



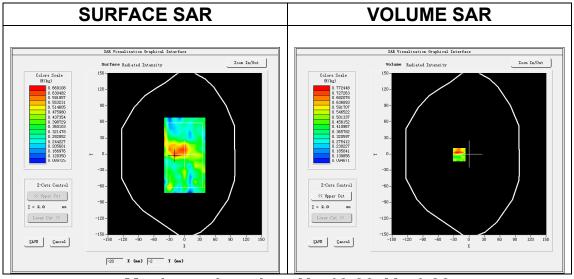
Date of measurement: 27/5/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	Body
Band	<u>IEEE 802.11a U-NII</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	IEEE802.a (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.30

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.400000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.129999
Conductivity (S/m)	4.510778
Variation (%)	-3.890000

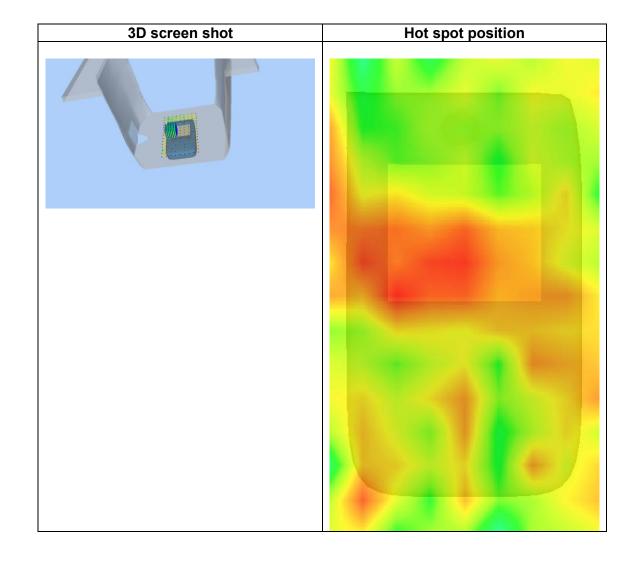


Maximum location: X=-19.00, Y=-1.00 SAR Peak: 1.17 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.434803
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.507276



Z (m m)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.0 0	12.0 0	14.0 0	16.0 0	18.0 0	20.0	22.0
SA	1.22 22	0.77	0.39	0.59	0.38	0.43	0.50	0.42	0.44	0.35	0.28	0.20
R (W/ Kg)	22	24	13	65	55	89	30	36	81	88	57	65
		1.2										
		1.0	$\perp$	$\perp$			$\perp \perp$					
		동 0.8										
		કે	N									
		₩ 0.6		$\backslash \backslash$								
		0.4		Y	\ <u> </u>			$\forall$	1			
		0.2		4 6	8 1	0 12	14 16	18 20	22 2	4 26		
			0 2	* 0	0 1	Z (n		10 20	. 22 2	.4 20		





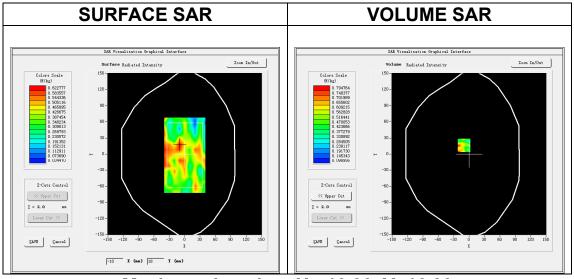
Date of measurement: 28/5/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

	<del>-</del>
Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
<b>Device Position</b>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	IEEE 802.11ax U-NII
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	IEEE802.ax (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.27</u>

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

7 11 1 111 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0	
Frequency (MHz)	5785.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.275002
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.370001
Conductivity (S/m)	5.261136
Variation (%)	-2.390000

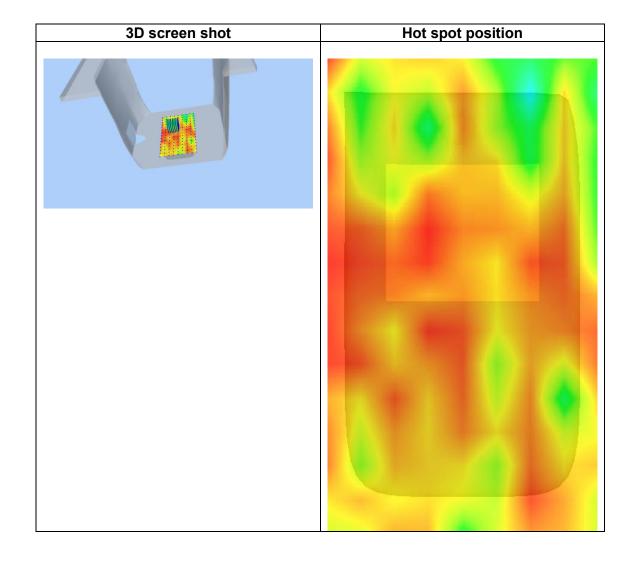


Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=16.00 SAR Peak: 1.37 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.362223
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.478028



Z (m m)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.0	12.0 0	14.0 0	16.0 0	18.0 0	20.0	22.0 0
SA	1.24	0.79	0.45	0.55	0.38	0.39	0.42	0.47	0.41	0.28	0.29	0.29
R  (W/	37	48	72	01	66	13	78	57	24	73	55	00
Kg)												
		1.2										
			$\Lambda$									
		1.0	+		+		+	+				
		(#/kg) 8.0										
			<b>\</b>									
		₩ 0.6		ackslash			+	+				
				M		سلاا	$\downarrow$					
		0.4			_							
		0.3	0 2	4 6	8 1	   12	14 16	18 20	22 2	1 1 4 26		
						Z (m	ım)					





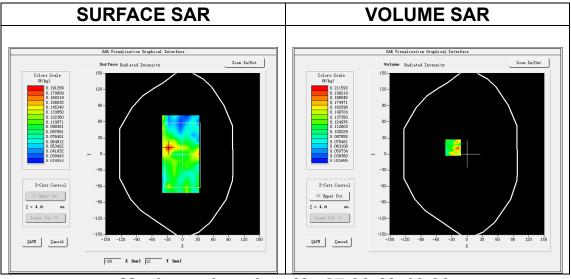
Date of measurement: 29/4/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	Middle
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.38

