



TEST REPORT

Part 15 C & RSS-247 (Issue 2)

Equipment under test ReceiverModule

Model name ReceiverModule

FCC ID 2AT7X-RXMODULE

IC 25425-RXMODULE

Applicant JUWON TECH

Manufacturer JUWON TECH

Date of test(s) 2019.09.20 ~ 2019.09.23

Date of issue 2019.10.02

Issued to

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Revision history

Revision	Date of issue	Test report No.	Description
-	2019.10.02	KES-RF-19T0137	Initial

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1. General information

Applicant: JUWON TECH
Applicant address: 19-12, Geonjimul-gil, Siheung-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
Test site: KES Co., Ltd.
Test site address: 3701, 40, Simin-daero 365beon-gil, Dongan-gu, Anyang-si,
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Test Facility FCC Accreditation Designation No.: KR0100, Registration No.: 444148
ISED Registration No.: 23298
FCC rule part(s): 15.247 / RSS-247
FCC ID: 2AT7X-RXMODULE
IC Certification 25425-RXMODULE
Test device serial No.: Production Pre-production Engineering

1.1. EUT description

Equipment under test ReceiverModule
Frequency range 2 402 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz
Model: ReceiverModule
Modulation technique GFSK
Antenna specification Antenna type : PCB antenna, Peak gain : -0.7 dBi
Power source DC 3.3 V
Number of channels 2 402 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz : 5ch

1.2. Test configuration

The JUWON TECH ReceiverModule FCC ID: 2AT7X-RXMODULE,
IC: 25425-RXMODULE was tested according to the specification of EUT, the EUT must comply with following standards and KDB documents.

FCC Part 15.247
ISED RSS-247 Issue 2 and RSS-Gen Issue 5
KDB 558074 D01 v05r02
ANSI C63.10-2013

1.3. Information about derivative model

N/A

1.4. Accessory information

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Power source
-	-	-	-	-

1.5. Software and Firmware description

The software and firmware installed in the EUT is V5

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1.6. Measurement results explanation example

For all conducted test items :

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

$$\text{Offset(dB)} = \text{RF cable loss(dB)} + \text{attenuator factor(dB)}.$$

$$= 0.85 + 10 = 10.85 \text{ (dB)}$$

1.7. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Uncertainty	
Uncertainty for Conduction emission test		2.62 dB
Uncertainty for Radiation emission test (include Fundamental emission)	9kHz - 30MHz	4.54 dB
	30MHz - 1GHz	4.36 dB
	Above 1GHz	5.00 dB
Note. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.		

1.8. Frequency/channel operations

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode
01	2 402	GFSK
02	2 422	GFSK
03	2 432	GFSK
04	2 449	GFSK
05	2 462	GFSK

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2. Summary of tests

Section in FCC Part 15	Section in RSS-247 & Gen	Parameter	Test results
-	RSS-Gen 6.6	99% occupied bandwidth	Pass
15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247 5.2 (a)	6 dB bandwidth	Pass
15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 5.4 (d)	Output power	Pass
15.247(e)	RSS-247 5.2 (b)	Power spectral density	Pass
15.205 15.209	RSS-247 5.5 RSS-Gen 8.9, 8.10	Radiated restricted band and emission	Pass
15.247(d)	RSS-247 5.5	Conducted spurious emission and band edge	Pass
15.207(a)	RSS-Gen 8.8	AC conducted emissions	Pass

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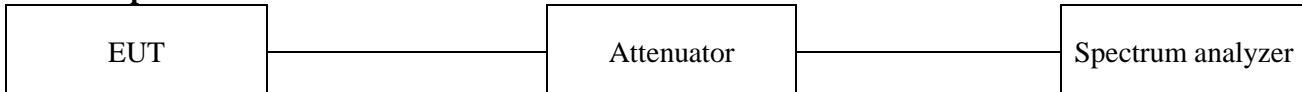
3. Test results

3.1. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013

Test setup



Limit

None; for reporting purpose only.

Test results

Frequency(MHz)	99% bandwidth(MHz)	Limit(MHz)
2 402	1.563	
2 432	1.635	-
2 462	2.142	

GFSK



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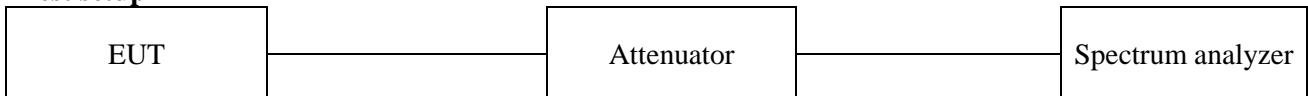
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3.2. 6 dB bandwidth

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 – section 11.8

Test setup



ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.8.1

1. RBW = 100 kHz.
2. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
3. Detector = peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.8.2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described in 11.8.1 (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW, and peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be ≥ 6 dB.

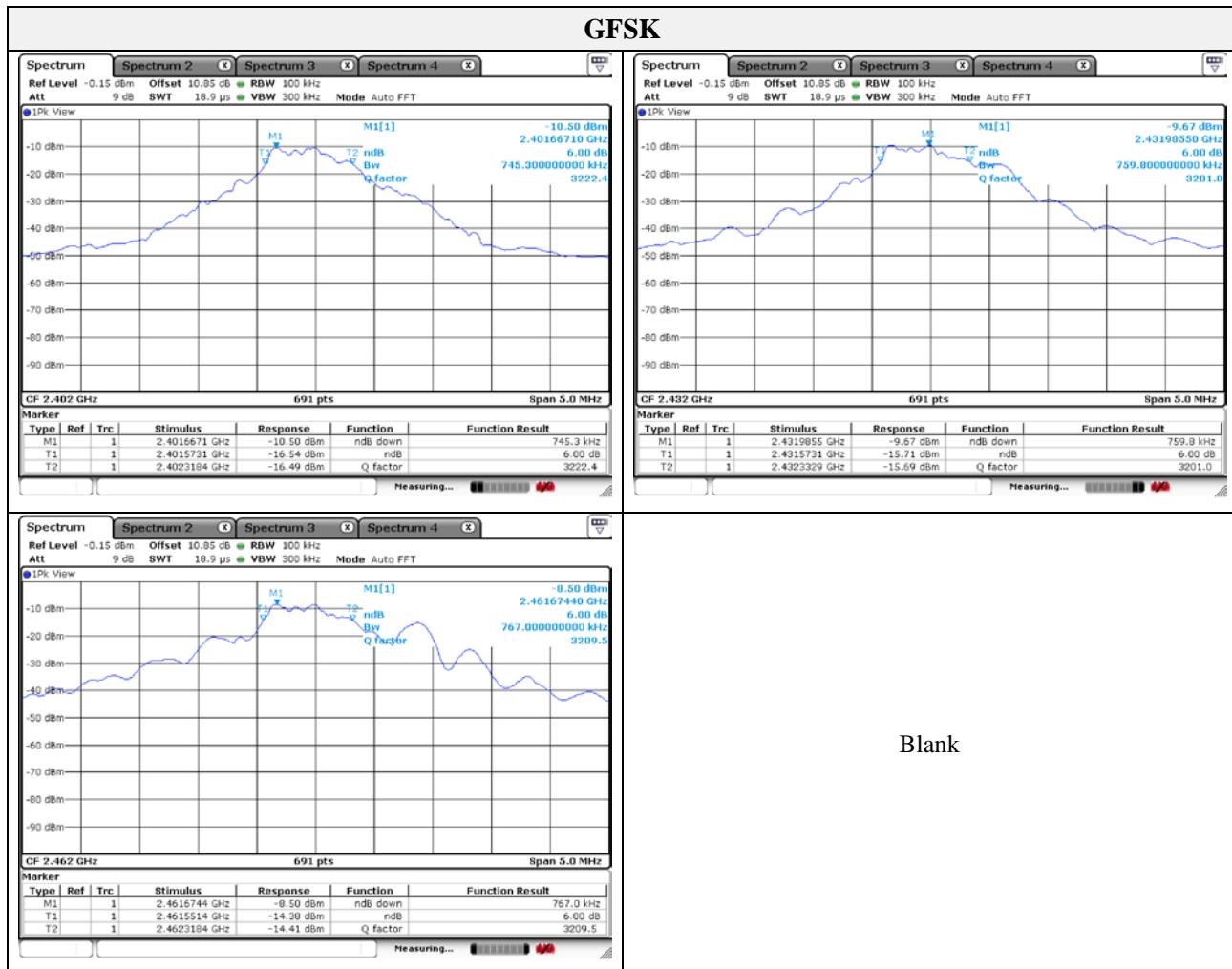
Limit

According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate 902 ~ 928 MHz, 2 400 ~ 2 483.5 MHz, and 5 725 ~ 5 850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

