# FCC and ISED Test Report

Disruptive Technologies Research AS Model: Sensor RF module 2AA (US)

In accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 15C, ISED RSS-247 and ISED RSS-GEN (Short Range Device)

Prepared for: Disruptive Technologies Research AS

Strandveien 17 1366 Lysaker Norway

FCC ID: 2ATFX-102540 IC ID: 25087-102540



# COMMERCIAL-IN-CONFIDENCE

Document 75954104-06 Issue 01

SIGNATURE			
5 MM			
NAME	JOB TITLE	RESPONSIBLE FOR	ISSUE DATE
Steve Marshall	Senior engineer	Authorised Signatory	14 June 2022

Signatures in this approval box have checked this document in line with the requirements of TÜV SÜD document control rules.

#### **ENGINEERING STATEMENT**

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures described on test pages. All reported testing was carried out on a sample equipment to demonstrate limited compliance with FCC 47 CFR Part 15C, ISED RSS-247 and ISED RSS-GEN. The sample tested was found to comply with the requirements defined in the applied rules.

RESPONSIBLE FOR	NAME	DATE	SIGNATURE
Testing	Thomas Biddlecombe	14 June 2022	FAM.
Testing	Graeme Lawler	14 June 2022	A New Aw

FCC Accreditation ISED Accreditation

90987 Octagon House, Fareham Test Laboratory 12669A Octagon House, Fareham Test Laboratory

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

A sample of this product was tested and found to be compliant with FCC 47 CFR Part 15C: 2020, ISED RSS-247: Issue 2 (02-2017) and ISED RSS-GEN: Issue 5 (04-2018) + A2 (02-2021) for the tests detailed in section 1.3.





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# Contents

Report Summary	2
Introduction	2
Brief Summary of Results	3
Application Form	4
Product Information	7
EUT Modification Record	7
Test Location	7
Test Details	8
Emission Bandwidth	8
Spurious Radiated Emissions	14
Authorised Band Edges	46
Power Spectral Density	
Photographs	53
Test Setup Photographs	53
Measurement Uncertainty	59
	Report Modification Record Introduction Brief Summary of Results Application Form Product Information Deviations from the Standard EUT Modification Record Test Location.  Test Details Emission Bandwidth Maximum Conducted Output Power Spurious Radiated Emissions Authorised Band Edges Power Spectral Density  Photographs



# 1 Report Summary

### 1.1 Report Modification Record

Alterations and additions to this report will be issued to the holders of each copy in the form of a complete document.

Issue	Description of Change	Date of Issue
1	First Issue	14-June-2022

#### Table 1

#### 1.2 Introduction

Applicant Disruptive Technologies Research AS

Manufacturer Disruptive Technologies Research AS

Model Number(s) Sensor RF module 2AA (US)

Serial Number(s) US 2
Hardware Version(s) 0
Software Version(s) 1.2.28

Number of Samples Tested 1

Test Specification/Issue/Date FCC 47 CFR Part 15C: 2020

ISED RSS-247: Issue 2 (02-2017)

ISED RSS-GEN: Issue 5 (04-2018) + A2 (02-2021)

Order Number DK-12

Date 14-December-2021

Date of Receipt of EUT 17-February-2022

Start of Test 14-March-2022

Finish of Test 29-April-2022

Name of Engineer(s) Thomas Biddlecombe and Graeme Lawler

Related Document(s) ANSI C63.10 (2013)



# 1.3 Brief Summary of Results

A brief summary of the tests carried out in accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 15C, ISED RSS-247 and ISED RSS-GEN is shown below.

Section	Specification Clause		е	Test Description	Dogult	Comments/Base Standard
Section	FCC Part 15C	RSS-247	RSS-GEN	Test Description	Test Description Result Com	
Configuratio	Configuration and Mode: Radio chip/PCB combination – Single (Standard) Mode					
2.1	15.247 (a)(2)	5.2	6.7	Emission Bandwidth	Pass	
2.2	15.247 (b)	5.4	6.12	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Pass	
2.3	15.247 (d) and 15.209	3.3 and 5.5	6.13 and 8.9	Spurious Radiated Emissions	Pass	
2.4	15.247 (d)	5.5	-	Authorised Band Edges	Pass	
2.5	15.247 (e)	5.2	6.12	Power Spectral Density	Pass	

Table 2

COMMERCIAL-IN-CONFIDENCE Page 3 of 59



# 1.4 Application Form

# **Equipment Description**

Technical Description: (Please provide a brief description of the intended use of the equipment including the technologies the product supports)	The "Sensor RF module 2AA (US)" is a platform for connecting various sensors to the RF network of Disruptive Technologies. The module reads values from a connected sensor and converts the data into the right format for transmission on air using the proprietary SDS protocol.	
Manufacturer:	Zollner Elektronik AG, Manfred-Zollner-Str. 1, 93499 Zandt, Germany	
Model:	RF module 2AA (US)	
Part Number:	102540	
Hardware Version:	0	
Software Version:	1.2.28	
FCC ID of the product under test – see guidance here		2ATFX-102540
IC ID of the product under test – see guidance here		25087-102540

# Table 3

# **Intentional Radiators**

Technology				
Frequency Range (MHz to MHz)	903.250 to 926.750			
Conducted Declared Output Power (dBm)	12			
Antenna Gain (dBi)	-1			
Supported Bandwidth(s) (MHz) (e.g. 1 MHz, 20 MHz, 40 MHz)	536 kHz			
Modulation Scheme(s) (e.g. GFSK, QPSK etc)	GFSK			
ITU Emission Designator (see guidance here) (not mandatory for Part 15 devices)				
Bottom Frequency (MHz)	903.250			
Middle Frequency (MHz)	915.000			
Top Frequency (MHz)	926.750			

Table 4



### **Un-intentional Radiators**

Highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes	926.750 MHz	
Lowest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes	903.250 MHz	
Class A Digital Device (Use in commercial, industrial or business environment) X		
Class B Digital Device (Use in residential environment only) $\square$		

### Table 5

# **AC Power Source**

AC supply frequency:	Hz
Voltage	V
Max current:	Α
Single Phase ☐ Three Phase ☐	

### Table 6

# DC Power Source

Nominal voltage:	V
Extreme upper voltage:	V
Extreme lower voltage:	V
Max current:	Α

### Table 7

### **Battery Power Source**

Voltage:	3		V
End-point voltage:	2.3		V (Point at which the battery will terminate)
Alkaline X Leclanche □ Lithium □ Nickel Cadmium □ Lead Acid* □ *(Vehicle regulated)			egulated)
Other	Please detail:		

### Table 8

### Charging

Can the EUT transmit whilst being charged	Yes □ No X

### Table 9

### **Temperature**

Minimum temperature:	0	°C	
Maximum temperature:	50	°C	

### Table 10



### Cable Loss

Adapter Cable Loss (Conducted sample)	0	dB

#### Table 11

### **Antenna Characteristics**

Antenna connector □			State impedance		Ohm	
Temporary antenna connector X			State impedance	50	Ohm	
Integral antenna X Type: Helix PCB antenna			Gain	-1	dBi	
External antenna   Type:			Gain		dBi	
Standard Antenna Jack	For external antenna only:  Standard Antenna Jack   If yes, describe how user is prohibited from changing antenna (if not professional installed):  Equipment is only ever professionally installed   Non-standard Antenna Jack					

#### Table 12

### Ancillaries (if applicable)

Manufacturer:	Part Number:	
Model:	Country of Origin:	

### Table 13

I hereby declare that the information supplied is correct and complete.

Name: Øystein Moldsvor Position held: VP Engineering Date: 18 May 2022



#### 1.5 Product Information

### 1.5.1 Technical Description

The "Sensor RF module 2AA (US)" is a platform for connecting various sensors to the RF network of Disruptive Technologies. The module reads values from a connected sensor and converts the data into the right format for transmission on air using the proprietary SDS protocol.

#### 1.6 Deviations from the Standard

No deviations from the applicable test standard were made during testing.

#### 1.7 EUT Modification Record

The table below details modifications made to the EUT during the test programme.

The modifications incorporated during each test are recorded on the appropriate test pages.