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

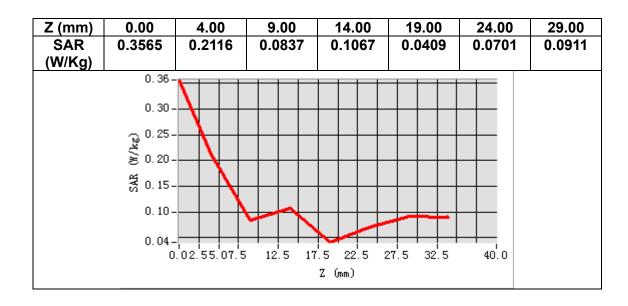
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.226002
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.207000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.788081
Variation (%)	-1.820000

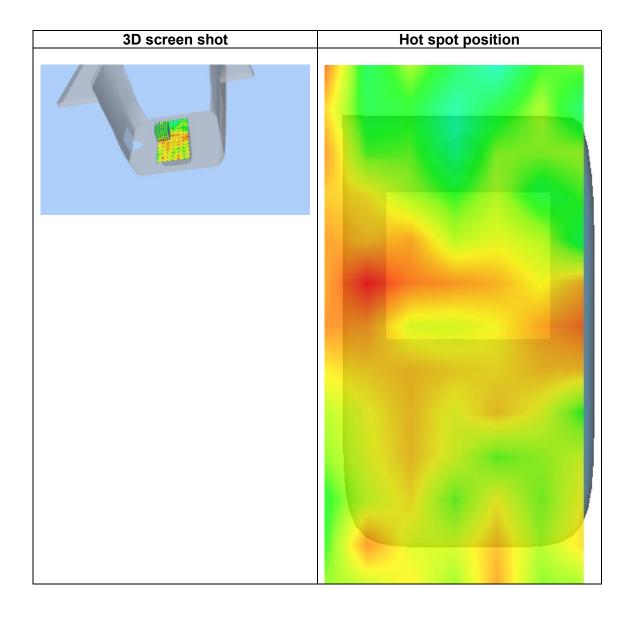


Maximum location: X=-27.00, Y=12.00 SAR Peak: 0.46 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.115270
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.202080









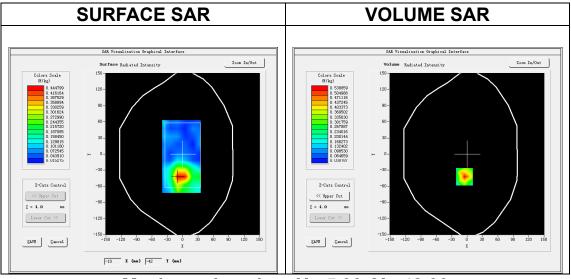
Date of measurement: 28/4/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 2
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.05</u>

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

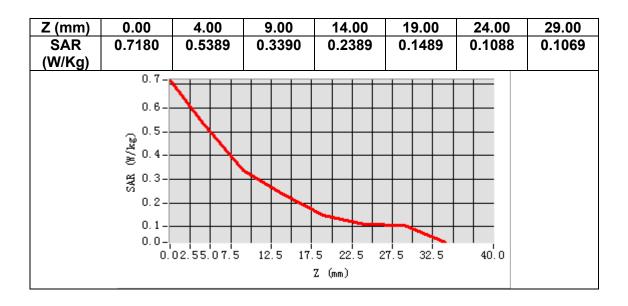
<u> </u>				
Frequency (MHz)	1879.500000			
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000000			
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.411700			
Conductivity (S/m)	1.400405			
Variation (%)	-4.620000			

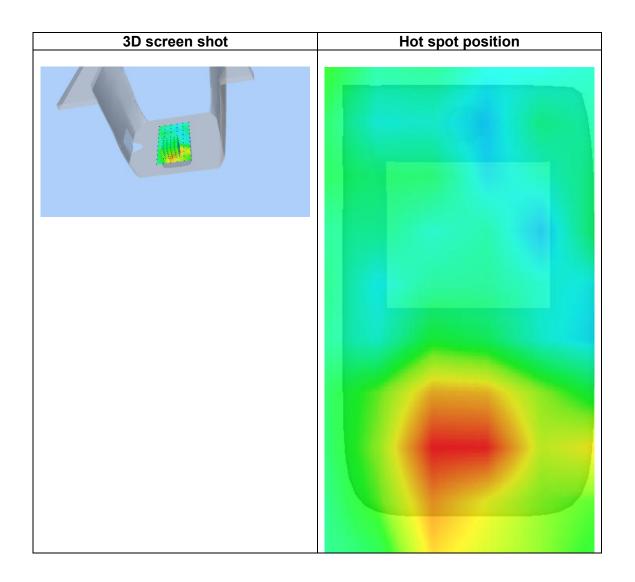


Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-42.00 SAR Peak: 0.76 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.283315		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.469097		









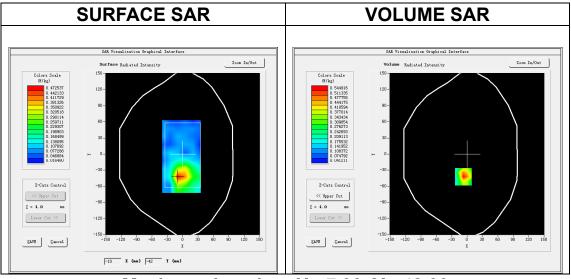
Date of measurement: 25/4/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm				
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm				
Phantom	Validation plane				
Device Position	Body				
Band	LTE band 4				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)				
ConvF	2.05				

