/kg]

Estimated SAR	$1.6 \cdot P_{\text{ant}} / P_{\text{th}}$ [W/kg]		
P _{meas.} (dBm)	-32.96	P _{meas.} (mW)	0.0005
P _{th.} (mW)	443.13		
NFC Estimated 1g SAR [W/kg]	<0.001		

10.4.1 Highest Total Exposure Ratio of Simultaneous Transmission

NFC multi-transmit requires the use of the TER formula:

$$TER = \sum_{k=1}^{N_s} \left(\frac{SAR_k}{SAR_{lim}} \right) + \sum_{k=1}^{N_f} \left(\frac{MPE_{field, k}}{MPE_{field, lim}} \right)^2 + \sum_{k=1}^{N_{PD}} \left(\frac{MPE_{PD, k}}{MPE_{PD, lim}} \right)$$

The maximum SAR value for Simultaneous Transmission is 0.196 [W/kg], SAR test exemption may be considered by applying a factor of 2.5 to the SAR-based exemption thresholds. Therefore, the worst TER $= (0.196 + 0.001) / 4.0 = 0.049 < 1$, the NFC SAR transmit simultaneously Pass.

11 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 , or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 , and the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Note: For 1g SAR, the highest measured 1g SAR is $0.279 < 0.80$ W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.

12 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR).

According KDB 447498 D04, simultaneous transmission:

- a) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / R_i$ (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
SAR1 is the highest reported or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition.
SAR2 is the highest reported or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition as the first.
- b) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
- c) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

12.1 Simultaneous Transmission Mode Considerations

No.	Simultaneous Tx Combination	Limbs
1	5G WIFI+BT+NFC	Yes

12.2 Sum SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

12.2.1 Limbs Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation for WWAN and WLAN

Position	Stand alone SAR		SUM SAR
	1	2	
	5G WIFI	Bluetooth	1+2
Back Side 0mm	0.012	0.184	0.196
Note: The highest Summed 10g SAR is 0.196 W/Kg < 4.0 W/kg, so Simultaneous Transmission SAR test is not required.			

13 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No./Version	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
PC	Dell	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Test Software	Speag	DASY6	16.0.0.116	N/A	N/A
2450MHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	SN: 952	2021/05/19	2024/05/19
5GHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D5GHzV2	SN: 1200	2021/05/18	2024/05/18
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	SN: 7607	2023/07/04	2024/07/03
Data Acquisition Electronicsr	Speag	DAE4	SN: 878	2023/03/23	2024/03/22
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	177746	2023/05/10	2024/05/09
Power Meter	R&S	NRVD-B2	835843/014	2023/09/05	2024/09/04
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z4	100381	2023/09/05	2024/09/04
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z2	100211	2023/09/05	2024/09/04
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46103472	2023/11/14	2024/11/14
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4	EF5238001628	2023/10/09	2024/10/09
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4HC	EF7239002652	2023/11/17	2024/11/17
Power Amplifier	SATIMO	6552B	22374	N/A	N/A
Phantom	Speag	SAM	SN: 1576	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	COM-MW	ZA-S1-31	1305003187	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	AA-MCS	AAMCS-UDC	000272	N/A	N/A

Note: For dipole antennas, BALUN has adopted 3 years as calibration intervals, and on annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
3. Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement.
4. Impedance (real or imaginary parts) in within 5 Ohms of calibrated measurement.

ANNEX A SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a DAK3.5 Dielectric Probe Kit.

Date	Liquid Type	Fre. (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Meas. Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Meas. Permittivity (ϵ)	Target Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Target Permittivity (ϵ)	Conductivity Tolerance (%)	Permittivity Tolerance (%)
2024.03.10	Head	2450	21.6	1.80	39.64	1.80	39.20	0.00	1.12
2024.03.11	Head	5250	21.3	4.70	35.75	4.71	35.93	-0.21	-0.50
2024.03.11	Head	5600	21.3	5.06	35.36	5.07	35.53	-0.20	-0.48
2024.03.11	Head	5750	21.3	5.17	35.40	5.22	35.36	-0.96	0.11
Note: The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is $\pm 5\%$.									

