

## 9. Maximum Power Spectral Density

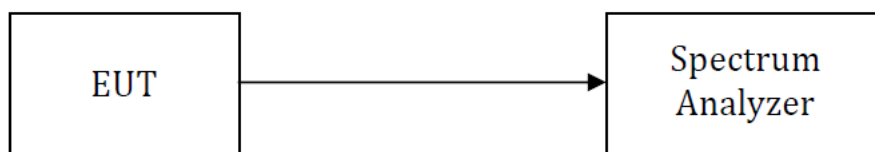
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### 9.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC 15.247(e), For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

### 9.2 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 3kHz, VBW = 10kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = RMS.
- 4) Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and mark the value.
- 5) Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

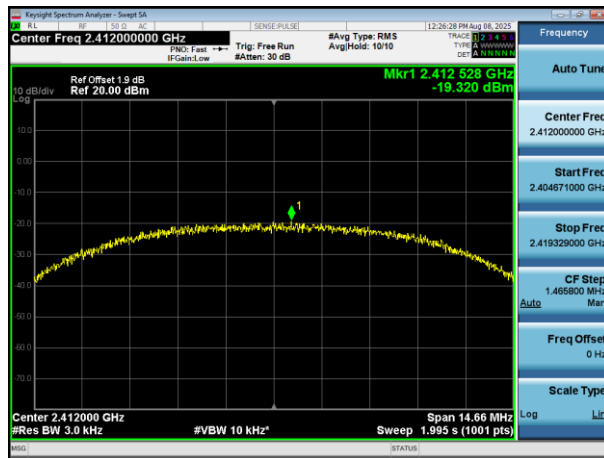
### 9.3 Test Data and Results

Test Mode	Test Channel (MHz)	Conducted PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Test Result
802.11b	2412	-19.32	0	-19.32	8	Pass
	2437	-19.48	0	-19.48	8	Pass
	2462	-20.98	0	-20.98	8	Pass
802.11g	2412	-23.99	0.22	-23.77	8	Pass
	2437	-24.18	0.22	-23.96	8	Pass
	2462	-25.51	0.22	-25.29	8	Pass
802.11n(HT20)	2412	-23.44	0.26	-23.18	8	Pass
	2437	-23.65	0.25	-23.4	8	Pass
	2462	-24.62	0.25	-24.37	8	Pass
802.11n(HT40)	2422	-28.52	0.47	-28.05	8	Pass
	2437	-28.71	0.47	-28.24	8	Pass
	2452	-29.55	0.47	-29.08	8	Pass
802.11ax(HE20)	2412	-26.78	0.38	-26.4	8	Pass
	2437	-27.63	0.38	-27.25	8	Pass
	2462	-28.52	0.38	-28.14	8	Pass