Modification State Description of Modification still fitted to EUT		Modification Fitted By	Date Modification Fitted			
Model: Sensor RF n	Model: Sensor RF module 2AA (US), Serial Number: US 2					
0	As supplied by the customer	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			

Table 14

#### 1.8 Test Location

TÜV SÜD conducted the following tests at our Fareham Test Laboratory.

Test Name	Name of Engineer(s)	Accreditation
Configuration and Mode: Radio chip/PCB combination	- Single (Standard) Mode	
Emission Bandwidth	Thomas Biddlecombe	UKAS
Maximum Conducted Output Power	Thomas Biddlecombe	UKAS
Spurious Radiated Emissions	Graeme Lawler	UKAS
Authorised Band Edges	Graeme Lawler	UKAS
Power Spectral Density	Thomas Biddlecombe	UKAS

Table 15

Office Address:

TÜV SÜD Octagon House Concorde Way Fareham Hampshire PO15 5RL United Kingdom



### 2 Test Details

#### 2.1 Emission Bandwidth

### 2.1.1 Specification Reference

FCC 47 CFR Part 15C, Clause 15.247 (a)(2) ISED RSS-247, Clause 5.2 ISED RSS-GEN, Clause 6.7

### 2.1.2 Equipment Under Test and Modification State

Sensor RF module 2AA (US), S/N: US 2 - Modification State 0

#### 2.1.3 Date of Test

15-April-2022 to 29-April-2022

#### 2.1.4 Test Method

This test was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10, clause 11.8.1 for 6 dB BW and 6.9.3 for 99% occupied bandwidth measurements.

#### 2.1.5 Environmental Conditions

Ambient Temperature 22.8 - 24.5 °C Relative Humidity 29.5 - 36.4 %



### 2.1.6 Test Results

### Radio chip/PCB combination - Single (Standard) Mode

Frequency (MHz)	99 % Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)
903.250	723.88	548.1
915	738.89	550.2
926.750	759.14	544.0

Table 16

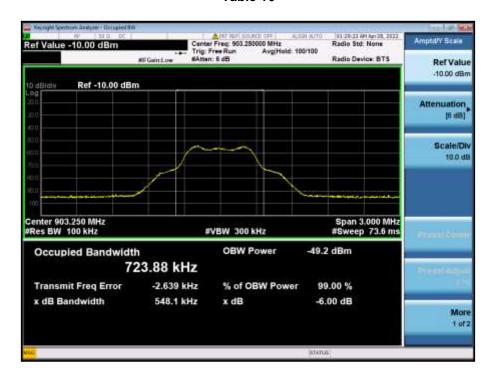


Figure 1 - 903.250 MHz



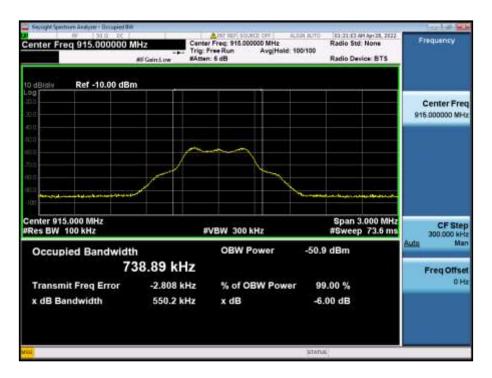


Figure 2 - 915 MHz

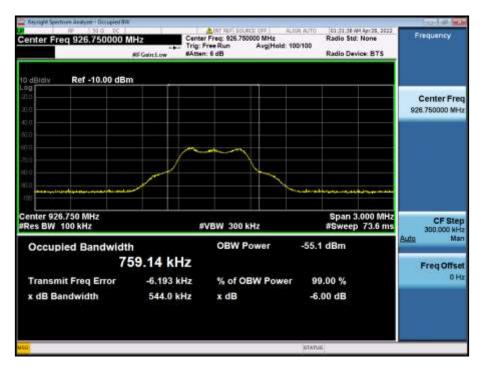


Figure 3 - 926.750 MHz

FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Limit Clause 15.247(a)(2) and ISED RSS-247, Clause 5.2(a)

The minimum 6 dB Bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.



# 2.1.7 Test Location and Test Equipment Used

This test was carried out in RF Laboratory 1.

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No	TE No	Calibration Period (months)	Calibration Expires
Hygrometer	Rotronic	I-1000	3220	12	05-Nov-2022
Frequency Standard	Spectracom	SecureSync 1200- 0408-0601	4393	6	30-Jun-2022
PXA Signal Analyser	Keysight Technologies	N9030A	4653	12	08-Mar-2023
3.5 mm 2m Cable	Junkosha	MWX221- 02000DMS	5423	12	23-Jun-2022
Attenuator 5W 30dB DC- 18GHz	Aaren	AT40A-4041-D18- 30	5504	12	14-Apr-2022

Table 17



### 2.2 Maximum Conducted Output Power

### 2.2.1 Specification Reference

FCC 47 CFR Part 15C, Clause 15.247 (b) ISED RSS-247, Clause 5.4 ISED RSS-GEN, Clause 6.12

### 2.2.2 Equipment Under Test and Modification State

Sensor RF module 2AA (US), S/N: US 2 - Modification State 0

#### 2.2.3 Date of Test

15-April-2022 to 29-April-2022

### 2.2.4 Test Method

The test was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10 clause 11.9.1.1

### 2.2.5 Environmental Conditions

Ambient Temperature 22.8 - 24.5 °C Relative Humidity 29.5 - 36.4 %



### 2.2.6 Test Results

### Radio chip/PCB combination - Single (Standard) Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Output Power			
	dBm	mW		
903.250	11.912	15.531		
915	11.876	15.403		
926.750	11.942	15.639		

Table 18

### FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Limit Clause 15.247 (b)(3)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

#### ISED RSS-247, Limit Clause 5.4 (d)

For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e) of the specification.

#### 2.2.7 Test Location and Test Equipment Used

This test was carried out in RF Laboratory 1.

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No	TE No	Calibration Period (months)	Calibration Expires
Hygrometer	Rotronic	I-1000	3220	12	05-Nov-2022
P-Series Power Meter	Agilent Technologies	N1911A	3980	12	08-Nov-2022
50 MHz-18 GHz Wideband Power Sensor	Agilent Technologies	N1921A	3982	12	08-Nov-2022
Frequency Standard	Spectracom	SecureSync 1200- 0408-0601	4393	6	30-Jun-2022
3.5 mm 2m Cable	Junkosha	MWX221- 02000DMS	5423	12	23-Jun-2022

Table 19



#### 2.3 Spurious Radiated Emissions

#### 2.3.1 Specification Reference

FCC 47 CFR Part 15C, Clause 15.247 (d) and 15.209 ISED RSS-247, Clause 3.3 and 5.5 ISED RSS-GEN, Clause 6.13 and 8.9

#### 2.3.2 Equipment Under Test and Modification State

Sensor RF module 2AA (US), S/N: US 2 - Modification State 0

#### 2.3.3 Date of Test

14-March-2022 to 20-March-2022

#### 2.3.4 Test Method

This test was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10, clause 6.3, 6.5 and 6.6.

For frequencies greater than 1 GHz, average plots were taken in in accordance with ANSI C63.10 clause 4.1.4.2.5 with a max hold trace to characterize the trace. Where emissions were detected, final average measurements were taken in accordance with ANSI C63.10 clause 7.5. A peak measurement was performed. A duty cycle correction factor is then subtracted form the peak value to determine the average.

The Duty Cycle Correction Factor is determined by the expression Duty (dB) = 20log(On Time /(On Time + Off Time))

Declared On time = 1 mS. Off Time = 99 mS

Duty Cycle Correction Factor =  $20\log(1.00/(1.00 + 99.00)) = 20.00 \text{ dB}$ 

The EUT was placed on the non-conducting platform in a manner typical of a normal installation. As the EUT was considered mobile/portable and therefore reasonable to be used in multiple planes, pre-scans were performed with the EUT orientated in X, Y and Z planes with reference to the ground plane.