ANNEX B SYSTEM CHECK RESULT

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 % (for 10 g).

Date	Liquid Type	Freq. (MHz)	Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Dipole SAR (W/kg)	Tolerance (%)
2024.03.10	Head	2450	100	2.37	23.70	24.10	-1.66
2024.03.11	Head	5250	100	2.25	22.50	22.10	1.81
2024.03.11	Head	5600	100	2.29	22.90	23.10	-0.87
2024.03.11	Head	5750	100	2.27	22.70	21.70	4.61

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation $\pm 10\%$.

System Performance Check Data (2450MHz)

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	DUT Type
D2450V2, SPEAG	10.0 x 10.0 x 3.0	Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom	Position,	Band	Group,	Frequency	Conversion	TSL	TSL	Ambient	Liquid
Section, TSL	Test		UID	[MHz],	Factor	Conductivity	Permittivity	Temperatur	Temperatur
	Distance			Channel		[S/m]		e	e
	[mm]			Number				[°C]	[°C]
Flat,		D2450	CW,	2450.0,	7.47	1.80	39.6	22.4	21.6
HSL			0--	50					

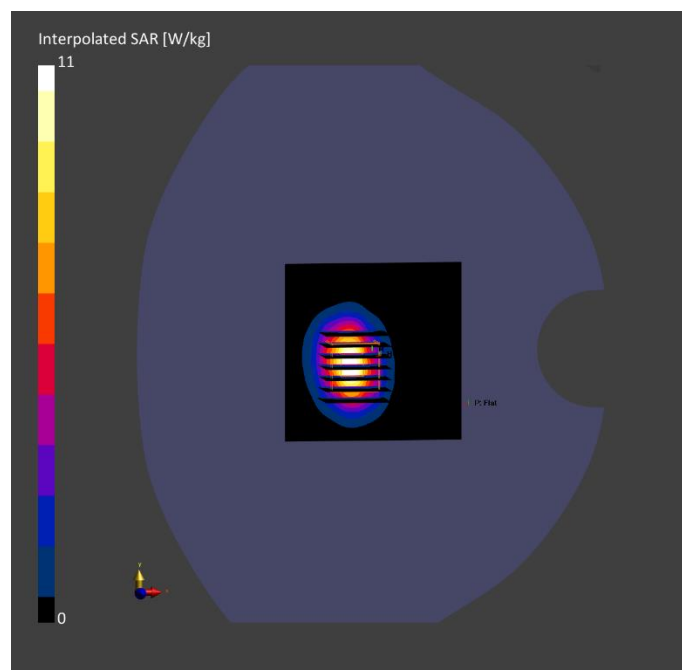
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V5.0 (30deg probe tilt) - 1859	HBBL-600-10000 2024-03-10	EX3DV4 - SN7607, 2023-07-04	DAE4 Sn878, 2023-03-23

Scan Setup

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 80.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0	Date	2024-03-10	2024-03-10
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5	psSAR1g [W/kg]	5.23	5.13
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	psSAR10g [W/kg]	2.42	2.37
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.05	-0.11
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.5	Scaling Factor		
MAIA	N/A	N/A	[dB]		
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
Scan Method	Measured	Measured	M2/M1 [%]		80.8
			Dist 3dB Peak		8.9
			[mm]		



System Performance Check Data (5250MHz)

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	DUT Type
D2450V2, SPEAG	10.0 x 10.0 x 3.0	Dipole

