



# TEST REPORT

## FCC PART 15 SUBPART C 15.247 & RSS 247

Test report

On Behalf of

Actions Microelectronics Co., Ltd.

For

Wifi dongle

Model No.: UWA5, EZC-5201BS, EZC-5200BS

IC ID: 24421-UWA5

Prepared for : Actions Microelectronics Co., Ltd.

201, No.9 Building, Software Park, KeJiZhong Er Road, GaoXinQu, NanShan,  
Shenzhen, China

Prepared By : Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park, Fuhai Street,  
Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, China

Date of Test: Sep. 18, 2018 ~ Oct. 16, 2018

Date of Report: Oct. 16, 2018

Report Number: HK180318313-2E



### TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

**Applicant's name** ..... : Actions Microelectronics Co., Ltd.  
Address..... : 201, No.9 Building, Software Park, KeJiZhong Er Road,  
GaoXinQu, NanShan, Shenzhen, China  
**Manufacture's Name** ..... : ShenZhen A-unit Electronics Co., Ltd.  
Address..... : 4th Floor, Building 8, Wisdom Land Business Park, Nanshan  
District, ShenZhen City, P.R. China

**Product description**

Trade Mark: Acer, EZCast  
Product name..... : Wifi dongle  
Model and/or type reference .. : UWA5, EZC-5201BS, EZC-5200BS

**Standards**..... : **47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247**  
**RSS 247 Issue 2, February 2017**

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**Date of Test** ..... :  
Date (s) of performance of tests..... : **Sep. 18, 2018 ~ Oct. 16, 2018**  
Date of Issue ..... : **Oct. 16, 2018**  
Test Result..... : **Pass**

Prepared by: Gang Qian  
Project Engineer

Reviewed by: Leo Zhang  
Project Supervisor

Approved by: James Zhou  
Technical Director



# Contents

	Page
<b>CONTENTS</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>1 TEST SUMMARY</b> .....	<b>5</b>
1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION.....	5
1.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY.....	6
<b>2 TEST FACILITY</b> .....	<b>7</b>
<b>3 GENERAL INFORMATION</b> .....	<b>7</b>
3.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT .....	7
3.2 DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONDITIONS .....	9
3.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP .....	9
<b>4 EQUIPMENTS LIST FOR ALL TEST ITEMS</b> .....	<b>10</b>
<b>5 TEST RESULT</b> .....	<b>11</b>
5.1 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT.....	11
5.1.1 Standard requirement .....	11
5.1.2 EUT Antenna .....	11
5.2 CONDUCTION EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT .....	12
5.2.1 Applied procedures / Limit .....	12
5.2.2 Test procedure.....	12
5.2.3 Test setup .....	13
5.2.4 Test results .....	14
5.3 RADIATED EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT .....	16
5.3.1 Applied procedures / Limit .....	16
5.3.2 Test setup .....	16
5.3.3 Test Result.....	18
5.4 MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT.....	25
5.4.1 Limit .....	25
5.4.2 Test procedure.....	25
5.4.3 Deviation from standard.....	25
5.4.4 Test setup .....	25
5.4.5 Test results .....	25
5.5 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY.....	26
5.5.1 Limit .....	26
5.5.2 Test procedure.....	26
5.5.3 Deviation from standard.....	26
5.5.4 Test setup .....	26
5.5.5 Test results .....	27
5.6 6dB BANDWIDTH .....	29
5.6.1 Limit .....	29
5.6.2 Test procedure.....	29
5.6.3 Deviation from standard.....	29
5.6.4 Test setup .....	29
5.6.5 Test result .....	29
5.7 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH .....	32
5.7.1 Test procedure.....	32



5.7.2	Deviation from standard.....	32
5.7.3	Test setup .....	32
5.7.4	Test result .....	32
5.8	BAND EDGE .....	35
5.8.1	Limit .....	35
5.8.2	Test procedure.....	35
5.8.3	Deviation from standard.....	35
5.8.4	Test setup .....	35
5.8.5	Test results .....	36
5.9	CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS .....	37
5.9.1	Applied procedures / Limit .....	37
5.9.2	Test procedure.....	37
5.9.3	Deviation from standard.....	37
5.9.4	Test setup .....	37
5.9.5	Test results .....	38
<b>6</b>	<b>TEST SETUP PHOTO .....</b>	<b>43</b>



# 1 Test Summary

## 1.1 Test Description

Test Item	Test Requirement	Result
Antenna Requirement	RSS-Gen	PASS
Conducted Emission	FCC Part 15.207 RSS-Gen 8.8	PASS
Radiated Emissions	FCC Part 15.205/15.209 RSS-Gen 8.9	PASS
Maximum Peak Output Power	FCC Part 15.247(b) RSS 247 5.4 (2)	PASS
Power Spectral Density	FCC Part 15.247 (e) RSS 247 5.2 (b)	PASS
6dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth	FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(i) RSS 247 5.2 (a) RSS-Gen 4.6	PASS
Spurious RF Conducted Emission	FCC Part 15.247(d) RSS 247 5.5	PASS
Band Edge	FCC Part 15.247(d) RSS-Gen 8.10	PASS



## 1.2 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties. The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16 – 4 “Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements” and is documented in the LCS quality system acc. To DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device. The maximum value of the uncertainty as below:

<b>No.</b>	<b>Item</b>	<b>Uncertainty</b>
1	Conducted Emission Test	1.20dB
2	Radiated Emission Test	3.30dB



## 2 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified or accredited by the following organizations:

### Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

Add.:1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park, Heping Community,  
Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

Designation Number: CN1229

Test Firm Registration Number: 616276

### IC Registration No.: 21210

The 3m alternate test site of Shenzhen HUAKE Testing Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered by Certification and Engineer Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of with Registration No.: 21210 on May 24, 2016.

## 3 General Information

### 3.1 General Description of EUT

Manufacturer:	ShenZhen A-unit Electronics Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer Address:	4th Floor, Building 8, Wisdom Land Business Park, Nanshan District, ShenZhen City, P.R. China
EUT Name:	Wifi dongle
Model No:	UWA5
Serial No:	EZC-5201BS, EZC-5200BS
Model Difference:	All model's the function, software and electric circuit are the same, only with a product color and model named different. Test sample model: UWA5.
Brand Name:	Acer, EZCast
Operation frequency:	2402 MHz to 2480 MHz
Channel separation:	2MHz
NUMBER OF CHANNEL:	40
Modulation Technology:	GFSK
Hardware Version:	V3.2
Software Version:	V1.0
Antenna Type:	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0dBi
Power Supply:	DC 5V 0.5A from Micro USB
Note:	1.For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the User's Manual.



Description of Channel:					
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	14	2430	28	2458
1	2404	15	2432	29	2460
2	2406	16	2434	30	2462
3	2408	17	2436	31	2464
4	2410	18	2438	32	2466
5	2412	19	2440	33	2468
6	2414	20	2442	34	2470
7	2416	21	2444	35	2472
8	2418	22	2446	36	2474
9	2420	23	2448	37	2476
10	2422	24	2450	38	2478
11	2424	25	2452	39	2480
12	2426	26	2454		
13	2428	27	2456		





## 3.2 Description of Test conditions

(1) E.U.T. test conditions:

For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

(2) Frequency range of radiated measurements:

The test range will be up to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency.

(3) Pre-test the EUT in all transmitting mode at the lowest (2402 MHz), middle (2440 MHz) and highest (2480 MHz) channel with different data packet and conducted to determine the worst-case mode,

only the worst-case results are recorded in this report.

(4) The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode and the transmit duty cycle is not less than 98%.

