

ISSUED BY Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR

# **Mobile Phone**

ISSUED TO vivo Mobile Communication Co., Ltd.

No.168 Jinghai East Rd., Chang'an, Dongguan, Guangdong, China





Report No.:

BL-SZ2190151-603

EUT Name: Mobile Phone

Model Name: V2118

vivo

Brand Name: vi
Test Standard: 4

47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

(refer section 3.1)

FCC ID: 2A

2AUCY-V2118

Test Conclusion:

Pass

Test Date:

Sep. 07, 2021 ~ Oct. 08, 2021

Date of Issue:

Oct. 15, 2021

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Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China 518055

TEL: +86-755-66850100, FAX: +86-755-61824271

Email: qc@baluntek.com www.baluntek.com



# **Revision History**

Version

Issue Date

**Revisions Content** 

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Oct. 15, 2021

Initial Issue

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# 1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

# 1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi
	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.	
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi	
	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China	
Accreditation	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a	
Certificate	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.	
	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are	
Description	located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe	
Description	Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R.	
	China 518055	

1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature	20°C to 25°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	45% to 55%
Ambient Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa

### 1.4Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v6.4.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
- (7) The laboratory is only responsible for the data released by the laboratory, except for the part provided by the applicant.



# **2 PRODUCT INFORMATION**

# 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	vivo Mobile Communication Co., Ltd.
Address	No.168 Jinghai East Rd., Chang'an, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

# 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	vivo Mobile Communication Co., Ltd.
Address	No.168 Jinghai East Rd., Chang'an, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

# 2.3 Factory Information

Factory	N/A
Address	N/A

# 2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	Mobile Phone
Model Name Under Test	V2118
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model	N/A
name differentiation	N/A
Hardware Version	MP_0.1
Software Version	PD2140F_EX_A_3.5.3
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A



# 2.5 Technical Information

Network and Wireless	2.4G WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20)
connectivity	2.4G WIFT 602.11D, 602.11I, 602.11II(H120)

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

	802.11b/g/n(20 MHz): 2.412 GHz - 2.462 GHz
	$f_c$ = 2412 MHz + (N-1)*5 MHz, where
Frequency Range	- fc = "Operating Frequency" in MHz,
	- N = "Channel Number" with the range from 1 to 11.
	The frequency block is 2.4GHz-2.4835GHz
Modulation Type	DSSS, OFDM
	☐ Mobile
Product Type	□ Portable
	☐ Fix Location
Antenna System (eg.,	N/A
MIMO, Smart Antenna)	IV/A
Categorization as	
Correlated or	N/A
Completely Uncorrelated	
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	-2.97 dBi (In test items related to antenna gain, the final results
Antenna Gain	reflect this figure. This value is provided by the applicant.)
About the Product	Only the WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n (HT20) was tested in
About the Floduct	this report.



Modulation technology	Modulation Type	Transfer Rate (Mbps)
	DBPSK	1
DSSS (802.11b)	DQPSK	2
	CCK	5.5/11
	BPSK	6/9
OEDM (802 11a)	QPSK	12/18
OFDM (802.11g)	16QAM	24/36
	64QAM	48/54
	BPSK	6.5/7.2
OFDM	QPSK	13/19.5/14.4/21.7
(802.11n-20MHz)	16QAM	26/39/28.9/43.3
	64QAM	52/58.5/65/57.8/65/72.2

Note: Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate in above table to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

Test Items	Mode	Data Rate	Channel
Output Power	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/2/6/10/11
6dB Bandwidth	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/2/6/10/11
Conducted Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/2/6/10/11
Conducted Emission	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/2/6/10/11
Radiated Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/2/6/10/11
Band Edge	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/2/10/11
Power spectral density (PSD)	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/2/6/10/11

Note: The above EUT information in section 2.4 and 2.6 was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.



## 2.6 Additional Instructions

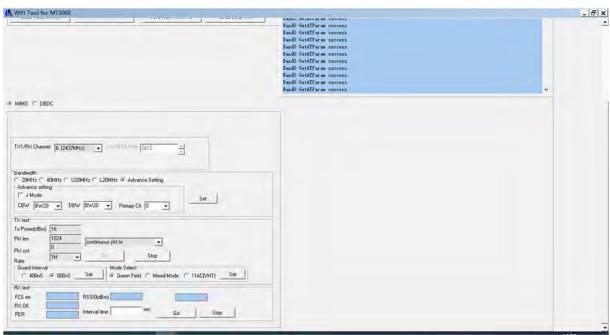
### **EUT Software Settings:**

	$\boxtimes$	Special software is used.
Mode		The software provided by client to enable the EUT under
Mode		transmission condition continuously at specific channel
		frequencies individually.

During testing, Channel and Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.

Power level setup in software			
Test Software Version	SP_META		
Support Units	Description	Manufacturer	Model
(Software installation media)	Notebook	HP	N/A
Mode	Channel Soft Set		
802.11 b	All 16.0		
802.11 g	All 16.0		
802.11 n20	All 15.5		

## Run software:





# 3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

# 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title	
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services	
		GUIDANCE FOR COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENTS ON	
2	KDB Publication 558074	DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, FREQUENCY HOPPING	
	D01v05r02	SPREAD SPECTRUM SYSTEM, AND HYBRID SYSTEM DEVICES	
		OPERATING UNDER SECTION 15.247 OF THE FCC RULES	
3	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of	
3	ANSI C03. 10-2013	Unlicensed Wireless Devices	

## 3.2 Verdict

No.	Description	FCC PART No.	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	N/A	Pass <sup>Note 1</sup>
2	Output Power	15.247 (b)	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	6dB Bandwidth	15.247 (a)	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247 (d)	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Band Edge(Authorized-band band-edge)	15.247 (d)	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209; 15.247 (d)	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247 (d)	ANNEX A.7	Pass
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247 (e)	ANNEX A.8	Pass
10	Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A Note 2

Note <sup>1</sup>: Please refer to section 5.1.

Note <sup>2</sup>: Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to Industry Canada requirements, so this test is not applicable.



# 4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

## **4.1 Test Environments**

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% - 55%		
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa		
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature) +22°C to +25°C		
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage) 3.87 V		

# **4.2 Test Equipment List**

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-40	101544	2021.04.01	2022.03.31
Bluetooth Signaling Unit	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	142028	2021.06.01	2022.05.31
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY53220118	2021.06.01	2022.05.31
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2021.06.01	2022.05.31
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2021.06.01	2022.05.31
Test Antenna- Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2021.04.16	2024.04.15
Test Antenna- Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2021.08.20	2024.08.19
Test Antenna- Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1917	2019.07.02	2022.07.01
Test Antenna- Horn (18-40 GHz)	A-INFO	LB- 180400KF	J211060273	2021.07.02	2023.07.01
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2017.02.21	2022.02.20
Anechoic Chamber	EMC Electronic Co., Ltd	20.10*11.60 *7.35m	N/A	2019.08.08	2022.08.07
Shielded Enclosure	ChangNing	CN-130701	130703		

# 4.3 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.8%
RF output power, conducted	1.28 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.30 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.84 dB
All emissions, radiated	5.36 dB
Temperature	0.82°C
Humidity	4.1%

