# 11. Radio Frequency Exposure

### 11.1 Applicable Standards

The measurements shown in this test report were made in accordance with the procedures given in FCC Part 2 (Section 2.1093)

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KDB 447498 IEEE C95.1:2005

### 11.2 EUT Specification

	☐ WLAN: 2412MHz ~ 2462MHz						
	☐ WLAN: 5150MHz ~ 5250MHz						
Frequency band	☐ WLAN: 5250MHz ~ 5350MHz						
(Operating)	☐ WLAN: 5470MHz ~ 5725MHz						
	☐ WLAN: 5725MHz ~ 5850MHz						
	☐ Bluetooth: 2402MHz ~ 2480MHz						
Davisa astagary	□ Portable (<20cm separation)						
Device category	☐ Mobile (>20cm separation)						
Evenante	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²)						
Exposure classification	☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure						
Classification	(S=1mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )						
	Single antenna						
	☐ Multiple antennas						
Antenna diversity	☐ Tx diversity						
	☐ Rx diversity						
	☐ Tx/Rx diversity						
Evaluation applied	SAR Evaluation     SAR						
	□ N/A						
Remark:							
4 The man description of the							
•	ut power is -3.11 <u>dBm (0.489mW)</u> at <u>2402MHz</u> (with <u>numeric 0.5</u>						
	antenna gain.)						
	ubject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the						
compliance.	,						
	location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum						
power density is 1.0 mW/cm <sup>2</sup> even if the calculation indicates that the power							
would be larger.							

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#### 11.3 Test Results

No non-compliance noted.

#### 11.4 Calculation

Given 
$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
 &  $S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$ 

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

*d* = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$ 

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# 11.5 Maximum Permissible Exposure

Max. output power	GFSK: -3.11 dBm (0.489mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	1.96dBi

Modulation Mode	Frequency band (MHz)	Max. Conducted output power(dBm)	Antenna Gain(dBi)	Distance (cm)	SAR test exclusion thresholds (mW)	Pass/Fail
GFSK	2402-2480	-3.11	0.5	0.5	10.0000	PASS

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