According to RSS-247 5.2 (a), the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

Test results

Frequency(MHz)	6 dB bandwidth(MHz)	Limit(MHz)
2 402	0.745	0.5
2 432	0.760	
2 462	0.767	



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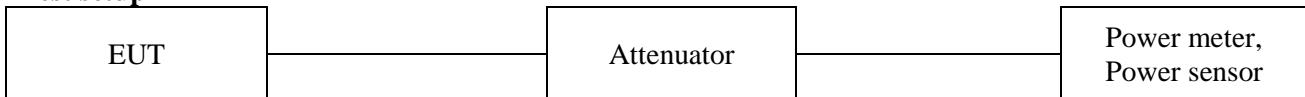
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3.3. Output power

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 –section 11.9.1.3 and 11.9.2.3.2

Test setup



ANSI C63.10 - section 11.9.1.3

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

ANSI C63.10 - section 11.9.2.3.2

Alternatively, measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since this measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction is required.

Limit

According to §15.247(b)(3), For systems using digital modulation in the 902~928 MHz, 2 400~2 483.5 MHz, and 5 725~5 850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted out-put power. Maximum Conducted Out-put Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to §15.247(b)(4), The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmit-ting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.



According to RSS-247 5.4 (d), For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in Section 5.4(e).

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. The maximum conducted output power is the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements, averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are implemented, the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

Test results

Frequency(MHz)	Peak output power(dBm)	Average output power(dBm)	Limit(dBm)
2 402	-0.99	-1.22	30
2 432	-0.68	-0.90	
2 462	-0.48	-0.69	

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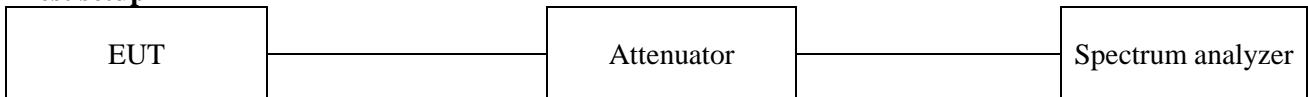
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3.4. Power spectral density

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10 – section 11.10.2

Test setup



ANSI C63.10 – section 11.10.2

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW : $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$
4. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds requirement, reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

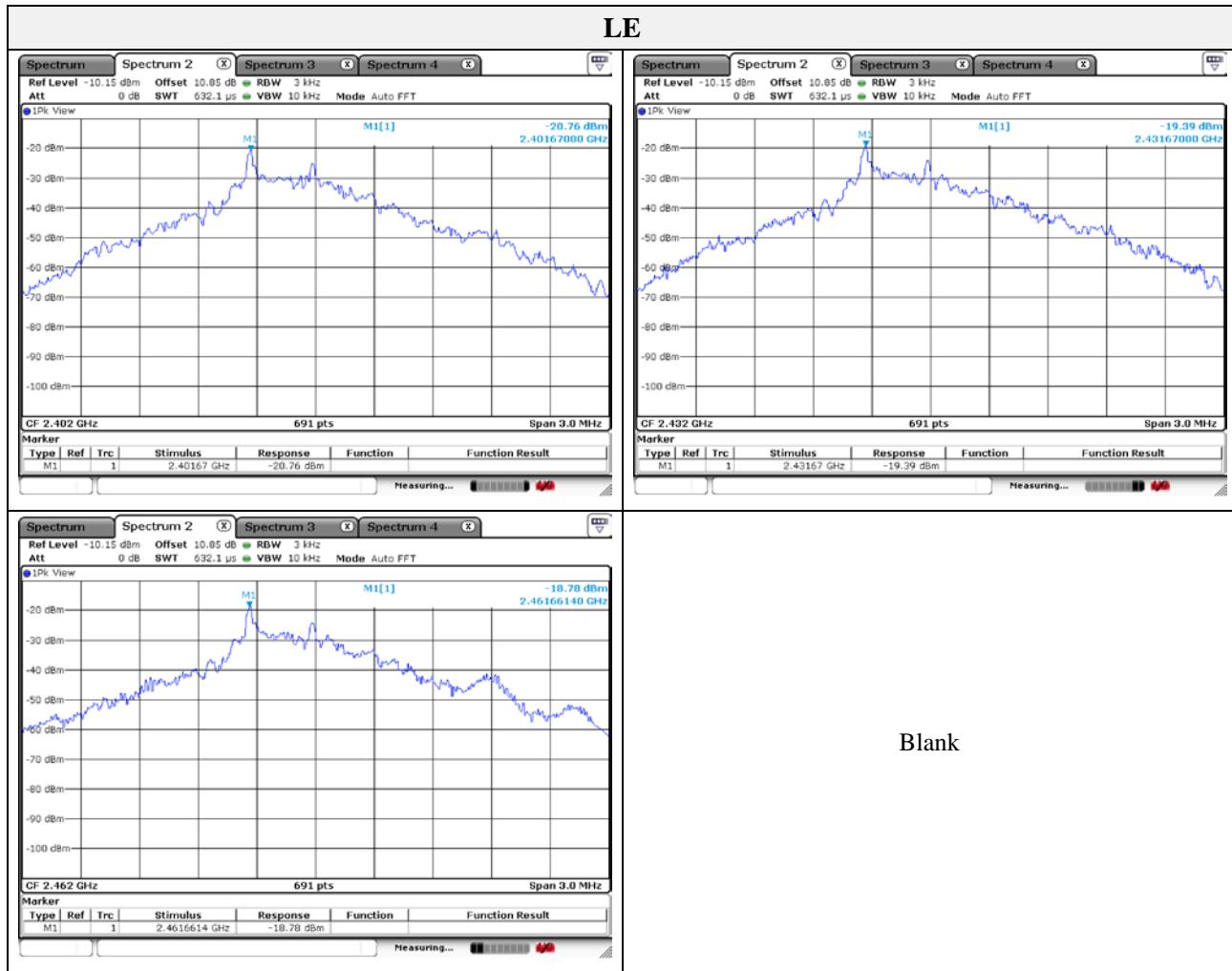
Limit

According to §15.247(e), For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

According to RSS-247 5.2 (b), The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

Test results

Frequency(MHz)	PSD (dBm)	Limit(dBm)
2 402	-20.76	8
2 432	-19.39	
2 462	-18.78	



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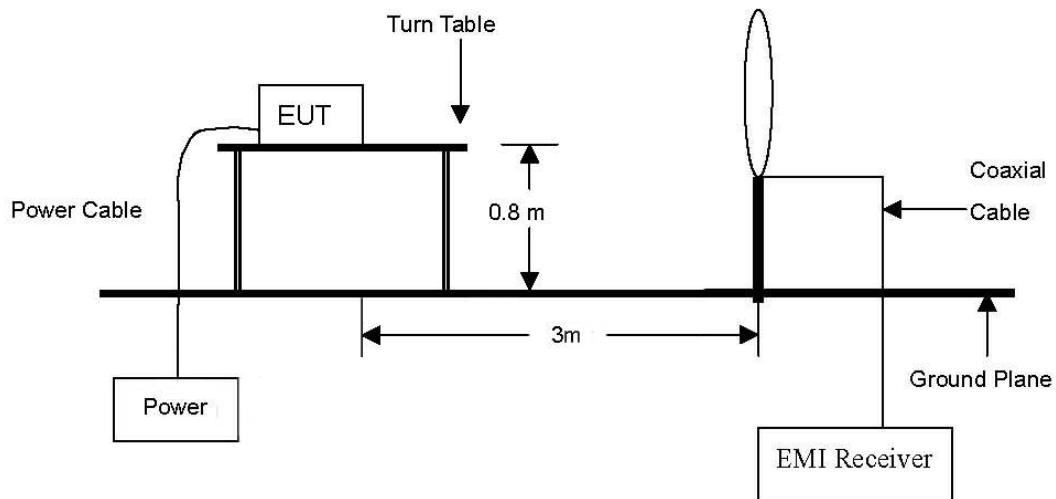
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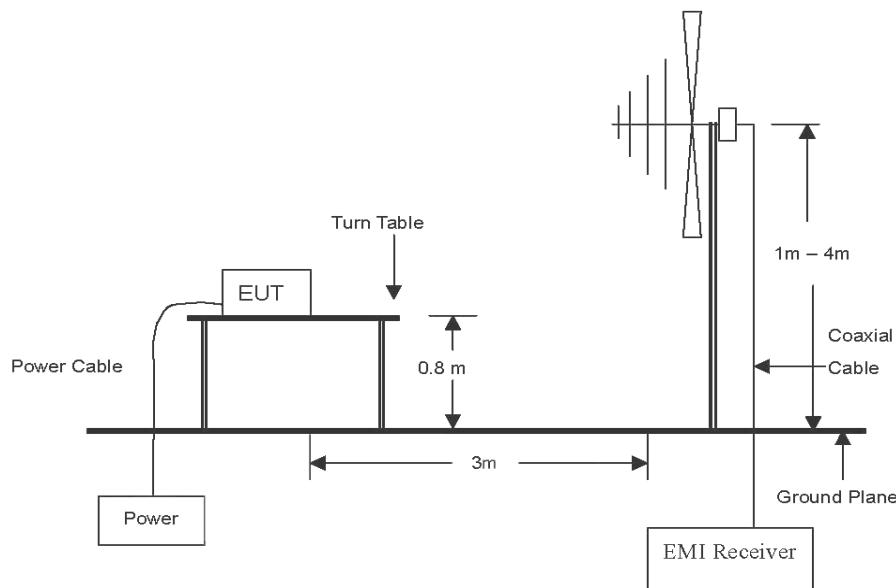
3.5. Radiated restricted band and emissions

