



MEASUREMENT REPORT

FCC PART 22H, 24E

FCC ID: 2ASWQ-TW1PCSNAAT00

APPLICANT: FLIR Systems, Inc.

Application Type: Certification

Product: TruWITNESS PCS for North America (ATT)

Model No.: TW1-PCS-NAAT-00

Serial Model: TW1-PCS-NAAT-XX, (X=0~9, A~Z or space)

Trademark: 

FCC Classification: PCB-PCS Licensed Transmitter

FCC Rule Part(s): Part2, Part22 Subpart H, Part24 Subpart E

Test Procedure(s): ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016, KDB 971168 D01v03r01

Received Date: September 4, 2018

Test Date: October 1 ~ 22, 2018

Tested By : 
(Peter Syu)

Reviewed By : 
(Paddy Chen)

Approved By : 
(Chenz Ker)



The test results only relate to the tested sample.

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in §2.947. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.

Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	Note
1809TW1204-U3	1.0	Original Report	2019-04-02	

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§2.1033 General Information

Applicant	FLIR Systems, Inc.
Applicant Address	65 CHALLENGER RD RIDGEFIELD PARK, NJ, 07660-2103, US
Manufacturer	FLIR Systems, Inc.
Manufacturer Address	65 CHALLENGER RD RIDGEFIELD PARK, NJ, 07660-2103, US
Test Site	MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd
Test Site Address	No. 38, Fuxing Second Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan (R.O.C)
MRT FCC Registration No.	153292
FCC Rule Part(s)	Part 22H, Part 24E
Model No.	TW1-PCS-NAAT-00
Test Device Serial No.	N/A ☐ Production ☒ Pre-Production ☐ Engineering

Test Facility / Accreditations

Measurements were performed at MRT Laboratory located in Fuxing Rd., Taoyuan, Taiwan (R.O.C)

- MRT facility is a FCC registered (Reg. No. 291082) test facility with the site description report on file and is designated by the FCC as an Accredited Test Firm.
- MRT facility is an IC registered (MRT Reg. No. 21723) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- MRT Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF Cert. No. 3261) in EMC, Telecommunications and Radio testing for FCC (Designation Number: TW3261), Industry Taiwan, EU and TELEC Rules.

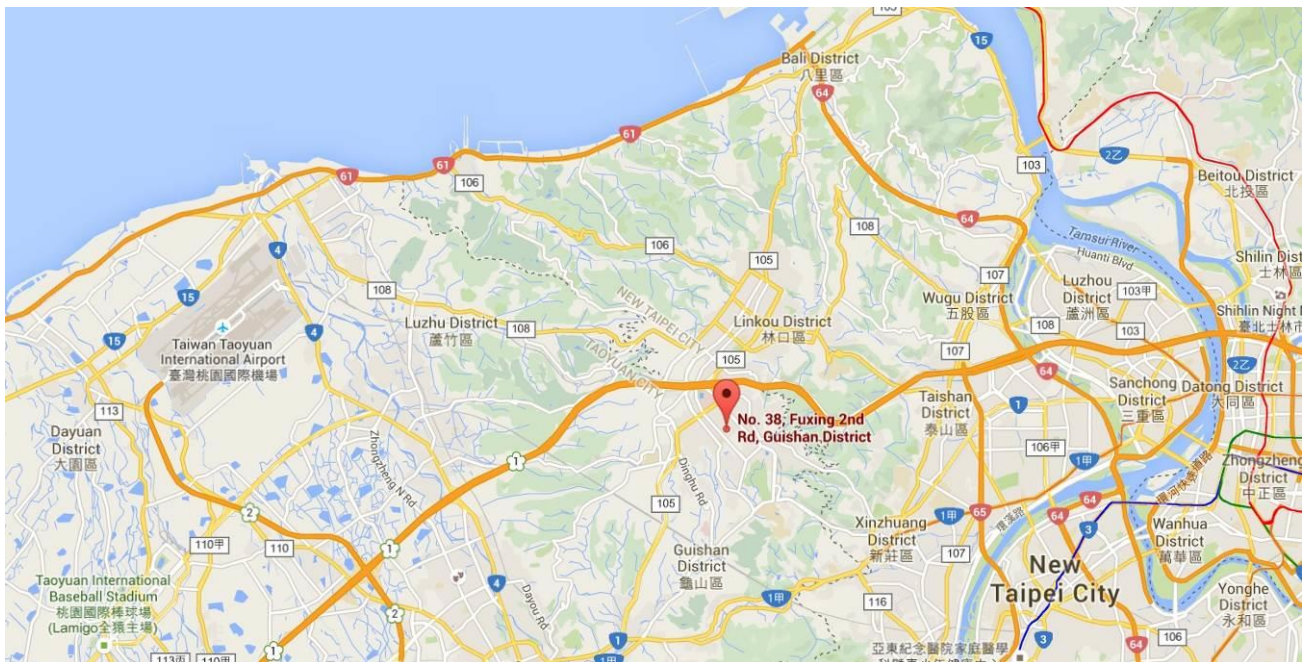
1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Industry Canada Certification and Engineering Bureau.

1.2. MRT Test Location

The map below shows the location of the MRT LABORATORY, its proximity to the Taoyuan City. These measurement tests were conducted at the MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. Facility located at No.38, Fuxing 2nd Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 33377, Taiwan (R.O.C).



2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1. Feature of Equipment under Test

Product Name	TruWITNESS PCS for North America (ATT)
Model No.	TW1-PCS-NAAT-00
Serial Model	TW1-PCS-NAAT-XX, (X=0~9, A~Z or space)
FLIR Systems, Inc.	FLIR Systems, Inc.
IMEI	35284808XXXXXXX
Supports Radios Spec.	WLAN: 2.4G: 802.11b/g/n-20; WWAN: 3G: WCDMA Band 2, 5 4G: FDD Band 2, 4, 5, 12
3G Operation Band (s)	Band 2, 5
Frequency Range	Band2: 1850MHz–1910MHz Band5: 824MHz–849MHz
Battery	Rating: DC 3.6V, 10050mAh, 36.18Wh

2.2. Antenna Description

Antenna Type	FPCB
Antenna Kit	Ethertronics / 1004293
Antenna Gain	Band 2: 2dBi, Band 5: -0.2dBi
Type of Modulation	QPSK

2.3. Device Capabilities

This device contains the following capabilities:

WCDMA Band 2, 5

2.4. Test Configuration

The **TruWITNESS PCS for North America (ATT)** was tested per the guidance of ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 and KDB 971168 D01v03r01. See section 3.0 of this report for a description of the radiated and antenna port conducted emissions tests. Note: The test report has showed the worst test mode.

2.5. EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and no modifications were made during testing.

3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST

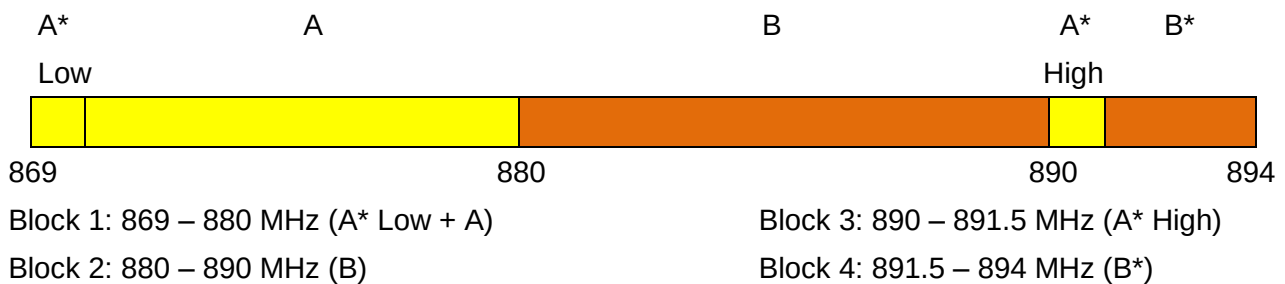
3.1. Evaluation Procedure

The measurement procedures described in the “Land Mobile FM or PM – Communications Equipment – Measurements and Performance Standards” (ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016) and “Procedures for Compliance Measurement of the Fundamental Emission Power of Licensed Wideband (> 1 MHz) Digital Transmission Systems” (KDB 971168) were used in the measurement of the **TruWITNESS PCS for North America (ATT)**

