



TEST REPORT

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C 15.247

Test report
On Behalf of
Guangdong Yier Acoustics Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.
For
TWS Bluetooth Headset
Model No.: HT28, HT18, HT38, HT48, HT58, HT68, HT78, HT88,
HT98

FCC ID: 2ATZ9-TWSHTX

Prepared for : **Guangdong Yier Acoustics Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.**
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Prepared By : **Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd.**
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Date of Test: **Nov. 12, 2019 ~ Nov. 29, 2019**
Date of Report: **Nov. 29, 2019**
Report Number: **HK1911152897-E**



TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name : Guangdong Yier Acoustics Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.

Address : Innovation and Pioneer Park, Taihe South Road, Duanzhou District,
Zhaoqing City, Guangdong Province, China

Manufacture's Name : Guangdong Yier Acoustics Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.

Address : Innovation and Pioneer Park, Taihe South Road, Duanzhou District,
Zhaoqing City, Guangdong Province, China

Product description

Trade Mark : Lenovo 联想

Product name : TWS Bluetooth Headset

Model and/or type reference . : HT28, HT18, HT38, HT48, HT58, HT68, HT78, HT88, HT98

Standards : **47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247**

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Date of Test :

Date (s) of performance of tests : Nov. 12, 2019 ~ Nov. 29, 2019

Date of Issue : Nov. 29, 2019

Test Result : **Pass**

Prepared by:

Project Engineer

Reviewed by:

Project Supervisor

Approved by:

Technical Director

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1. SUMMARY

1.1. TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC Rules Part 15.247: Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz

ANSI C63.10: 2013 : American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

ANSI C63.4: 2014: –American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40GHz

1.2. Test Description

FCC PART 15.247		
FCC Part 15.207	AC Power Conducted Emission	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(i)	20dB Bandwidth& 99% Bandwidth	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Spurious RF Conducted Emission	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(b)	Maximum Peak Output Power	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(b)	Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of hopping frequency& Time of Occupancy	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Separation	PASS
FCC Part 15.205/15.209	Radiated Emissions	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission	PASS



1.3. Test Facility

1.3.1 Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

Add.:1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park,Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

There is one 3m semi-anechoic chamber and two line conducted labs for final test. The Test Sites meet the requirements in documents ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 32/EN 55032 requirements.

1.3.2 Laboratory accreditation

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

IC Registration No.: 21210

The 3m alternate test site of Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered by Certification and Engineer Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of with Registration No.: 21210 on May 24, 2016.

1.4. Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16 - 4 "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements" and is documented in the Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd. quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for HUAKE laboratory is reported:

Test	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Transmitter power conducted	± 0.57 dB	(1)
Transmitter power Radiated	± 2.20 dB	(1)
Conducted spurious emission 9KHz-40 GHz	± 2.20 dB	(1)
Occupied Bandwidth	± 0.01 ppm	(1)
Radiated Emission 30~1000MHz	± 4.10 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission Above 1GHz	± 4.32 dB	(1)
Conducted Disturbance 0.15~30MHz	± 3.20 dB	(1)

- (1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.



2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Normal Temperature:	25°C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
Air Pressure:	101 kPa

2.2. General Description of EUT

Product Name:	TWS Bluetooth Headset
Model/Type reference:	HT28
Serial Model:	HT18, HT38, HT48, HT58, HT68, HT78, HT88, HT98
Model Difference:	All model's the function, software and electric circuit are the same, only with a product outward and model named different. Test sample model: HT28
Trade Mark	Lenovo 联想
FCC ID	2ATZ9-TWSHTX
Hardware Version:	V1.1
Software Version:	V1.5
Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79CH
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	PCB Antenna
Antenna gain:	0 dBi
Power supply:	DC 3.7V from Battery

Note: For more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.



2.3. Description of Test Modes and Test Frequency

The Applicant provides communication tools software to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode for testing.

There are 79 channels provided to the EUT and Channel 00/39/78 was selected for testing.

Operation Frequency :

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
00	2402
01	2403
⋮	⋮
38	2440
39	2441
40	2442
⋮	⋮
77	2479
78	2480

Note: The line display in grey were the channel selected for testing



Preliminary tests were performed in each mode and packet length of BT, and found worst case as below, finally test were conducted at those mode and recorded in this report.

Test Items	Worst case
Conducted Emissions	Charging mode
Radiated Emissions and Band Edge	DH5
Maximum Conducted Output Power	DH5/2DH5
20dB Bandwidth&99% Bandwidth	DH5/2DH5
Frequency Separation	DH5/2DH5Middle channel
Number of hopping frequency	DH5/2DH5
Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	DH1/DH3/DH5 Middle channel 2DH1/2DH3/2DH5 Middle channel
Out-of-band Emissions	DH5/2DH5

2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
1.	L.I.S.N. Artificial Mains Network	R&S	ENV216	HKE-002	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
2.	Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
3.	RF automatic control unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	HKE-060	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
4.	Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSP40	HKE-025	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
5.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
6.	Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9743	HKE-006	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
7.	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
8.	Bilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	HKE-012	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
9.	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519 B	HKE-014	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
10.	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	9120D	HKE-013	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
11.	Pre-amplifier	EMCI	EMC051845S E	HKE-015	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
12.	Pre-amplifier	Agilent	83051A	HKE-016	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
13.	EMI Test Software EZ-EMC	Tonscend	JS1120-B Version	HKE-083	Dec. 27, 2018	N/A
14.	Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	HKE-086	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
15.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
16.	Signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	HKE-029	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
17.	Signal Generator	Agilent	83630A	HKE-028	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
18.	Shielded room	Shiel Hong	4*3*3	HKE-039	Dec. 27, 2017	3 Year
19.	Power Meter	R&S	NRVD	SEL0069	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
20.	High Gain Antenna	Schwarzbeck	LB-180400KF	HKE-054	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year

The calibration interval was one year



2.5. Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

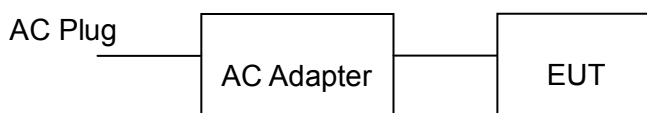
This submittal(s) (test report) is intended to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules, RSS Gen and RSS 247 Rules.

2.6. Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

2.7. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP

Operation of EUT during conducted testing and Radiation and Above1GHz Radiation testing:



Operation of EUT during Radiation and Above1GHz Radiation testing:



2.8. Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

Description	Information	Manufacturer	Remark	Certificate
Charging base	INPUT: DC 5.0V 2A	Guangdong Yier Acoustics Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.	Provide by applicant	SDOC
USB cable	L: 30cm	/	Provide by applicant	SDOC
Adapter	Model: HW-050500DFQ Input: 100-240V~,50/60Hz, 0.5A Output: 5V DC	/	Provided by lab	SDOC
/	/	/	/	/



3. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

3.1. Conducted Emissions Test

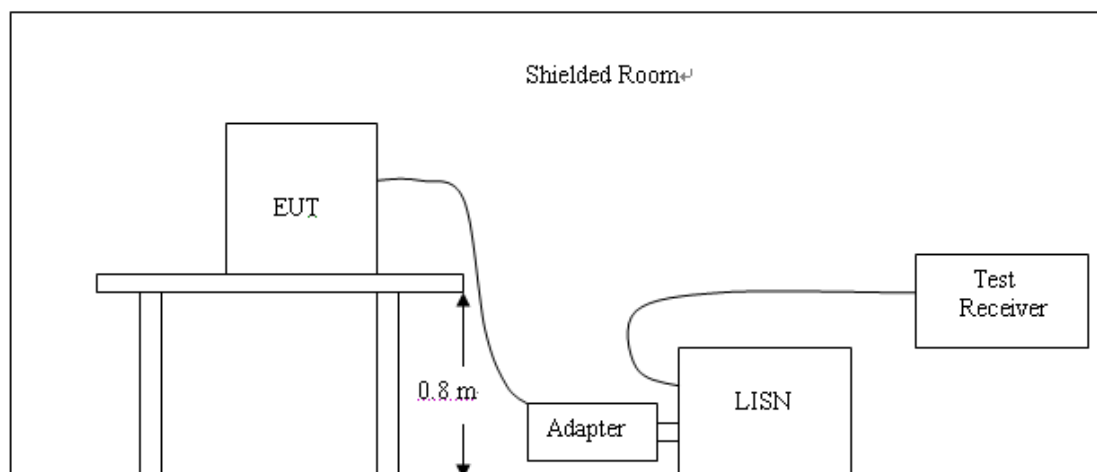
LIMIT

According to FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207 and RSS Gen 8.8, AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Limits for Licence-Exempt Radio Apparatus as below:

Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

TEST CONFIGURATION



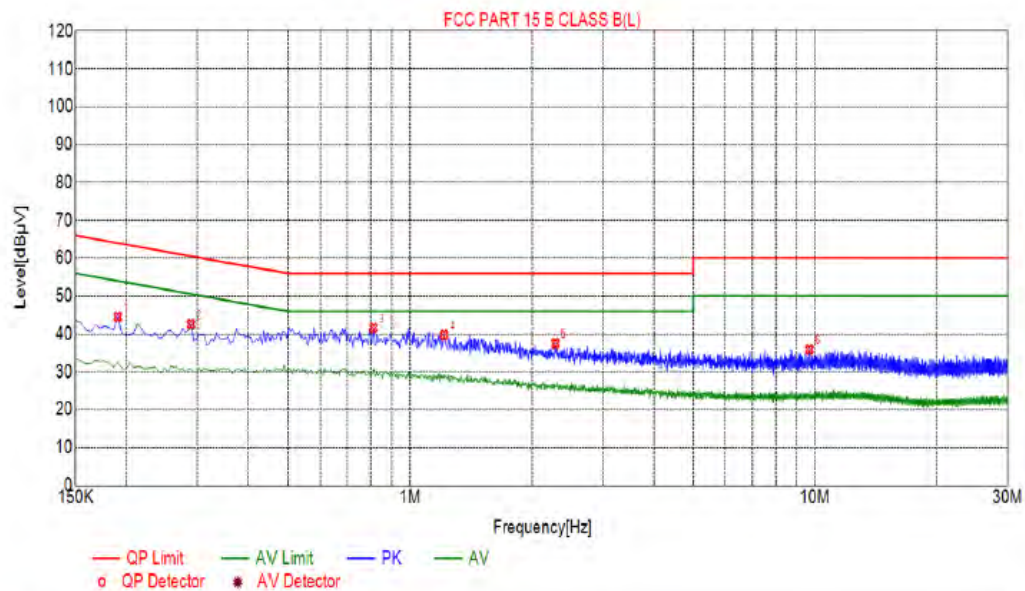
TEST PROCEDURE

1. The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system; a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10:2013.
2. Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10:2013
3. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10:2013.
4. The adapter received AC120V/60Hz power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
5. All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any.
6. The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
7. Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 KHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.

**TEST RESULTS**

Charging mode: when charging, it can not transmitting.

Test Specification: Line

**Suspected List**

NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBμV]	Margin [dB]	Detector
1	0.1905	44.55	10.04	64.02	19.47	PK
2	0.2895	42.59	10.03	60.54	17.95	PK
3	0.8115	41.65	10.06	56.00	14.35	PK
4	1.2120	39.81	10.09	56.00	16.19	PK
5	2.2830	37.55	10.18	56.00	18.45	PK
6	9.6945	35.93	10.08	60.00	24.07	PK

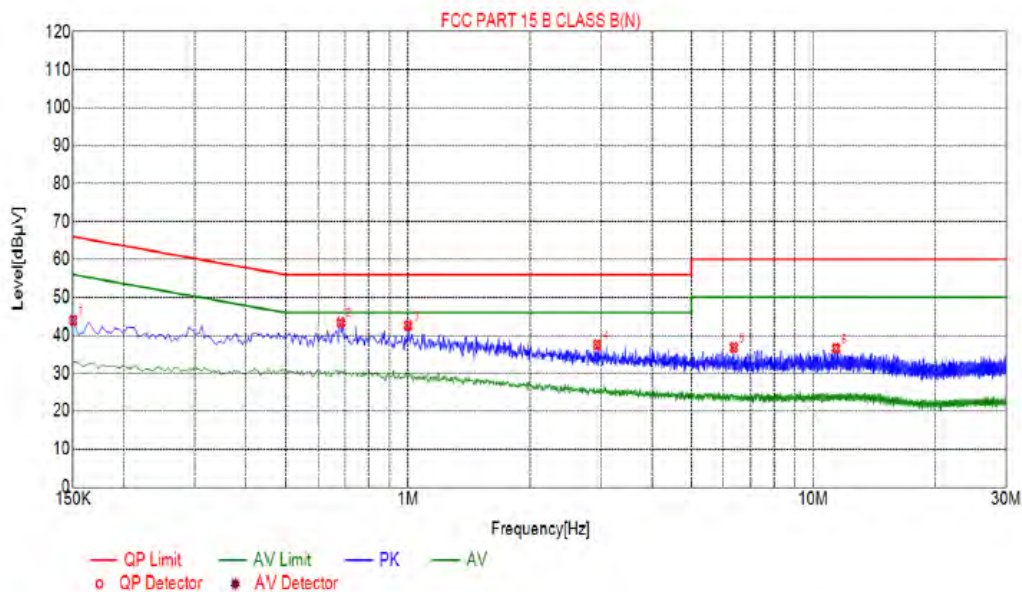
Remark: Margin = Limit – Level

Correction factor = Cable loss + LISN insertion loss

Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor



Test Specification: Neutral



Suspected List						
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBμV]	Margin [dB]	Detector
1	0.1500	43.95	10.03	66.00	22.05	PK
2	0.6810	43.30	10.05	56.00	12.70	PK
3	1.0005	42.63	10.06	56.00	13.37	PK
4	2.9310	37.59	10.21	56.00	18.41	PK
5	6.3735	36.83	10.22	60.00	23.17	PK
6	11.3820	36.60	10.00	60.00	23.40	PK

Remark: Margin = Limit – Level

Correction factor = Cable lose + LISN insertion loss

Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor

Notes:

1. An initial pre-scan was performed on the line and neutral lines with peak detector.
 2. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission.
 3. Final Level = Receiver Read level + LISN Factor + Cable Loss.
- If the average limit is met when using a quasi-peak detector receiver, the EUT shall be deemed to meet both limits and measurement with the average detector receiver is unnecessary.

3.2. Radiated Emissions and Band Edge

Limit

For intentional device, according to § 15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emission out of authorized band shall not exceed the following table at a 3 meters measurement distance.

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a)

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in table below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission

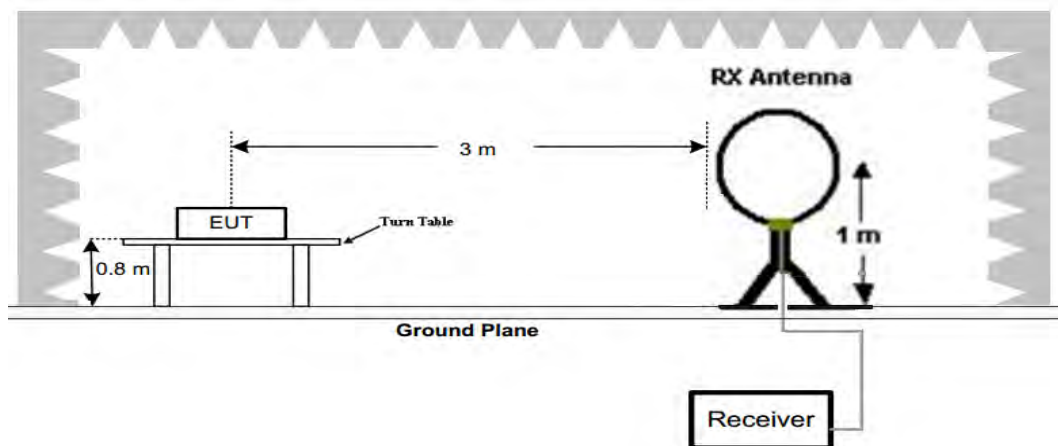
Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted bands shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen; and Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in this RSS-Gen.