The plots shown are the characterisation of the EUT. The limits on the plots represent the most stringent case for restricted bands, (74/54 dBuV/m) when compared to 20 dBc outside restricted bands. The limits shown have been used as a threshold to determine where further measurements are necessary. Where results are within 10 dB of the limits shown on the plots, further investigation was carried out and reported in results tables.

The following conversion can be applied to convert from  $dB\mu V/m$  to  $\mu V/m$ :

10^(Field Strength in dBµV/m/20).

Where formal measurements have been necessary, the results have been presented in the emissions table.



# 2.3.5 Example Test Setup Diagram

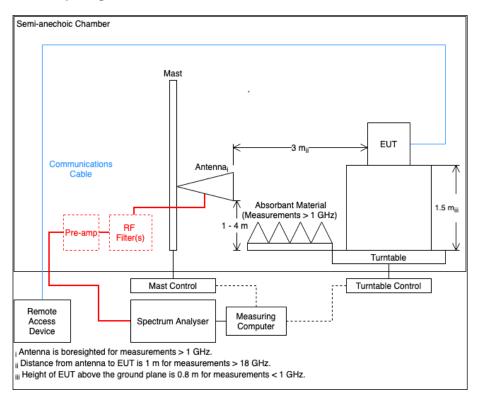


Figure 4

# 2.3.6 Environmental Conditions

Ambient Temperature 19.7 - 21.1 °C Relative Humidity 27.8 - 39.8 %



### 2.3.7 Test Results

Radio chip/PCB combination - Single (Standard) Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Angle (°)	Height (cm)	Polarisation
*							

Table 20 - DTS - X Orientation, 915 MHz, 30 MHz to 10 GHz

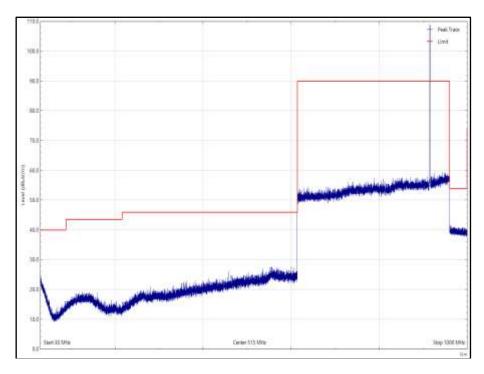


Figure 5 - DTS - X Orientation, 915 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)



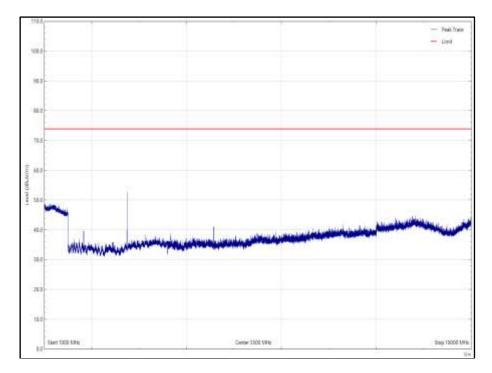


Figure 6 - DTS - X Orientation, 915 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)

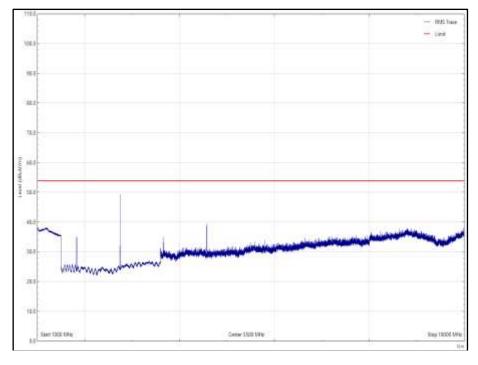


Figure 7 - DTS - X Orientation, 915 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (rms)



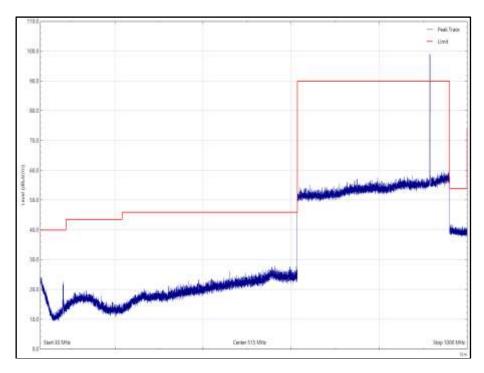


Figure 8 - DTS - X Orientation, 915 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Vertical (Peak)

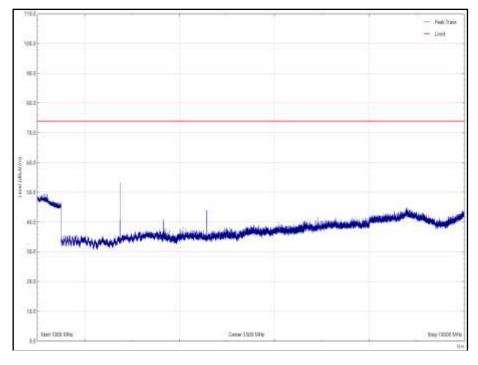


Figure 9 - DTS - X Orientation, 915 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (Peak)



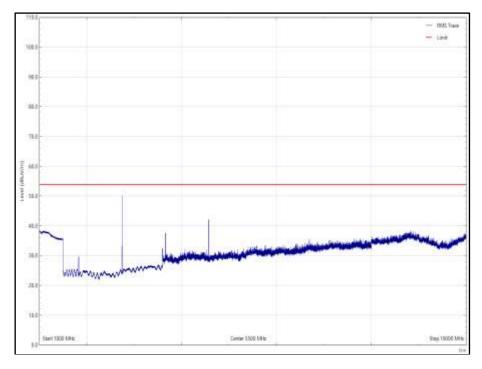


Figure 10 - DTS - X Orientation, 915 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (rms)



Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Angle (°)	Height (cm)	Polarisation
*							

Table 21 - DTS - X Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 30 MHz to 10 GHz

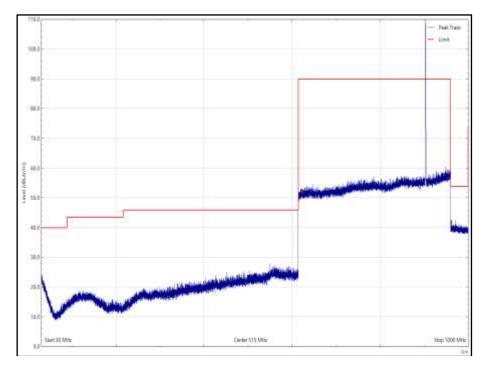


Figure 11 - DTS - X Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)

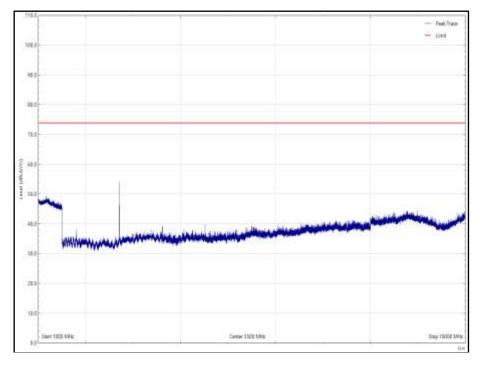


Figure 12 - DTS - X Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)



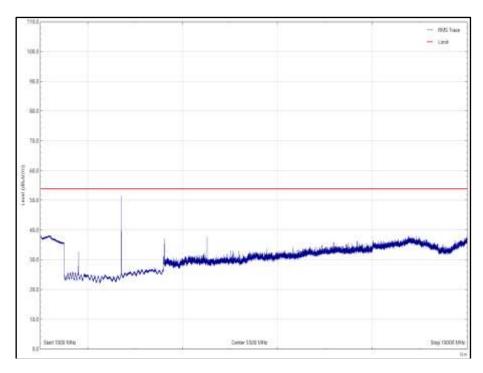


Figure 13 - DTS - X Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (rms)

