

* RF Exposure

1. Regulation

Regulation

This document is prepared to show compliance with the RF Exposure requirements as required in §1.1310 of the FCC rules and Regulations.

The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE), specified in FCC §1.1310, is listed in Table 1-1. According to FCC §1.1310: the criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b).

Table 1 – Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength [V/m]	Magnetic Field Strength [A/m]	Power Density [mW/cm ²]	Averaging Time [minute]
(A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure				
0.3 ~ 3.0	614	1.63	*100	6
3.0 ~ 30	1842/f	4.89/f	*900/f ²	6
30 ~ 300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300 ~ 1 500	/	/	f/300	6
1 500 ~ 15 000	/	/	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3 ~ 1.34	614	1.63	*100	30
1.34 ~ 30	824/f	2.19/f	*180/f ²	30
30 ~ 300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300 ~ 1 500	/	/	f/1 500	30
1 500 ~ 15 000	/	/	1.0	30

f=frequency in MHz, *= plane-wave equivalent power density

Per the guidance of KDB 680106, the E-field and H-field limits shown in the table above are extended down to 100 kHz

in Appendix C):

- 1) For test separation distances > 50 mm and < 200 mm, the power threshold at the corresponding test separation distance at 100 MHz in step b) is multiplied by $[1 + \log(100/f(\text{MHz}))]$
- 2) For test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the power threshold determined by the equation in c) 1) for 50 mm and 100 MHz is multiplied by ½
- 3) SAR measurement procedures are not established below 100 MHz.
When SAR test exclusion cannot be applied, a KDB inquiry is required to determine SAR evaluation requirements for any SAR test results below 100 MHz to be acceptable.

2. Result

MPE (Maximum Permissible Exposure) Prediction

Prediction of MPE limit at a given distance: Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2 \quad (\Rightarrow R = \sqrt{PG/4\pi S})$$

S = power density [mW/cm^2]

P = Power input to antenna [mW]

G = Power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna [cm]

RF Exposure Compliance Issue

The information should be included in the user's manual:

This appliance and its antenna must not be co-located or operation in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. A minimum separation distance of 20 cm must be maintained between the antenna and the person for this appliance to satisfy the RF exposure requirements.

Note.

1. The power density P_d (5th column) at a distance of 20 cm calculated from the Friis transmission Formula is far below the limit of 1 mW/cm^2 .

Calculation Result of RF Exposure

Maximum tune-up tolerance (Worst Case)

RF	Mode	Frequency [MHz]	Max Tune-up Power [dBm]	Ant Gain [dBi]	Power density at 20 cm [mW/cm ²]	Limit [mW/cm ²]
BLE_ANT1	BLE (1 Mbps/Package 37)	2 480	-1.00	2.44	0.000 35	1.00
BLE_ANT2	BLE (1 Mbps/Package 37)	2 480	-1.00	2.44	0.000 35	1.00
BLE_ANT3	BLE (1 Mbps/Package 37)	2 480	-1.00	2.44	0.000 35	1.00
BLE_ANT4	BLE (1 Mbps/Package 37)	2 480	-1.00	2.44	0.000 35	1.00
WLAN 2.4 GHz	802.11b (1 Mbps)	2 412	11.00	2.44	0.004 39	1.00
WLAN 5 GHz (UNII-1)	802.11a (6 Mbps)	5 200	0.00	2.27	0.000 34	1.00
WLAN 5 GHz (UNII-2A)	802.11a (6 Mbps)	5 260	-1.00	3.81	0.000 38	1.00
WLAN 5 GHz (UNII-2C)	802.11a (6 Mbps)	5 600	-1.00	5.20	0.000 52	1.00
WLAN 5 GHz (UNII-3)	802.11a (6 Mbps)	5 825	-1.00	4.24	0.000 42	1.00

Simultaneous Transmission (Worst Case)

RF	Mode	Frequency [MHz]	Max Tune-up Power [dBm]	Ant Gain [dBi]	Power density at 20 cm [mW/cm ²]	Limit [mW/cm ²]
BLE (1 Mbps/Package 37)_ANT1+2+3+4 + WLAN 5 GHz (UNII-1) 802.11a (6 Mbps)					0.001 74	1.00