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

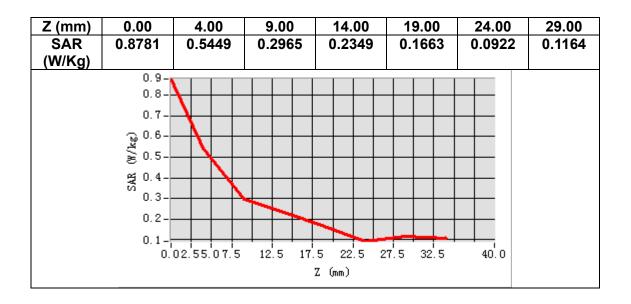
<del> </del>					
Frequency (MHz)	1732.500000				
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.115910				
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.136136				
Conductivity (S/m)	1.360603				
Variation (%)	4.969999				

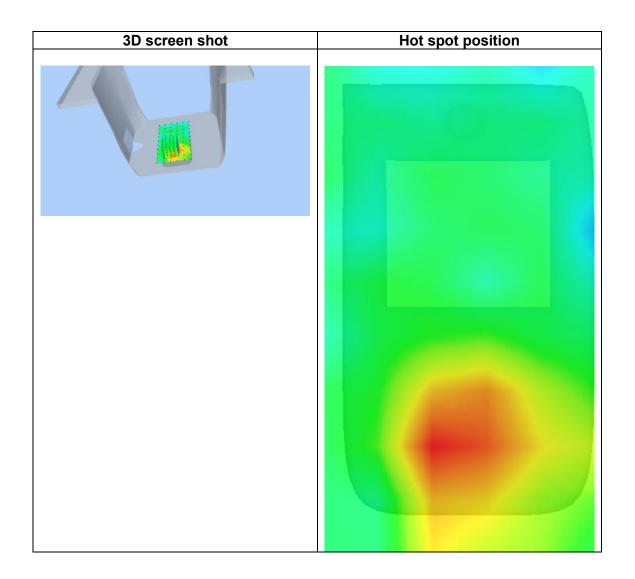


Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-42.00 SAR Peak: 0.88 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.289005		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.507230		









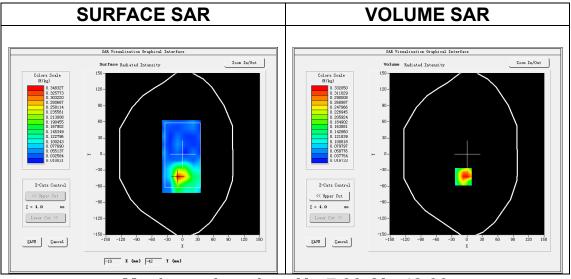
Date of measurement: 24/4/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm				
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm				
Phantom	Validation plane				
Device Position	Body				
Band	LTE band 5				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)				
ConvF	1.66				

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

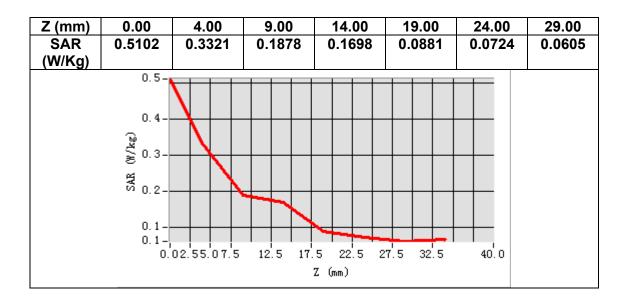
Frequency (MHz)	836.500000		
i roquonoy (iiii iz)	000.00000		
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.500000		
Relative permittivity	19.400000		
(imaginary part)			
Conductivity (S/m)	0.901561		
Variation (%)	2.900000		
, ,			

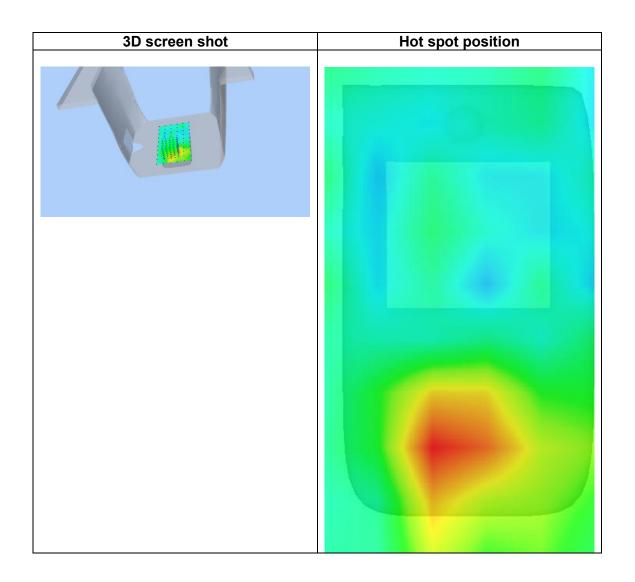


Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-42.00 SAR Peak: 0.46 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.188744		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.308662		









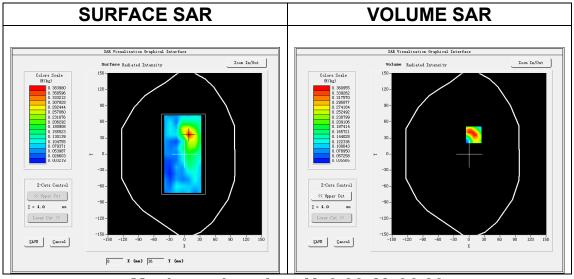
Date of measurement: 30/4/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

11 = 21   0   11   11   11   11   11   11					
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm				
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm				
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane				
Device Position	<u>Body</u>				
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 7				
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>				
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)				
ConvF	2.35				

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000				
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.086666				
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.418333				
Conductivity (S/m)	1.889749				
Variation (%)	2.840000				

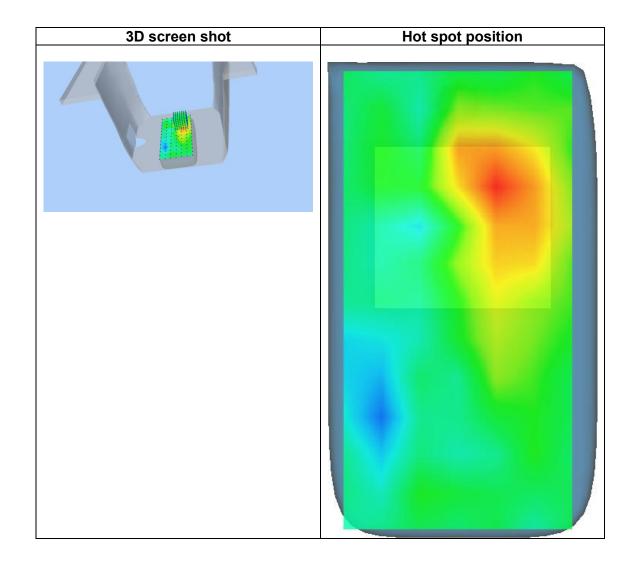


Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=36.00 SAR Peak: 0.65 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.211607		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.334517		