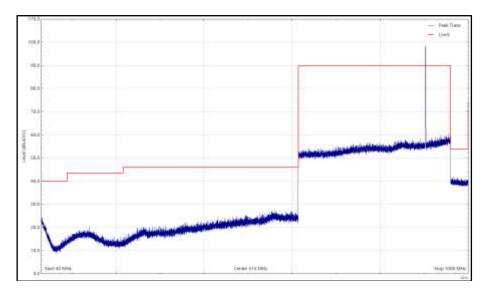


Figure 14 - DTS - X Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Vertical (Peak)



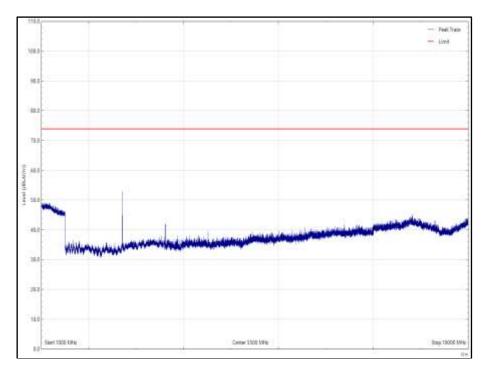


Figure 15 - DTS - X Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (Peak)

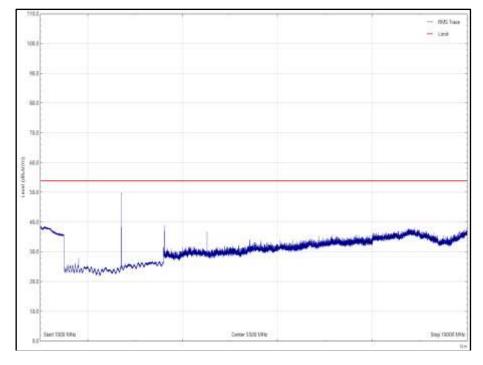


Figure 16 - DTS - X Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (rms)



Fr	equency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Angle (°)	Height (cm)	Polarisation
*								

Table 22 - DTS - X Orientation, 926.75MHz, 30 MHz to 10 GHz

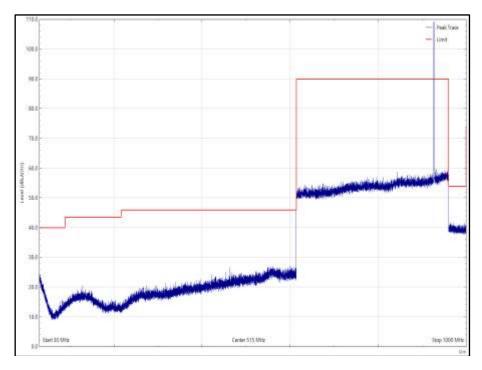


Figure 17 - DTS - X Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)

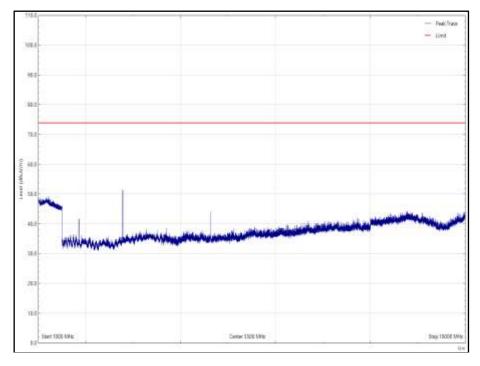


Figure 18 - DTS - X Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)



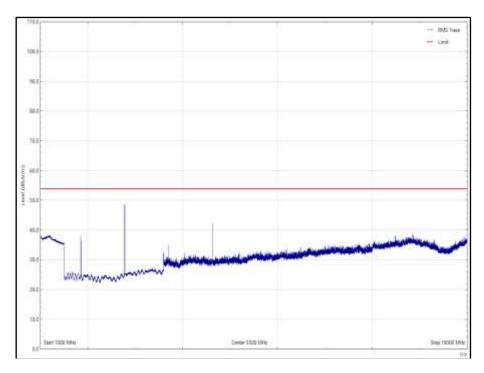


Figure 19 - DTS - X Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (rms)

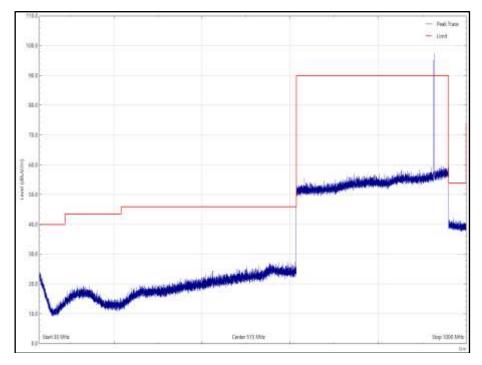


Figure 20 - DTS - X Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Vertical (Peak)



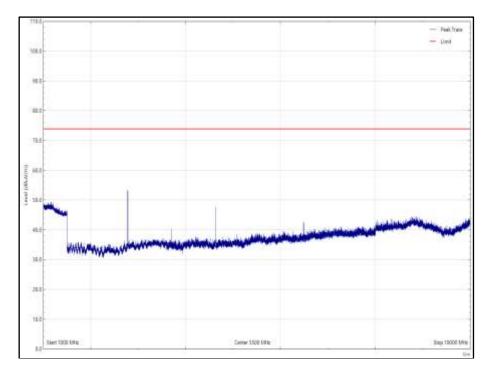


Figure 21 - DTS - X Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (Peak)

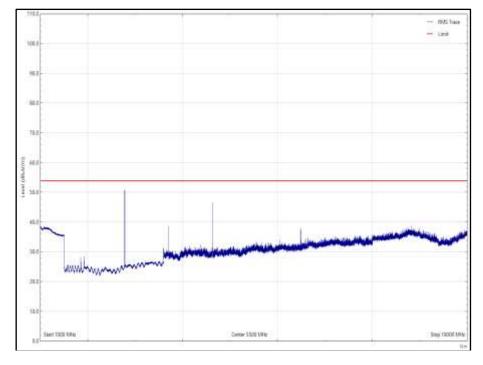


Figure 22 - DTS - X Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (rms)



Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Angle (°)	Height (cm)	Polarisation
*							

Table 23 - DTS - Y Orientation, 915 MHz, 30 MHz to 10 GHz

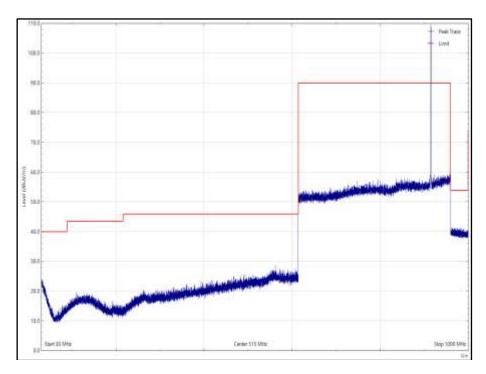


Figure 23 - DTS - Y Orientation, 915 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)

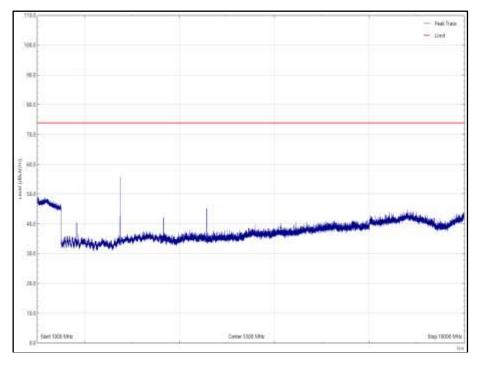


Figure 24 - DTS - Y Orientation, 915 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)



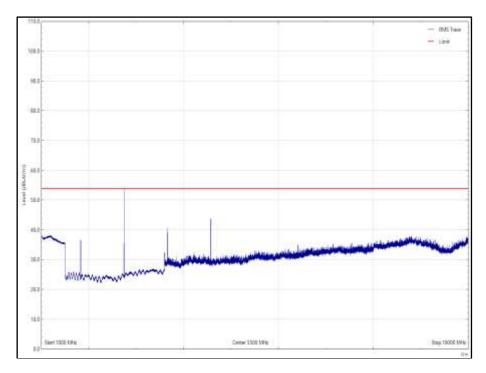


Figure 25 - DTS - Y Orientation, 915 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (rms)

