FCC TEST REPORT

Product Name:	Smart Phone
Trade Mark:	or RHINO
Model No.:	PACE A1
Add. Model No.:	N/A
Report Number:	220514003RFC-4
Test Standards:	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E
FCC ID:	2AUOUPA1NA
Test Result:	PASS
Date of Issue:	July 14, 2022

Prepared for:

Rhino Mobility LLC
8 The Green, Suite A, Dover, Delaware,19901, USA

Prepared by:

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Version

Version No.	Date	Description
V1.0	July 14, 2022	Original

CONTENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 CLIENT INFORMATION

Applicant:	Rhino Mobility LLC
Address of Applicant:	8 The Green, Suite A, Dover, Delaware,19901, USA
Manufacturer:	Rhino Mobility LLC
Address of Manufacturer:	8 The Green, Suite A, Dover, Delaware,19901, USA

1.2 EUT INFORMATION

1.2.1 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	Smart Phone		
Model No.:	PACE A1		
Add. Model No.:	N/A		
Trade Mark:	or RHINO		
DUT Stage:	Identical Prototype		
EUT Supports Function: (Provided by the customer)	UTRA Bands:	Band II/ Band IV/ Band V	
	E-UTRA Bands:	FDD Band 2/ Band 4/ Band 5/ Band 12/ Band 13/ Band 25/ Band 26/ Band 66/ Band 71	
		TDD Band 41	
	2.4 GHz ISM Band:	IEEE 802.11b/g/n	
		Bluetooth V4.2	
	5 GHz U-NII Bands:	5 150 MHz to 5 250 MHz	IEEE 802.11a/n
		5 250 MHz to 5 350 MHz	IEEE 802.11a/n
		5 470 MHz to 5 725 MHz	IEEE 802.11a/n
		5 725 MHz to 5 850 MHz	IEEE 802.11a/n
	RNSS Bands:	1559 MHz to 1610 MHz	GPS
Software Version:	PACE_A1(005)_20220531 (Provided by the customer)		
Hardware Version:	H318_MB_V2 (Provided by the customer)		
Sample Received Date:	May 18, 2022		
Sample Tested Date:	May 20, 2022 to June 6, 2022		
Note: The PACE A1 have two LCD Module from different vendors. This report has evaluated and pre-testing of two batches of LCD Module, with only the worst data recorded in the report.			
Remark: The above EUT's information was provided by customer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.			

1.2.2 Description of Accessories

Adapter	
Model No.:	MST-0501000
Input:	100-240 V~50/60 Hz 0.15 A Max
Output:	5.0 V ⎓ 1000mA
AC Cable:	N/A
DC Cable:	N/A

Battery	
Model No.:	BPA1
Battery Type:	Lithium-ion Rechargeable Battery
Rated Voltage:	3.8 Vdc
Limited Charge Voltage:	4.35 Vdc
Rated Capacity:	2400 mAh

Cable	
Description:	USB Type-C Plug Cable
Cable Type:	Shielded without ferrite
Length:	1 Meter

1.3 PRODUCT SPECIFICATION SUBJECTIVE TO THIS STANDARD

Frequency Bands:	5150 MHz to 5250 MHz (U-NII-1)				
	5250 MHz to 5350 MHz (U-NII-2A)				
	5470 MHz to 5725 MHz (U-NII-2C)				
	5 725 MHz to 5 850 MHz (U-NII-3)				
Frequency Ranges:	5180 MHz to 5240 MHz				
	5260 MHz to 5320 MHz				
	5500 MHz to 5700 MHz				
	5 745 MHz to 5 825 MHz				
Support Standards:	IEEE 802.11a/n				
TPC Function:	Not Support				
DFS Operational mode:	Slave without radar Interference detection function				
Type of Modulation:	IEEE 802.11a: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)				
	IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)				
Channel Spacing:	IEEE 802.11a/n-HT20: 20 MHz				
	IEEE 802.11n-HT40: 40 MHz				
Data Rate:	IEEE 802.11a: Up to 54 Mbps				
	IEEE 802.11n-HT20: Up to MCS7				
	IEEE 802.11n-HT40: Up to MCS7				
Number of Channels:	5150 MHz to 5250 MHz: 4 for IEEE 802.11a/n-HT20 2 for IEEE 802.11n-HT40)				
	5250 MHz to 5350 MHz: 4 for IEEE 802.11a/n-HT20 2 for IEEE 802.11n-HT40)				
	5470 MHz to 5725 MHz: 11 for IEEE 802.11a/n-HT20 5 for IEEE 802.11n-HT40				
	5725 MHz to 5850 MHz: 11 for IEEE 802.11a/n-HT20 5 for IEEE 802.11n-HT40				
Antenna Type:	LDS Antenna				
Antenna Gain: (Provided by the customer)	5150 - 5250 MHz	-2.48 dBi			
	5250 - 5350 MHz	-2.46 dBi			
	5470 - 5725 MHz	-2.47 dBi			
	5725 - 5850 MHz	-2.48 dBi			
Maximum conducted output power (dBm):		**U-NII-1**	**U-NII-2A**	**U-NII-2C**	**U-NII-3**
	IEEE 802.11a:	9.27	9.36	8.22	8.80
	IEEE 802.11n-HT20:	9.17	9.42	8.17	9.00
	IEEE 802.11n-HT40:	8.54	8.52	7.25	8.23
Normal Test Voltage:	3.8 Vdc				

1.4 OTHER INFORMATION

Operation Frequency Each of Channel				
	U-NII-1	U-NII-2A	U-NII-2C	U-NII-3
IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11n-HT20	f = 5000 + 5k, k = 32 + 4n			f = 5000 + 5k, k = 145 + 4n
	n = 1,…, 4	n = 5,…, 8	n = 17,…, 27	n = 1,…, 5
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	f = 5000 + 5k, k = 30 + 8n			f = 5000 + 5k, k = 143 + 8n
	n = 1, 2	n = 3, 4	n = 9,…, 13	n = 1, 2
Note: **f** is the operating frequency (MHz); **k** is the operating channel.				

1.5 DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS

The EUT has been tested with associated equipment below.

1) Support Equipment

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial Number	FCC ID	Supplied by
Notebook	DELL	Inspiron 5409	N/A	N/A	UnionTrust
Wireless Home Router	SAGEMCOM	FAST5280	N/A	VW3FAST5280	UnionTrust

2) Support Cable

Cable No.	Description	Connector	Length	Supplied by
1	Antenna Cable	SMA	0.3 Meter	UnionTrust

1.6 TEST LOCATION

Shenzhen UnionTrust Quality and Technology Co., Ltd.

Address: Unit D/E of 9/F and 16/F, Block A, Building 6, Baoneng science and technology park, Longhua district, Shenzhen, China, China 518109
Telephone: +86 (0) 755 2823 0888
Fax: +86 (0) 755 2823 0886

1.7 TEST FACILITY

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS-Lab Code: L9069
The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated once a year or in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable under the ISO/IEC 17025 to international or national standards. Equipment has been calibrated by accredited calibration laboratories.

A2LA-Lab Certificate No.: 4312.01
Shenzhen UnionTrust Quality and Technology Co., Ltd. has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

ISED Wireless Device Testing Laboratories
CAB identifier: CN0032

FCC Accredited Lab.
Designation Number: CN1194
Test Firm Registration Number: 259480

1.8 DEVIATION FROM STANDARDS

None.

1.9 ABNORMALITIES FROM STANDARD CONDITIONS

None.

1.10 OTHER INFORMATION REQUESTED BY THE CUSTOMER

None.

1.11 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the Product as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

No.	Item	Measurement Uncertainty
1	Conducted emission 9kHz-150kHz	±3.2 dB
2	Conducted emission 150kHz-30MHz	±2.7 dB
3	Radiated emission 9kHz-30MHz	±4.7 dB
4	Radiated emission 30MHz-1GHz	±4.6 dB
5	Radiated emission 1GHz-18GHz	±4.4 dB
6	Radiated emission 18GHz-40GHz	±4.6 dB

2. TEST SUMMARY

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Test Cases			
Test Item	**Test Requirement**	**Test Method**	**Result**
Antenna Requirement	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.203 FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407(a)(1) (2)	N/A	PASS
26 dB emission bandwidth	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)(2)(5)	KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 Section C.1	PASS
6 dB bandwidth	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (e)	KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 Section C.2	PASS
Maximum conducted output power	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)(1)(2)(3)	KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 Section E.3.a (Method PM)	PASS
Peak Power Spectral Density	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)(1)(2)(3)	KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 Section F	PASS
Radiated Emissions and Band Edge Measurement	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)(1)(2)(3)(4)(6) FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.209/205	KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 Section G.3, G.4, G.5, and G.6	PASS
Dynamic Frequency Selection	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (h)	KDB 905462 D03 Client Without DFS New Rules v01r02	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)(6) FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207	ANSI C63.10-2013, Section 6.2.	PASS
Disclaimer and Explanations: The declared of product specification and data (e.g., antenna gain, RF specification, etc) for EUT presented in the report are provided by the customer, and the customer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.			

For Dynamic Frequency Selection

Test Case	Result
Channel Availability Check Time	N/A[1]
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	N/A[1]
Channel Closing Transmission Time	PASS
Channel Move Time	PASS
DFS Detection Threshold	N/A[1]
Non- Occupancy Period	N/A[1]

Note:

1) The EUT is slave, NA In this whole report not applicable.

3. EQUIPMENT LIST

Radiated Emission Test Equipment List						
Used	**Equipment**	**Manufacturer**	**Model No.**	**Serial Number**	**Cal. date**	**Cal. Due date**
☒	3M Chamber & Accessory Equipment	ETS-LINDGREN	3M	Euroshiedpn-CT001270-1317	22-Jan-2021	21-Jan-2024
☒	Receiver	R&S	ESIB26	100114	5-Nov-2021	4-Nov-2022
☒	EXA Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY51440197	15-Apr-2022	14-Apr-2023
☒	Loop Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	6502	00202525	11-Nov-2021	10-Nov-2023
☒	Broadband Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3142E	00201566	11-Nov-2021	10-Nov-2023
☒	6dB Attenuator	Talent	RA6A5-N-18	18103001	11-Nov-2021	10-Nov-2023
☒	Preamplifier	HP	8447F	2805A02960	5-Nov-2021	4-Nov-2022
☒	Horn Antenna (Pre-amplifier)	ETS-LINDGREN	3117-PA	00201874	17-Apr-2022	16-Apr-2024
☒	Pre-amplifier	ETS-LINDGREN	00118385	00201874	6-Nov-2021	5-Nov-2022
☐	Horn Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3116C	00200180	17-Apr-2022	16-Apr-2024
☒	Horn Antenna (Pre-amplifier)	ETS-LINDGREN	3116C-PA	00202652	14-Nov-2020	13-Nov-2022
☒	Pre-amplifier	ETS-LINDGREN	00118384	00202652	17-Nov-2020	16-Nov-2022
☒	Band Rejection Filter (5150MHz~5880MHz)	Micro-Tronics	BRM50716	G186	6-Nov-2021	5-Nov-2022
☒	Multi device Controller	ETS-LINDGREN	7006-001	00160105	N/A	N/A
☒	Test Software	Audix	e3	Software Version: 9.160323		