Deviation from measurement procedure.....None

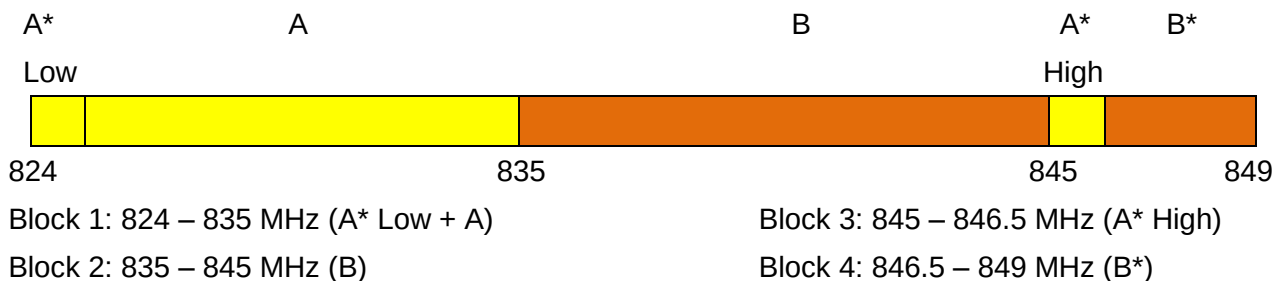
3.2. Cellular – Base Frequency Blocks

§22.905



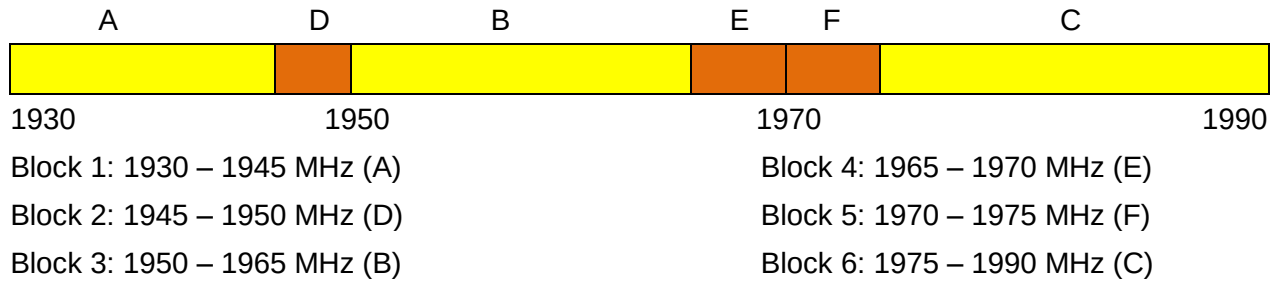
3.3. Cellular – Mobile Frequency Blocks

§22.905



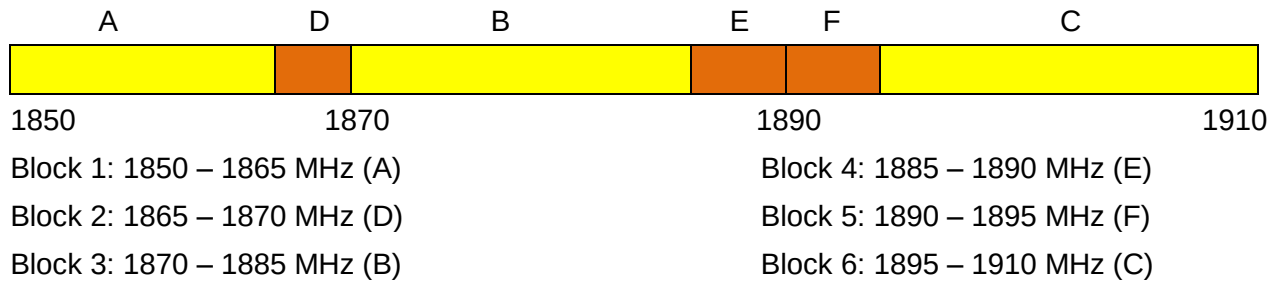
3.4. PCS – Base Frequency Blocks

§24.229



3.5. PCS – Mobile Frequency Blocks

§24.229



3.6. Occupied Bandwidth

§2.1049

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured. The spectrum analyzers' "occupied bandwidth" measurement function was used to record the occupied bandwidth in accordance with KDB 971168.

3.7. Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal

§2.1051 §22.917(a) §24.238(a)

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB. Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater for Part 22. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

3.8. Power and Radiated Spurious Emissions

§2.1053 §22.913(a.2) §22.917(a) §24.232(c) §24.238(a)

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber used for final measurement and exploratory measurements, when necessary. The measurement area is contained within the semi-anechoic chamber which is shielded from any ambient interference. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are arranged on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1GHz, the absorbers are removed. A MF Model 210SS turntable is used for radiated measurement. It is a continuously rotatable, remote-controlled, metallic turntable and 2 meters (6.56 ft.) in diameter. The turn table is flush with the raised floor of the chamber in order to maintain its function as a ground plane. A 80cm high PVC support structure is placed on top of the turntable.

The equipment under test was transmitting while connected to its integral antenna and is placed on a wooden turntable 80cm above the ground plane and 3 meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height is adjusted between 1 and 4 meter height, the turntable is rotated through 360 degrees, and the EUT is manipulated through all orthogonal planes representative of its typical use to achieve the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. Radiated power levels are also investigated with the receive antenna horizontally and vertically polarized. The maximized power level is recorded using the spectrum analyzer “Channel Power” function with the integration band set to the emissions’ occupied bandwidth, a RMS detector, RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, and a 1 second sweep time over a minimum of 10 sweeps, per the guidelines of KDB 971168.

Per the guidance of ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016, a half-wave dipole is then substituted in place of the EUT. For emissions above 1GHz, a horn antenna is substituted in place of the EUT. The substitute antenna is driven by a signal generator with the level of the signal generator being adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer level previously recorded from the spurious emission from the EUT. The power of the emission is calculated using the following formula:

$$P_d \text{ [dBm]} = P_g \text{ [dBm]} - \text{cable loss [dB]} + \text{antenna gain [dBd/dBi]}$$

Where, P_d is the dipole equivalent power, P_g is the generator output into the substitution antenna, and the antenna gain is the gain of the substitute antenna used relative to either a half-wave dipole (dBd) or an isotropic source (dBi). The substitute level is equal to $P_g \text{ [dBm]} - \text{cable loss [dB]}$.

The calculated P_d levels are then compared to the absolute spurious emission limit of -13dBm which is equivalent to the required minimum attenuation of $43 + 10 \cdot \log_{10}(\text{Power [Watts]})$ specified in 22.917(a).

3.9. Peak-Average Ratio

§24.232(d)

A peak to average ratio measurement is performed at the conducted port of the EUT. The spectrum analyzers Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement profile is used to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth. The CCDF curve shows how much time the peak waveform spends at or above a given average power level. The percent of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level.

For pulsed signals, the spectrum analyzer is set to use an internal “RF Burst” trigger that is synced with an incoming pulse and the measurement interval is set to less than the duration of the “on time” of one burst to ensure that energy is only captured during a time in which the transmitter is operating at maximum power. For continuous signals, the trigger is set to “free run” in the CCDF measurement mode.

3.10. Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

§2.1055 §22.355 §22.863 §22.905 §24.229 §24.235

Frequency stability testing is performed in accordance with the guidelines of ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016. The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) Temperature: The temperature is varied from -30°C to +50°C in 10°C increments using an environmental chamber.
- b.) Primary Supply Voltage: The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

Specification – For Part 22, the frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within $\pm 0.00025\%$ (± 2.5 ppm) of the center frequency.

Time Period and Procedure:

1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter is measured at room temperature (20°C to provide a reference).
2. The equipment is turned on in a “standby” condition for fifteen minutes before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter is made within one minute after applying power to the transmitter.
3. Frequency measurements are made at 10°C intervals ranging from -30°C to +50°C. A period of at least one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.

4. TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATE

Conducted Emissions – SR2

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	MRTTWA00019	1 year	2019/3/20
Cable	Rosnol	N1C50-RG400-B 1C50-500CM	MRTTWE00013	1 year	2019/5/18
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00009	1 year	2019/3/19

Radiated Emissions – AC1

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Broadband TRILOG Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9162	MRTTWA00001	1 year	2019/5/22
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00009	1 year	2019/3/19
Active Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	MRTTWA00002	1 year	2019/4/24
Broadband Horn antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	MRTTWA00003	1 year	2019/4/24
Breitband Hornantenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	MRTTWA00004	1 year	2019/4/23
Broadband Amplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9721	MRTTWA00006	1 year	2019/4/23
Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9718	MRTTWA00005	1 year	2019/4/23
Cable	HUBERSUHNER	SF106	MRTTWA00010	1 year	2019/5/18
Cable	Rosnol	K1K50-UP0264- K1K50-4M	MRTTWA00012	1 year	2019/7/30

Conducted Test Equipment – SR2

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MRTTWA00012	1 year	2019/7/30
USB Wideband Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MRTTWA00015	1 year	2019/3/20
Wideband Radio Communication Taster	R&S	CMW 500	MRTTWA00041	1 year	2020/1/28

Test Software

Software	Version	Function
e3	9.160520a	EMI Test Software
EMI	V3	EMI Test Software

5. SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

GSM Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 250KGXW

GSM BW = 250 kHz

G = Phase Modulation

X = Cases not otherwise covered

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

EGPRS Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 250KG7W

GSM BW = 250 kHz

G = Phase Modulation

7 = Quantized/Digital Info

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

WCDMA / CDMA Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 1M25F9W

WCDMA BW = 1.25 MHz

F = Frequency Modulation

9 = Composite Digital Info

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

LTE Emission Designator

Emission Designator = QPSK 5M00G7D / 16QAM 5M00W7D

LTE BW = 1.4/3/5/10/15/20 MHz

QPSK G = Phase Modulation /

16QAM W= in a combination of two or more of the following modes: amplitude, angle, pulse

7 = Quantized/Digital Info

D = Data transmission, telemetry, telecommand

Spurious Radiated Emission

Example: Spurious emission at 1688.10 MHz

The receive spectrum analyzer reading at 3 meters with the EUT on the turntable was -65.0dBm. The gain of the substituted antenna is 6.5dBi. The signal generator connected to the substituted antenna terminals is adjusted to produce a reading of -65.0dBm on the spectrum analyzer. The loss of the cable between the signal generator and the terminals of the substituted antenna is 4.5 dB at 1688.1MHz. So 2 dB is added to the signal generator reading of -25dBm yielding -23dBm. The fundamental EIRP was 24.0dBm so this harmonic was 24.0dBm - (-23) = 47dBc.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following test uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k = 2$.