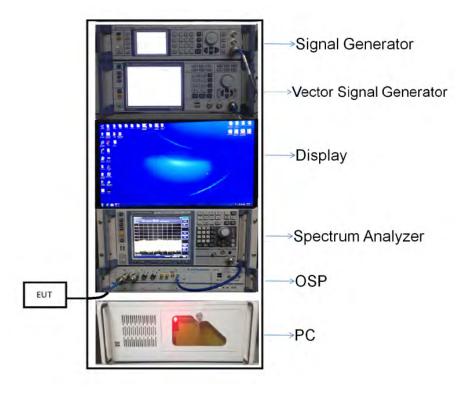


# 4.4 Description of Test Setup

## 4.4.1 For Antenna Port Test

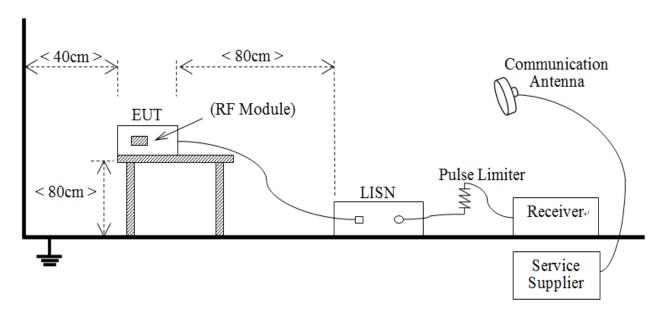
Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT: Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



(Diagram 1)

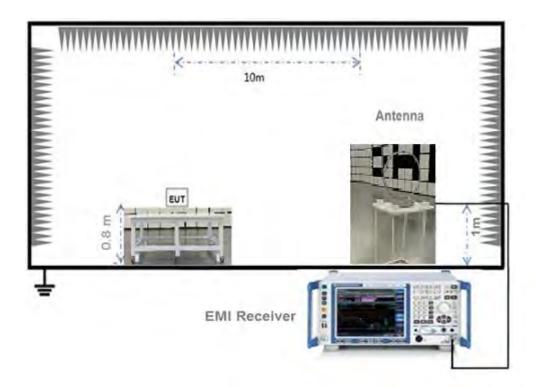
# 4.4.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

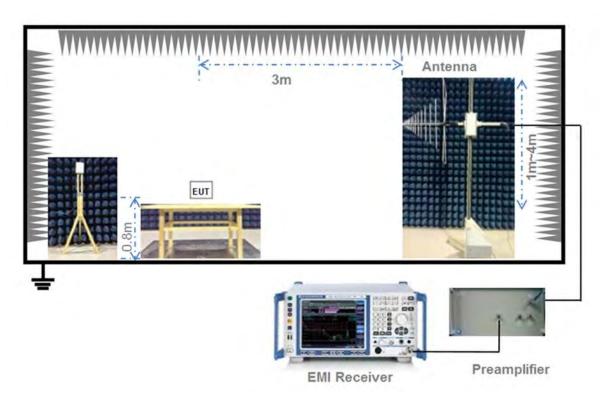


# 4.4.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

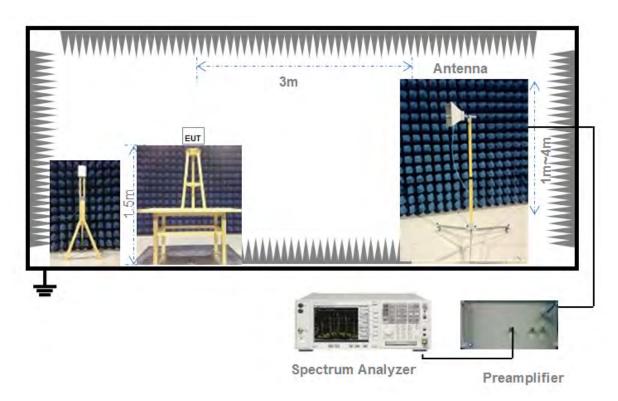
# 4.4.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)



# 4.4.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)



# 4.5 Measurement Results Explanation Example

#### 4.5.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

## 4.5.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

$$E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8$$

#### where:

E = electric field strength in dBμV/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP= Measure Conducted output power Value (dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain (dBi) + the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor (dB)



## 5 TEST ITEMS

# 5.1 Antenna Requirements

#### 5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203; RSS-247, 5.4 (f)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the	An embedded-in antenna design is used.
product.	

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

#### 5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



# 5.2 Output Power

#### 5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (d)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

## 5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.2.3 Test Procedure

#### Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

#### Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

- a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
- At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
- 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding 10log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle to the measurement result.

#### Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.



Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T  $\leq$  16.7 microseconds.)

#### 5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



## 5.36dB Bandwidth

#### 5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

## 5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

### 5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



# 5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

#### 5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

#### Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to  $\geq$  1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.



## **Emission level measurement**

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

#### 5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.



# 5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

#### 5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9, RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq$  98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm$  2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

 $VBW \ge 3 \times RBW$ .

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission)  $\pm$  0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission  $\pm$  0.5 MHz.

Standard method(The 99% OBW of the fundamental emission is without 2 MHz of the authorized band):

Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.



Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.

Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).

Sweep time: Coupled.

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.

Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.

Detector: Peak.

Trace: Max hold.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.



## 5.6 Conducted Emission

#### 5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a  $50\mu\text{H}/50\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBµV)	
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
0.50 - 30	60	50

## 5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

#### 5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



# 5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

#### 5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

#### Note:

- For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- 2. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

### 5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.3 to 4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

#### General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).



- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

 $E = electric field strength in dB\mu V/m$ ,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

#### Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

#### Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz



> 1000 MHz	1 MHz
------------	-------

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

#### Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm$  2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
- 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
- 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
- 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $20 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

#### Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).



Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

#### Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



# 5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

#### 5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

#### 5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

#### 5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



# 5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

#### 5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e); RSS-247, 5.2 (b)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

## 5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: 3 kHz  $\leq$  RBW  $\leq$  100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

#### 5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.



# **ANNEX A TEST RESULT**

# A.1 Output Power

# **Duty Cycle**

Test Mode	On Time (ms)	On+Off time (ms)	Duty Cycle
802.11b	6.503	6.523	99.69%
802.11g	1.390	1.435	96.86%
802.11n-20 MHz	1.295	1.345	96.28%

## Peak Power Test Data

### 802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	18.71	74.30			Pass
Middle	18.78	75.51	30	1000	Pass
High	18.64	73.11			Pass

## 802.11g Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		\/ordiot
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	23.55	226.46		30 1000	Pass
Middle	23.54	225.94	30		Pass
High	23.64	231.21			Pass

## 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Chamilei	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	22.96	197.70	30		Pass
Middle	22.81	190.99		30	1000
High	23.10	204.17			Pass



# Average Power Test Data

## 802.11b Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Lir	nit	Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	16.52	44.87			Pass
Middle	16.70	46.77	30	1000	Pass
High	16.60	45.71			Pass

# 802.11g Mode:

	Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel		dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
	Low	16.27	42.36			Pass
	Middle	16.34	43.05	30	1000	Pass
	High	16.04	40.18	40.18		Pass

