

TEST Report

Applicant: Shenzhen KingAnDa Technology Development Co., LTD

Address of Applicant: East Block NO. 2, Shangxue Industrial Zone, Bantian Street, Laongang District, Shenzhen. China

Manufacturer/Factory : Shenzhen KingAnDa Technology Development Co., LTD

Address of Manufacturer/Factory : East Block NO. 2, Shangxue Industrial Zone, Bantian Street Longgang District, Shenzhen. China

Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name: Bluetooth headset

Model No.: Power HBQ Pro-1、Power HBQ Pro-2、Power HBQ Pro-3、Power HBQ Pro-5、Power HBQ Pro-6、HBQ-Q32TWS、HBQ-Q67TWS

Trade Mark: HBQ Power HBQ Pro

FCC ID: 2AOZM-POWERHBQPRO-1

Applicable standards: FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247

Date of sample receipt: Oct.10,2019

Date of Test: Oct.10,2019-Nov.15, 2019

Date of report issued: Nov.15, 2019

Test Result : PASS *

* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Authorized Signature:



Robinson Lo

Laboratory Manager

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2 Version

Version No.	Date	Description
00	Nov.15, 2019	Original

Prepared By:

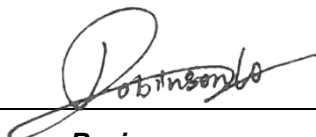


Date:

Nov.15, 2019

Project Engineer

Check By:



Reviewer

Date:

Nov.15, 2019

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4 Test Summary

Test Item	Section in CFR 47	Result
Antenna Requirement	15.203/15.247 (c)	Pass
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	15.207	Pass
Conducted Peak Output Power	15.247 (b)(1)	Pass
20dB Occupied Bandwidth	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass
Carrier Frequencies Separation	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass
Hopping Channel Number	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass
Dwell Time	15.247 (a)(1)	Pass
Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	15.247(b)(4)	Pass
Radiated Emission	15.205/15.209	Pass
Band Edge	15.247(d)	Pass

Remarks:

1. Pass: The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard.
2. Test according to ANSI C63.10:2013

Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Frequency Range	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Radiated Emission	30MHz-200MHz	3.8039dB	(1)
Radiated Emission	200MHz-1GHz	3.9679dB	(1)
Radiated Emission	1GHz-18GHz	4.29dB	(1)
Radiated Emission	18GHz-40GHz	3.30dB	(1)
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	0.15MHz ~ 30MHz	3.44dB	(1)

Note (1): The measurement uncertainty is for coverage factor of k=2 and a level of confidence of 95%.

5 General Information

5.1 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	Bluetooth headset
Model No.:	Power HBQ Pro-1
Series model	Power HBQ Pro-2、Power HBQ Pro-3、 Power HBQ Pro-5、Power HBQ Pro-6、 HBQ-Q32TWS、HBQ-Q67TWS
Test sample(s) ID:	GTS201911000024-1
Sample(s) Status:	Engineer sample
Operation Frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel numbers:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Modulation type:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK
Antenna Type:	Chip ANT
Antenna gain:	4.98dBi
Power supply:	DC 3.7V From Adapter and DC 5V From external circuit
Adapter (Auxiliary test supplied by test Lab) :	Mode:EP-TA20CBC Input:AC100-240V-50/60Hz, 0.5A Output:DC 5V,2A

Operation Frequency each of channel							
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
1	2402MHz	21	2422MHz	41	2442MHz	61	2462MHz
2	2403MHz	22	2423MHz	42	2443MHz	62	2463MHz
3	2404MHz	23	2424MHz	43	2444MHz	63	2464MHz
4	2405MHz	24	2425MHz	44	2445MHz	64	2465MHz
5	2406MHz	25	2426MHz	45	2446MHz	65	2466MHz
6	2407MHz	26	2427MHz	46	2447MHz	66	2467MHz
7	2408MHz	27	2428MHz	47	2448MHz	67	2468MHz
8	2409MHz	28	2429MHz	48	2449MHz	68	2469MHz
9	2410MHz	29	2430MHz	49	2450MHz	69	2470MHz
10	2411MHz	30	2431MHz	50	2451MHz	70	2471MHz
11	2412MHz	31	2432MHz	51	2452MHz	71	2472MHz
12	2413MHz	32	2433MHz	52	2453MHz	72	2473MHz
13	2414MHz	33	2434MHz	53	2454MHz	73	2474MHz
14	2415MHz	34	2435MHz	54	2455MHz	74	2475MHz
15	2416MHz	35	2436MHz	55	2456MHz	75	2476MHz
16	2417MHz	36	2437MHz	56	2457MHz	76	2477MHz
17	2418MHz	37	2438MHz	57	2458MHz	77	2478MHz
18	2419MHz	38	2439MHz	58	2459MHz	78	2479MHz
19	2420MHz	39	2440MHz	59	2460MHz	79	2480MHz
20	2421MHz	40	2441MHz	60	2461MHz		

Note:

In section 15.31(m), regards to the operating frequency range over 10 MHz, the Lowest frequency, the middle frequency, and the highest frequency of channel were selected to perform the test, and the selected channel see below:

Channel	Frequency
The lowest channel	2402MHz
The middle channel	2441MHz
The Highest channel	2480MHz

5.2 Test mode

Transmitting mode	Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode.
<i>Remark: During the test, the test voltage was tuned from 85% to 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage, and found that the worst case was under the nominal rated supply condition. So the report just shows that condition's data.</i>	

5.3 Description of Support Units

None.

5.4 Deviation from Standards

None.

5.5 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None.

5.6 Test Facility

<p>The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● FCC —Registration No.: 381383 Global United Technology Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in files. Registration 381383.● IC —Registration No.: 9079A The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Global United Technology Services Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 9079A● NVLAP (LAB CODE:600179-0) Global United Technology Services Co., Ltd., is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP). LAB CODE:600179-0

5.7 Test Location

All tests were performed at:
<p>Global United Technology Services Co., Ltd. Address: No. 123-128, Tower A, Jinyuan Business Building, No.2, Laodong Industrial Zone, Xixiang Road, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China 518102 Tel: 0755-27798480 Fax: 0755-27798960</p>

6 Test Instruments list

Radiated Emission:						
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Inventory No.	Cal.Date (mm-dd-yy)	Cal.Due date (mm-dd-yy)
1	3m Semi- Anechoic Chamber	ZhongYu Electron	9.2(L)*6.2(W)* 6.4(H)	GTS250	July. 03 2015	July. 02 2020
2	Control Room	ZhongYu Electron	6.2(L)*2.5(W)* 2.4(H)	GTS251	N/A	N/A
3	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU26	GTS203	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
4	BiConiLog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK	VULB9163	GTS214	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
5	Double -ridged waveguide horn	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK	BBHA 9120 D	GTS208	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
6	Horn Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3160	GTS217	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
7	EMI Test Software	FARAD	EZ-EMC	N/A	N/A	N/A
8	Coaxial Cable	GTS	N/A	GTS213	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
9	Coaxial Cable	GTS	N/A	GTS211	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
10	Coaxial cable	GTS	N/A	GTS210	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
11	Coaxial Cable	GTS	N/A	GTS212	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
12	Amplifier(100kHz-3GHz)	HP	8347A	GTS204	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
13	Amplifier(2GHz-20GHz)	HP	84722A	GTS206	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
14	Amplifier (18-26GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz	AFS33-18002 650-30-8P-44	GTS218	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
15	Band filter	Amindeon	82346	GTS219	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
16	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	GTS540	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
17	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	GTS541	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
18	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	GTS575	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
19	Splitter	Agilent	11636B	GTS237	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
20	Loop Antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900A	GTS534	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
21	Breitband hornantenne	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	GTS579	Oct. 19 2019	Oct. 18 2020
22	Amplifier	TDK	PA-02-02	GTS574	Oct. 19 2019	Oct. 18 2020
23	Amplifier	TDK	PA-02-03	GTS576	Oct. 19 2019	Oct. 18 2020
24	PSA Series Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP	GTS578	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020

Conducted Emission						
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Inventory No.	Cal.Date (mm-dd-yy)	Cal.Due date (mm-dd-yy)
1	Shielding Room	ZhongYu Electron	7.3(L)x3.1(W)x2.9(H)	GTS252	May.15 2019	May.14 2022
2	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	GTS552	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
3	Coaxial Switch	ANRITSU CORP	MP59B	GTS225	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
4	Artificial Mains Network	SCHWARZBECK MESS	NSLK8127	GTS226	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
5	Coaxial Cable	GTS	N/A	GTS227	N/A	N/A
6	EMI Test Software	FARAD	EZ-EMC	N/A	N/A	N/A
7	Thermo meter	KTJ	TA328	GTS233	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
8	Absorbing clamp	Elektronik-Feinmechanik	MDS21	GTS229	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
9	ISN	SCHWARZBECK	NTFM 8158	GTD565	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020

RF Conducted Test:						
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal.Date (mm-dd-yy)	Cal.Due date (mm-dd-yy)
1	MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	GTS566	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
2	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	GTS552	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
3	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	GTS533	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
4	MXG vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	GTS567	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
5	ESG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	E4428C	GTS568	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
6	USB RF Power Sensor	DARE	RPR3006W	GTS569	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
7	RF Switch Box	Shongyi	RFSW3003328	GTS571	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
8	Programmable Constant Temp & Humi Test Chamber	WEWON	WHTH-150L-40-880	GTS572	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
9	Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	GTS589	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
10	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	GTS591	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020

General used equipment:						
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Inventory No.	Cal.Date (mm-dd-yy)	Cal.Due date (mm-dd-yy)
1	Humidity/ Temperature Indicator	KTJ	TA328	GTS243	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020
2	Barometer	ChangChun	DYM3	GTS255	June. 26 2019	June. 25 2020

7 Test results and Measurement Data

7.1 Antenna requirement

Standard requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.203 /247(c)
<p>15.203 requirement:</p> <p>An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.</p> <p>15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement:</p> <p>(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that is used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.</p>	
E.U.T Antenna:	
<i>The antenna is Chip antenna, the best case gain of the is 4.98dBi, reference to the appendix II for details</i>	