Test setup

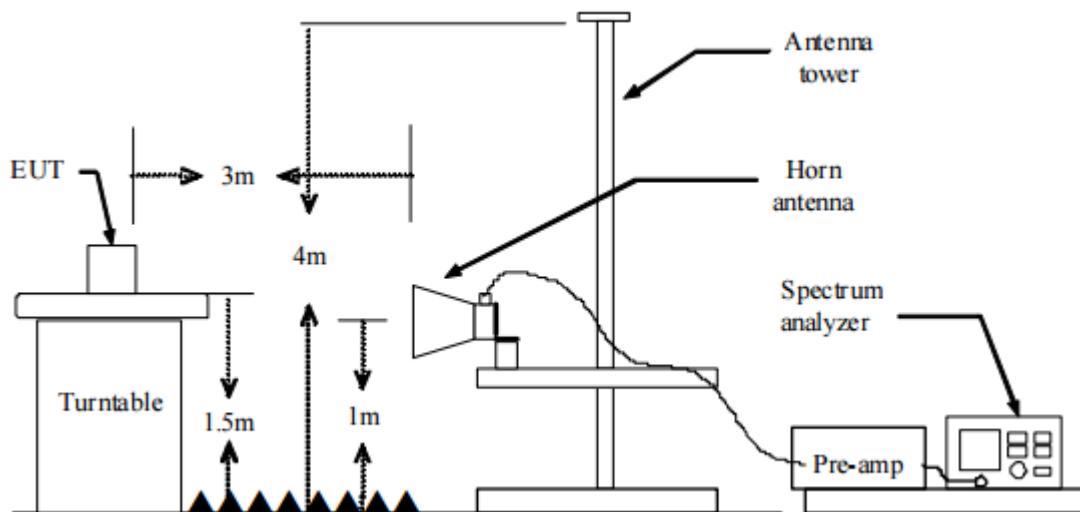
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz Emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 GHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz emissions, whichever is lower.



Test procedure below 30 MHz

1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization and Parallel to the ground plane in detecting antenna.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
5. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum hold mode.

Test procedure above 30 MHz

1. Spectrum analyzer settings for $f < 1$ GHz:
 - ① Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
 - ② RBW = 100 kHz
 - ③ VBW \geq RBW
 - ④ Detector = quasi peak
 - ⑤ Sweep time = auto
 - ⑥ Trace = max hold
2. Spectrum analyzer settings for $f \geq 1$ GHz: Peak
 - ① Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
 - ② RBW = 1 MHz
 - ③ VBW \geq 3 MHz
 - ④ Detector = peak
 - ⑤ Sweep time = auto
 - ⑥ Trace = max hold
 - ⑦ Trace was allowed to stabilize

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3. Spectrum analyzer settings for $f \geq 1$ GHz: Average

- ① Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
- ② RBW = 1 MHz
- ③ VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- ④ Detector = RMS, if $\text{span}/(\# \text{ of points in sweep}) \leq (\text{RBW}/2)$. Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- ⑤ Averaging type = power(i.e., RMS)
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- ⑥ Sweep = auto
- ⑦ Trace = max hold
- ⑧ Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- ⑨ A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step ⑤, then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step ⑤, then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Note.

1. The loop antenna was investigated with three polarizations, and horizontal and vertical polarizations were reported as the worst case.
2. $f < 30$ MHz, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 40 \log(D_m/D_s)$
 $f \geq 30$ MHz, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 20 \log(D_m/D_s)$
 Where:
 - F_d = Distance factor in dB
 - D_m = Measurement distance in meters
 - D_s = Specification distance in meters
3. CF(Correction factors(dB)) = Antenna factor(dB/m) + Cable loss(dB) + or Amp. gain(dB) + or F_d (dB)
4. Field strength(dB μ V/m) = Level(dB μ V) + CF (dB) + or DCF(dB)
5. Margin(dB) = Limit(dB μ V/m) - Field strength(dB μ V/m)
6. Emissions below 18 GHz were measured at a 3 meter test distance while emissions above 18 GHz were measured at a 1 meter test distance with the application of a distance correction factor.
7. The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z, it was determined that **X orientation** was worst-case orientation; therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **X orientation**.
8. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 dB of respective limits were not reported.
9. According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kHz to 30 MHz. Although these tests were performed other than open field test site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field test site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.

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Limit

According to 15.209(a), for an intentional radiator devices, the general required of field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values :

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (μ N/m)
0.009 ~ 0.490	300	2400/F(kHz)
0.490 ~ 1.705	30	24000/F(kHz)
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	3	100**
88 ~ 216	3	150**
216 ~ 960	3	200**
Above 960	3	500

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 ~ 72 MHz, 76 ~ 88 MHz, 174 ~ 216 MHz or 470 ~ 806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

According to RSS-Gen, Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits :

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (μ N/m)
0.009 ~ 0.490	300	2 400 / F(kHz)
0.490 ~ 1.705	30	24 000 / F(kHz)
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	3	100
88 ~ 216	3	150
216 ~ 960	3	200
Above 960*	3	500

* Unless otherwise specified, for all frequencies greater than 1 GHz, the radiated emission limits for licence-exempt radio apparatus stated in applicable RSSs (including RSS-Gen) are based on measurements using a linear average detector function having a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. If an average limit is specified for the EUT, then the peak emission shall also be measured with instrumentation properly adjusted for such factors as pulse desensitization to ensure the peak emission is less than 20 dB above the average limit.

Note: Transmitting devices are not permitted in restricted frequency bands unless stated otherwise in the specific RSS.

Duty cycle

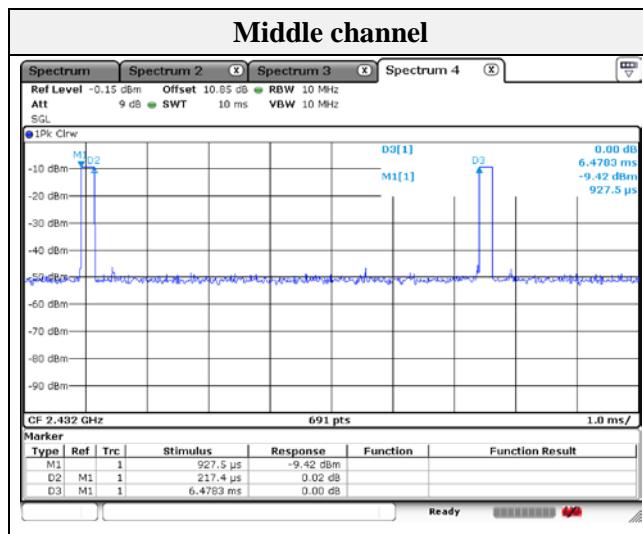
Regarding to KDB 558074 D01_v05r02, 6.0, the maximum duty cycles of all modes were investigated and set the spectrum analyzer as below.