## 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Vordict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	15.53	35.73			Pass
Middle	15.55	35.89	30	1000	Pass
High	15.62	36.48			Pass



# A.2 Bandwidth

# Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	8.650000	12.977000	≥500
Middle	8.600000	13.035000	≥500
High	8.150000	12.794000	≥500

# 802.11g Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	15.450000	17.284000	≥500
Middle	15.500000	17.295000	≥500
High	15.200000	17.107000	≥500

## 802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	15.750000	18.182000	≥500
Middle	15.550000	18.154000	≥500
High	15.200000	18.003000	≥500



#### Test plots

### 6 dB Bandwidth

#### 802 11b LOW CHANNEL



## 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



## 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL



### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL





# 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



## 802.11 n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL





#### 99% Bandwidth

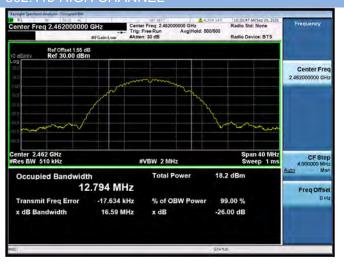
## 802.11b LOW CHANNEL



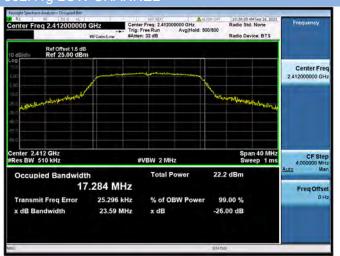
## 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



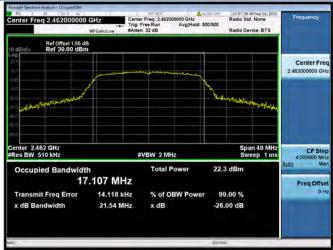
### 802.11g LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



# 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL





#### 802 11n-20 MHz I OW CHANNEL



### 802.11 n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL





# **A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions**

### Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (d		
	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-42.02	7.79	-12.21	Pass
Middle	-41.25	7.94	-12.06	Pass
High	-43.32	7.86	-12.14	Pass

### 802.11g Mode:

٠.					
		Measured Max. Out of	Limit (d		
	Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
	Low	-48.84	5.14	-14.86	Pass
Ī	Middle	-47.51	4.93	-15.07	Pass
	High	-49.01	5.61	-14.39	Pass

### 802.11n-20MHz Mode:

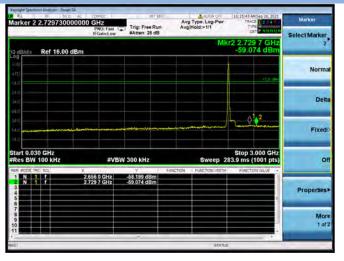
	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (	Limit (dBm)				
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20	Verdict			
	Bana Emission (aBm)	Garrier Level	dBc Limit				
Low	-48.36	5.04	-14.96	Pass			
Middle	-48.68	4.71	-15.29	Pass			
High	-48.54	5.25	-14.75	Pass			



#### **Test Plots**

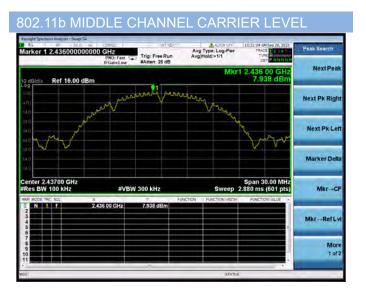


# 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz $\sim$ 3 GHz



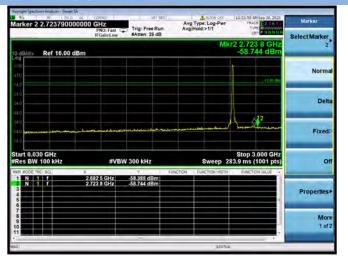
# 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



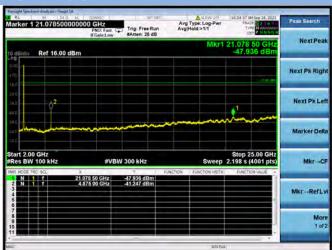




### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



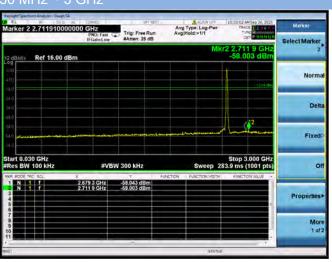
# 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



#### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



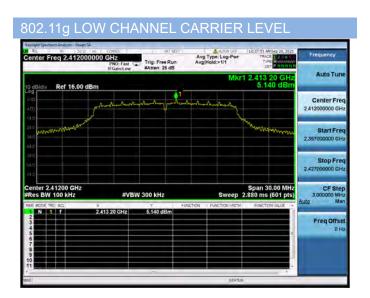
# 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



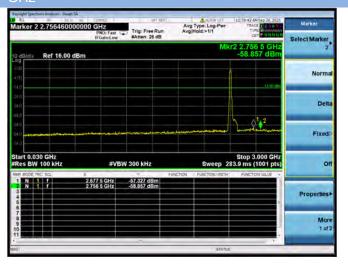
# 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





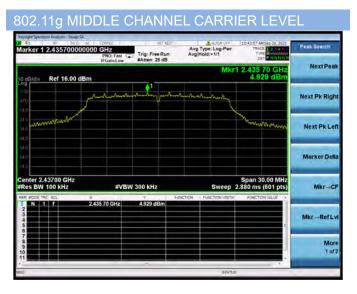


# 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz $\sim$ 3 GHz



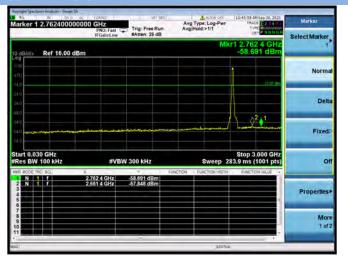
# 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz







# 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



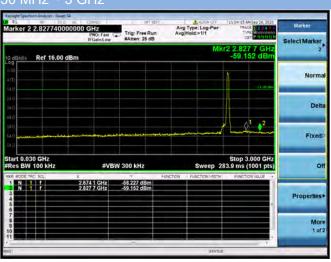
# 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



#### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



# 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



# 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

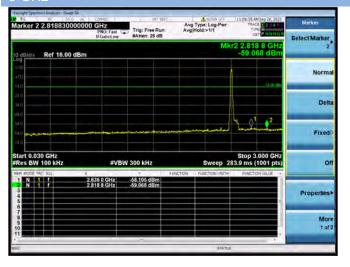








# 802.11n-20 LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz $\sim$ 3 GHz



### 802.11n-20 LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

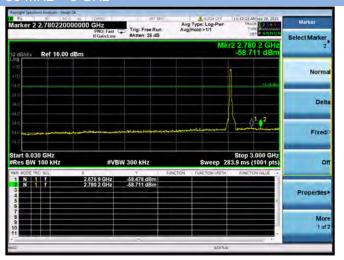


### 802.11n-20 MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL





### 802.11n-20 MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



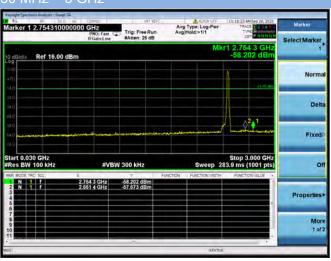
# 802.11n-20 MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



#### 802.11n-20 HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



# 802.11n-20 HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



# 802.11n-20 HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





# A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

#### Test Data

Note: The 99% OBW of the fundamental emission is without 2 MHz of the authorized band.