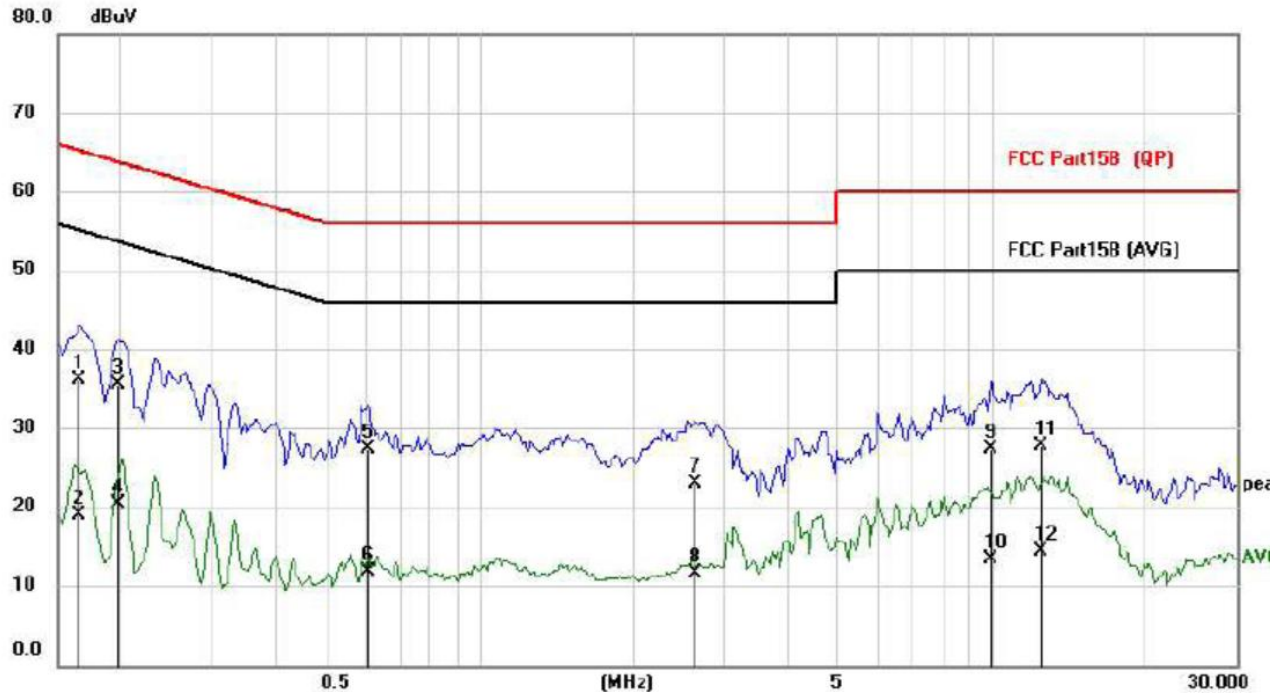
7.2 Conducted Emissions

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.207						
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013						
Test Frequency Range:	150KHz to 30MHz						
Class / Severity:	Class B						
Receiver setup:	RBW=9KHz, VBW=30KHz, Sweep time=auto						
Limit:	Frequency range (MHz)		Limit (dBuV)				
			Quasi-peak		Average		
	0.15-0.5		66 to 56*		56 to 46*		
	0.5-5		56		46		
	5-30		60		50		
* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.							
Test setup:	<div><p style="text-align: center;">Reference Plane</p><p>Remark: E.U.T: Equipment Under Test LISN: Line Impedance Stabilization Network Test table height=0.8m</p></div>						
Test procedure:	<div><div>1. The E.U.T and simulators are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (L.I.S.N.). This provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment.</div><div>2. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance with 50ohm termination. (Please refer to the block diagram of the test setup and photographs).</div><div>3. Both sides of A.C. line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10:2013 on conducted measurement.</div></div>						
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 6.0 for details						
Test mode:	Refer to section 5.2 for details						
Test environment:	Temp.:	25 °C	Humid.:	52%	Press.:	1012mbar	
Test voltage:	AC 120V, 60Hz						
Test results:	Pass						

Remark: Both high and low voltages have been tested to show only the worst low voltage test data.

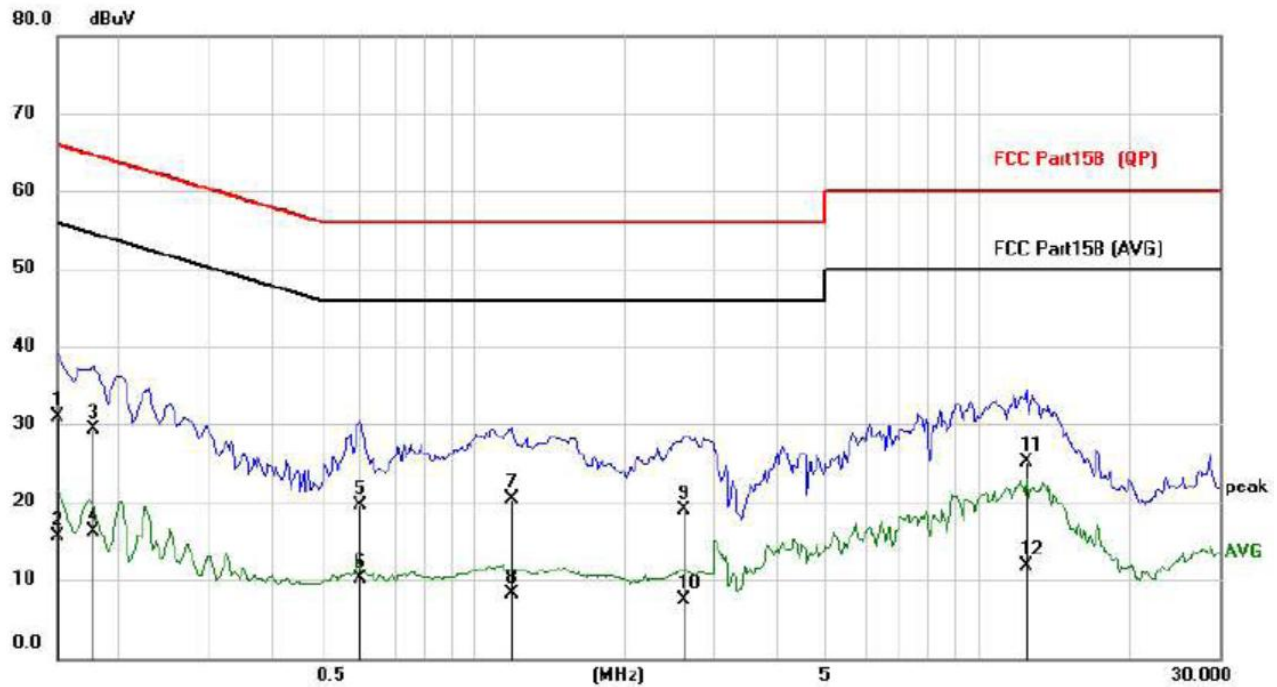
Measurement data:

Line:



No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector
1		0.1655	25.44	10.58	36.02	65.18	-29.16	QP
2		0.1655	8.29	10.58	18.87	55.18	-36.31	AVG
3	*	0.1968	24.81	10.60	35.41	63.74	-28.33	QP
4		0.1968	9.67	10.60	20.27	53.74	-33.47	AVG
5		0.6063	16.36	10.85	27.21	56.00	-28.79	QP
6		0.6063	0.88	10.85	11.73	46.00	-34.27	AVG
7		2.6304	11.59	11.30	22.89	56.00	-33.11	QP
8		2.6304	0.22	11.30	11.52	46.00	-34.48	AVG
9		9.9537	15.38	11.90	27.28	60.00	-32.72	QP
10		9.9537	1.46	11.90	13.36	50.00	-36.64	AVG
11		12.4809	15.48	12.15	27.63	60.00	-32.37	QP
12		12.4809	2.06	12.15	14.21	50.00	-35.79	AVG

Neutral:

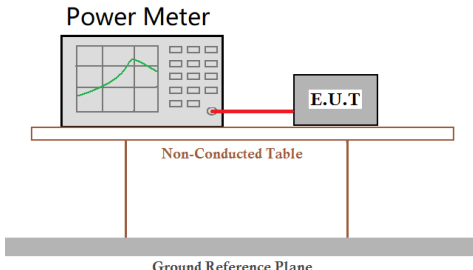


No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading	Correct	Measure-	Limit	Over	
		MHz	Level	Factor	ment			Detector
			dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	
1		0.1500	20.30	10.57	30.87	66.00	-35.13	QP
2		0.1500	4.97	10.57	15.54	56.00	-40.46	AVG
3		0.1773	18.77	10.58	29.35	64.61	-35.26	QP
4		0.1773	5.59	10.58	16.17	54.61	-38.44	AVG
5		0.5985	8.73	10.85	19.58	56.00	-36.42	QP
6		0.5985	-0.70	10.85	10.15	46.00	-35.85	AVG
7		1.1913	9.18	11.12	20.30	56.00	-35.70	QP
8		1.1913	-3.05	11.12	8.07	46.00	-37.93	AVG
9		2.6148	7.57	11.30	18.87	56.00	-37.13	QP
10		2.6148	-3.94	11.30	7.36	46.00	-38.64	AVG
11	*	12.4926	13.01	12.15	25.16	60.00	-34.84	QP
12		12.4926	-0.37	12.15	11.78	50.00	-38.22	AVG

Notes:

1. An initial pre-scan was performed on the line and neutral lines with peak detector.
2. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission.
3. Final Level = Receiver Read level + LISN Factor + Cable Loss

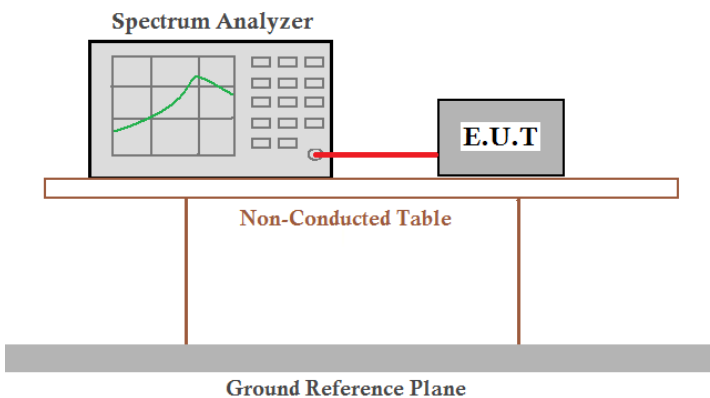
7.3 Conducted Peak Output Power

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (b)(3)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Limit:	30dBm(for GFSK),20.97dBm(for EDR)
Test setup:	 <p>The diagram illustrates the test setup. A Power Meter, shown with a screen displaying a green waveform, is connected to an E.U.T. (Equipment Under Test) by a red cable. Both the Power Meter and the E.U.T. are positioned on a 'Non-Conducted Table'. This table is supported by a 'Ground Reference Plane', which is represented by a thick grey bar at the bottom of the setup.</p>
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 6.0 for details
Test mode:	Refer to section 5.2 for details
Test results:	Pass

Measurement Data

Mode	Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
GFSK	Lowest	-9.269	20.97	Pass
	Middle	-9.356		
	Highest	-9.182		
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Lowest	-9.701	20.97	Pass
	Middle	-9.921		
	Highest	-9.765		
8-DPSK	Lowest	-9.695	20.97	Pass
	Middle	-9.581		
	Highest	-9.572		

7.4 20dB Emission Bandwidth

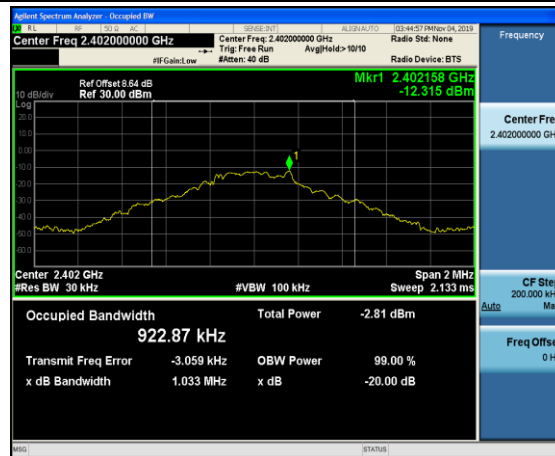
Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(2)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Limit:	N/A
Test setup:	 <p>The diagram illustrates the test setup. A Spectrum Analyzer is connected to an E.U.T (Equipment Under Test) via a red cable. Both the Spectrum Analyzer and the E.U.T are placed on a Non-Conducted Table. The table is supported by a Ground Reference Plane.</p>
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 6.0 for details
Test mode:	Refer to section 5.2 for details
Test results:	Pass