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.5672	0.3610	0.2082	0.1797	0.1662	0.0716	0.1240
(William)	0.6- 0.5- 0.4- VKS (M/KE) 0.3- 0.2- 0.1-	02.55.07.5	12.5 17.		7.5 32.5	40.0	
				Z (mm)			





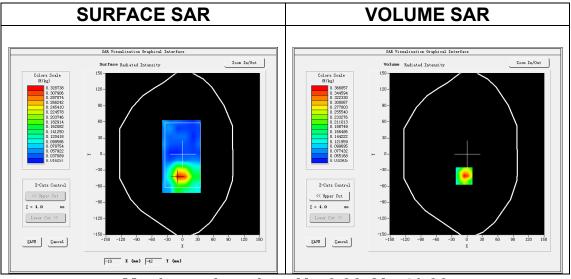
Date of measurement: 23/4/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 12
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>1.65</u>

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

Frequency (MHz)	707.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.126667
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	23.264000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.914404
Variation (%)	-2.690001

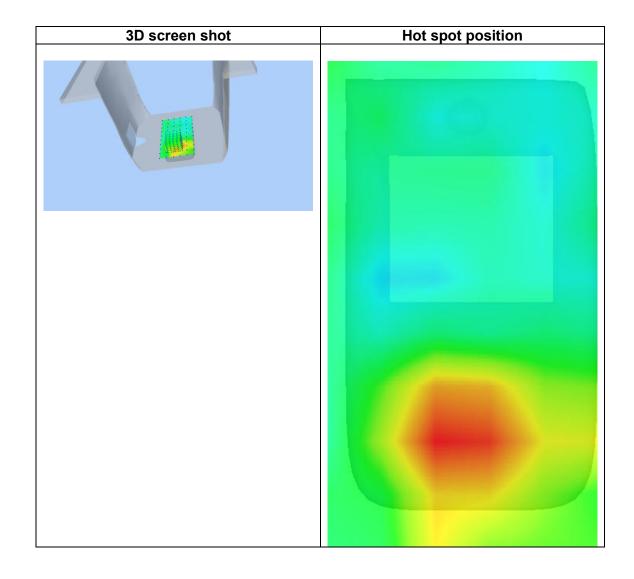


Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-41.00 SAR Peak: 0.52 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.202647
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.344792



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.4999	0.3669	0.2471	0.1474	0.0880	0.0891	0.0447
	0.5- 0.4- 0.3- 0.2- 0.1- 0.0-	02.55.07.5	12.5 17.	5 22.5 2 Z (mm)	7.5 32.5	40.0	





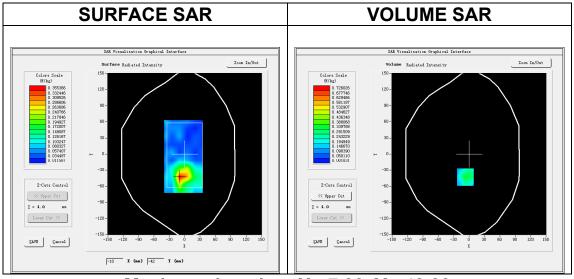
Date of measurement: 23/4/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
Band	LTE band 17
Channels	Middle
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>1.65</u>

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

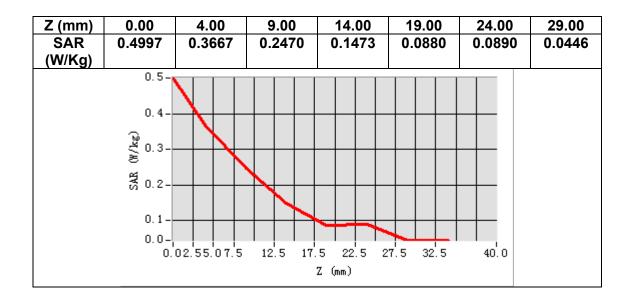
Frequency (MHz)	710.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.113335
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	23.152000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.913218
Variation (%)	-0.389999

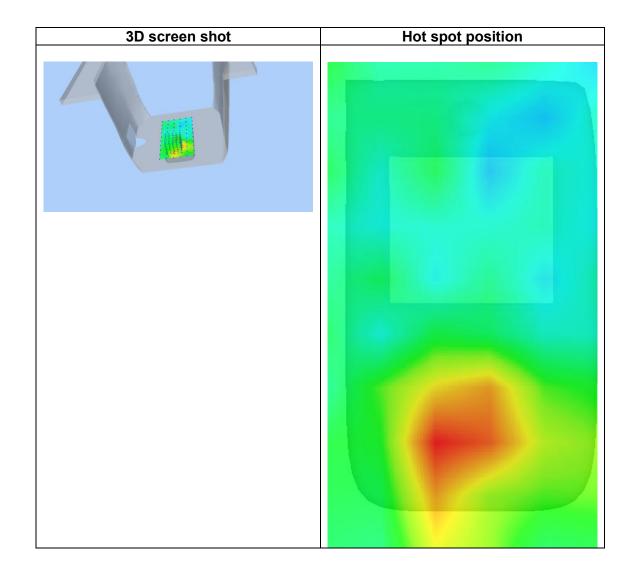


Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-43.00 SAR Peak: 0.57 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.197830
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.368457









