

# FCC RF Test Report

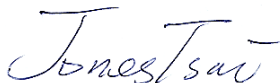
APPLICANT : Onyx Healthcare USA  
EQUIPMENT : Medical Tablet  
BRAND NAME : Onyx Healthcare USA  
MODEL NAME : xxxxxMPAD-800 xxxxxxxxxx (X represents  
"0-9", "A-Z", "a-z", "-", "blank")  
FCC ID : 2A0OUMPAD800WBL  
STANDARD : 47 CFR Part 2, 27  
CLASSIFICATION : PCS Licensed Transmitter (PCB)

The product was received on Oct. 05, 2107 and completely tested on Jan. 31, 2018. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in ANSI / TIA-603-E and the testing has shown the tested sample to be in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Joseph Lin / Supervisor



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



## SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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FCC ID: 2A0OUMPAD800WBL

Page Number : 1 of 20

Report Issued Date : Feb. 07, 2018

Report Version : Rev. 01

Report Template No.: BU5-FGLTE Version 2.0



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## REVISION HISTORY

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FG7O0519	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Feb. 07, 2018



## SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Report Section	FCC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.4	§2.1046	Conducted Output Power	Reporting Only	PASS	-
	§27.50(b)(10)	Effective Radiated Power (Band 13)	ERP < 3 Watt		
	§27.50(d)(4)	Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (Band 4)	EIRP < 1Watt		
3.5	N/A	Peak-to-Average Ratio	<13 dB	PASS	-
3.6	§2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth	Reporting Only	PASS	-
3.7	§2.1051 §27.53(c)(2)(4) §27.53(h)	Conducted Band Edge Measurement (Band 4) (Band 13)	< 43+10log10(P[Watts])	PASS	-
3.8	§2.1051 §27.53(c)(2) §27.53(h)	Conducted Spurious Emission (Band 4) (Band 13)	< 43+10log10(P[Watts])	PASS	-
3.9	§2.1055 §27.54	Frequency Stability Temperature & Voltage	Within Authorized Band	PASS	-
4.4	§2.1053 §27.53(c)(2) §27.53(f) §27.53(h)	Radiated Spurious Emission (Band 4) (Band 13)	< 43+10log10(P[Watts])	PASS	Under limit 14.78 dB at 1560.000 MHz



# 1 General Description

## 1.1 Applicant

Onyx Healthcare USA

324 West Blueridge Avenue Orange, CA 92865

## 1.2 Manufacturer

AAEON Technology Inc.

5F, No. 135, Lane 235, Pao Chiao Rd., Taipei, Taiwan

## 1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

LTE, Bluetooth, and Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n.

Product Specification subjective to this standard	
Antenna Type	WWAN: PIFA Antenna WLAN: FPC Antenna Bluetooth: FPC Antenna

## 1.4 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

## 1.5 Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code : 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC Test.

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.	
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 <sup>st</sup> Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Tao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978	
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	
	TH05-HY	03CH07-HY



## **1.6 Applicable Standards**

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- ♦ 47 CFR Part 2, 27
- ♦ ANSI / TIA-603-E
- ♦ FCC KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas. License Digital Systems v03
- ♦ FCC KDB 412172 D01 Determining ERP and EIRP v01r01

**Remark:**

1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
2. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.