## 3.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP

Operation of EUT during conducted testing and Radiation and Above1GHz Radiation testing:



- PC information

Model: TP00067A

Input: DC20V, 2.25-3.25A

Output: 5VDC, 0.5A



## 4 Equipments List for All Test Items

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
1.	L.I.S.N. Artificial Mains Network	R&S	ENV216	HKE-002	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
2.	Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
3.	RF automatic control unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	HKE-060	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
4.	Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSP40	HKE-025	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
5.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
6.	Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9743	HKE-006	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
7.	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
8.	Bilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	HKE-012	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
9.	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519 B	HKE-014	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
10.	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	9120D	HKE-013	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
11.	Pre-amplifier	EMCI	EMC051845 SE	HKE-015	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
12.	Pre-amplifier	Agilent	83051A	HKE-016	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
13.	EMI Test Software EZ-EMC	Tonscend	JS1120-B Version	HKE-083	Dec. 28, 2017	N/A
14.	Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	HKE-086	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
15.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
16.	Signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	HKE-029	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
17.	Signal Generator	Agilent	83630A	HKE-028	Dec. 28, 2017	1 Year
18.	Shielded room	Shiel Hong	4*3*3	HKE-039	Dec. 28, 2017	3 Year



## 5 Test Result

### 5.1 Antenna Requirement

#### 5.1.1 Standard requirement

The applicant for equipment certification, as per RSP-100, must provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the licence-exempt transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna.

Licence-exempt transmitters that have received equipment certification may operate with different types of antennas. However, it is not permissible to exceed the maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) limits specified in the applicable standard (RSS) for the licence-exempt apparatus.

Testing shall be performed using the highest gain antenna of each combination of licence-exempt transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level.<sup>9</sup> When a measurement at the antenna connector is used to determine RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna manufacturer.

#### 5.1.2 EUT Antenna

The antenna is layout on PCB board and no consideration of replacement. Antenna gain is 0dBi.



## 5.2 Conduction Emissions Measurement

### 5.2.1 Applied procedures / Limit

According to FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207 and RSS Gen 8.8, AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Limits for Licence-Exempt Radio Apparatus as below:

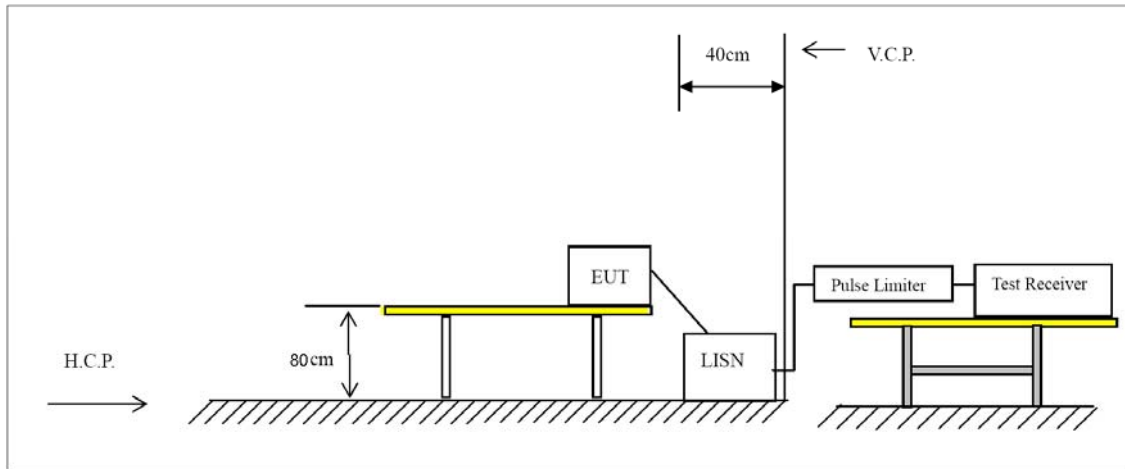
Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

### 5.2.2 Test procedure

1. The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system; a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10:2013.
2. Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10:2013
3. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10:2013.
4. The adapter received AC120V/60Hz power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
5. All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any.
6. The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
7. Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 KHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.

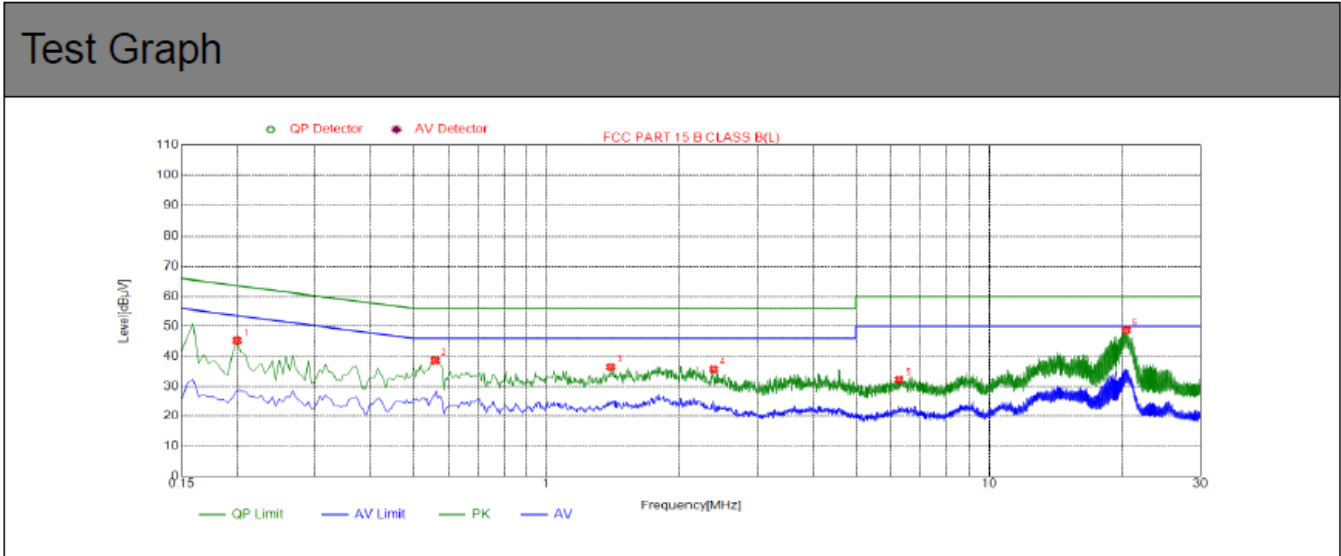
### 5.2.3 Test setup





### 5.2.4 Test results

Test Specification: Line



NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBµV]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBµV]	Margin [dB]	Detector
1	0.1995	45.32	10.03	63.64	18.32	PK
2	0.5595	38.63	10.06	56.00	17.37	PK
3	1.3965	36.45	10.11	56.00	19.55	PK
4	2.3820	35.68	10.18	56.00	20.32	PK
5	6.2520	32.19	10.22	60.00	27.81	PK
6	20.3595	48.74	10.12	60.00	11.26	PK

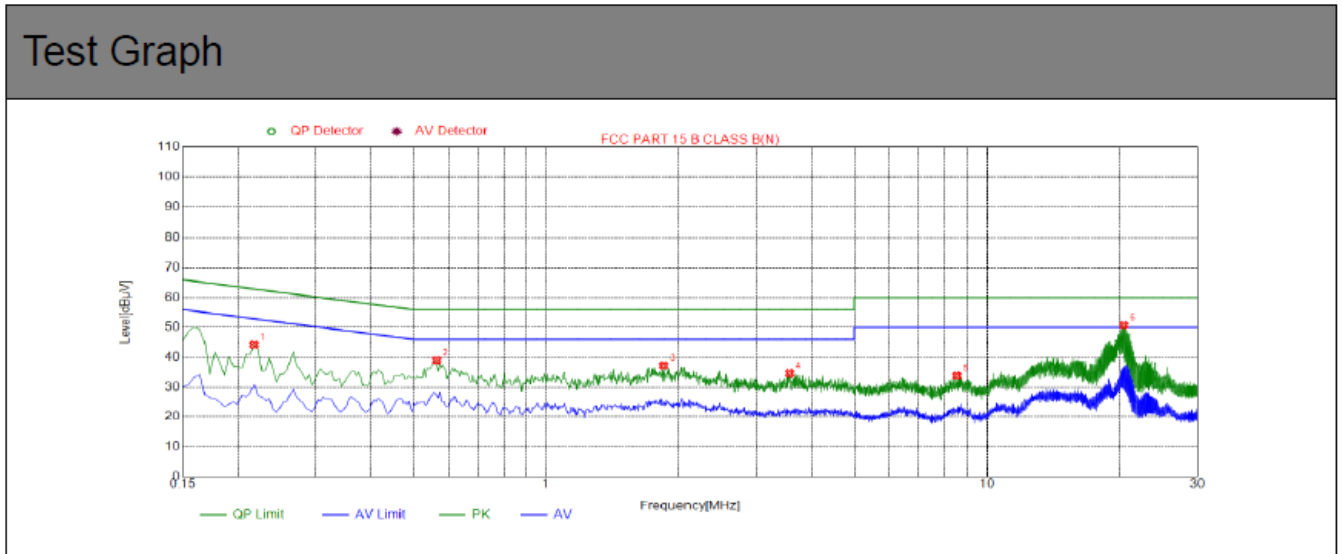
Remark: Transd = Cable lose + Antenna factor - Pre-amplifier; Margin = Limit – Level

**Notes:**

1. An initial pre-scan was performed on the line and neutral lines with peak detector.
2. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission.
3. Final Level = Receiver Read level + LISN Factor + Cable Loss
4. If the average limit is met when using a quasi-peak detector receiver, the EUT shall be deemed to meet both limits and measurement with the average detector receiver is unnecessary.