Set RBW \geq OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100.

Test mode	T _{on} time (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty cycle (Linear)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle correction factor (dB)
GFSK	0.217 4	6.478 3	0.033 6	3.36	14.74

Duty cycle (Linear) = T_{on} time/Period

DCF(Duty cycle correction factor (dB)) = 10log(1/duty cycle)

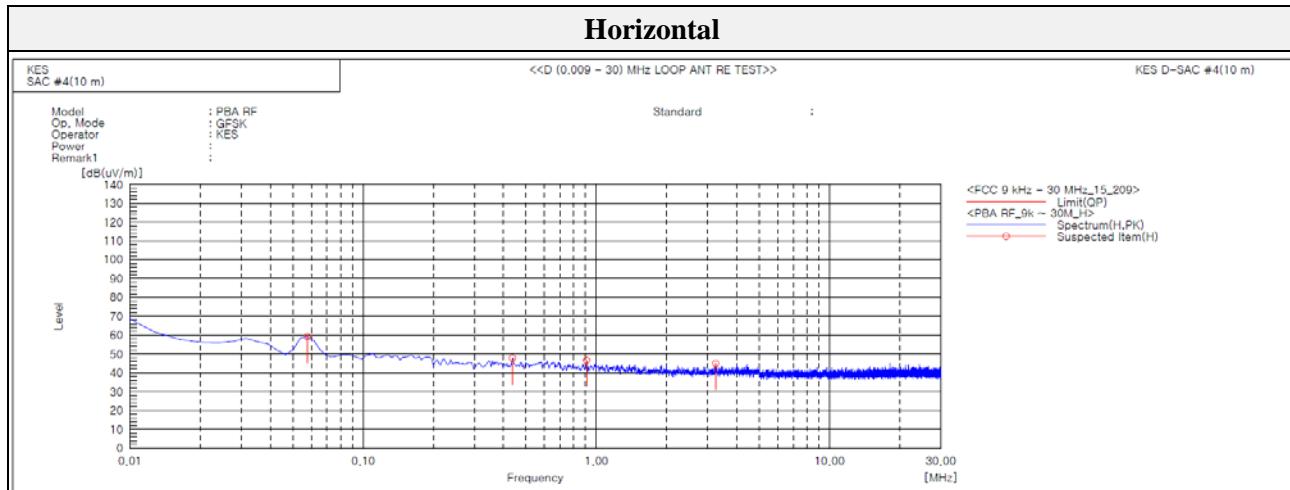


Test results (Below 30 MHz)

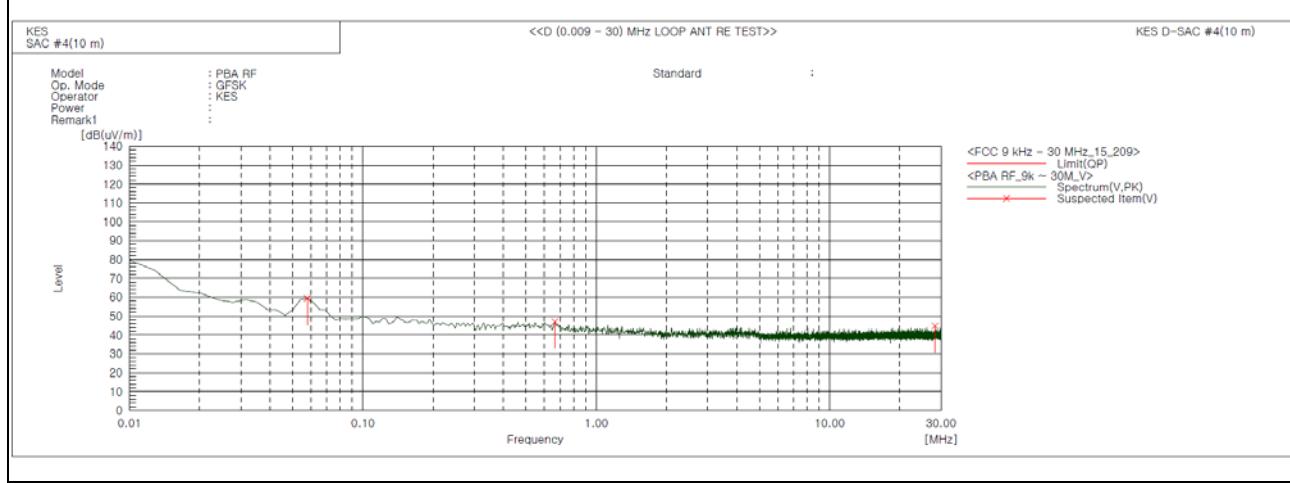
Mode: GFSK
 Distance of measurement: 3 meter
 Channel: 05 (Worst case)

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB μ N)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	Distance factor (dB)	Field strength (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
0.058	40.30	H	19.00	-80.00	-20.70	32.40	53.10
0.436	28.20	H	19.70	-80.00	-32.10	14.80	46.90
0.909	26.20	H	20.50	-40.00	6.70	28.50	21.80
3.252	25.80	H	19.20	-40.00	5.00	29.50	24.50
0.058	40.40	V	19.00	-80.00	-20.60	32.40	53.00
0.665	26.70	V	20.30	-40.00	7.00	31.20	24.20
28.283	24.70	V	20.20	-40.00	4.90	29.50	24.60

Horizontal



Vertical



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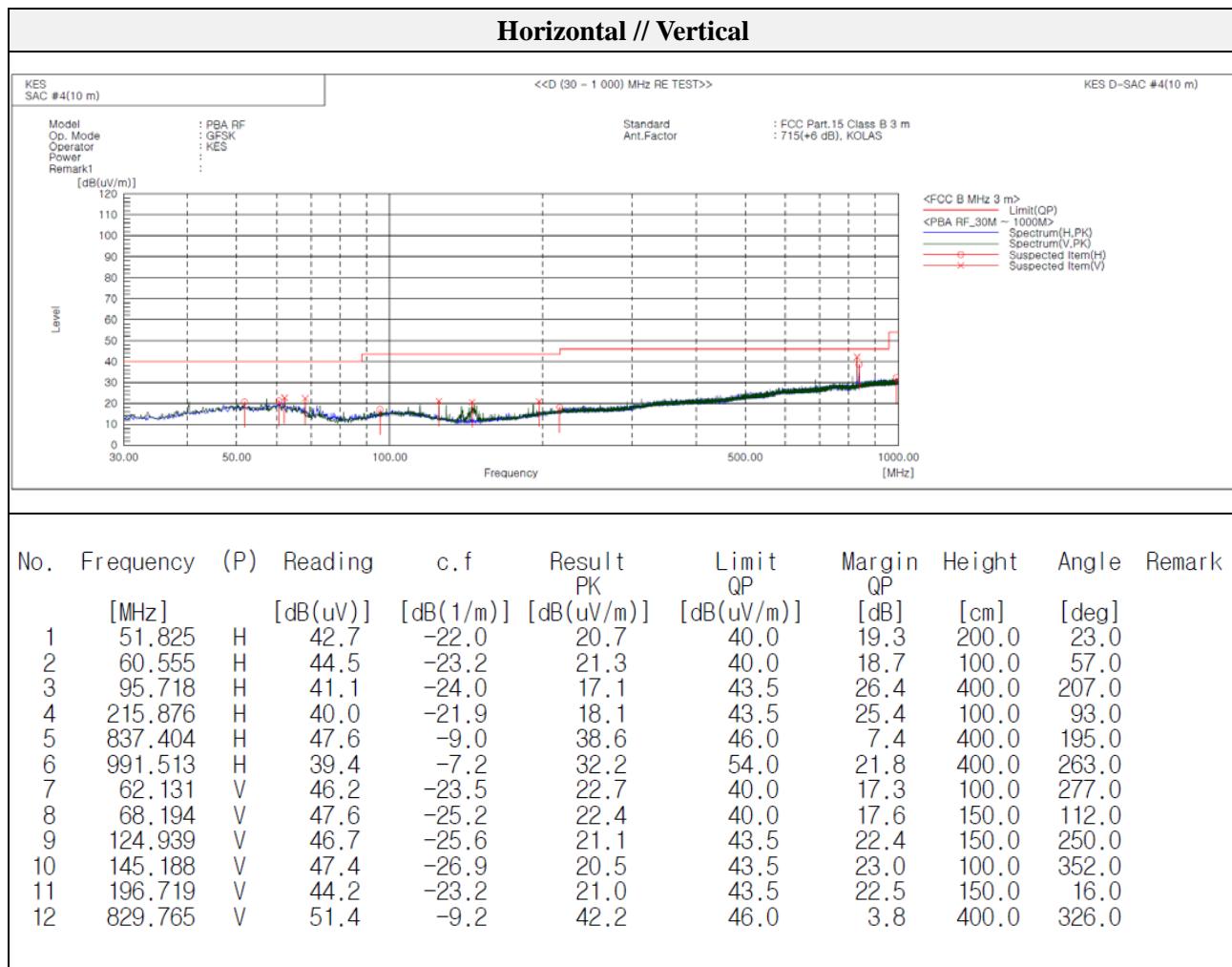
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Test results (Below 1 000 MHz) – Worst case