## 2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

### 2.1 Test Mode

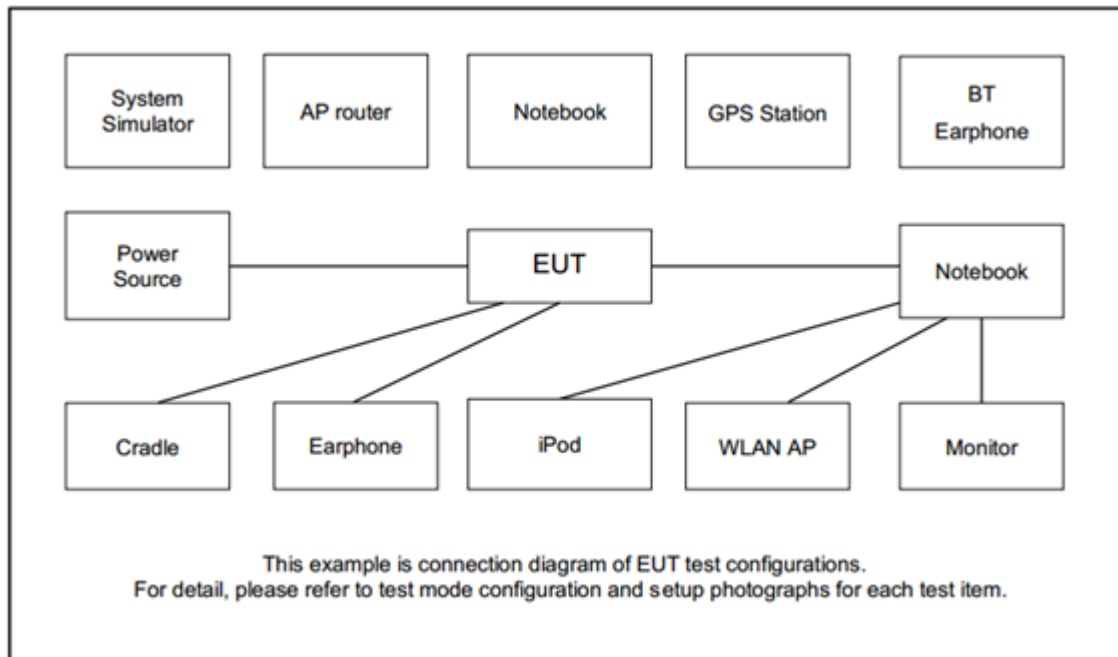
Antenna port conducted and radiated test items listed below are performed according to KDB 971168

D01 Power Meas. License Digital Systems v03 with maximum output power.

Radiated measurements are performed by rotating the EUT in three different orthogonal test planes to find the maximum emission.

Test Items	Band	Bandwidth (MHz)						Modulation			RB #			Test Channel		
		1.4	3	5	10	15	20	QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	1	Half	Full	L	M	H
Max. Output Power	4	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v		v	v	v	v	v	v
	13	-	-	v	v	-	-	v	v		v	v	v	v	v	v
Peak-to-Average Ratio	4						v	v	v		v		v	v	v	v
	13	-	-		v	-	-	v	v		v		v		v	
26dB and 99% Bandwidth	4	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v				v	v	v	v
	13	-	-	v	v	-	-	v	v				v		v	
Conducted Band Edge	4	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v		v		v	v		v
	13	-	-	v	v	-	-	v	v		v		v	v		v
Conducted Spurious Emission	4	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v		v			v	v	v
	13	-	-	v	v	-	-	v	v		v			v	v	v
Frequency Stability	4				v			v					v		v	
	13	-	-		v	-	-	v					v		v	
E.R.P / E.I.R.P	4	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v		v			v	v	v
	13	-	-	v	v	-	-	v	v		v			v	v	v
Radiated Spurious Emission	4	Worst Case												v	v	v
	13	Worst Case												v	v	v
Note	1. The mark “v “ means that this configuration is chosen for testing 2. The mark “-“ means that this bandwidth is not supported. 3. The device is investigated from 30MHz to 10 times of fundamental signal for radiated spurious emission test under different RB size/offset and modulations in exploratory test. Subsequently, only the worst case emissions are reported.															

## 2.2 Connection Diagram of Test System



## 2.3 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	LTE Base Station	Anritsu	MT8820C	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
2.	iPod Earphone	Apple	N/A	Verification	Unshielded, 1.0m	N/A

## 2.4 Measurement Results Explanation Example

### For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

*Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.*

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 4.2 dB and 10dB attenuator.

Example :

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Offset(dB)} &= \text{RF cable loss(dB)} + \text{attenuator factor(dB)}. \\
 &= 4.2 + 10 = 14.2 \text{ (dB)}
 \end{aligned}$$





## 2.5 Frequency List of Low/Middle/High Channels

LTE Band 4 Channel and Frequency List				
BW [MHz]	Channel/Frequency(MHz)	Lowest	Middle	Highest
20	Channel	20050	20175	20300
	Frequency	1720	1732.5	1745
15	Channel	20025	20175	20325
	Frequency	1717.5	1732.5	1747.5
10	Channel	20000	20175	20350
	Frequency	1715	1732.5	1750
5	Channel	19975	20175	20375
	Frequency	1712.5	1732.5	1752.5
3	Channel	19965	20175	20385
	Frequency	1711.5	1732.5	1753.5
1.4	Channel	19957	20175	20393
	Frequency	1710.7	1732.5	1754.3