Conducted Emission Test Equipment List						
Used	**Equipment**	**Manufacturer**	**Model No.**	**Serial Number**	**Cal. date**	**Cal. Due date**
☒	Receiver	R&S	ESR7	101181	5-Nov-2021	4-Nov-2022
☒	Pulse Limiter	R&S	ESH3-Z2	0357.8810.54	5-Nov-2021	4-Nov-2022
☒	LISN	R&S	ESH2-Z5	860014/024	5-Nov-2021	4-Nov-2022
☐	LISN	ETS-Lindgren	3816/2SH	00201088	5-Nov-2021	4-Nov-2022
☒	Test Software	Audix	e3	Software Version: 9 20151119i		

RF Conducted Test Equipment List						
Used	**Equipment**	**Manufacturer**	**Model No.**	**Serial Number**	**Cal. date**	**Cal. Due date**
☒	EXA Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY51440197	15-Apr-2022	14-Apr-2023
☒	USB Wideband Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MY55430035	5-Nov-2021	4-Nov-2022
☐	USB Wideband Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MY55430023	5-Nov-2021	4-Nov-2022
☐	EXG-B RF Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5171B	MY53051777	5-Nov-2021	4-Nov-2022
☒	MXG X-Series RF Vector Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5182B	MY51350267	5-Nov-2021	4-Nov-2022

4. TEST CONFIGURATION

4.1 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS FOR TESTING

4.1.1 Normal or Extreme Test Conditions

Environment Parameter	Selected Values During Tests		
Test Condition	Ambient		
	Temperature (°C)	Voltage	Relative Humidity (%)
NT/NV	+15 to +35	3.8	20 to 75
Remark: 1) NV: Normal Voltage; NT: Normal Temperature			

4.1.2 Record of Normal Environment and Test Sample

Test Item	Temp. (°C)	Relative Humidity (%)	Pressure (kPa)	Sample No.	Tested by
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	24.5	45	101.1	220514003-A03/6	David Zhang
26 dB emission bandwidth	25.1	54	100.1	220514003-A01/6	Evan Ouyang
Maximum conducted output power					
Peak Power Spectral Density					
6 dB bandwidth					
Dynamic Frequency Selection					
Radiated Emissions and Band Edge Measurement	21.5	52	100.3	220514003-A03/6	Fire Huo

4.2 TEST CHANNELS

Mode	Tx/Rx Frequency	Test RF Channel Lists		
		Lowest(L)	Middle(M)	Highest(H)
IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11n-HT20	5150 MHz to 5250 MHz	Channel 36	Channel 44	Channel 48
		5180 MHz	5220 MHz	5240 MHz
	5250 MHz to 5350 MHz	Channel 52	Channel 60	Channel 64
		5260 MHz	5300 MHz	5320 MHz
	5470 MHz to 5725 MHz	Channel 100	Channel 120	Channel 140
		5500 MHz	5600 MHz	5700 MHz
	5725 MHz to 5850 MHz	Channel 149	Channel 157	Channel 165
		5745 MHz	5785 MHz	5825 MHz
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	5150 MHz to 5250 MHz	Channel 38	--	Channel 46
		5190 MHz	--	5230 MHz
	5250 MHz to 5350 MHz	Channel 54	--	Channel 62
		5270 MHz	--	5310 MHz
	5470 MHz to 5725 MHz	Channel 102	Channel 118	Channel 134
		5510 MHz	5590 MHz	5670 MHz
	5725 MHz to 5850 MHz	Channel 151	--	Channel 159
		5755 MHz	--	5795 MHz

4.3 EUT TEST STATUS

Mode	Tx/Rx Function	Description
IEEE 802.11a/n	1Tx/1Rx or 2Tx/2Rx	1. Keep the EUT in transmitting mode with all kind of modulation and all kind of data rate.

Power Setting (Provided by the customer)				
Mode	U-NII-1	U-NII-2A	U-NII-2C	U-NII-3
IEEE 802.11a	24	24	20	24
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	24	24	20	24
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	18	18	17	24

Test Software (Provided by the customer)
Engineering mode: *#*#3646633#*#*

4.4 PRE-SCAN

Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations and data rate. Following data rate was (were) selected for the final test as listed below

Mode	Worst-case data rates
IEEE 802.11a	6 Mbps
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	MCS0
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	MCS0

4.5 TEST SETUP

4.5.1 For Radiated Emissions test setup

Figure 1. Below 30MHz

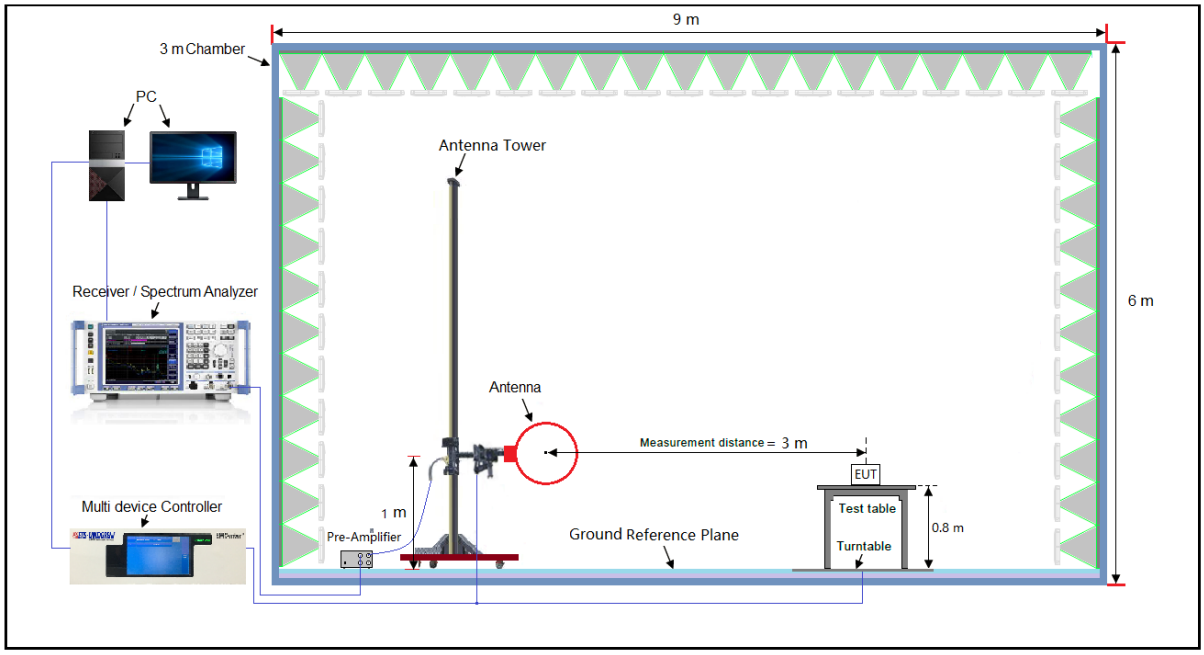


Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

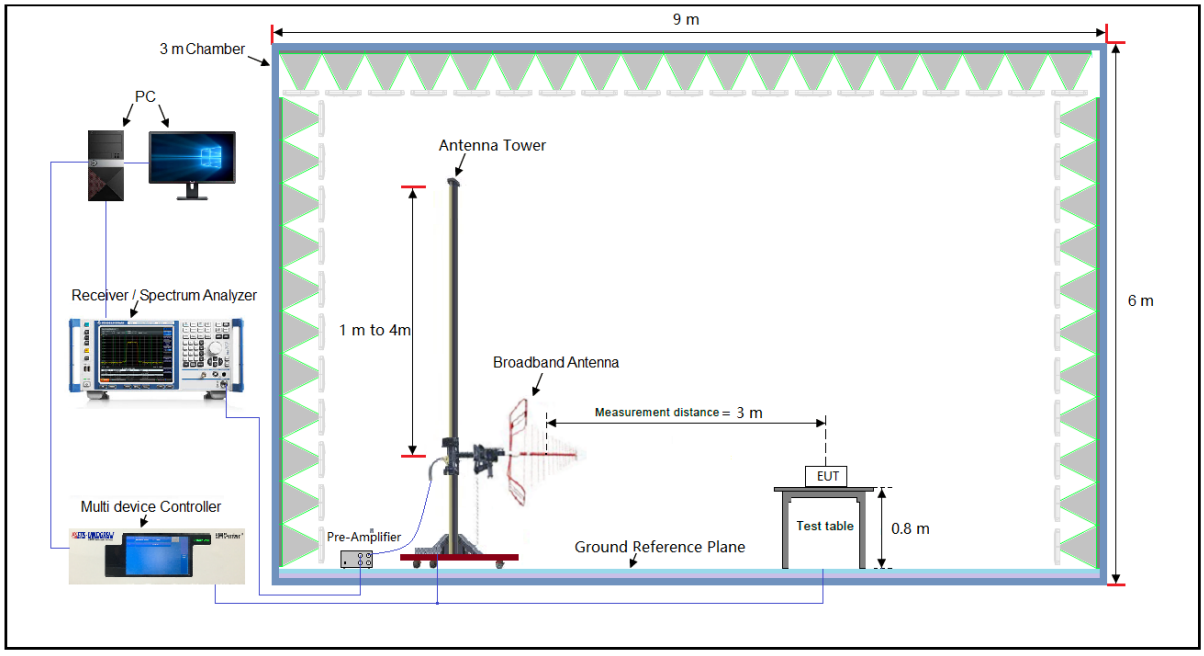
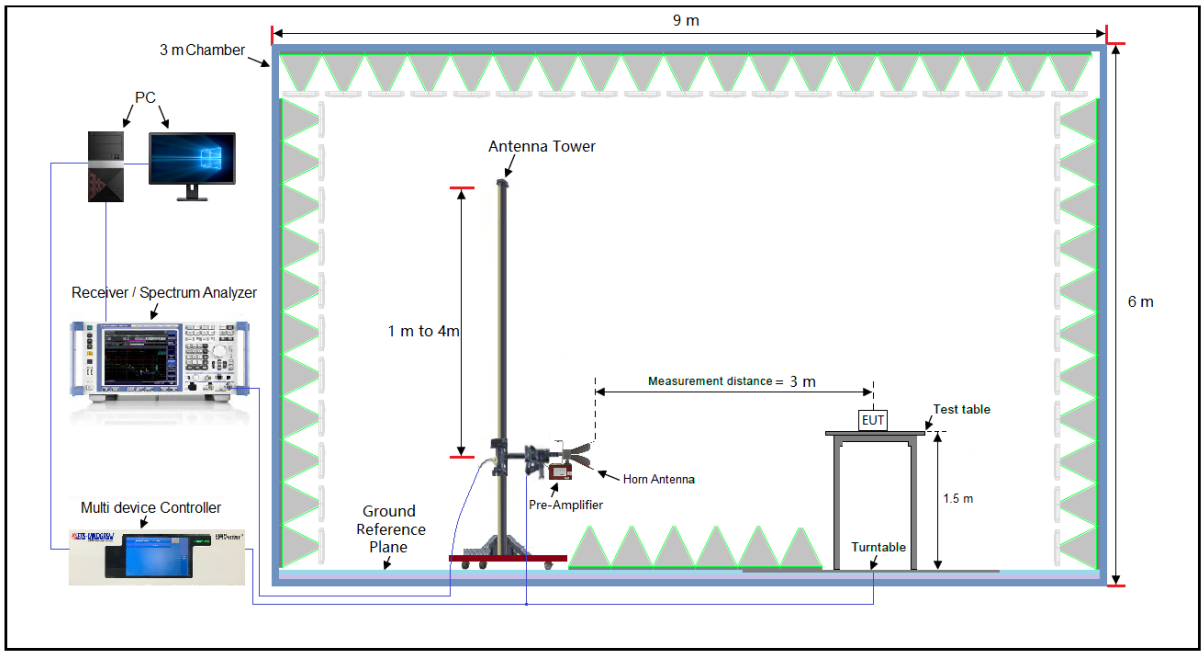
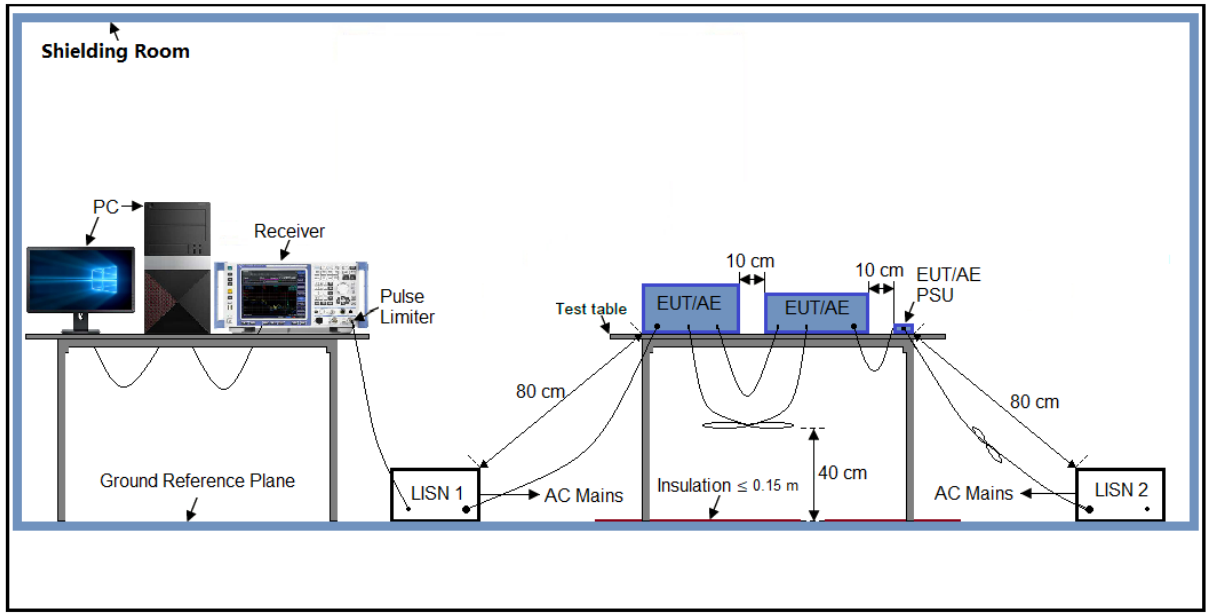