Note: Total PSD = Conducted PSD + Duty Factor

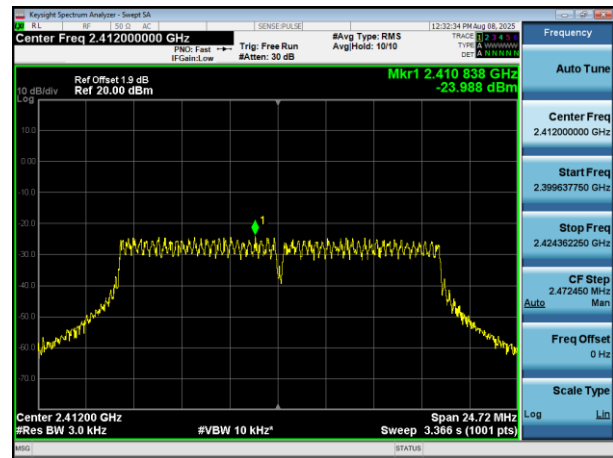
802.11b

2412MHz

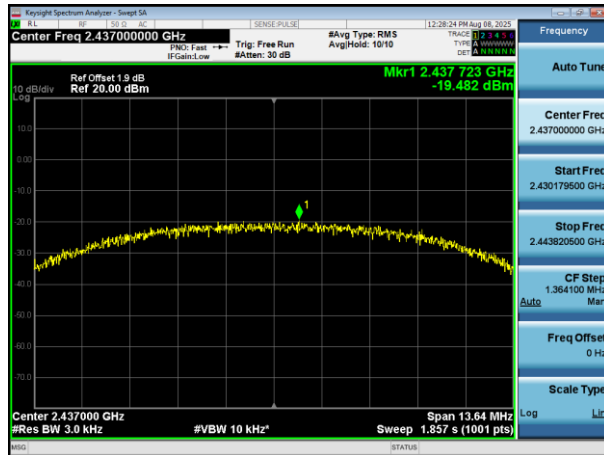


802.11g

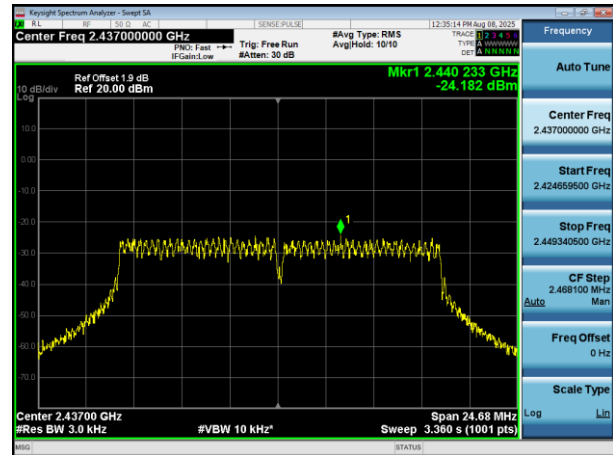
2412MHz



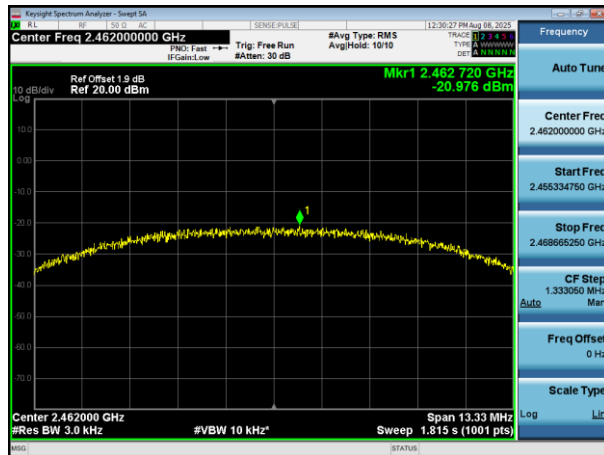
2437MHz



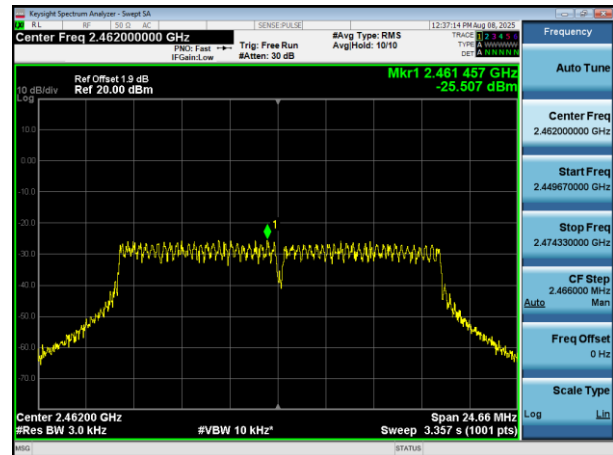
2437MHz



2462MHz

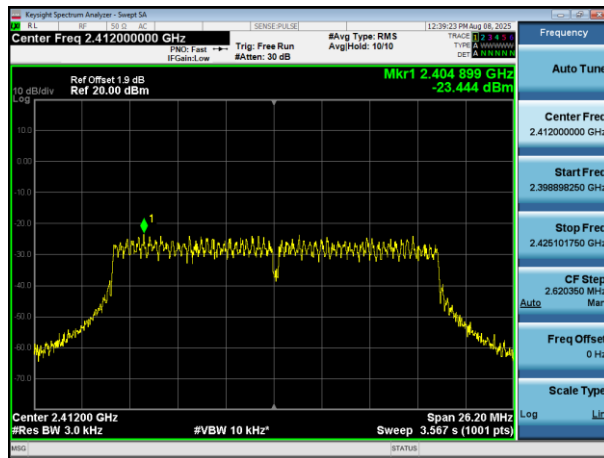


2462MHz



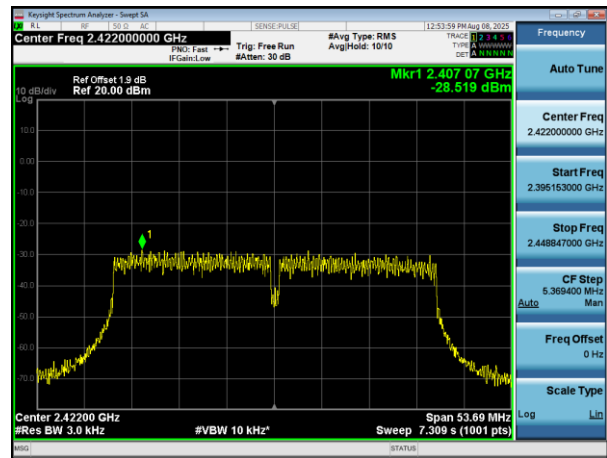
802.11n(HT20)

2412MHz

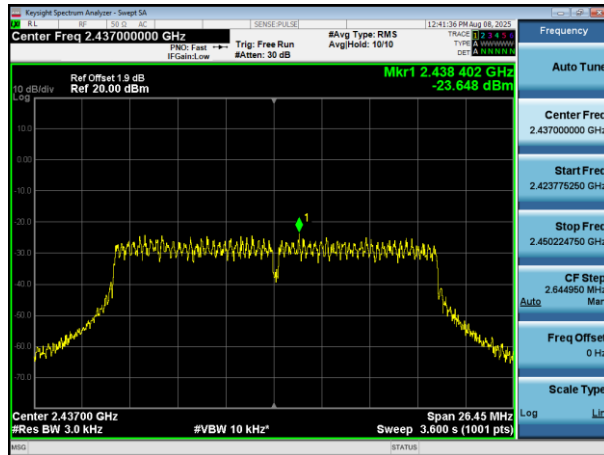


802.11n(HT40)

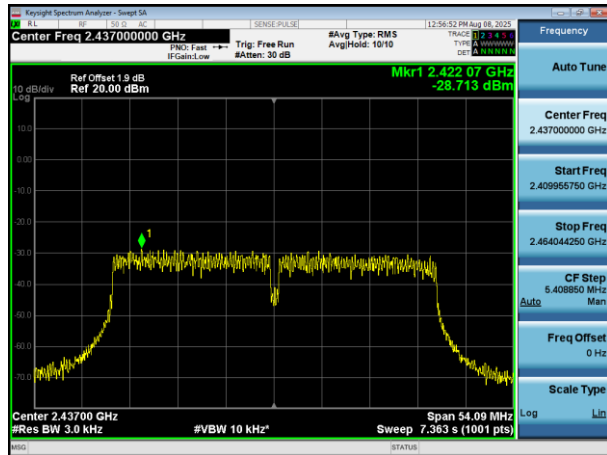
2422MHz



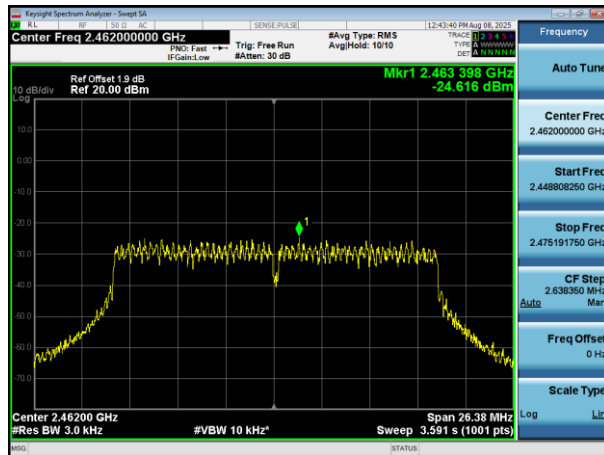
2437MHz



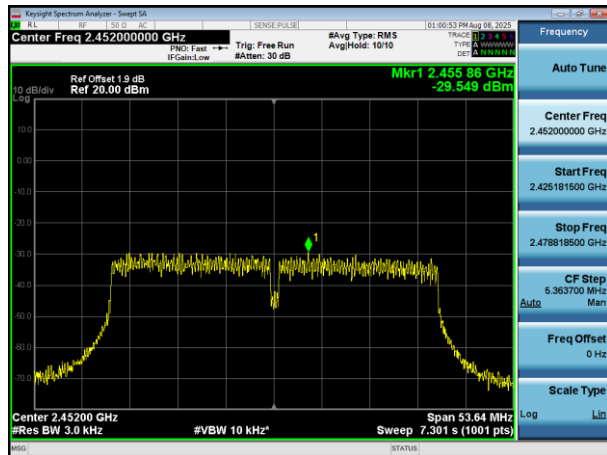
2437MHz



2462MHz

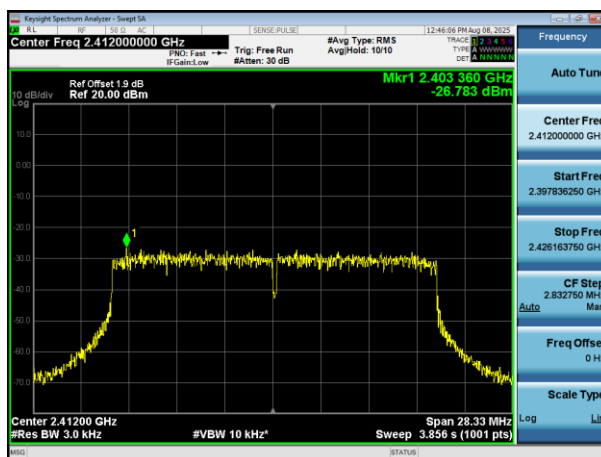


2452MHz

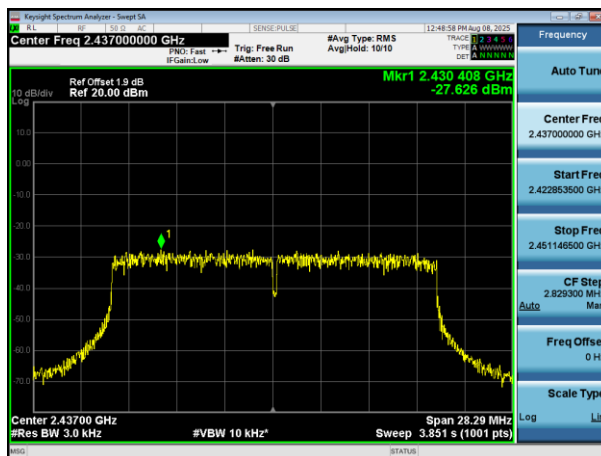


802.11ax(HE20)

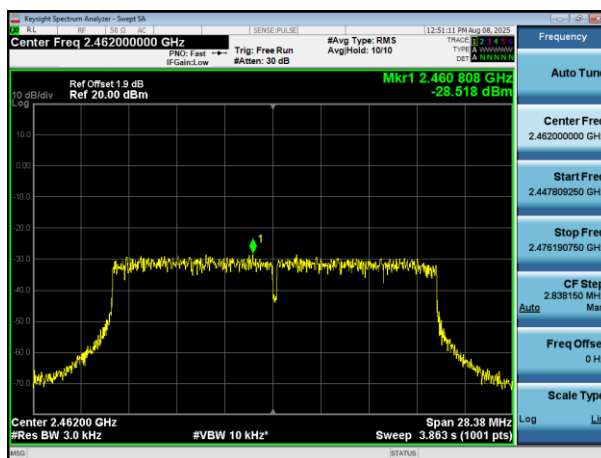
2412MHz



2437MHz



2462MHz



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## 10. Band-edge Emission(Conducted)

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### 10.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

### 10.2 Test Procedure

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.10.