Mode: GFSK

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Channel: 05 (Worst case)



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Test results (Above 1 000 MHz)

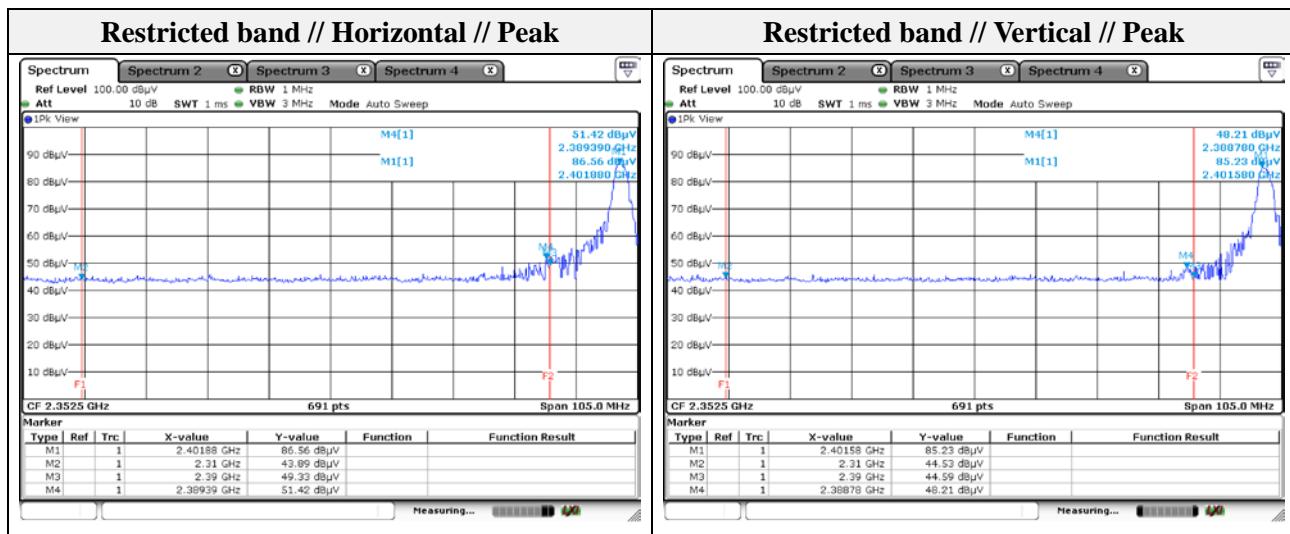
Mode: GFSK
 Distance of measurement: 3 meter
 Channel: 01

- Spurious

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB μ V)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
2 121.60	49.91	Peak	H	-0.73	-	49.18	74.00	24.82
1 846.60	46.84	Peak	V	-2.59	-	44.25	74.00	29.75

- Band edge

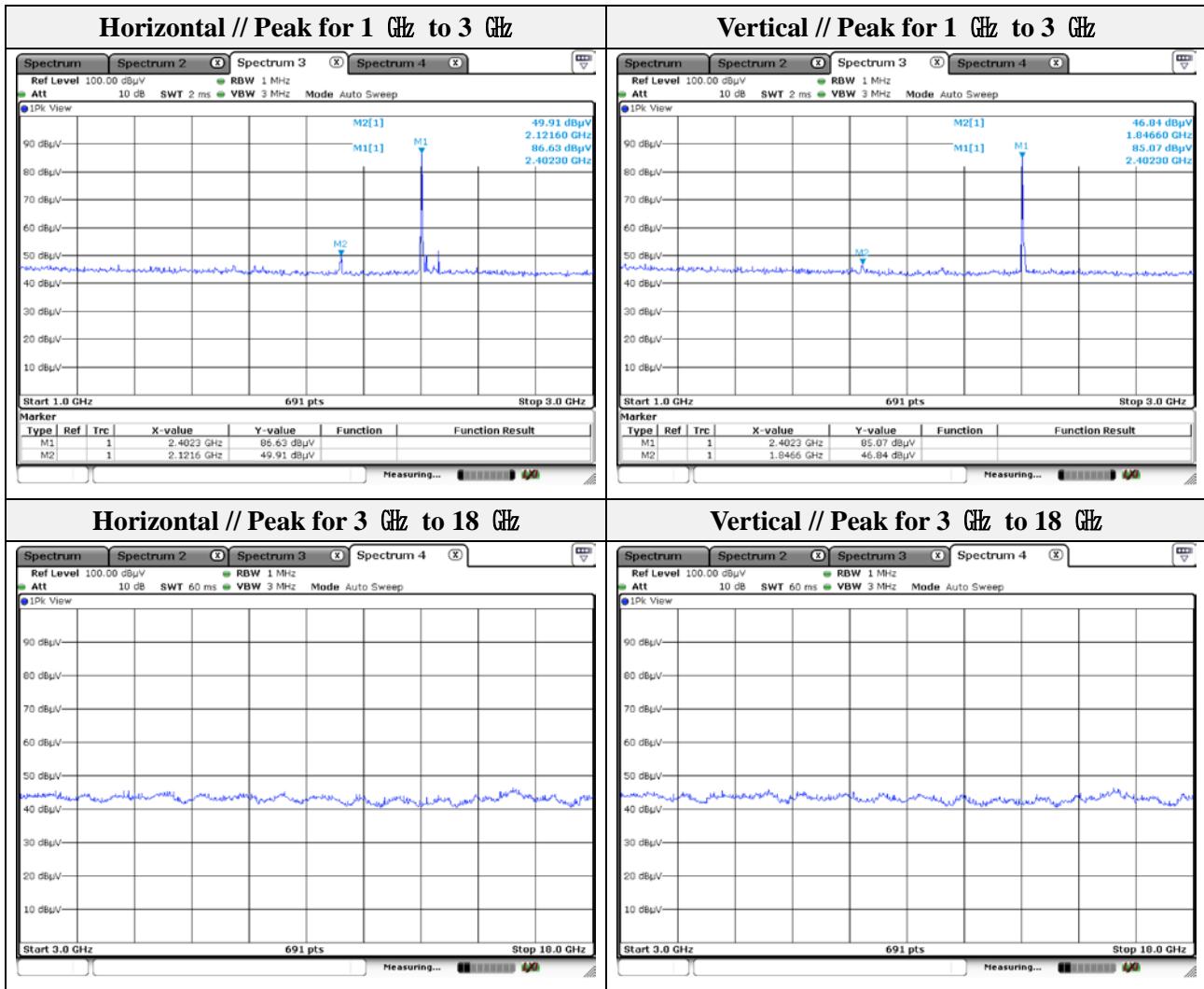
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB μ V)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
2 389.39	51.42	Peak	H	-0.22	-	51.20	74.00	22.80
2 388.78	48.21	Peak	V	-0.22	-	47.99	74.00	26.01



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Note.

1. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
2. No spurious emission were detected above 3 GHz.