Radiated Spurious Emission
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_c(y)$): 3.92dB (Below 30M)
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_c(y)$): 4.25dB (30M~1G)
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_c(y)$): 4.40dB (1G~18G)
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_c(y)$): 4.45dB (18G~40G)
Frequency Error
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_c(y)$): $\pm 78.4\text{Hz}$
Conducted Power
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_c(y)$): $\pm 0.84\text{dB}$
Conducted Spurious Emission
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_c(y)$): $\pm 2.65\text{ dB}$
Occupied Bandwidth
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_c(y)$): 3.3%
Temp. / Humidity
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_c(y)$): $\pm 0.82^\circ\text{C}/ \pm 3\%$
DC Voltage
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_c(y)$): $\pm 0.3\%$

7. TEST RESULT

7.1. Summary

Company Name: FLIR Systems, Inc.
FCC Classification: PCS Licensed Transmitter (PCB)
Mode(s): WCDMA Band 2, 5

FCC Part Section(s)	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Reference
Transmitter Mode (TX)					
2.1049	Occupied bandwidth	N/A	Conducted	Pass	Section 7.2
2.1051 22.917(a) 24.238(a)	Conducted Spurious Emissions	$> 43 + \log_{10} (P[\text{Watts}])$ at for all out-of-band emissions		Pass	Section 7.3
2.1051 22.917(a)	Band Edge	$> 43 + \log_{10} (P[\text{Watts}])$ at for all out-of-band emissions		Pass	Section 7.4
2.1046	Conducted Output Power	N/A		Pass	Section 7.5
22.913(a.2)	Radiated Output Power	< 7 Watts max. ERP	Radiated	Pass	Section 7.5
24.232(c)	Radiated Output Power	< 2 Watts max. ERP		Pass	
2.1053 22.917(a) 24.238(a)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	$> 43 + \log_{10} (P[\text{Watts}])$ for all out-of-band emissions		Pass	Section 7.5
24.232(d)	Peak-Average Ratio	< 13 dB		Pass	Section 7.6
2.1055 22.355 24.235	Frequency Stability	< 2.5 ppm		Pass	Section 7.7

Notes:

- 1) All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. For radiated emission test, every axis (X, Y, Z) was also verified (If appropriate). The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- 2) The analyzer plots shown in this section were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables and attenuators used as part of the system to connect the EUT to the analyzer at all frequencies of interest.
- 3) All antenna port conducted emissions testing was performed on a test bench with the antenna port of the EUT connected to the spectrum analyzer through calibrated cables and attenuators.

7.2. Occupied Bandwidth

7.2.1. Test Limit

N/A

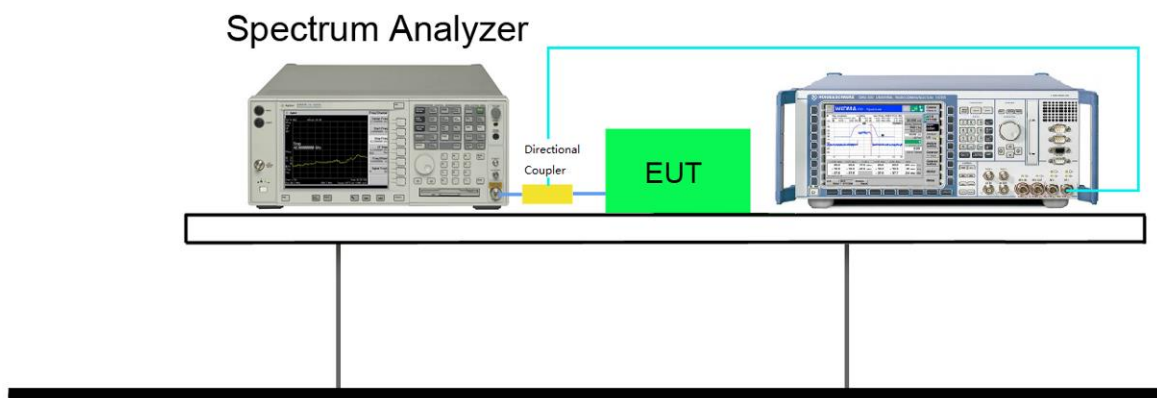
7.2.2. Test Procedure used

KDB 971168 D01v03r01 – Section 4.2 & ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016

7.2.3. Test Setting

1. The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
The span range for the spectrum analyzer shall be between two and five times the anticipated OBW.
2. The nominal resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be at least 3 times the RBW. (RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth).
3. Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold.
4. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the spectrum analyzer (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.

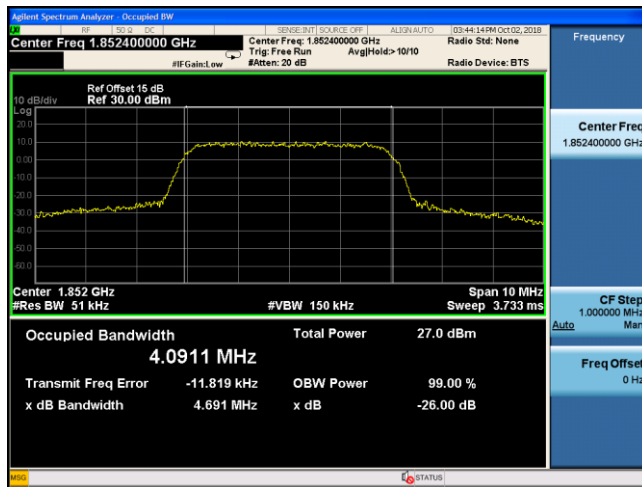
7.2.4. Test Setup



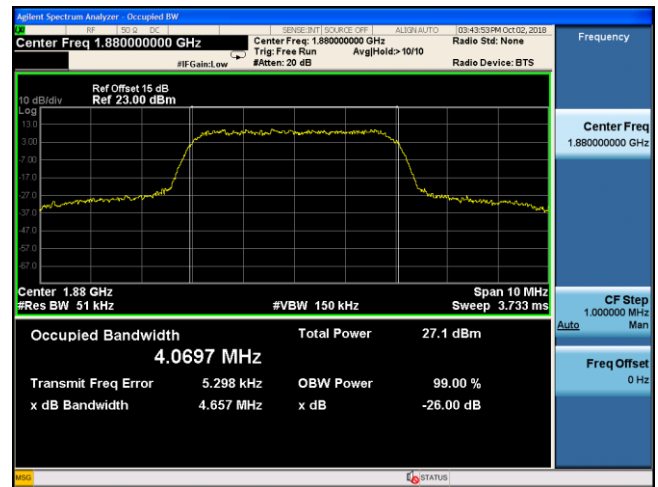
7.2.5. Test Result

Test Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	-26dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
WCDMA Band2 1900	9262	1852.4	4.0911	4.691	Pass
	9400	1880	4.0697	4.657	Pass
	9538	1907.6	4.0572	4.621	Pass
WCDMA Band5 850	4132	826.4	4.0900	4.706	Pass
	4183	836.6	4.0531	4.602	Pass
	4233	846.6	4.0684	4.629	Pass

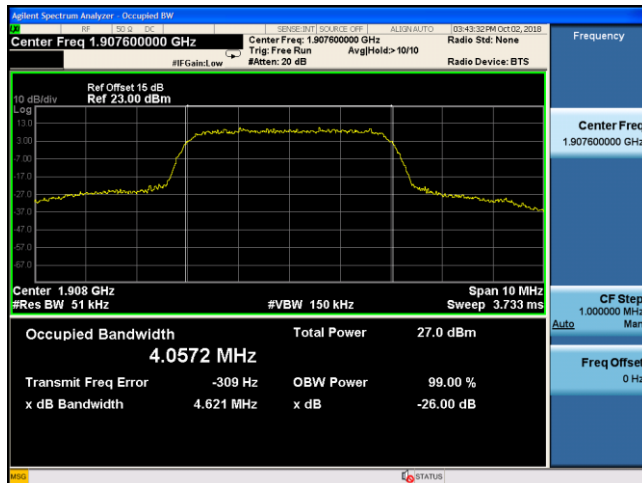
WCDMA Band 2 CH9262



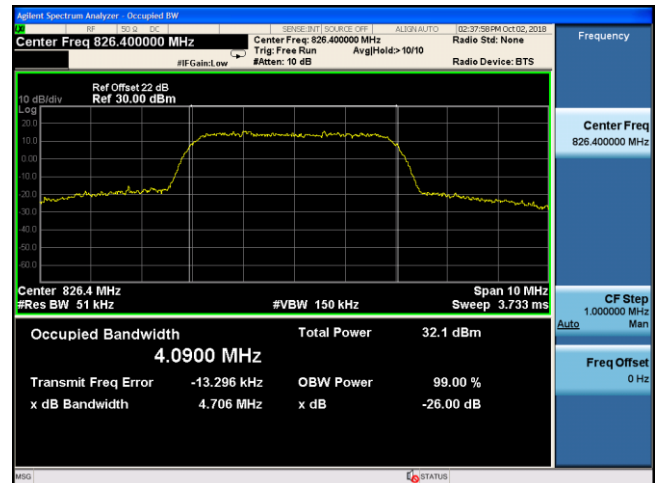
WCDMA Band 2 CH9400



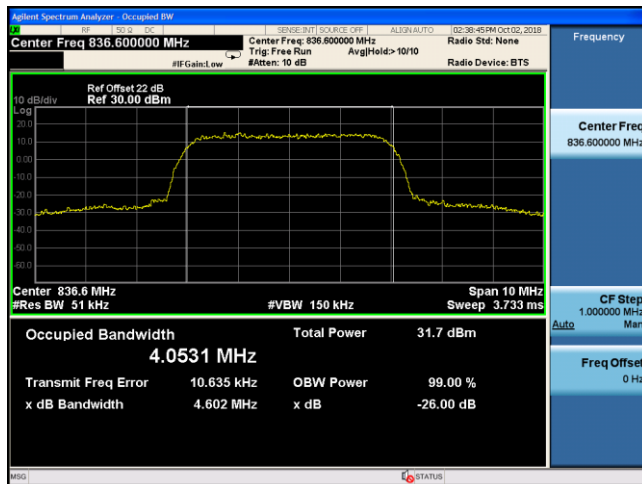
WCDMA Band 2 CH9538



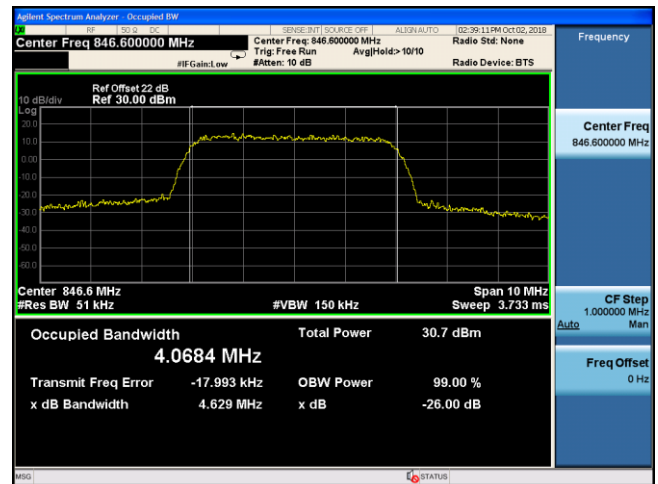
WCDMA Band 5 CH4132



WCDMA Band 5 CH4183



WCDMA Band 5 CH4233



7.3. Conducted Spurious Emissions

7.3.1. Test Limit

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB.