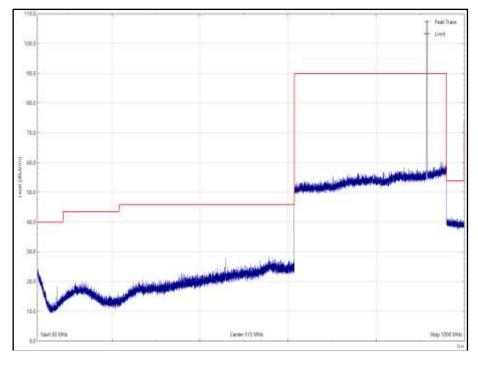


Figure 26 - DTS - Y Orientation, 915 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Vertical (Peak)



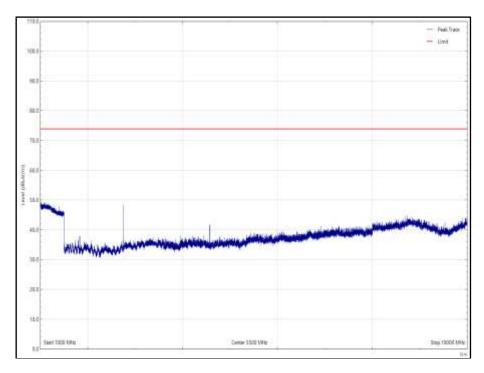


Figure 27 - DTS - Y Orientation, 915 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (Peak)

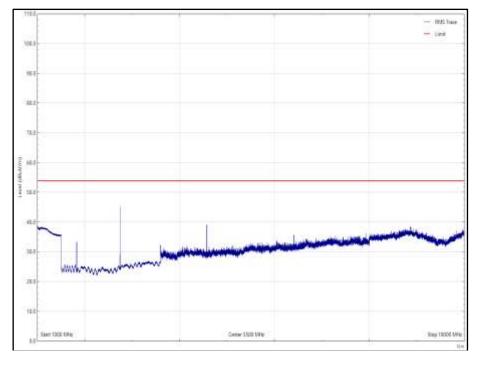


Figure 28 - DTS - Y Orientation, 915 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (rms)



ı	Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Angle (°)	Height (cm)	Polarisation
*	*							

Table 24 - DTS - Y Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 30 MHz to 10 GHz

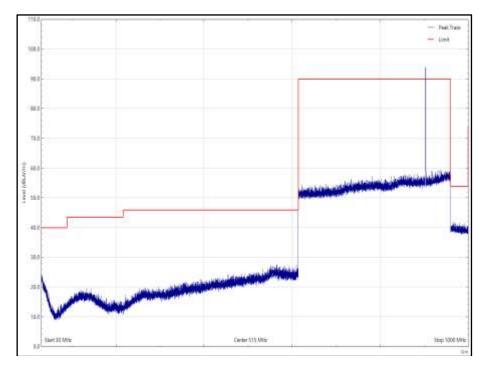


Figure 29 - DTS - Y Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)

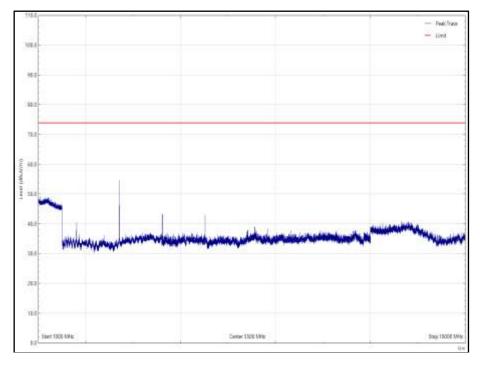


Figure 30 - DTS - Y Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)



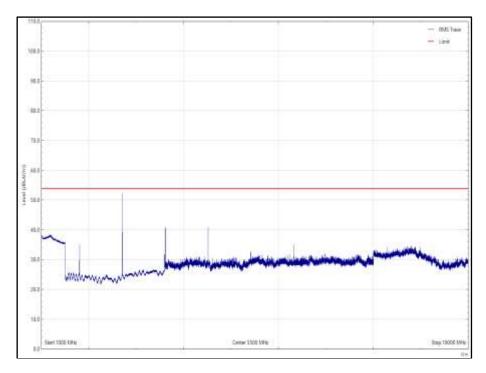


Figure 31 - DTS - Y Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (rms)

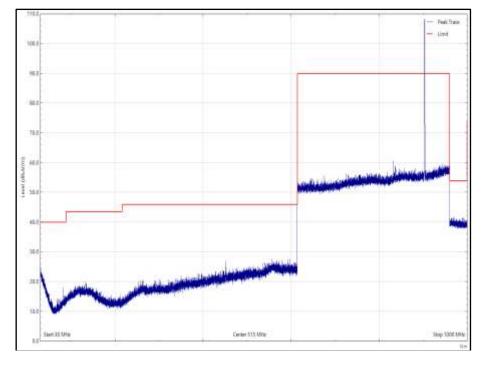


Figure 32 - DTS - Y Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Vertical (Peak)



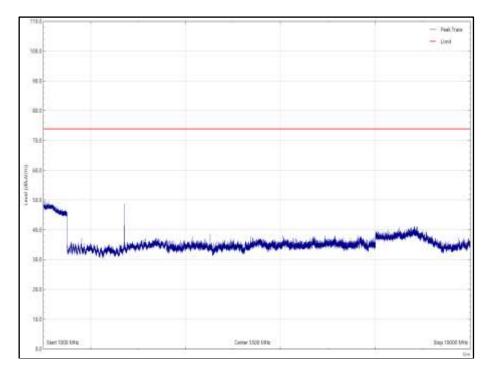


Figure 33 - DTS - Y Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (Peak)

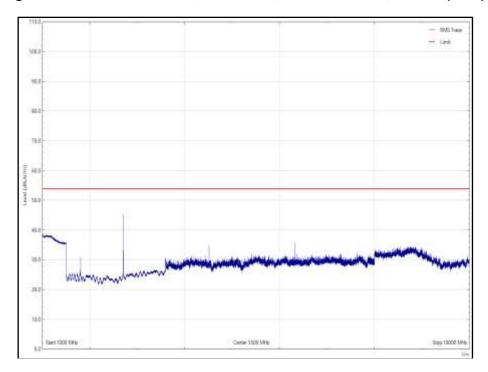


Figure 34 - DTS - Y Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (rms)



F	requency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Angle (°)	Height (cm)	Polarisation
*								

Table 25 - DTS - Y Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 30 MHz to 10 GHz

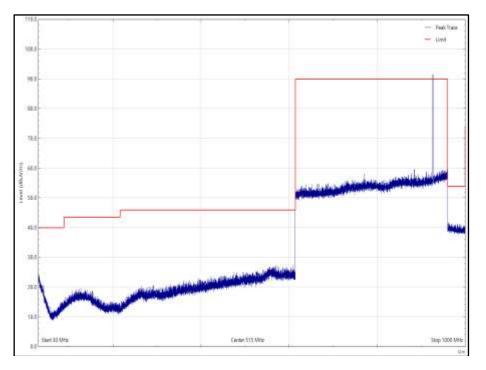


Figure 35 - DTS - Y Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)

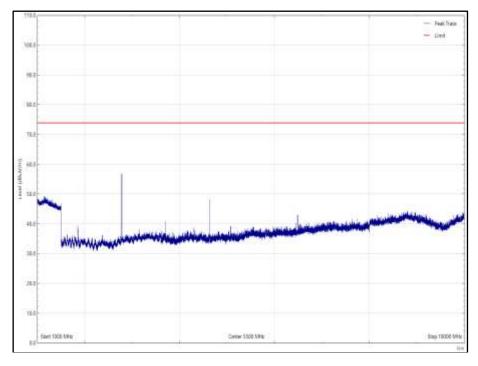


Figure 36 - DTS - Y Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)