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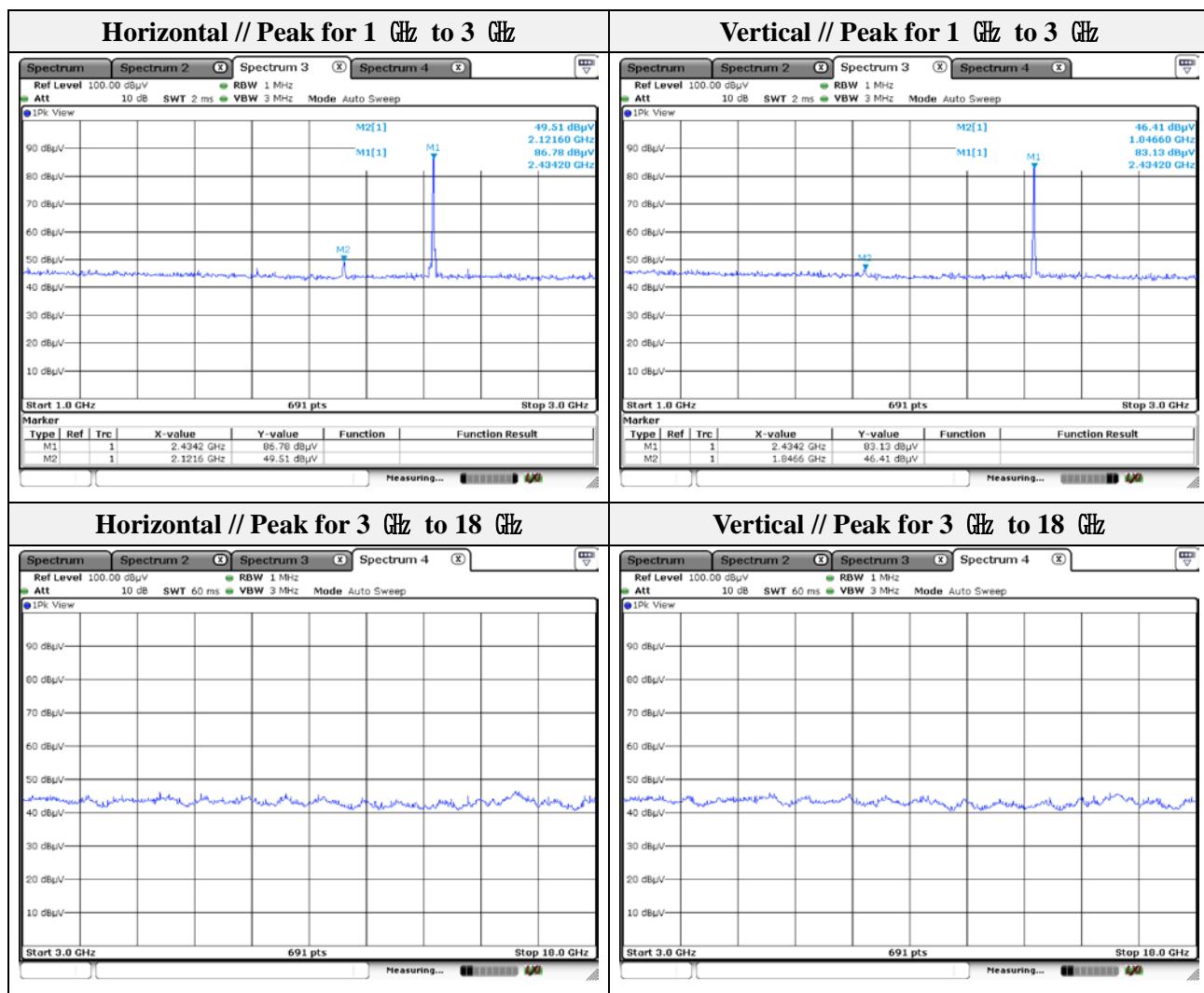
Mode: GFSK

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Channel: 03

- Spurious

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB μ V)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
2 121.60	49.51	Peak	H	-0.73	-	48.78	74.00	25.22
1 846.60	46.41	Peak	V	-2.59	-	43.82	74.00	30.18


Note.

1. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit
2. No spurious emission were detected above 3 GHz.

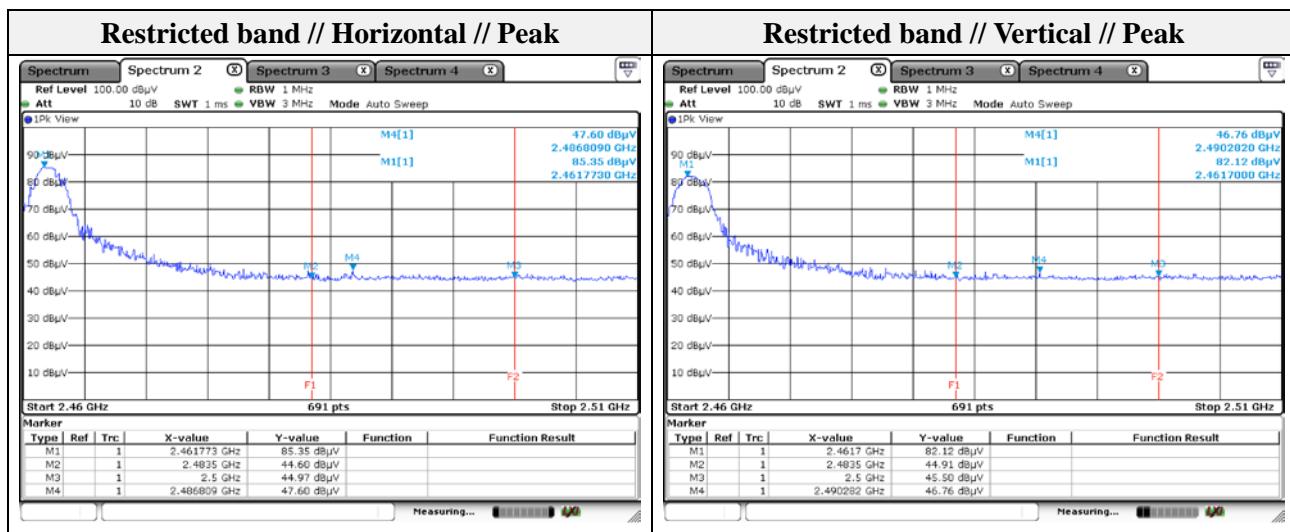
Mode: GFSK
 Distance of measurement: 3 meter
 Channel: 05

- Spurious

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB μ V)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
2 121.60	50.47	Peak	H	-0.73	-	49.74	74.00	24.26
1 846.60	46.55	Peak	V	-2.59	-	43.96	74.00	30.04

- Band edge

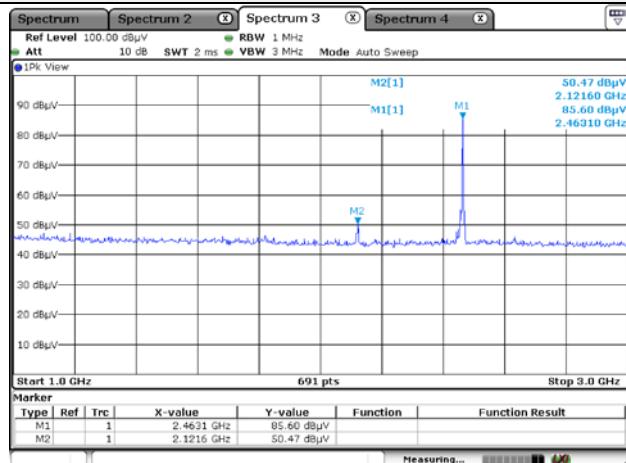
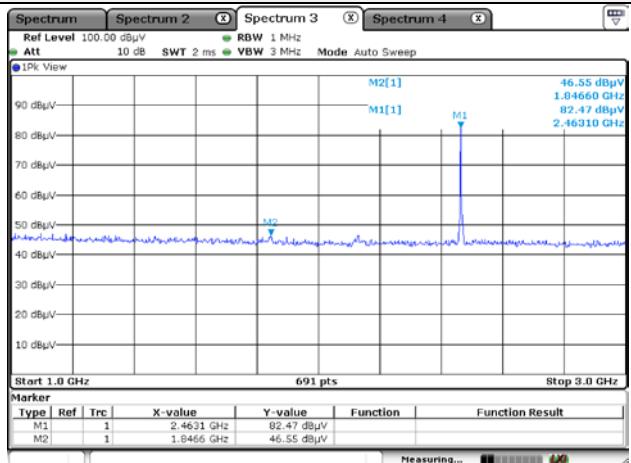
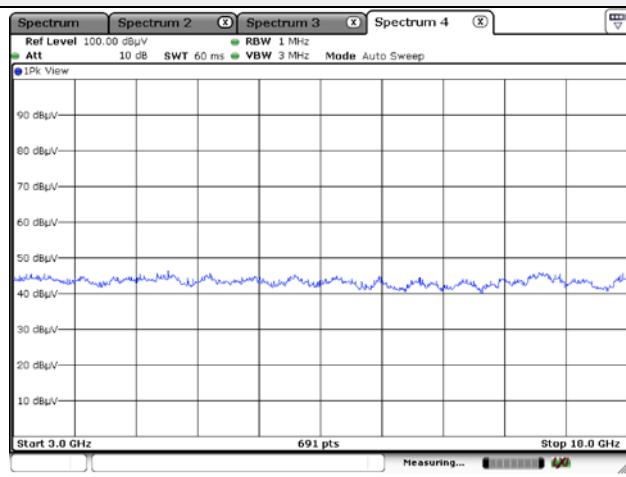
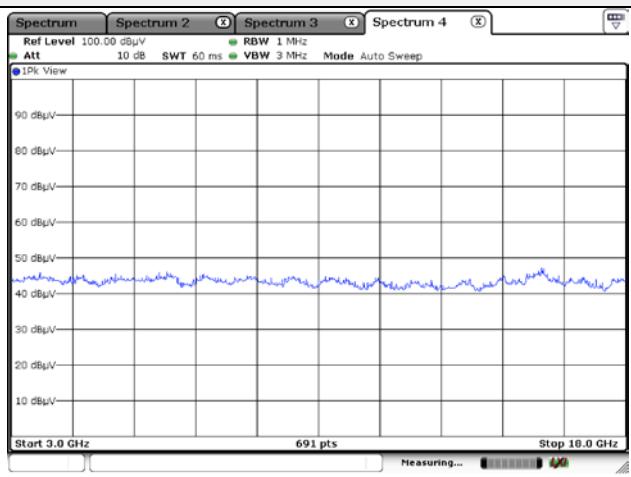
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dB μ V)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
2 486.81	47.60	Peak	H	-0.04	-	47.56	74.00	26.44
2 490.28	46.76	Peak	V	-0.03	-	46.73	74.00	27.27