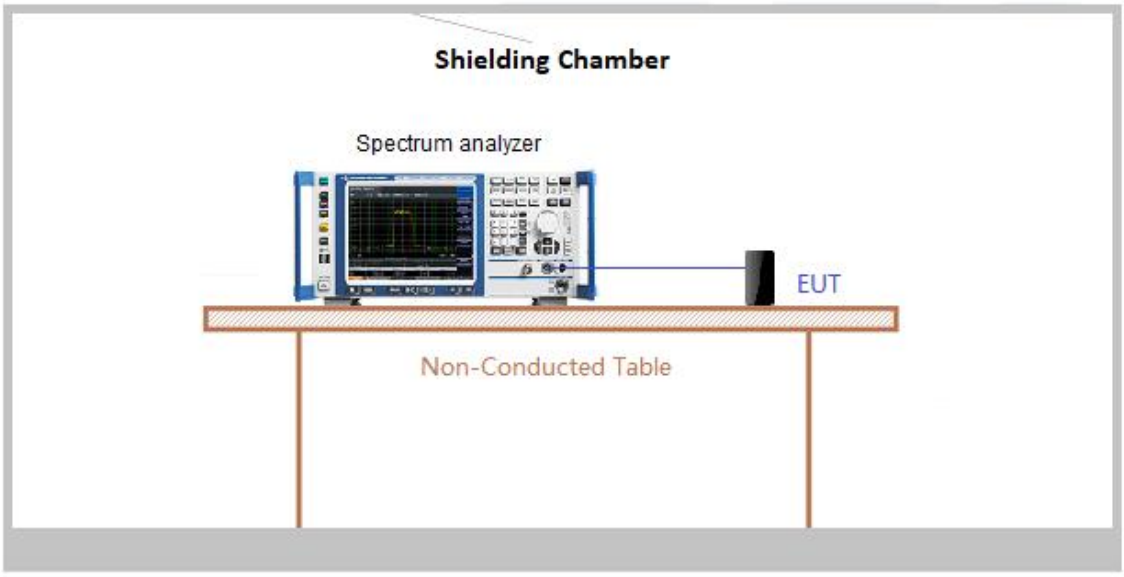
Figure 3. Above 1GHz



4.5.2 For Conducted Emissions test setup



4.5.3 For Conducted RF test setup



Normal Environment

4.6 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

For emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) setup to transmit continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, radiated emission were performed with the EUT set to transmit at the channel with highest output power as worst-case scenario. It was powered by a 3.8V battery. Only the worst case data were recorded in this test report.

The signal is maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height is varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions are taken at three meters unless the signal level is too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier is used and/or the test is conducted at a closer distance. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in orientation.

All readings are extrapolated back to the equivalent three meter reading using inverse scaling with distance. Analyzer resolution is 100 kHz or greater for frequencies below 1000 MHz. The resolution is 1 MHz or greater for frequencies above 1000 MHz. The spurious emissions more than 20 dB below the permissible value are not reported.

Radiated emission measurement were performed from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

4.7 DUTY CYCLE

Test Procedure: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 12.2.

Test Results

Mode	Data Rates	On Time (msec)	Period (msec)	Duty Cycle (linear)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	1/T Minimum VBW (kHz)
IEEE 802.11a	6 Mbps	1.385	1.425	0.97	97.19	0.12	0.72
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	MCS 0	1.290	1.340	0.96	96.27	0.17	0.78
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	MCS 0	0.640	0.685	0.93	93.43	0.30	1.56

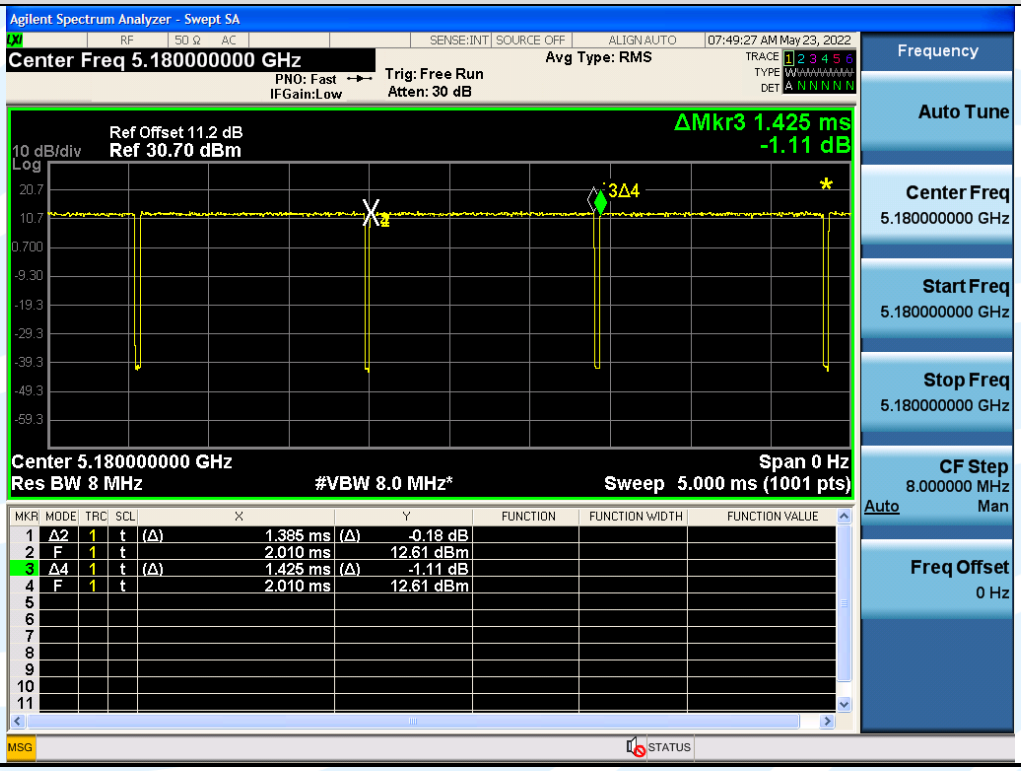
Remark:

1) Duty cycle= On Time/ Period;

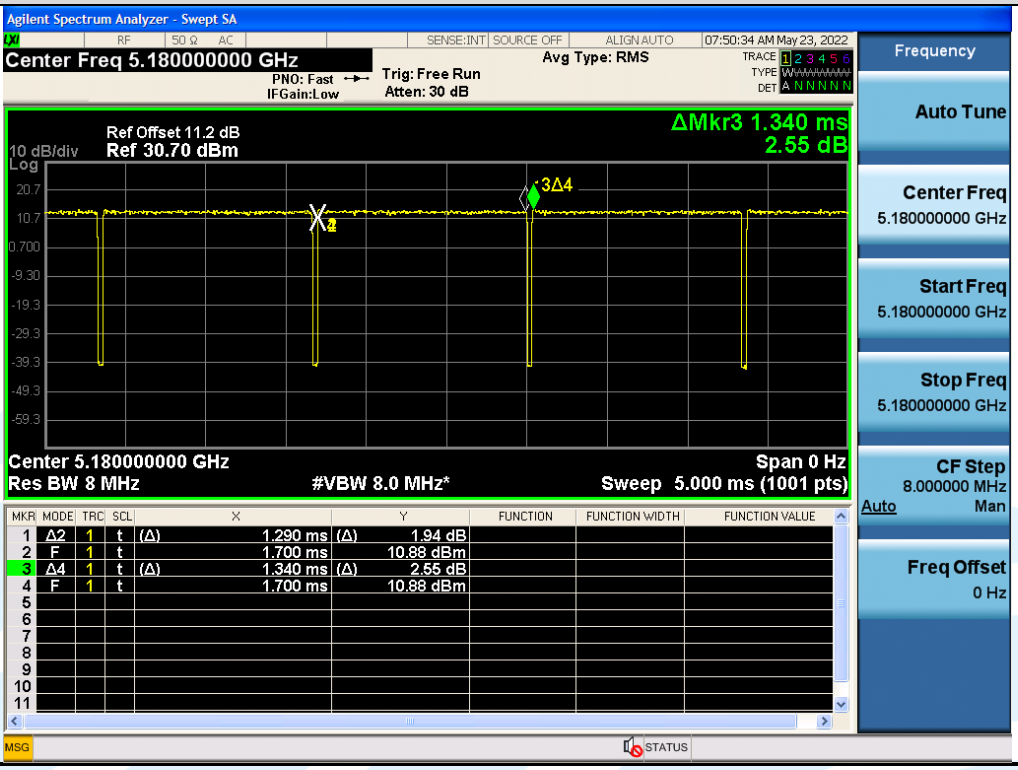
2) Duty Cycle factor = 10 * log(1/ Duty cycle);