Test Specification: Neutral



NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBµV]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBµV]	Margin [dB]	Detector
1	0.2175	44.20	10.05	62.92	18.72	PK
2	0.5640	38.97	10.06	56.00	17.03	PK
3	1.8465	37.20	10.14	56.00	18.80	PK
4	3.5610	34.63	10.25	56.00	21.37	PK
5	8.5290	33.81	10.13	60.00	26.19	PK
6	20.4045	50.74	10.12	60.00	9.26	PK

Remark: Transd = Cable lose + Antenna factor - Pre-amplifier; Margin = Limit – Level

**Notes:**

1. An initial pre-scan was performed on the line and neutral lines with peak detector.
  2. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission.
  3. Final Level = Receiver Read level + LISN Factor + Cable Loss.
- If the average limit is met when using a quasi-peak detector receiver, the EUT shall be deemed to meet both limits and measurement with the average detector receiver is unnecessary.

### 5.3 Radiated Emissions Measurement

#### 5.3.1 Applied procedures / Limit

For intentional device, according to § 15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emission out of authorized band shall not exceed the following table at a 3 meters measurement distance.

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a)

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in table below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter’s fundamental emission.

Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted bands shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen; and Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in this RSS-Gen..

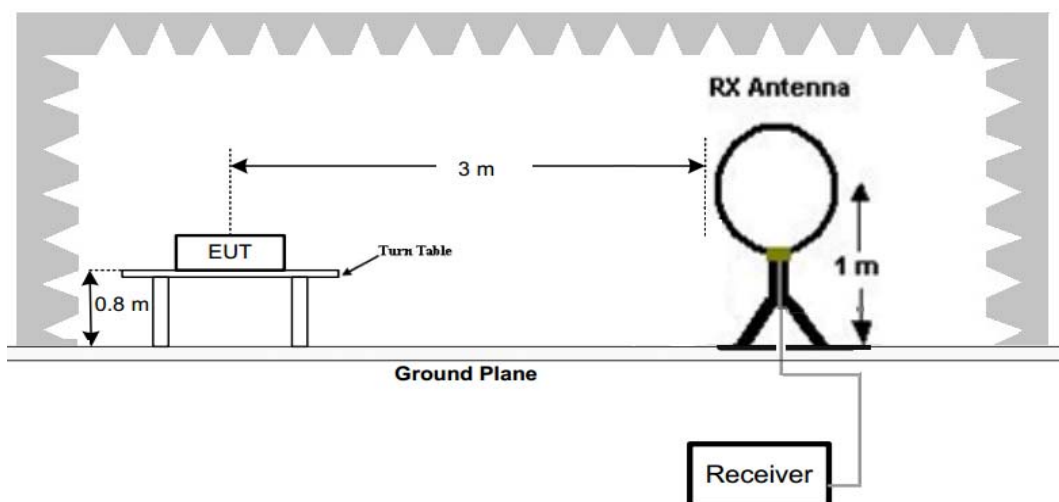
Radiated emission limits

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dBµV/m)	Radiated (µV/m)
0.009-0.49	3	$20\log(2400/F(KHz))+40\log(300/3)$	$2400/F(KHz)$
0.49-1.705	3	$20\log(24000/F(KHz))+ 40\log(30/3)$	$24000/F(KHz)$
1.705-30	3	$20\log(30)+ 40\log(30/3)$	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

#### 5.3.2 Test setup

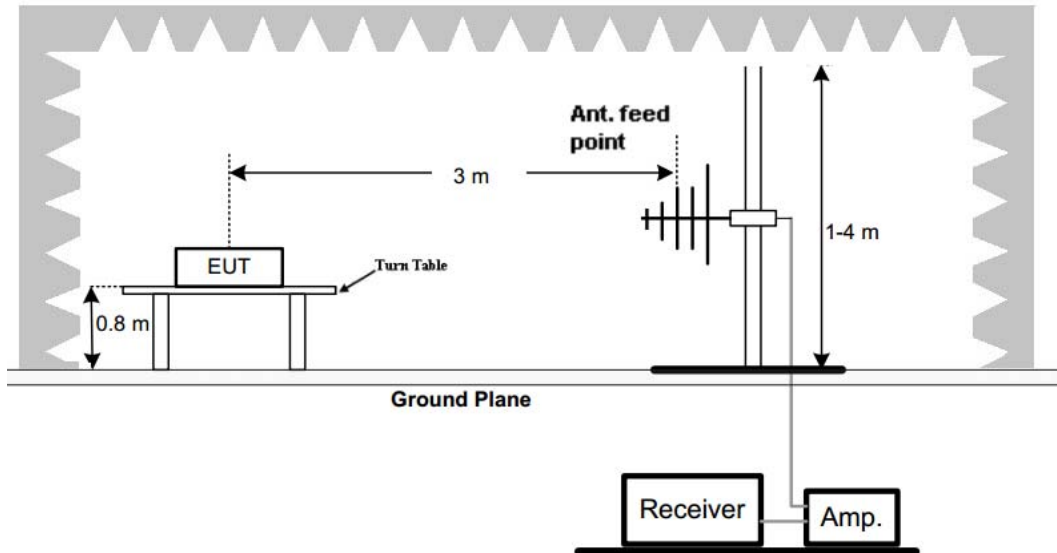
##### Test Configuration:

- 1) 9 kHz to 30 MHz emissions:

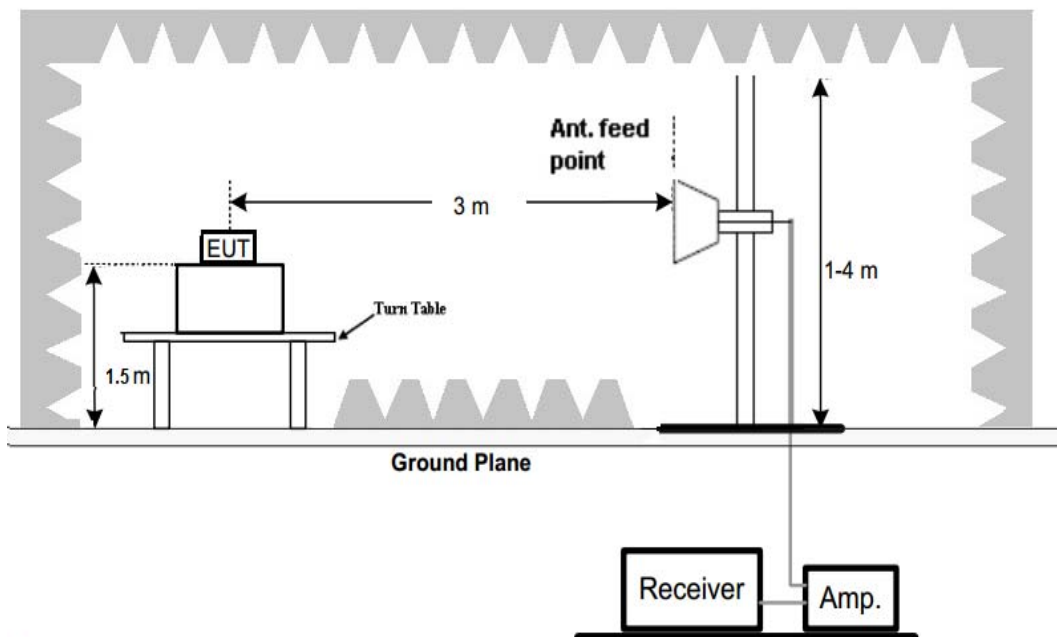




## 2) 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions:



## 3) 1 GHz to 25 GHz emissions:

**Test Procedure**

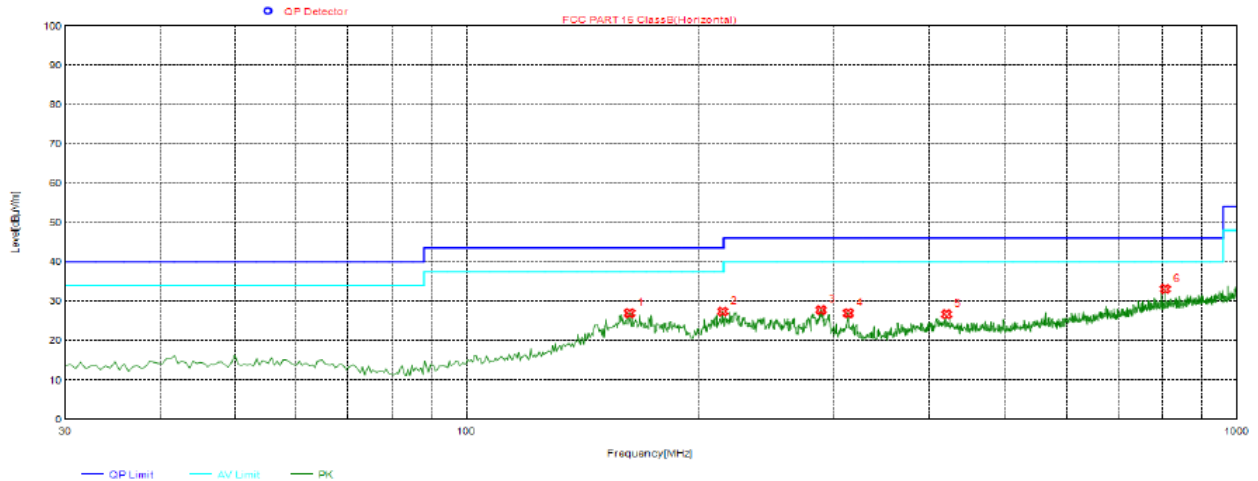
1. The EUT was placed on turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane for below 1GHz test, and on a low permittivity and low loss tangent turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane for above 1GHz test.
2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0° to 360° to acquire the highest emissions from EUT
3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed.



### 5.3.3 Test Result

Below 1GHz Test Results:

Antenna polarity: H

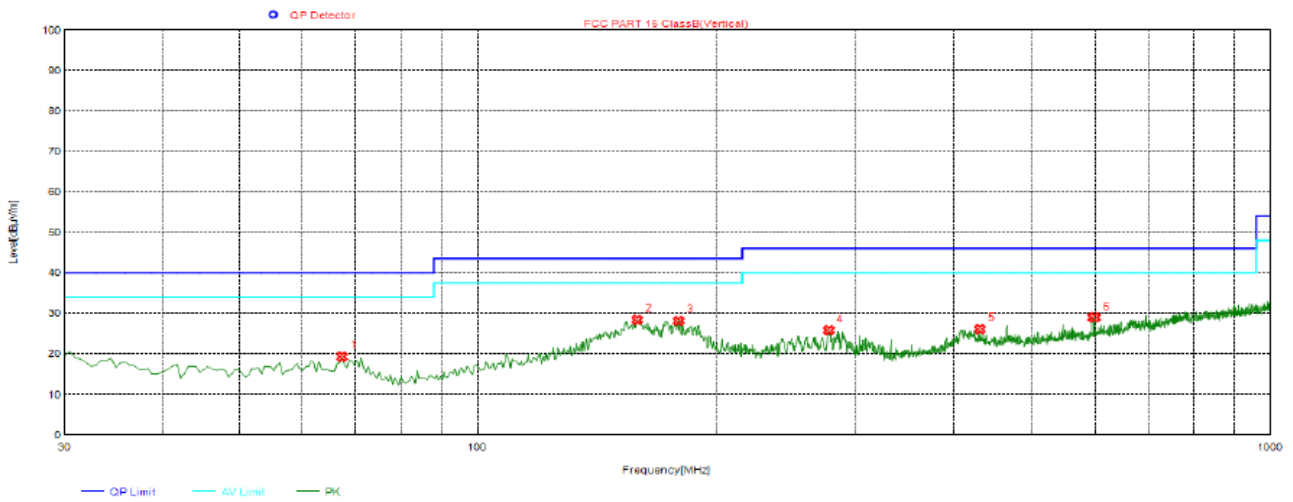


NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Trace	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	162.8900	26.96	-9.63	43.50	16.54	PK	100	35	Horizontal
2	215.2700	27.38	-15.33	43.50	16.12	PK	100	38	Horizontal
3	288.9900	27.75	-13.41	46.00	18.25	PK	100	77	Horizontal
4	313.7250	26.96	-12.79	46.00	19.04	PK	100	94	Horizontal
5	420.9100	26.65	-10.16	46.00	19.35	PK	100	84	Horizontal
6	806.9700	33.10	-2.11	46.00	12.90	PK	100	360	Horizontal

Remark: Transd = Cable lose + Antenna factor - Pre-amplifier; Margin = Limit – Level



Antenna polarity: V



NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Trace	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	67.3450	19.32	-17.37	40.00	20.68	PK	100	212	Vertical
2	159.0100	28.39	-9.31	43.50	15.11	PK	100	216	Vertical
3	179.3800	28.13	-13.02	43.50	15.37	PK	100	78	Vertical
4	277.8350	25.81	-14.00	46.00	20.19	PK	100	348	Vertical
5	431.0950	26.09	-9.91	46.00	19.91	PK	100	348	Vertical
6	599.8750	28.97	-6.12	46.00	17.03	PK	100	325	Vertical

Remark:  $Transd = Cable\ lose + Antenna\ factor - Pre\text{-}amplifier$ ;  $Margin = Limit - Level$

Remark :

- (1) Measuring frequencies from 9 KHz to the 1 GHz, Radiated emission test from 9KHz to 30MHz was verified, and no any emission was found except system noise floor.
- (2) \* denotes emission frequency which appearing within the Restricted Bands specified in provision of 15.205, then the general radiated emission limits in 15.209 apply.
- (3) The IF bandwidth of EMI Test Receiver between 30MHz to 1GHz was 120KHz, 1 MHz for measuring above 1 GHz, below 30MHz was 10KHz.

**For 1GHz to 25GHz**

CH Low (2402MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V)	(dB)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB)	
4804	58.90	-3.65	55.25	74.00	-18.75	peak
4804	46.44	-3.65	42.79	54.00	-11.21	AVG
7206	55.51	-0.95	54.56	74.00	-19.44	peak
7206	44.01	-0.95	43.06	54.00	-10.94	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V)	(dB)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB)	
4804	57.44	-3.65	53.79	74.00	-20.21	peak
4804	46.53	-3.65	42.88	54.00	-11.12	AVG
7206	55.31	-0.95	54.36	74.00	-19.64	peak
7206	43.15	-0.95	42.20	54.00	-11.80	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.



CH Middle (2440MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V)	(dB)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB)	
4880.00	56.56	-3.54	53.02	74.00	-20.98	peak
4880.00	45.61	-3.54	42.07	54.00	-11.93	AVG
7320.00	56.72	-0.81	55.91	74.00	-18.09	peak
7320.00	42.44	-0.81	41.63	54.00	-12.37	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V)	(dB)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB)	
4880.00	57.34	-3.54	53.80	74.00	-20.20	peak
4880.00	47.41	-3.54	43.87	54.00	-10.13	AVG
7320.00	55.34	-0.81	54.53	74.00	-19.47	peak
7320.00	41.69	-0.81	40.88	54.00	-13.12	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.