Measurement Data

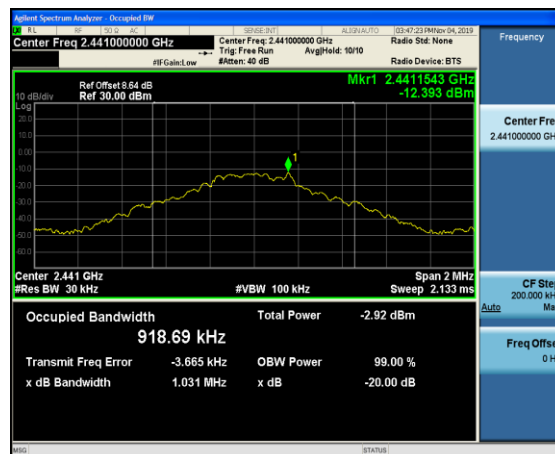
Mode	Test channel	20dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
GFSK	Lowest	1.033	Pass
	Middle	1.031	
	Highest	1.037	
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Lowest	1.320	Pass
	Middle	1.288	
	Highest	1.287	
8-DPSK	Lowest	1.311	Pass
	Middle	1.292	
	Highest	1.296	

Test plot as follows:

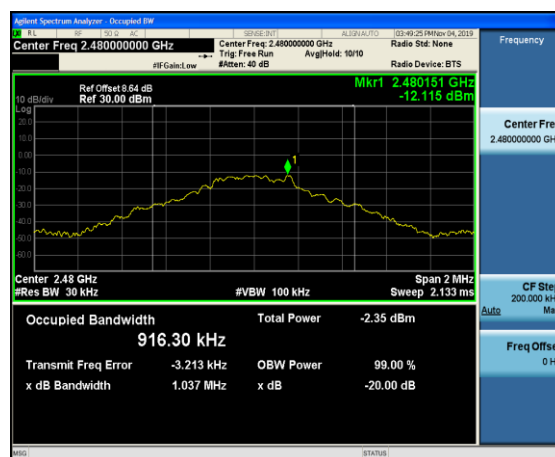
Test mode:	GFSK mode
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Lowest channel



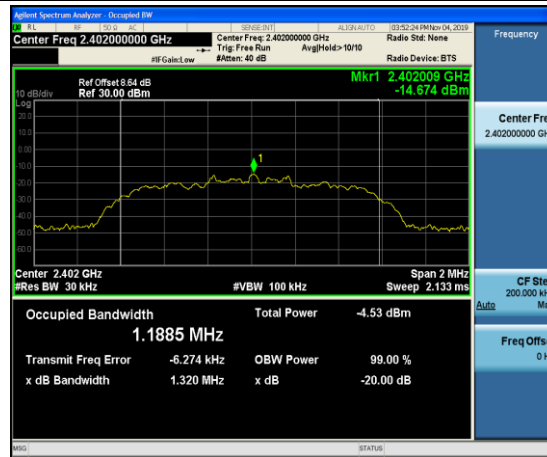
Middle channel



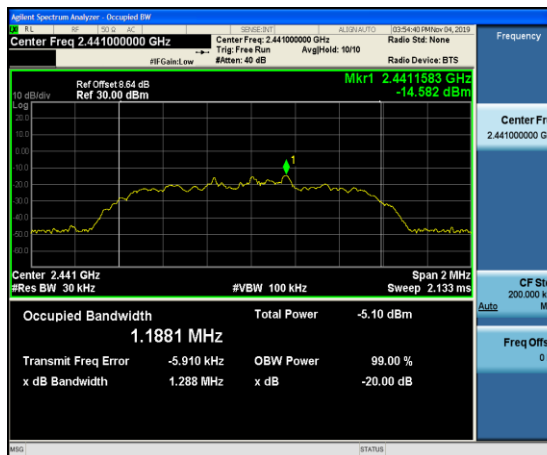
Highest channel

Test mode:

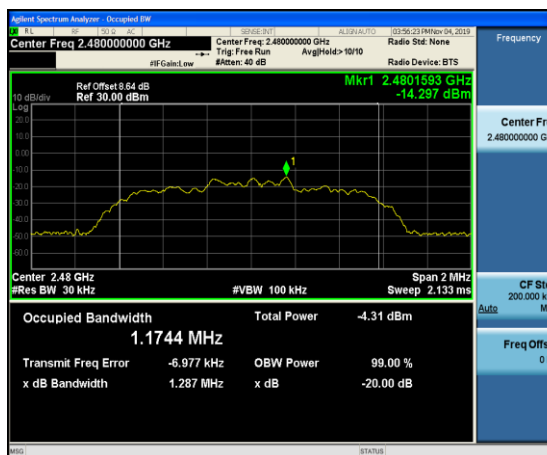
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK mode



Lowest channel



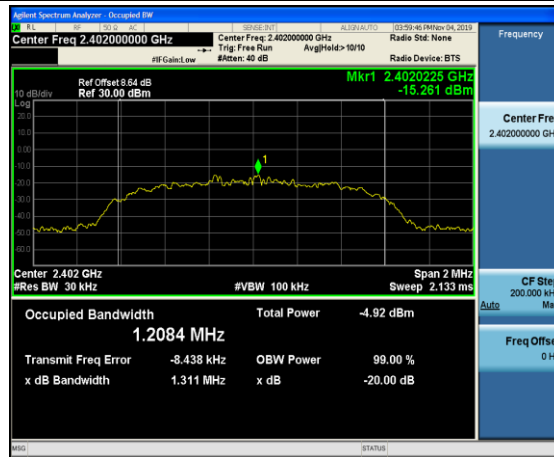
Middle channel



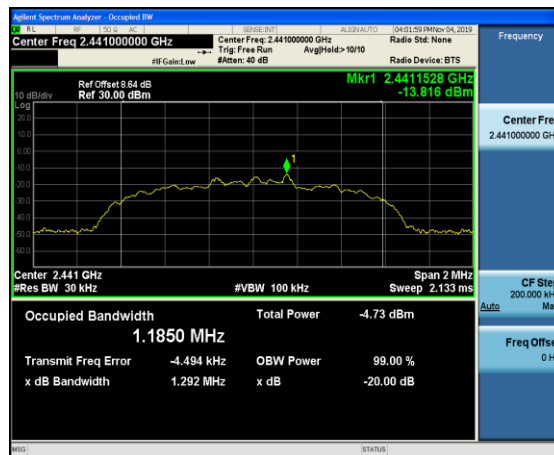
Highest channel

Test mode:

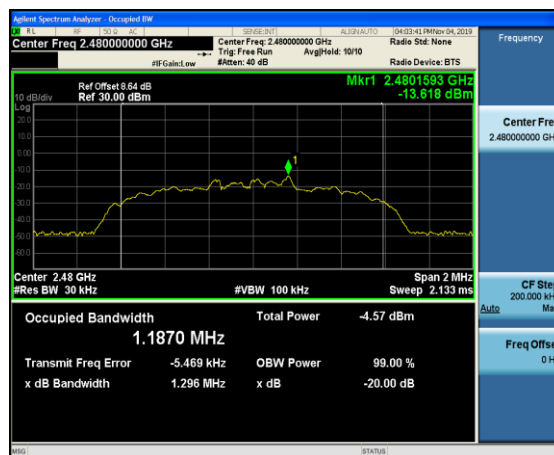
8-DPSK mode



Lowest channel

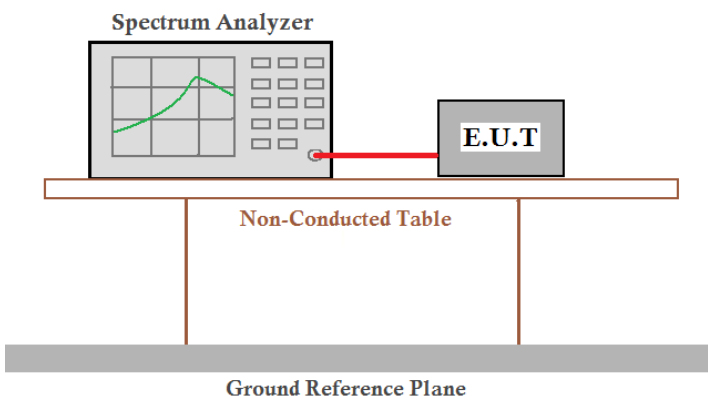


Middle channel



Highest channel

7.5 Frequencies Separation

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Receiver setup:	RBW=100KHz, VBW=300KHz, detector=Peak
Limit:	GFSK: 20dB bandwidth $\pi/4$ -DQPSK & 8DSK: 0.025MHz or 2/3 of the 20dB bandwidth (whichever is greater)
Test setup:	
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 6.0 for details
Test mode:	Refer to section 5.2 for details
Test results:	Pass

Measurement Data

Mode	Test channel	Frequencies Separation (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
GFSK	Middle	1.000	25KHz or 2/3*20dB bandwidth	Pass
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Middle	1.000	25KHz or 2/3*20dB bandwidth	Pass
8-DPSK	Middle	1.000	25KHz or 2/3*20dB bandwidth	Pass

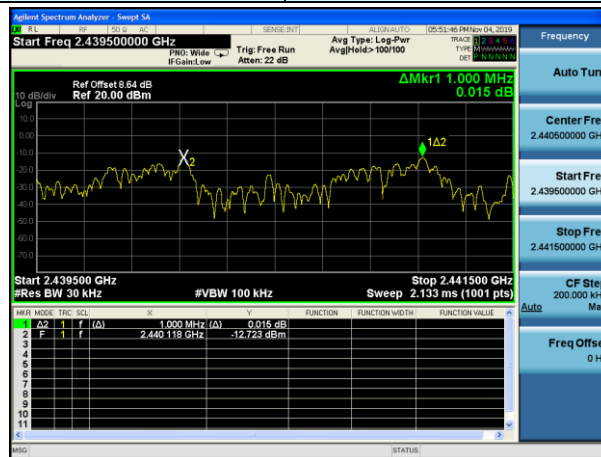
Remark: We have tested all mode at high, middle and low channel, and recorded worst case at middle

Test plot as follows:

Modulation mode:	GFSK
------------------	------



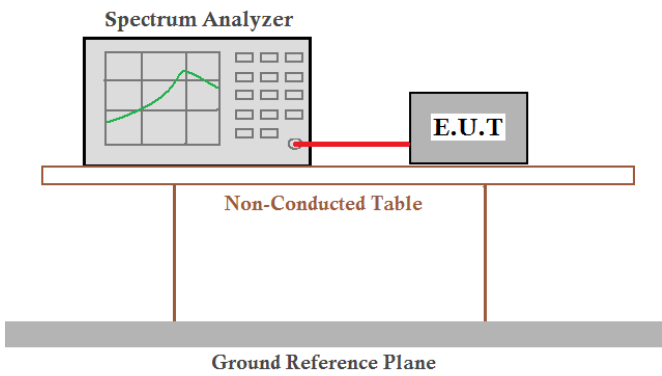
Test mode:	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK
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Test mode:	8-DPSK
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7.6 Hopping Channel Number