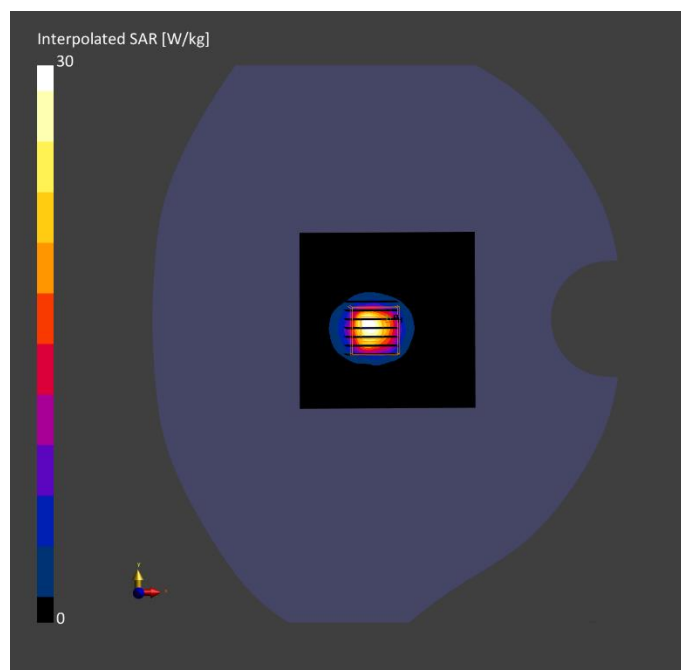
Exposure Conditions

Phantom	Position, Test Section, Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	Ambient Temperature [°C]	Liquid Temperature [°C]
Flat, HSL		D5GH z	CW, 0--	5250.0, 25	5.41	4.70	35.7	22.3	21.3

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V5.0 (30deg probe tilt) - 1859	HBBL-600-10000 2024-03-11	EX3DV4 - SN7607, 2023-07-04	DAE4 Sn878, 2023-03-23

Scan Setup			Measurement Results		
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2024-03-11	2024-03-11
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	psSAR1g [W/kg]	6.89	7.96
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4	psSAR10g [W/kg]	2.14	2.25
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes	Power Drift [dB]	-0.12	0.02
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
MAIA	N/A	N/A	Scaling Factor		
Surface	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p	[dB]		
Detection			TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
Scan Method	Measured	Measured	M2/M1 [%]		64.6
			Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		6.8



System Performance Check Data (5600MHz)

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	DUT Type
D2450V2, SPEAG	10.0 x 10.0 x 3.0	Dipole

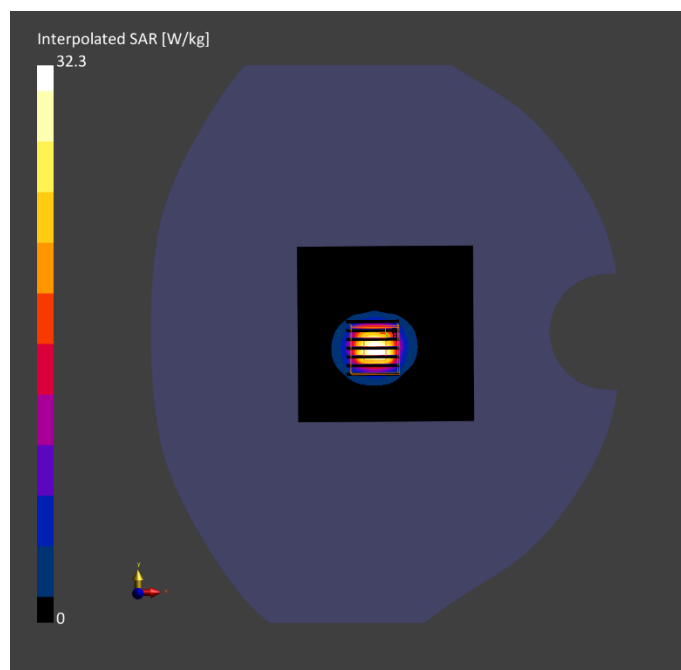
Exposure Conditions

Phantom	Position, Test Section, TSL	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	Ambient Temperature [°C]	Liquid Temperature [°C]
Flat, HSL		D5GH	CW,	5600.0,	4.58	5.06	35.4	22.3	21.3
		z	0--	60					

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V5.0 (30deg probe tilt) - 1859	HBBL-600-10000 2024-03-11	EX3DV4 - SN7607, 2023-07-04	DAE4 Sn878, 2023-03-23