CH High (2480MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
4960	55.31	-3.43	51.88	74.00	-22.12	peak
4960	45.47	-3.44	42.03	54.00	-11.97	AVG
7440	56.12	-0.77	55.35	74.00	-18.65	peak
7440	40.88	-0.77	40.11	54.00	-13.89	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
4960	55.28	-3.43	51.85	74.00	-22.15	peak
4960	45.49	-3.44	42.05	54.00	-11.95	AVG
7440	56.23	-0.77	55.46	74.00	-18.54	peak
7440	39.41	-0.77	38.64	54.00	-15.36	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Remark:

- (1) Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 25 GHz.
- (2) "F" denotes fundamental frequency; "H" denotes spurious frequency. "E" denotes band edge frequency.
- (3) \* denotes emission frequency which appearing within the Restricted Bands specified in provision of 15.205, then the general radiated emission limits in 15.209 apply.
- (4) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- (5) The IF bandwidth of EMI Test Receiver between 30MHz to 1GHz was 120KHz, 1 MHz for measuring above 1 GHz, below 30MHz was 10KHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz for peak measurement with peak detector at frequency above 1GHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 10Hz for Average measurement with peak detection at frequency above 1GHz.
- (6) When the test results of Peak Detected below the limits of Average Detected, the Average Detected is not need completed. For example: Top Channel at Fundamental 73.16dBuV/m(PK Value) <93.98(AV Limit), at harmonic 53.20 dBuV/m(PK Value) <54 dBuV/m(AV Limit), the Average Detected not need to completed.
- (7) All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.



## Radiated Band Edge Test:

Operation Mode: TX CH Low (2402MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2310.00	56.83	-5.81	51.02	74	-22.98	peak
2310.00	/	-5.81	/	54	/	AVG
2390.00	54.45	-5.84	48.61	74	-25.39	peak
2390.00	/	-5.84	/	54	/	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

## Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
2310.00	56.27	-5.81	50.46	74	-23.54	peak
2310.00	/	-5.81	/	54	/	AVG
2390.00	53.19	-5.84	47.35	74	-26.65	peak
2390.00	/	-5.84	/	54	/	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.



Operation Mode: TX CH High (2480MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V)	(dB)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB)	
2483.50	56.21	-5.81	50.4	74	-23.6	peak
2483.50	/	-5.81	/	54	/	AVG
2500.00	53.74	-6.06	47.68	74	-26.32	peak
2500.00	/	-6.06	/	54	/	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dB $\mu$ V)	(dB)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB $\mu$ V/m)	(dB)	
2483.50	55.86	-5.81	50.05	74	-23.95	peak
2483.50	/	-5.81	/	54	/	AVG
2500.00	52.75	-6.06	46.69	74	-27.31	peak
2500.00	/	-6.06	/	54	/	AVG

Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Remark: All the other emissions not reported were too low to read and deemed to comply with FCC limit.



## 5.4 Maximum Output Power Measurement

### 5.4.1 Limit

The Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement is 30dBm.

### 5.4.2 Test procedure

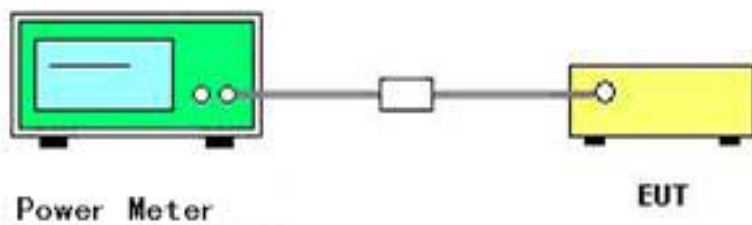
The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

The maximum Average conducted output power may be measured using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

### 5.4.3 Deviation from standard

No deviation.

### 5.4.4 Test setup



### 5.4.5 Test results

Channel	Channel frequency (MHz)	Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2402	-0.53	30	Pass
Middle	2440	-0.13		Pass
High	2480	-0.69		Pass



## 5.5 Power Spectral Density

### 5.5.1 Limit

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

### 5.5.2 Test procedure

Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.

Set the RBW =3 kHz.

Set the VBW =10 KHz.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level.

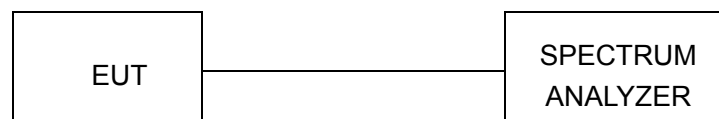
If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW(no less than 3 kHz)and repeat.

The resulting peak PSD level must be 8 dBm.

### 5.5.3 Deviation from standard

No deviation.

### 5.5.4 Test setup

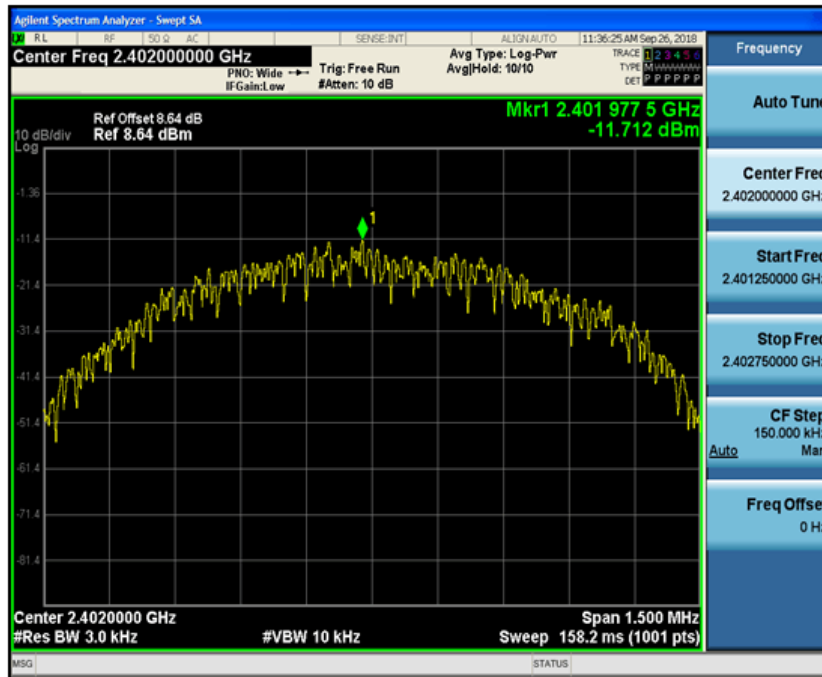




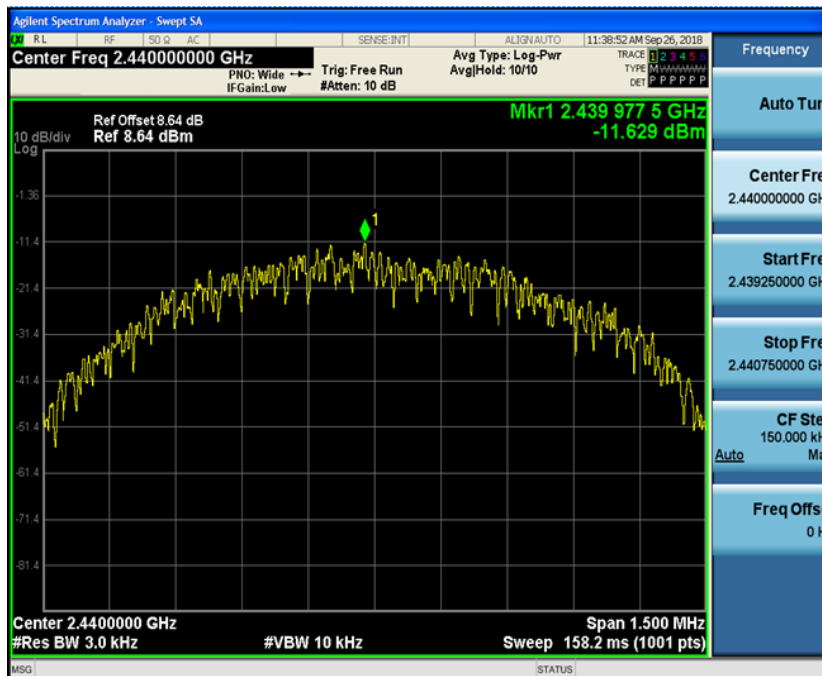
### 5.5.5 Test results

Channel	Channel frequency (MHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3KHz)	Limit (dBm/3KHz)	Result
Low	2402	-11.71	8.00	Pass
Middle	2440	-11.63		Pass
High	2480	-12.50		Pass