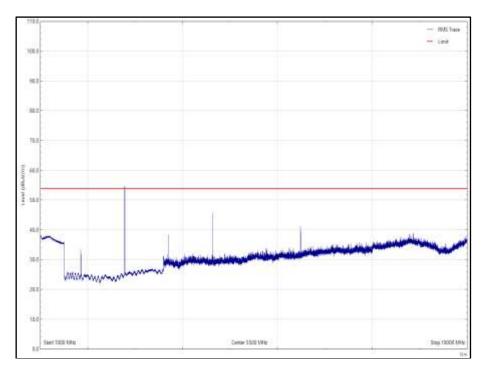


Figure 37 - DTS - Y Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (rms)

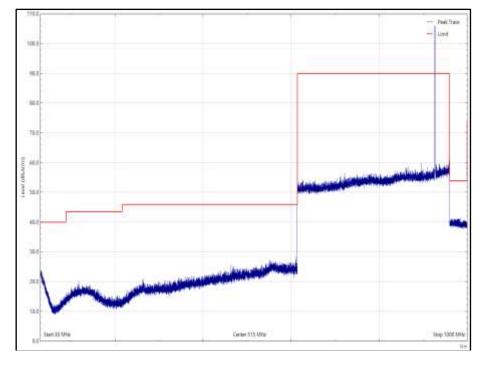


Figure 38 - DTS - Y Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Vertical (Peak)



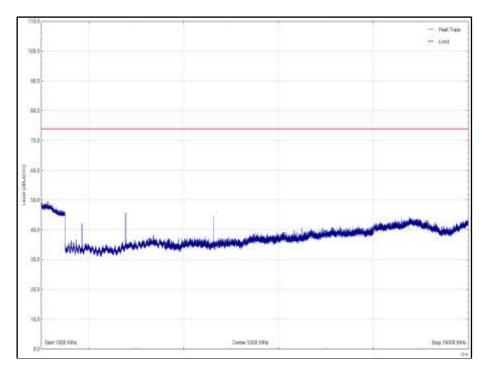


Figure 39 - DTS - Y Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (Peak)

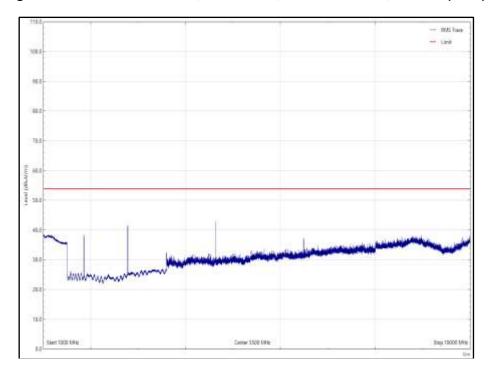


Figure 40 - DTS - Y Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (rms)



ı	Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Angle (°)	Height (cm)	Polarisation
*	*							

Table 26 - DTS - Z Orientation, 915 MHz, 30 MHz to 10 GHz

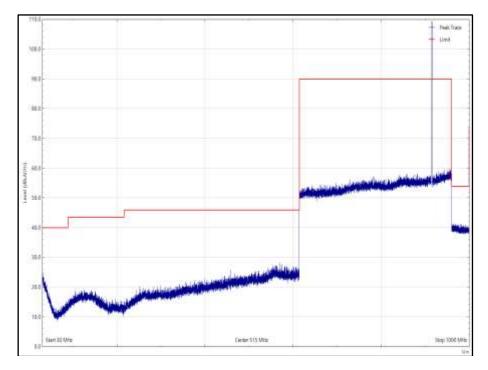


Figure 41 - DTS - Z Orientation, 915 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)

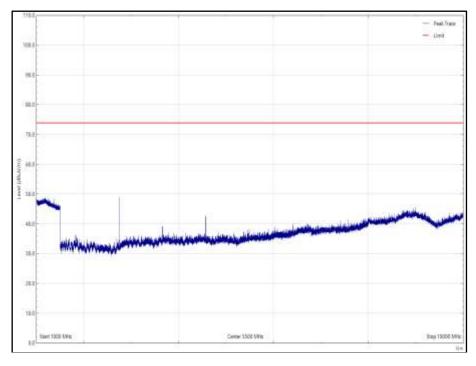


Figure 42 - DTS - Z Orientation, 915 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)



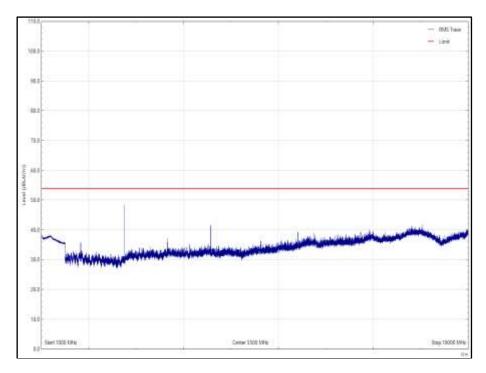


Figure 43 - DTS - Z Orientation, 915 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (rms)

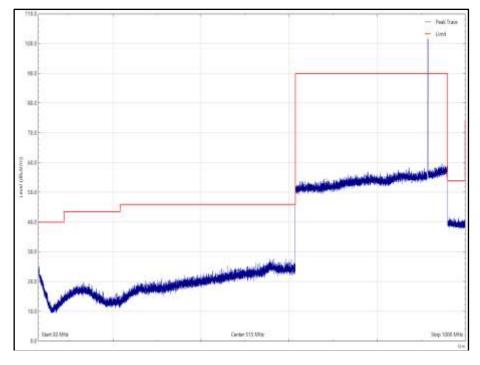


Figure 44 - DTS - Z Orientation, 915 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Vertical (Peak)



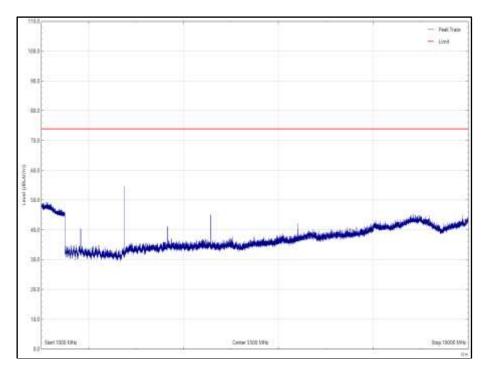


Figure 45 - DTS - Z Orientation, 915 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (Peak)

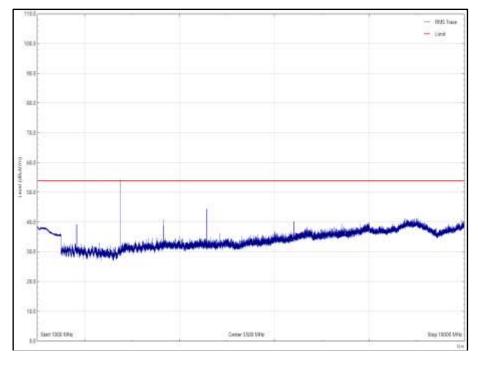


Figure 46 - DTS - Z Orientation, 915 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (rms)



Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Angle (°)	Height (cm)	Polarisation
*							

Table 27 - DTS - Z Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 30 MHz to 10 GHz

\*No emissions found within 10 dB of the limit.