Radiated emission limits

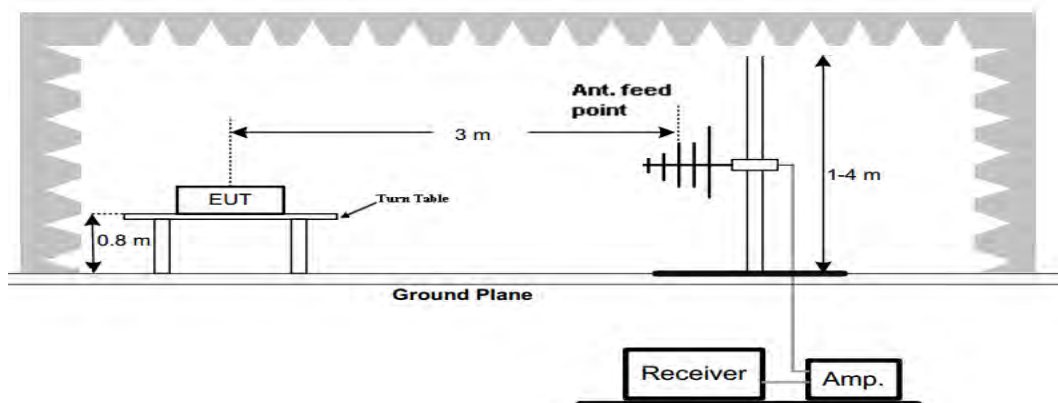
Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dBμV/m)	Radiated (μV/m)
0.009-0.49	3	$20\log(2400/F(\text{KHz}))+40\log(300/3)$	$2400/F(\text{KHz})$
0.49-1.705	3	$20\log(24000/F(\text{KHz}))+40\log(30/3)$	$24000/F(\text{KHz})$
1.705-30	3	$20\log(30)+40\log(30/3)$	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

TEST CONFIGURATION

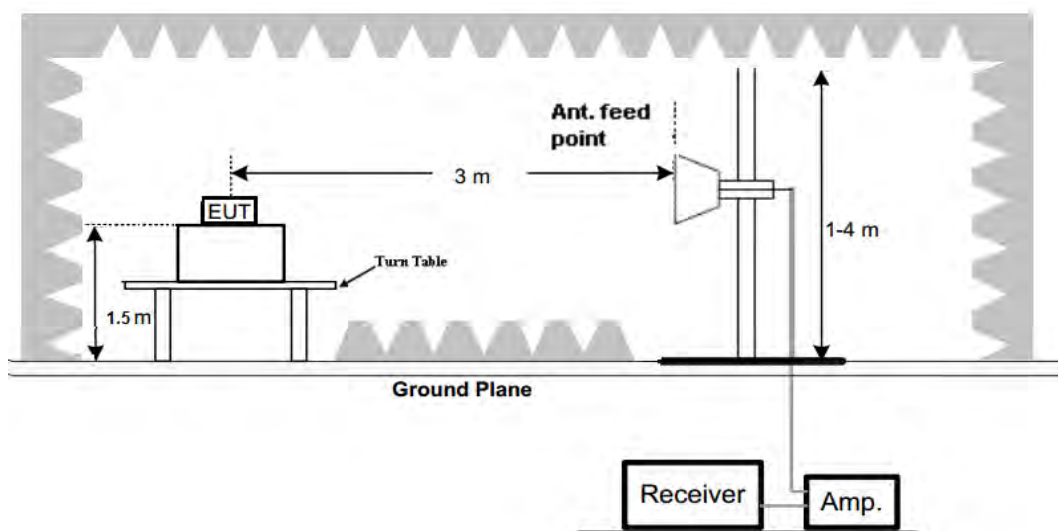
(A) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 30MHz



(B) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency below 1000MHz



(C) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz



Test Procedure

- 1) Below 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2) Above 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

Note: For the radiated emission test above 1GHz: Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.

The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.

The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.



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If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel

The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

TEST RESULTS

Remark:

1. Radiated Emission measured at GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK mode from 9 KHz to 10th harmonic of fundamental and recorded worst case at GFSK DH5 mode.
2. There is no emission found except system noise floor in 9 KHz to 30MHz and not recorded in this report (Radiated emission in 9kHz to 30MHz is more than 20dB below the limit)..
3. For below 1GHz testing recorded worst at GFSK DH5 low channel.



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Below 1GHz Test Results:

Left Headset:

Antenna polarity: H

Test Graph



Suspected List

Suspected List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	45.5200	34.43	-13.65	40.00	5.57	100	24	Horizontal
2	101.780	21.21	-15.41	43.50	22.29	100	38	Horizontal
3	203.630	39.07	-14.97	43.50	4.43	100	330	Horizontal
4	399.570	27.73	-10.42	46.00	18.27	100	34	Horizontal
5	607.150	26.68	-5.72	46.00	19.32	100	194	Horizontal
6	806.000	29.75	-3.02	46.00	16.25	100	241	Horizontal

Remark: Margin = Limit – Level

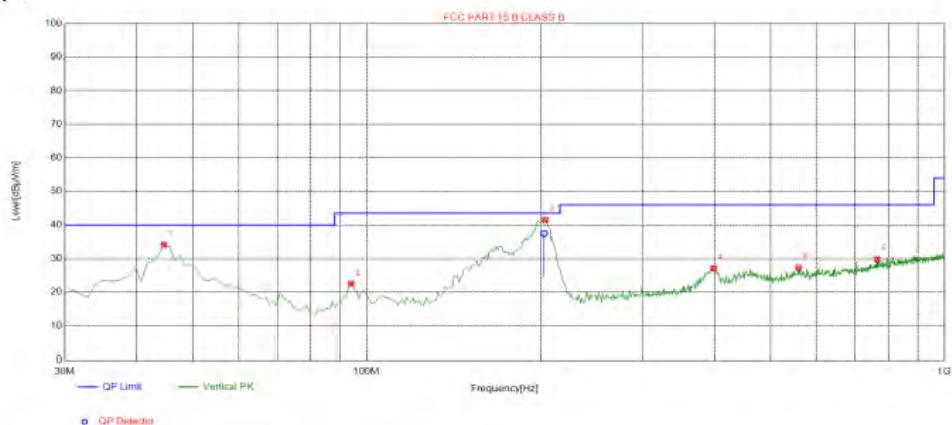
Correction factor = Cable lose + LISN insertion loss

Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor



Antenna polarity: V

Test Graph



Suspected List

Suspected List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	44.5500	34.09	-13.73	40.00	5.91	100	291	Vertical
2	94.0200	22.50	-16.40	43.50	21.00	100	236	Vertical
3	203.630	41.55	-14.97	43.50	1.95	100	204	Vertical
4	398.600	27.07	-10.44	46.00	18.93	100	214	Vertical
5	559.620	27.20	-6.69	46.00	18.80	100	159	Vertical
6	765.260	29.79	-3.36	46.00	16.21	100	223	Vertical

Final Data List

Final Data List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	202.917	-14.98	37.47	43.50	6.03	120	173.1	Vertical

Remark: Margin = Limit – Level

Correction factor = Cable lose + LISN insertion loss

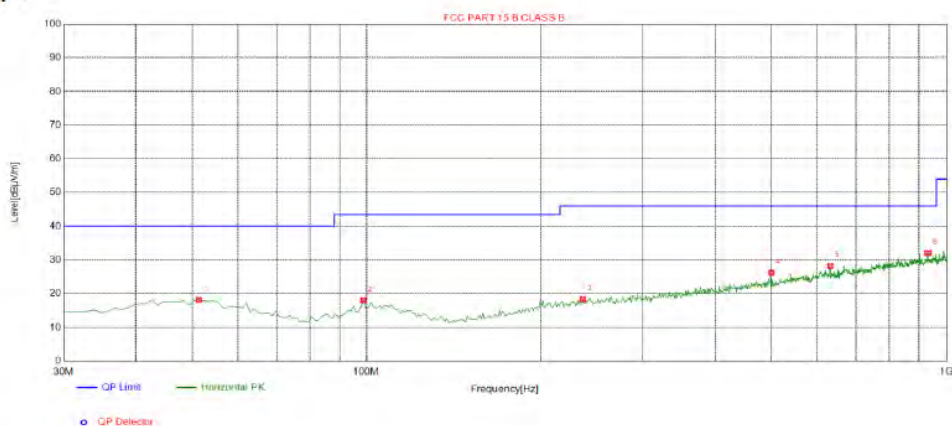
Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor



Right Headset:

Antenna polarity: H

Test Graph



Suspected List

Suspected List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	51.3400	18.18	-13.85	40.00	21.82	100	299	Horizontal
2	98.8700	18.01	-15.59	43.50	25.49	100	79	Horizontal
3	236.610	18.38	-14.01	46.00	27.62	100	359	Horizontal
4	500.450	26.17	-8.29	46.00	19.83	100	127	Horizontal
5	632.370	28.22	-5.52	46.00	17.78	100	359	Horizontal
6	930.160	32.02	-1.84	46.00	13.98	100	257	Horizontal

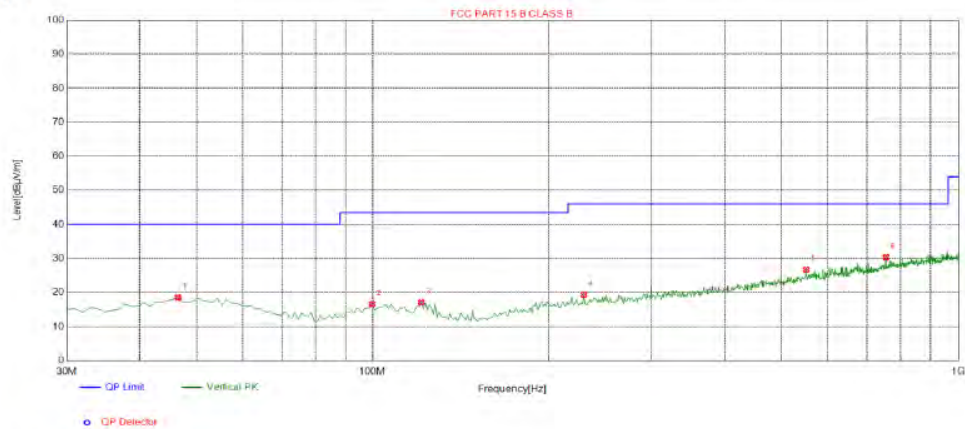
Remark: Margin = Limit – Level

Correction factor = Cable lose + LISN insertion loss

Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor

Antenna polarity: V

Test Graph



Suspected List

Suspected List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	46.4900	18.52	-13.65	40.00	21.48	100	306	Vertical
2	99.8400	16.63	-15.43	43.50	26.87	100	342	Vertical
3	121.180	17.11	-17.27	43.50	26.39	100	56	Vertical
4	229.820	19.34	-14.32	46.00	26.66	100	293	Vertical
5	551.860	26.72	-6.91	46.00	19.28	100	251	Vertical
6	755.560	30.35	-3.59	46.00	15.65	100	348	Vertical

Remark: Margin = Limit – Level

Correction factor = Cable lose + LISN insertion loss

Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor



For 1GHz to 25GHz

Horizontal:

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Horizontal:

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier



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DH5--CH High (2480MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4960.00	55.78	-3.43	52.35	74	-21.65	Peak
4960.00	44.88	-3.43	41.45	54	-12.55	AVG
7440.00	55.36	-0.77	54.59	74	-19.41	Peak
7440.00	43.46	-0.77	42.69	54	-11.31	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4960.00	57.72	-3.43	54.29	74	-19.71	Peak
4960.00	43.93	-3.43	40.50	54	-13.50	AVG
7440.00	55.74	-0.77	54.97	74	-19.03	Peak
7440.00	44.11	-0.77	43.34	54	-10.66	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Remark:

(1) Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 25 GHz.

(2) "F" denotes fundamental frequency; "H" denotes spurious frequency. "E" denotes band edge frequency.

(3) * denotes emission frequency which appearing within the Restricted Bands specified in provision of 15.205, then the general radiated emission limits in 15.209 apply.

(4) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

(5) The IF bandwidth of EMI Test Receiver between 30MHz to 1GHz was 120KHz, 1 MHz for measuring above 1 GHz, below 30MHz was 10KHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz for peak measurement with peak detector at frequency above 1GHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 10Hz for Average measurement with peak detection at frequency above 1GHz.

(6) When the test results of Peak Detected below the limits of Average Detected, the Average Detected is not need completed. For example: Top Channel at Fundamental 73.16dBuV/m(PK Value) <93.98(AV Limit), at harmonic 53.20 dBuV/m(PK Value) <54 dBuV/m(AV Limit), the Average Detected not need to completed.

(7) All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.



Hopping

Horizontal (Worst case)

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2310	54.44	-5.81	48.63	74	-25.37	Peak
2310	49.44	-5.81	43.63	54	-10.37	AVG
2390	57.42	-5.84	51.58	74	-22.42	Peak
2390	48.80	-5.84	42.96	54	-11.04	AVG
2400	57.92	-5.84	52.08	74	-21.92	Peak
2400	49.02	-5.84	43.18	54	-10.82	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier



Horizontal (Worst case)

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Vertical:

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier



Operation Mode: TX CH Low (2402MHz)
Horizontal (Worst case)

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Vertical:

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier



Horizontal (Worst case)

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Vertical:

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier



For 1GHz to 25GHz

Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4804.00	57.98	-3.65	54.33	74	-19.67	Peak
4804.00	44.10	-3.65	40.45	54	-13.55	AVG
7206.00	56.51	-0.95	55.56	74	-18.44	Peak
7206.00	43.64	-0.95	42.69	54	-11.31	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4804.00	58.30	-3.65	54.65	74	-19.35	Peak
4804.00	45.17	-3.65	41.52	54	-12.48	AVG
7206.00	55.80	-0.95	54.85	74	-19.15	Peak
7206.00	44.09	-0.95	43.14	54	-10.86	AVG

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4882.00	58.44	-3.54	54.90	74	-19.10	Peak
4882.00	45.06	-3.54	41.52	54	-12.48	AVG
7323.00	55.05	-0.81	54.24	74	-19.76	Peak
7323.00	43.58	-0.81	42.77	54	-11.23	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4882.00	59.02	-3.54	55.48	74	-18.52	Peak
4882.00	44.66	-3.54	41.12	54	-12.88	AVG
7323.00	56.98	-0.81	56.17	74	-17.83	Peak
7323.00	44.88	-0.81	44.07	54	-9.93	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						



DH5--CH High (2480MHz)
Horizontal:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
4960.00	56.89	-3.43	53.46	74	-20.54	Peak
4960.00	44.51	-3.43	41.08	54	-12.92	AVG
7440.00	55.52	-0.77	54.75	74	-19.25	Peak
7440.00	44.38	-0.77	43.61	54	-10.39	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
4960.00	56.85	-3.43	53.42	74	-20.58	Peak
4960.00	43.99	-3.43	40.56	54	-13.44	AVG
7440.00	55.27	-0.77	54.50	74	-19.50	Peak
7440.00	44.40	-0.77	43.63	54	-10.37	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Remark:

- (1) Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 25 GHz.
- (2) "F" denotes fundamental frequency; "H" denotes spurious frequency. "E" denotes band edge frequency.
- (3) * denotes emission frequency which appearing within the Restricted Bands specified in provision of 15.205, then the general radiated emission limits in 15.209 apply.
- (4) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- (5) The IF bandwidth of EMI Test Receiver between 30MHz to 1GHz was 120KHz, 1 MHz for measuring above 1 GHz, below 30MHz was 10KHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz for peak measurement with peak detector at frequency above 1GHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 10Hz for Average measurement with peak detection at frequency above 1GHz.
- (6) When the test results of Peak Detected below the limits of Average Detected, the Average Detected is not need completed. For example: Top Channel at Fundamental 73.16dBuV/m(PK Value) <93.98(AV Limit), at harmonic 53.20 dBuV/m(PK Value) <54 dBuV/m(AV Limit), the Average Detected not need to completed.
- (7) All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.