#### CH 00



#### CH 19





CH 39





## 5.6 6dB Bandwidth

### 5.6.1 Limit

For digital modulation systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### 5.6.2 Test procedure

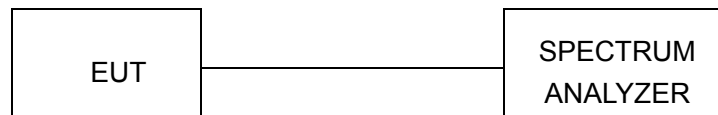
The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with RBW=100 KHz and VBW=300KHz. The 6dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 6dB.

1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3$  RBW.
3. Detector = Peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

### 5.6.3 Deviation from standard

No deviation.

### 5.6.4 Test setup

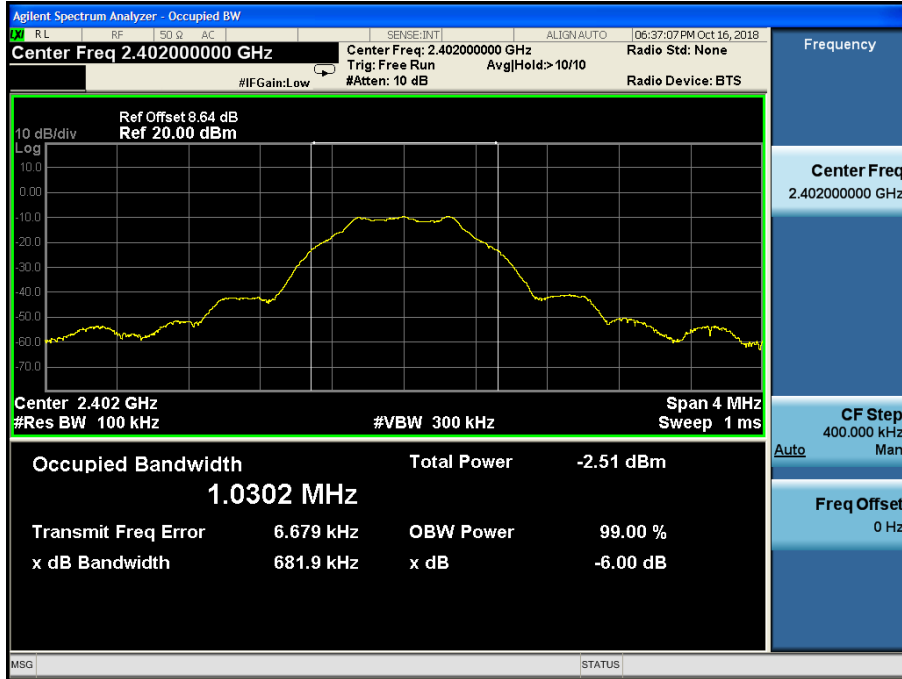


### 5.6.5 Test result

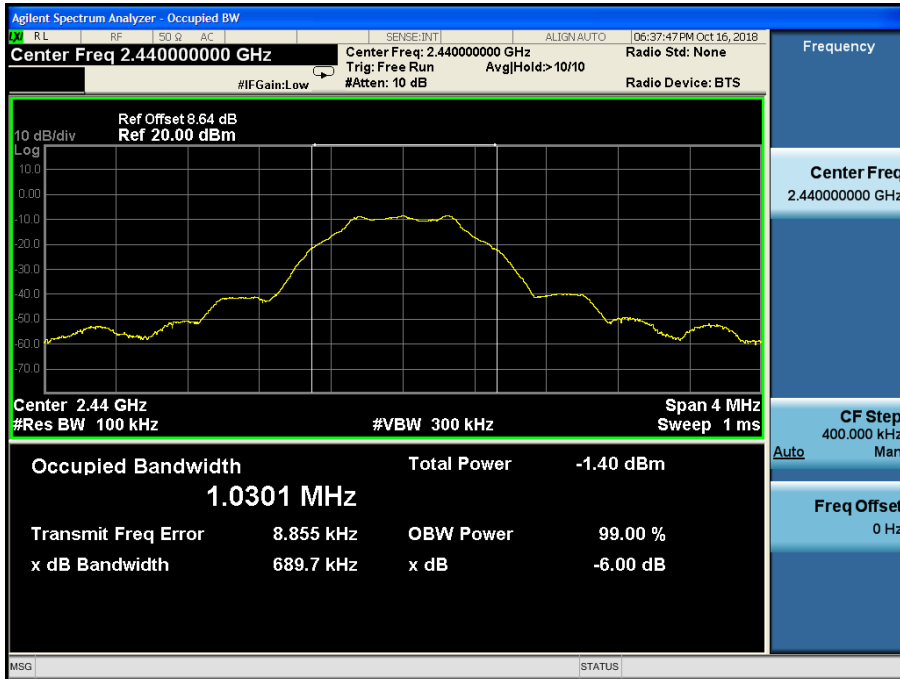
Channel	Channel frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (KHz)	Result
Low	2402	0.6819	≥500	Pass
Middle	2440	0.6897		Pass
High	2480	0.6949		Pass

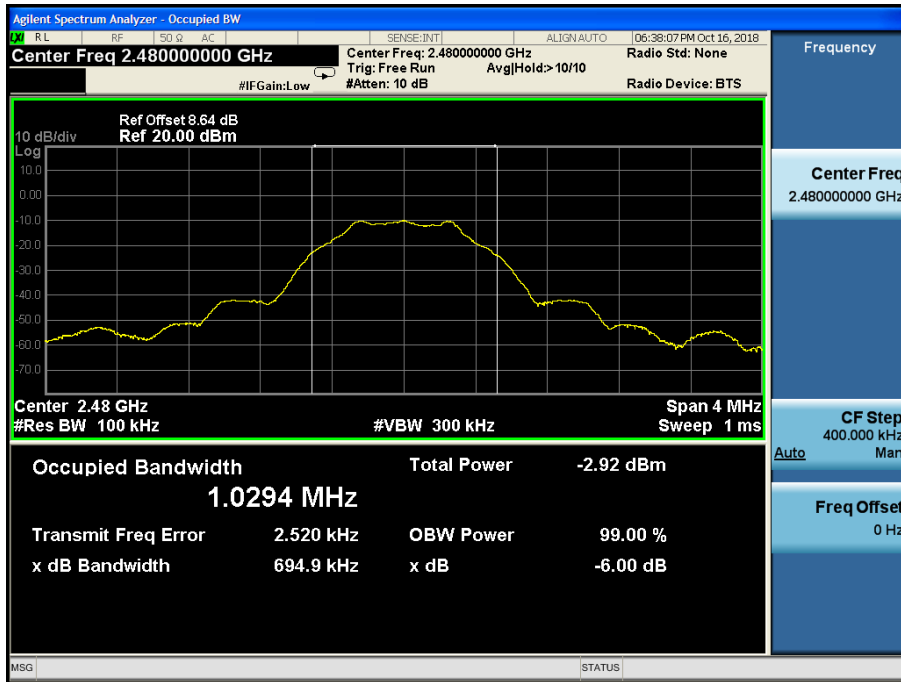


### CH 00



### CH 19







## 5.7 Occupied Bandwidth

### 5.7.1 Test procedure

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

RBW=1% to 5% of the OBW

VBW=approximately 3 X RBW

Detector=Peak

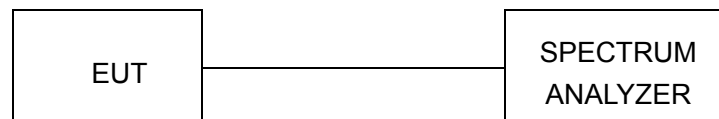
Trace Mode: Max Hold

Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument to measure the Occupied Bandwidth and recorded.