#### 802.11b Mode:

	Measured Max. Band	Limit		
Channel	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low Channel	-40.60	7.79	-12.21	Pass
High Channel	-55.24	7.86	-12.14	Pass

### 802.11g Mode:

		Measured Max. Band	Limit	(dBm)	
	Channel	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Ī	Low Channel	-27.82	5.14	-14.86	Pass
Ī	High Channel	-46.48	5.61	-14.39	Pass

#### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

	Measured Max. Band	Limit		l	
Channel	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict	
Low Channel	-29.07	5.04	-14.96	Pass	
High Channel	-45.35	5.25	-14.75	Pass	l



#### **Test Plots**

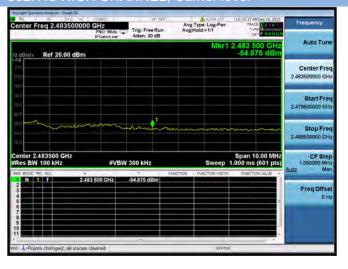
#### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



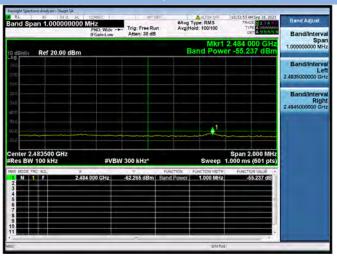
#### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



#### 802 11b HIGH CHANNEL Carrier level



#### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level



### 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



### 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Reference level

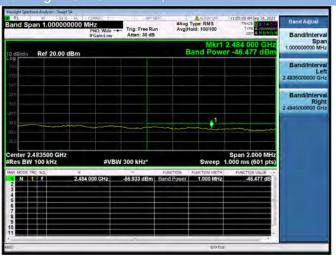








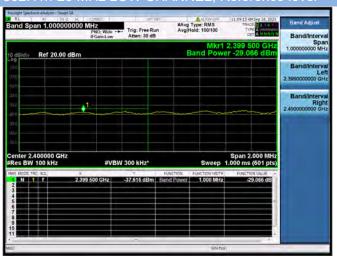
#### 802.11a HIGH CHANNEL. Reference level



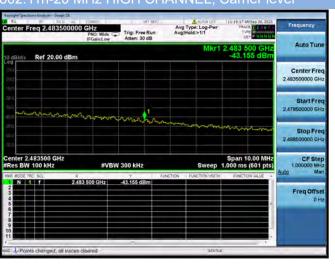
#### 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



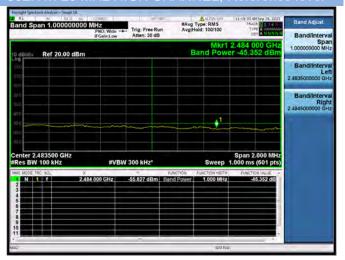
#### 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



#### 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



#### 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level

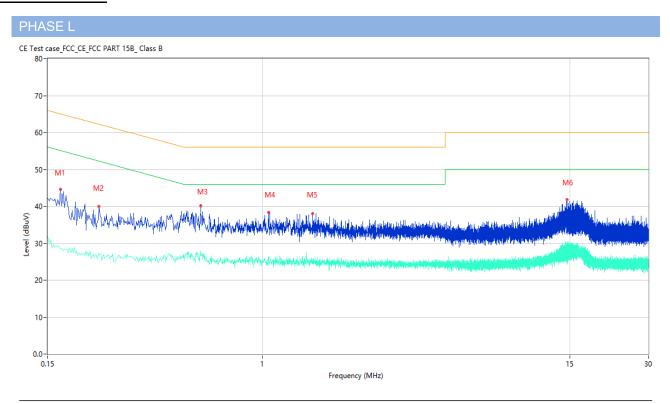




#### A.5 Conducted Emissions

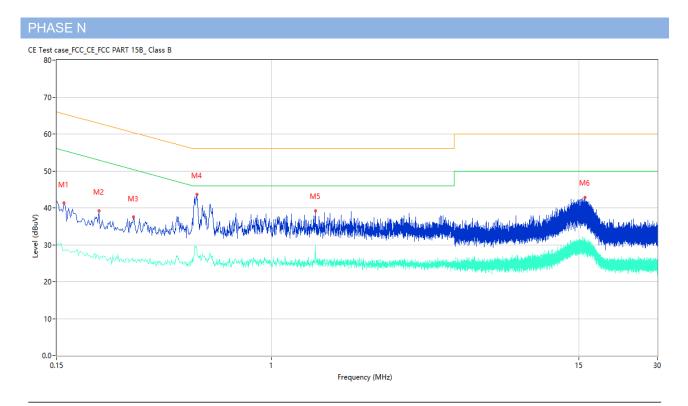
Note <sup>1</sup>: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst. Note <sup>2</sup>: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

#### Test Data and Plots



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.162	40.15	10.40	65.36	-25.21	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.162	29.32	10.40	55.36	-26.04	AV	L	Pass
2	0.236	39.94	10.35	62.24	-22.30	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.236	26.82	10.35	52.24	-25.42	AV	L	Pass
3	0.578	40.15	10.27	56.00	-15.85	Peak	L	Pass
3**	0.578	26.70	10.27	46.00	-19.30	AV	L	Pass
4	1.052	38.41	10.23	56.00	-17.59	Peak	L	Pass
4**	1.052	26.39	10.23	46.00	-19.61	AV	L	Pass
5	1.556	38.09	10.24	56.00	-17.91	Peak	L	Pass
5**	1.556	25.25	10.24	46.00	-20.75	AV	L	Pass
6	14.640	41.76	10.41	60.00	-18.24	Peak	L	Pass
6**	14.640	29.77	10.41	50.00	-20.23	AV	L	Pass





No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.160	41.34	10.40	65.46	-24.12	Peak	N	Pass
1**	0.160	28.54	10.40	55.46	-26.92	AV	N	Pass
2	0.218	39.24	10.37	62.89	-23.65	Peak	N	Pass
2**	0.218	26.00	10.37	52.89	-26.89	AV	N	Pass
3	0.296	37.44	10.33	60.35	-22.91	Peak	N	Pass
3**	0.296	25.98	10.33	50.35	-24.37	AV	N	Pass
4	0.518	43.72	10.30	56.00	-12.28	Peak	N	Pass
4**	0.518	27.98	10.30	46.00	-18.02	AV	N	Pass
5	1.470	39.13	10.25	56.00	-16.87	Peak	N	Pass
5**	1.470	29.90	10.25	46.00	-16.10	AV	N	Pass
6	15.812	42.74	10.43	60.00	-17.26	Peak	N	Pass
6**	15.812	29.92	10.43	50.00	-20.08	AV	N	Pass