The test plots as follows

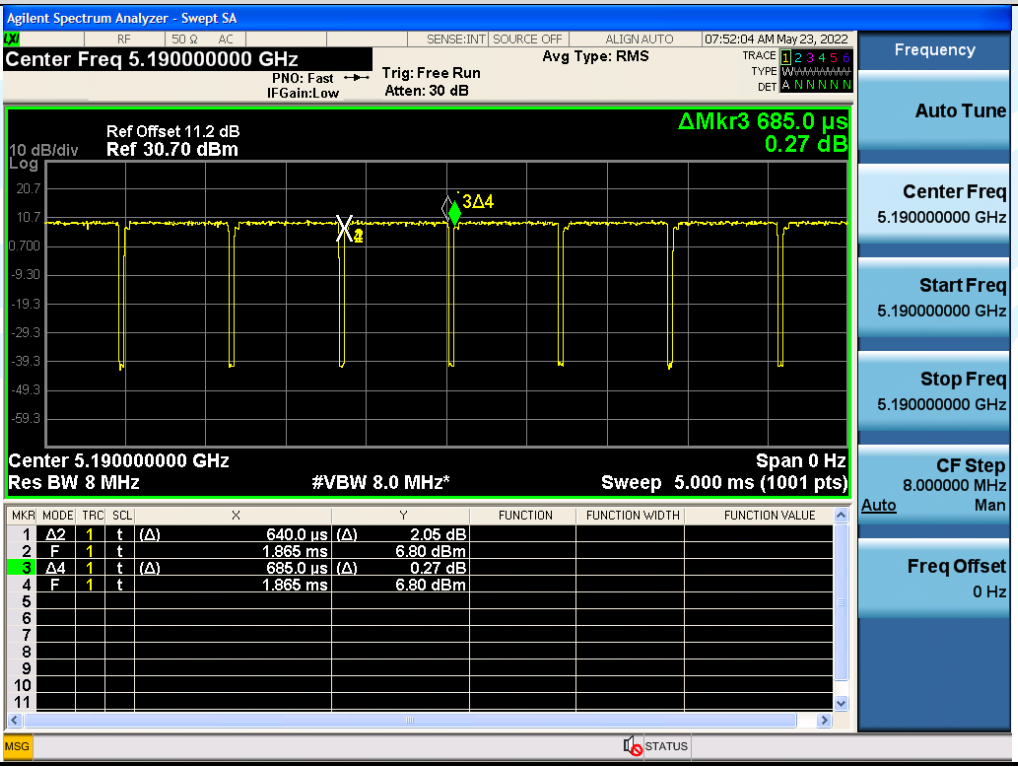
IEEE 802.11a



IEEE 802.11n-HT20



IEEE 802.11n-HT40



5. RADIO TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS SPECIFICATION

5.1 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS FOR TESTING

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	FCC 47 CFR Part 2	Frequency allocations and radio treaty matters; general rules and regulations
2	FCC 47 CFR Part 15	Radio Frequency Devices
3	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicesed Wireless Devices
4	KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01	Guidelines for compliance testing of unlicensed national information infrastructure (U-NII) device part 15, subpart E
5	KDB 905462 D06 802.11 Channel Plans New Rules v02	Operation in U-NII bands -802.11 channel PLAN(§15.407)
6	KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02	Compliance measurement procedures for Unlicensed –National Information Infrastructure devices operates in the frequency bands 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz and 5470 MHz to 5725 MHz bands incorporating dynamic frequency selection
7	KDB 905462 D03 Client Without DFS New Rules v01r02	U-NII client devices without radar detection capability

5.2 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Standard Requirement
15.203 requirement: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. **15.407(a)(1) (2) requirement:** The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (a) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (a) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
EUT Antenna:
Antenna in the interior of the equipment and no consideration of replacement. The gain of the antenna is 2.48 dBi.

5.3 26 DB BANDWIDTH

Test Requirement: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a) (2)(5)

Test Method: KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 Section C.1

Limit: None; for reporting purposes only.

Test Procedure:

The output from the transmitter was connected to an attenuator and then to the input of the RF Spectrum analyzer.

Spectrum analyzer according to the following Settings:
a) Set RBW = approximately 1 % of the emission bandwidth.
b) Set the VBW > RBW.
c) Detector = Peak.
d) Trace mode = max hold.
e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peak of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1 %.

Note: The cable loss and attenuator loss were offset into measure device as an amplitude offset.

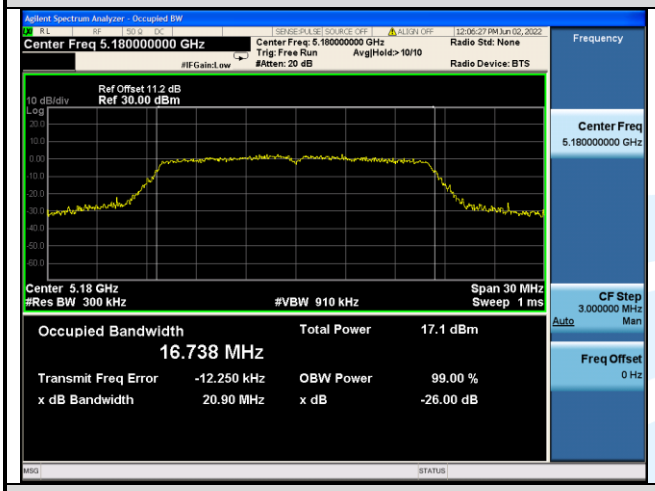
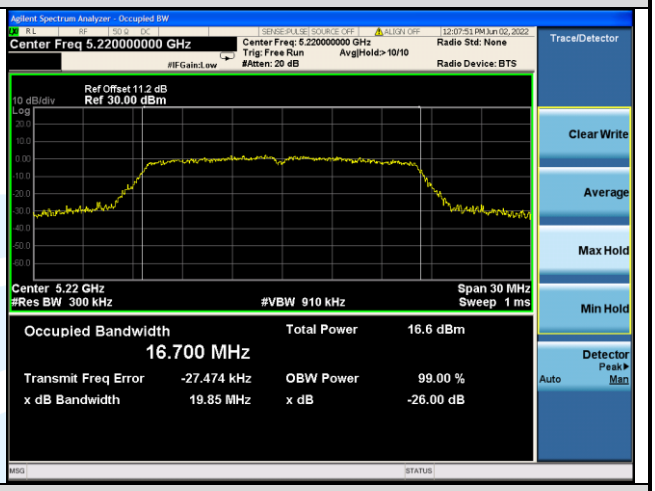
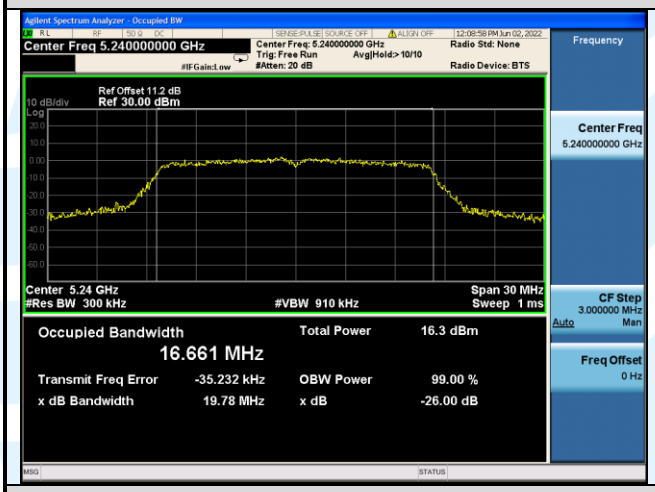
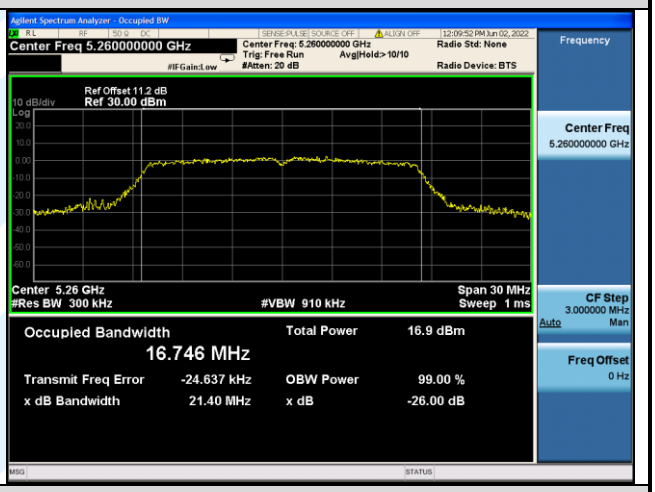
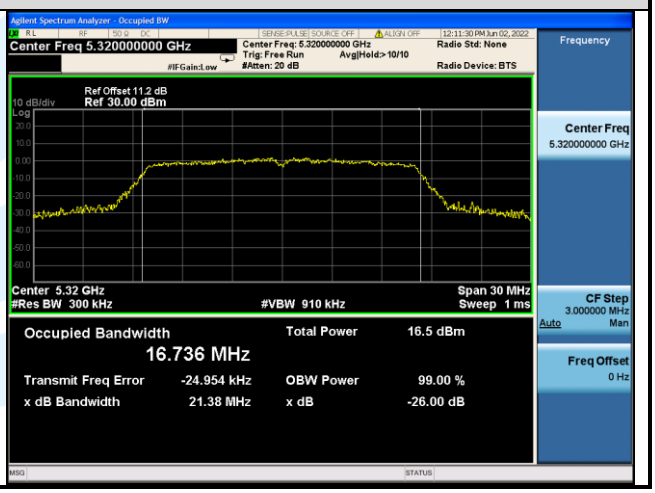
Test Setup: Refer to section 4.5.3 for details.

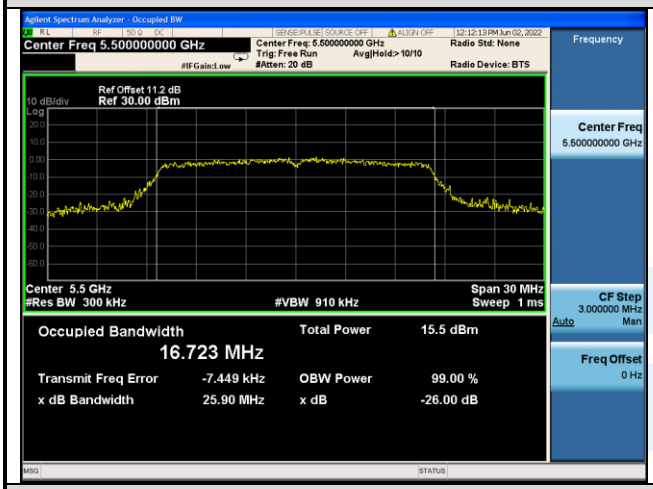
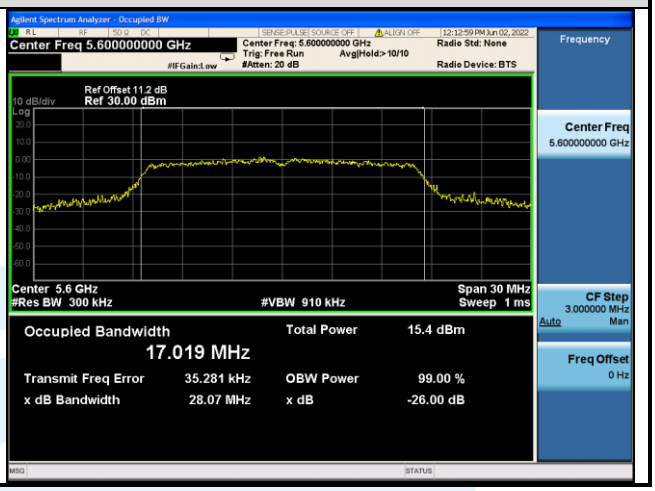
Instruments Used: Refer to section 3 for details