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak.
- 4) Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level.
- 5) Set a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 6) Measure the emission and marking the edge frequency.
- 7) Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

### 10.3 Test Data and Results

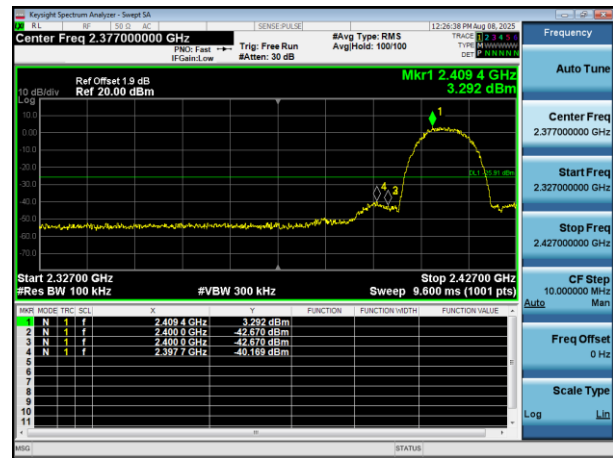
Test Mode	Band-edge	Test Channel (MHz)	Max. Value (dBc)	Limit (dBc)	Test Result
802.11b	Lowest	2412	-44.25	-30	Pass
	Highest	2462	-55.15	-30	Pass
802.11g	Lowest	2412	-33.85	-30	Pass
	Highest	2462	-45.06	-30	Pass
802.11n(HT20)	Lowest	2412	-34.47	-30	Pass
	Highest	2462	-46.12	-30	Pass
802.11n(HT40)	Lowest	2422	-34.02	-30	Pass
	Highest	2452	-38.42	-30	Pass
802.11ax(HE20)	Lowest	2412	-33.33	-30	Pass
	Highest	2462	-45.44	-30	Pass