#### A.6 Radiated Emission

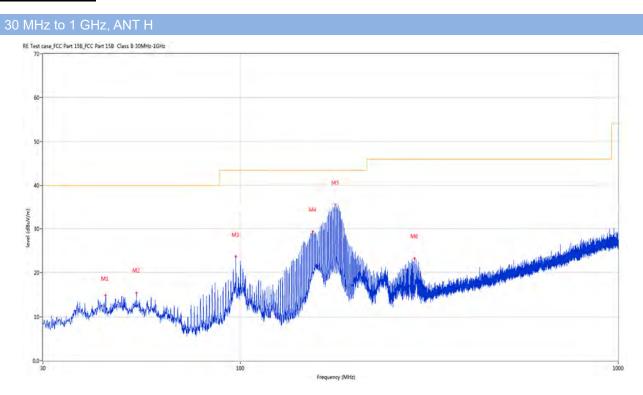
Note <sup>1</sup>: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note <sup>2</sup>: For the test data above 1 GHz, According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note <sup>3</sup>: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note <sup>4</sup>: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

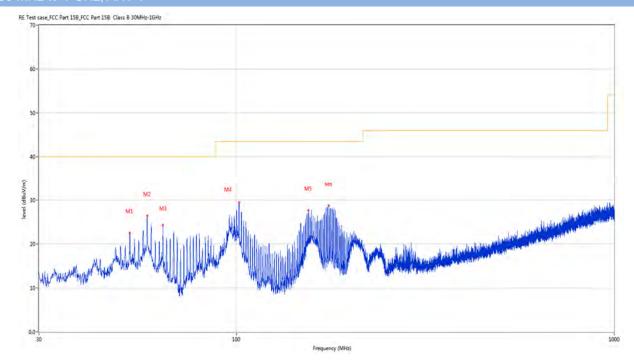
#### Test Data and Plots



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	43.968	14.89	-23.30	40.0	-25.11	Peak	262.80	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	53.086	15.41	-22.99	40.0	-24.59	Peak	211.90	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	97.221	23.68	-24.85	43.5	-19.82	Peak	271.60	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	155.227	29.35	-27.34	43.5	-14.15	Peak	284.30	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	178.458	35.68	-26.14	43.5	-7.82	Peak	280.10	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	288.651	23.28	-21.94	46.0	-22.72	Peak	116.70	100	Horizontal	Pass



# 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	52.213	22.51	-23.13	40.0	-17.49	Peak	174.20	100	Vertical	Pass
2	58.033	26.38	-24.11	40.0	-13.62	Peak	140.80	100	Vertical	Pass
3	63.853	24.27	-24.90	40.0	-15.73	Peak	128.70	100	Vertical	Pass
4	101.586	29.44	-24.59	43.5	-14.06	Peak	341.60	100	Vertical	Pass
5	155.178	27.70	-27.34	43.5	-15.80	Peak	294.60	100	Vertical	Pass
6	175.548	28.73	-26.44	43.5	-14.77	Peak	2.00	200	Vertical	Pass



Note 1: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note 2: The spurious above 18G is noise only, do not show on the report.

#### 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11b Low Channel Factor Over Limit Detector Table Verdict No. Frequency Results Limit Height Antenna (dBuV/m) (dB) (dBuV/m) (MHz) (dB) (Degree) (cm) 1359.500 42.50 -17.33 -31.50 Peak 102.00 150 Pass 74.0 Horizontal 1 1\*\* 1359.500 31.74 -17.33 -22.26 AV102.00 54.0 150 Horizontal Pass 2413.400 105.66 -12.73 74.0 31.66 Peak 4.00 150 Horizontal N/A 2\*\* 2413.400 102.74 -12.73 48.74 ΑV 4.00 150 N/A 54.0 Horizontal Horizontal 3 4824.250 52.18 -3.88 74.0 -21.82 Peak 191.00 150 Pass 3\*\* 4824.250 48.16 -3.88 54.0 -5.84 AV191.00 150 Horizontal Pass 4 7983.500 53.06 1.21 74.0 -20.94 Peak 313.00 150 Horizontal Pass 4\*\* 7983.500 44.17 1.21 54.0 -9.83 ΑV 313.00 150 Horizontal **Pass** Pass 5 9802.000 50.32 -2.44 74.0 -23.68 Peak 9.00 150 Horizontal 5\*\* 9802.000 41.55 -2.44 54.0 -12.45 ΑV 9.00 150 Horizontal Pass 6 16007.999 51.60 -0.90 74.0 -22.40 Peak 238.00 150 Horizontal Pass 6\*\* 16007.999 41.93 -0.90 54.0 -12.07 ΑV 238.00 150 Horizontal **Pass**

1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT V 80	2.11b Lc	w Channel						
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1366.200	42.21	-16.94	74.0	-31.79	Peak	53.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1366.200	32.46	-16.94	54.0	-21.54	AV	53.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2413.200	96.21	-12.72	74.0	22.21	Peak	260.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2413.200	93.36	-12.72	54.0	39.36	AV	260.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	2991.600	50.05	-10.15	74.0	-23.95	Peak	183.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	2991.600	40.19	-10.15	54.0	-13.81	AV	183.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	4824.250	47.71	-3.88	74.0	-26.29	Peak	348.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	4824.250	43.60	-3.88	54.0	-10.40	AV	348.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	7814.750	53.16	1.58	74.0	-20.84	Peak	359.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	7814.750	44.13	1.58	54.0	-9.87	AV	359.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	15443.000	51.13	-1.63	74.0	-22.87	Peak	230.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	15443.000	43.43	-1.63	54.0	-10.57	AV	230.00	150	Vertical	Pass



1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT H 80	2.11b M	iddle Chan	nel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1322.500	41.65	-17.16	74.0	-32.35	Peak	59.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1322.500	31.58	-17.16	54.0	-22.42	AV	59.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2435.800	105.45	-12.19	74.0	31.45	Peak	345.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2435.800	102.57	-12.19	54.0	48.57	AV	345.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	2996.500	50.29	-9.98	74.0	-23.71	Peak	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	2996.500	40.56	-9.98	54.0	-13.44	AV	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	4874.250	54.92	-3.44	74.0	-19.08	Peak	158.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4874.250	51.39	-3.44	54.0	-2.61	AV	158.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	7982.000	53.01	1.11	74.0	-20.99	Peak	270.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	7982.000	43.62	1.11	54.0	-10.38	AV	270.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	16010.000	51.22	-0.93	74.0	-22.78	Peak	204.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16010.000	41.50	-0.93	54.0	-12.50	AV	204.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT V 80	2.11b M	iddle Chanı	nel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1951.400	44.62	-15.71	74.0	-29.38	Peak	271.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1951.400	34.59	-15.71	54.0	-19.41	AV	271.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2435.700	96.83	-12.18	74.0	22.83	Peak	263.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2435.700	93.86	-12.18	54.0	39.86	AV	263.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	2976.900	50.15	-9.78	74.0	-23.85	Peak	3.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	2976.900	40.73	-9.78	54.0	-13.27	AV	3.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	4874.250	51.00	-3.44	74.0	-23.00	Peak	192.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	4874.250	45.79	-3.44	54.0	-8.21	AV	192.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	7602.750	54.36	0.50	74.0	-19.64	Peak	283.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	7602.750	43.36	0.50	54.0	-10.64	AV	283.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	13063.500	50.06	-1.72	74.0	-23.94	Peak	238.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	13063.500	40.15	-1.72	54.0	-13.85	AV	238.00	150	Vertical	Pass