Hopping

Horizontal (Worst case)

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier



Operation Mode: TX CH High (2480MHz)
Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2483.5	54.55	-6.04	48.51	74	-25.49	Peak
2483.5	49.19	-6.04	43.15	54	-10.85	AVG
2500	56.06	-6.06	50.00	74	-24.00	Peak
2500	48.63	-6.06	42.57	54	-11.43	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2483.5	57.61	-6.04	51.57	74	-22.43	Peak
2483.5	49.82	-6.04	43.78	54	-10.22	AVG
2500	56.67	-6.06	50.61	74	-23.39	Peak
2500	48.94	-6.06	42.88	54	-11.12	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						



Operation Mode: TX CH Low (2402MHz)
Horizontal (Worst case)

Remark : Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Vertical:

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier



Horizontal (Worst case)

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

Vertical:

Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier

3.3. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

Limit

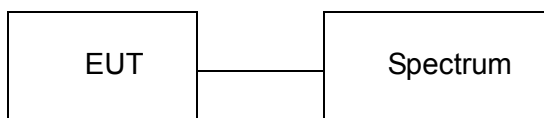
For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt.

For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

Test Procedure

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the power sensor.

Test Configuration



Test Results

Type	Channel	Output power (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Result
		Left Headset	Right Headset		
GFSK	00	-4.158	-4.276	21	Pass
	39	-4.067	-4.308		
	78	-4.681	-5.072		
π/4DQPSK	00	-2.921	-3.083	21	Pass
	39	-2.837	-3.143		
	78	-3.506	-3.843		

Note: 1.The test results including the cable lose.

Refer to the figure below:



Left Headset--GFSK Modulation



2402

Right Headset --GFSK Modulation



2402



2441



2441



2480



2480

Left Headset-- $\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation

2402

Right Headset-- $\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation

2402



2441



2441



2480



2480



3.4. 20dB Bandwidth

Limit

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with $RBW=1\%$ to 5% of the span, $VBW \geq 3 * RBW$

The 20dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 20dB.

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

$RBW=1\%$ to 5% of the span

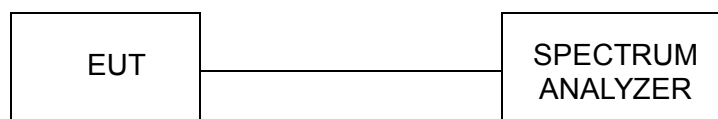
$VBW \geq 3 * RBW$

Detector=Peak

Trace Mode: Max Hold

Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument to measure the Occupied Bandwidth and recorded.

Test Configuration



Test Results

Left Headset:

Modulation	Channel	Channel 20dB bandwidth (MHz)		Result
		Left Headset	Right Headset	
GFSK	CH00	0.7881	0.9337	Pass
	CH39	0.7966	0.7938	
	CH78	0.8012	0.8553	
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	CH00	1.320	1.192	
	CH39	1.184	1.194	
	CH78	1.174	1.193	

Test plot as follows:



Left Headset --GFSK Modulation



Right Headset --GFSK Modulation



CH00

CH00



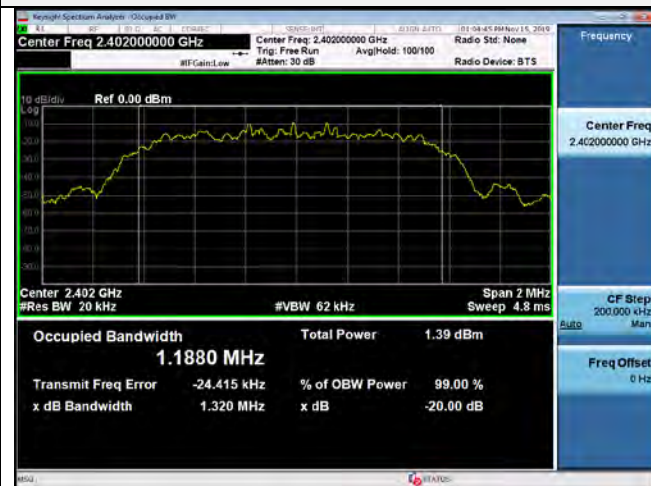
CH39

CH39



CH78

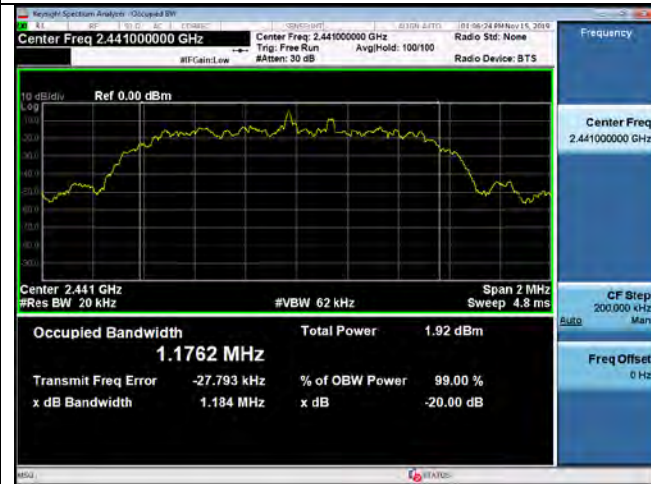
CH78

Left Headset-- $\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation

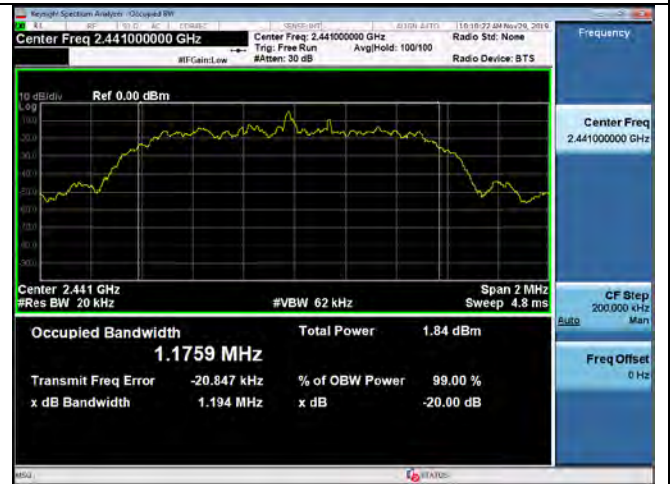
CH00

Right Headset-- $\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation

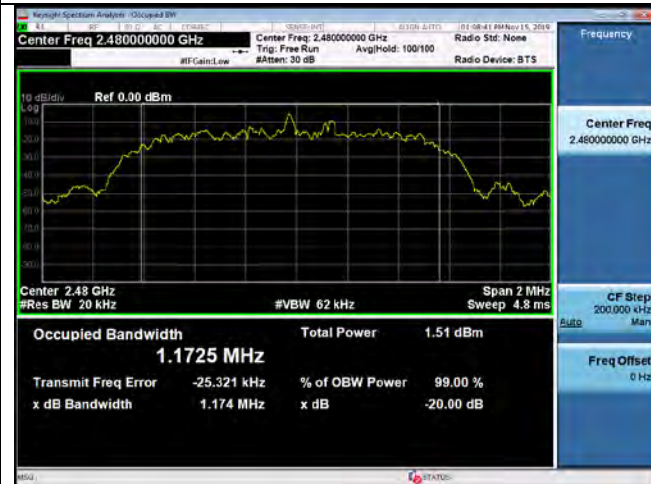
CH00



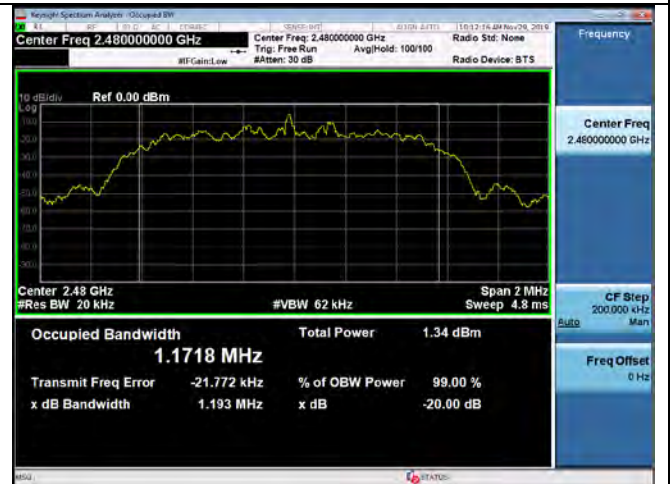
CH39



CH39



CH78



CH78



3.5. Frequency Separation

LIMIT

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by minimum of 25KHz or the $2/3 \times 20\text{dB}$ bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with 100KHz RBW and 300 KHz VBW.

TEST CONFIGURATION

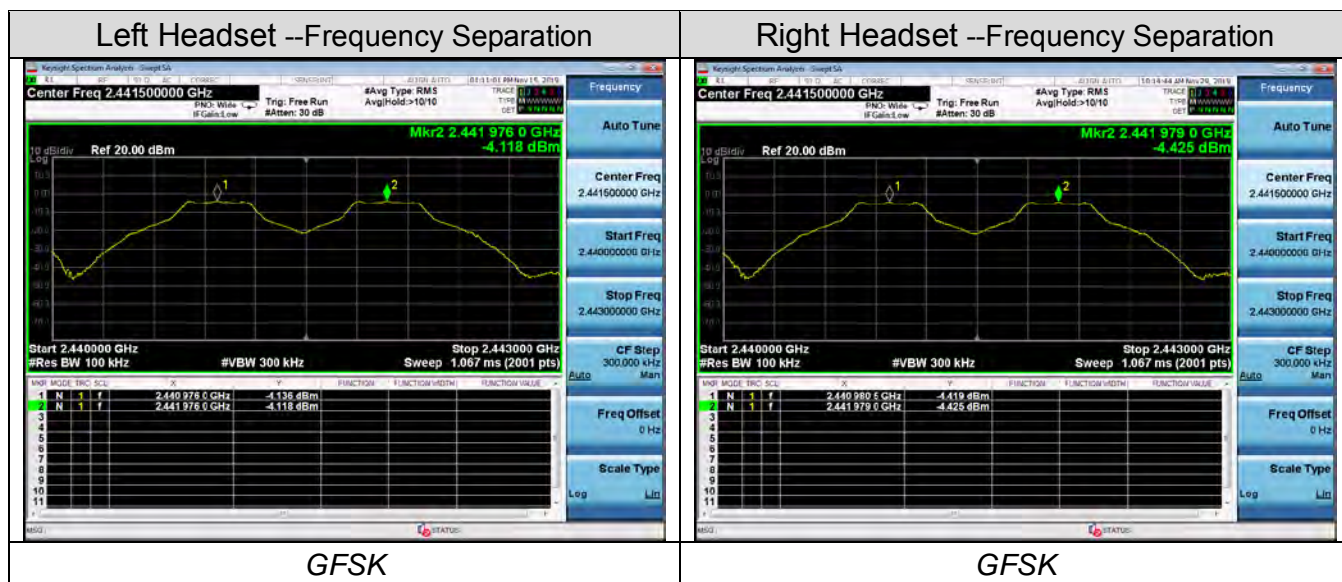


TEST RESULTS

Modulation	Channel	Channel Separation (MHz)		Limit(MHz)	Result
		Left Headset	Right Headset		
GFSK	CH39	1.000	0.999	$2/3 \times 20\text{dB}$ bandwidth	Pass
	CH40				
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	CH39	0.997	1.000	$2/3 \times 20\text{dB}$ bandwidth	Pass
	CH40				

Note: We have tested all mode at high, middle and low channel, and recorded worst case at middle

Test plot as follows:

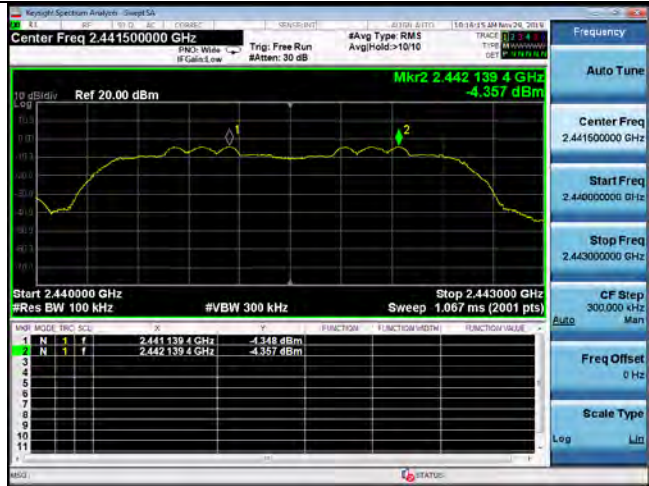




HK1911152897-E



$\pi/4$ DQPSK



$\pi/4$ DQPSK



3.6. Number of hopping frequency

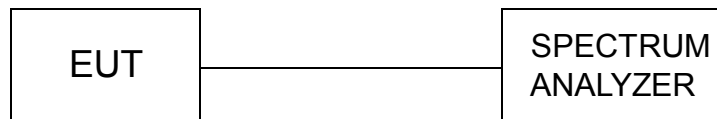
Limit

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. Set spectrum analyzer start 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz.