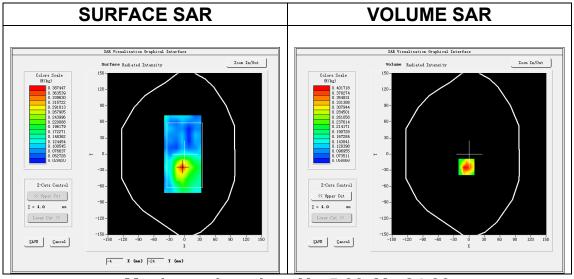
Date of measurement: 30/4/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

11 = 21   0   11   11   11   11   11   11	
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	LTE band 41
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.35

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

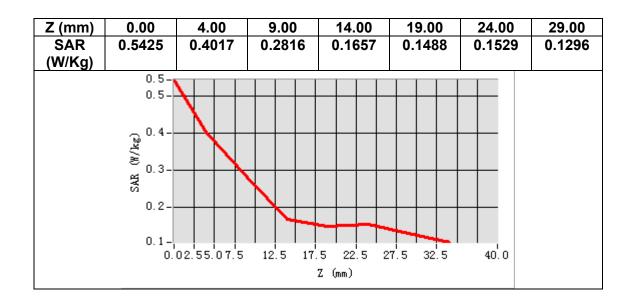
Frequency (MHz)	2605.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.009335
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.553667
Conductivity (S/m)	1.961517
Variation (%)	-4.170000

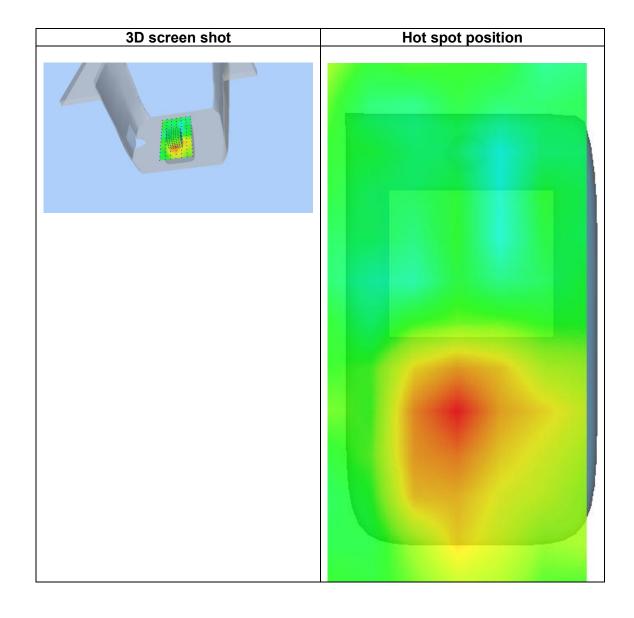


Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-24.00 SAR Peak: 0.59 W/kg

	<u> </u>
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.252476
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.366877









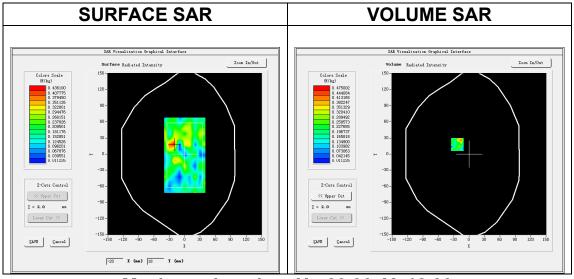
Date of measurement: 26/5/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	CUSTOM (NR n77)
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	(Crest factor: 1.0)
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.98</u>

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

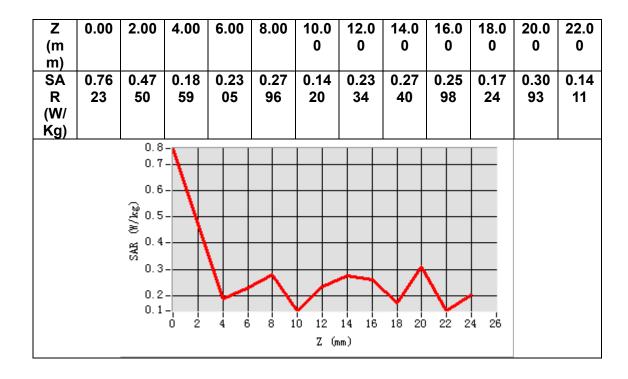
Frequency (MHz)	3500.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.213495
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.402188
Conductivity (S/m)	2.800425
Variation (%)	-3.709999

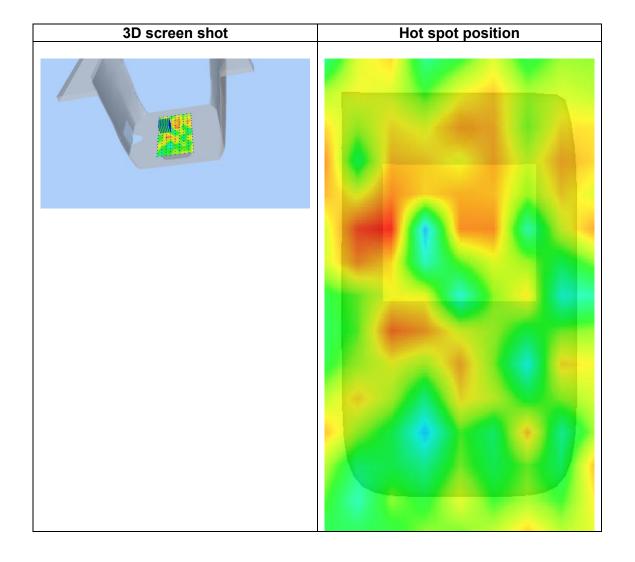


Maximum location: X=-23.00, Y=18.00 SAR Peak: 0.87 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.139908		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.219995		









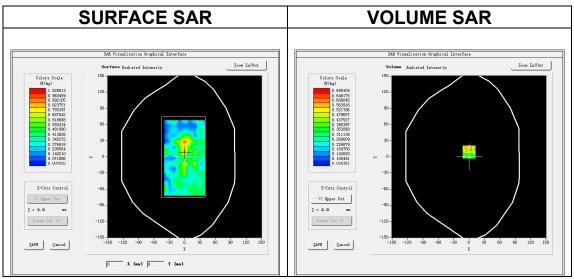
Date of measurement: 27/5/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm			
ZoomScan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm			
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>			
Device Position	<u>Body</u>			
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11a U-NII</u>			
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>			
<u>Signal</u>	IEEE802.a (Crest factor: 1.0)			
ConvF	2.30			

