Maximum Permissible Exposure Report

1. Product Information

FCC ID:	2ASR7-YT21P
Product name	21.5" Windows optical bonding touch pc
Test Model	YT21P
Power supply	Input: 100-240V~, 50/60Hz, 3A
Power supply	Output: DC 12V
Hardware version	/
Software version	/
2.4G WLAN Operation frequency	IEEE 802.11b: 2412 – 2462 MHz IEEE 802.11g: 2412 – 2462 MHz IEEE 802.11n HT20: 2412 – 2462 MHz
Modulation Type	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,BPSK)
Antenna Type and Gain for 2.4G WLAN	Chain 0: External antenna, 2.2dBi (Max.) Chain 1: External antenna, 2.2dBi (Max.) The Directional Gain is 5.21dBi.
Exposure category	General population/uncontrolled environment
EUT Type	Production Unit
Device Type	Mobile Device

2. Evaluation Method

Systems operating under the provisions of FCC 47 CFR section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2m normally can be maintained between the user and the device, and below RF Permissible Exposure limit shall comply with.

In accordance with KDB447498D01 for Simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneous transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device, based on the calculated/estimated, numerically modelled or measured field strengths or power density, is ≤ 1.0. The MPE ratio of each antenna is determined at the minimum test separation distance required by the operating configurations and exposure conditions of the host device, according to the ratio of field strengths or power density to MPE limit, at the test frequency. Either the maximum peak or spatially averaged results from measurements or numerical simulations may be used to determine the MPE ratios. Spatial averaging does not apply when MPE is estimated using simple calculations based on far-field plane-wave equivalent conditions. The antenna installation and operating requirements for the host device must meet the minimum test separation distances required by all antennas, in both standalone and simultaneous transmission operations, to satisfy compliance.

3. Limit

3. 1 Refer Evaluation Method

ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

<u>FCC KDB publication 447498 D01 General 1 RF Exposure Guidance v06:</u> Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

FCC CFR 47 part1 1.1310: Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits.

FCC CFR 47 part2 2.1091: Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: mobile devices

3. 2 Limit

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)/Controlled Exposure

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Averaging Time		
Range(MHz)	Strength(V/m)	Strength(A/m)	(mW/cm²)	(minute)		
Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure						
0.3 - 3.0	614	1.63	(100) *	6		
3.0 - 30	1842/f	4.89/f	(900/f ²)*	6		
30 – 300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6		
300 – 1500	/	/	f/300	6		
1500 - 100,000	/	/	5	6		

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Averaging Time				
Range(MHz)	Strength(V/m)	Strength(A/m)	(mW/cm²)	(minute)				
	Limits for O	ccupational/Controll	ed Exposure					
0.3 - 3.0	614	1.63	(100)_*	30				
3.0 - 30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f ²)*	30				
30 – 300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30				
300 – 1500	/	/	f/1500	30				
1500 – 100,000	/	/	1.0	30				

F=frequency in MHz

4. MPE Calculation Method

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

 $S=PG/4\pi R^2$

Where: S=power density

P=power input to antenna

G=power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R=distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

5. Antenna Information

C2M can only use antennas certificated as follows provided by manufacturer;

Internal Identification	Antenna type and antenna number	Operate frequency band	Maximum antenna gain	Notes
Antenna 1	External Antenna	2400 MHz –2500 MHz	2.2 dBi	WiFi Antenna
Antenna 2	External Antenna	2400 MHz –2500 MHz	2.2 dBi	WiFi Antenna

^{*=}Plane-wave equivalent power density

6. Conducted Power

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Output Power (dBm)			
		(IVITZ)	Antenna 1	Antenna 2	Sum	
	1	2412	11.90	14.33	/	
IEEE 802.11b	6	2437	12.59	14.17	/	
	11	2462	11.94	14.00	/	
IEEE 802.11g	1	2412	16.89	16.08	/	
	6	2437	16.67	16.35	/	
	11	2462	15.88	16.23	/	
IEEE 802.11n HT20	1	2412	16.59	16.41	19.51	
	6	2437	16.74	16.51	19.64	
11120	11	2462	16.26	16.38	19.33	

7. Measurement Results

2.4GWLAN (Antenna 1)

2.4GWLAN (AIICEIIII 1)								
IEEE 802.11b (Peak)								
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11					
Target (dBm)	12.0	12.0	12.0					
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0					
	IEEE 802	2.11g (Peak)						
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11					
Target (dBm)	16.0	16.0	16.0					
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0					
	IEEE 802.11n HT20 (Peak)							
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11					
Target (dBm)	16.0	16.0	16.0					
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0					

2.4GWLAN (Antenna 2)

Z.+GWEAN (Antenna Z)								
IEEE 802.11b (Peak)								
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11					
Target (dBm)	14.0	14.0	14.0					
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0					
	IEEE 802	2.11g (Peak)						
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11					
Target (dBm)	16.0	16.0	16.0					
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0					
	IEEE 802.11n HT20 (Peak)							
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11					
Target (dBm)	16.0	16.0	16.0					
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0					

8. Measurement Results

8.1 Standalone MPE

As declared by the Applicant, the EUT is a wireless device used in a fix application, at least 20 cm from any body part of the user or nearby persons; from the maximum EUT RF output power, the minimum separation distance, r =20cm, as well as the gain of the used antenna refer to antenna information, the RF power density can be obtained.

Antenna 1

	Output power		Antenna	Antenna	Duty	MPE	MPE
Modulation Type	dBm	mW	Gain (dBi)	Gain (linear)	Cycle	(mW/cm2)	Limits (mW/cm2)
IEEE 802.11b	13.0	19.9526	2.200	1.6596	100%	0.0066	1.0000
IEEE 802.11g	17.0	50.1187	2.200	1.6596	100%	0.0165	1.0000
IEEE 802.11n HT20	17.0	50.1187	2.200	1.6596	100%	0.0165	1.0000

Antenna 2

Modulation Type	Output pow	er	Antenna	Antenna	Duty	MPE	MPE
	dBm mW	Gain	Gain	Cycle	(mW/cm2)	Limits	
	ubili	IIIVV	(dBi)	(linear)	Сусіе	(11100/C1112)	(mW/cm2)
IEEE 802.11b	15.0	31.6228	2.200	1.6596	100%	0.0104	1.0000
IEEE 802.11g	17.0	50.1187	2.200	1.6596	100%	0.0165	1.0000
IEEE 802.11n HT20	17.0	50.1187	2.200	1.6596	100%	0.0165	1.0000

Remark:

- 1. Output power including tune-up tolerance;
- 2. MPE evaluate distance is 20 cm from user manual provide by manufacturer;

8.2 Simultaneous Transmission MPE

According to KDB 447498 for Transmitters used in mobile exposure conditions for simultaneous transmission operations, Σ of MPE ratios ≤ 1.0

Maximum MPE for 2.4G WLAN Sum: MPE sum = 0.03 < 1.0.

9. Conclusion

The measurement results comply with the FCC Limit per 47 CFR 2.1091 for the uncontrolled RF Exposure of mobile device.

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