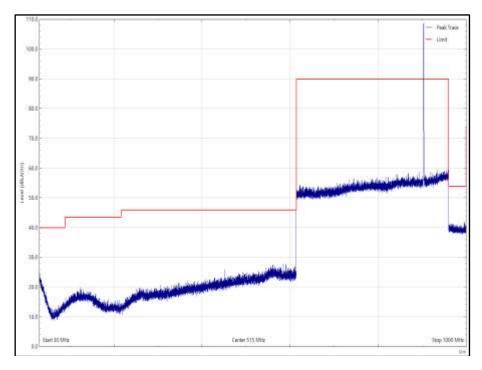


Figure 47 - DTS - Z Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)

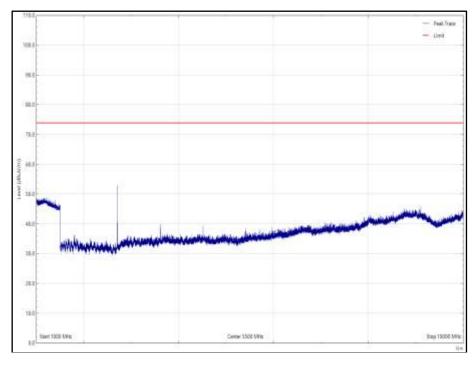


Figure 48 - DTS - Z Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)



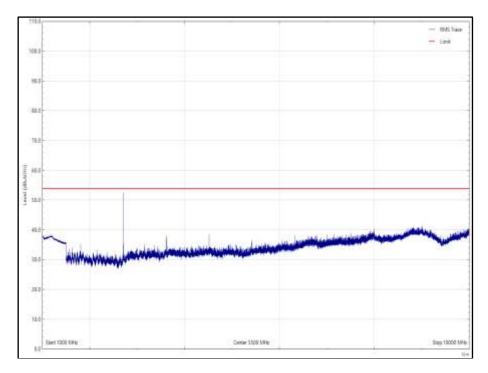


Figure 49 - DTS - Z Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (rms)

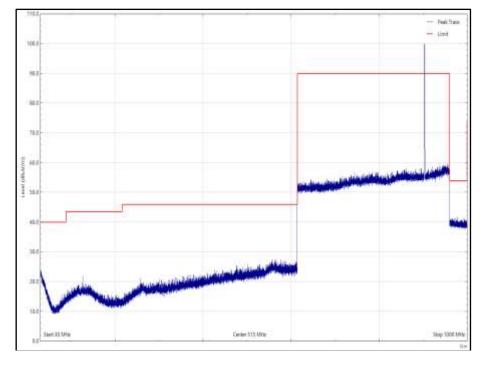


Figure 50 - DTS - Z Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Vertical (Peak)



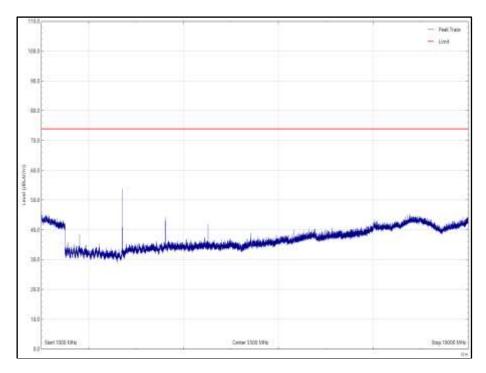


Figure 51 - DTS - Z Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (Peak)

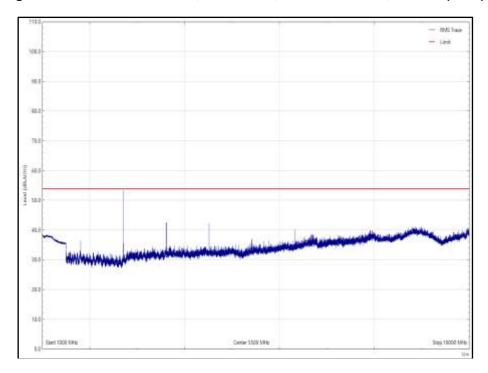


Figure 52 - DTS - Z Orientation, 903.25 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (rms)



Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Angle (°)	Height (cm)	Polarisation
*							

Table 28 - DTS - Z Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 30 MHz to 10 GHz

\*No emissions found within 10 dB of the limit.

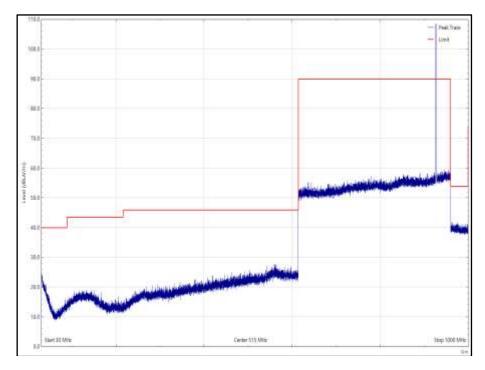


Figure 53 - DTS - Z Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)

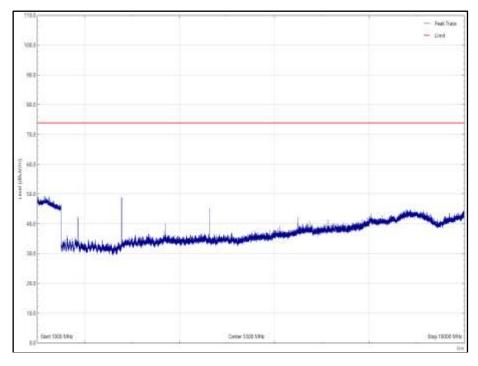


Figure 54 - DTS - Z Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (Peak)



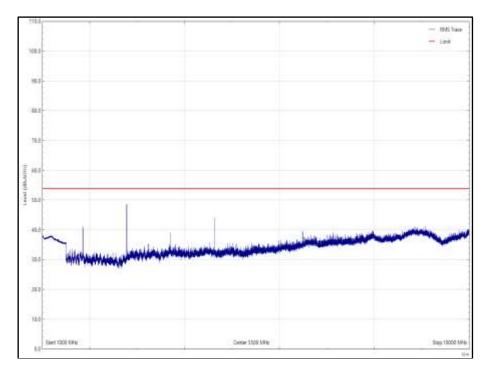


Figure 55 - DTS - Z Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Horizontal (rms)

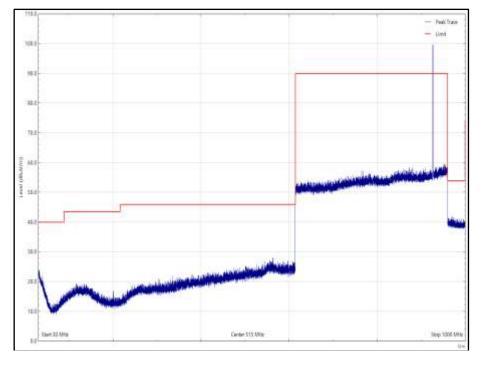


Figure 56 - DTS - Z Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Vertical (Peak)



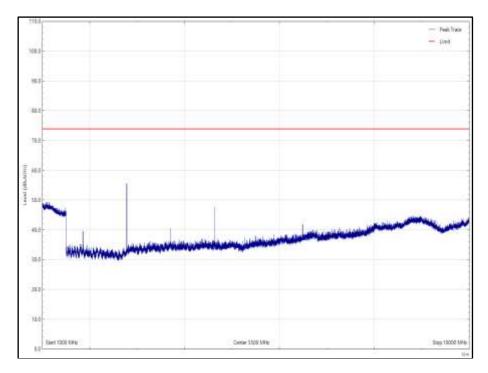


Figure 57 - DTS - Z Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (Peak)

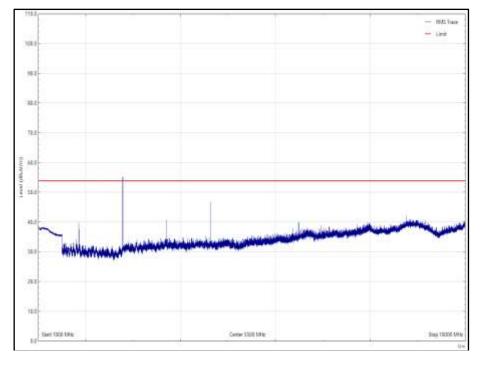


Figure 58 - DTS - Z Orientation, 926.75 MHz, 1 GHz to 10 GHz, Vertical (rms)



#### FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Limit Clause 15.247 (d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a)

#### ISED RSS-247, Limit Clause 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in RSS-GEN, clause 8.10, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in RSS-GEN clause 8.9.



# 2.3.8 Test Location and Test Equipment Used

This test was carried out in EMC Chamber 12.