## 802.11b Lowest

## Reference Power

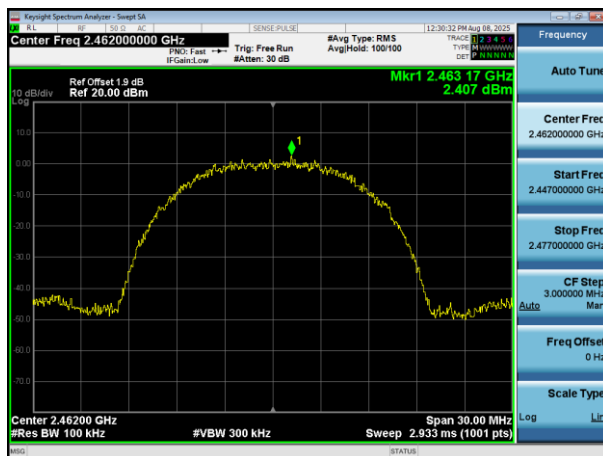


## Band-edge Emission

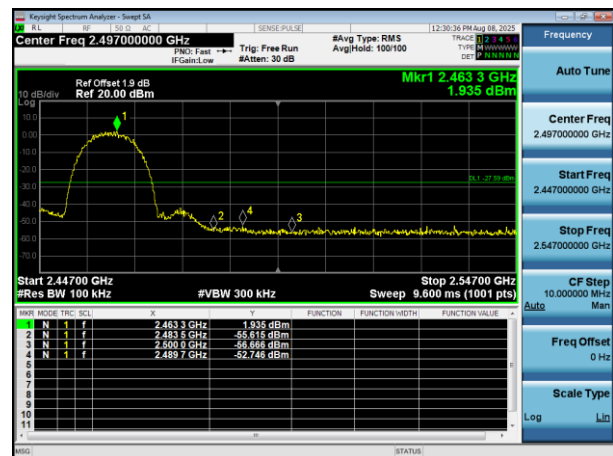


## 802.11b Highest

## Reference Power

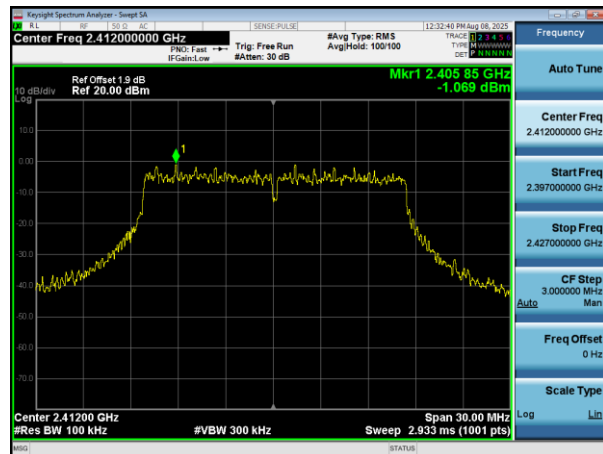


## Band-edge Emission

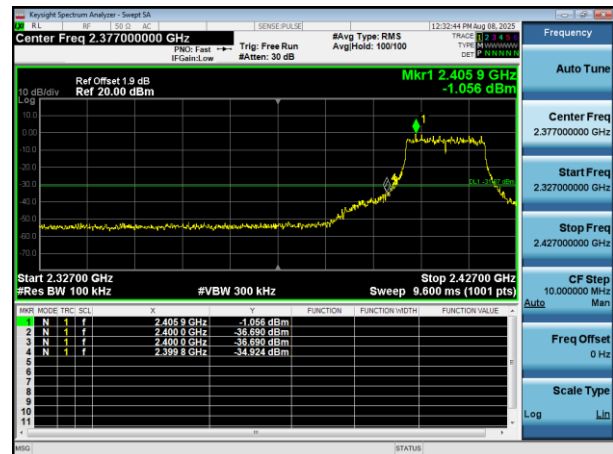


## 802.11g Lowest

## Reference Power



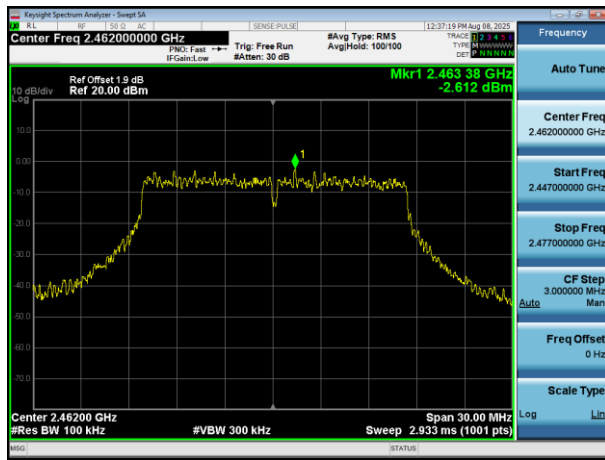
## Band-edge Emission



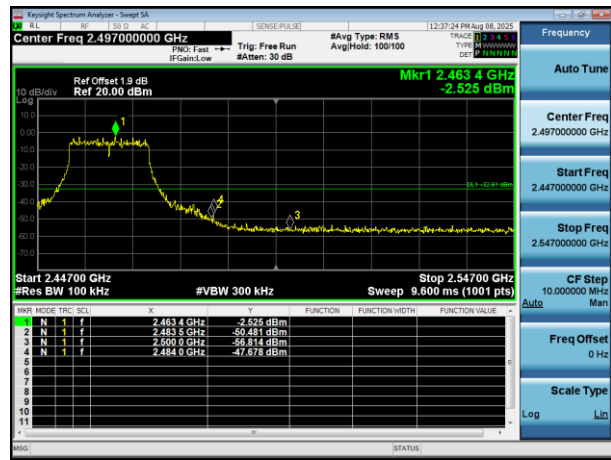


802.11g Highest

Reference Power

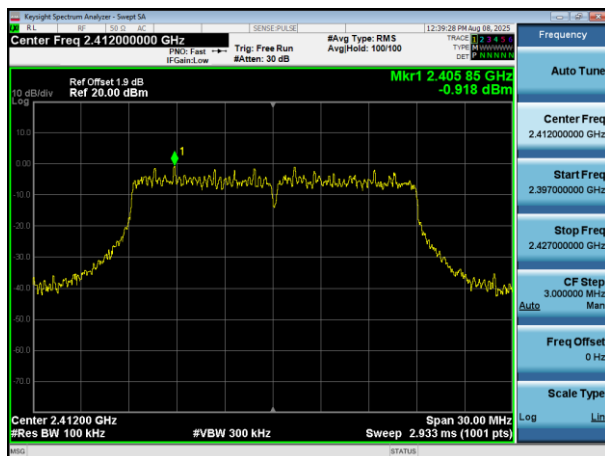


Band-edge Emission

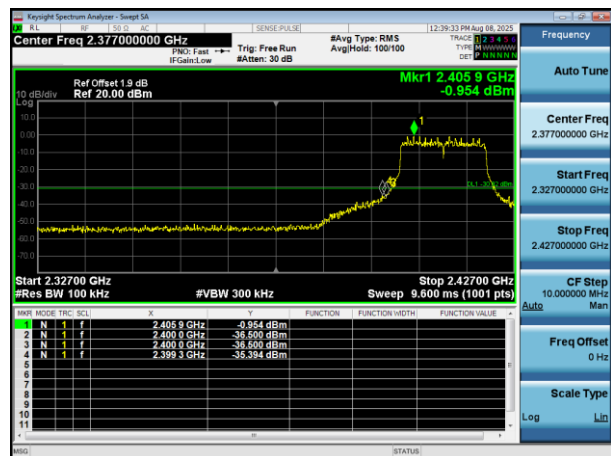


802.11n(HT20) Lowest

Reference Power

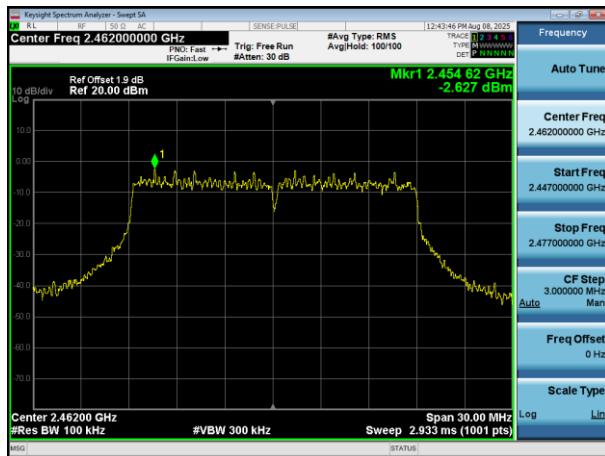


Band-edge Emission

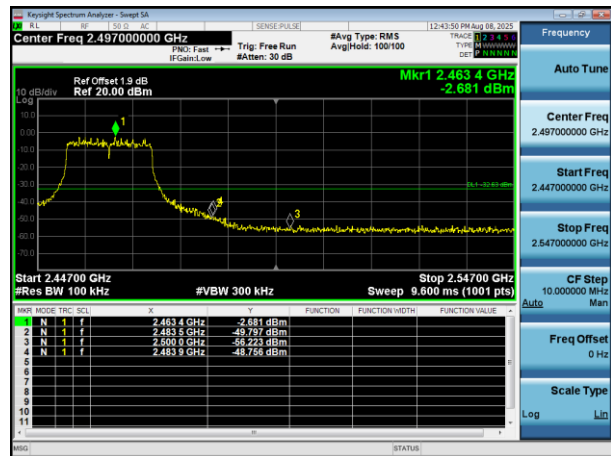


802.11n(HT20) Highest

Reference Power

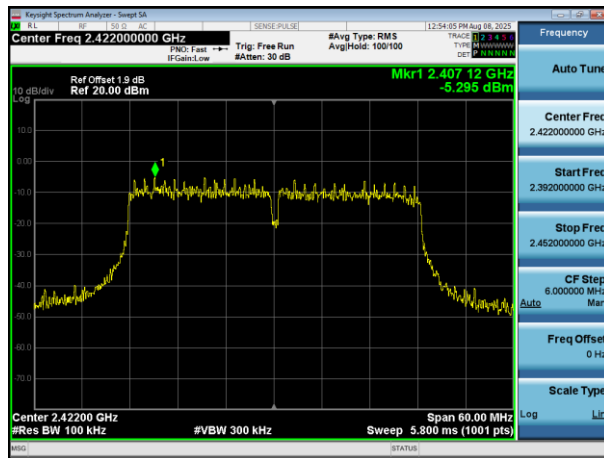


Band-edge Emission

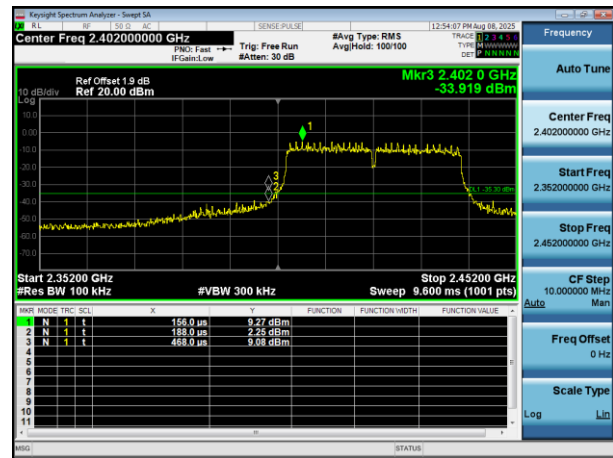


## 802.11n(HT40) Lowest

Reference Power

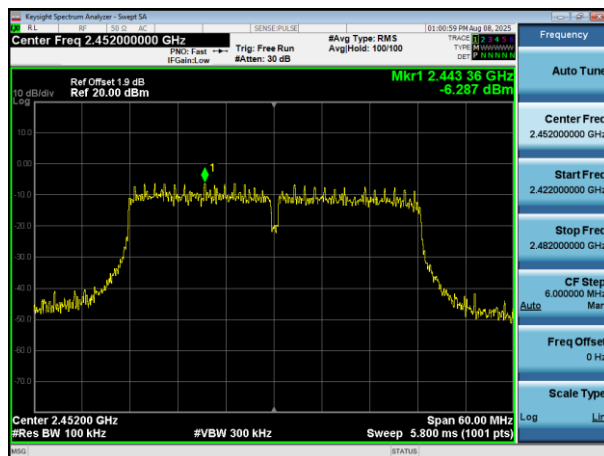


Band-edge Emission

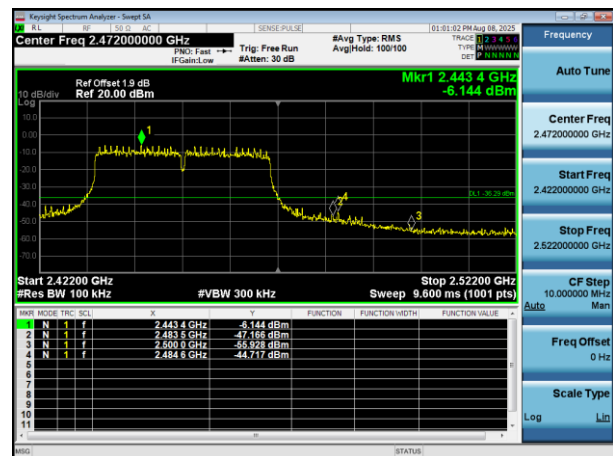


## 802.11n(HT40) Highest

Reference Power