LTE Band 13 Channel and Frequency List				
BW [MHz]	Channel/Frequency(MHz)	Lowest	Middle	Highest
10	Channel	-	23230	-
	Frequency	-	782	-
5	Channel	23205	23230	23255
	Frequency	779.5	782	784.5

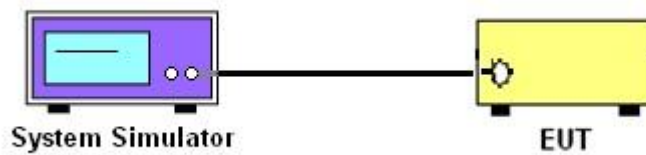
### 3 Conducted Test Items

#### 3.1 Measuring Instruments

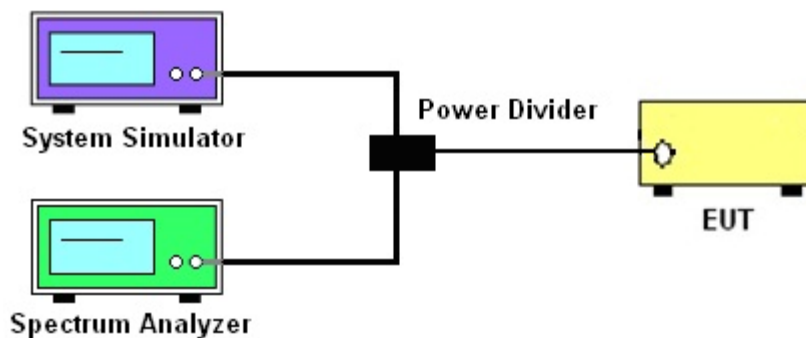
See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

#### 3.2 Test Setup

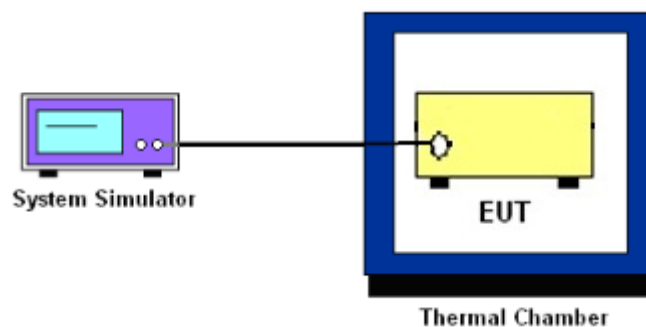
##### 3.2.1 Conducted Output Power



##### 3.2.2 Peak-to-Average Ratio, Occupied Bandwidth ,Conducted Band-Edge and Conducted Spurious Emission



##### 3.2.3 Frequency Stability



#### 3.3 Test Result of Conducted Test

Please refer to Appendix A.



### **3.4 Conducted Output Power and ERP/EIRP**

#### **3.4.1 Description of the Conducted Output Power Measurement and ERP/EIRP Measurement**

A system simulator was used to establish communication with the EUT. Its parameters were set to force the EUT transmitting at maximum output power. The measured power in the radio frequency on the transmitter output terminals shall be reported.

The ERP of mobile transmitters must not exceed 3 Watts for LTE Band 13.

The EIRP of mobile transmitters must not exceed 1 Watts for LTE Band 4.

According to KDB 412172 D01 Power Approach,

$EIRP = P_T + G_T - L_C$ ,  $ERP = EIRP - 2.15$ , where

$P_T$  = transmitter output power in dBm

$G_T$  = gain of the transmitting antenna in dBi

$L_C$  = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna in dB

#### **3.4.2 Test Procedures**

1. The transmitter output port was connected to the system simulator.
2. Set EUT at maximum power through the system simulator.
3. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different modulation.
4. Measure and record the power level from the system simulator.