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Receiver setup:	RBW=100kHz, VBW=300kHz, Frequency range=2400MHz-2483.5MHz, Detector=Peak
Limit:	15 channels
Test setup:	 <p>The diagram illustrates the test setup. A Spectrum Analyzer is connected to an E.U.T. (Equipment Under Test) via a red cable. Both the Spectrum Analyzer and the E.U.T. are placed on a Non-Conducted Table. The table is supported by a Ground Reference Plane.</p>
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 6.0 for details
Test mode:	Refer to section 5.2 for details
Test results:	Pass

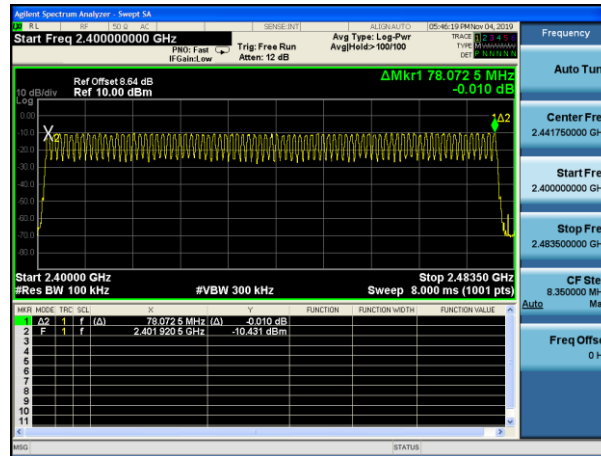
Measurement Data:

Mode	Hopping channel numbers	Limit	Result
GFSK	79	≥ 15	Pass
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	79		Pass
8-DPSK	79		Pass

Test plot as follows:

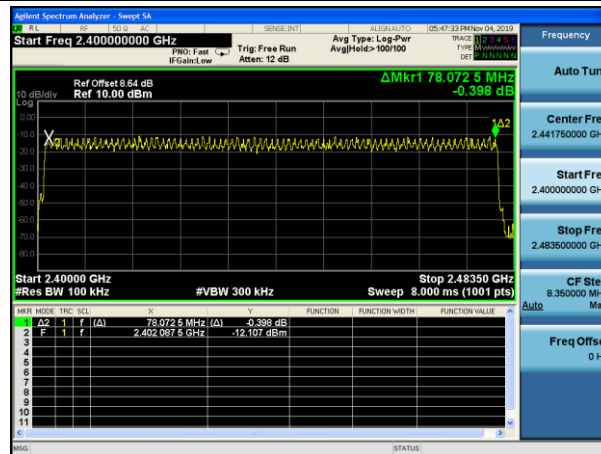
Test mode:

GFSK



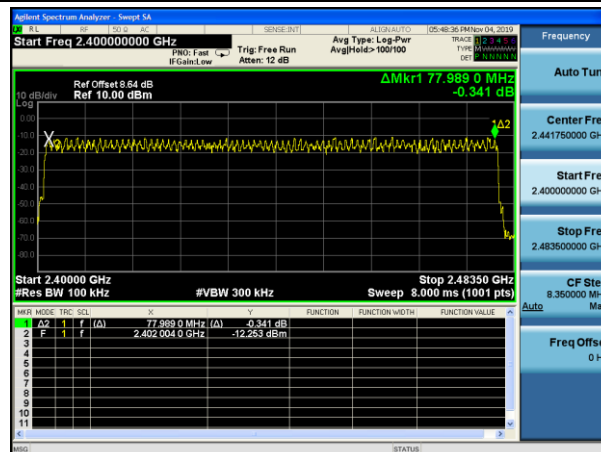
Test mode:

$\pi/4$ -DQPSK

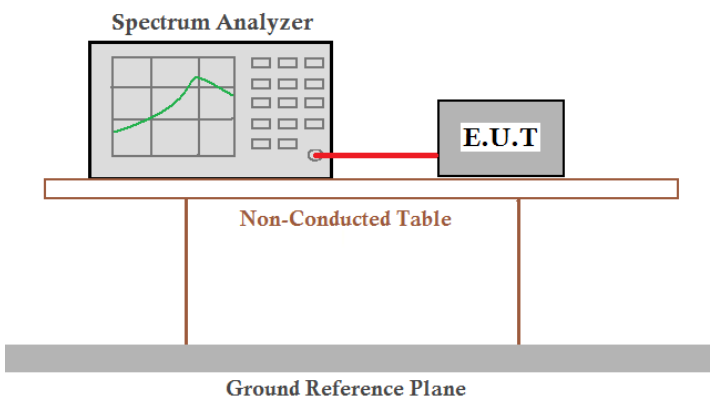


Test mode:

8-DPSK



7.7 Dwell Time

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Receiver setup:	RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, Span=0Hz, Detector=Peak
Limit:	0.4 Second
Test setup:	 <p>The diagram illustrates the test setup. A Spectrum Analyzer is connected to an E.U.T (Equipment Under Test) via a red cable. Both the Spectrum Analyzer and the E.U.T are placed on a Non-Conducted Table. The table is supported by two vertical legs. Below the table is a Ground Reference Plane.</p>
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 6.0 for details
Test mode:	Refer to section 5.2 for details
Test results:	Pass

Measurement Data

GFSK mode:

Frequency	Packet	Pulse time (ms)	Dwell time(s)	Limit(ms)	Result
2441MHz	DH1	0.378	0.121	400	Pass
2441MHz	DH3	1.634	0.261	400	Pass
2441MHz	DH5	2.879	0.307	400	Pass

Note: We have tested all mode at high, middle and low channel, and recorded worst case at middle channel.

Dwell time = Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 2 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second for DH1, 2-DH1, 3-DH1

Dwell time = Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 4 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second for DH3, 2-DH3, 3-DH3

Dwell time = Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 6 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second for DH5, 2-DH5, 3-DH5

$\pi/4$ -DQPSK mode:

Frequency	Packet	Pulse time (ms)	Dwell time(s)	Limit(ms)	Result
2441MHz	2DH1	0.384	0.123	400	Pass
2441MHz	2DH3	1.635	0.262	400	Pass
2441MHz	2DH5	2.883	0.308	400	Pass

Note: We have tested all mode at high, middle and low channel, and recorded worst case at middle channel.

Dwell time = Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 2 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second for DH1, 2-DH1, 3-DH1

Dwell time = Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 4 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second for DH3, 2-DH3, 3-DH3

Dwell time = Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 6 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second for DH5, 2-DH5, 3-DH5

8-DPSK mode:

Frequency	Packet	Pulse time (ms)	Dwell time(s)	Limit(ms)	Result
2441MHz	3DH1	0.388	0.124	400	Pass
2441MHz	3DH3	1.633	0.261	400	Pass
2441MHz	3DH5	2.885	0.308	400	Pass

Note: We have tested all mode at high, middle and low channel, and recorded worst case at middle channel.

Dwell time = Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 2 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second for DH1, 2-DH1, 3-DH1

Dwell time = Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 4 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second for DH3, 2-DH3, 3-DH3

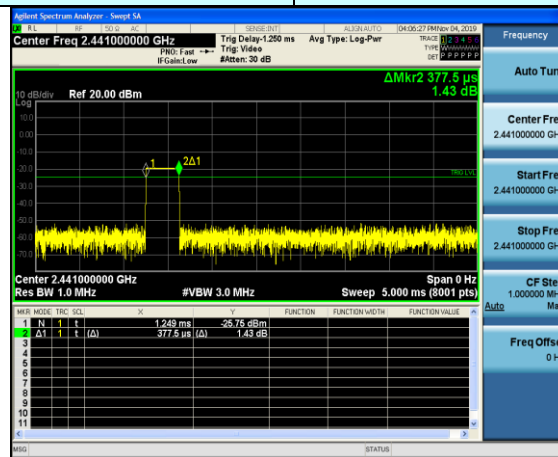
Dwell time = Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 6 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second for DH5, 2-DH5, 3-DH5

Test plot as follows:

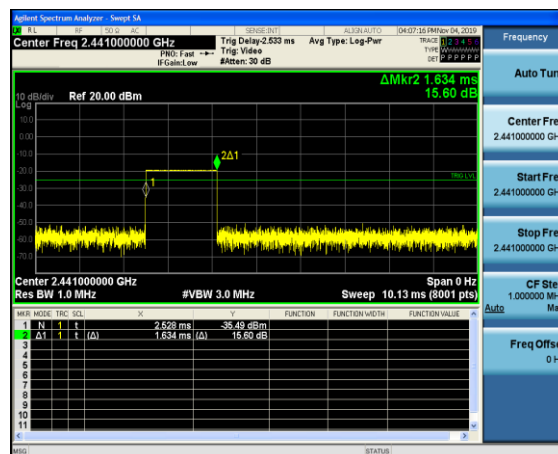
GFSK mode:

Test channel:

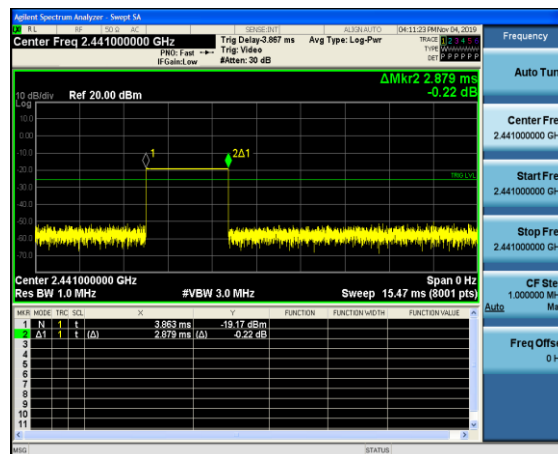
2441MHz



DH1



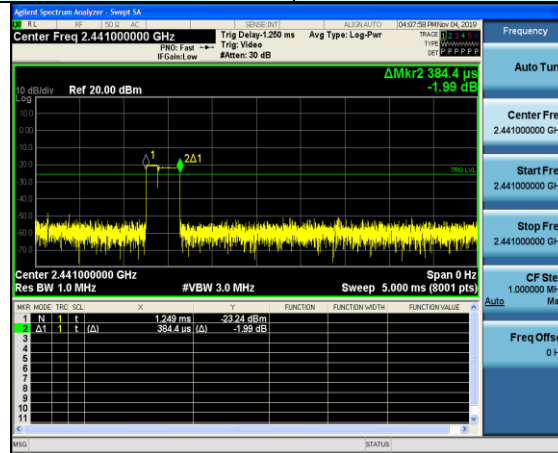
DH3



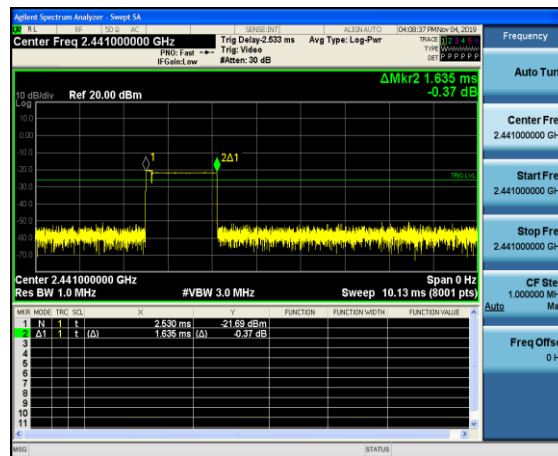
DH5

$\pi/4$ -DQPSK mode:

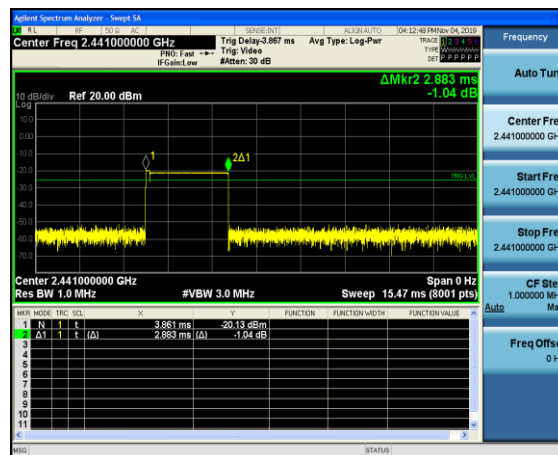
Test channel:	2441MHz
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2DH1



2DH3

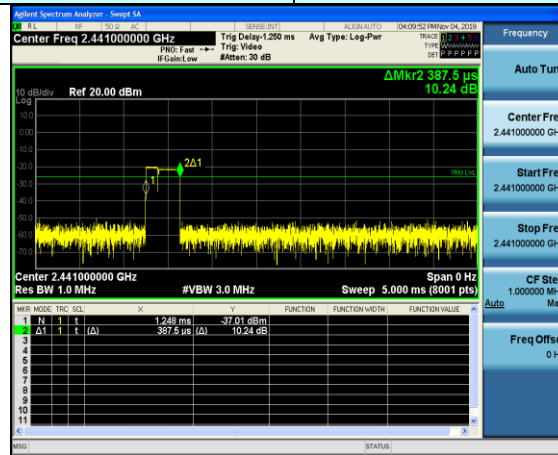


2DH5

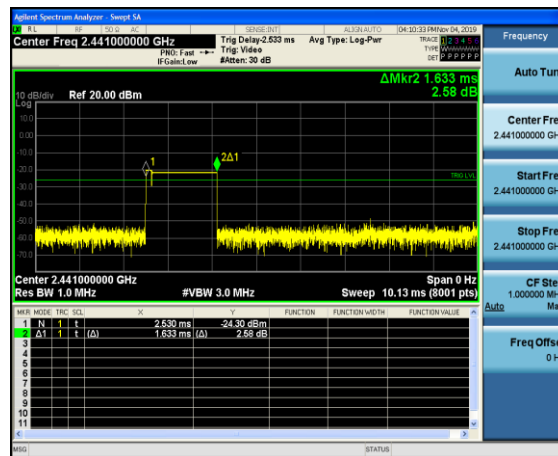
8-DPSK mode:

Test channel:

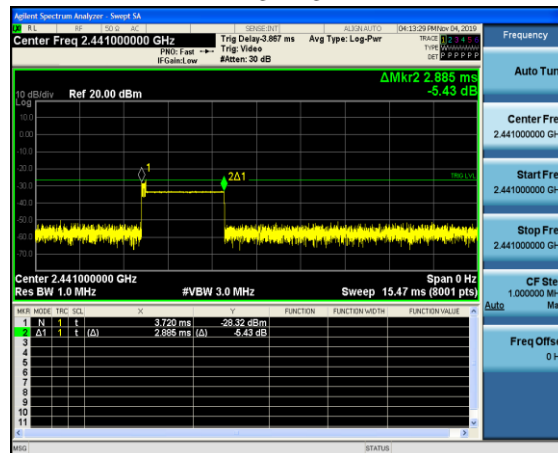
2441MHz



3DH1



3DH3



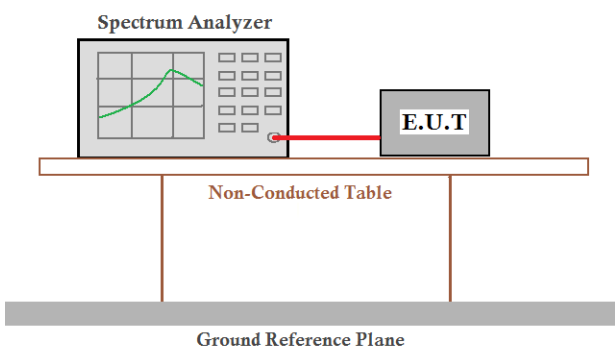
3DH5

7.8 Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)/g/h requirement:
<p><i>a(1): Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.</i></p> <p><i>Alternatively. Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.</i></p> <p><i>(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.</i></p> <p><i>(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.</i></p>	
EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	
<p><i>The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONES; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of shift register stages: 9 • Length of pseudo-random sequence: $2^9 - 1 = 511$ bits • Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal) <div> </div> <p><i>Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence</i></p> <p><i>An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:</i></p> <div> </div> <p><i>Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.</i></p> <p><i>The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.</i></p> <p><i>it permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted.</i></p>	

7.9 Band Edge

7.9.1 Conducted Emission Method

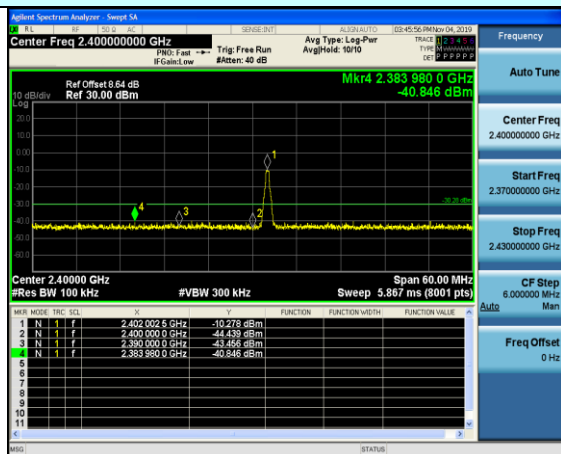
Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Receiver setup:	RBW=100kHz, VBW=300kHz, Detector=Peak
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.
Test setup:	 <p>The diagram illustrates the test setup for conducted emission measurement. A Spectrum Analyzer is connected via a red cable to an E.U.T (Equipment Under Test). Both are placed on a Non-Conducted Table, which is supported by two vertical legs. Below the table is a Ground Reference Plane, represented by a thick grey bar.</p>
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 6.0 for details
Test mode:	Refer to section 5.2 for details
Test results:	Pass

Test plot as follows:

GFSK Mode:

Test channel:

Lowest channel



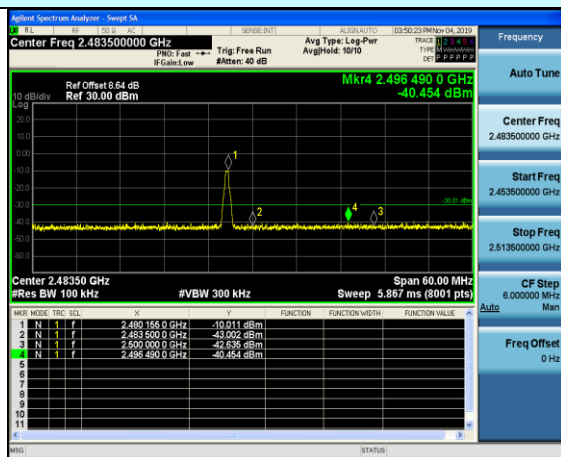
No-hopping mode



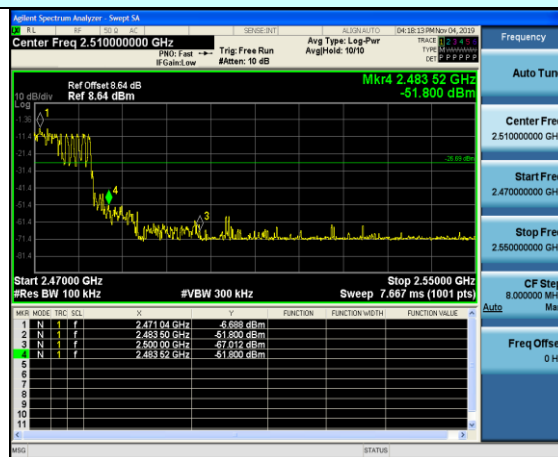
Hopping mode

Test channel:

Highest channel



No-hopping mode

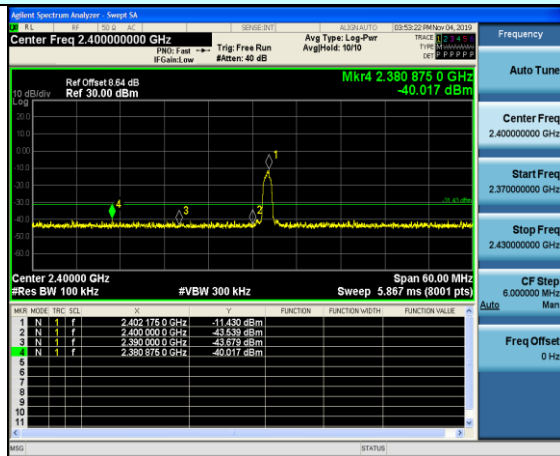


Hopping mode

$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Mode:

Test channel:

Lowest channel



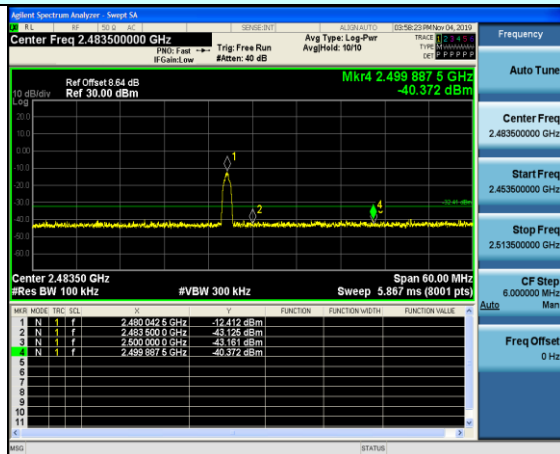
No-hopping mode



Hopping mode

Test channel:

Highest channel



No-hopping mode

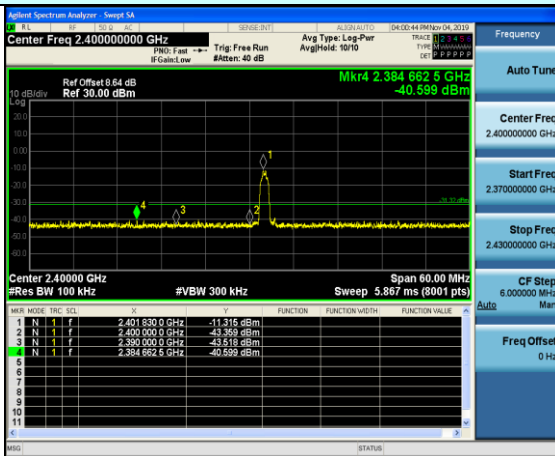


Hopping mode

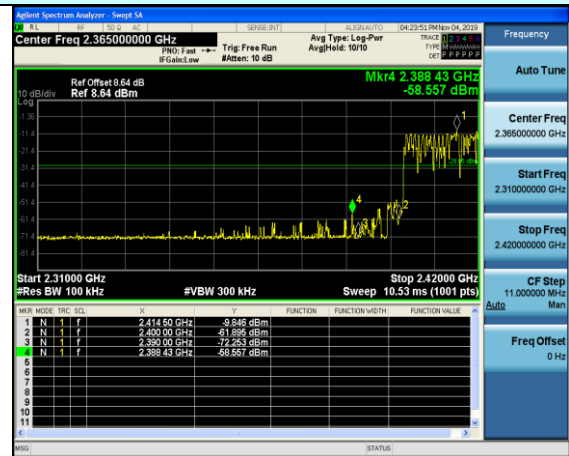
8-DPSK Mode:

Test channel:

Lowest channel



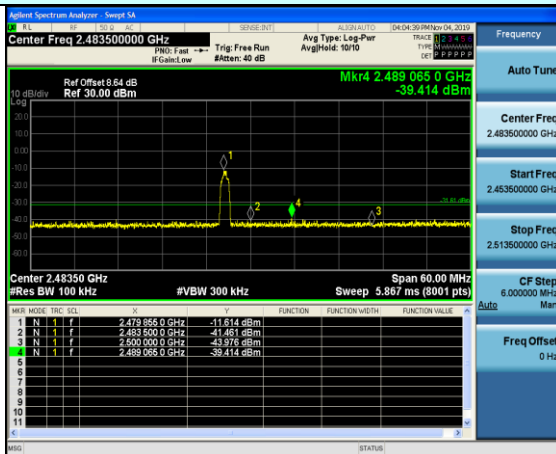
No-hopping mode



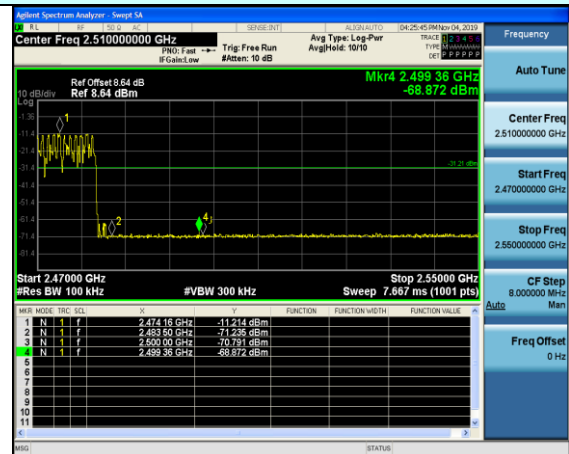
Hopping mode

Test channel:

Highest channel

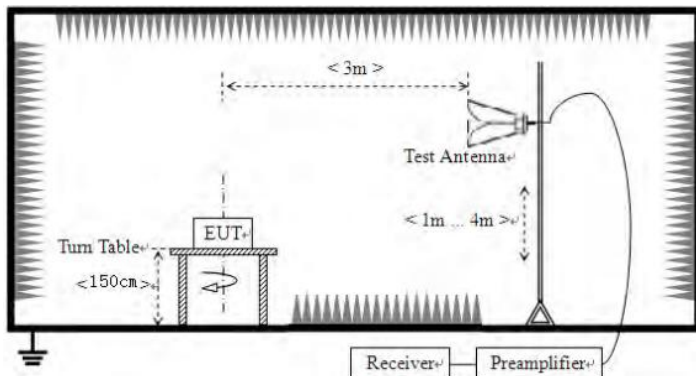


No-hopping mode



Hopping mode

7.9.2 Radiated Emission Method

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.209 and 15.205				
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013				
Test Frequency Range:	All of the restrict bands were tested, only the worst band's (2310MHz to 2500MHz) data was showed.				
Test site:	Measurement Distance: 3m				
Receiver setup:	Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
	Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak Value
		Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average Value
Limit:	Frequency		Limit (dBuV/m @3m)		Remark
	Above 1GHz		54.00		Average Value
			74.00		Peak Value
Test setup:					
Test Procedure:	<div>1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.</div> <div>2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.</div> <div>3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.</div> <div>4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rota table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.</div> <div>5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.</div> <div>6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.</div>				
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 6.0 for details				
Test mode:	Refer to section 5.2 for details				
Test results:	Pass				

Measurement Data

Remark: GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK and 8DPSK all have been tested, only worse case GFSK is reported.

Operation Mode: GFSK TX Low channel(2402MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2390	57.13	-5.68	51.45	74	-22.55	peak
2390	40.46	-5.68	34.78	54	-19.22	AVG
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2390	60.42	-5.68	54.74	74	-19.26	peak
2390	42.59	-5.68	36.91	54	-17.09	AVG
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

Operation Mode: GFSK TX High channel (2480MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

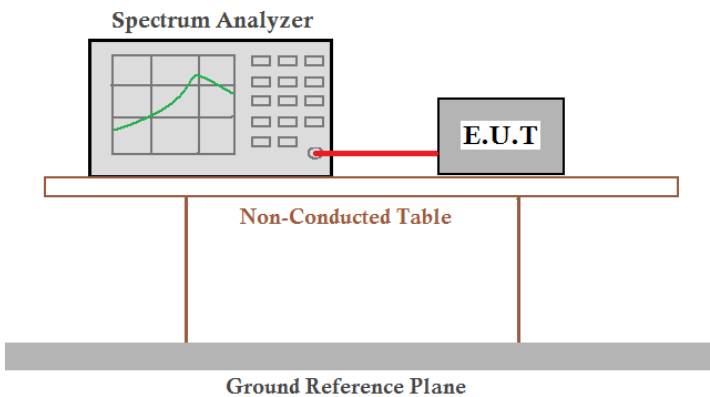
Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2483.5	59.01	-5.85	53.16	74	-20.84	peak
2483.5	41.29	-5.85	35.44	54	-18.56	AVG
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2483.5	60.45	-5.85	54.6	74	-19.4	peak
2483.5	44.21	-5.85	38.36	54	-15.64	AVG
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						
Remark: All the other emissions not reported were too low to read and deemed to comply with FCC limit.						

7.10 Spurious Emission

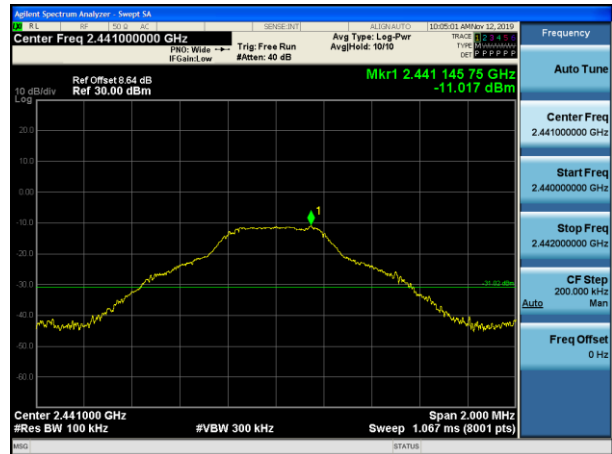
7.10.1 Conducted Emission Method

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.
Test setup:	 <p>The diagram illustrates the test setup. A Spectrum Analyzer, shown with a grid and a green curve, is connected to an E.U.T. (Equipment Under Test) box by a red cable. Both the Spectrum Analyzer and the E.U.T. are positioned on a table labeled 'Non-Conducted Table'. This table is supported by two vertical legs and sits on a thick grey horizontal bar labeled 'Ground Reference Plane'.</p>
Test Instruments:	Refer to section 6.0 for details
Test mode:	Refer to section 5.2 for details
Test results:	Pass