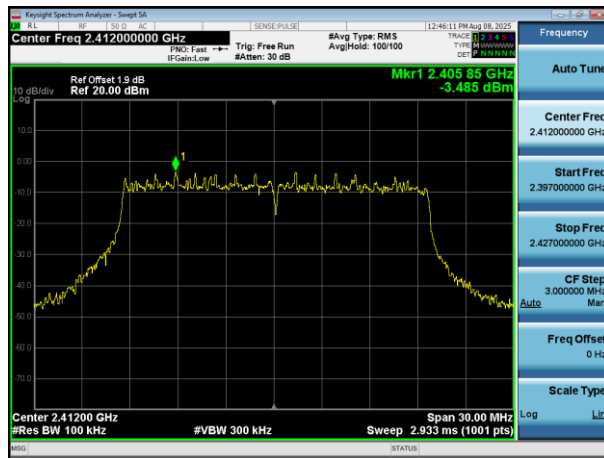


Band-edge Emission

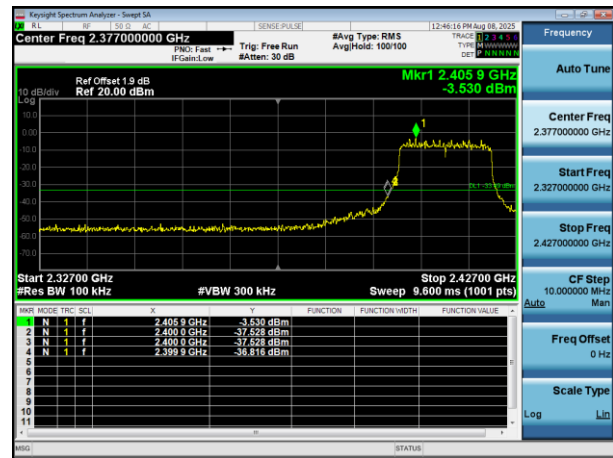


## 802.11ax(HE20) Lowest

Reference Power

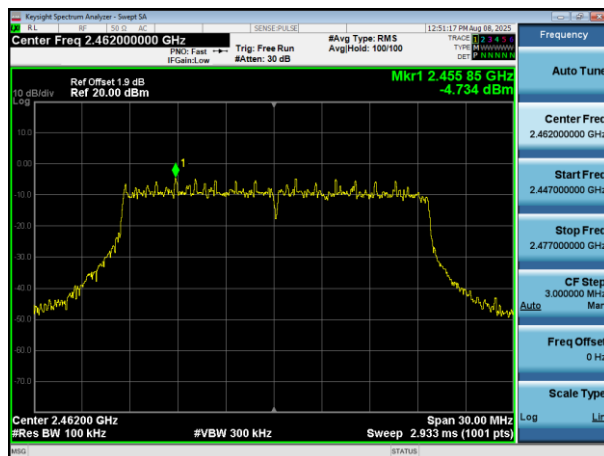


Band-edge Emission

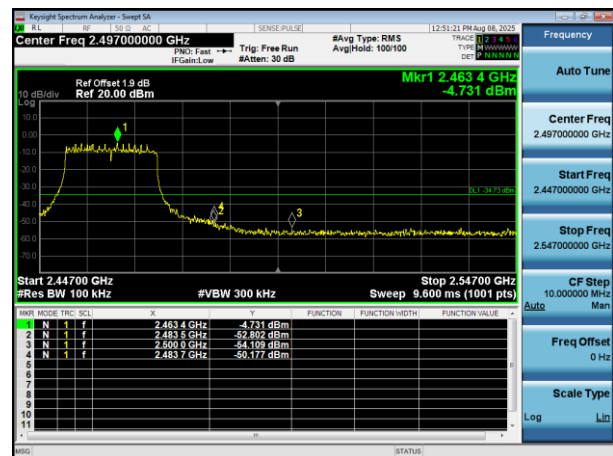


## 802.11ax(HE20) Highest

Reference Power



Band-edge Emission



## 11. Conducted RF Spurious Emissions

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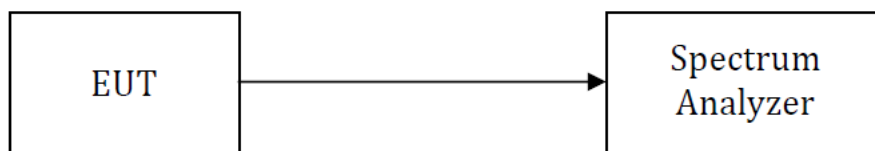
### 11.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

### 11.2 Test Procedure

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.7.

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak.
- 4) Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level.
- 5) Measure the spurious emissions with frequency range from 9kHz to 26.5GHz.
- 6) Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

### 11.3 Test Data and Results

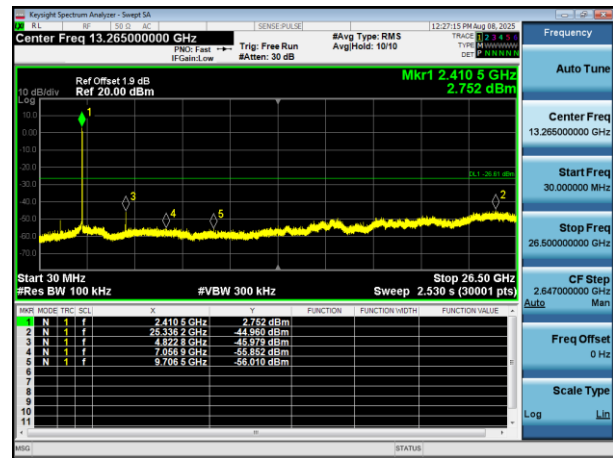
*Note: The measurement frequency range is from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions measurement data.*