Scan Setup			Measurement Results		
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2024-03-11	2024-03-11
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	psSAR1g [W/kg]	7.73	8.26
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4	psSAR10g [W/kg]	2.17	2.29
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes	Power Drift [dB]	-0.01	0.06
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
MAIA	N/A	N/A	Scaling Factor		
Surface	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p	[dB]		
Detection			TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
Scan Method	Measured	Measured	M2/M1 [%]		64.2
			Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		7.4



System Performance Check Data (5750MHz)

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	DUT Type
D2450V2, SPEAG	10.0 x 10.0 x 3.0	Dipole

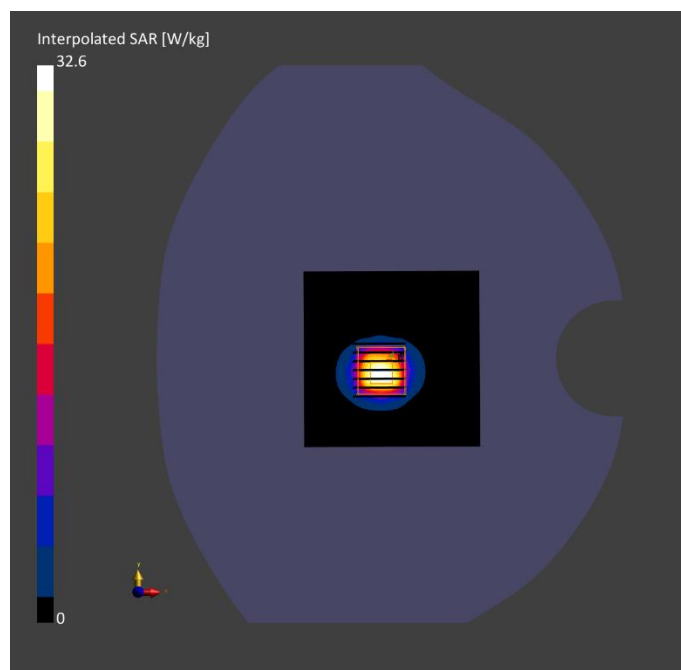
Exposure Conditions

Phantom	Position, Test Section, Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	Ambient Temperature [°C]	Liquid Temperature [°C]
Flat, HSL		D5GH z	CW, 0--	5750.0, 75	4.78	5.17	35.4	22.3	21.3

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V5.0 (30deg probe tilt) - 1859	HBBL-600-10000 2024-03-11	EX3DV4 - SN7607, 2023-07-04	DAE4 Sn878, 2023-03-23

Scan Setup			Measurement Results		
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2024-03-11	2024-03-11
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	psSAR1g [W/kg]	8.03	7.89
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4	psSAR10g [W/kg]	2.33	2.27
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes	Power Drift [dB]	-0.03	0.09
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
MAIA	N/A	N/A	Scaling Factor		
Surface	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p	[dB]		
Detection			TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
Scan Method	Measured	Measured	M2/M1 [%]		61.4
			Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		7.4



ANNEX C TEST DATA

Meas.1 Body Plane with Back Side 0mm on 78 Channel in Bluetooth mode with Antenna 1

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	DUT Type
Device,	55.0 x 50.0 x 15.0	Watch

Exposure Conditions

Phantom	Position	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	Ambient Temperature [°C]	Liquid Temperature [°C]
Flat, HSL	BACK, 0.00	ISM 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth 10032-CAA	2480.0, 78	7.47	1.83	39.4	22.4	21.6