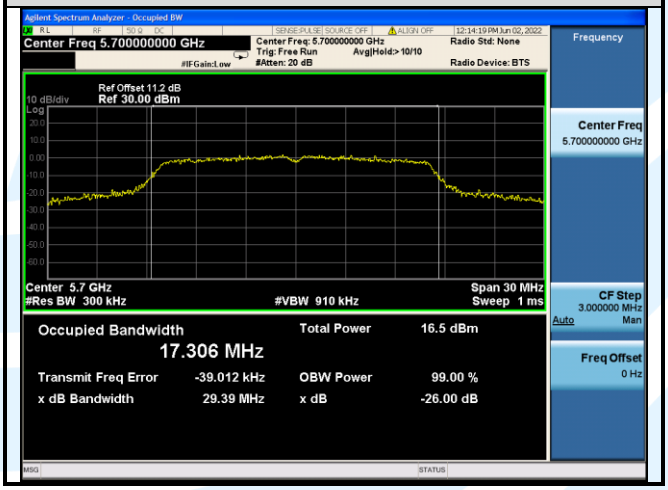
Test Results: Pass

Mode	Channel	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
IEEE 802.11a	36 (5180)	20.90	16.738
	44 (5220)	19.85	16.700
	48 (5240)	19.78	16.661
	52 (5260)	21.40	16.746
	60 (5300)	19.79	16.633
	64 (5320)	21.38	16.736
	100 (5500)	25.90	16.723
	120 (5600)	28.07	17.019
	140 (5700)	29.39	17.306
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	36 (5180)	20.00	17.627
	44 (5220)	19.95	17.695
	48 (5240)	20.16	17.675
	52 (5260)	20.72	17.673
	60 (5300)	20.10	17.727
	64 (5320)	21.82	17.665
	100 (5500)	26.84	17.739
	120 (5600)	29.07	17.902
	140 (5700)	29.71	17.929
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	38 (5190)	42.33	35.984
	46 (5230)	39.72	35.988
	54 (5270)	42.04	35.999
	62 (5310)	41.04	35.950
	102 (5510)	51.74	36.209
	118 (5590)	58.62	36.305
	134 (5670)	59.61	36.387

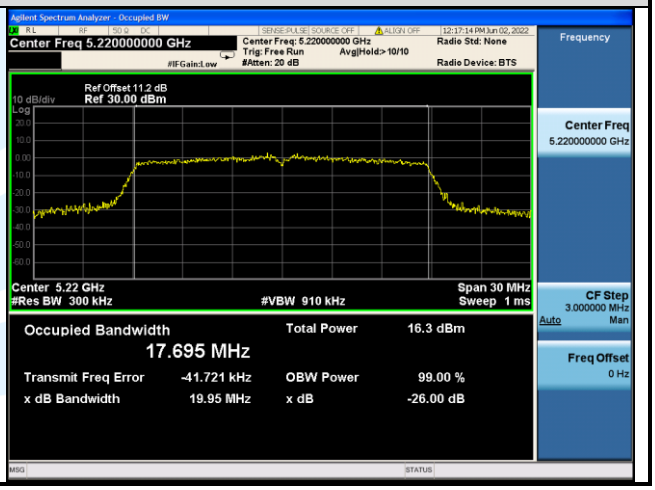
The test plots as follows:

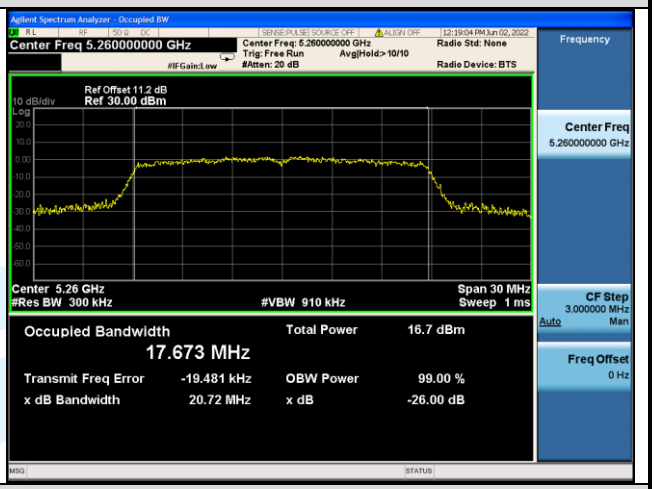
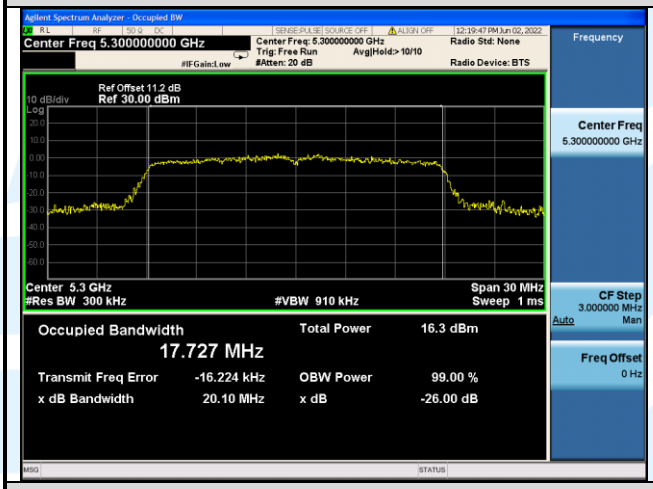
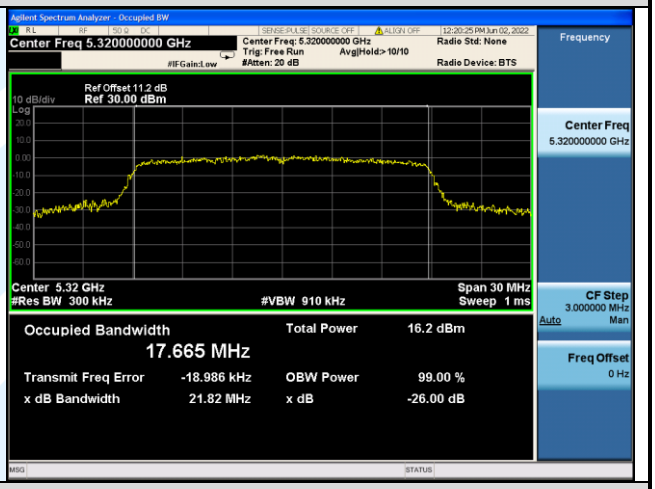
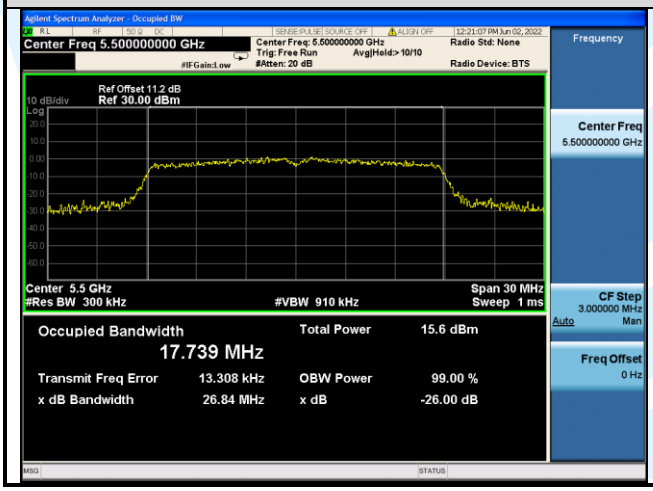
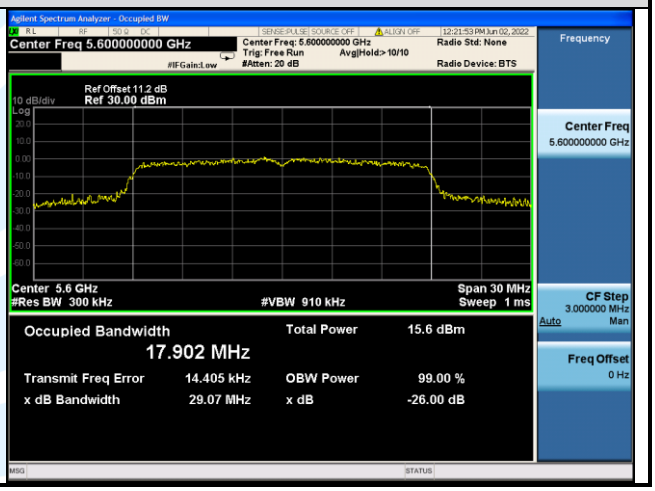
IEEE 802.11a	
Channel 36	**Channel 44**
	