## 802.11b Lowest

## Reference Power

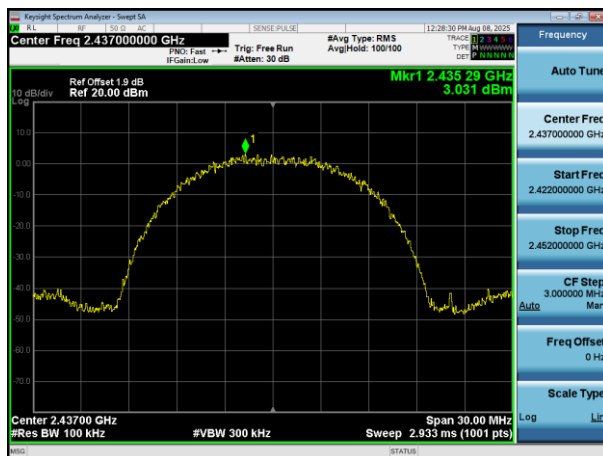


## Spurious Emissions

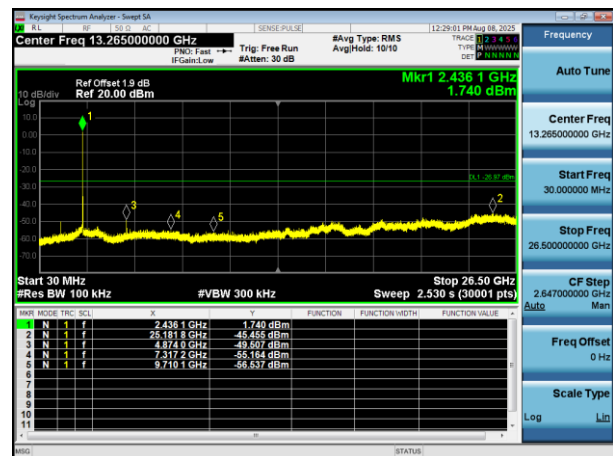


## 802.11b Middle

## Reference Power

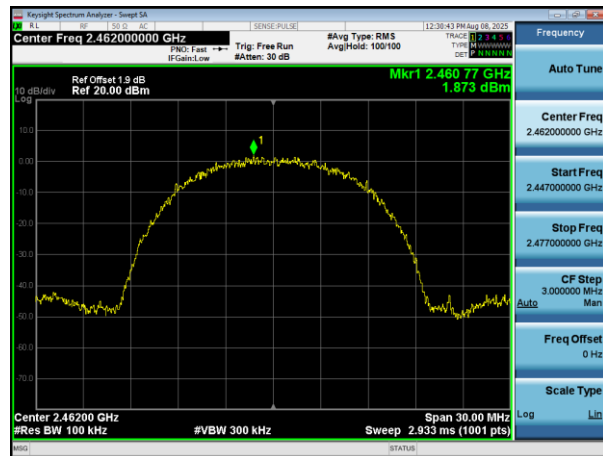


## Spurious Emissions

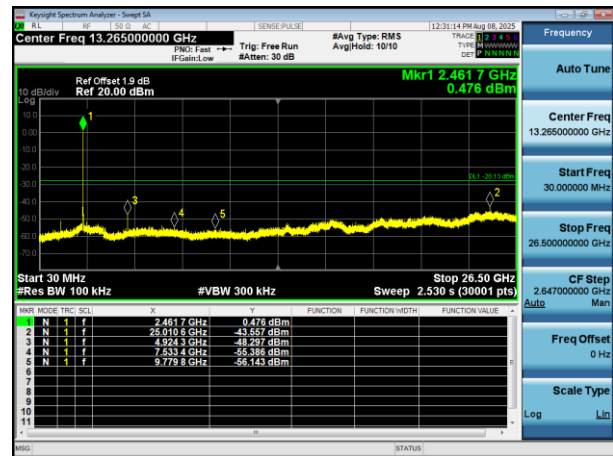


## 802.11b Highest

## Reference Power

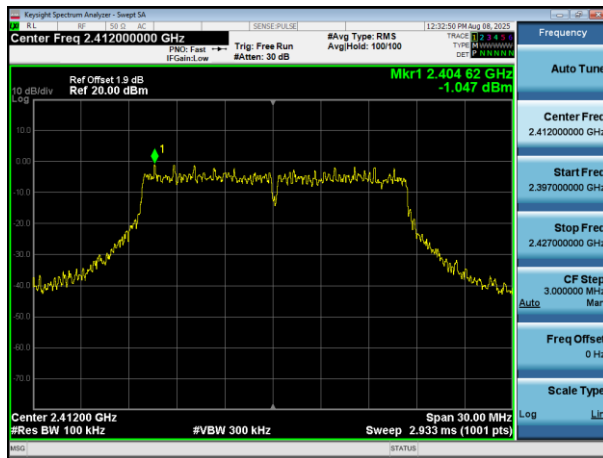


## Spurious Emissions

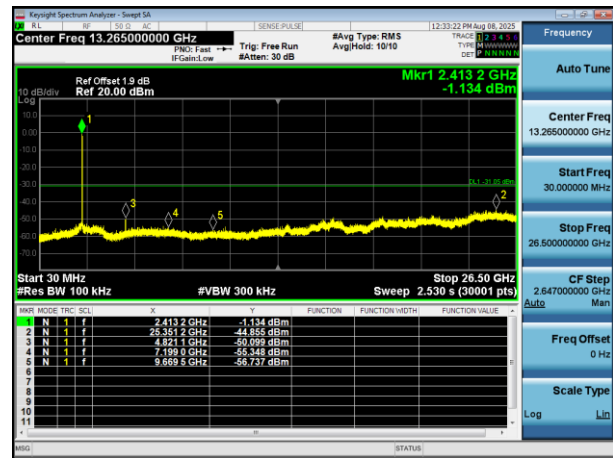


### 802.11g Lowest

#### Reference Power

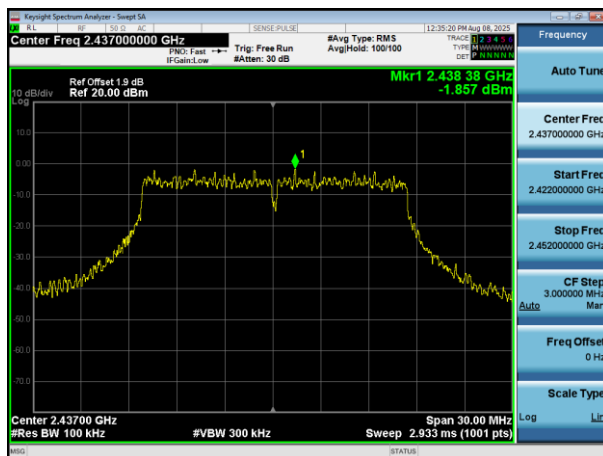


#### Spurious Emissions

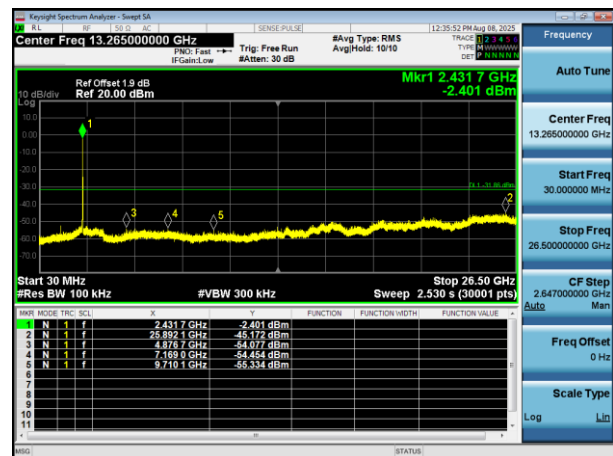


### 802.11g Middle

#### Reference Power

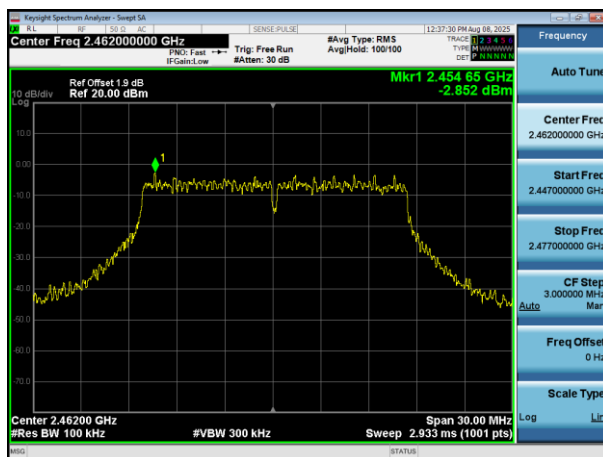


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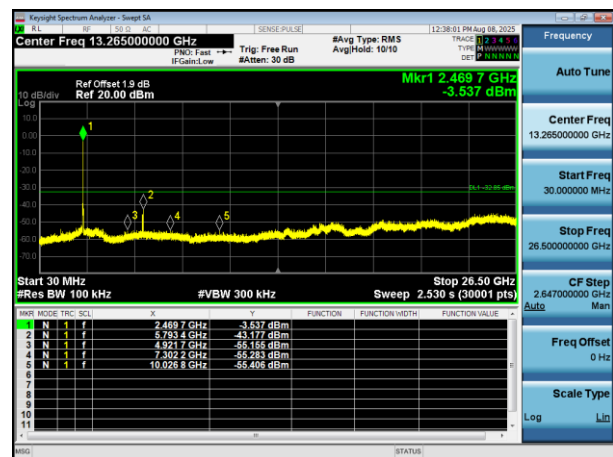


### 802.11g Highest

#### Reference Power

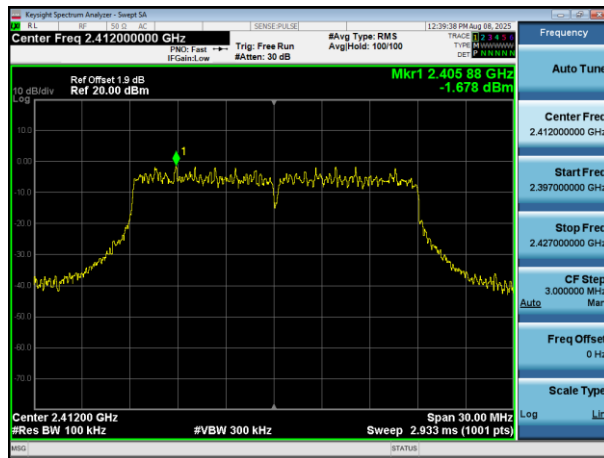


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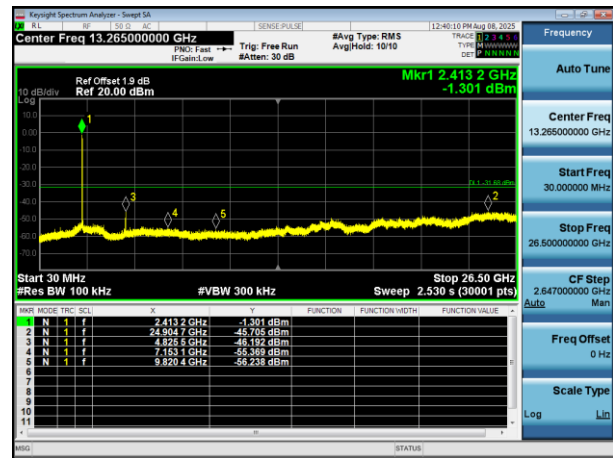