Hardware Setup

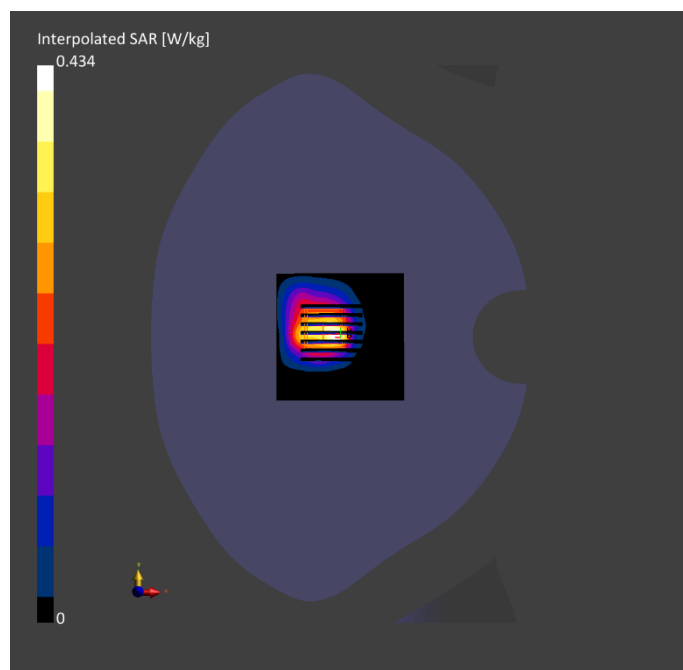
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt) - 2090	HBBL-600-10000 2024-03-10	EX3DV4 - SN7607, 2023-07-04	DAE4 Sn878, 2023-03-23

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	72.0 x 72.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.5
MAIA	Y	N/A
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-04-03, 16:03	2024-04-03, 16:11
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.196	0.231
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.098	0.111
Power Drift [dB]	0.01	-0.03
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]		57.3
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		6.0



Meas.2 Body Plane with Back Side 0mm on 1 Channel in IEEE802.11b mode with Antenna 1

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	DUT Type
Device,	55.0 x 50.0 x 15.0	Watch

Exposure Conditions

Phantom	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	Ambient Temperature [°C]	Liquid Temperature
Flat, HSL	BACK, 0.00	ISM 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth, 10032-CAA	2480.0, 78	7.47	1.83	39.4	22.4	21.6

Hardware Setup

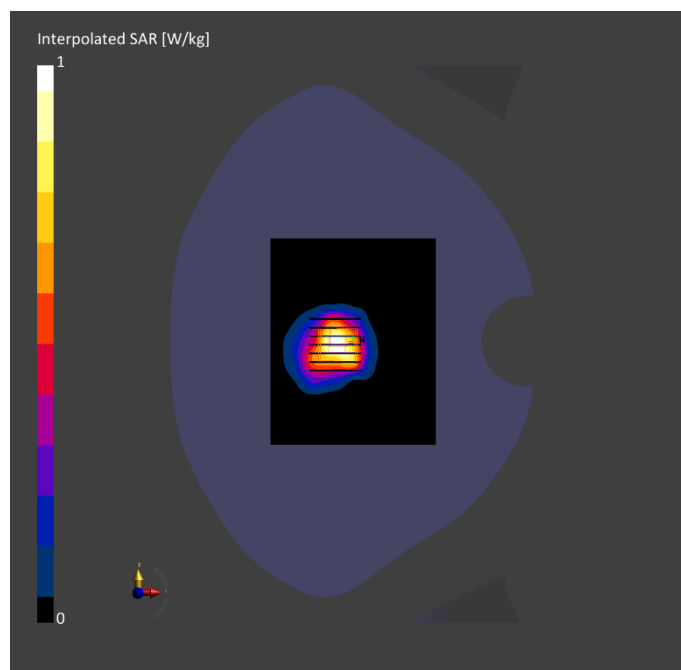
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V8.0 (30deg probe tilt) - 2090	HBBL-600-10000 2024-03-10	EX3DV4 - SN7607, 2023-07-04	DAE4 Sn878, 2023-03-23

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	96.0 x 120.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.5
MAIA	N/A	N/A
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-03-27, 08:25	2024-03-27, 08:32
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.542	0.550
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.277	0.279
Power Drift [dB]	-0.06	-0.15
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]		58.3
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		8.2



Meas.3 Body Plane with Back Side 0mm on 64 Channel in IEEE802.11a mode with Antenna 1

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	DUT Type
Device,	55.0 x 50.0 x 15.0	Watch