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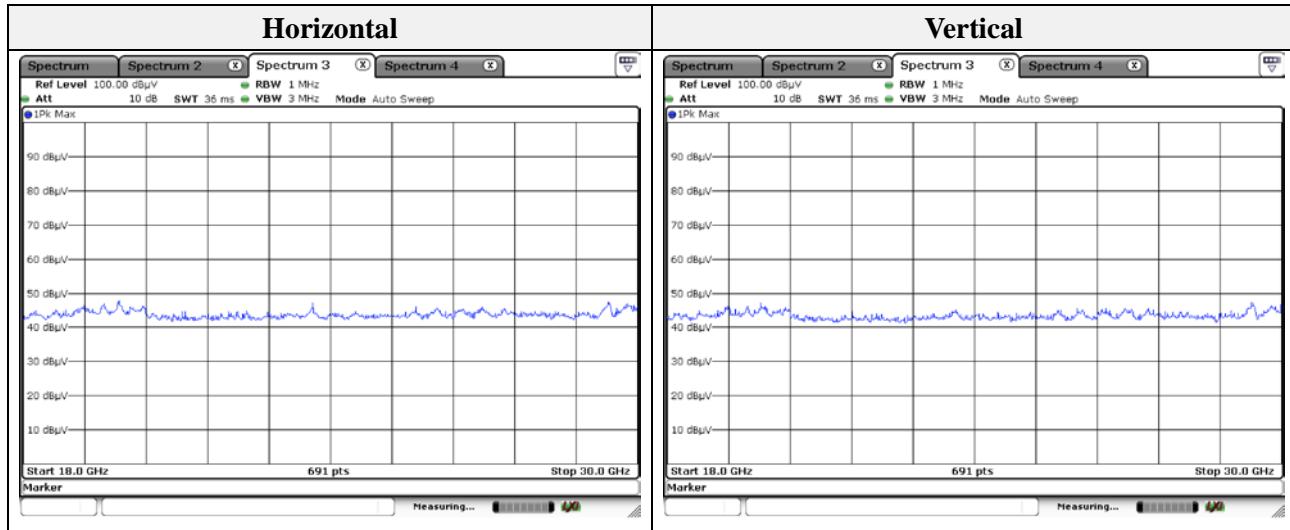
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Horizontal // Peak for 1 GHz to 3 GHz

Vertical // Peak for 1 GHz to 3 GHz

Horizontal // Peak for 3 GHz to 18 GHz

Vertical // Peak for 3 GHz to 18 GHz

Note.

1. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
2. No spurious emission were detected above 3 GHz.

Test results (18 GHz to 30 GHz) – Worst case

Mode: GFSK
 Distance of measurement: 3 meter
 Channel: 05(Worst case)

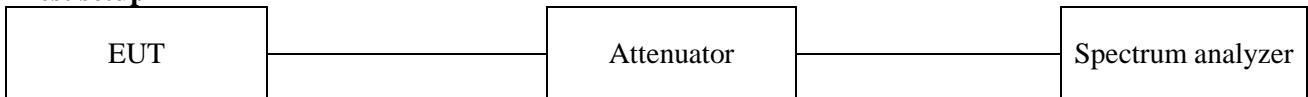


Note.

1. No spurious emission were detected above 18 GHz.

3.6 Conducted spurious emissions & band edge

Test setup



Test procedure

Band edge

ANSI C63.10 – Section 11.11

1. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the plot
2. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge
3. RBW = 100 kHz
4. VBW = 300 kHz
5. Detector = Peak
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Sweep time = auto
8. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Out of band emissions

ANSI C63.10 – Section 11.11

1. Start frequency was set to 30 MHz and stop frequency was set to 25 GHz for 2.4 GHz frequencies and 40 GHz for 5 GHz frequencies
2. RBW = 100 kHz
3. VBW = 300 kHz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep time = auto couple
7. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Limit

According to 15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval , as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section , the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section 15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209(a) (see section 15.205(c))



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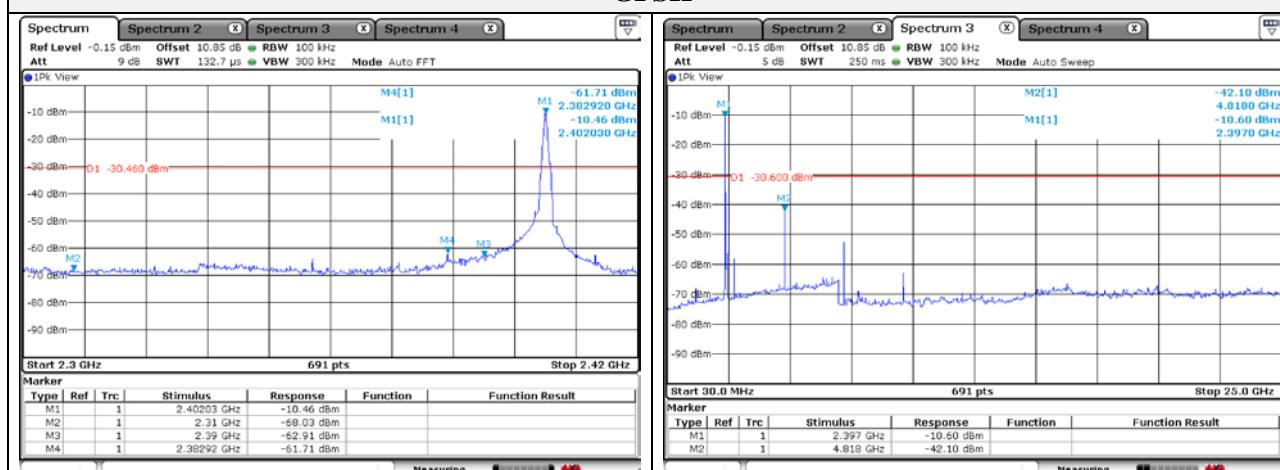
Test report No.:
KES-RF-19T0137
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According to RSS-247 5.5, In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