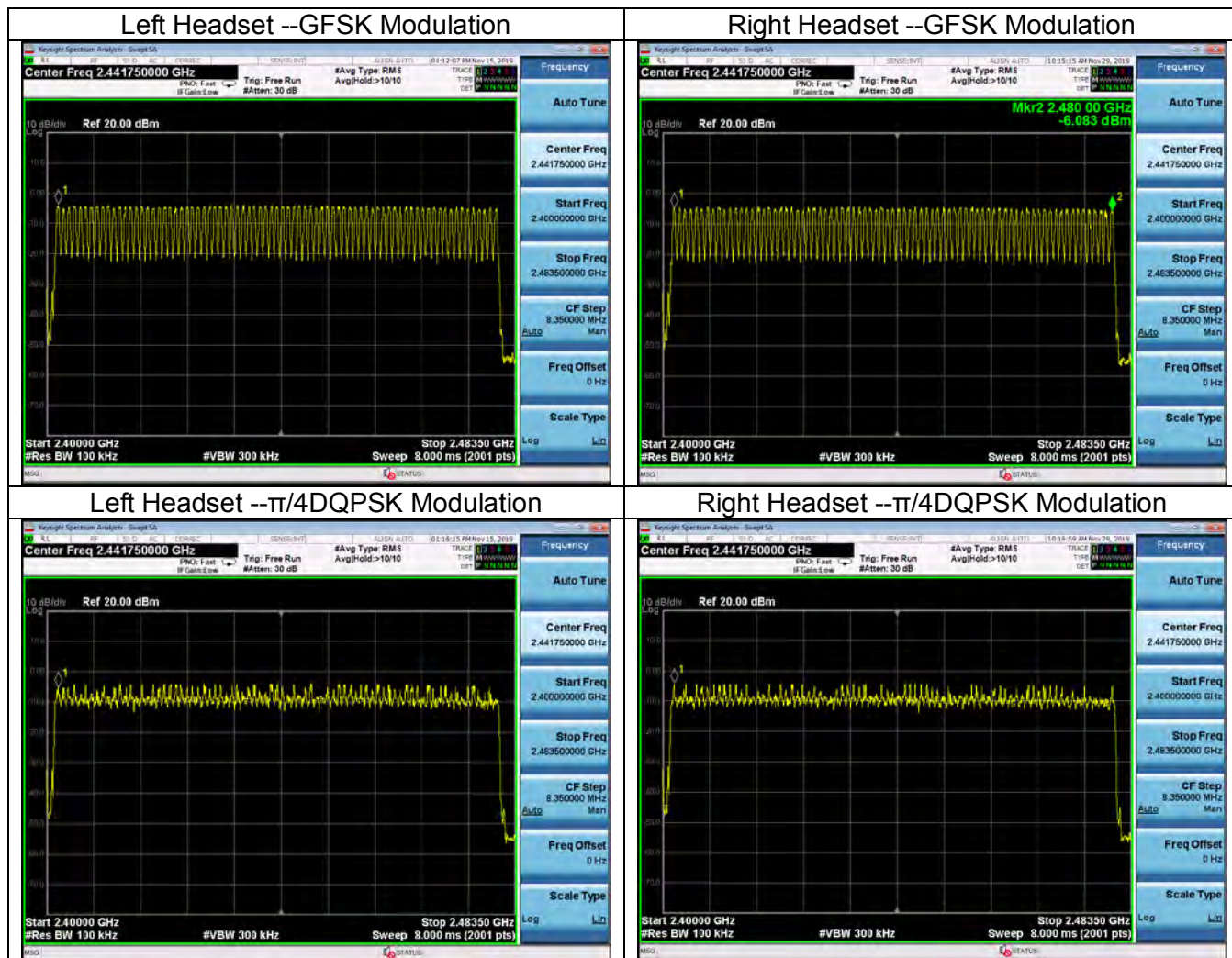
Test Configuration



Test Results

Modulation	Number of Hopping Channel		Limit	Result
	Left Headset	Right Headset		
GFSK	79	79	≥15	Pass
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	79	79		

Test plot as follows:





3.7. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

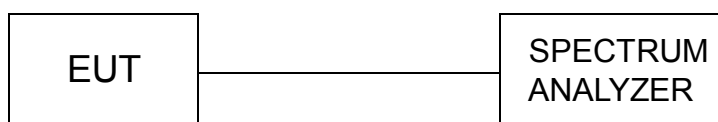
Limit

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. Set center frequency of spectrum analyzer=operating frequency with 1MHz RBW and 3MHz VBW, Span 0Hz.

Test Configuration



Test Results

Left Headset:

Modulation	Packet	Pulse time (ms)	Dwell time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Result
GFSK	DH1	0.4145	132.640	400	Pass
	DH3	1.669	267.040		
	DH5	2.915	310.933		
π/4DQPSK	2DH1	0.4233	135.456	400	Pass
	2DH3	1.678	268.480		
	2DH5	2.924	311.893		

Right Headset:

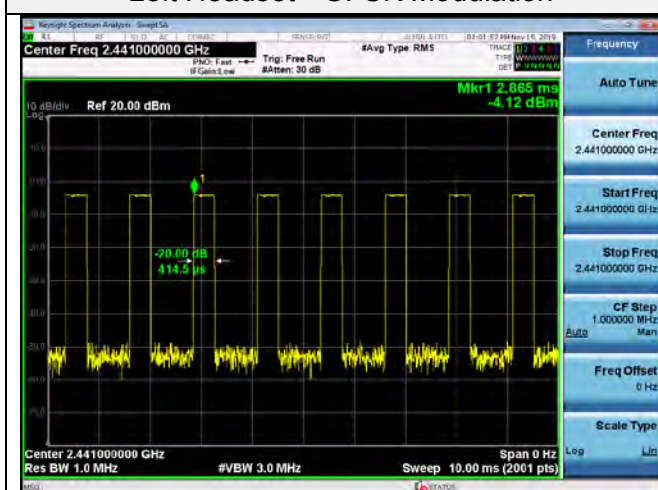
Modulation	Packet	Pulse time (ms)	Dwell time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Result
GFSK	DH1	0.4133	132.256	400	Pass
	DH3	1.67	267.200		
	DH5	2.918	311.253		
π/4DQPSK	2DH1	0.4232	135.424	400	Pass
	2DH3	1.674	267.840		
	2DH5	2.924	311.893		

Note:

1. We have tested all mode at high,middle and low channel,and recoreded worst case at middle channel.
2. Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 2 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH1, 2-DH1, 3-DH1
 Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 4 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH3, 2-DH3, 3-DH3
 Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 6 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH5, 2-DH5, 3-DH5

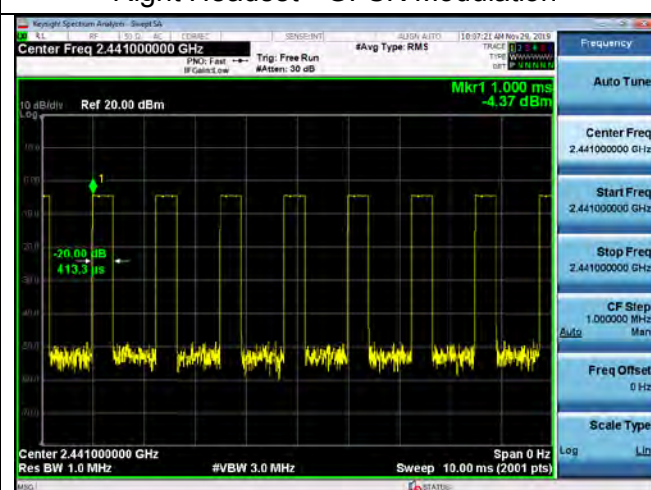
Test plot as follows:

Left Headset --GFSK Modulation

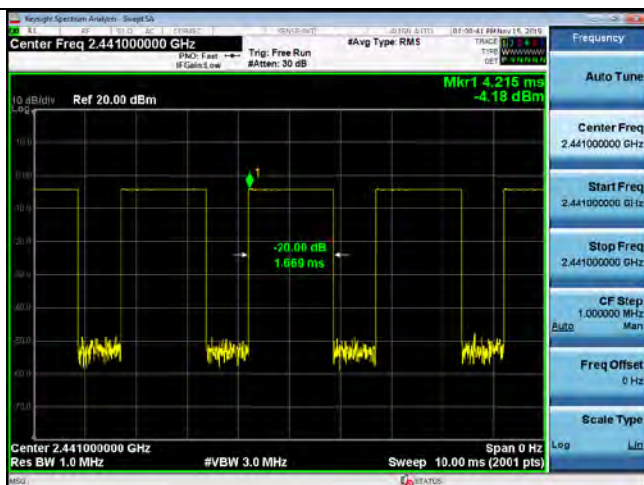


DH1

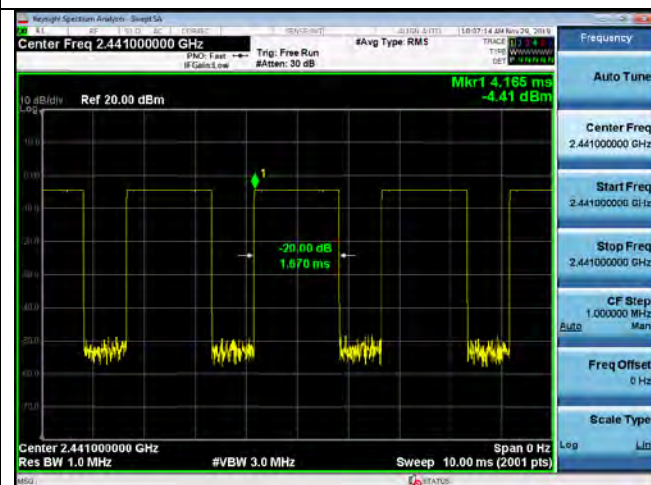
Right Headset --GFSK Modulation



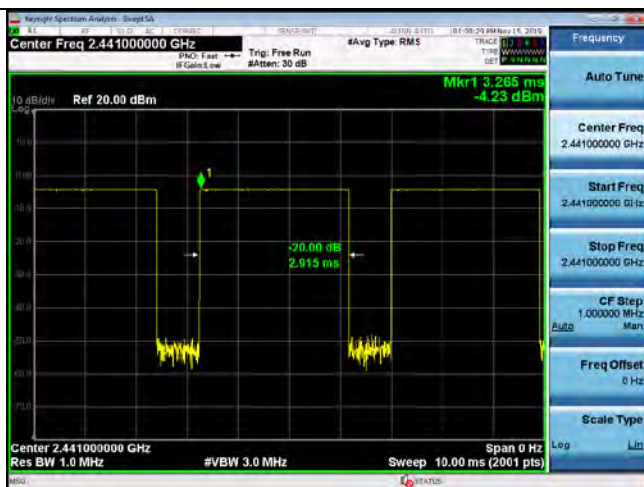
DH1



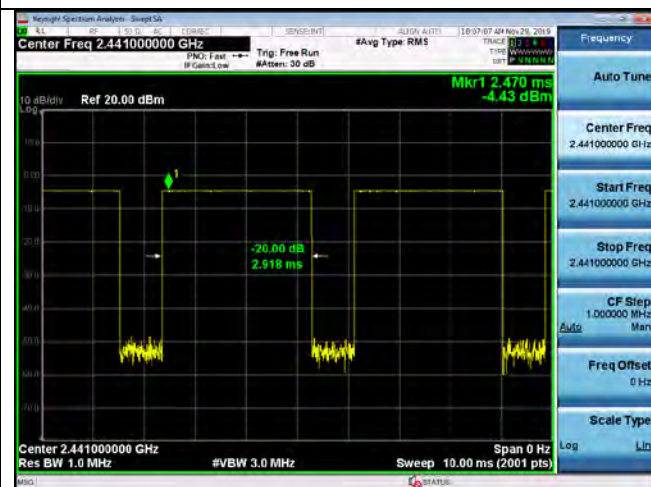
DH3



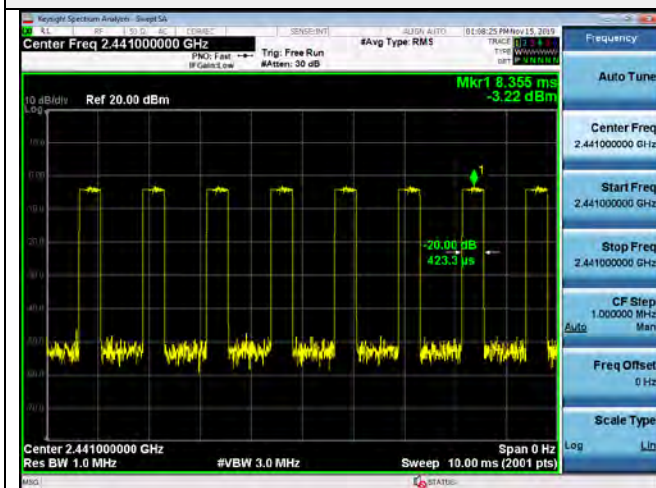
DH3



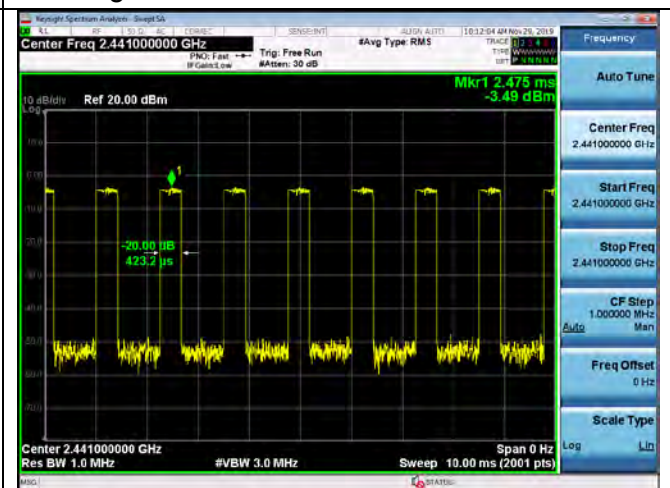
DH5



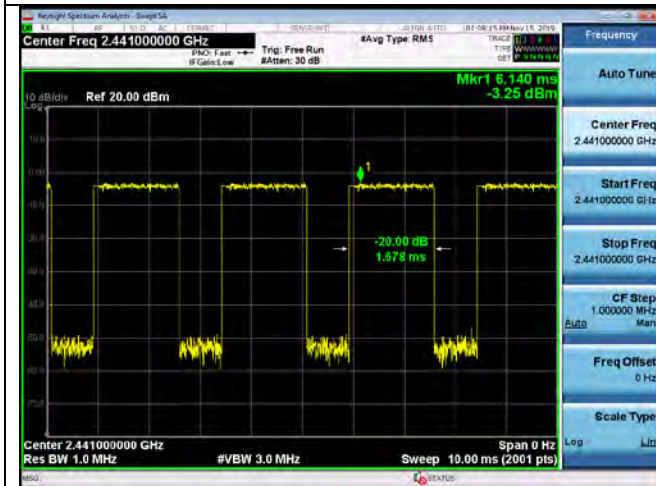
DH5

Left Headset-- $\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation

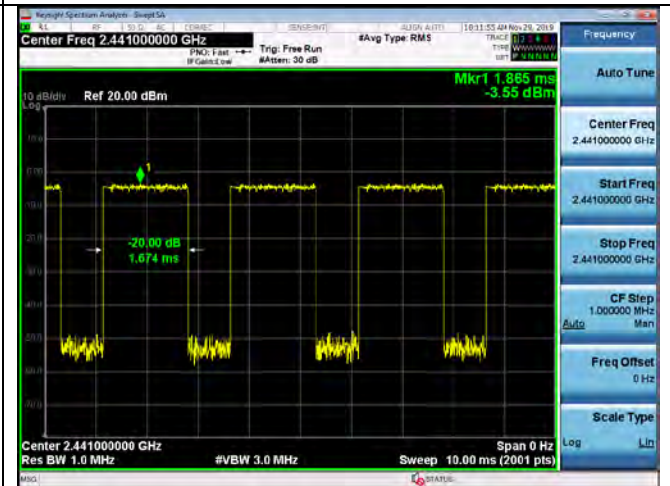
2-DH1

Right Headset -- $\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation

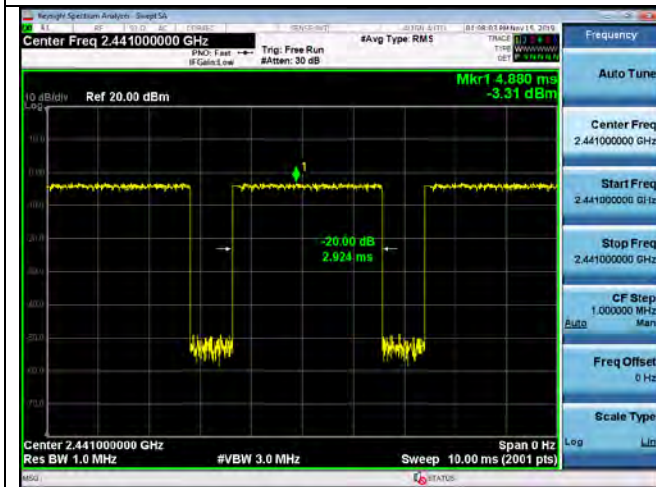
2-DH1



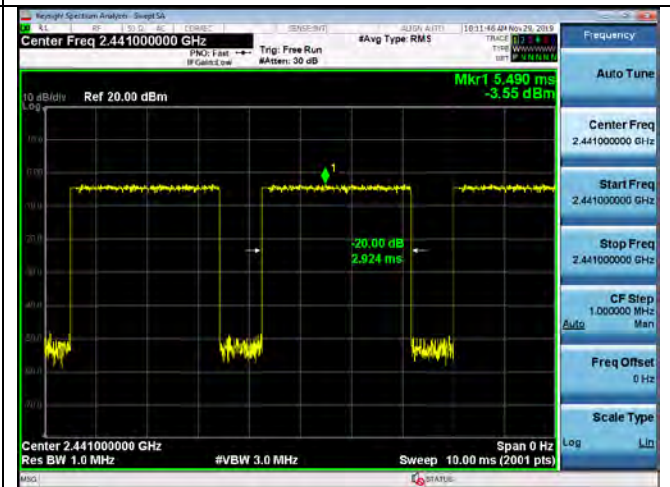
2-DH3



2-DH3



2-DH5



2-DH5



3.8. Out-of-band Emissions

Limit

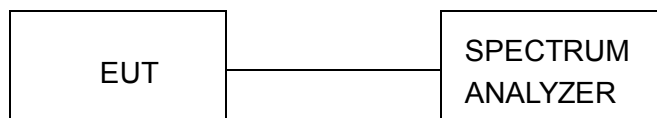
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

Test Procedure

Connect the transmitter output to spectrum analyzer using a low loss RF cable, and set the spectrum analyzer to RBW=100 kHz, VBW= 300 kHz, peak detector, and max hold. Measurements utilizing these settings are made of the in-band reference level, band edge and out-of-band emissions.