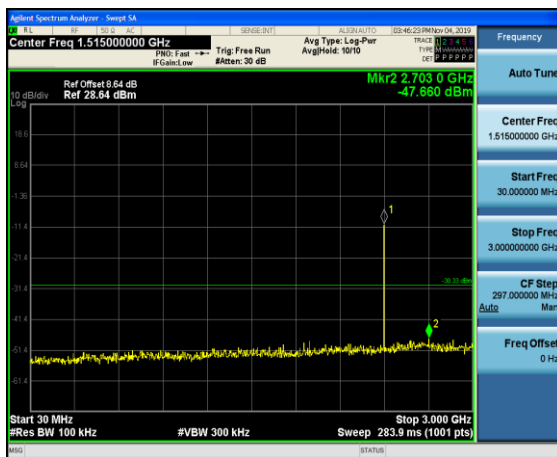
GFSK CH00



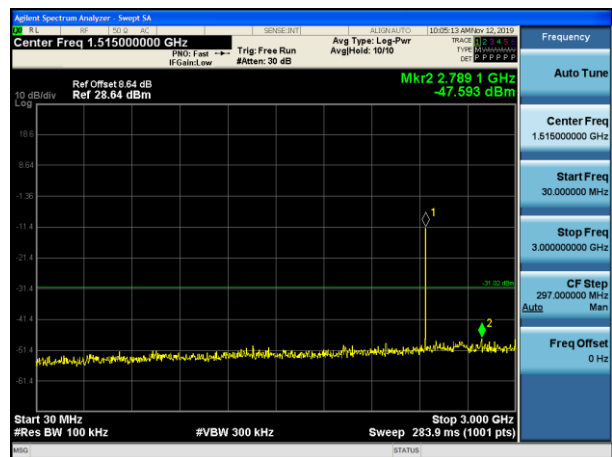
GFSK CH39



Reference



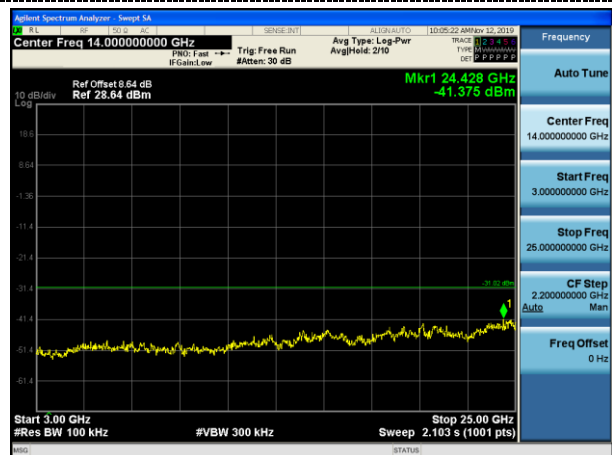
Reference



30MHz-3GHz



30MHz-3GHz



3GHz-25GHz

3GHz-25GHz

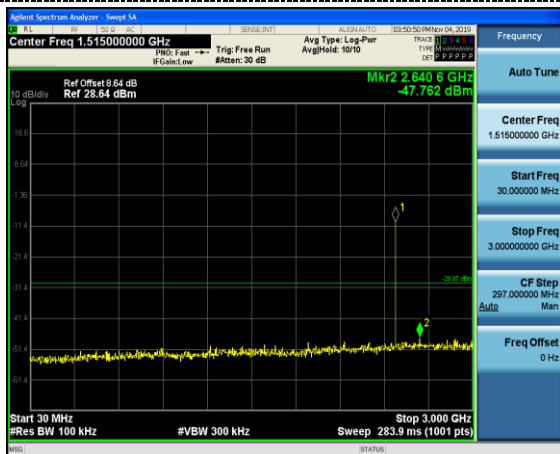
GFSK CH78



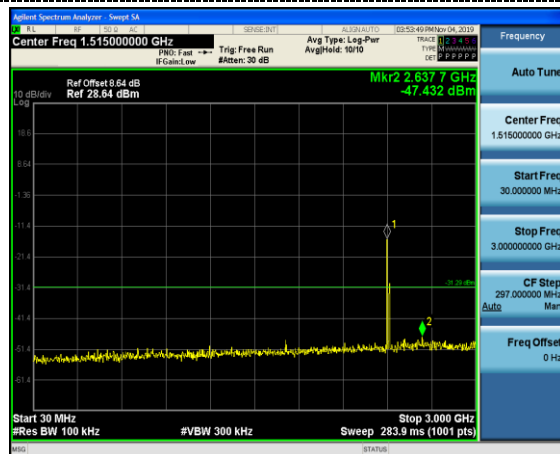
π /4DQPSK CH01



Reference



Reference



30MHz-3GHz



30MHz-3GHz



3GHz-25GHz

3GHz-25GHz

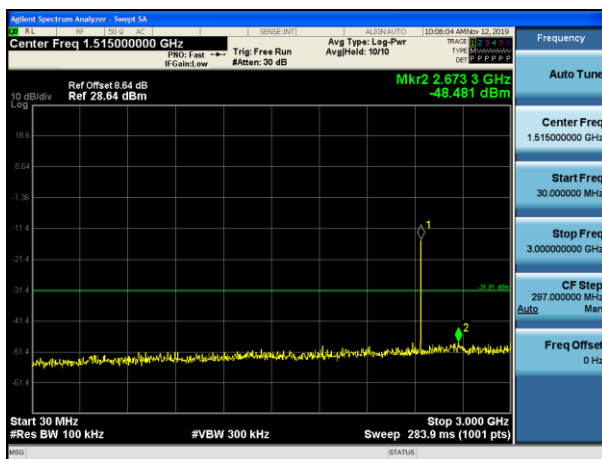
π /4DQPSK CH39



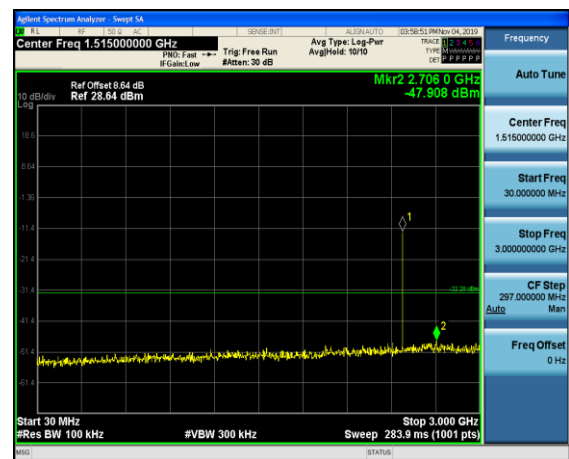
π /4DQPSK CH78



Reference



Reference



30MHz-3GHz

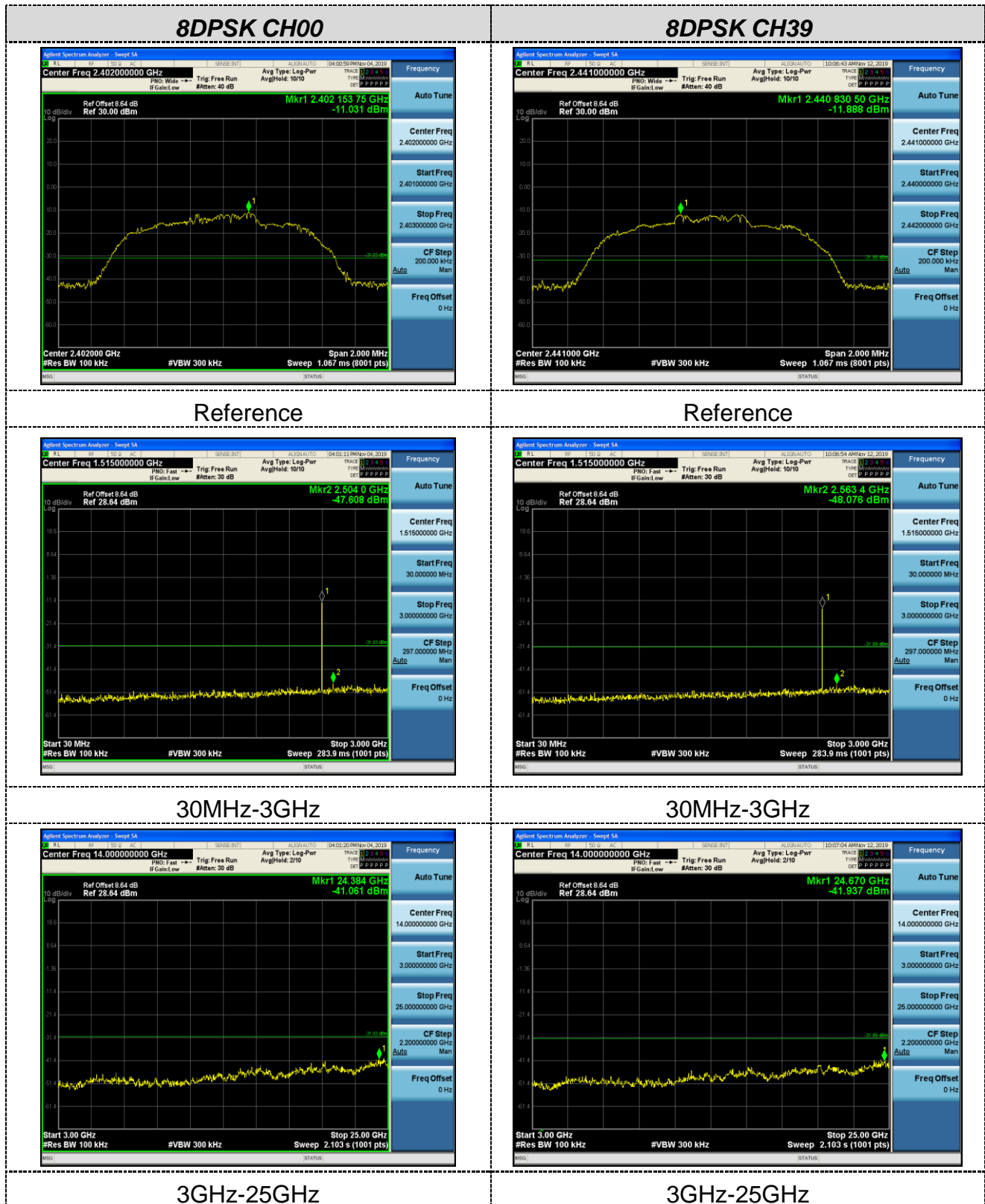


30MHz-3GHz



3GHz-25GHz

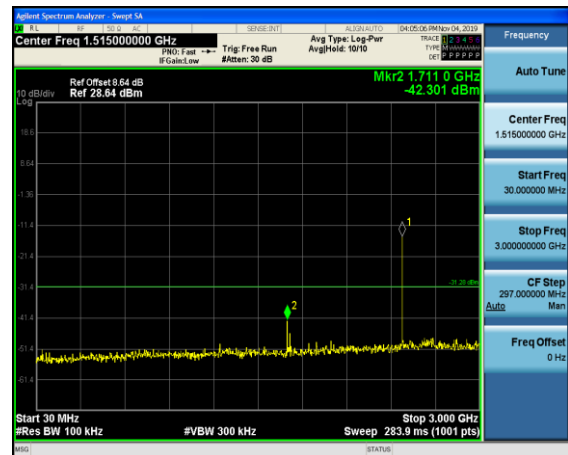
3GHz-25GHz



8DPSK CH78



Reference

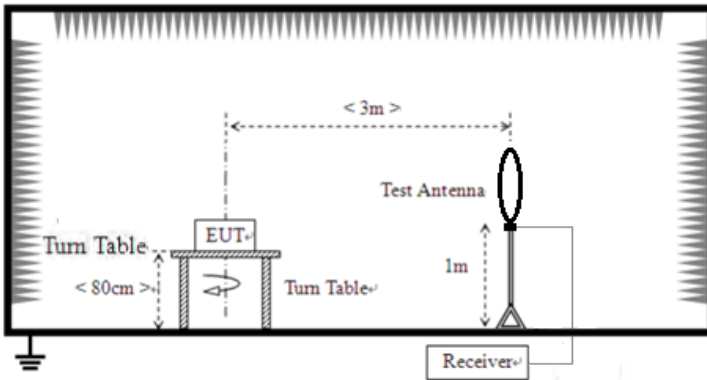


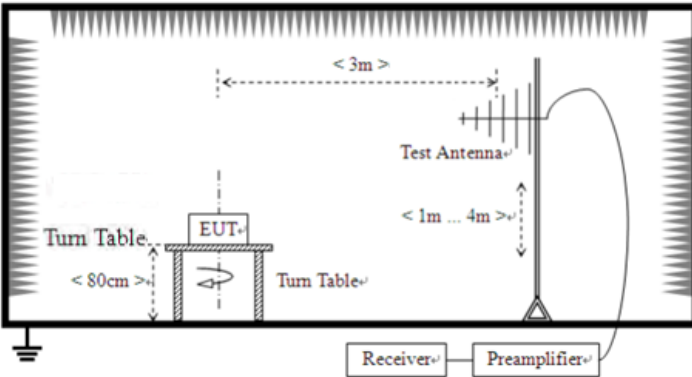
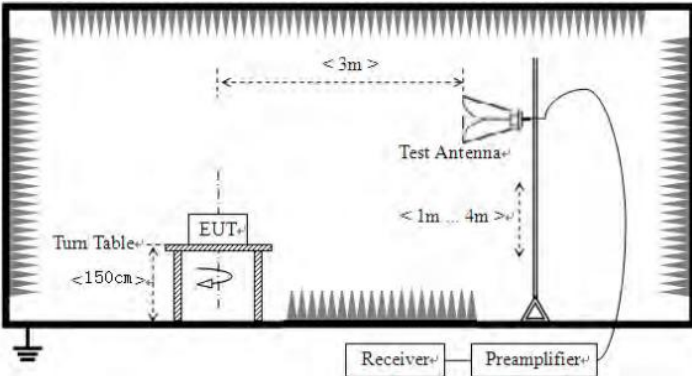
30MHz-3GHz



3GHz-25GHz

7.10.2 Radiated Emission Method

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.209				
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013				
Test Frequency Range:	9kHz to 25GHz				
Test site:	Measurement Distance: 3m				
Receiver setup:	Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Value
	9KHz-150KHz	Quasi-peak	200Hz	600Hz	Quasi-peak
	150KHz-30MHz	Quasi-peak	9KHz	30KHz	Quasi-peak
	30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	120KHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak
	Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak
		Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average
Limit:	Frequency	Limit (uV/m)	Value	Measurement Distance	
	0.009MHz-0.490MHz	2400/F(KHz)	QP	300m	
	0.490MHz-1.705MHz	24000/F(KHz)	QP	30m	
	1.705MHz-30MHz	30	QP	30m	
	30MHz-88MHz	100	QP	3m	
	88MHz-216MHz	150	QP		
	216MHz-960MHz	200	QP		
	960MHz-1GHz	500	QP		
	Above 1GHz	500	Average		
		5000	Peak		
Test setup:	For radiated emissions from 9kHz to 30MHz				
					