1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT H 80	2.11b Hi	gh Channe						
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1368.600	42.02	-17.18	74.0	-31.98	Peak	204.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1368.600	32.43	-17.18	54.0	-21.57	AV	204.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2460.600	105.59	-12.65	74.0	31.59	Peak	353.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2460.600	102.63	-12.65	54.0	48.63	AV	353.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	2980.400	50.36	-9.75	74.0	-23.64	Peak	41.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	2980.400	41.30	-9.75	54.0	-12.70	AV	41.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	4924.250	50.31	-3.84	74.0	-23.69	Peak	143.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4924.250	47.99	-3.84	54.0	-6.01	AV	143.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	7591.500	53.92	0.81	74.0	-20.08	Peak	62.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	7591.500	43.88	0.81	54.0	-10.12	AV	62.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	16135.500	51.37	-0.54	74.0	-22.63	Peak	50.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16135.500	42.24	-0.54	54.0	-11.76	AV	50.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT V 80	2.11b Hi	gh Channe	l					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1457.500	41.54	-17.03	74.0	-32.46	Peak	33.00	N/A	Vertical	Pass
1**	1457.500	32.11	-17.03	54.0	-21.89	AV	33.00	N/A	Vertical	Pass
2	2460.800	97.85	-12.63	74.0	23.85	Peak	260.00	N/A	Vertical	N/A
2**	2460.800	94.96	-12.63	54.0	40.96	AV	260.00	N/A	Vertical	N/A
3	2982.900	50.21	-9.96	74.0	-23.79	Peak	26.00	N/A	Vertical	Pass
3**	2982.900	40.90	-9.96	54.0	-13.10	AV	26.00	N/A	Vertical	Pass
4	4924.000	48.36	-3.84	74.0	-25.64	Peak	46.00	N/A	Vertical	Pass
4**	4924.000	43.28	-3.84	54.0	-10.72	AV	46.00	N/A	Vertical	Pass
5	7933.250	53.20	1.96	74.0	-20.80	Peak	127.00	N/A	Vertical	Pass
5**	7933.250	43.42	1.96	54.0	-10.58	AV	127.00	N/A	Vertical	Pass
6	13268.500	49.77	-1.92	74.0	-24.23	Peak	135.00	N/A	Vertical	Pass
6**	13268.500	39.45	-1.92	54.0	-14.55	AV	135.00	N/A	Vertical	Pass



1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT H 80	2.11g Lo	ow Channel						
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1358.600	42.77	-16.49	74.0	-31.23	Peak	354.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1358.600	30.05	-16.49	54.0	-23.95	AV	354.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2412.900	108.03	-11.57	74.0	34.03	Peak	22.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2412.900	101.00	-11.57	54.0	47.00	AV	22.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4825.750	51.03	0.58	74.0	-22.97	Peak	107.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4825.750	45.76	0.58	54.0	-8.24	AV	107.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7172.000	56.84	1.73	74.0	-17.16	Peak	130.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7172.000	47.05	1.73	54.0	-6.95	AV	130.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	11300.500	55.81	2.39	74.0	-18.19	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	11300.500	46.56	2.39	54.0	-7.44	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17095.500	55.57	3.58	74.0	-18.43	Peak	29.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17095.500	46.44	3.58	54.0	-7.56	AV	29.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT V 802	2.11g Lc	w Channel						
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2189.500	50.05	-12.08	74.0	-23.95	Peak	79.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2189.500	36.12	-12.08	54.0	-17.88	AV	79.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2412.300	99.13	-11.55	74.0	25.13	Peak	40.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2412.300	92.65	-11.55	54.0	38.65	AV	40.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4040.000	51.07	-1.68	74.0	-22.93	Peak	278.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4040.000	41.73	-1.68	54.0	-12.27	AV	278.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7790.000	58.14	3.60	74.0	-15.86	Peak	28.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7790.000	47.83	3.60	54.0	-6.17	AV	28.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	11862.000	55.74	2.02	74.0	-18.26	Peak	187.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	11862.000	45.36	2.02	54.0	-8.64	AV	187.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17136.500	54.71	3.15	74.0	-19.29	Peak	165.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17136.500	45.56	3.15	54.0	-8.44	AV	165.00	150	Vertical	Pass



1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT H 80	2.11g M	iddle Chan	nel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2075.900	49.17	-13.41	74.0	-24.83	Peak	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2075.900	35.43	-13.41	54.0	-18.57	AV	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2438.900	106.56	-11.20	74.0	32.56	Peak	28.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2438.900	99.49	-11.20	54.0	45.49	AV	28.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4872.500	51.97	0.69	74.0	-22.03	Peak	332.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4872.500	45.79	0.69	54.0	-8.21	AV	332.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7916.500	57.01	3.37	74.0	-16.99	Peak	214.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7916.500	47.18	3.37	54.0	-6.82	AV	214.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	12429.000	55.45	2.46	74.0	-18.55	Peak	361.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12429.000	46.03	2.46	54.0	-7.97	AV	361.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17077.000	55.92	2.85	74.0	-18.08	Peak	209.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17077.000	46.47	2.85	54.0	-7.53	AV	209.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT V 802	2.11g M	iddle Chanı	nel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2001.300	46.50	-14.18	74.0	-27.50	Peak	192.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2001.300	33.82	-14.18	54.0	-20.18	AV	192.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2436.100	95.49	-11.14	74.0	21.49	Peak	226.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2436.100	88.02	-11.14	54.0	34.02	AV	226.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	5119.250	54.38	0.57	74.0	-19.62	Peak	115.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	5119.250	44.50	0.57	54.0	-9.50	AV	115.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7918.500	56.70	3.48	74.0	-17.30	Peak	91.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7918.500	47.56	3.48	54.0	-6.44	AV	91.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	13360.500	57.41	5.16	74.0	-16.59	Peak	52.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	13360.500	47.53	5.16	54.0	-6.47	AV	52.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17821.000	55.31	2.19	74.0	-18.69	Peak	283.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17821.000	45.51	2.19	54.0	-8.49	AV	283.00	150	Vertical	Pass