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

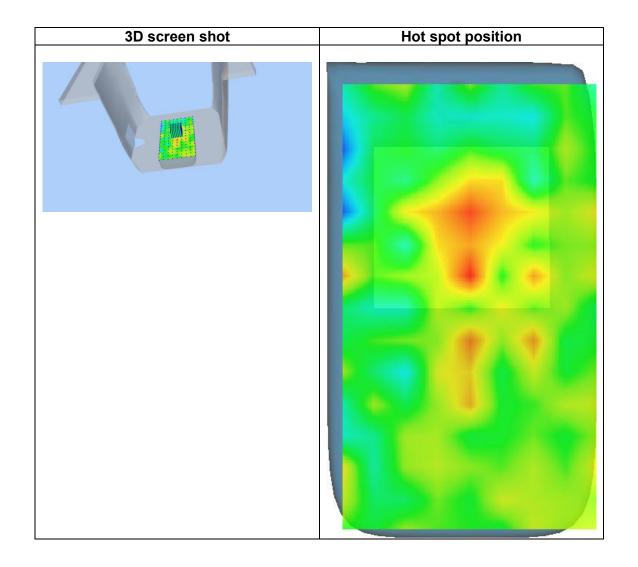
Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.400000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.129999
Conductivity (S/m)	4.510778
Variation (%)	1.650001



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=9.00 SAR Peak: 1.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.343250
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.471057

Z (m m) SA R (W/ Kg)	0.00 1.19 88	2.00 0.69 44	4.00 0.27 96	0.19 96	0.21 41	10.0 0 0.17 21	12.0 0 0.12 34	14.0 0 0.24 88	16.0 0 0.28 28	18.0 0 0.40 86	20.0 0 0.14 89	22.0 0 0.25 54
		1.2 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.4	\ \	4 6	8 1	0 12 Z (m	14 16 am)	18 20	22 2	4 26		





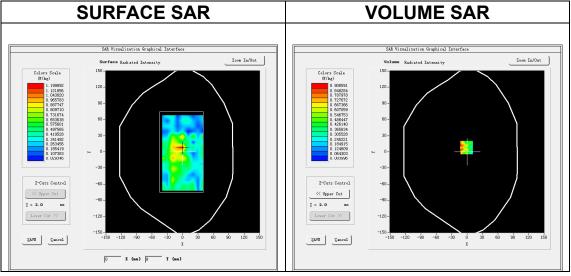
Date of measurement: 28/5/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
<b>Device Position</b>	<u>Body</u>
Band	IEEE 802.11ax U-NII
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	IEEE802.ax (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.27

### **B. SAR Measurement Results**

Frequency (MHz)	5785.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.275002
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.370001
Conductivity (S/m)	5.261136
Variation (%)	2.540000

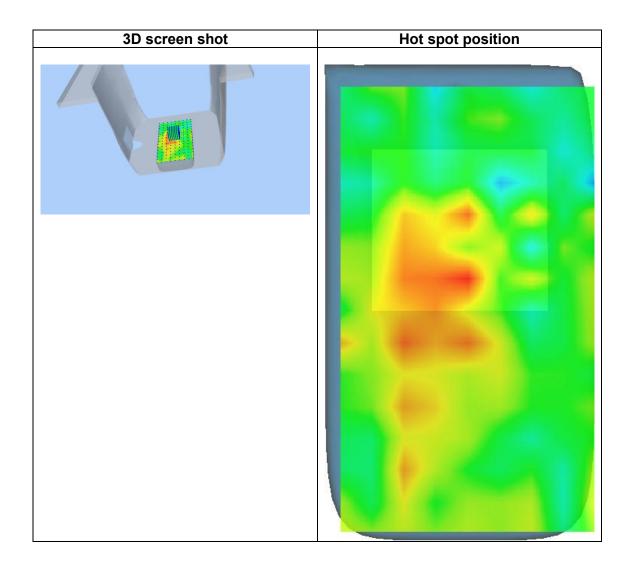


Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=8.00 SAR Peak: 1.39 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.398478
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.492231



Z (m m) SA R (W/ Kg)	0.00 0.97 80	2.00 0.73 65	4.00 0.12 32	0.58 67	8.00 0.13 50	10.0 0 0.11 91	12.0 0 0.17 64	14.0 0 0.20 43	16.0 0 0.04 66	18.0 0 0.23 22	20.0 0 0.18 18	22.0 0 0.05 35
		3AK (#/kg) 0.6 0.4 0.2		4 6	8 1	0 12 Z (n	14 16 nm)	18 20	22 2	4 26		





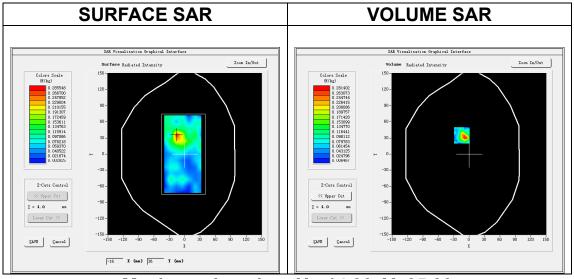
Date of measurement: 29/4/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
<u>Channels</u>	Low
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.38

**B. SAR Measurement Results** 

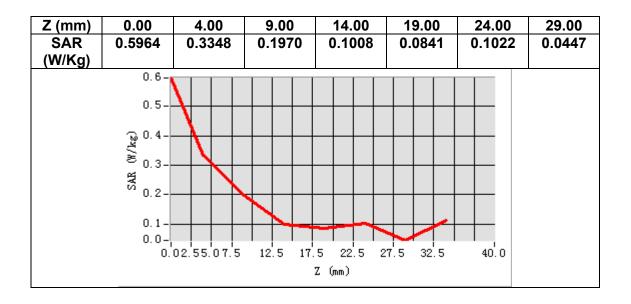
Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000			
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.224000			
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.205000			
Conductivity (S/m)	1.769470			
Variation (%)	2.070000			