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No	TE No	Calibration Period (months)	Calibration Expires
Comb Generator	Schaffner	RSG1000	3034	-	TU
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	3506	12	18-Mar-2022
Cable (SMA to SMA, 2 m)	Rhophase	3PS-1801A-2000- 3PS	4113	12	27-Jan-2023
High Pass filter	Wainwright	WHKX12-1290- 1500-18000-80SS	4961	12	25-Mar-2022
Cable (N-Type to N-Type, 1 m)	Rosenberger	LU7-036-1000	5031	12	23-Jul-2022
Emissions Software	TUV SUD	EmX V2.1.12	5125	-	Software
Pre-Amplifier (1 GHz to 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9718 C	5350	12	22-Sep-2022
Cable (N-Type to N-Type, 8 m)	Teledyne	PR90-088-8MTR	5450	6	08-Mar-2022
Cable (N-Type to N-Type, 8 m)	Teledyne	PR90-088-8MTR	5450	6	01-Apr-2022
Thermo-Hygro-Barometer	PCE Instruments	PCE-THB-40	5481	12	31-Mar-2022
Antenna (DRG, 1 GHz to 10 GHz)	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120 B	5611	12	15-Oct-2022
Turntable & Mast Controller	Maturo Gmbh	NCD/498/2799.01	5612	-	TU
Tilt Antenna Mast	Maturo Gmbh	TAM 4.0-P	5613	-	TU
Turntable	Maturo Gmbh	Turntable 1.5 SI-2t	5614	-	TU
Antenna (Bi-Log, 30 MHz to 1 GHz)	Teseq	CBL6111D	5615	24	16-Oct-2022
Screened Room (12)	MVG	EMC-3	5621	36	11-Aug-2023
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESW44	5912	12	17-Feb-2023

Table 29

TU - Traceability Unscheduled



# 2.4 Authorised Band Edges

## 2.4.1 Specification Reference

FCC 47 CFR Part 15C, Clause 15.247 (d) ISED RSS-247, Clause 5.5

## 2.4.2 Equipment Under Test and Modification State

Sensor RF module 2AA (US), S/N: US 2 - Modification State 0

#### 2.4.3 Date of Test

15-March-2022

## 2.4.4 Test Method

The test was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10, clause 6.10.4.

## 2.4.5 Environmental Conditions

Ambient Temperature 20.9 °C Relative Humidity 37.9 %



## 2.4.6 Test Results

Radio chip/PCB combination - Single (Standard) Mode

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Band Edge Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBc)
Standard	903.25	902.0	-56.44

Table 30 - Band Edge Results

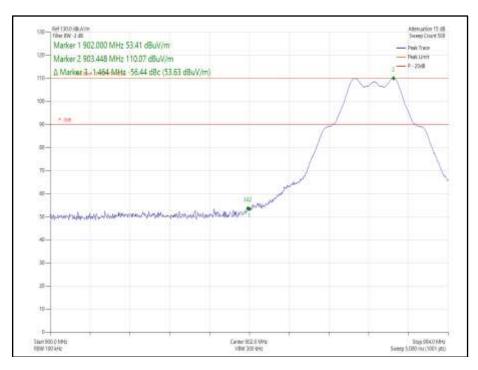


Figure 59 - DTS, 903.25MHz, Band Edge Frequency 902 MHz

#### FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Limit Clause 15.247 (d)

20 dB below the fundamental measured in a 100 kHz bandwidth using a peak detector. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits, based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, the attenuation required shall be 30 dB below the fundamental instead of 20 dB.

## ISED RSS-247, Limit Clause 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.



# 2.4.7 Test Location and Test Equipment Used

This test was carried out in EMC Chamber 12.

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No	TE No	Calibration Period (months)	Calibration Expires
Comb Generator	Schaffner	RSG1000	3034	-	TU
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	3506	12	18-Mar-2022
Cable (SMA to SMA, 2 m)	Rhophase	3PS-1801A-2000- 3PS	4113	12	27-Jan-2023
Emissions Software	TUV SUD	EmX V2.1.12	5125	-	Software
Cable (N-Type to N-Type, 8 m)	Teledyne	PR90-088-8MTR	5450	6	01-Apr-2022
Thermo-Hygro-Barometer	PCE Instruments	PCE-THB-40	5481	12	31-Mar-2022
Turntable & Mast Controller	Maturo Gmbh	NCD/498/2799.01	5612	-	TU
Tilt Antenna Mast	Maturo Gmbh	TAM 4.0-P	5613	-	TU
Turntable	Maturo Gmbh	Turntable 1.5 SI-2t	5614	-	TU
Antenna (Bi-Log, 30 MHz to 1 GHz)	Teseq	CBL6111D	5615	24	16-Oct-2022
Screened Room (12)	MVG	EMC-3	5621	36	11-Aug-2023

Table 31

TU - Traceability Unscheduled



# 2.5 Power Spectral Density

## 2.5.1 Specification Reference

FCC 47 CFR Part 15C, Clause 15.247 (e) ISED RSS-247, Clause 5.2 ISED RSS-GEN, Clause 6.12

## 2.5.2 Equipment Under Test and Modification State

Sensor RF module 2AA (US), S/N: US 2 - Modification State 0

## 2.5.3 Date of Test

16-April-2022

## 2.5.4 Test Method

This test was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10, clause 11.10.2

## 2.5.5 Environmental Conditions

Ambient Temperature 24.5 °C Relative Humidity 35.4 %



## 2.5.6 Test Results

## Radio chip/PCB combination - Single (Standard) Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm)	Measurement Bandwidth (kHz)	
903.250	10.830	496.9	
915	7.769	497.8	
926.750	3.982	500.3	

Table 32



Figure 60 - 903.250 MHz





Figure 61 - 915 MHz



Figure 62 – 926.750 MHz



## FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Limit Clause 15.247 (e)

The power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

## ISED RSS-247, Limit Clause 5.2(b)

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission

## 2.5.7 Test Location and Test Equipment Used

This test was carried out in RF Laboratory 1.

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No	TE No	Calibration Period (months)	Calibration Expires
Hygrometer	Rotronic	I-1000	3220	12	05-Nov-2022
Frequency Standard	Spectracom	SecureSync 1200- 0408-0601	4393	6	30-Jun-2022
PXA Signal Analyser	Keysight Technologies	N9030A	4653	12	08-Mar-2023
3.5 mm 2m Cable	Junkosha	MWX221- 02000DMS	5423	12	23-Jun-2022

Table 33



# 3 Photographs

# 3.1 Test Setup Photographs



Figure 63 - Test Setup - 30 MHz to 1 GHz - X Orientation





Figure 64 - Test Setup - 30 MHz to 1 GHz - Y Orientation



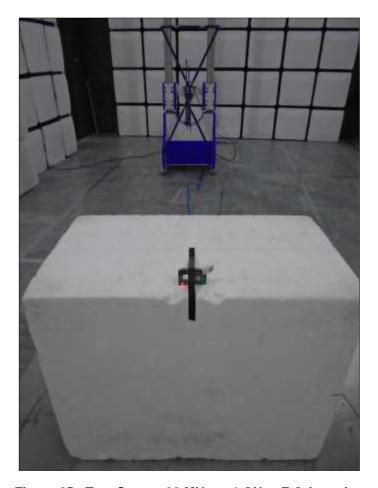


Figure 65 - Test Setup - 30 MHz to 1 GHz - Z Orientation





Figure 66 - Test Setup - 1 GHz to 10 GHz - X Orientation





Figure 67 - Test Setup - 1 GHz to 10 GHz - Y Orientation





Figure 68 - Test Setup - 1 GHz to 10 GHz - Z Orientation



# 4 Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level, the measurement uncertainties for defined systems are:

Test Name	Measurement Uncertainty
Emission Bandwidth	± 9.185 kHz
Maximum Conducted Output Power	± 3.2 dB
Spurious Radiated Emissions	30 MHz to 1 GHz: ± 5.2 dB 1 GHz to 40 GHz: ± 6.3 dB
Authorised Band Edges	30 MHz to 1 GHz: ± 5.2 dB 1 GHz to 40 GHz: ± 6.3 dB
Power Spectral Density	± 3.2 dB

Table 34

## Measurement Uncertainty Decision Rule - Accuracy Method

Determination of conformity with the specification limits is based on the decision rule according to IEC Guide 115:2007, Clause 4.4.3 and 4.5.1. (Procedure 2). The measurement results are directly compared with the test limit to determine conformance with the requirements of the standard.

Risk: The uncertainty of measurement about the measured result is negligible with regard to the final pass/fail decision. The measurement result can be directly compared with the test limit to determine conformance with the requirement (compare IEC Guide 115). The level of risk to falsely accept and falsely reject items is further described in ILAC-G8.