Exposure Conditions

Phantom	Position	Band	Group	Frequency [MHz]	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	Ambient Temperature	Liquid Temperature
Section, TSL	Distance [mm]		UID	Channel Number				[°C]	[°C]
Flat, HSL	BACK, 0.00	WLAN, 5GHz	WLAN, 10062-CAD	5320.0, 64	5.41	4.85	34.8	22.3	21.3

Hardware Setup

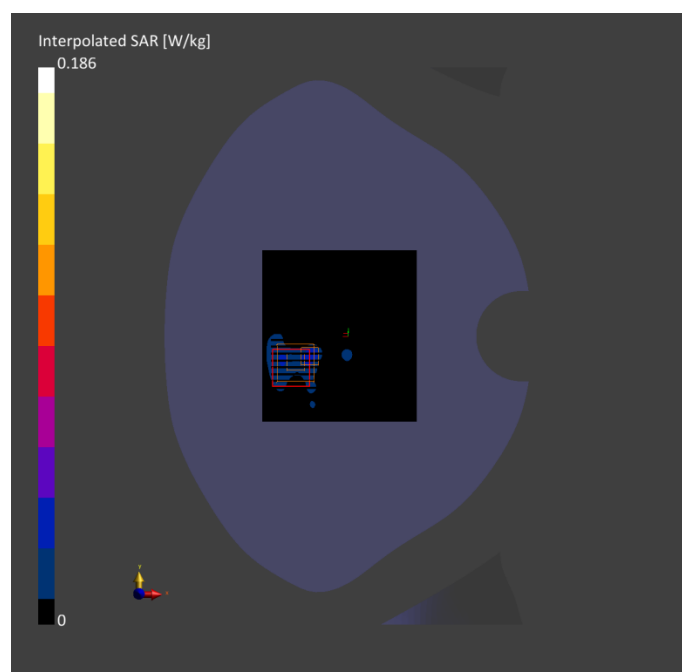
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date		Probe, Calibration Date		DAE, Calibration Date	
Twin-SAM V5.0 (30deg probe tilt) - 1859	HBBL-600-10000	2024-03-11	EX3DV4 - SN7607, 2023-07-04		DAE4 Sn878, 2023-03-23	

Scan Setup

		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]		80.0 x 100.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]		10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0
Sensor Surface [mm]		3.0	1.4
Graded Grid		Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio		1.5	1.4
MAIA Surface		Y	Y
Detection		VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method		Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date		2024-03-11	2024-03-11
psSAR1g [W/kg]		0.028	0.022
psSAR10g [W/kg]		0.01	0.006
Power Drift [dB]		0.04	0.03
Power Scaling		Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]			
TSL Correction	No correction		No correction
M2/M1 [%]			55.5
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]			> 12.0



Meas.4 Body Plane with Back Side 0mm on 116 Channel in IEEE802.11a mode with Antenna 1

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	DUT Type
Device,	55.0 x 50.0 x 15.0	Watch

Exposure Conditions

Phantom	Position	Band	Group	Frequency [MHz]	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	Ambient Temperature	Liquid Temperature
Section, TSL	Distance [mm]		UID	Channel Number				[°C]	[°C]
Flat, HSL	BACK, 0.00	WLAN, 5GHz	10062-CAD	5580.0, 116	4.58	5.02	35.6	22.3	21.3