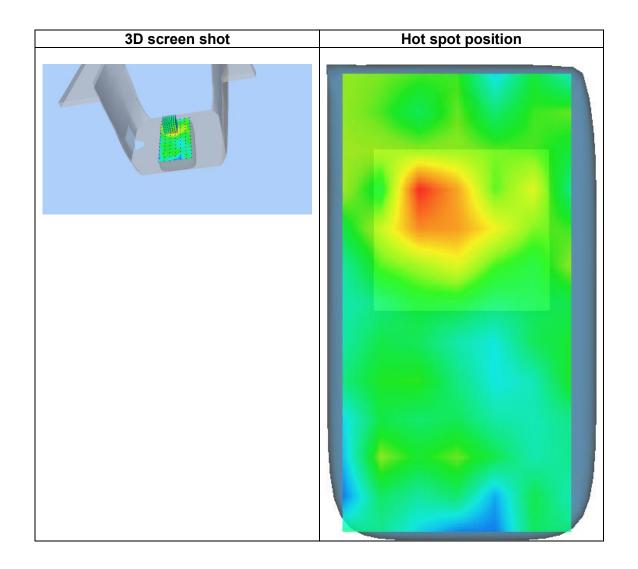


Maximum location: X=-14.00, Y=35.00 SAR Peak: 0.49 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.138972
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.237141









### **Appendix D. Calibration Certificate**

Table of contents		
E Field Probe - EPGO0523-403		
750 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355		
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347		
1800 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349		
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350		
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352		
2600 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356		
3500 MHz Dipole - SN 09/12 DIP 3G500-360		
5000-6000 MHz Dipole - SN 03/14 WGA33		





### **COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

### GUANGDONG ASIA HONGKE TEST TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

NO.1/F,BUILDING B1, JUNFENG INDUSTRIAL PARK, CHONGQING ROAD, HEPING COMMUNITY, FUHAIHAI STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT,SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG 518055, P.R.CHINA

### MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 39/21 EPGO0523-403

#### Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 09/11/2024



Accreditations #2-6789 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

The use of the Cofrac brand and the accreditation references is prohibited from any reproduction

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).







Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Le Gall	Measurement Responsible	09/10/2024	
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	09/10/2024	JS
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	09/11/2024	Gann TOUTANN

<u>u</u>	Customer Name	
Distribution :	Shenzhen	
	Asia Hongke	

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	9/11/2024	Initial release
			<del> </del>
		<u> </u>	





Device Under Test .......4

Ref: ACR. 307.3.24.BES.A

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

2	Proc	luct Description4	
	2.1	General Information	4
3	Mea	surement Method4	
	3.1	Linearity	4
	3.2	Sensitivity	4
	3.3	Lower Detection Limit	5
	3.4	Isotropy	5
	3.1	Boundary Effect	5
4		surement Uncertainty6	
5	Cali	bration Measurement Results	
	5.1	Sensitivity in air	6
	5.2	Linearity	7
	5.3	Sensitivity in liquid	8
	5.4	Isotropy	9
6	List	of Equipment10	





Ref. ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

#### 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD F		
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SSE2	
Serial Number	SN 39/21 EPGO0523-403	
Product Condition (new / used)	New	
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz	
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.199 M <b>Ω</b>	
	Dipole 2: R2=0.218 M <b>Ω</b>	
	Dipole 3: R3=0.210 M <b>Ω</b>	

#### 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1- MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

#### 3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

#### 3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

#### 3.2 <u>SENSITIVITY</u>

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

Page: 4/11





Ref: ACR 307 3 24 BES A

Report No.: AiTSZ-250422102FW6

#### 3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

#### 3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$  in  $15^{\circ}$  increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$ .

#### 3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and  $d_{\rm be}$  +  $d_{\rm steo}$  along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

SAR uncertainty [%] = 
$$\delta$$
SAR be  $\frac{\left(d_{\text{be}} + d_{\text{step}}\right)^2}{2d_{\text{step}}} \frac{\left(e^{-d_{\text{be}}/(\delta\rho)}\right)}{\delta/2}$  for  $\left(d_{\text{be}} + d_{\text{step}}\right) < 10 \text{ mm}$ 

where

SAR<sub>uncertainty</sub> is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

 $d_{\mathrm{be}}$  is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement

point, in millimetre

 $\Delta_{ ext{step}}$  is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

 $\delta$  is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e.,  $\delta \approx 14$  mm at 3 GHz;

△SAR<sub>be</sub> in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance  $d_{be}$  from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).





Ref: ACR. 307.3.24.BES.A

#### 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

#### 5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters			
Liquid Temperature 20 +/- 1 °C			
Lab Temperature 20 +/- 1 °C			
Lab Humidity	30-70 %		

#### 5.1 <u>SENSITIVITY IN AIR</u>

Normx dipole	Normy dipole	Normz dipole
$1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
1.26	0.87	0.77

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
113	108	113

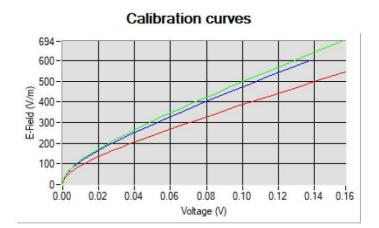
Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{{E_1}^2 + {E_2}^2 + {E_3}^2}$$





Ref: ACR. 307.3.24.BES.A



Dipole 1 Dipole 2 Dipole 3

620

# 5.2 <u>LINEARITY</u>

# 1.00 - 0.75 - 0.50 - 0.25 - 0.00 - 0.25 - 0.050 - 0.25 - 0.00 - 0.75 - 0.50 - 0.00 - 0.75 - 0.00 - 0.75 - 0.00 - 0

50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 550

E-Field (V/m)

Linearity:+/-1.42% (+/-0.06dB)