## **3.5 Peak-to-Average Ratio**

### **3.5.1 Description of the PAR Measurement**

Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) curves provide a means for characterizing the power peaks of a digitally modulated signal on a statistical basis. A CCDF curve depicts the probability of the peak signal amplitude exceeding the average power level. Most contemporary measurement instrumentation include the capability to produce CCDF curves for an input signal provided that the instrument's resolution bandwidth can be set wide enough to accommodate the entire input signal bandwidth. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

### **3.5.2 Test Procedures**

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03 Section 5.7.1

1. The EUT was connected to spectrum and system simulator via a power divider.
2. Set the CCDF (Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function) option in spectrum analyzer.
3. The highest RF powers were measured and recorded the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1 %.
4. Record the deviation as Peak to Average Ratio.

## **3.6 Occupied Bandwidth**

### **3.6.1 Description of Occupied Bandwidth Measurement**

The occupied bandwidth is the width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage 0.5% of the total mean transmitted power.

The 26 dB emission bandwidth is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated 26 dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal. Spectral density (power per unit bandwidth) is to be measured with a detector of resolution bandwidth equal to approximately 1.0% of the emission bandwidth.

### **3.6.2 Test Procedures**

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03 Section 4.2

1. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
2. The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the spectrum analyzer shall be between two and five times the anticipated OBW.
3. The nominal resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be at least 3 times the RBW.
4. Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold.
5. Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit a modulated signal. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace.  
(this is the reference value)
6. Determine the “-26 dB down amplitude” as equal to (Reference Value – X).
7. Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-X dB down amplitude” determined in step 6. If a marker is below this “-X dB down amplitude” value it shall be placed as close as possible to this value. The OBW is the positive frequency difference between the two markers.
8. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the spectrum analyzer and report the measured bandwidth.

## 3.7 Conducted Band Edge

### 3.7.1 Description of Conducted Band Edge Measurement

27.53 (c)

For operations in the 776-788 MHz band, the FCC limit is  $43 + 10\log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$  dB below the transmitter power  $P(\text{Watts})$  in a 100 kHz bandwidth. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed. In addition, the power of any unwanted emissions in any 6.25 kHz bandwidth for all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-806 MHz shall be attenuated below the transmitter power,  $P$  (dBW), by at least  $65 + 10 \log_{10} p(\text{watts})$ , dB, for mobile and portable equipment.

27.53 (h)

For operations in the 1710 – 1755 MHz band, the FCC limit is  $43 + 10\log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$  dB below the transmitter power  $P(\text{Watts})$  in a 1 MHz bandwidth. However, in the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed.

### 3.7.2 Test Procedures

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03 Section 6.0.

1. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
2. The band edges of low and high channels for the highest RF powers were measured.
3. Set RBW  $\geq 1\%$  EBW in the 1MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to the band edge.
4. Beyond the 1 MHz band from the band edge, RBW=1MHz was used.
5. Set spectrum analyzer with RMS detector.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
7. Checked that all the results comply with the emission limit line.

The limit line is derived from  $43 + 10\log(P)\text{dB}$  below the transmitter power  $P(\text{Watts})$



## **3.8 Conducted Spurious Emission**

### **3.8.1 Description of Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement**

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be lower than the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.

It is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer and scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic.

### **3.8.2 Test Procedures**

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03 Section 6.0.

1. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator.  
The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. The middle channel for the highest RF power within the transmitting frequency was measured.
4. The conducted spurious emission for the whole frequency range was taken.
5. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz.
6. Set spectrum analyzer with RMS detector.
7. Taking the record of maximum spurious emission.
8. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
9. The limit line is derived from  $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)

### 3.9 Frequency Stability

#### 3.9.1 Description of Frequency Stability Measurement

The frequency stability shall be measured by variation of ambient temperature and variation of primary supply voltage to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within  $\pm 0.00025\%$  ( $\pm 2.5\text{ppm}$ ) of the center frequency.

#### 3.9.2 Test Procedures for Temperature Variation

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03 Section 9.0.

1. The EUT was set up in the thermal chamber and connected with the system simulator.
2. With power OFF, the temperature was decreased to  $-30^{\circ}\text{C}$  and the EUT was stabilized before testing. Power was applied and the maximum change in frequency was recorded within one minute.
3. With power OFF, the temperature was raised in  $10^{\circ}\text{C}$  step up to  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The EUT was stabilized at each step for at least half an hour. Power was applied and the maximum frequency change was recorded within one minute.

#### 3.9.3 Test Procedures for Voltage Variation

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03 Section 9.0.