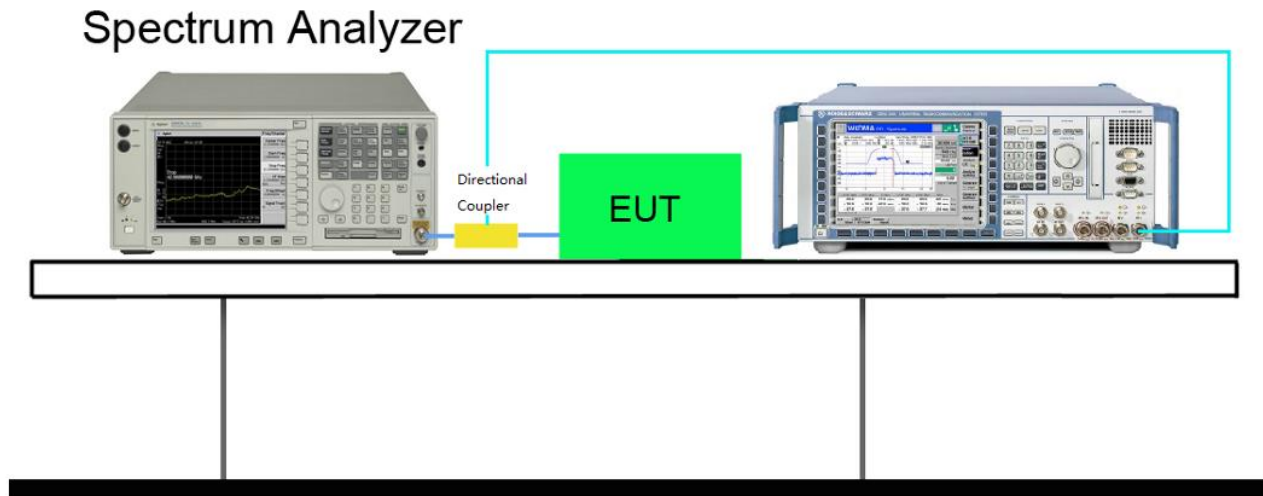
7.3.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 971168 D01v03r01 – Section 6.0 & ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016

7.3.3. Test Setting

Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz is at or below 1GHz and 1MHz is above 1GHz, If any, up to 10th harmonic.

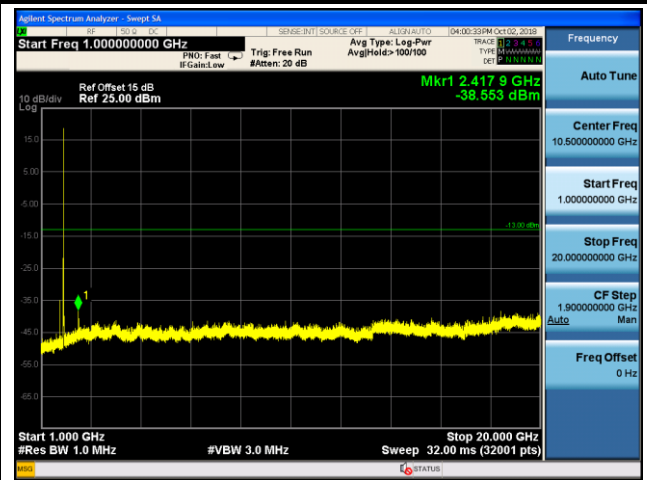
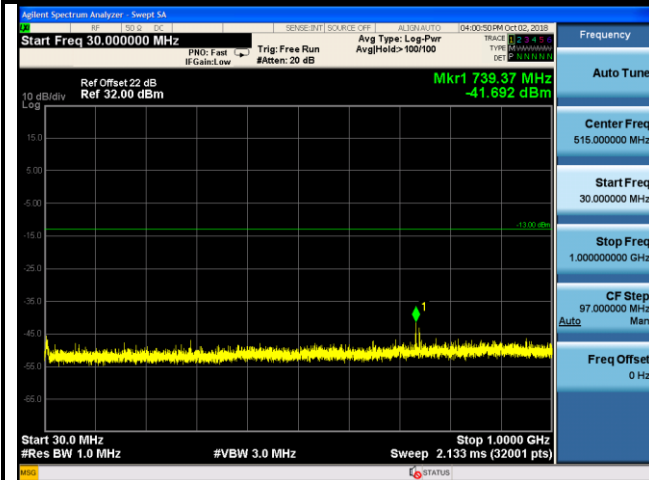
7.3.4. Test Setup



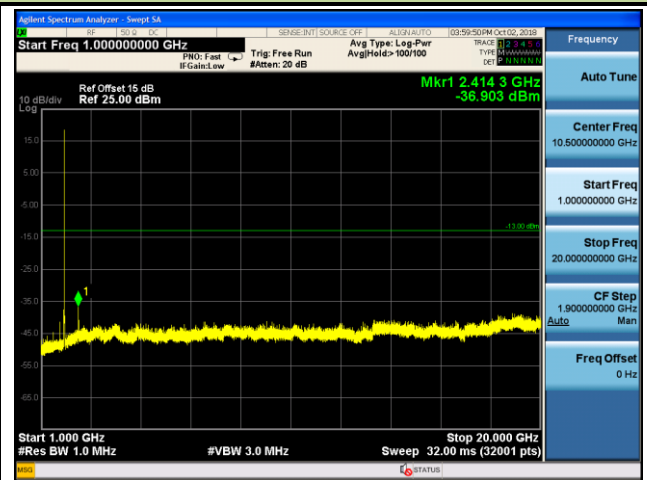
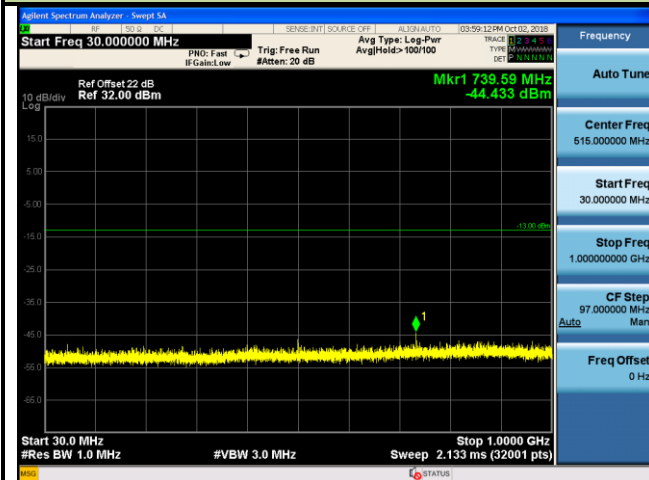
7.3.5. Test Result

Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Modulation	Test Result
WCDMA Band2 1900	9262	1852.4	QPSK	Pass
	9400	1880	QPSK	Pass
	9538	1907.6	QPSK	Pass
WCDMA Band5 850	4132	826.4	QPSK	Pass
	4183	836.6	QPSK	Pass
	4233	846.6	QPSK	Pass

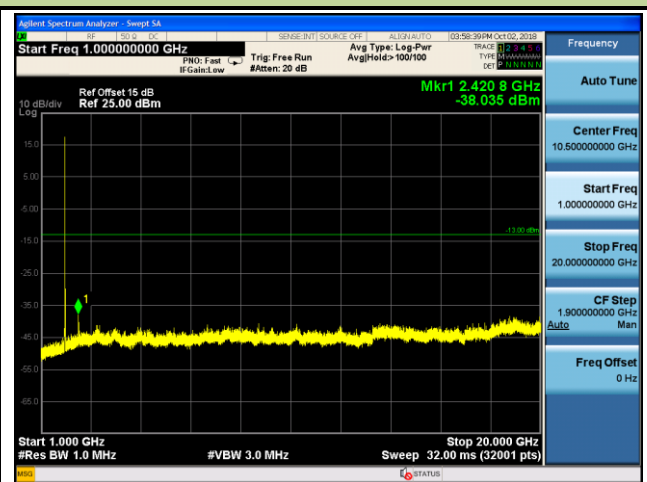
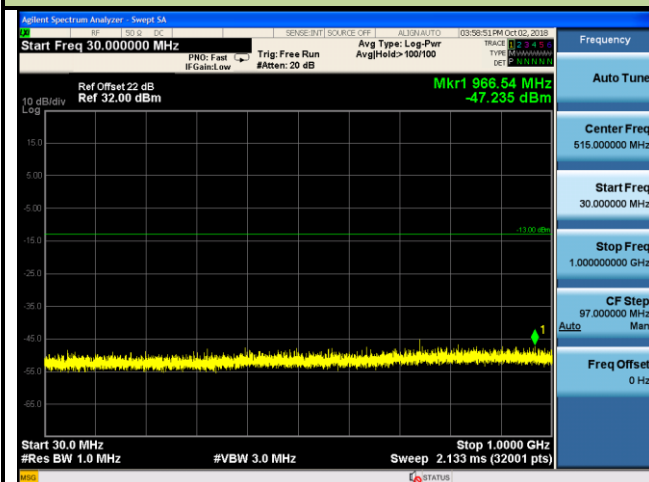
WCDMA Band 2 CH9262