Hardware Setup

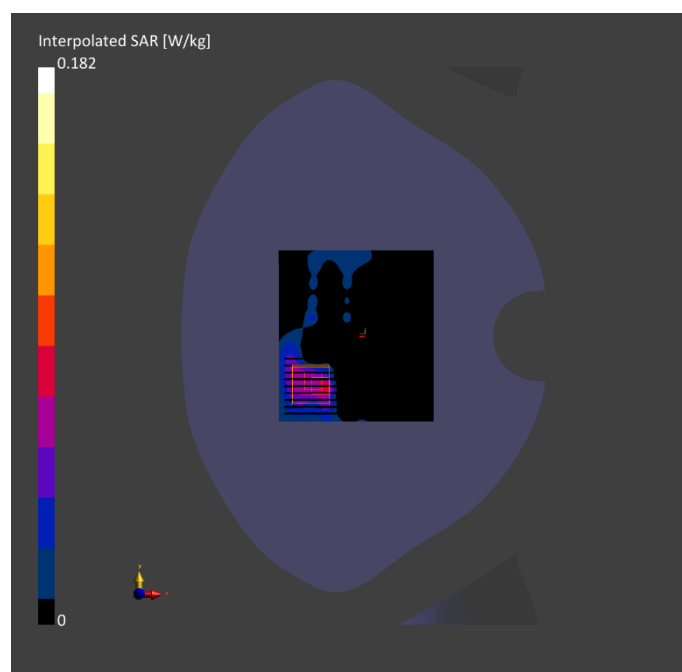
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V5.0 (30deg probe tilt) - 1859	HBBL-600-10000 2024-03-11	EX3DV4 - SN7607, 2023-07-04	DAE4 Sn878, 2023-03-23

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 100.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA Surface	Y	Y
Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-03-11	2024-03-11
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.034	0.035
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.013	0.012
Power Drift [dB]	0.10	0.01
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]		42.5
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		> 12.0



Meas.5 Body Plane with Back Side 0mm on 165 Channel in IEEE802.11a mode with Antenna 1

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	DUT Type
Device,	55.0 x 50.0 x 15.0	Watch

Exposure Conditions

Phantom	Position	Band	Group	Frequency [MHz]	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	Ambient Temperature	Liquid Temperature
Section, TSL	Distance [mm]		UID	Channel Number				[°C]	[°C]
Flat, HSL	BACK, 0.00	WLAN, 5GHz	WLAN, 10062-CAD	5825.0, 165	4.78	5.31	34.5	22.3	21.3

Hardware Setup

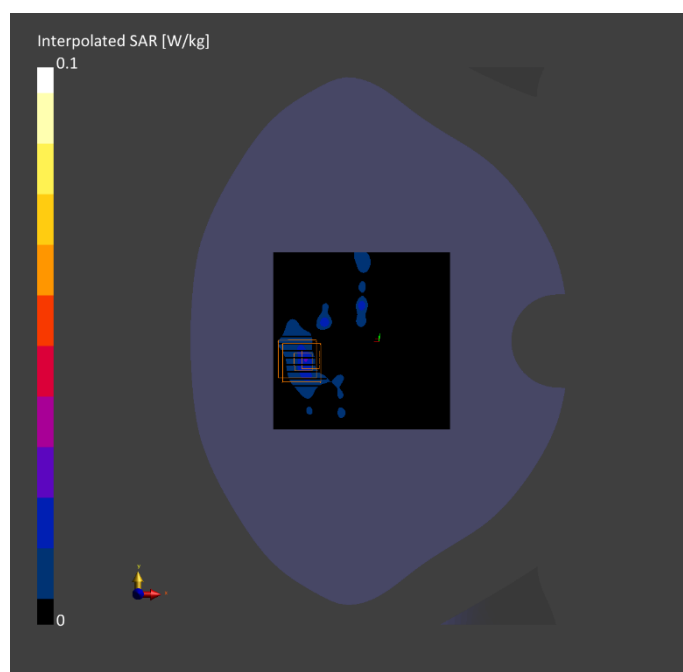
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
Twin-SAM V5.0 (30deg probe tilt) - 1859	HBBL-600-10000 2024-03-11	EX3DV4 - SN7607, 2023-07-04	DAE4 Sn878, 2023-03-23

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 100.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA Surface	Y	Y
Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-03-11	2024-03-11
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.016	0.010
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.005	0.003
Power Drift [dB]	-0.04	0.06
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]		47.2
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		> 12.0



ANNEX D EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2360975-AW.pdf”.

ANNEX E SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2360975-AS-1.pdf”.

ANNEX F CALIBRATION REPORT

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2360975-AC.pdf”.

ANNEX G TUNE-UP PROCEDURE

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2360975-AT.pdf”.

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