1. The EUT was placed in a temperature chamber at  $20\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$  and connected with the system simulator.
2. The power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value measured at the input to the EUT.
3. The variation in frequency was measured for the worst case.



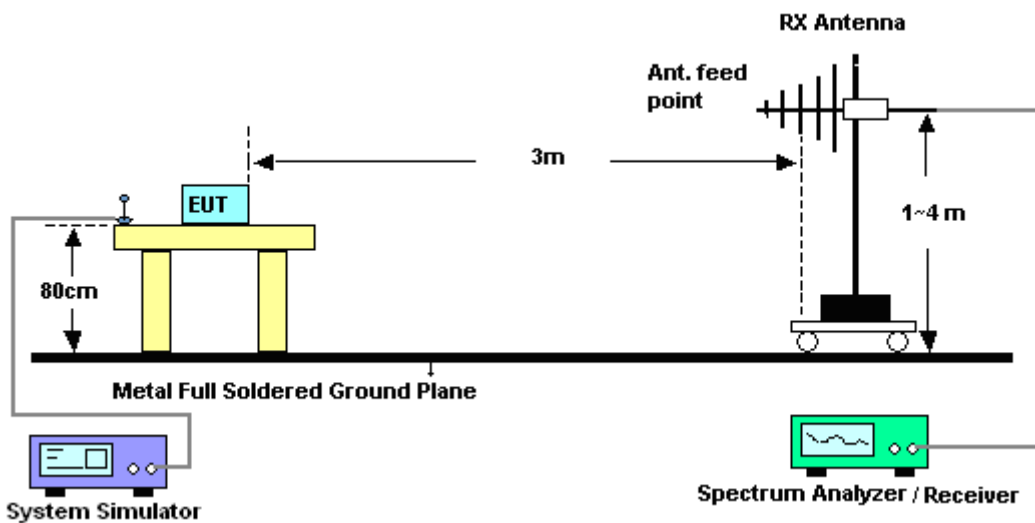
## 4 Radiated Test Items

### 4.1 Measuring Instruments

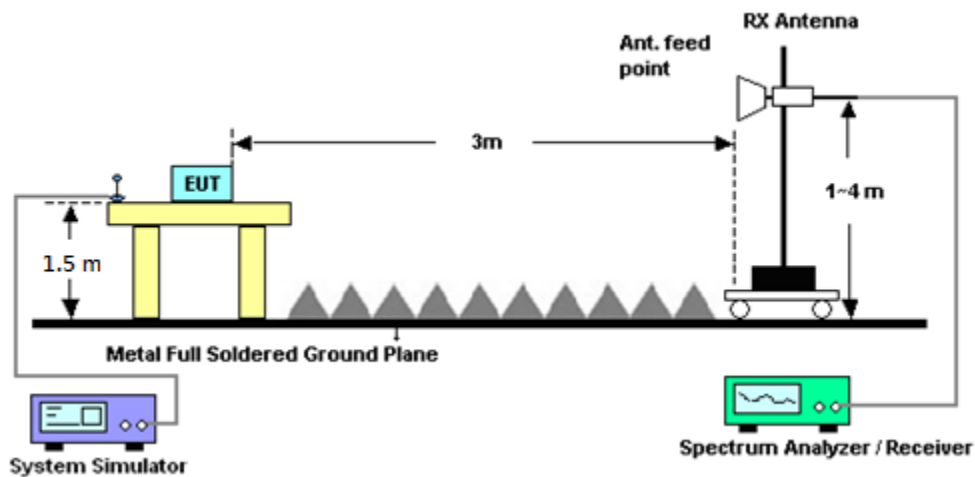
See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

### 4.2 Test Setup

#### 4.2.1 For radiated test from 30MHz to 1GHz



#### 4.2.2 For radiated test above 1GHz



### 4.3 Test Result of Radiated Test

Please refer to Appendix B.

## **4.4 Radiated Spurious Emission**

### **4.4.1 Description of Radiated Spurious Emission**

The radiated spurious emission was measured by substitution method according to ANSI / TIA-603-E. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.

For LTE Band 13

For operations in the 746-758 MHz, 775-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands, emissions in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall be limited to -70 dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and -80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth.