1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT H 80	2.11g Hi	gh Channe	·					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1904.200	45.93	-14.78	74.0	-28.07	Peak	159.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1904.200	33.76	-14.78	54.0	-20.24	AV	159.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2462.900	107.89	-11.44	74.0	33.89	Peak	32.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2462.900	100.16	-11.44	54.0	46.16	AV	32.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4927.500	51.79	0.77	74.0	-22.21	Peak	325.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4927.500	45.80	0.77	54.0	-8.20	AV	325.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6317.000	56.63	2.26	74.0	-17.37	Peak	107.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6317.000	46.06	2.26	54.0	-7.94	AV	107.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	13341.500	56.20	4.93	74.0	-17.80	Peak	339.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13341.500	47.39	4.93	54.0	-6.61	AV	339.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17111.000	55.59	3.57	74.0	-18.41	Peak	249.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17111.000	45.70	3.57	54.0	-8.30	AV	249.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT V 802	2.11g Hi	gh Channe	I					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1747.900	44.26	-16.05	74.0	-29.74	Peak	257.00	100	Vertical	Pass
1**	1747.900	31.19	-16.05	54.0	-22.81	AV	257.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	2461.500	97.13	-11.39	74.0	23.13	Peak	81.00	100	Vertical	N/A
2**	2461.500	89.79	-11.39	54.0	35.79	AV	81.00	100	Vertical	N/A
3	4764.250	54.26	0.27	74.0	-19.74	Peak	44.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3**	4764.250	43.04	0.27	54.0	-10.96	AV	44.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	7705.250	56.89	3.42	74.0	-17.11	Peak	269.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4**	7705.250	47.04	3.42	54.0	-6.96	AV	269.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	11226.000	55.14	2.01	74.0	-18.86	Peak	342.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5**	11226.000	45.66	2.01	54.0	-8.34	AV	342.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	17803.000	55.33	2.81	74.0	-18.67	Peak	252.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6**	17803.000	46.44	2.81	54.0	-7.56	AV	252.00	100	Vertical	Pass



#### Frequency Results Factor Limit Over Limit Detector Table Height Antenna Verdict (dB) (MHz) (dBuV/m) (dBuV/m) (dB) (Degree) (cm) 1 1466.900 44.01 -16.33 74.0 -29.99 Peak 183.00 100 Horizontal Pass 1\*\* 1466.900 30.86 -16.33 54.0 -23.14 ΑV 183.00 100 Horizontal Pass 2 2412.900 107.69 -11.55 74.0 33.69 Peak 28.00 100 Horizontal N/A 2\*\* 2412.900 100.62 -11.55 54.0 46.62 $\mathsf{AV}$ 28.00 100 Horizontal N/A 3 4472.750 52.91 -1.11 74.0 -21.09 Peak 114.00 100 Horizontal Pass 3\*\* 4472.750 42.30 -1.11 54.0 -11.70 ΑV 114.00 100 Horizontal Pass 4 3.28 7915.500 56.28 74.0 -17.72 Peak 4.00 100 Horizontal Pass 4\*\* 47.36 3.28 4.00 100 Pass 7915.500 54.0 -6.64 AVHorizontal 5 11201.500 55.02 2.24 74.0 -18.98 Peak 0.00 100 Horizontal Pass 5\*\* 11201.500 45.90 2.24 54.0 -8.10 ΑV 0.00 100 Horizontal Pass 3.58 6 17095.500 54.82 74.0 -19.18 Peak 20.00 100 Horizontal Pass 3.58 6\*\* 17095.500 46.08 54.0 -7.92 ΑV 20.00 100 Horizontal Pass

1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT V 80	2.11n20	Low Chani	nel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2140.100	48.75	-12.41	74.0	-25.25	Peak	332.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2140.100	35.69	-12.41	54.0	-18.31	AV	332.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2412.800	98.57	-11.54	74.0	24.57	Peak	46.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2412.800	91.14	-11.54	54.0	37.14	AV	46.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	5389.000	54.83	1.23	74.0	-19.17	Peak	105.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	5389.000	44.60	1.23	54.0	-9.40	AV	105.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7942.750	56.54	3.79	74.0	-17.46	Peak	66.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7942.750	47.77	3.79	54.0	-6.23	AV	66.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	11305.000	55.07	2.26	74.0	-18.93	Peak	253.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	11305.000	47.19	2.26	54.0	-6.81	AV	253.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17110.000	54.85	3.59	74.0	-19.15	Peak	74.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17110.000	45.57	3.59	54.0	-8.43	AV	74.00	150	Vertical	Pass



1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT H 80	2.11n20	Middle Cha	annel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1988.700	46.88	-14.45	74.0	-27.12	Peak	133.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1988.700	33.45	-14.45	54.0	-20.55	AV	133.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2438.100	105.55	-11.20	74.0	31.55	Peak	39.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2483.100	98.05	-11.20	54.0	44.05	AV	39.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4875.500	52.96	0.69	74.0	-21.04	Peak	123.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4875.500	45.77	0.69	54.0	-8.23	AV	123.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7792.000	56.46	3.48	74.0	-17.54	Peak	224.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7792.000	47.27	3.48	54.0	-6.73	AV	224.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	11442.000	54.49	1.40	74.0	-19.51	Peak	250.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	11442.000	45.19	1.40	54.0	-8.81	AV	250.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17814.999	55.24	2.39	74.0	-18.76	Peak	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17814.999	46.03	2.39	54.0	-7.97	AV	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT V 80	2.11n20	Middle Cha	annel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2031.000	47.78	-13.80	74.0	-26.22	Peak	15.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2031.000	34.03	-13.80	54.0	-19.97	AV	15.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2437.500	95.12	-11.18	74.0	21.12	Peak	117.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2437.500	87.29	-11.18	54.0	33.29	AV	117.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	5050.750	53.93	0.45	74.0	-20.07	Peak	199.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	5050.750	44.58	0.45	54.0	-9.42	AV	199.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7908.750	57.02	3.13	74.0	-16.98	Peak	354.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7908.750	46.83	3.13	54.0	-7.17	AV	354.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	11288.500	55.28	2.26	74.0	-18.72	Peak	175.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	11288.500	44.83	2.26	54.0	-9.17	AV	175.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17107.000	55.38	3.64	74.0	-18.62	Peak	342.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17107.000	46.38	3.64	54.0	-7.62	AV	342.00	150	Vertical	Pass



1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT H 80	2.11n20	High Chan	inel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1909.100	46.29	-14.81	74.0	-27.71	Peak	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1909.100	33.36	-14.81	54.0	-20.64	AV	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2463.100	106.82	-11.43	74.0	32.82	Peak	26.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2463.100	99.57	-11.43	54.0	45.57	AV	26.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4408.750	51.58	-1.34	74.0	-22.42	Peak	261.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4408.750	41.82	-1.34	54.0	-12.18	AV	261.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7632.000	56.92	2.87	74.0	-17.08	Peak	315.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7632.000	47.37	2.87	54.0	-6.63	AV	315.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	12011.500	56.00	2.29	74.0	-18.00	Peak	79.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12011.500	45.64	2.29	54.0	-8.36	AV	79.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17119.500	55.12	3.43	74.0	-18.88	Peak	200.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17119.500	45.62	3.43	54.0	-8.38	AV	200.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz	to 18 GHz	, ANT V 80	2.11n20	High Chan	nel					
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1628.400	44.04	-16.43	74.0	-29.96	Peak	360.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1628.400	30.67	-16.43	54.0	-23.33	AV	360.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2462.300	96.71	-11.41	74.0	22.71	Peak	83.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2462.300	89.39	-11.41	54.0	35.39	AV	83.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4369.250	51.97	-1.38	74.0	-22.03	Peak	263.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4369.250	40.12	-1.38	54.0	-13.88	AV	263.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7992.500	56.95	3.22	74.0	-17.05	Peak	53.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7992.500	46.84	3.22	54.0	-7.16	AV	53.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	11313.000	54.70	2.03	74.0	-19.30	Peak	8.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	11313.000	45.47	2.03	54.0	-8.53	AV	8.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17351.999	55.01	2.36	74.0	-18.99	Peak	175.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17351.999	45.10	2.36	54.0	-8.90	AV	175.00	150	Vertical	Pass



