



# FCC SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID : 2AR3T-5338

**Equipment**: Wireless Earphones

Model Name: TY0929L

**Applicant** : Expectations LLC

1901 Manhattan Boulevard Building

D Harvey, Louisiana 70058

Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992** 

IEEE 1528-2013

The product was received on Nov. 06, 2018 and testing was started from Nov. 21, 2018 and completed on Apr. 15, 2019. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

The test results in this variant report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERTIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

Gua Guarge

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory

No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 1 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date : Apr. 16, 2019 Form version: 181113

## SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No. : FA831525-01

# **Table of Contents**

1. Statement of Compliance	
2. Guidance Applied	
3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	. 4
3.1 General Information	. 4
4. RF Exposure Limits	
4.1 Uncontrolled Environment	. 5
4.2 Controlled Environment	. 5
5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	
5.1 Introduction	. 6
5.2 SAR Definition	. 6
6. System Description and Setup	
6.1 E-Field Probe	
6.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	
6.3 Phantom	
6.4 Device Holder	10
7. Measurement Procedures	
7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	
7.2 Power Reference Measurement	
7.3 Area Scan	12
7.4 Zoom Scan	13
7.5 Volume Scan Procedures	
7.6 Power Drift Monitoring	
8. Test Equipment List	
9. System Verification	15
9.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids	15
9.2 Tissue Verification	16
9.3 System Performance Check Results	17
10. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	18
11. SAR Test Results	19
11.1 Head SAR	
12. Uncertainty Assessment	20
13. References	20
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos	

# History of this test report

Report No. : FA831525-01

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA831525-01	01	Initial issue of report	Mar. 28, 2019
FA831525-01	02	Update section 11	Apr. 16, 2019

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 3 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

## 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Expectations LLC, Wireless Earphones, TY0929L, are as follows.

Report No.: FA831525-01

		Highest SAR Summary
Equipment	Frequency	Head
Class	Band	(Separation 0mm)
		1g SAR (W/kg)
DSS	Bluetooth	0.27
Date of	2018/11/21 ~ 2019/4/15	

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Wan Liu</u>

## 2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

## 3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

### 3.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification			
<b>Equipment Name</b>	Wireless Earphones		
Model Name	TY0929L		
FCC ID	2AR3T-5338		
Wireless Technology and Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz			
Frequency Range	NFMI: 10.579 MHz		
Mode	Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE		
Mode	NFMI: ADPCM		

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 4 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

## 4. <u>RF Exposure Limits</u>

### 4.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: FA831525-01

## 4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

#### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 5 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

## 5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

## 5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

Report No.: FA831525-01

### 5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

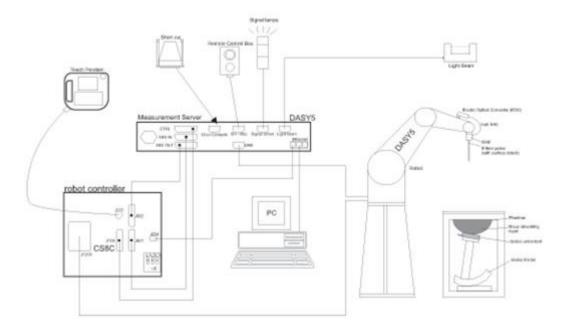
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 6 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

6. System Description and Setup

#### The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Report No.: FA831525-01

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 7 of 20
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

## 6.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

#### <ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	



Report No.: FA831525-01

#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core	
	Built-in shielding against static charges	
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic	
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)	
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1	
	mm	



### 6.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Form version: 181113 Page 8 of 20 Issued Date : Apr. 16, 2019

## 6.3 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	*
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

Report No.: FA831525-01

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI Phantom>

VEET I Halltonia		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 9 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

### 6.4 Device Holder

#### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Report No.: FA831525-01

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

### <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 10 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

## 7. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Report No.: FA831525-01

- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 11 of 20
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

### 7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Report No.: FA831525-01

### 7.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 12 of 20
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

#### 7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No.: FA831525-01

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$		$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V 7		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### 7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 13 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

## 8. Test Equipment List

		- "	0 : 111 1	Calibration			
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date		
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Aug. 31, 2018	Aug. 30, 2019		
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	May. 25, 2018	May. 24, 2019		
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3925	May. 31, 2018	May. 30, 2019		
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5016	TM131-1	Mar. 16, 2018	Mar. 15, 2019		
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT	100815	Feb. 05, 2018	Feb. 04, 2019		
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT	100815	Feb. 02, 2019	Feb. 01, 2020		
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Dec. 07, 2017	Dec. 06, 2018		
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Jan. 17, 2018	Jan. 16, 2019		
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Jan. 14, 2019	Jan. 13, 2020		
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Sep. 19, 2018	Sep. 18, 2019		
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	3169	Sep. 11, 2018	Sep. 10, 2019		
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	May. 18, 2018	May. 17, 2019		
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339124	May. 18, 2018	May. 17, 2019		
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1240001	Sep. 13, 2018	Sep. 12, 2019		
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207349	Sep. 13, 2018	Sep. 12, 2019		
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 28, 2018	Aug. 27, 2019		
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jun. 23, 2018	Jun. 22, 2019		
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	6382	Aug. 09, 2018	Aug. 08, 2019		
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	15542	Aug. 09, 2018 Aug. 08, 20			
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	No	te 1		
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te 1		
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te 1		
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	N/A Not			