	<p>For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz</p>  <p>For radiated emissions above 1GHz</p> 
<p>Test Procedure:</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table (0.8m for below 1G and 1.5m for above 1G) above the ground at a 3 meter camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. 2. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. 3. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement. 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rota table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. 5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode. 6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.
<p>Test Instruments:</p>	<p>Refer to section 6.0 for details</p>
<p>Test mode:</p>	<p>Refer to section 5.2 for details</p>

Test environment:	Temp.:	25 °C	Humid.:	52%	Press.:	1012mbar
Test voltage:	AC 120V, 60Hz					
Test results:	Pass					

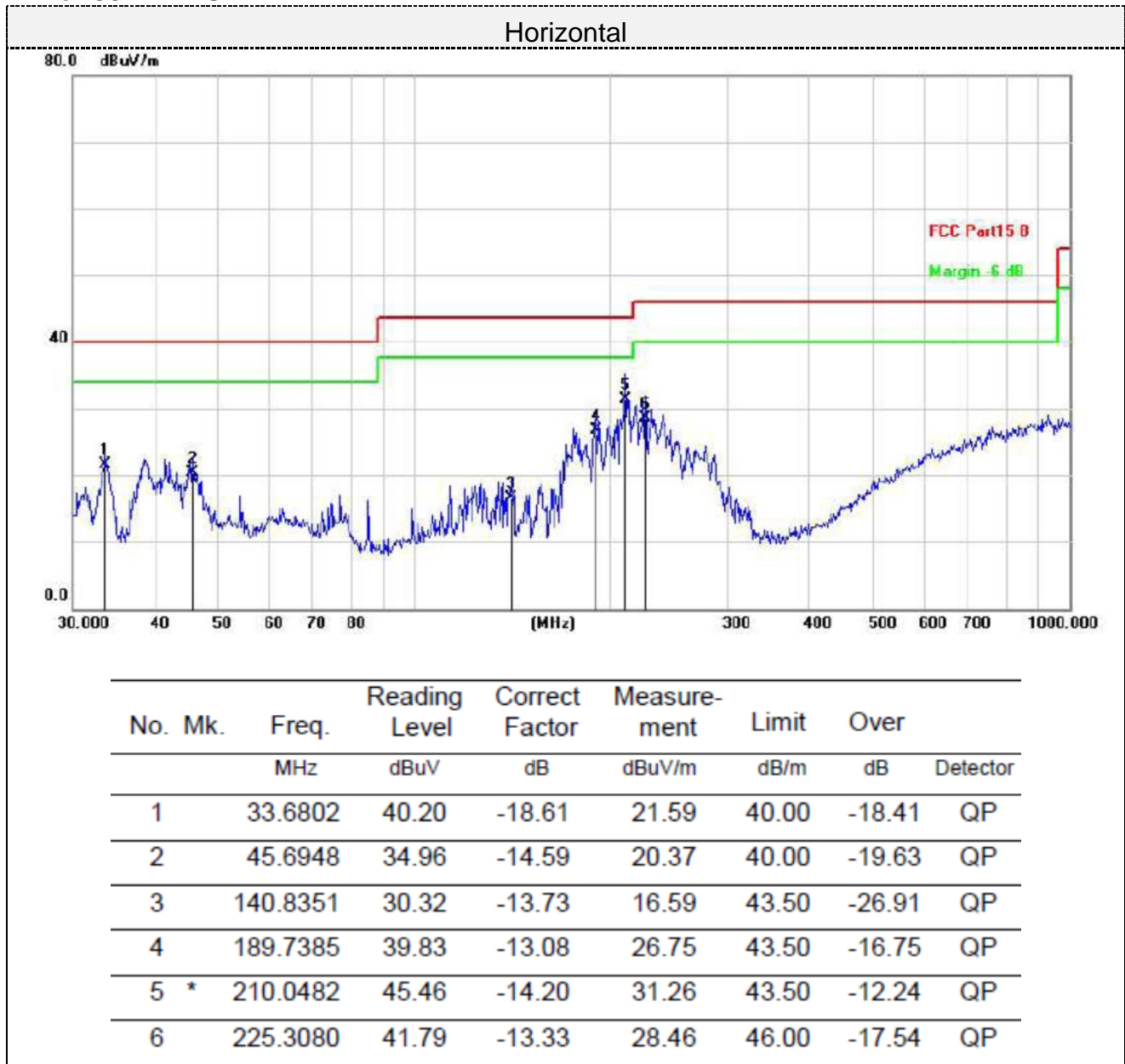
Measurement data:*Remarks:*

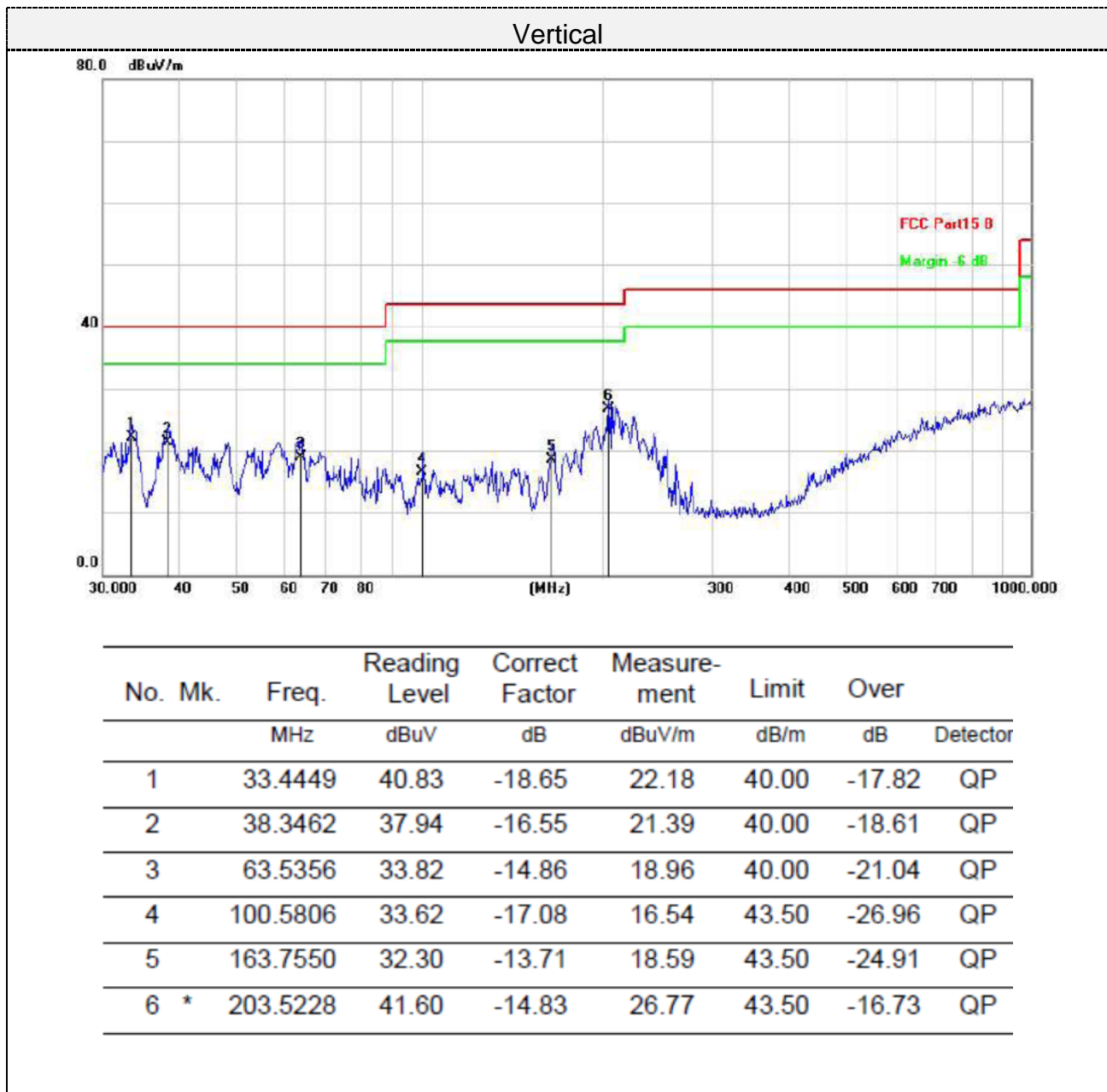
1. *During the test, pre-scan the GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK modulation, and found the GFSK modulation which it is worse case.*
2. *Pre-scan all kind of the place mode (X-axis, Y-axis, Z-axis), and found the Y-axis which it is worse case.*

■ 9kHz~30MHz

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

For 30MHz-1GHz





For 1GHz to 25GHz

Remark: For test above 1GHz GFSK and Pi/4 DQPSK were test at Low, Middle, and High channel; only the worst result of GFSK was reported as below:

CH Low (2402MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4804	61.32	-3.61	57.71	74	-16.29	peak
4804	45.11	-3.61	41.5	54	-12.5	AVG
7206	57.65	-0.85	56.8	74	-17.2	peak
7206	43.27	-0.85	42.42	54	-11.58	AVG
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Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4804	63.54	-3.61	59.93	74	-14.07	peak
4804	46.29	-3.61	42.68	54	-11.32	AVG
7206	56.33	-0.85	55.48	74	-18.52	peak
7206	43.58	-0.85	42.73	54	-11.27	AVG
---	---	---	---	---	---	---
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Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

CH Middle (2441MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4882	59.09	-3.49	55.6	74	-18.4	peak
4882	45.21	-3.49	41.72	54	-12.28	AVG
7326	56.36	-0.8	55.56	74	-18.44	peak
7326	41.47	-0.8	40.67	54	-13.33	AVG
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Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4882	60.29	-3.49	56.8	74	-17.2	peak
4882	46.21	-3.49	42.72	54	-11.28	AVG
7326	56.54	-0.8	55.74	74	-18.26	peak
7326	42.29	-0.8	41.49	54	-12.51	AVG
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Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

CH High (2480MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4960	59.19	-3.41	55.78	74	-18.22	peak
4960	46.38	-3.41	42.97	54	-11.03	AVG
7440	55.75	-0.72	55.03	74	-18.97	peak
7440	41.26	-0.72	40.54	54	-13.46	AVG
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Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4960	62.33	-3.41	58.92	74	-15.08	peak
4960	47.48	-3.41	44.07	54	-9.93	AVG
7440	58.32	-0.72	57.6	74	-16.4	peak
7440	43.62	-0.72	42.9	54	-11.1	AVG
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Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Remark:

- (1) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “--- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- (2) When the test results of Peak Detected below the limits of Average Detected, the Average Detected is not need completed.

8 Test Setup Photo

Reference to the **appendix I** for details.

9 EUT Constructional Details

Reference to the **appendix II** for details.

-----End-----