### 5.7.2 Deviation from standard

No deviation.

### 5.7.3 Test setup



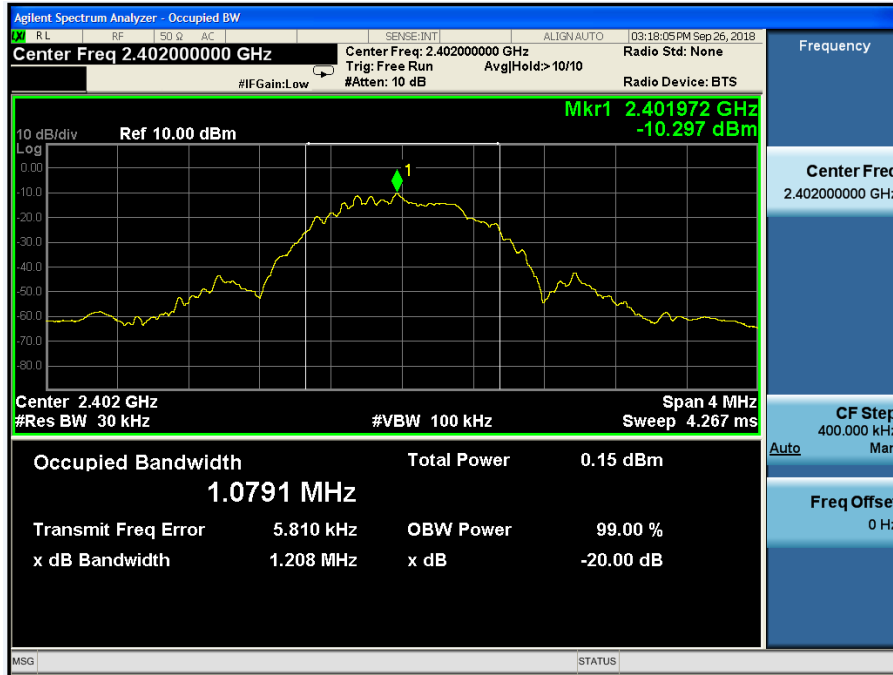
### 5.7.4 Test result

Channel	Channel frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (KHz)	Result
Low	2402	1.0791	≥500	Pass
Middle	2440	1.0768		Pass
High	2480	1.0702		Pass

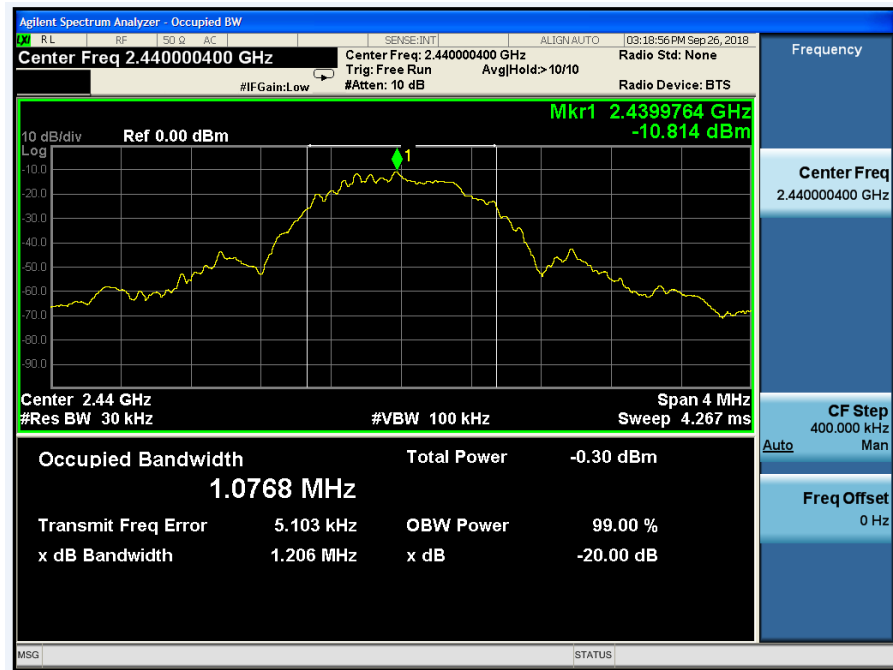




CH 00

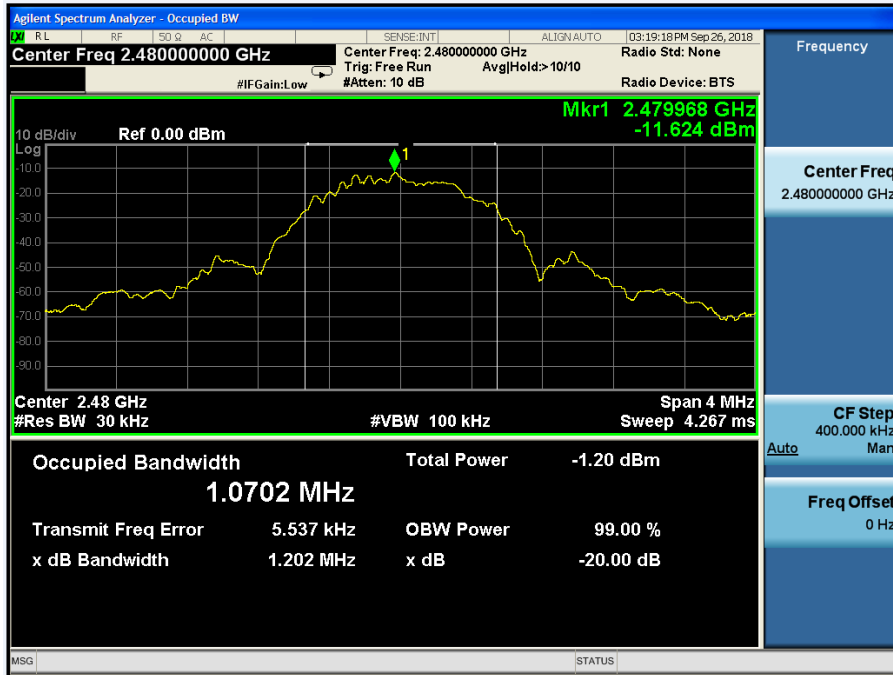


CH 19





CH 39





## 5.8 Band edge

### 5.8.1 Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section (b)(3) of RSS 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

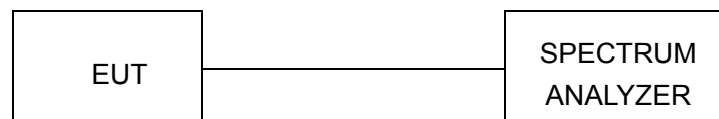
### 5.8.2 Test procedure

- a. The EUT was directly connected to the spectrum analyzer and antenna output port as show in the block diagram below.
- b. Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation, RBW  $\geq$  1% of the span, VBW  $\geq$  RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold

### 5.8.3 Deviation from standard

No deviation.

### 5.8.4 Test setup





5.8.5 Test results

Frequency (MHz)	Delta Peak to Band emission (dBc)	Limit (dBc)	Verdict
2400.00	-50.51	-20	PASS



2402

Frequency (MHz)	Delta Peak to Band emission (dBc)	Limit (dBc)	Verdict
2483.50	-52.947	-20	PASS



2480



## 5.9 Conducted Spurious Emissions

### 5.9.1 Applied procedures / Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section (b)(3) of RSS 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. For below 30MHz, For 9KHz-150kHz, 150K-10MHz, We use the RBW 1KHz, 10KHz, So the limit need to calculated by  $10\lg(BW1/BW2)$ . for example For 9KHz-150kHz, RBW 1KHz, The Limit= the highest emission level-20-10log(100/1)= the highest emission level-40.