Report No.: FA831525-01

### **General Note:**

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 14 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

## 9. System Verification

## 9.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.







Report No. : FA831525-01

Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 15 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

## 9.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Report No. : FA831525-01

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)				
For Head												
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9				
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5				
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5				
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0				
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2				
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0				
				For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5				
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2				
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0				
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3				
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7				
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5				

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)				
Water	64~78%				
Mineral oil	11~18%				
Emulsifiers	9~15%				
Additives and Salt	2~3%				

## <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

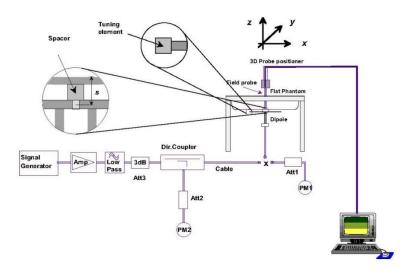
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )		Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	HSL	22.2	1.867	39.217	1.80	39.20	3.72	0.04	±5	2018/11/21
2450	HSL	22.2	1.795	39.116	1.80	39.20	-0.28	-0.21	±5	2019/4/15

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 16 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

## 9.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	POWER	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2018/11/21	2450	HSL	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE4 Sn778	13.10	52.70	52.4	-0.57
2019/4/15	2450	HSL	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE4 Sn778	12.60	52.70	50.4	-4.36





Report No. : FA831525-01

Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 17 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

## 10. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

### <2.4GHz Bluetooth>

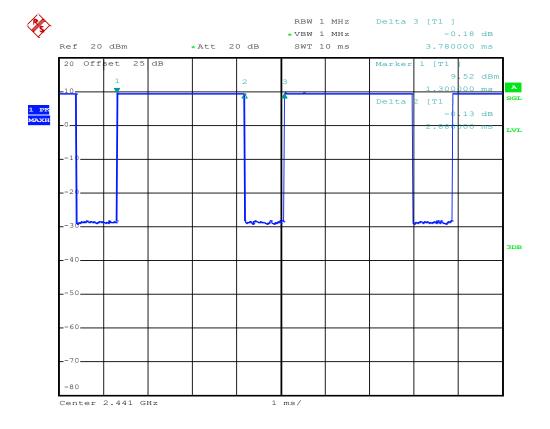
Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)					
	Channel	(MHz)	1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps			
BR / EDR	CH 00	2402	9.68	7.69	7.70			
	CH 39	2441	10.20	8.20	8.22			
	CH 78	2480	10.22	8.84	8.87			
	Tune-up Limit		10.5	10.5	10.5			
	Duty Cycle %		76.19	75.79	75.92			

Report No.: FA831525-01

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)				
Mode	Channel	(MHz)	1Mbps	2Mbps			
	CH 00	2402	9.66	9.76			
LE	CH 19	2440	10.11	10.20			
	CH 39	2480	10.43	10.45			
	Tune-up Limit	10.5	10.5				
	Duty Cycle %	32.51	57.56				

#### **General Note:**

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected BT 1Mbps to be tested due to the same maximum power lowest data rate is selected similar than KDB 248227 test procedure, and duty cycle is 76.19% considered in SAR testing, and the duty cycle would be scaled to theoretical 83.3% in reported SAR calculation.



Date: 31.OCT.2018 04:05:13

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 18 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

## 11. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Report No.: FA831525-01

- b. For Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. In the normal usage, the human head would be touch all surface edge, RF exposure will be tested front / back / left / right / top / bottom side of the device to show compliance.

### 11.1 Head SAR

### <Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	u n	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cyclo	I VICIA	Deiff	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	BT 1Mbps	Front	0mm	78	2480	10.22	10.50	1.067	76.19	1.093	-0.15	0.048	0.056
	Bluetooth	BT 1Mbps	Back	0mm	78	2480	10.22	10.50	1.067	76.19	1.093	0.13	0.155	0.181
01	Bluetooth	BT 1Mbps	Back	0mm	0	2402	9.68	10.50	1.208	76.19	1.093	0.1	0.201	0.265
	Bluetooth	BT 1Mbps	Back	0mm	39	2441	10.20	10.50	1.072	76.19	1.093	-0.01	0.152	0.178
	Bluetooth	BT 1Mbps	Left Side	0mm	78	2480	10.22	10.50	1.067	76.19	1.093	-0.01	0.077	0.090
	Bluetooth	BT 1Mbps	Right Side	0mm	78	2480	10.22	10.50	1.067	76.19	1.093	-0.11	0.065	0.076
	Bluetooth	BT 1Mbps	Top Side	0mm	78	2480	10.22	10.50	1.067	76.19	1.093	0.08	0.069	0.080
	Bluetooth	BT 1Mbps	Bottom Side	0mm	78	2480	10.22	10.50	1.067	76.19	1.093	0.04	0.042	0.049

Test Engineer: Wilson Lin.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 19 of 20
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019

## 12. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq 30\%$ , for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

Report No.: FA831525-01

## 13. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 20 of 20 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Apr. 16, 2019