Ref: ACR. 307.3.24.BES.A

# 5.3 <u>SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID</u>

<u>Liquid</u>	<u>Frequency</u> (MHz +/- 100MHz)	<u>ConvF</u>
HL600	600	1.62
HL750	750	1.65
HL850	835	1.66
HL900	900	1.77
HL1500	1500	2.09
HL1750	1750	2.09
HL1800	1800	2.05
HL1900	1900	2.05
HL2000	2000	2.41
HL2100	2100	2.36
HL2300	2300	2.55
HL2450	2450	2.38
HL2600	2600	2.35
HL3300	3300	2.04
HL3500	3500	1.98
HL3700	3700	2.11
HL3900	3900	2.54
HL4200	4200	2.22
HL4600	4600	2.40
HL4900	4900	2.33
HL5200	5200	2.30
HL5400	5400	2.30
HL5600	5600	2.29
HL5800	5800	2.27

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg

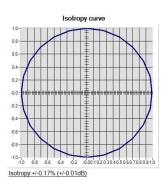




Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

# 5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

# **HL1800 MHz**



Page: 9/11





Ref: ACR. 307.3.24.BES.A

# 6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2024	08/2027		
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2021	10/2024		
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2024	05/2027		
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027		
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2024	02/2027		
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2024	04/2027		
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2024	06/2027		
Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz NRVD	832839-056	11/2021	11/2024		
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Wa∨eguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		

Page: 10/11





Ref: ACR. 307.3.24.BES.A

Wa∨eguide	MVG	I SN 32/16 WG12 1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_5G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2024	06/2027





# **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.53.23.24.BES.A

# GUANGDONG ASIA HONGKE TEST TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

NO.1/F,BUILDING B1, JUNFENG INDUSTRIAL PARK, CHONGQING ROAD, HEPING COMMUNITY , FUHAIHAI STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT,SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG 518055, P.R.CHINA

# MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE FREQUENCY: 750MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP0G750-355

Calibrated at MVG
Z.I. de la pointe du diable
Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon

29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

The use of the Cofrac brand and the accreditation references is prohibited from any reproduction

# Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





REF : ACR. 53.23.24.BES.A.

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Pedro Ruiz	Measurement Responsible	2/22/2024	feduraling
Checked & approved by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/22/2024	JS
Authorized by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	2/27/2024	Gann TOUTANN

Yann Signature numérique de Yann Toutain ID Date: 202402.27 08:54:37 +01'00'

	Customer Name	
Distribution :	Shenzhen	
Distribution.	Asia Hongke	

Name	Date	Modifications
Pedro Ruiz	2/22/2024	Initial release
	0500000000000	destructions are a second of the second of t





REF : ACR 53.23.24.BES.A

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Intr	oduction4	
2	Dev	rice Under Test 4	
3	Pro	duct Description	
	3.1	General Information	4
4	Mea	asurement Method	
	4.1	Mechanical Requirements	5
	4.2	S11 parameter Requirements	5
	4.3	SAR Requirements	5
5	Mea	asurement Uncertainty	
	5.1	Mechanical dimensions	5
	5.2	S11 Parameter	5
	5.3	SAR	100
6	Cal	bration Results	
	6.1	Mechanical Dimensions	6
	6.2	S11 parameter	
	6.3	SAR	6
7	List	of Equipment8	





REF : ACR 53.23.24.BES.A

# 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE			
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SID750			
Serial Number	SN 03/15DIP0G750-355			
Product Condition (new / used)	Used			

# 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

# 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

Report No.: AiTSZ-250422102FW6



#### SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

REF : ACR 53.23.24.BES A

#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

# 4.1 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

#### 4.2 S11 PARAMETER REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a S11 of -20 dB or better. The S11 measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

# 4.3 <u>SAR REQUIREMENTS</u>

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore-mentioned standards.

#### 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

#### 5.1 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

For the measurement in the range 0-300mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is +/-0.20 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

For the measurement in the range 300-450mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is  $\pm$ 0.44 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

# 5.2 <u>S11 PARAMETER</u>

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the S11 parameter in linear is  $\pm -0.08$  with respect to measurement conditions.

# 5.3 <u>SAR</u>

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the 1g and 10g SAR measurement in W/kg is +/-19% with respect to measurement conditions.

#### Page: 5/8





REF : ACR 53.23.24.BES.A

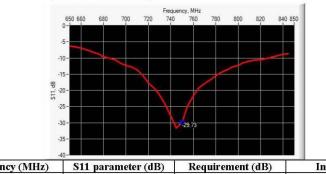
#### 6 CALIBRATION RESULTS

# 6.1 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

L mm		h mm		d mm	
Measured	Required	Measured	Required	Measured	Required
-	176.00 +/- 2%	-	100.00 +/- 2%	-	6.35 +/- 2%

#### 6.2 S11 PARAMETER

# 6.2.1 S11 parameter in Head Liquid



 Frequency (MHz)
 S11 parameter (dB)
 Requirement (dB)
 Impedance

 750
 -29.73
 -20
 52.5Ω + 2.2jΩ

# 6.3 <u>SAR</u>

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

# 6.3.1 SAR with Head Liquid

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

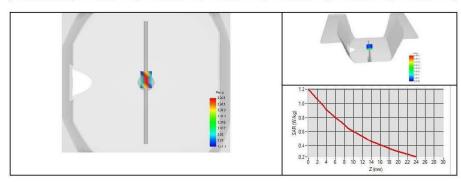




REF : ACR 53.23.24.BES.A

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	3523-EPGO-429
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 45.0 sigma: 0.87
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	750 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

Frequency		1g SAR (W/kg)			10g SAR (W/kg)		
	Measured	Measured normalized to 1W	Target normalized to 1W	Measured	Measured normalized to 1W	Target normalized to 1W	
750 MHz	0.86	8.60	8.49	0.58	5.78	5.55	







#### REF : ACR 53.23.24 BES A

# 7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Description	· I Haentinganon vo I		Next Calibration Date		
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN 13/09 SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No ca required.	
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024	
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	07/2022	07/2025	
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	11/2022	11/2025	
Reference Probe	MVG	3523-EPGO-429	11/2023	11/2024	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4013982	02/2023	02/2026	
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025	
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021 06/2024		
Power Meter	Keysight U2000A	SN: MY62340002	10/2022 10/2025		
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024	