Channel 48	**Channel 52**
	
Channel 60	**Channel 64**
	

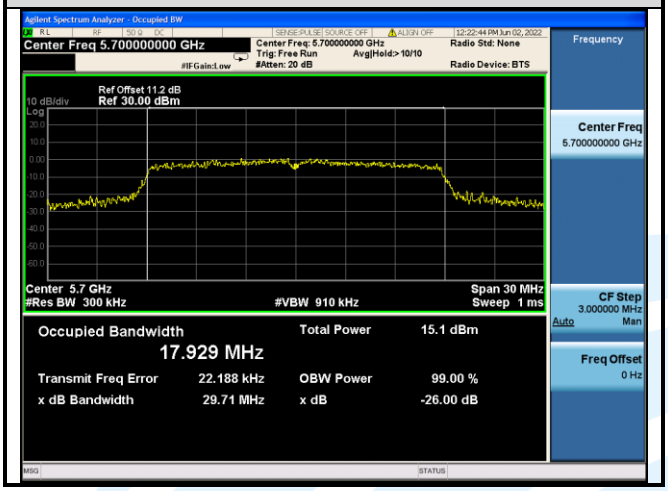
Channel 100	Channel 120
	

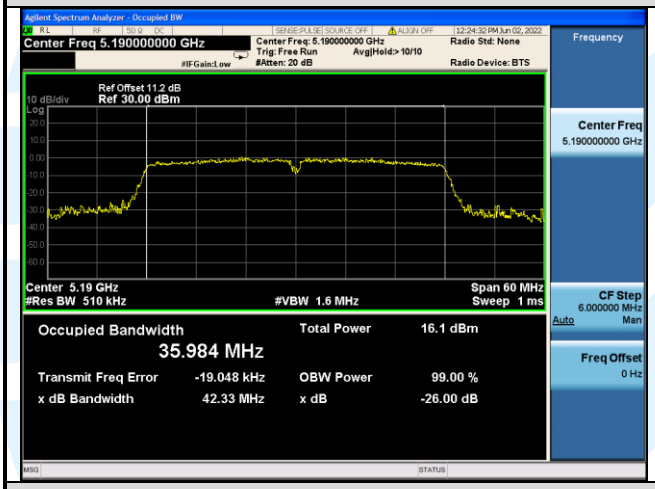
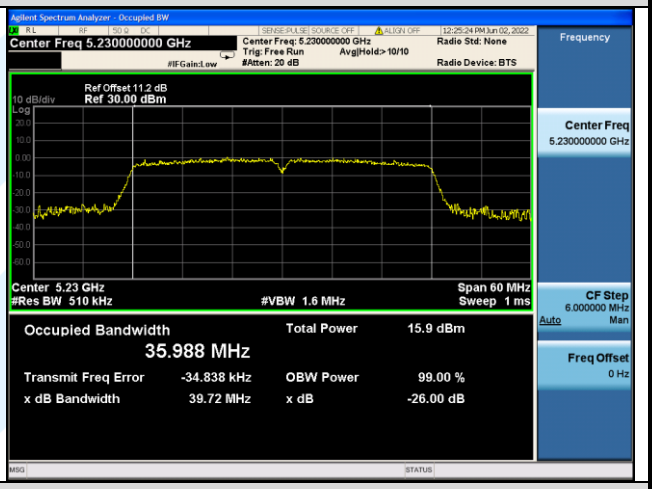
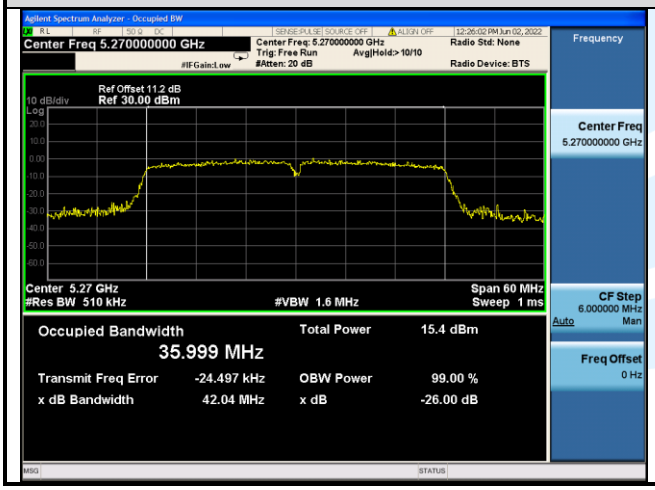
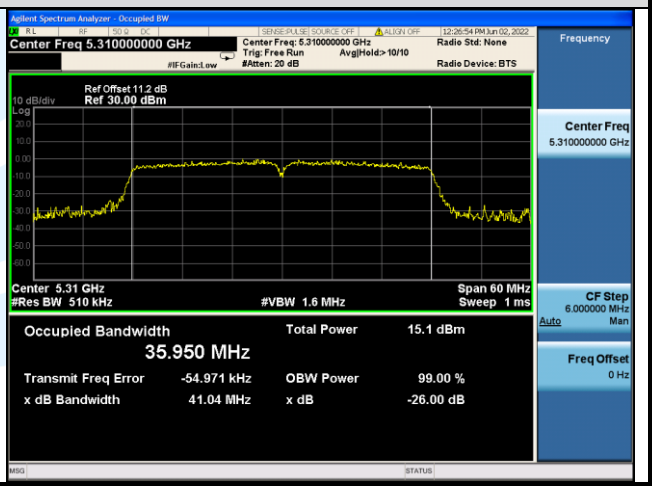
Channel 140


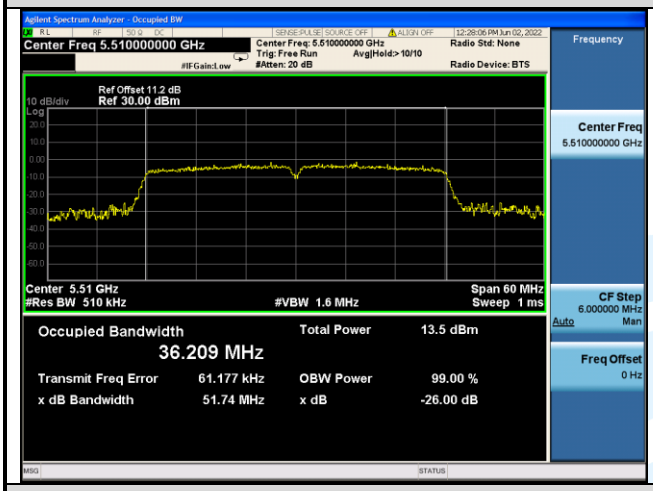
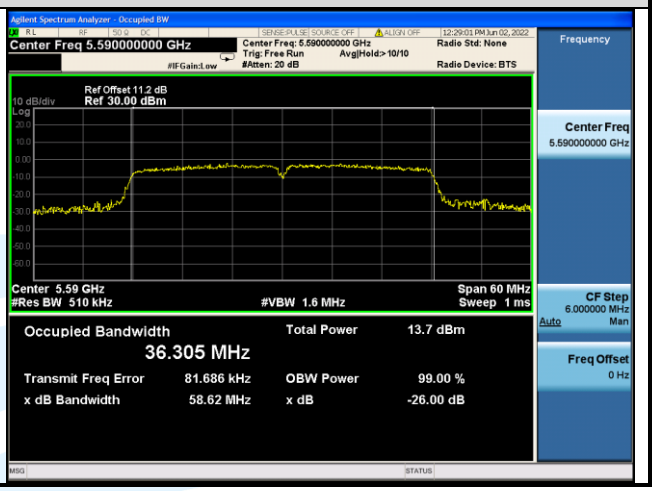
IEEE 802.11n-HT20

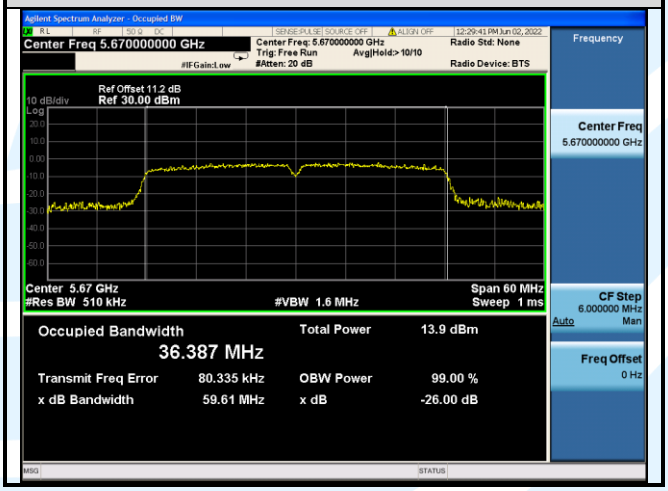
Channel 36	Channel 44
	

Channel 48	Channel 52
	
Channel 60	**Channel 64**
	
Channel 100	**Channel 120**
	

Channel 140


IEEE 802.11n-HT40	
Channel 38	Channel 46
	
Channel 54	Channel 62
	

Channel 102	Channel 118
	

Channel 134


5.46 DB BANDWIDTH

Test Requirement: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.407 (e)

Test Method: KDB 789033 D02 v02r01Section C.2

Limit: Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Procedure:

The output from the transmitter was connected to an attenuator and then to the input of the RF Spectrum Analyzer.

Spectrum analyzer according to the following Settings:
a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 * RBW.
c) Detector = Peak.
d) Trace mode = max hold.
e) Sweep = auto couple.
f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note: The cable loss and attenuator loss were offset into measure device as an amplitude offset.

Test Setup: Refer to section 4.5.3 for details.

Instruments Used: Refer to section 3 for details

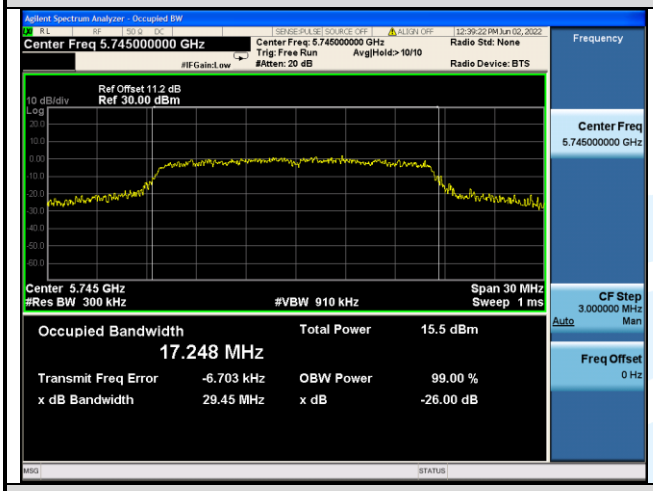
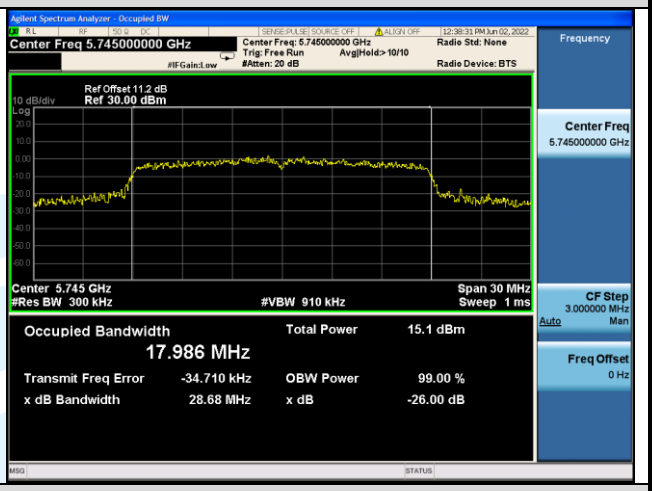
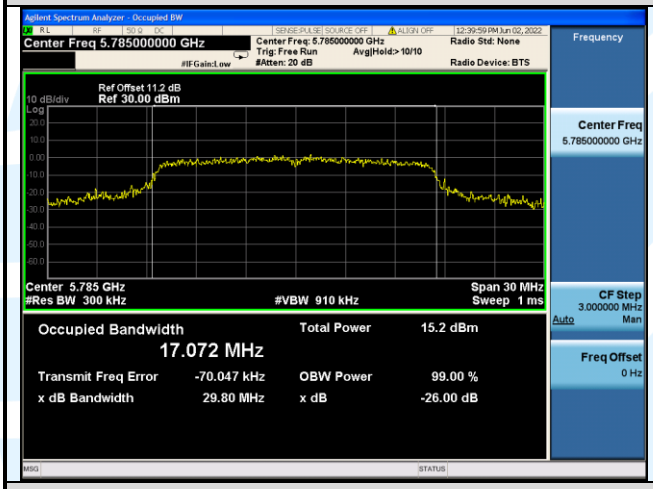
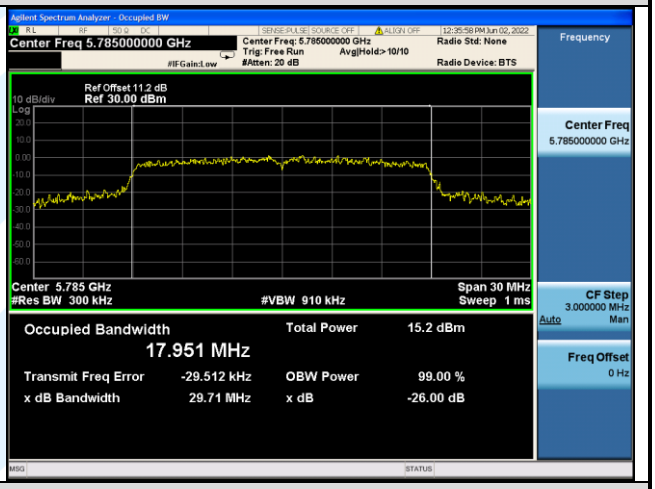
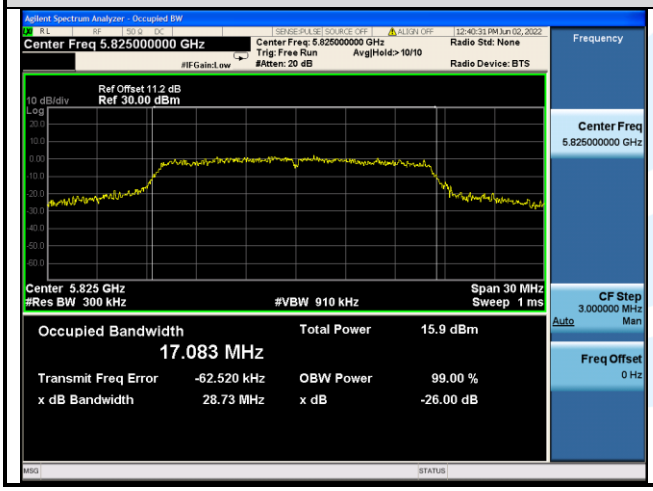
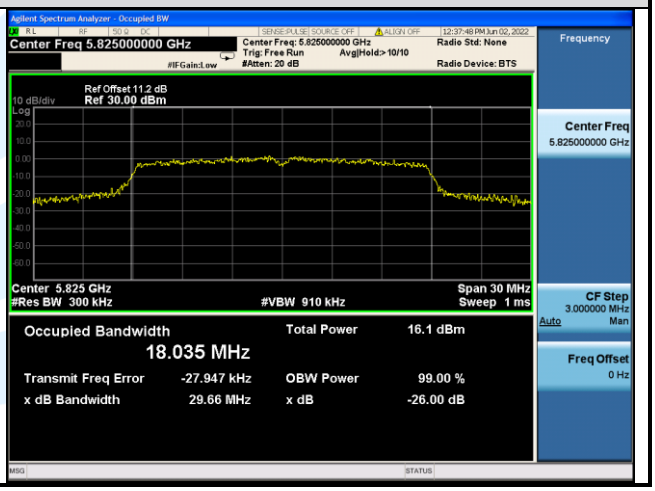
Test Mode: Transmitter mode