Test Configuration



Test Results

Remark: The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions and band edge measurement data.

We measured all conditions and recorded worst case at DH5 and 2DH5

Test plot as follows:



Left Headset --GFSK- CH00

Reference

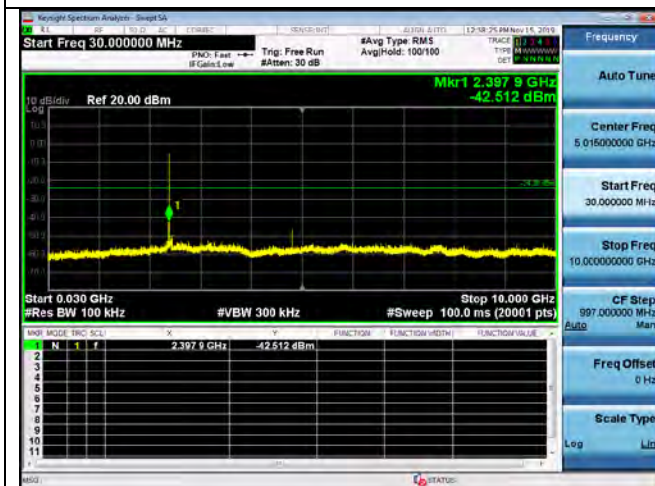


Right Headset --GFSK- CH00

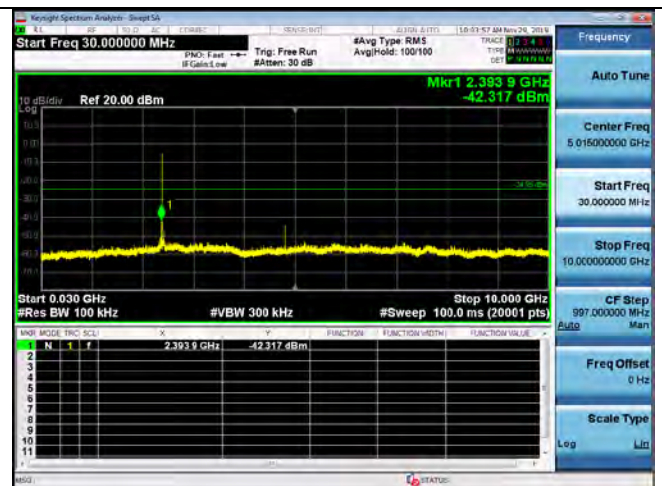
Reference



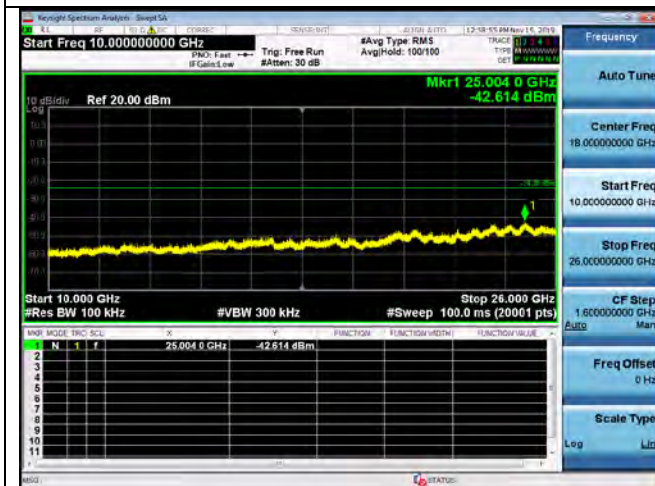
30MHz-10GHz



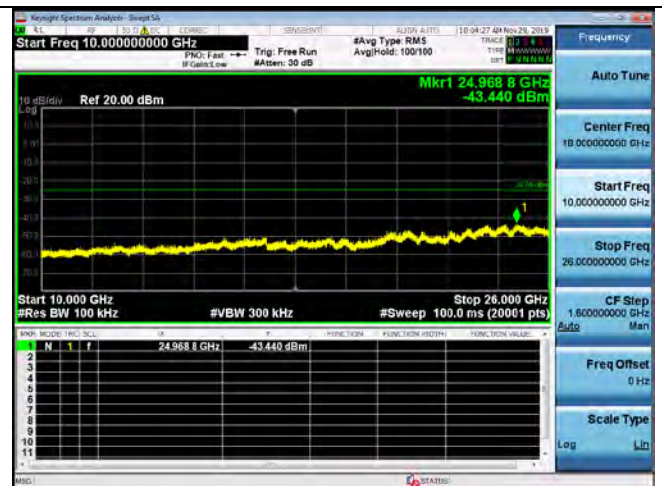
30MHz-10GHz



10GHz-26GHz



10GHz-26GHz





Left Headset --GFSK- CH39

Reference

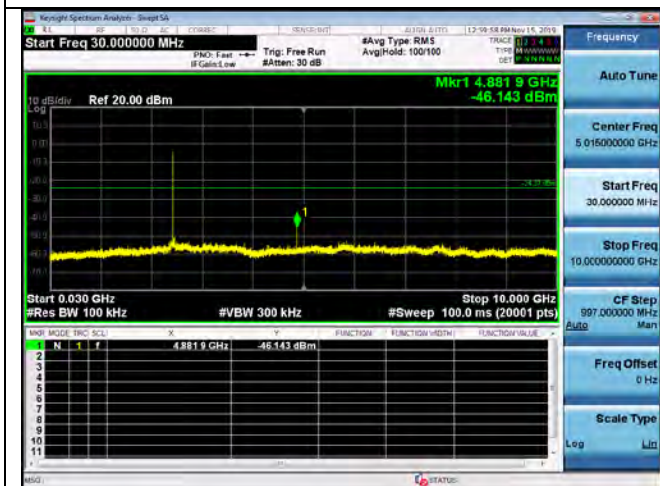


Right Headset --GFSK- CH39

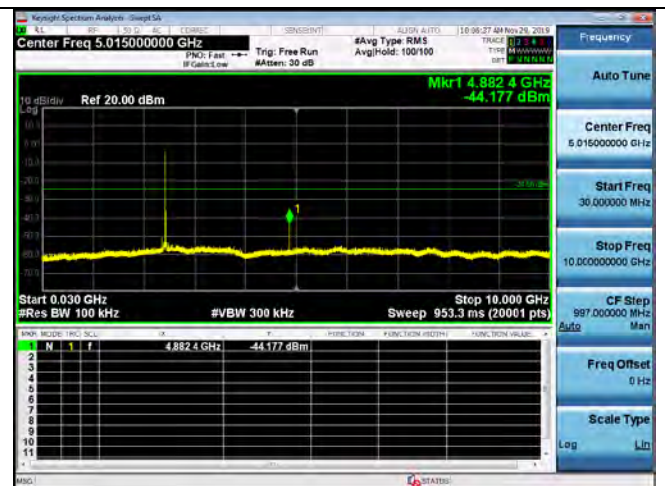
Reference



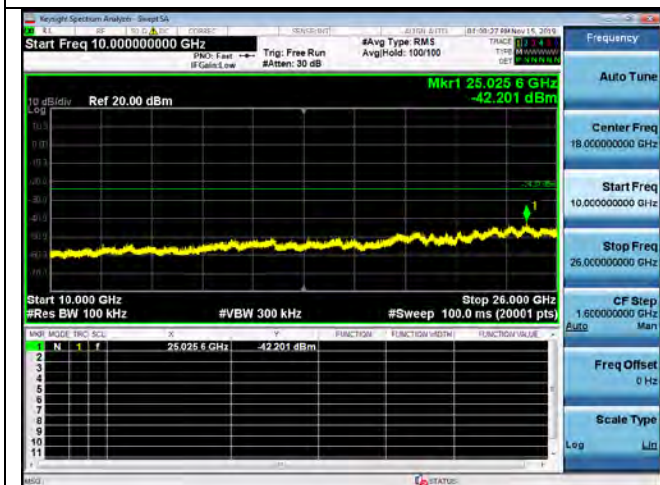
30MHz-10GHz



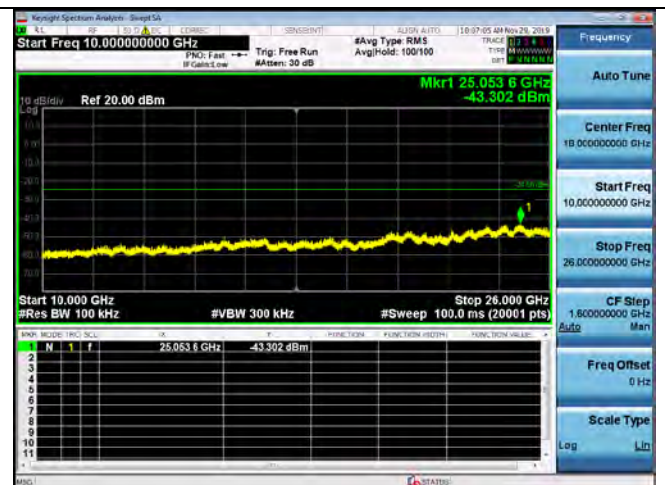
30MHz-10GHz



10GHz-26GHz



10GHz-26GHz





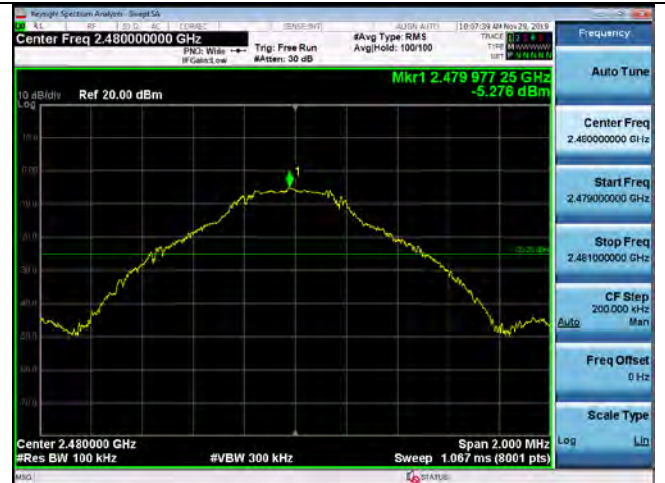
Left Headset --GFSK- CH78

Reference

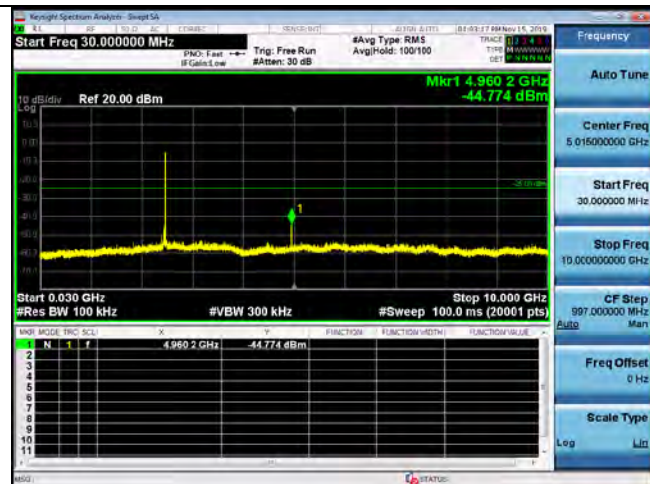


Right Headset --GFSK- CH78

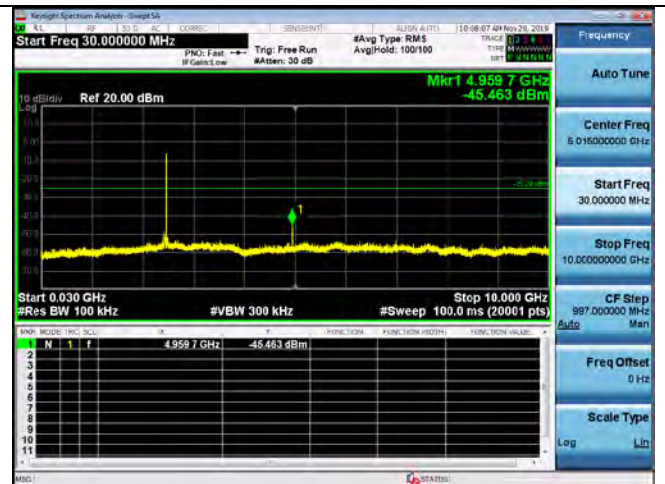
Reference



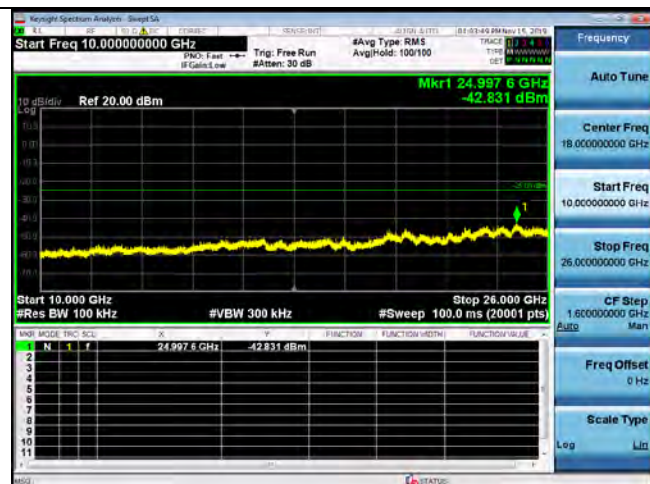
30MHz-10GHz



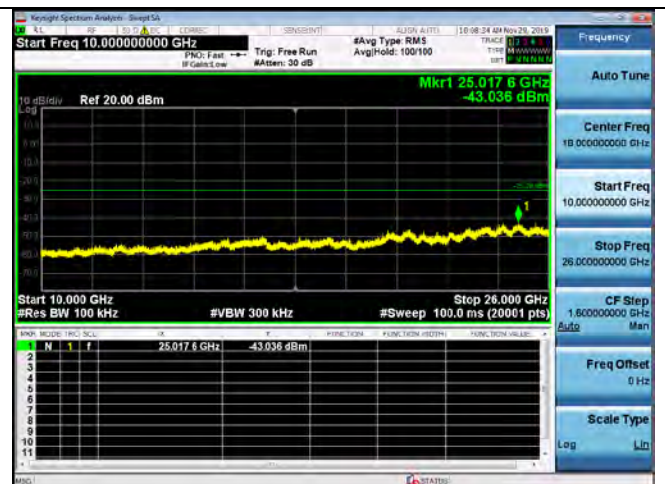
30MHz-10GHz



10GHz-26 GHz



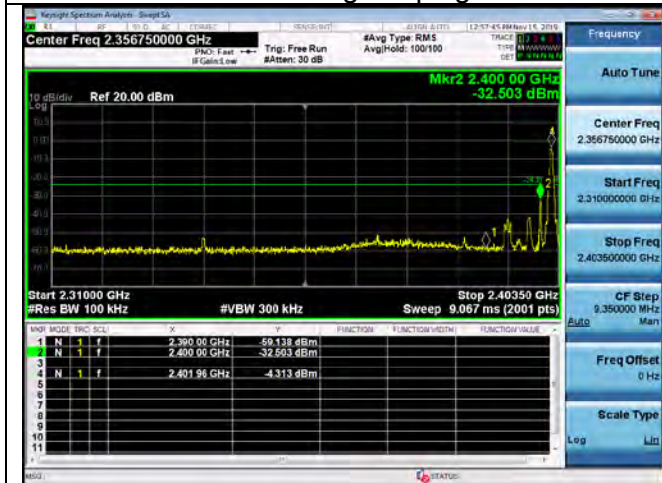
10GHz-26GHz



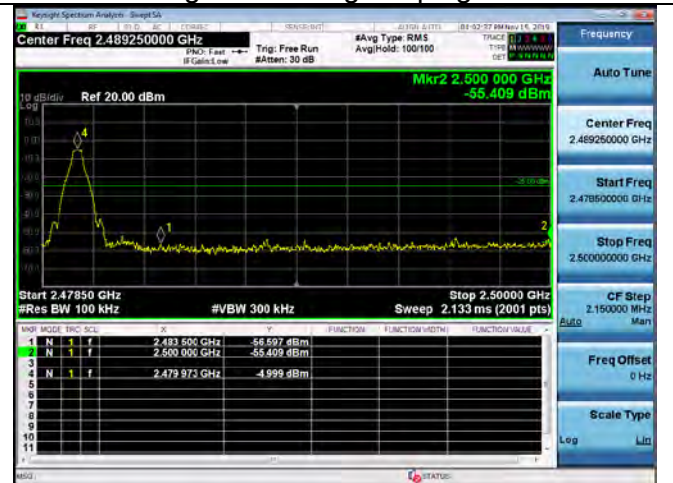


Left Headset:

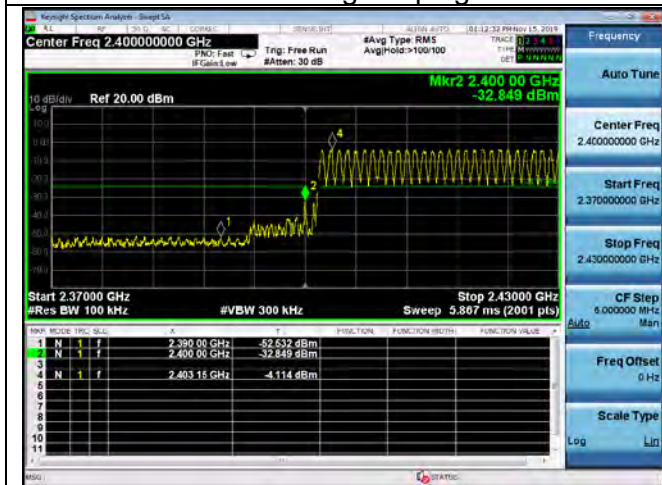
Left Band edge hopping off



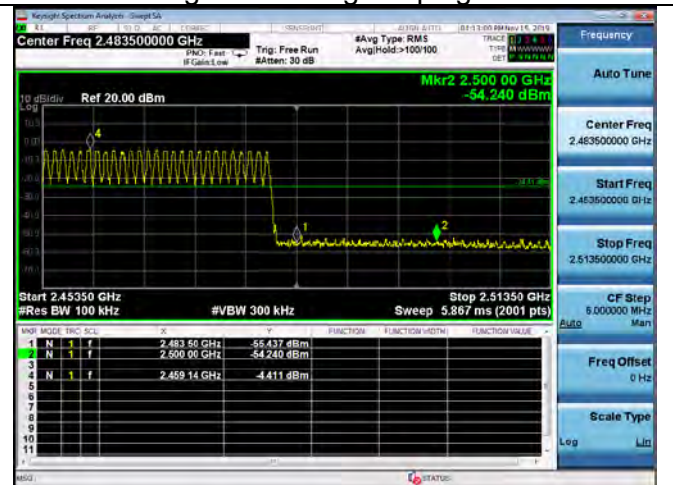
Right Band edge hopping off



Left Band edge hopping on



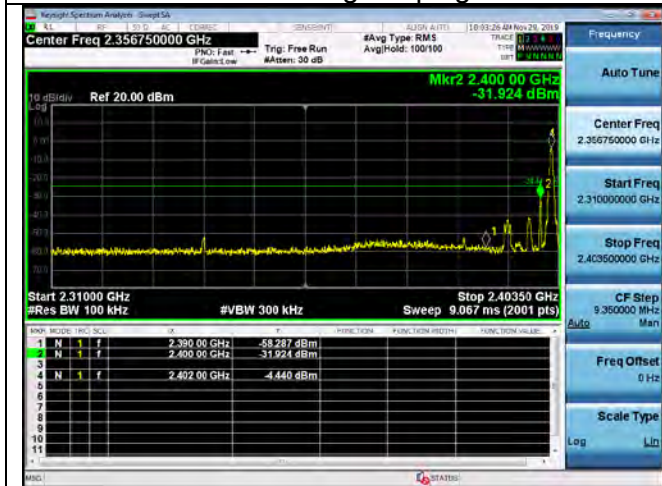
Right Band edge hopping on



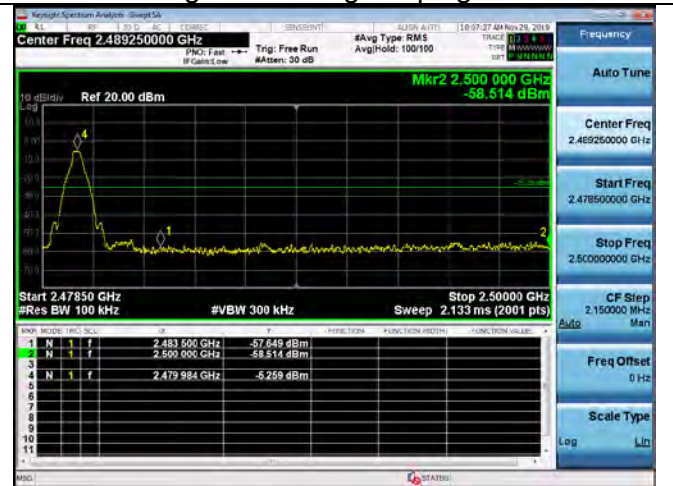


Right Headset:

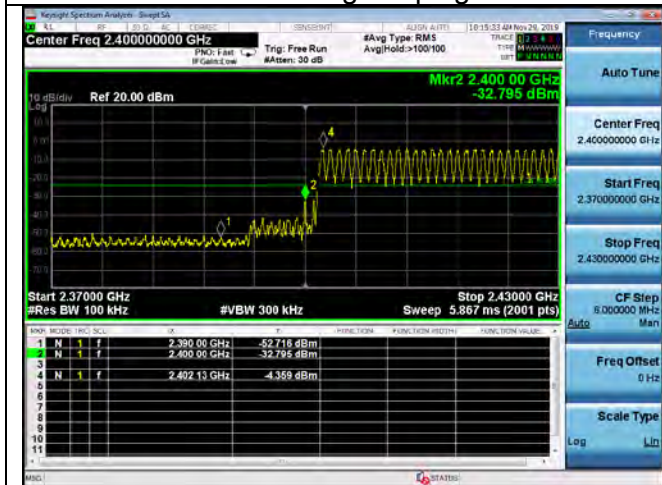
Left Band edge hopping off



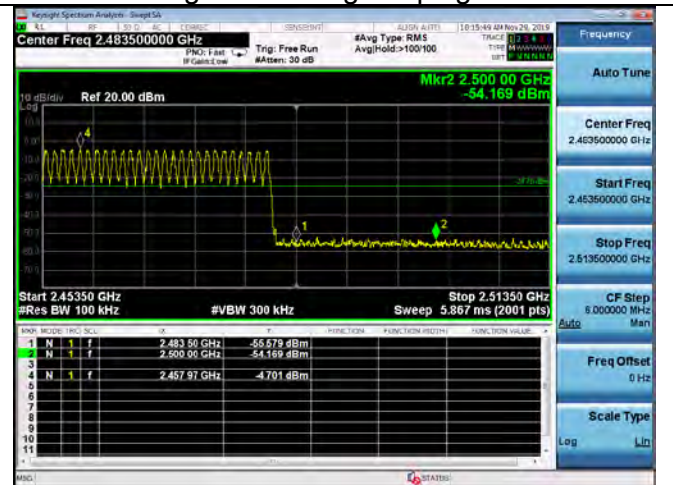
Right Band edge hopping off



Left Band edge hopping on



Right Band edge hopping on



Left Headset -- $\pi/4$ DQPSK- CH00

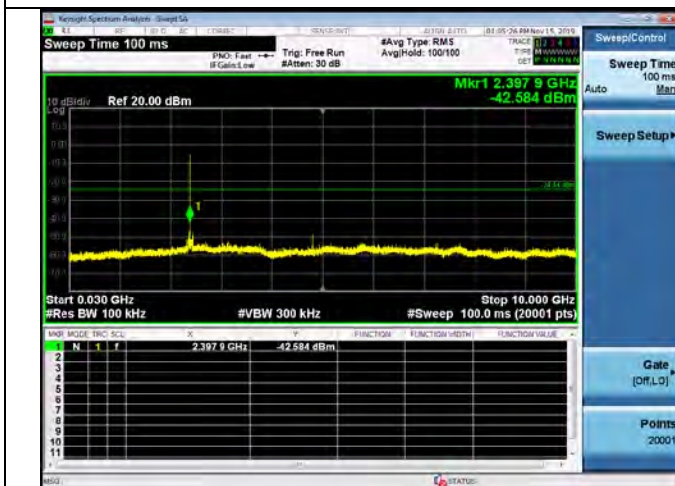
Reference

Right Headset -- $\pi/4$ DQPSK- CH00

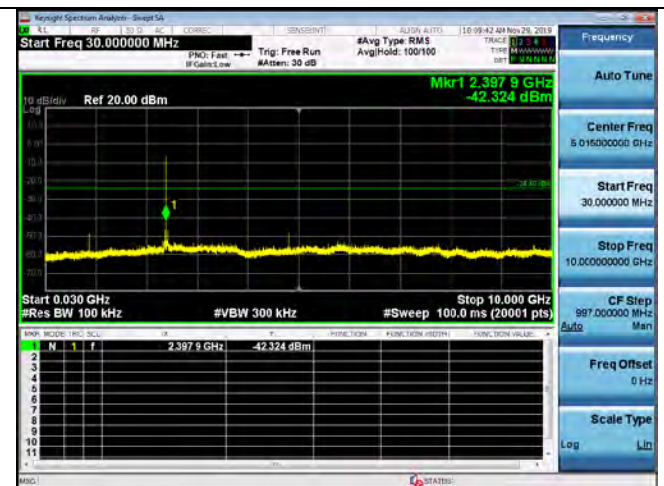
Reference



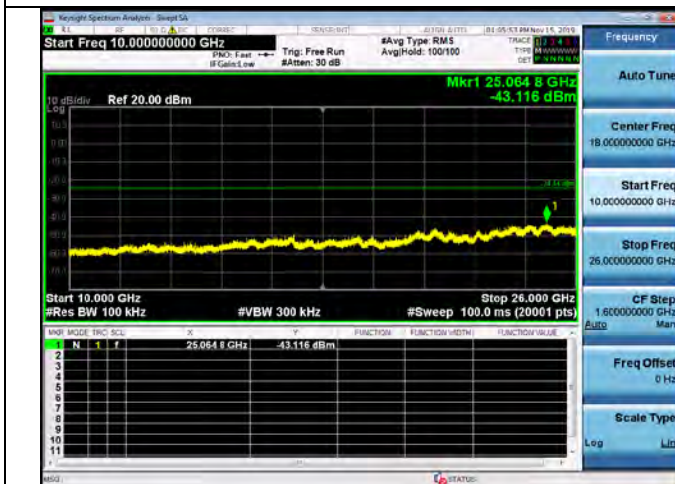
30MHz-10GHz



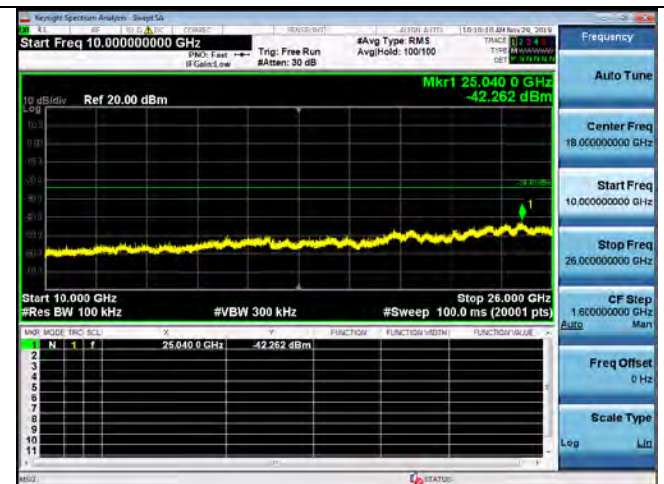
30MHz-10GHz



10GHz-26GHz



10GHz-26GHz

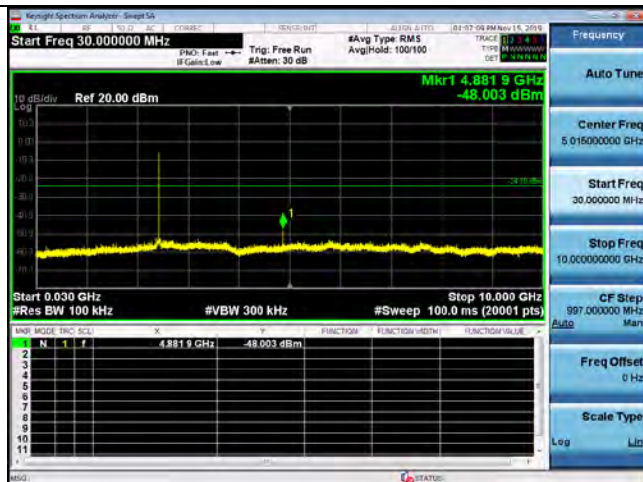


Left Headset -- π /4DQPSK- CH39

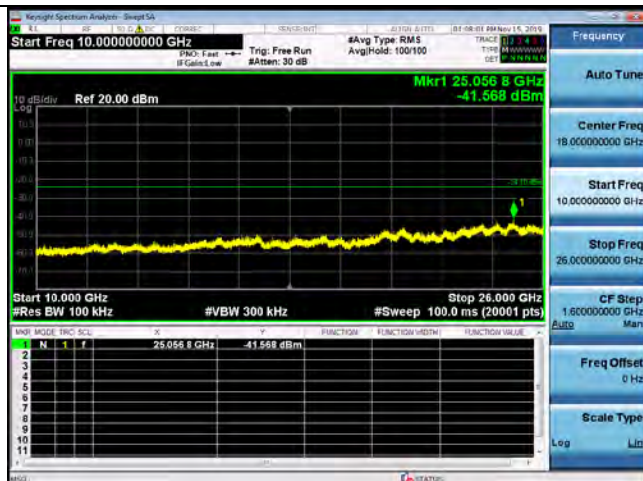
Reference



30MHz-10GHz



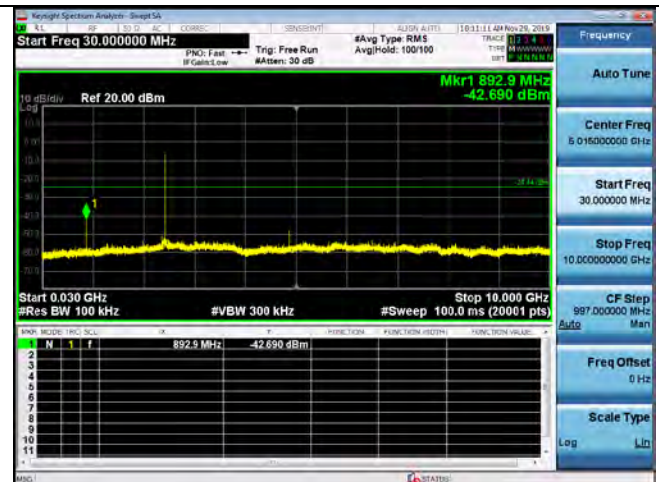
10GHz-26 GHz

Right Headset -- π /4DQPSK- CH39

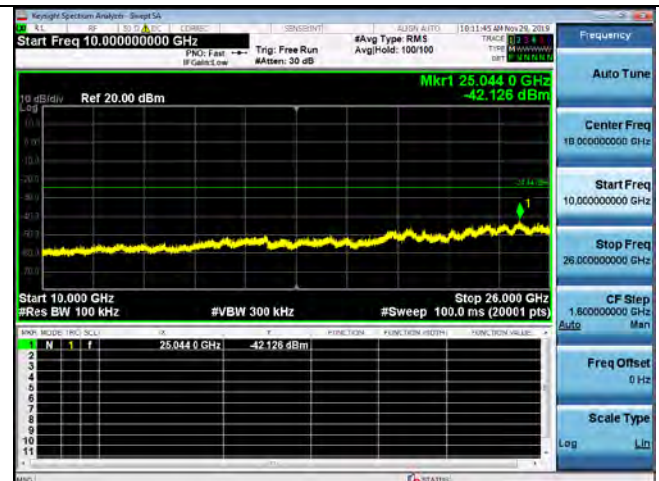