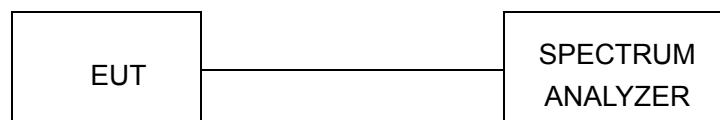
### 5.9.2 Test procedure

- a. The EUT was directly connected to the spectrum analyzer and antenna output port as show in the block diagram below.
- b. Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation,  $RBW \geq 1\%$  of the span,  $VBW \geq RBW$ , Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold

### 5.9.3 Deviation from standard

No deviation.

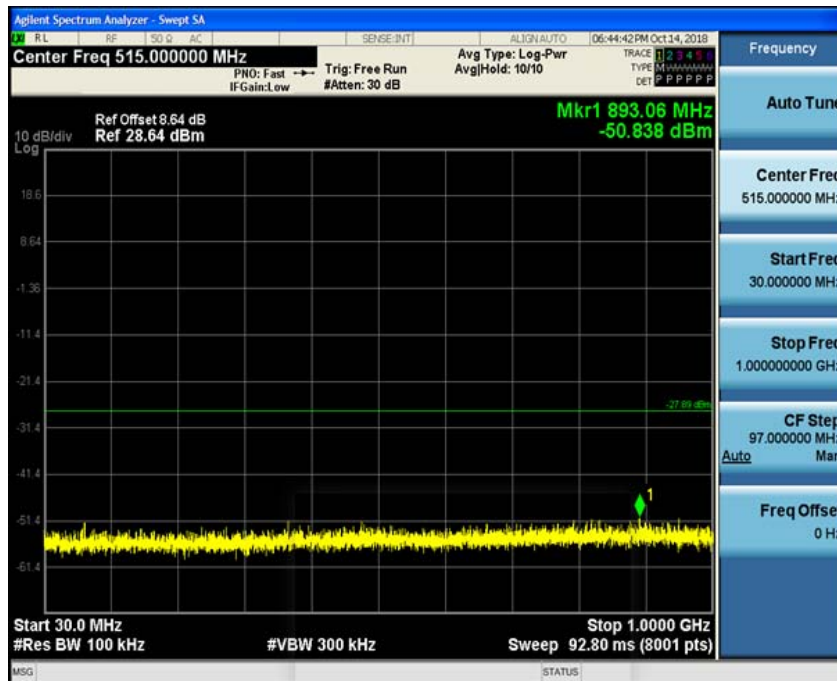
### 5.9.4 Test setup





### 5.9.5 Test results

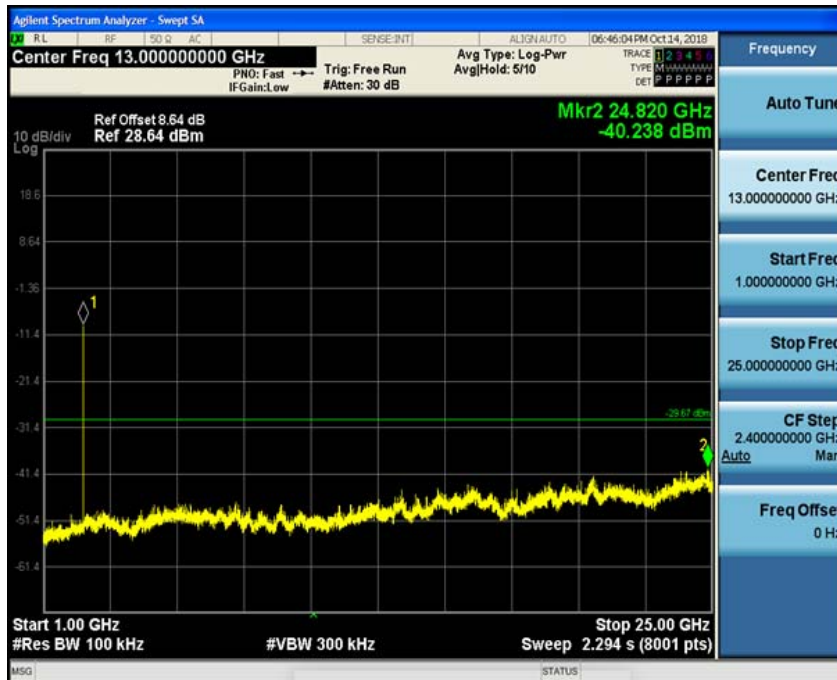
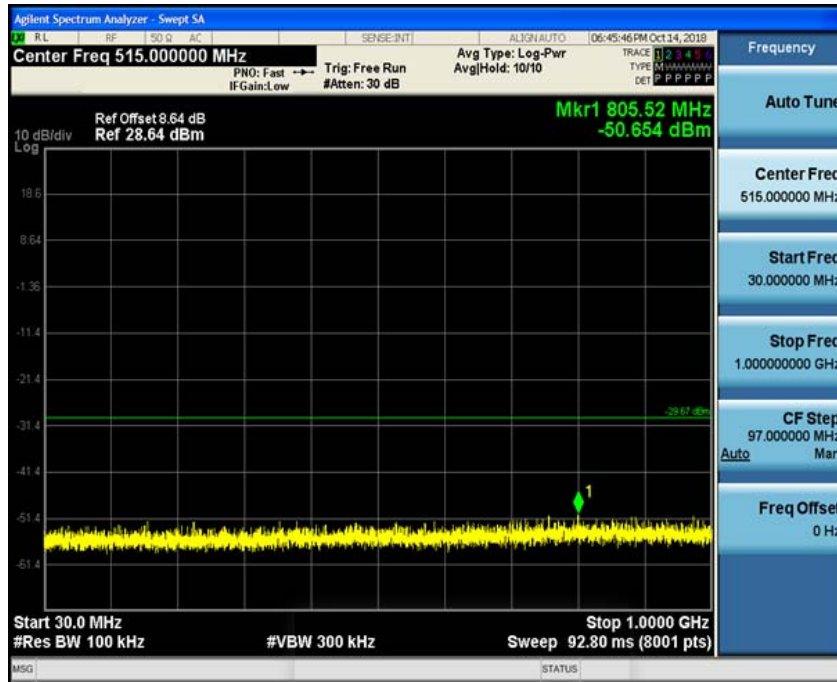
#### CH 00





CH 19

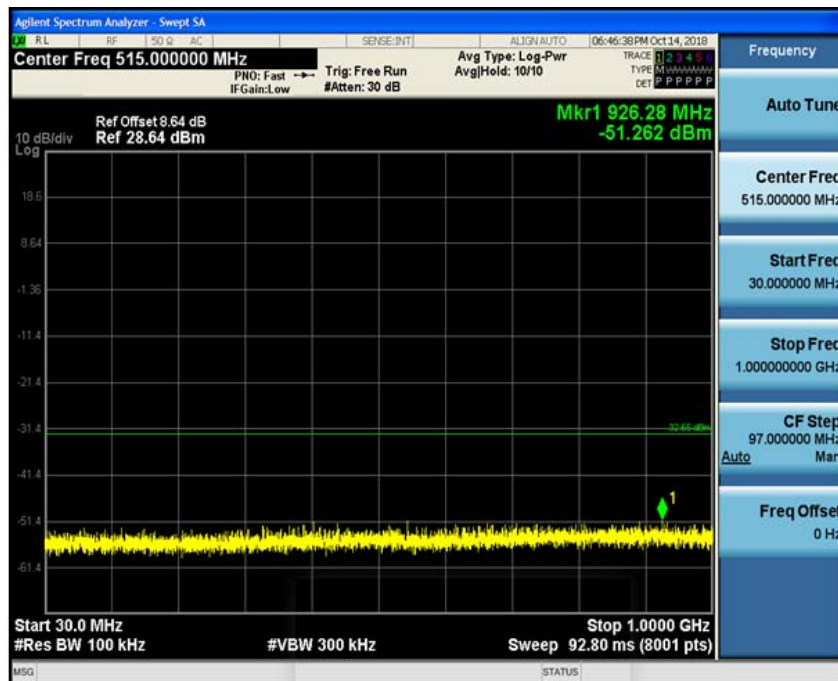








CH 39





## 6 Test setup photo