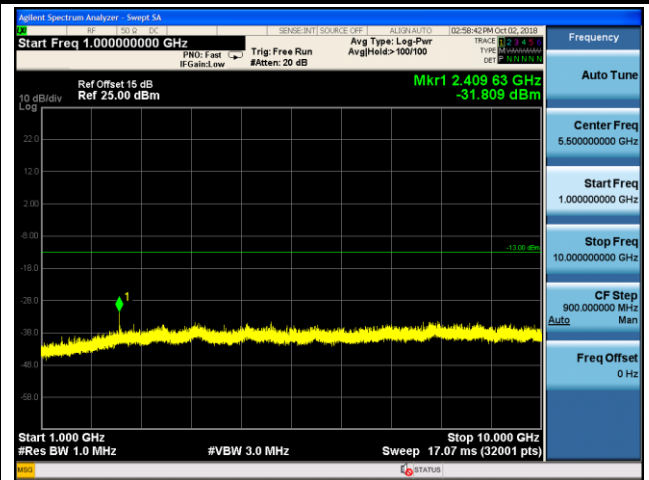
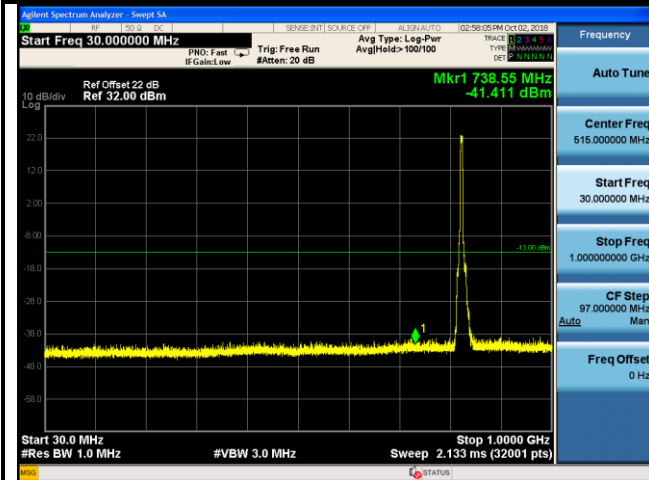
WCDMA Band 2 CH9400



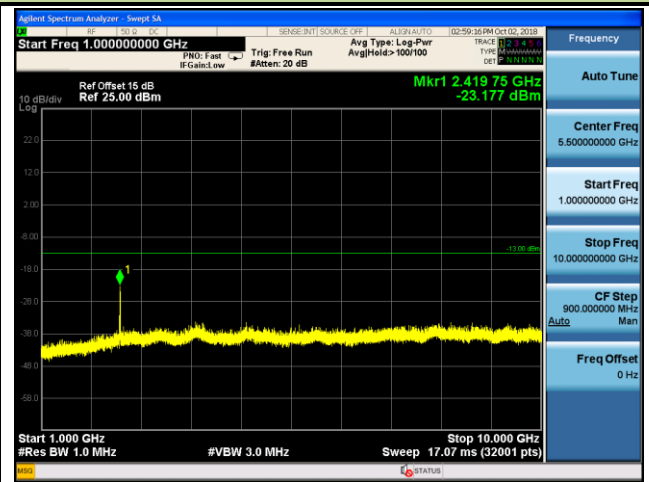
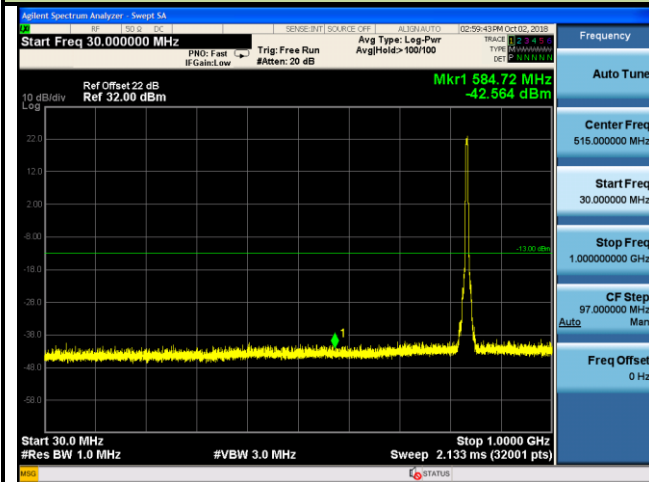
WCDMA Band 2 CH9538



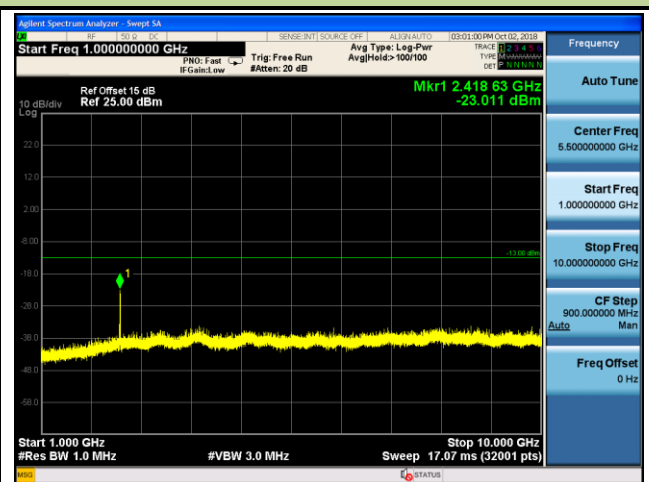
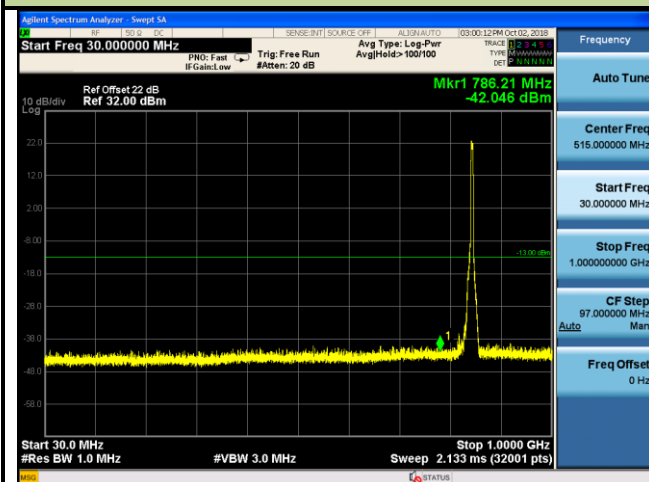
WCDMA Band 5 CH4132



WCDMA Band 5 CH4183



WCDMA Band 5 CH4233



7.4. Band Edge at Antenna Terminal

7.4.1. Test Limit

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB.

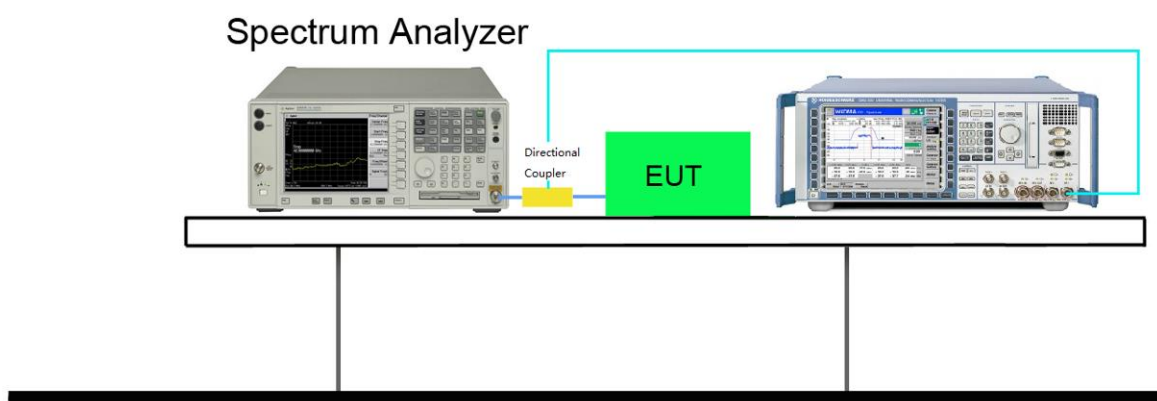
7.4.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 971168 D01v03r01 – Section 6.0 & ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016

7.4.3. Test Setting

In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. 100 kHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

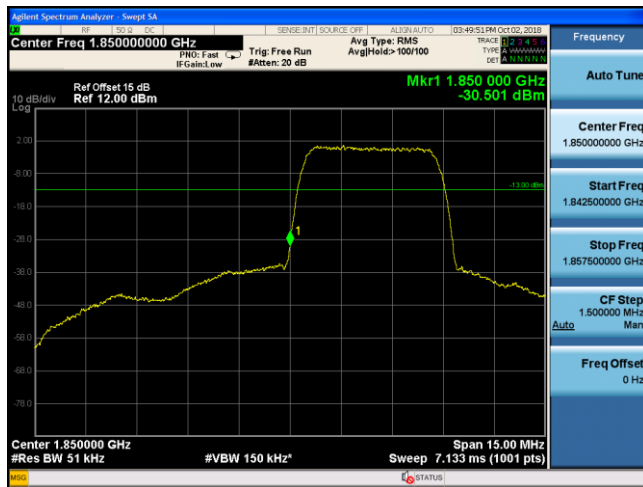
7.4.4. Test Setup



7.4.5. Test Result

Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Modulation	Test Result
WCDMA Band2 1900	9262	1852.4	QPSK	Pass
	9538	1907.6	QPSK	Pass
WCDMA Band5 850	4132	826.4	QPSK	Pass
	4233	846.6	QPSK	Pass