Reference



30MHz-10GHz



10GHz-26GHz

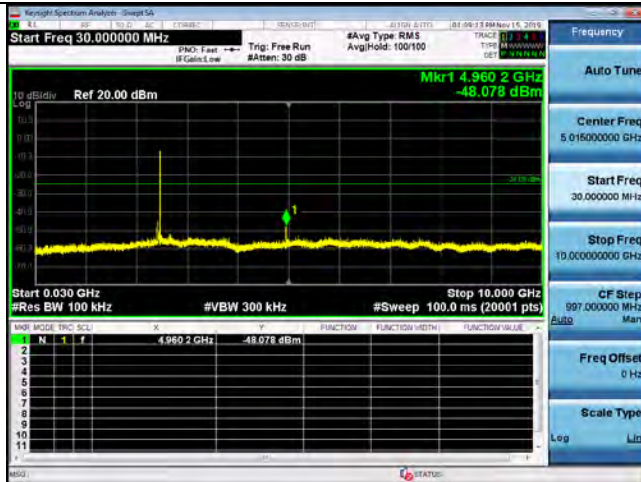


Left Headset -- $\pi/4$ DQPSK- CH78

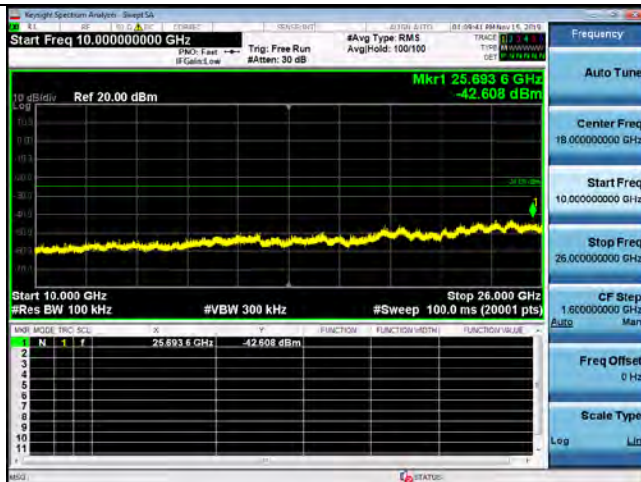
Reference



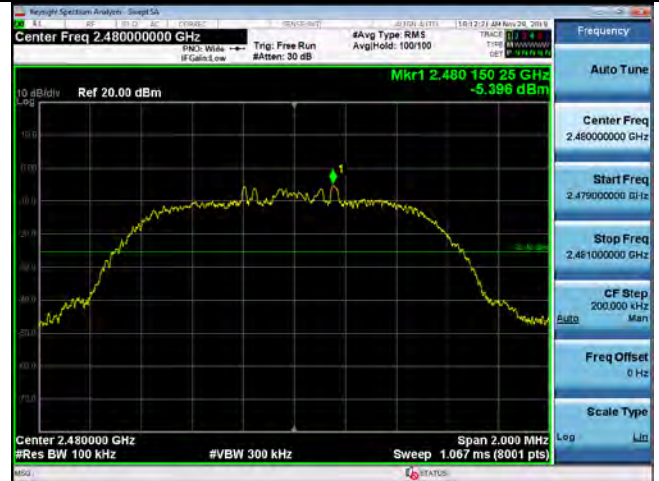
30MHz-10GHz



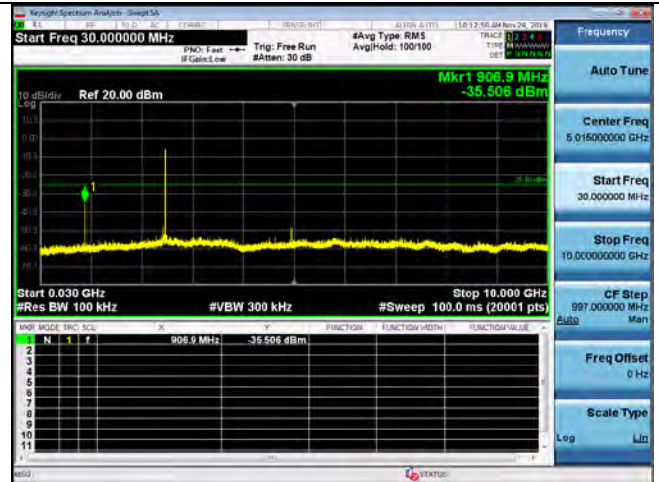
10GHz-26GHz

Right Headset -- $\pi/4$ DQPSK- CH78

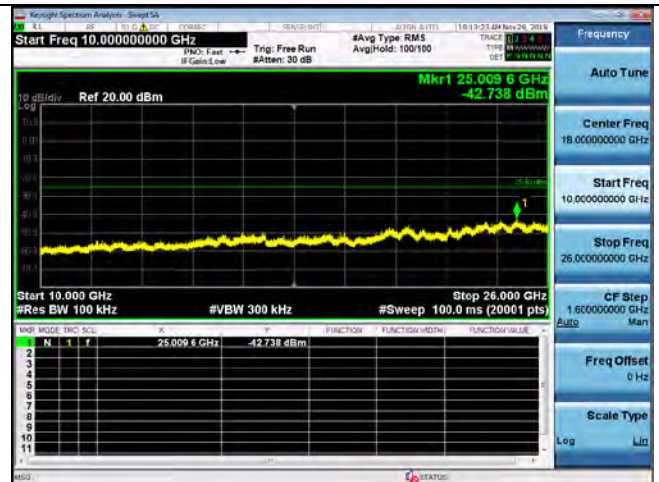
Reference



30MHz-10GHz



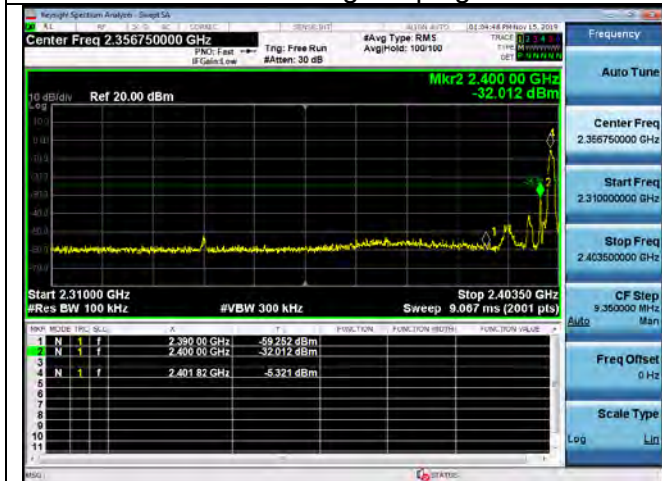
10GHz-26GHz



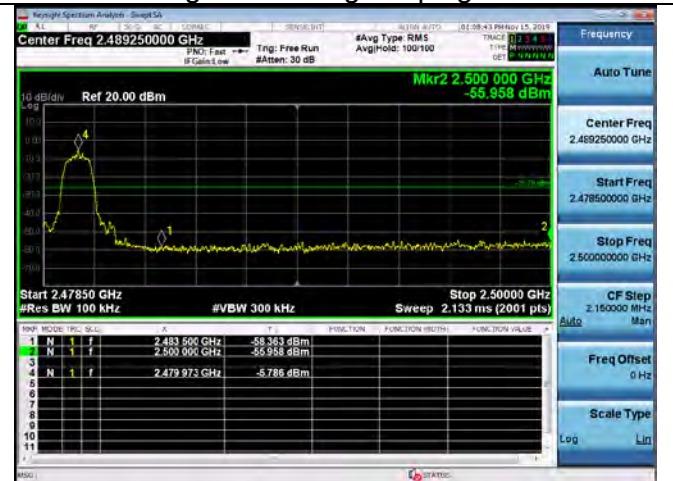


Left Headset

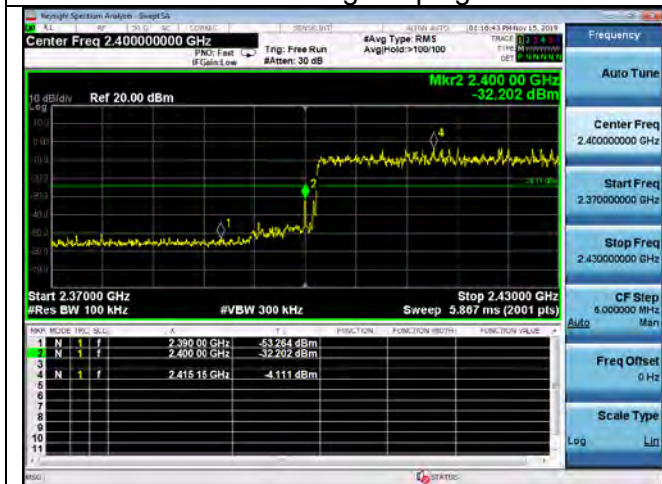
Left Band edge hopping off



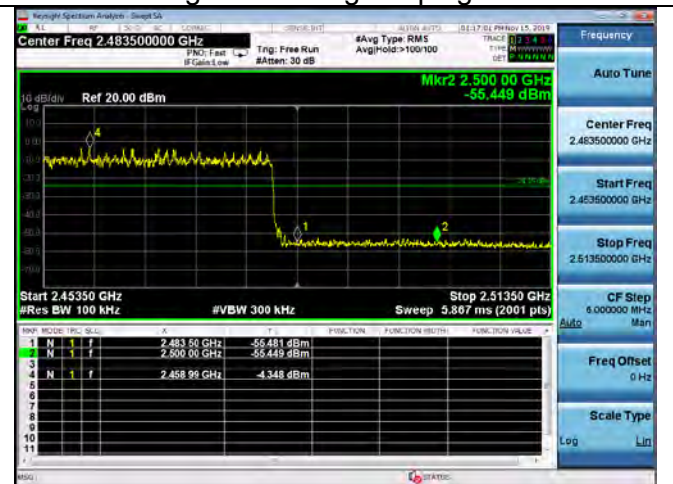
Right Band edge hopping off



Left Band edge hopping on



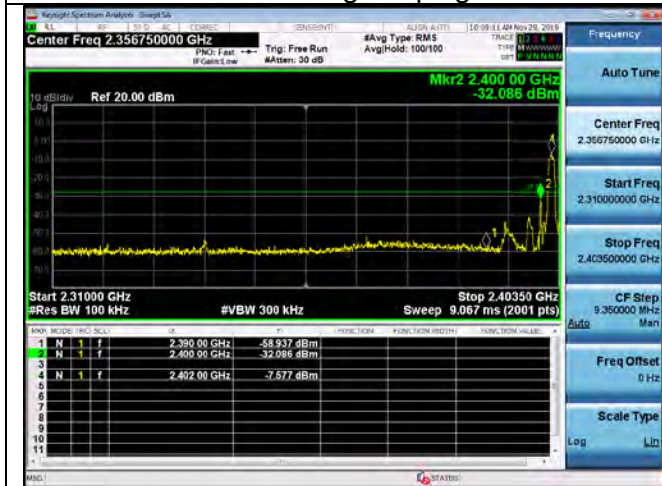
Right Band edge hopping on



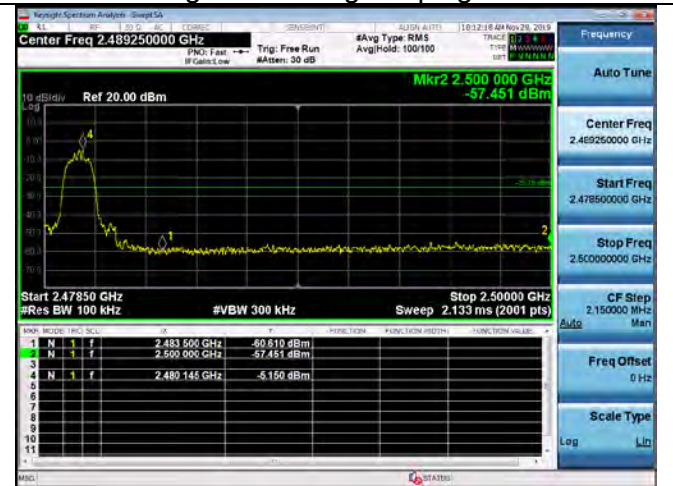


Right Headset:

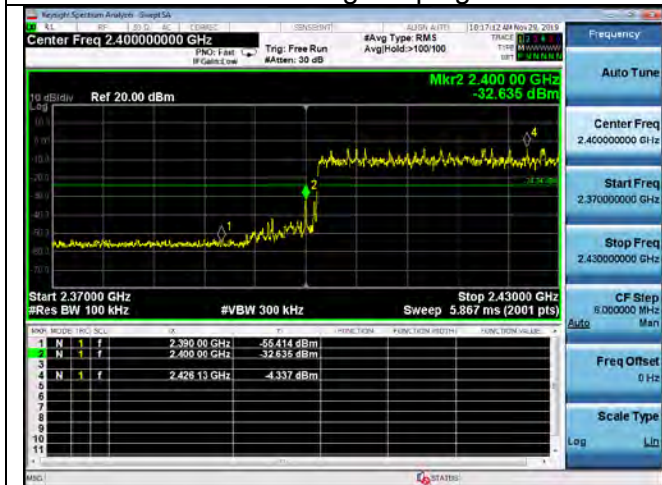
Left Band edge hopping off



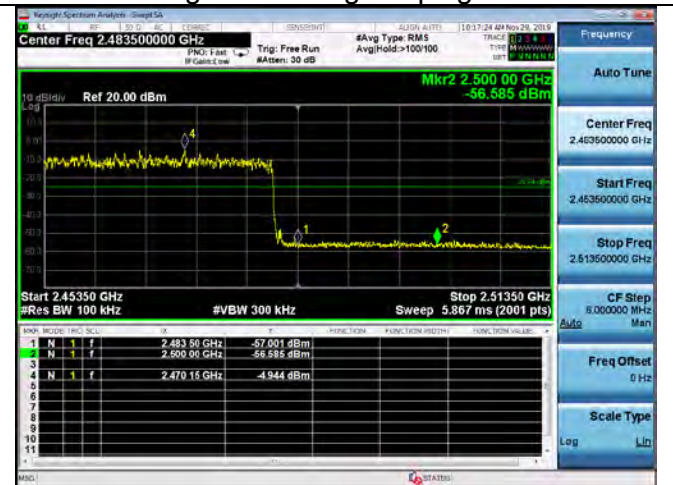
Right Band edge hopping off



Left Band edge hopping on



Right Band edge hopping on



3.9. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

TEST APPLICABLE

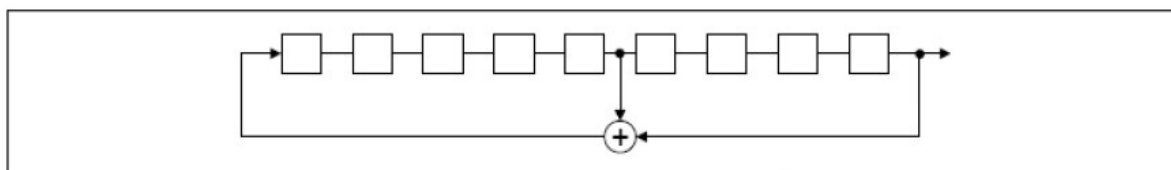
For 47 CFR Part 15C section 15.247 (a) (1):

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hop-ping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hop-ping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Requirement

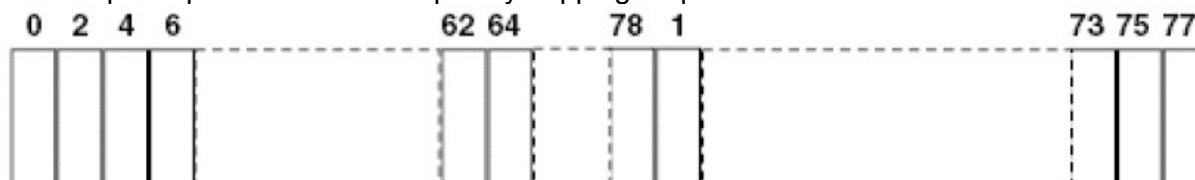
The pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first one of 9 consecutive ones, for example: the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages:9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence:29-1=511 bits
- Longest sequence of zeros:8(non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

An example of pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence as follows:



Each frequency used equally one the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitter and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

3.10. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

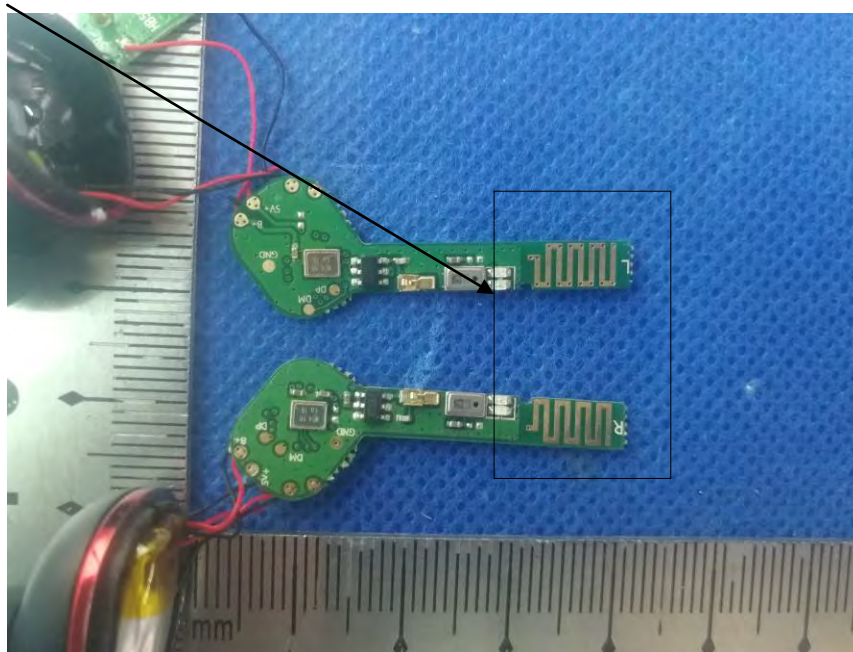
Refer to statement below for compliance.

The manufacturer may design the unit so that the user can replace a broken antenna, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed.

Antenna Connected Construction

The antenna used in this product is a PCB Antenna, The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is 0dBi.

PCB ANTENNA





4. Test Setup Photos of the EUT

Left Headset:

30MHz-1000MHz



Above 1000MHz





Right Headset:

30MHz-1000MHz



Above 1000MHz





Conducted Emission

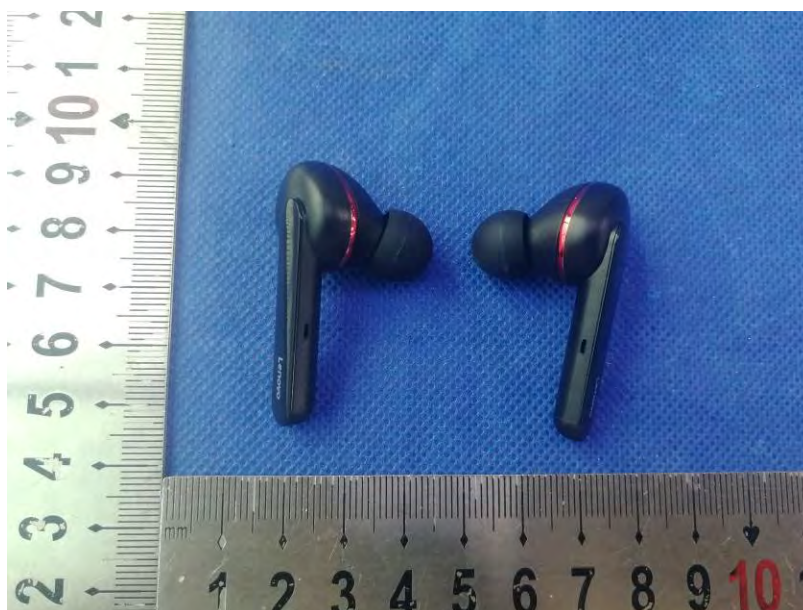


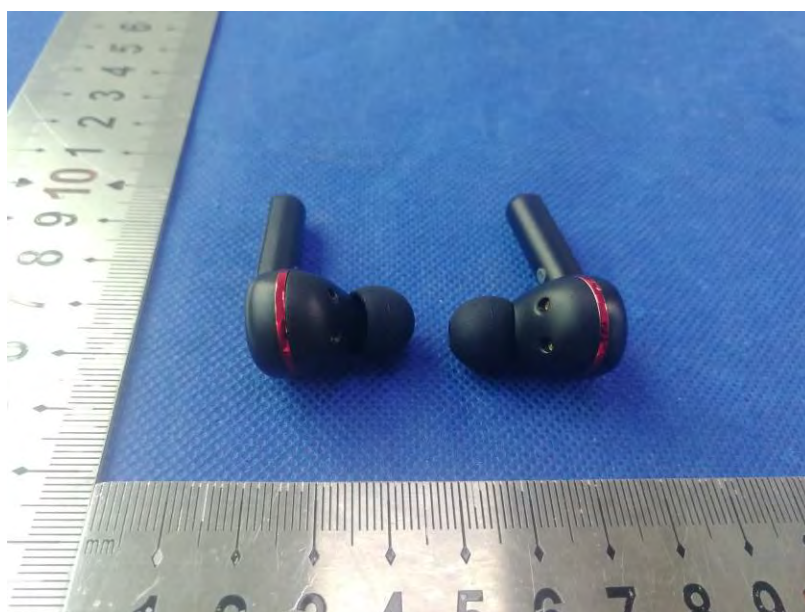


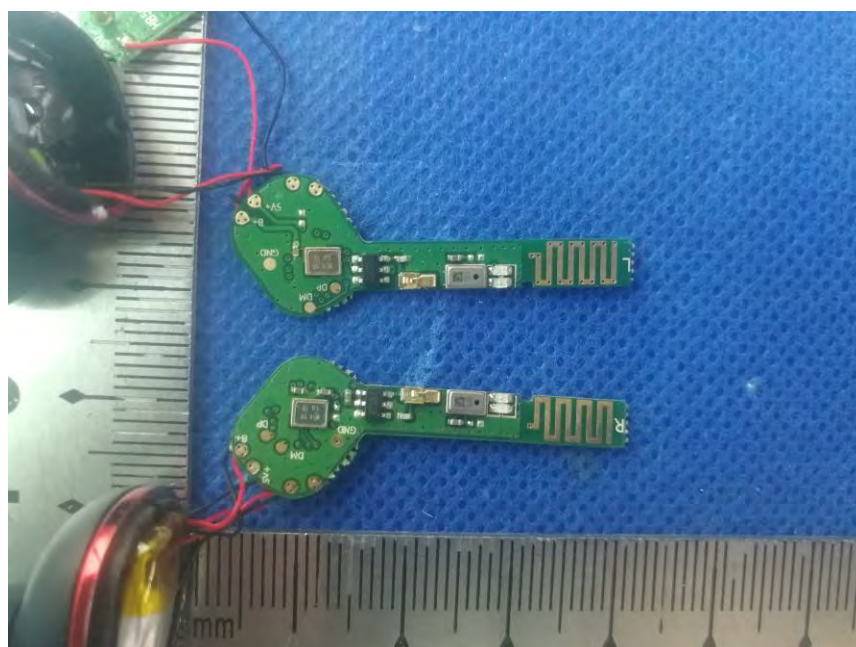
5. PHOTOS OF THE EUT

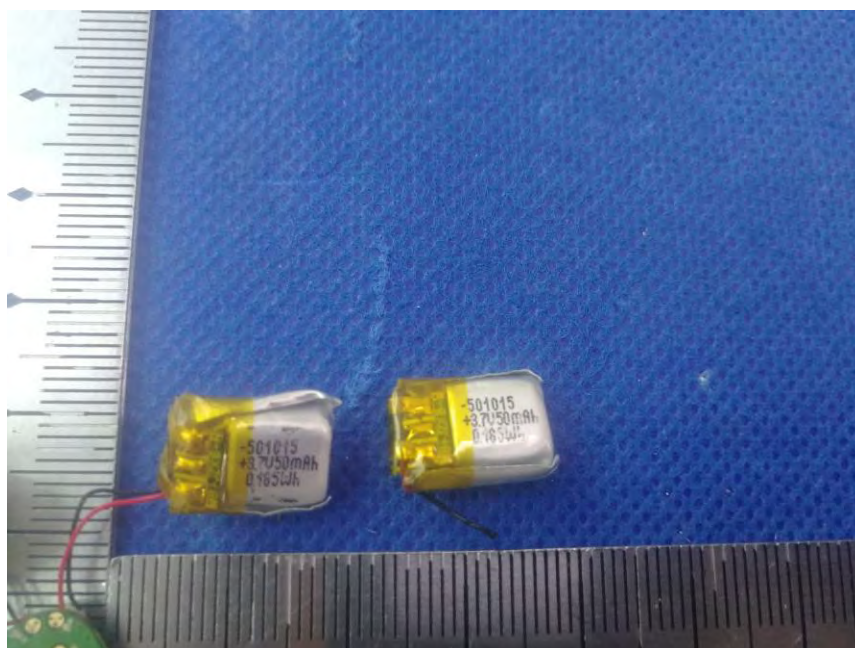
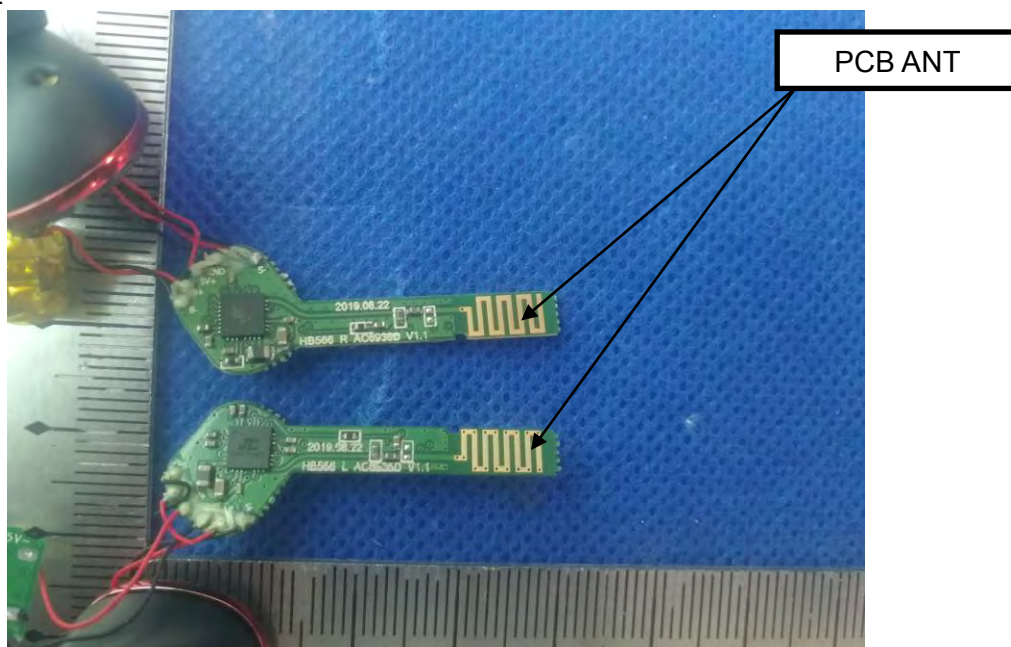
External photos







Internal photos



END