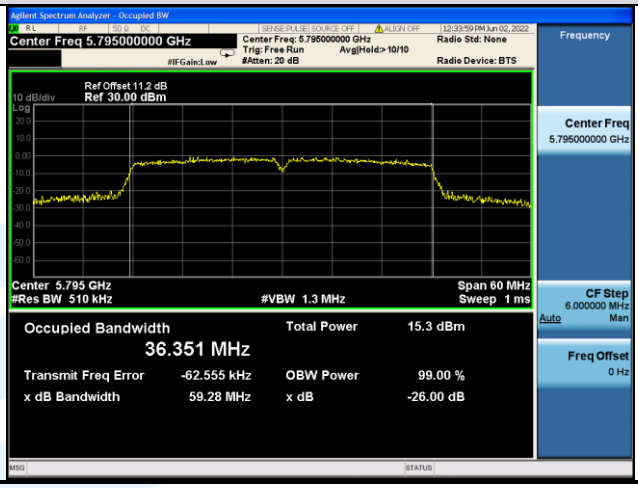
Test Results: Pass

Test Data:

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limit	Pass / Fail
IEEE 802.11a	149 (5745)	29.45	17.248	> 500 kHz	Pass
	157 (5785)	29.80	17.072	> 500 kHz	Pass
	165 (5825)	28.73	17.083	> 500 kHz	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	149 (5745)	28.68	17.986	> 500 kHz	Pass
	157 (5785)	29.71	17.951	> 500 kHz	Pass
	165 (5825)	29.66	18.035	> 500 kHz	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	151 (5755)	59.86	36.451	> 500 kHz	Pass
	159 (5795)	59.28	36.351	> 500 kHz	Pass

The test plots as follows:

IEEE 802.11a	IEEE 802.11n-HT20
Channel 149	
	
Channel 157	
	
Channel 165	
	

IEEE 802.11n-HT40	
Channel 151	Channel 159
	

5.5 MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

Test Requirement: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)(1)(2)(3)
Test Method: KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 Section E.3.a(Method PM)
Limits:

1. For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

2. For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

3. For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

Test Procedure:

1. Connected the EUT's antenna port to measure device by 10dB attenuator.
2. Method PM is used to perform output power measurement, trigger and gating function of wide band power meter is enabled to measure max output power of Tx on burst.

Note: The cable loss and attenuator loss were offset into measure device as an amplitude offset.

Test Setup: Refer to section 4.5.3 for details.

Instruments Used: Refer to section 3 for details

Test Mode: Transmitter mode

Test Results: Pass

Test Data:

Antenna gain and the maximum output power limit.

Frequency Band	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Peak Power Limits (dBm)
U-NII-1	2.48	24.0
U-NII-2A	2.46	24.0
U-NII-2C	2.47	24.0
U-NII-3	2.48	30.0

For U-NII-1 Band:

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum conducted output power (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Meas Power	Corr'd Power		
IEEE 802.11a	36 (5180)	9.46	9.58	24	Pass
	44 (5220)	9.12	9.24	24	Pass
	48 (5240)	9.15	9.27	24	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	36 (5180)	9.40	9.57	24	Pass
	44 (5220)	9.11	9.28	24	Pass
	48 (5240)	9.00	9.17	24	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	38 (5190)	8.50	8.80	24	Pass
	46 (5230)	8.24	8.54	24	Pass
Remark: 1. Corr'd Power = Meas Power + Duty Cycle Factor					

For U-NII-2A Band:

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum conducted output power (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Meas Power	Corr'd Power		
IEEE 802.11a	52 (5260)	9.58	9.70	24	Pass
	60 (5300)	9.33	9.45	24	Pass
	64 (5320)	9.24	9.36	24	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	52 (5260)	9.54	9.71	24	Pass
	60 (5300)	9.25	9.42	24	Pass
	64 (5320)	9.30	9.47	24	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	54 (5270)	8.45	8.75	24	Pass
	62 (5310)	8.22	8.52	24	Pass
Remark: 1. Corr'd Power = Meas Power + Duty Cycle Factor					

Note:
For IEEE 802.11 a/n, the minimum 26 dB emission bandwidth is 19.78 MHz
11 dBm + $10\log_{10}(19.78)$ = 23.96 dBm > 24 dBm (250mW)
So the 24 dB limit applicable

For U-NII-2C Band:

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum conducted output power (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Meas Power	Corr'd Power		
IEEE 802.11a	100 (5500)	8.10	8.22	24	Pass
	120 (5600)	8.16	8.28	24	Pass
	140 (5700)	8.11	8.23	24	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	100 (5500)	8.12	8.29	24	Pass
	120 (5600)	8.00	8.17	24	Pass
	140 (5700)	8.02	8.19	24	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	102 (5510)	7.09	7.39	24	Pass
	118 (5590)	6.95	7.25	24	Pass
	134 (5670)	7.04	7.34	24	Pass
Remark: 1. Corr'd Power = Meas Power + Duty Cycle Factor					

Note:
For IEEE 802.11 a/n, the minimum 26 dB emission bandwidth is 19.79 MHz
11 dBm + $10\log_{10}(19.79)$ = 23.96 dBm > 24 dBm (250mW)
So the 24 dB limit applicable

For U-NII-3 Band:

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum conducted output power (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Meas Power	Corr'd Power		
IEEE 802.11a	149 (5745)	8.68	8.80	30	Pass
	157 (5785)	8.88	9.00	30	Pass
	165 (5825)	9.05	9.17	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	149 (5745)	8.99	9.16	30	Pass
	157 (5785)	8.83	9.00	30	Pass
	165 (5825)	9.15	9.32	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	151 (5755)	7.93	8.23	30	Pass
	159 (5795)	8.23	8.53	30	Pass

Remark:

1. Corr'd Power = Meas Power + Duty Cycle Factor

5.6 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Test Requirement: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)(1)(2)(3)
Test Method: KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 Section F
Limits:

1. For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
   (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

   (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

   (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

   (iv) For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

2. For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
3. For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

Test Procedure:

The output from the transmitter was connected to an attenuator and then to the input of the RF Spectrum Analyzer.

Spectrum analyzer according to the following Settings:

1. For U-NII-1, U-NII-2A, U-NII-2C band:

Using method SA-2

a) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
b) Set RBW = 1 MHz, Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW, Detector = RMS
c) Sweep time = auto, trigger set to “free run”.
d) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
e) Record the max value and add 10 log (1/duty cycle)

2. For U-NII-3 band:

a) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
b) Set RBW = 500 kHz, Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW, Detector = RMS
c) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 500 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.
d) Sweep time = auto, trigger set to “free run”.
e) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
f) Record the max value and add 10 log (1/duty cycle)

Note: The cable loss and attenuator loss were offset into measure device as an amplitude offset.

Test Setup: Refer to section 4.5.3 for details.

Instruments Used: Refer to section 3 for details

Test Mode: Transmitter mode

Test Results: Pass

Test Data:

Antenna gain and the maximum output power limit.

Frequency Band	Antenna Gain (dBi)	PSD Limits (dBm/MHz or dBm/500kHz)
U-NII-1	2.48	11.0
U-NII-2C	2.46	11.0
U-NII-2A	2.47	11.0
U-NII-3	2.48	30.0

For U-NII-1 Band:

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Power spectral density (dBm/MHz)		Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Meas PSD	Corr'd PSD		
IEEE 802.11a	36 (5180)	-0.255	-0.14	11	Pass
	44 (5220)	-0.742	-0.62	11	Pass
	48 (5240)	-0.836	-0.72	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	36 (5180)	0.241	0.41	11	Pass
	44 (5220)	-0.244	-0.07	11	Pass
	48 (5240)	-0.875	-0.71	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	38 (5190)	-4.157	-3.86	11	Pass
	46 (5230)	-4.848	-4.55	11	Pass

Remark:

1. Corr'd PSD = Meas PSD + Duty Cycle Factor

For U-NII-2A Band:

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Power spectral density (dBm/MHz)		Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Meas PSD	Meas PSD		
IEEE 802.11a	52 (5260)	-0.271	-0.15	11	Pass
	60 (5300)	-0.656	-0.54	11	Pass
	64 (5320)	-1.294	-1.17	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	52 (5260)	-0.372	-0.20	11	Pass
	60 (5300)	-0.468	-0.23	11	Pass
	64 (5320)	-0.352	-0.18	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	54 (5270)	-4.561	-4.26	11	Pass
	62 (5310)	-4.546	-4.25	11	Pass

Remark:

1. Corr'd PSD = Meas PSD + Duty Cycle Factor

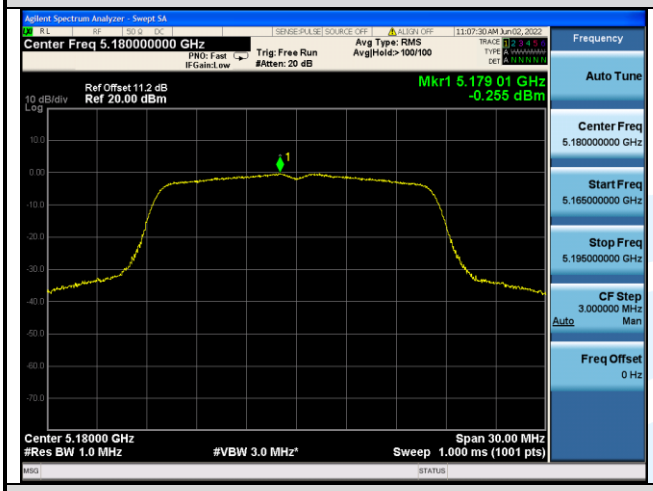
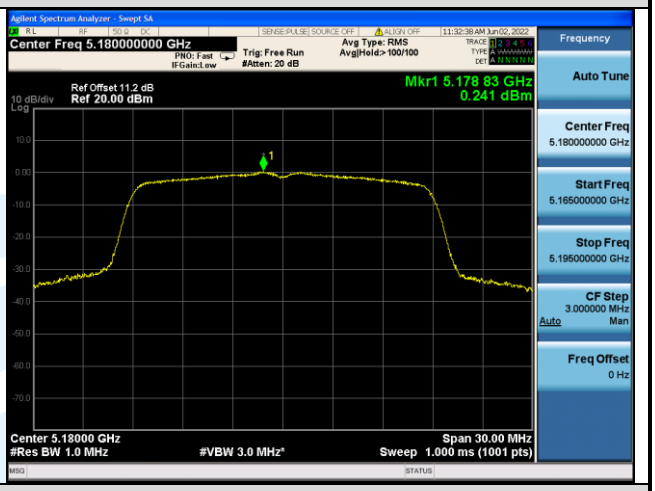
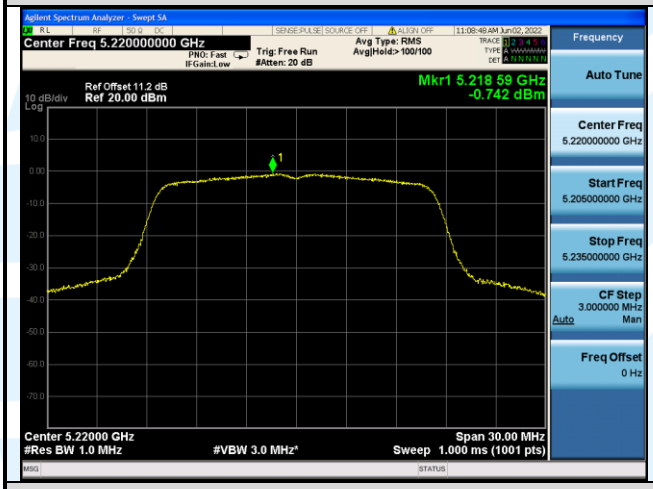
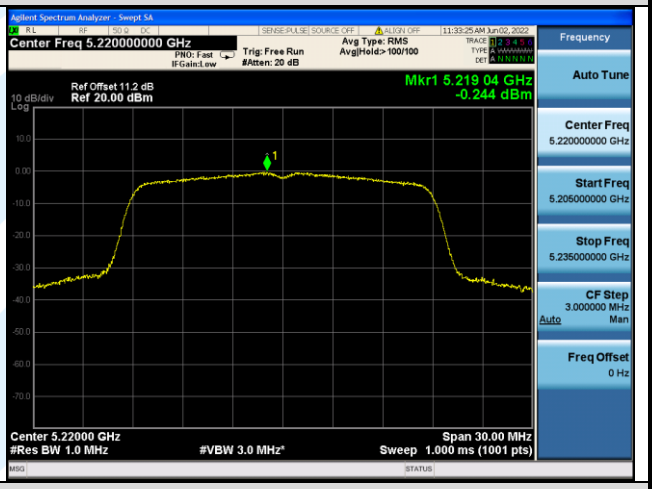
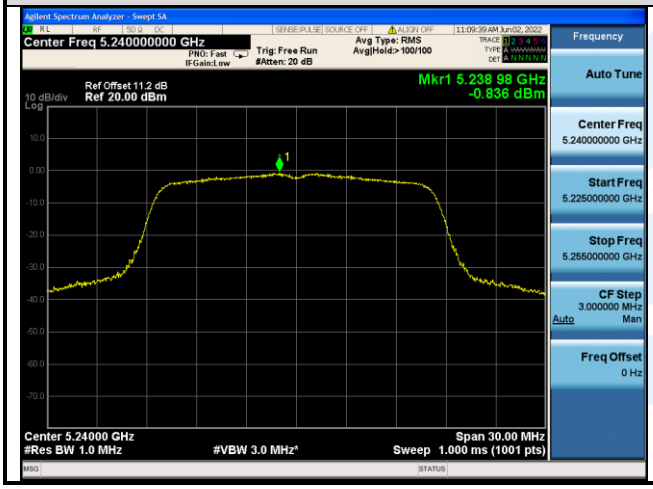
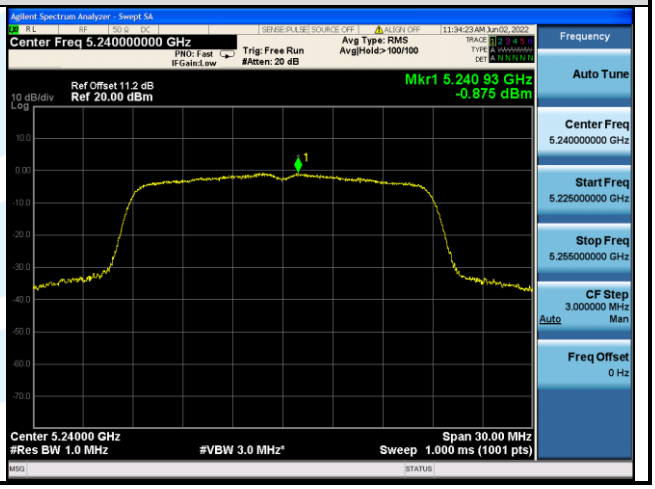
For U-NII-2C Band:

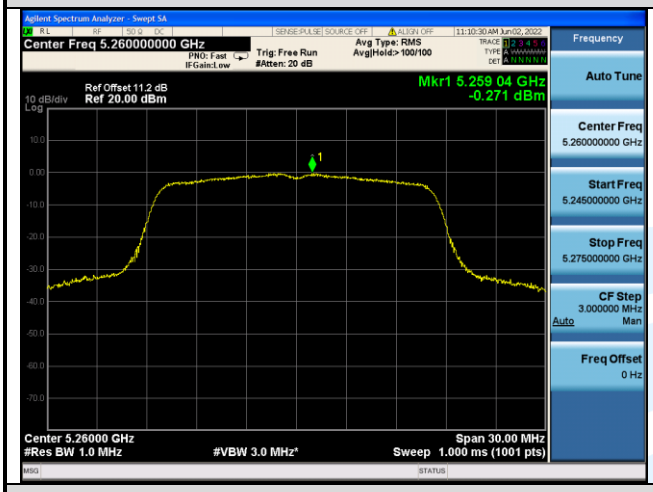
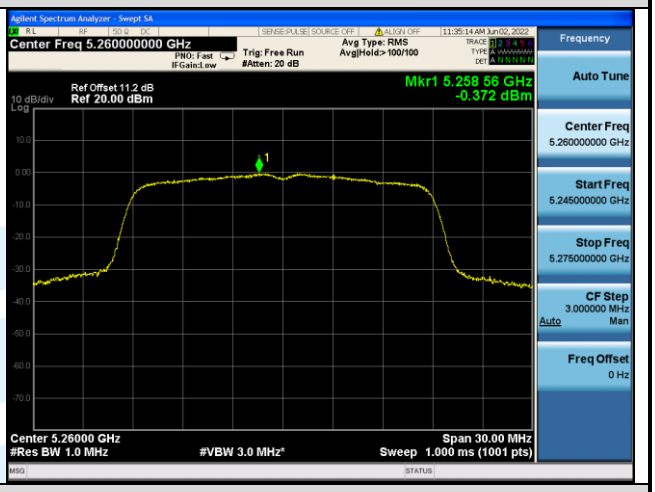
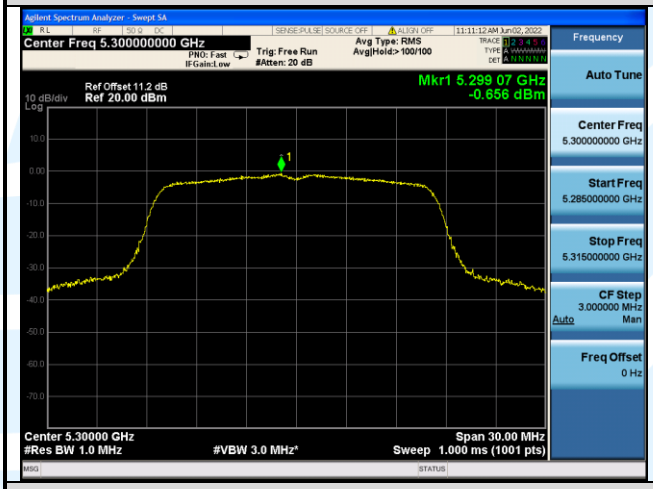
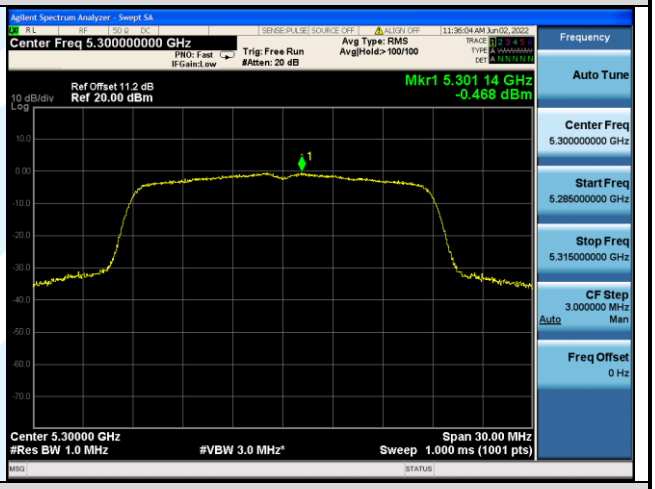
Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Power spectral density (dBm/MHz)		Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Meas PSD	Meas PSD		
IEEE 802.11a	100 (5500)	-1.295	-1.18	11	Pass
	120 (5600)	-1.090	-0.97	11	Pass
	140 (5700)	-0.538	-0.42	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	100 (5500)	-1.752	-1.58	11	Pass
	120 (5600)	-1.305	-1.14	11	Pass
	140 (5700)	-1.298	-1.13	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	102 (5510)	-6.666	-6.37	11	Pass
	118 (5590)	-6.545	-6.25	11	Pass
	134 (5670)	-6.197	-5.90	11	Pass
Remark: 1. Corr'd PSD = Meas PSD + Duty Cycle Factor					

For U-NII-3 Band:

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Power spectral density (dBm/500KHz)		Limit (dBm/500KHz)	Pass / Fail
		Meas PSD	Meas PSD		
IEEE 802.11a	149 (5745)	-2.399	-2.28	30	Pass
	157 (5785)	-2.418	-2.30	30	Pass
	165 (5825)	-2.732	-2.61	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	149 (5745)	-3.671	-3.50	30	Pass
	157 (5785)	-3.532	-3.36	30	Pass
	165 (5825)	-3.900	-3.73	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	151 (5755)	-7.344	-7.04	30	Pass
	159 (5795)	-7.131	-6.83	30	Pass
Remark: 1. Corr'd PSD = Meas PSD + Duty Cycle Factor					

The test plots as follows:

IEEE 802.11a	IEEE 802.11n-HT20
Channel 36	
	
Channel 44	
	
Channel 48	
	

IEEE 802.11a	IEEE 802.11n-HT20
Channel 52	
	
Channel 60	
	
Channel 64