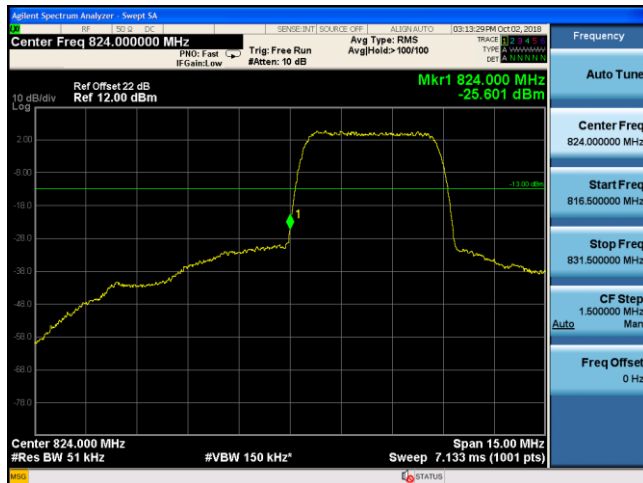
WCDMA Band 2 CH9262



WCDMA Band 2 CH9538



WCDMA Band 5 CH4132



WCDMA Band 5 CH4233



7.5. Power and Radiated Spurious Emissions

7.5.1 Test Limit

Radiated Power

For FCC Part 22.913(a)(2):

The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts.

For FCC Part 24.232(b):

The EIRP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 2 Watts.

Radiated Spurious Emissions

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB.

7.5.2 Test Procedure Used

KDB 971168 D01v03r01 - Section 7.0 & ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016

7.5.3 Test Setting

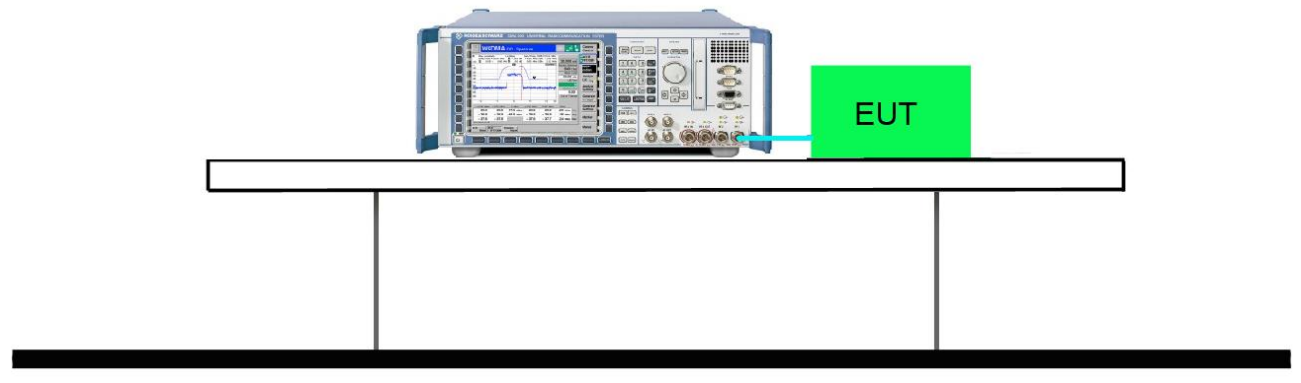
1. The EUT shall be placed at the specified height on a support, and in the position closest to normal use as declared by provider.
2. The test antenna shall be oriented initially for vertical polarization and shall be chosen to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter
3. The output of the test antenna shall be connected to the measuring receiver.
4. The transmitter shall be switched on and the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.
5. The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
6. The transmitter shall then be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
7. The test antenna shall be raised and lowered again through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
8. The maximum signal level detected by the measuring receiver shall be noted.
9. The transmitter shall be replaced by a substitution antenna.
10. The substitution antenna shall be orientated for vertical polarization and the length of the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter.
11. The substitution antenna shall be connected to a calibrated signal generator.
12. If necessary, the input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver shall be adjusted in order to increase the sensitivity of the measuring receiver.
13. The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height to ensure that the maximum signal is received.
14. The input signal to the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to the level that produces a level detected by the measuring receiver, that is equal to the level noted while the transmitter

radiated power was measured, corrected for the change of input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver.

15. The measurement shall be repeated with the test antenna and the substitution antenna orientated for horizontal polarization.
16. The measure of the effective radiated power is the larger of the two levels recorded at the input to the substitution antenna, corrected for gain of the substitution antenna if necessary.
17. Test site anechoic chamber refer to ANSI C63.4: 2014.

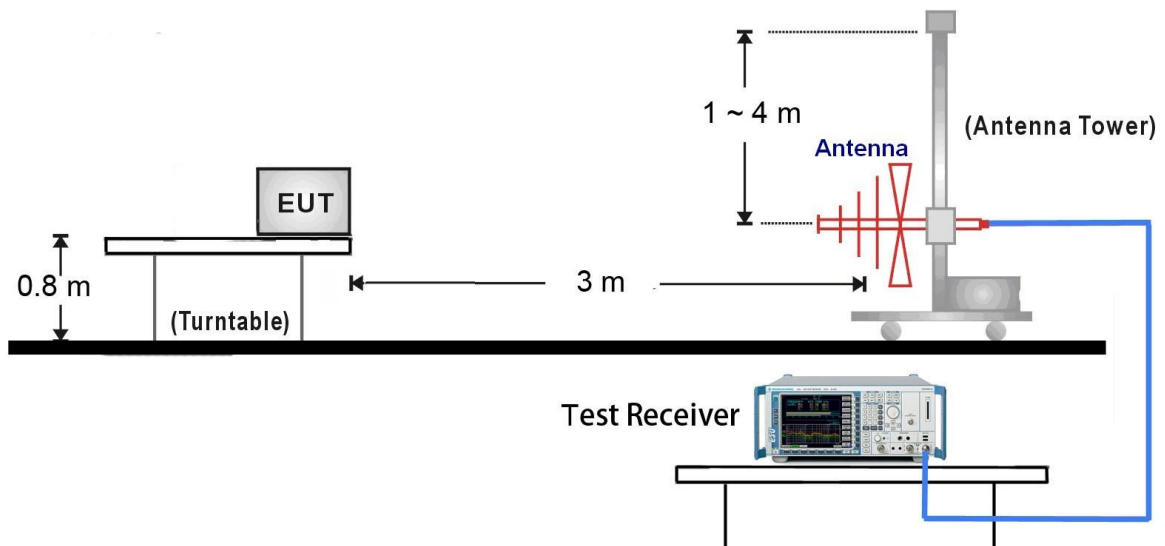
7.5.4 Test Setup

Conducted Power

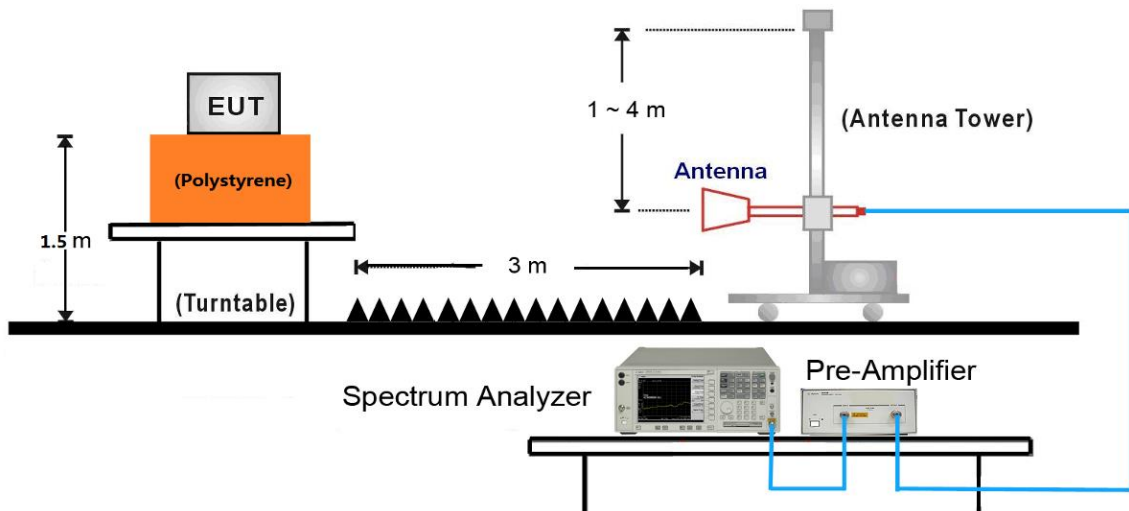


Radiated Power & Radiated Spurious Emissions

30MHz ~ 1GHz Test Setup:



1GHz ~ 10GHz Test Setup:



7.5.5 Test Result

Conducted Power

3G-WCDMA Mode	3GPP Subtest	Conducted Power (dBm)			MPR
		Band 2 Channel			
		CH 9262 (1852.4MHz)	CH 9400 (1880MHz)	CH 9538 (1907.6MHz)	
WCDMA R99	N/A	22.98	22.56	22.40	N/A
Rel5 HSDPA	1	22.94	22.48	22.31	0
	2	22.88	22.42	22.26	0
	3	22.79	22.38	22.21	0.5
	4	22.71	22.30	22.17	0.5
Rel6 HSUPA	1	22.89	22.51	22.36	0
	2	22.83	22.47	22.31	2
	3	22.78	22.42	22.27	1
	4	22.75	22.38	22.23	2
	5	22.68	22.31	22.17	0
3G-WCDMA Mode	3GPP Subtest	Conducted Power (dBm)			MPR
		Band 5 Channel			
		CH 4132 (826.4MHz)	CH 4132 (826.4MHz)	CH 4132 (826.4MHz)	
WCDMA R99	N/A	23.17	23.09	23.24	N/A
Rel5 HSDPA	1	23.06	22.97	23.18	0
	2	23.03	22.91	23.12	0
	3	22.92	22.83	23.07	0.5
	4	22.86	22.77	22.95	0.5
Rel6 HSUPA	1	23.12	23.01	23.20	0
	2	23.07	22.94	23.15	2
	3	22.96	22.88	23.07	1
	4	22.88	22.81	22.98	2
	5	22.78	22.74	22.91	0