802.11n(HT20) Lowest

Reference Power

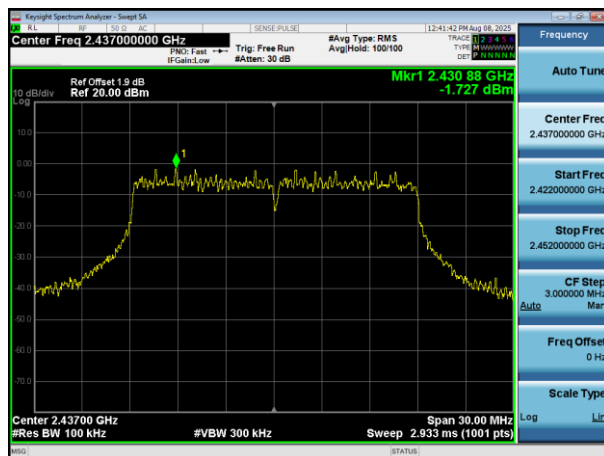


Spurious Emissions

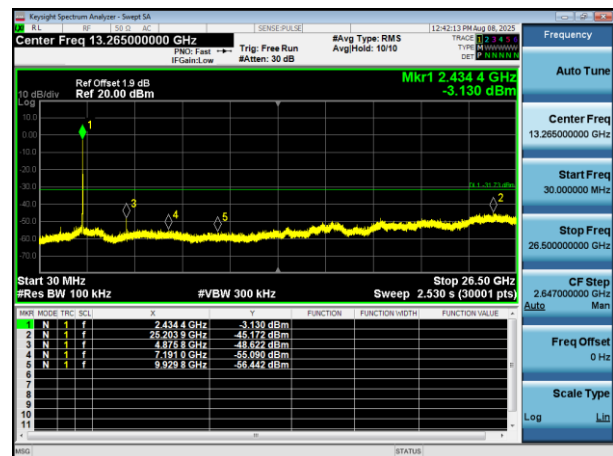


802.11n(HT20) Middle

Reference Power

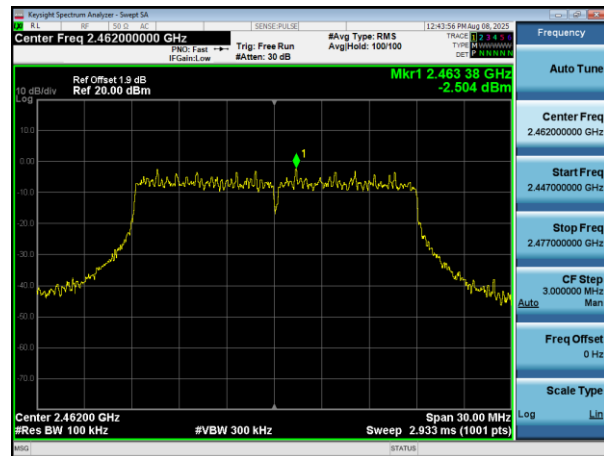


Spurious Emissions

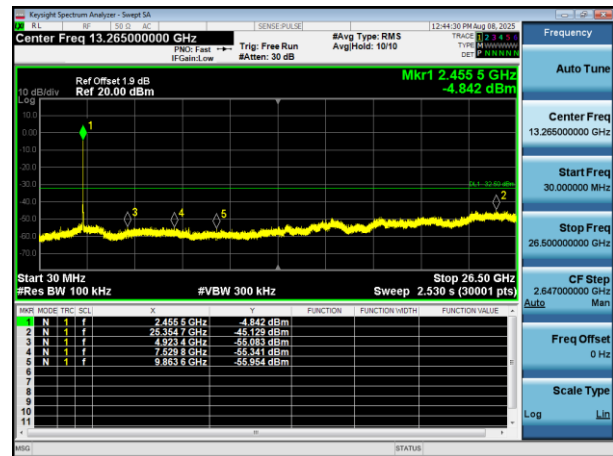


802.11n(HT20) Highest

Reference Power



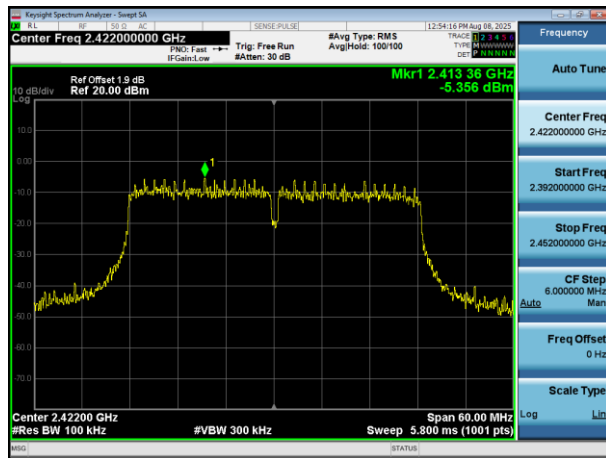
Spurious Emissions



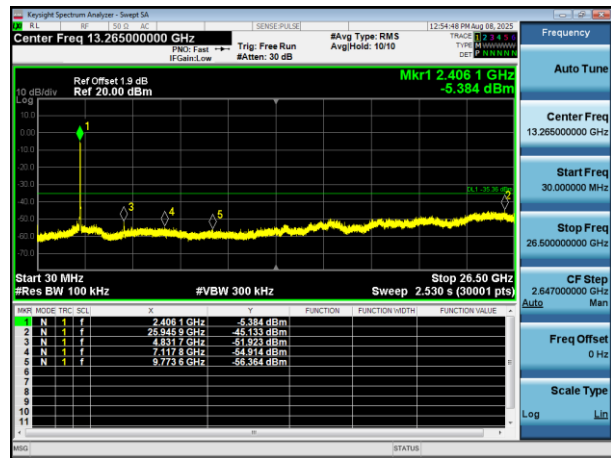


### 802.11n(HT40) Lowest

#### Reference Power

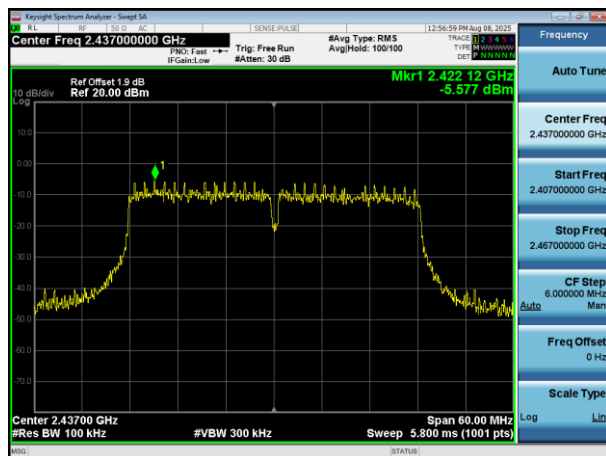


#### Spurious Emissions

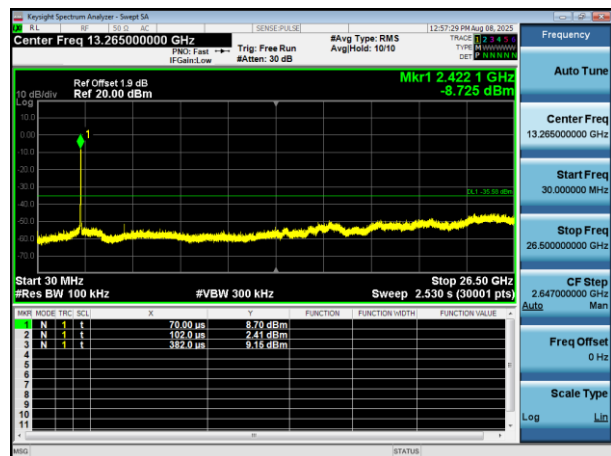


### 802.11n(HT40) Middle

#### Reference Power

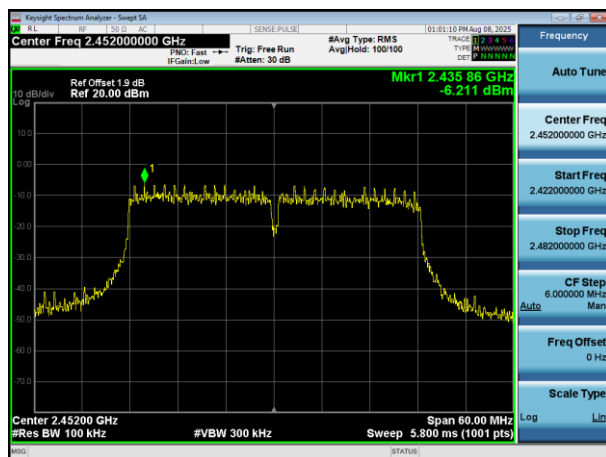