# A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note <sup>1</sup>: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

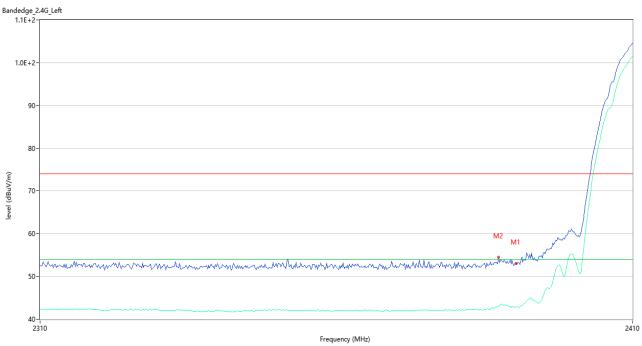
Note <sup>2</sup>: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note <sup>3</sup>: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

#### Test Data and Plots

#### 802.11b Mode:

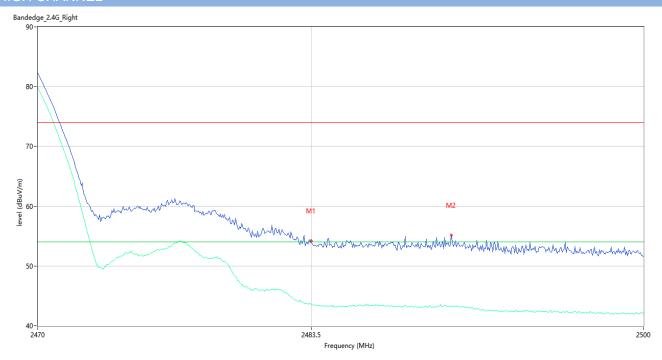
### LOW CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2390.000	53.02	-1.85	74.0	-20.98	Peak	4.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2390.000	42.81	-1.85	54.0	-11.19	AV	4.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2387.000	54.51	-1.62	74.0	-19.49	Peak	10.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2387.000	43.10	-1.62	54.0	-10.90	AV	10.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



# HIGH CHANNEL

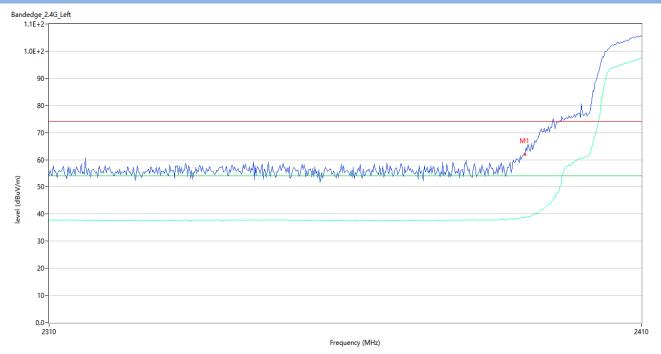


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.500	54.24	-1.28	74.0	-19.76	Peak	1.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	43.54	-1.28	54.0	-10.46	AV	1.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2490.450	55.13	-1.38	74.0	-18.87	Peak	2.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2490.450	43.36	-1.38	54.0	-10.64	AV	2.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



# 802.11g Mode:

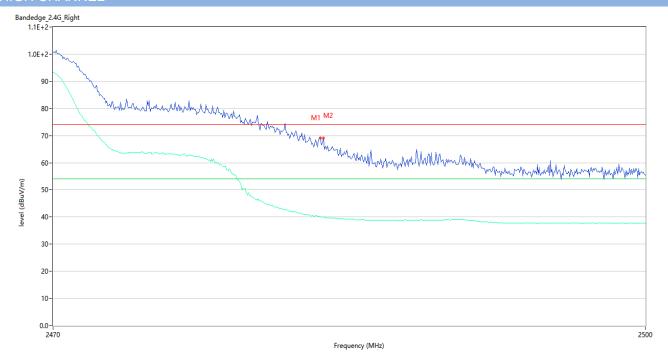
### LOW CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2390.000	61.91	32.63	74.0	-12.09	Peak	9.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2390.000	38.81	32.63	54.0	-15.19	AV	9.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



# HIGH CHANNEL

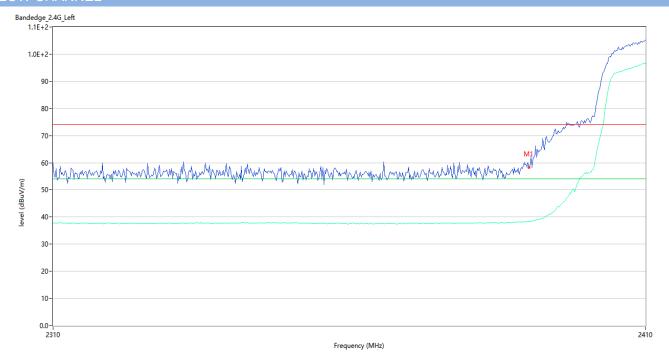


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.500	69.12	32.80	74.0	-4.88	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	39.95	32.80	54.0	-14.05	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2483.650	69.19	32.80	74.0	-4.81	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2483.650	39.93	32.80	54.0	-14.07	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



#### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

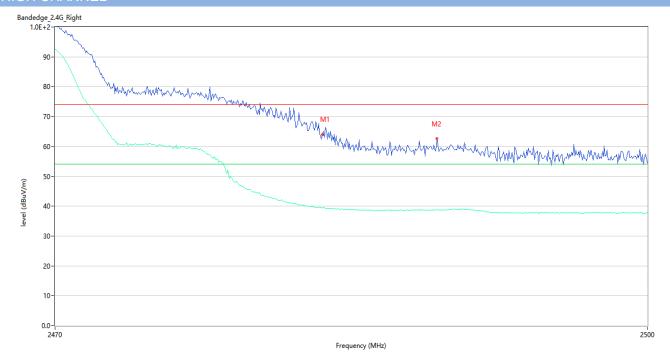
### LOW CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2390.000	58.15	32.63	74.0	-15.85	Peak	5.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2390.000	38.34	32.63	54.0	-15.66	AV	5.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



# HIGH CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.500	63.98	32.80	74.0	-10.02	Peak	12.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	39.31	32.80	54.0	-14.69	AV	12.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2489.300	62.54	32.66	74.0	-11.46	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2489.300	38.91	32.66	54.0	-15.09	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



# A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

### Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-15.92	8
Middle	-16.38	8
High	-15.99	8

# 802.11g Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-18.81	8
Middle	-19.03	8
High	-18.66	8

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-19.40	8
Middle	-19.73	8
High	-19.12	8



#### Test plots

#### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



### 802.11g LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL





### 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11 n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL





# ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2190151-AR.pdf".

# ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2190151-AW.pdf".

# ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2190151-Al.pdf".

--END OF REPORT--