Radiated Power

WCDMA Band 2							
Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	SG Reading (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP Measure (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
CH9262 / 1852.4MHz							
1852.4	H	14.252	1.065	4.613	17.800	33	-15.20
1852.4	V	15.572	1.065	4.613	19.120	33	-13.88
CH9400 / 1880MHz							
1880	H	15.339	1.065	4.586	18.860	33	-14.14
1880	V	16.599	1.065	4.586	20.120	33	-12.88
CH9538 / 1907.6MHz							
1907.6	H	15.137	1.065	4.558	18.630	33	-14.37
1907.6	V	16.697	1.065	4.558	20.190	33	-12.81

NOTES:

1. ERP (dBm) / EIRP (dBm)=
SG Reading (dBm) - Cable Loss (dB) + Substitute Antenna Gain (dBd/dBi)
2. This unit was tested with its standard adapter.
3. The EUT was tested in three orthogonal planes and in all possible test configurations and positioning.

WCDMA Band 5							
Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	SG Reading (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBd)	ERP Measure (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
CH4132 / 826.4MHz							
826.4	H	14.44	0.88	5.38	18.940	38.5	-19.56
826.4	V	11.01	0.88	5.38	15.510	38.5	-22.99
CH4183 / 836.6MHz							
836.6	H	13.07	0.88	5.38	17.570	38.5	-20.93
836.6	V	8.91	0.88	5.38	13.410	38.5	-25.09
CH4233 / 846.6MHz							
846.6	H	14.39	0.88	5.39	18.900	38.5	-19.60
846.6	V	11.16	0.88	5.39	15.670	38.5	-22.83

NOTES:

- ERP (dBm) / EIRP (dBm)=
SG Reading (dBm) - Cable Loss (dB) + Substitute Antenna Gain (dBd/dBi)
- This unit was tested with its standard adapter.
- The EUT was tested in three orthogonal planes and in all possible test configurations and positioning.

Radiated Spurious Emission

WCDMA Band 2							
Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	SG Reading (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP Measure (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
CH9262 / 1852.4MHz							
3704.8	H	-57.151	1.390	7.881	-50.660	-13	-37.66
5557.2	H	-64.44	1.750	10.100	-56.090	-13	-43.09
7409.6	H	-61.484	1.940	11.664	-51.760	-13	-38.76
3704.8	V	-67.781	1.390	7.881	-61.290	-13	-48.29
5557.2	V	-66.44	1.750	10.100	-58.090	-13	-45.09
7409.6	V	-63.664	1.940	11.664	-53.940	-13	-40.94
CH9400 / 1880MHz							
3760	H	-57.31	1.360	7.950	-50.720	-13	-37.72
5640	H	-65.25	1.790	10.100	-56.940	-13	-43.94
7520	H	-63.242	1.970	11.722	-53.490	-13	-40.49
3760	V	-68.68	1.360	7.950	-62.090	-13	-49.09
5640	V	-66.99	1.790	10.100	-58.680	-13	-45.68
7520	V	-65.132	1.970	11.722	-55.380	-13	-42.38
CH9538 / 1907.6MHz							
3815.2	H	-61.173	1.350	8.073	-54.450	-13	-41.45
5722.8	H	-64.98	1.840	10.100	-56.720	-13	-43.72
7630.4	H	-63.524	1.610	11.804	-53.330	-13	-40.33
3815.2	V	-68.403	1.350	8.073	-61.680	-13	-48.68
5722.8	V	-64.56	1.840	10.100	-56.300	-13	-43.30
7630.4	V	-62.334	1.610	11.804	-52.140	-13	-39.14

Note:

- Spurious emissions within 30-1000MHz & Other harmonic were found more than 20dB below limit line.
- $EIRP \text{ or } ERP \text{ (dBm)} = SG \text{ Reading (dBm)} - \text{Cable Loss (dB)} + \text{Substitute Antenna Gain (dBi)}$

WCDMA Band 5							
Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	SG Reading (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP Measure (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
CH4132 / 826.4MHz							
1652.8	H	-62.338	1.050	5.078	-58.310	-13	-45.31
2479.2	H	-62.098	1.270	5.558	-57.810	-13	-44.81
3305.6	H	-55.913	1.290	6.973	-50.230	-13	-37.23
1652.8	V	-65.828	1.050	5.078	-61.800	-13	-48.80
2479.2	V	-65.738	1.270	5.558	-61.450	-13	-48.45
3305.6	V	-68.323	1.290	6.973	-62.640	-13	-49.64
CH4183 / 836.6MHz							
1673.2	H	-60.934	1.050	5.024	-56.960	-13	-43.96
2509.8	H	-62.456	1.140	5.636	-57.960	-13	-44.96
3346.4	H	-63.882	1.320	7.122	-58.080	-13	-45.08
1673.2	V	-58.794	1.050	5.024	-54.820	-13	-41.82
2509.8	V	-64.236	1.140	5.636	-59.740	-13	-46.74
3346.4	V	-68.582	1.320	7.122	-62.780	-13	-49.78
CH4233 / 846.6MHz							
1693.2	H	-54	1.100	4.970	-50.130	-13	-37.13
2539.8	H	-66.502	1.150	5.732	-61.920	-13	-48.92
3386.4	H	-64.202	1.390	7.272	-58.320	-13	-45.32
1693.2	V	-57.5	1.100	4.970	-53.630	-13	-40.63
2539.8	V	-65.592	1.150	5.732	-61.010	-13	-48.01
3386.4	V	-67.782	1.390	7.272	-61.900	-13	-48.90

Note:

1. Spurious emissions within 30-1000MHz & Other harmonic were found more than 20dB below limit line.
2. $EIRP \text{ or } ERP \text{ (dBm)} = SG \text{ Reading (dBm)} - Cable \text{ Loss (dB)} + Substitute \text{ Antenna Gain (dBi)}$

7.6. Peak-Average Ratio

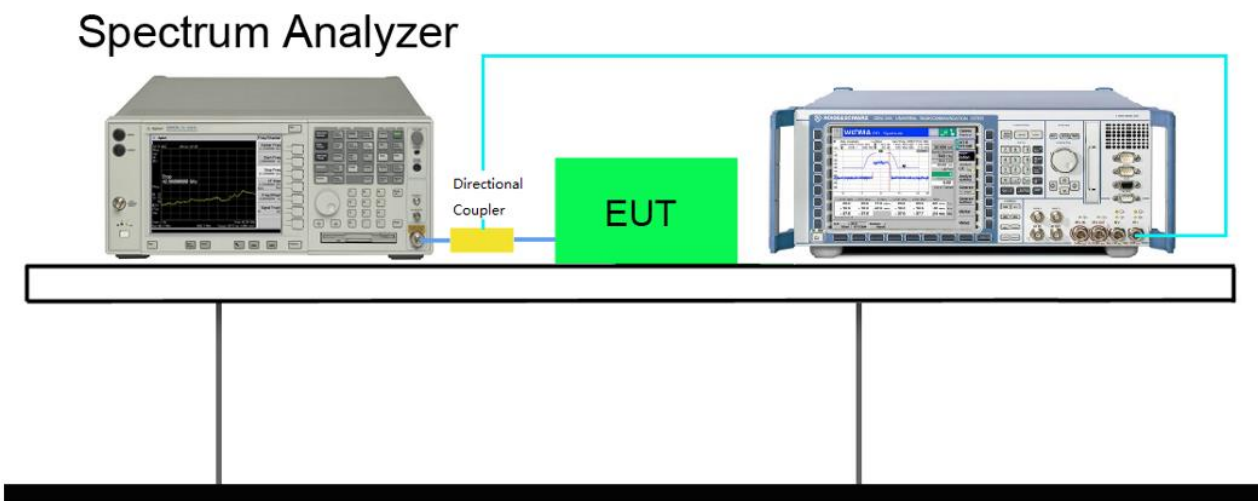
7.6.1 Test Limit

The transmitter's peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1% of the time using a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

7.6.2 Test Procedure

KDB 971168 D01v03r01 - Section 5.7 & ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016

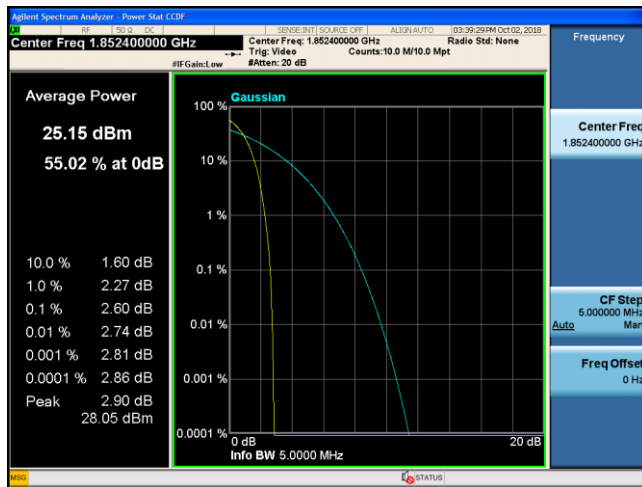
7.6.3 Test Setup



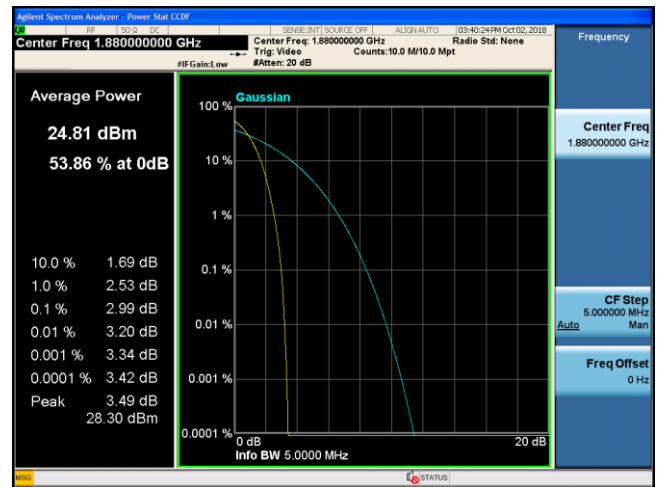
7.6.4 Test Result

Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Modulation	Test Result (13dBm)
WCDMA Band2 1900	9262	1852.4	QPSK	Pass
	9400	1880	QPSK	Pass
	9538	1907.6	QPSK	Pass
WCDMA Band5 850	4132	826.4	QPSK	Pass
	4183	836.6	QPSK	Pass
	4233	846.6	QPSK	Pass