#### Spurious Emissions

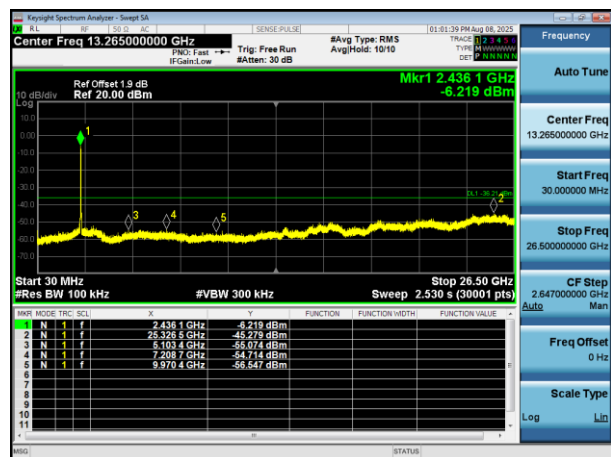


### 802.11n(HT40) Highest

#### Reference Power



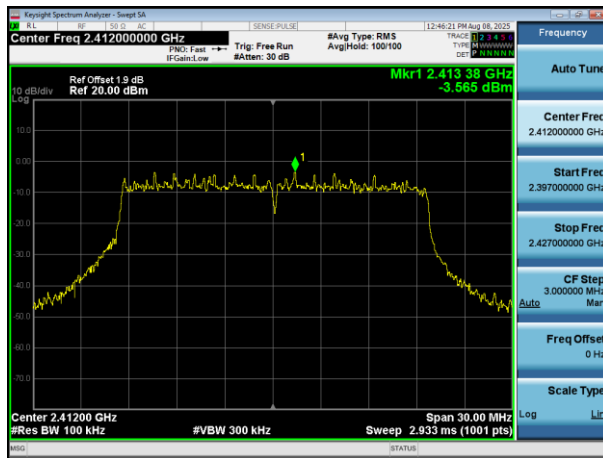
#### Spurious Emissions



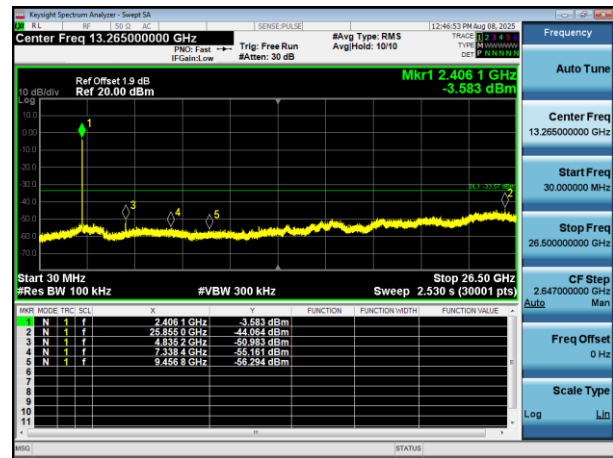


## 802.11ax(HE20) Lowest

## Reference Power

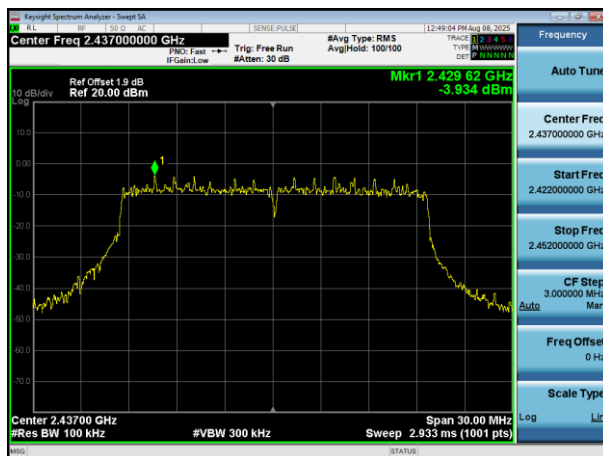


## Spurious Emissions

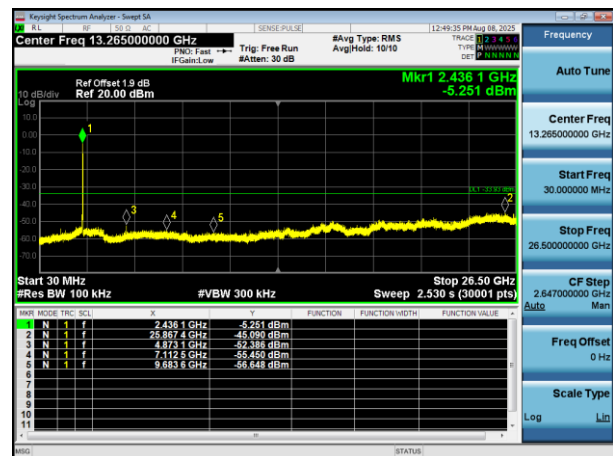


## 802.11ax(HE20) Middle

## Reference Power

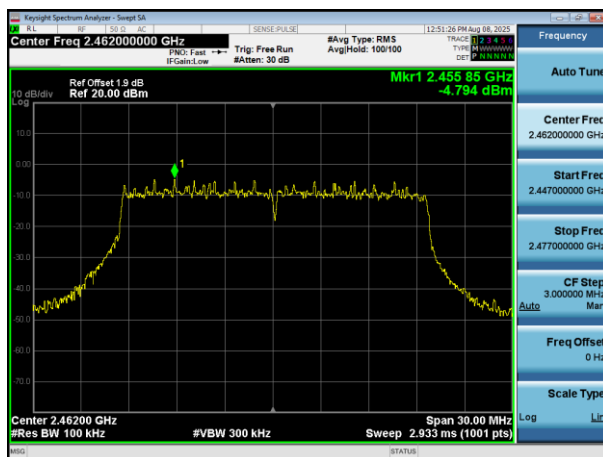


## Spurious Emissions

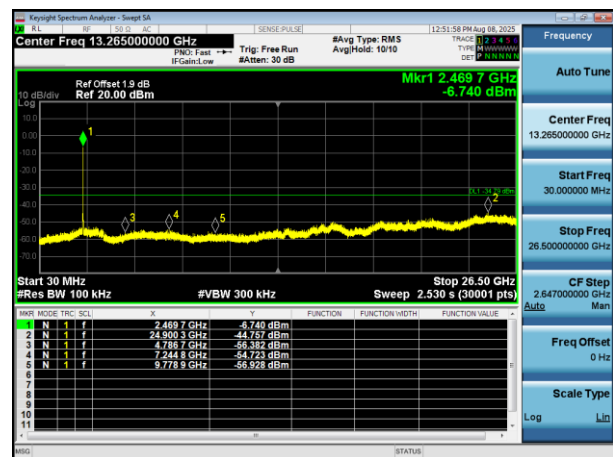


## 802.11ax(HE20) Highest

## Reference Power



## Spurious Emissions



\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*