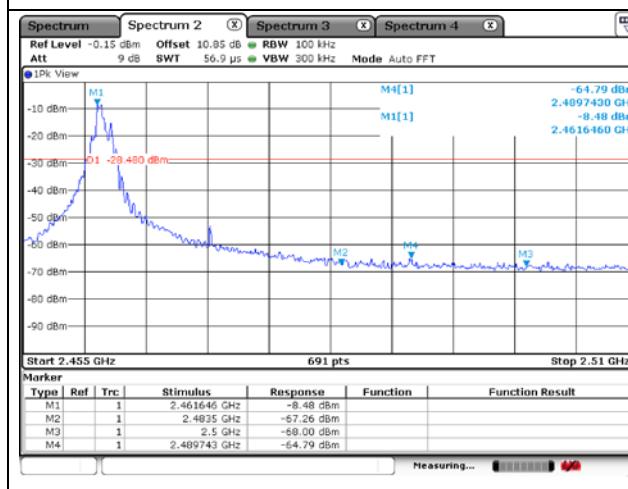
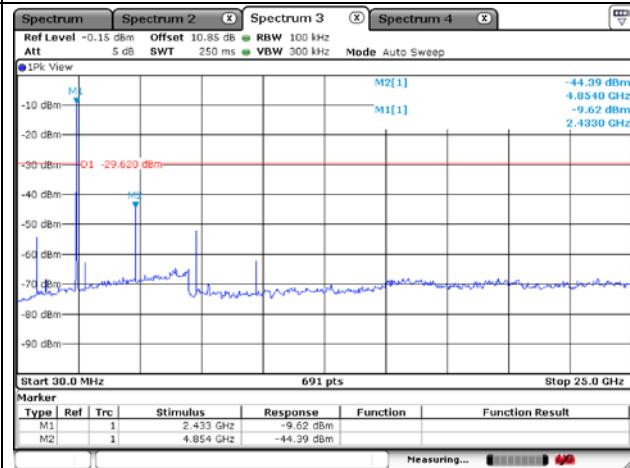
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Test results

GFSK



Blank



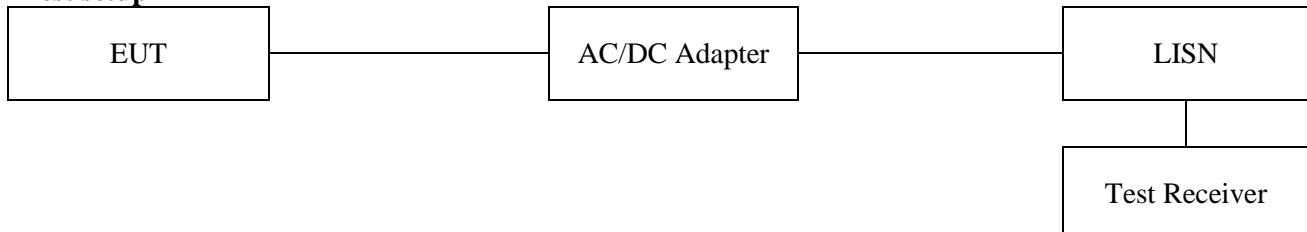
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3.7. AC conducted emissions

Test setup



Limit

According to 15.207(a), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V/m)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*
0.50 – 5.00	56	46
5.00 – 30.0	60	50

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According to RSS-Gen 8.8, a radio apparatus that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line shall ensure that the radio frequency voltage, which is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz-30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in Table 3.

Unless the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in Table 3 below. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ N/m)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*
0.50 – 5.00	56	46
5.00 – 30.0	60	50

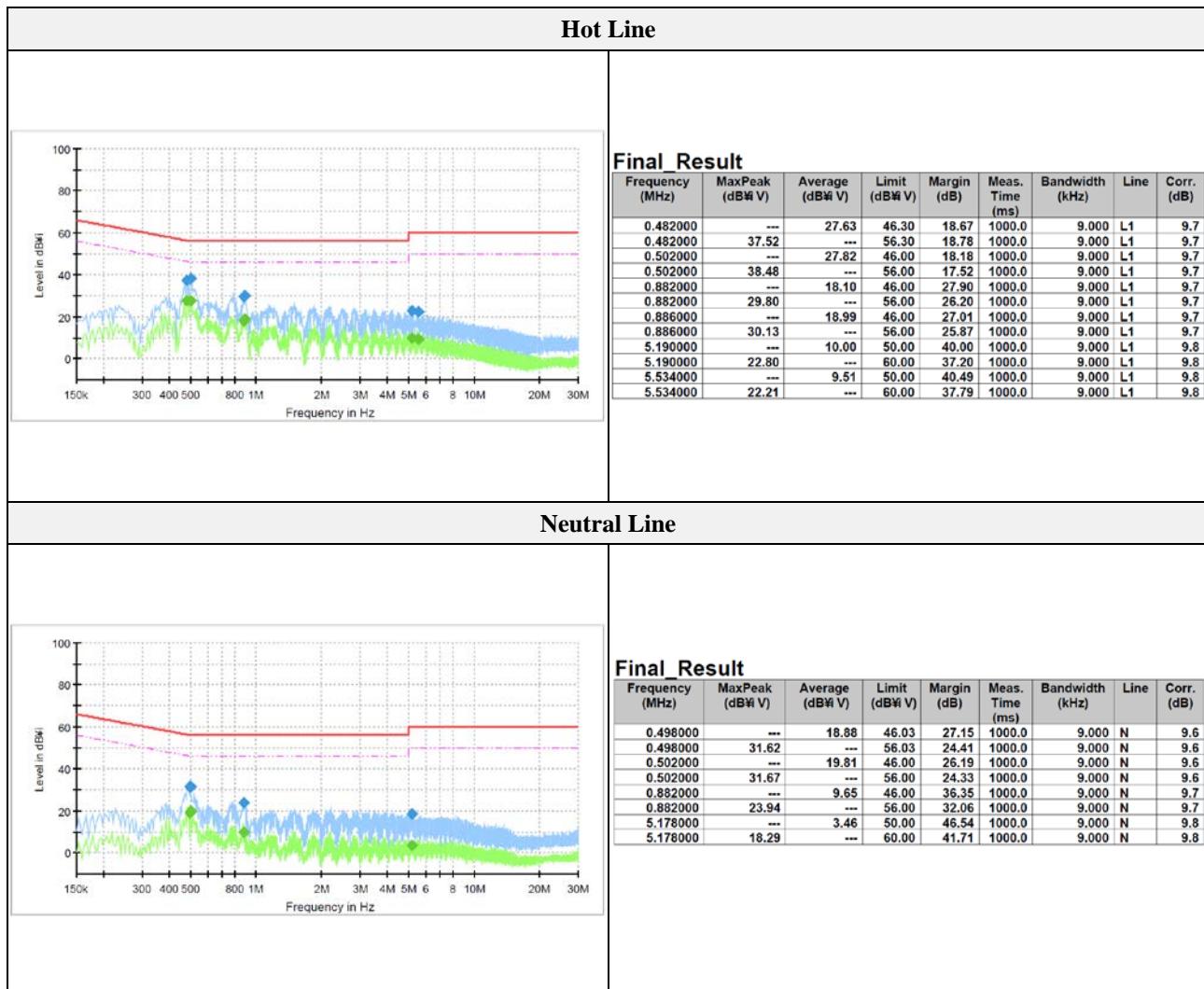
* The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

* A linear average detector is required.

Note:

1. All AC line conducted spurious emission are measured with a receiver connected to a grounded LISN while the EUT is operating at its maximum duty cycle, at maximum power, and the appropriate frequencies. All data rates and modes were investigated for conducted spurious emission. Only the conducted emissions of the configuration that produced the worst case emissions are reported in this section.
2. Both Cable loss and LISN factor are included in measurement level(QP Level or AV Level).

Test results



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Appendix A. Measurement equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Calibration interval	Calibration due.
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	101389	1 year	2020.01.16
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100736	1 year	2020.01.09
8360B Series Swept Signal Generator	HP	83630B	3844A00786	1 year	2020.01.15
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1438001	1 year	2020.01.15
Pulse Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1339205	1 year	2020.01.15
DC Power Supply	Agilent	6632B	MY43004130	1 year	2020.06.24
Attenuator	KEYSIGHT	8493C	82506	1 year	2020.01.15
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513	225	2 years	2021.02.15
Trilog-broadband antenna	S/B	VULB 9163	714	2 years	2020.11.26
Horn Antenna	A.H	SAS-571	414	2 years	2021.02.11
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	BBHA 9170550	2 years	2021.02.19
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHJS3000-10TT	1	1 year	2020.06.25
Low Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WLK1.0/18G-10TT	1	1 year	2020.06.24
Preamplifier	R&S	SCU01	100603	1 year	2019.11.26
Preamplifier	AGILENT	8449B	3008A01742	1 year	2020.01.08
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	101781	1 year	2020.04.22
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100552	1 year	2020.04.19
Pulse Limiter	R&S	ESH3-Z2	101915	1 year	2019.11.26
LISN	R&S	ENV216	101787	1 year	2020.01.04

Peripheral devices

Device	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
-	-	-	-

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