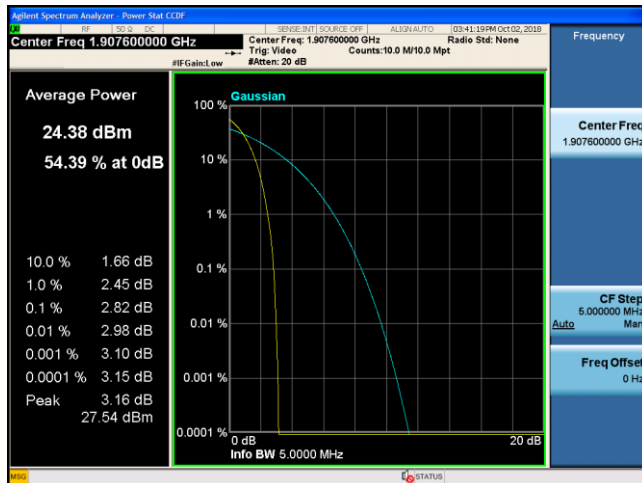
WCDMA Band 2 CH9262



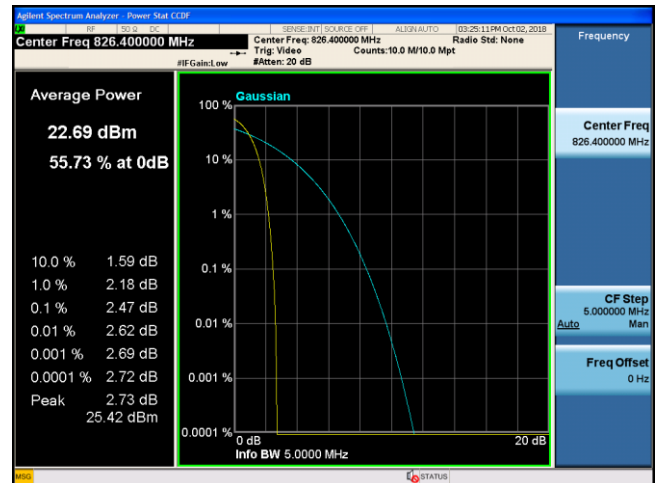
WCDMA Band 2 CH9400



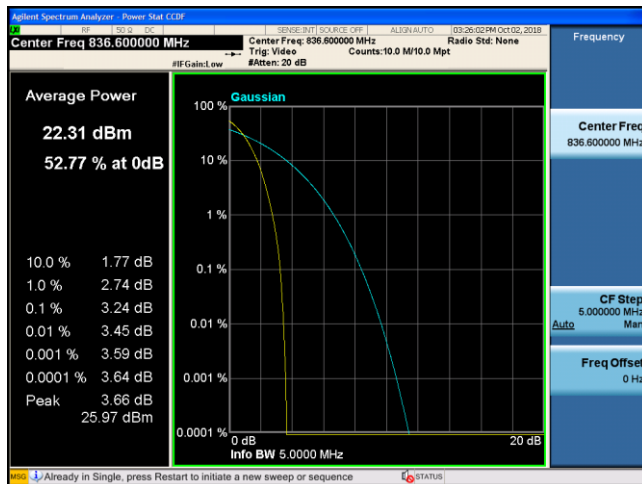
WCDMA Band 2 CH9538



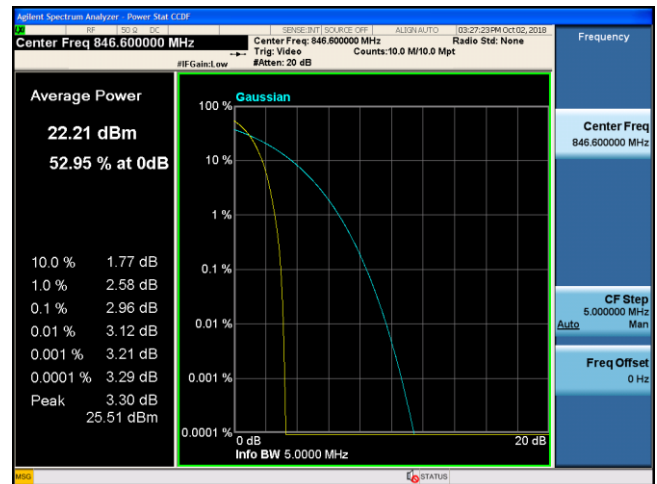
WCDMA Band 5 CH4132



WCDMA Band 5 CH4183



WCDMA Band 5 CH4233



7.7. Frequency Stability Under Temperature & Voltage Variations

7.7.1 Test Limit

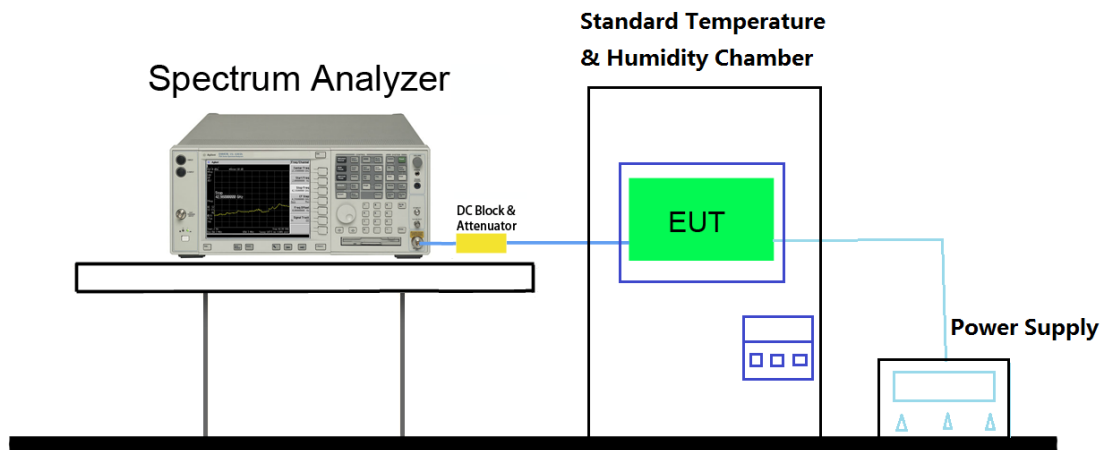
The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

Limit	$< \pm 2.5$ ppm
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7.7.2 Test Procedure

KDB 971168 D01v03r01 - Section 9.0 & ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016

7.7.3 Test Setup



7.7.4 Test Result

Operating Frequency	1880MHz
Channel	CH9400
Test Mode	WCDMA Band 2
Reference Voltage	DC 3.6V

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability						
Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp (°C)	Declared Frequency (MHz)	Measured Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Limit (ppm)
100%	3.6V	-30	1880	-10.49	-0.006	±2.5
		-20	1880	-15.52	-0.008	±2.5
		-10	1880	-15.94	-0.008	±2.5
		0	1880	-14.80	-0.008	±2.5
		10	1880	-14.73	-0.008	±2.5
		+ 20 (Ref)	1880	-13.75	-0.007	±2.5
		30	1880	-13.15	-0.007	±2.5
		40	1880	-14.81	-0.008	±2.5
		50	1880	-15.42	-0.008	±2.5
Voltage vs. Frequency Stability						
Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp (°C)	Declared Frequency (MHz)	Measured Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Limit (ppm)
100%	3.6V	20	1880	-13.65	-0.007	±2.5
115%	4.14V	20	1880	-14.56	-0.008	±2.5
85%	3.06V	20	1880	-9.37	-0.005	±2.5

Operating Frequency	836.6MHz
Channel	CH4183
Test Mode	WCDMA Band 5
Reference Voltage	DC 3.6V

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability						
Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp (°C)	Declared Frequency (MHz)	Measured Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Limit (ppm)
100%	3.6V	-30	836.6	-7.62	-0.009	±2.5
		-20	836.6	-7.50	-0.009	±2.5
		-10	836.6	-9.05	-0.011	±2.5
		0	836.6	-7.60	-0.009	±2.5
		10	836.6	-8.25	-0.010	±2.5
		+ 20 (Ref)	836.6	-7.01	-0.008	±2.5
		30	836.6	-8.08	-0.010	±2.5
		40	836.6	-7.90	-0.009	±2.5
		50	836.6	-7.98	-0.010	±2.5
Voltage vs. Frequency Stability						
Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp (°C)	Declared Frequency (MHz)	Measured Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Limit (ppm)
100%	3.6V	20	836.6	-8.80	-0.011	±2.5
115%	4.14V	20	836.6	-8.63	-0.010	±2.5
85%	3.06V	20	836.6	-7.17	-0.009	±2.5

The End