The spectrum is scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

### **4.4.2 Test Procedures**

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03 Section 5.8 and ANSI / TIA-603-E Section 2.2.12.

1. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
2. The EUT was set 3 meters from the receiving antenna, which was mounted on the antenna tower.
3. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest spurious emission.
4. The height of the receiving antenna is varied between one meter and four meters to search the maximum spurious emission for both horizontal and vertical polarizations.
5. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, taking the record of maximum spurious emission.
6. A horn antenna was substituted in place of the EUT and was driven by a signal generator.
7. Tune the output power of signal generator to the same emission level with EUT maximum spurious emission.
8. Taking the record of output power at antenna port.
9. Repeat step 7 to step 8 for another polarization.
10. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

The limit line is derived from  $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)



## 5 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
LTE Base Station	Anritsu	MT8820C	6201432821	GSM/GPRS /WCDMA/LTE	Oct. 13, 2017	Jan. 14, 2018~ Jan. 17, 2018	Oct. 12, 2018	Conducted (TH05-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101408	10Hz~40GHz	Jul. 20, 2017	Jan. 14, 2018~ Jan. 17, 2018	Jul. 19, 2018	Conducted (TH05-HY)
Temperature Chamber	ESPEC	SH-641	92013720	-30℃~70℃	Aug. 28, 2017	Jan. 14, 2018~ Jan. 17, 2018	Aug. 27, 2018	Conducted (TH05-HY)
Programmable Power Supply	GW Instek	PSS-2005	EL890001	1V~20V 0.5A~5A	Oct. 06, 2017	Jan. 14, 2018~ Jan. 17, 2018	Oct. 05, 2018	Conducted (TH05-HY)
Coupler	Warison	1-18GHz 20dB 25WSMA Directional Coupler	#B	1G~18GHz	Feb. 20, 2017	Jan. 14, 2018~ Jan. 17, 2018	Feb. 19, 2018	Conducted (TH05-HY)
Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6111D&00800 N1D01N-06	35419&03	30MHz to 1GHz	Dec. 18, 2017	Jan. 31, 2018	Dec. 17, 2018	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Double Ridge Horn Antenna	ESCO	3117	00075962	1GHz ~ 18GHz	Aug. 23, 2017	Jan. 31, 2018	Aug. 22, 2018	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Loop Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100315	9 kHz~30 MHz	Nov. 10, 2017	Jan. 31, 2018	Nov. 09, 2019	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Preamplifier	MITEQ	AMF-7D-0010 1800-30-10P	1590075	1GHz ~ 18GHz	Apr. 25, 2017	Jan. 31, 2018	Apr. 24, 2018	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Preamplifier	COM-POWER	PA-103A	161241	10MHz-1GHz	Mar. 14, 2017	Jan. 31, 2018	Mar. 13, 2018	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Preamplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02362	1GHz~ 26.5GHz	Oct. 30, 2017	Jan. 31, 2018	Oct. 29, 2018	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY53470118	10Hz~44GHz	Apr. 17, 2017	Jan. 31, 2018	Apr. 16, 2018	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Antenna Mast	Max-Full	MFA520BS	N/A	1m~4m	N/A	Jan. 31, 2018	N/A	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Turn Table	ChainTek	Chaintek 3000	N/A	0~360 Degree	N/A	Jan. 31, 2018	N/A	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Amplifier	MITEQ	TTA1840-35-H G	1871923	18GHz~40GHz, VSWR : 2.5:1 max	Jul. 18, 2017	Jan. 31, 2018	Jul. 17, 2018	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
SHF-EHF Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	BBHA917025 1	18GHz- 40GHz	Nov. 10, 2017	Jan. 31, 2018	Nov. 09, 2018	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
EMI Test Receiver	Agilent	N9038A(MXE)	MY53290053	20Hz to 26.5GHz	Jan. 16, 2018	Jan. 31, 2018	Jan. 15, 2019	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Horn Antenna	ESCO	3117	00066584	1GHz~18GHz	Sep. 06, 2017	Jan. 31, 2018	Sep. 05, 2018	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3694C	163401	0.1Hz~40GHz	Jan. 15, 2018	Jan. 31, 2018	Jan. 14, 2019	Radiation (03CH07-HY)



## 6 Uncertainty of Evaluation

### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	3.05
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	3.44
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	3.95
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