

MEASUREMENT REPORT

FCC PART 15.247 & IC RSS-247 WLAN 802.11b/g/n

FCC ID: 2AOIB-HL9344Y

IC: 23430-HL9344Y

APPLICANT: Visunex Medical Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.

Application Type: Certification

Product: Wireless Module

Model No.: HL9344-Y

Brand Name: Visunex

FCC Classification: Digital Transmission System (DTS)

FCC Rule Part(s): Part15 Subpart C (Section 15.247)

IC Rule(s): RSS-247 Issue 2, RSS-Gen Issue 4

Test Procedure(s): ANSI C63.10-2013, KDB 558074 D01v04

KDB 662911 D01v02r01

Test Date: November 22 ~ December 25, 2017

Reviewed By : Kevin Guo
(Kevin Guo)

Approved By : Marlin Chen
(Marlin Chen)



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in KDB 558074 D01v04. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.

Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	Note
1711RSU03901	Rev. 01	Initial Report	12-30-2017	Valid

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§2.1033 General Information

Applicant:	Visunex Medical Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.
Applicant Address:	6F, B5 Building, 218 Xinghu Street, Suzhou Industrial Park, 215123 Jiangsu, China
Manufacturer:	Visunex Medical Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer Address:	6F, B5 Building, 218 Xinghu Street, Suzhou Industrial Park, 215123 Jiangsu, China
Test Site:	MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd
Test Site Address:	D8 Building, No.2 Tian'edang Rd., Wuzhong Economic Development Zone, Suzhou, China
FCC Registration No.:	893164
IC Registration No.:	11384A-1
Test Device Serial No.:	N/A <input type="checkbox"/> Production <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Production <input type="checkbox"/> Engineering

Test Facility / Accreditations

Measurements were performed at MRT Laboratory located in Tian'edang Rd., Suzhou, China.

- MRT facility is a FCC registered (MRT Reg. No. 893164) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules.
- MRT facility is an IC registered (MRT Reg. No. 11384A-1) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- MRT facility is a VCCI registered (R-4179, G-814, C-4664, T-2206) test laboratory with the site description on file at VCCI Council.
- MRT Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) under the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation Program (A2LA Cert. No. 3628.01) in EMC, Telecommunications and Radio testing for FCC, Industry Canada, EU and TELEC Rules.



1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Industry Canada Certification and Engineering Bureau.

1.2. MRT Test Location

The map below shows the location of the MRT LABORATORY, its proximity to the Taihu Lake. These measurement tests were conducted at the MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. Facility located at D8 Building, No.2 Tian'edang Rd., Wuzhong Economic Development Zone, Suzhou, China. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2009 on September 30, 2013.



2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1. Feature of Equipment under Test

Product Name:	Wireless Module
Model No.:	HL9344-Y
Brand Name:	Visunex
Wi-Fi Specification:	802.11b/g/n
Power Type	DC 5V

2.2. Product Specification Subjective to this Report

Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz 802.11n-HT40: 2422 ~ 2452MHz
Channel Number:	802.11b/g/n-HT20: 11 802.11n-HT40: 7
Type of Modulation	802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/n: OFDM
Data Rate:	802.11b: 1/2/5.5/11Mbps 802.11g: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54Mbps 802.11n: up to 300Mbps
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	2.0dBi
Maximum Average Output Power:	802.11b: 22.05dBm 802.11g: 23.89dBm 802.11n-HT20: 26.59dBm 802.11n-HT40: 26.05dBm

Note: For other features of this EUT, test report will be issued separately.

2.3. Working Frequencies

Channel List for 802.11b/g/n-HT20

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
01	2412 MHz	02	2417 MHz	03	2422 MHz
04	2427 MHz	05	2432 MHz	06	2437 MHz
07	2442 MHz	08	2447 MHz	09	2452 MHz
10	2457 MHz	11	2462 MHz	--	--

Channel List for 802.11n-HT40

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
03	2422 MHz	04	2427 MHz	05	2432 MHz
06	2437 MHz	07	2442 MHz	08	2447 MHz
09	2452 MHz	--	--	--	--

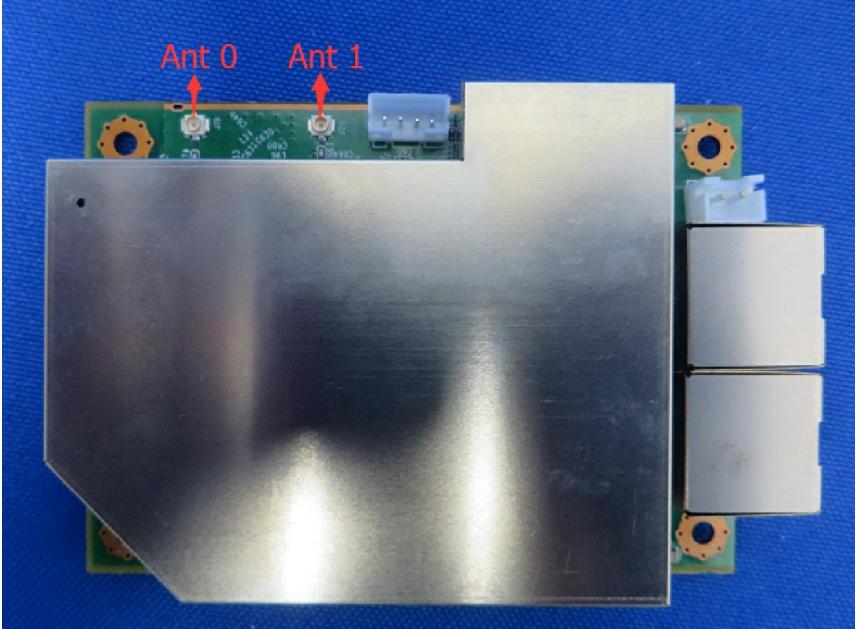
2.4. Description of Available Antennas

Antenna Type	Frequency Band (GHz)	Tx Paths	Maximum Peak Antenna Gain (dBi)		Directional Gain (dBi)
			Antenna 0	Antenna 1	
PIFA Antenna	802.11b	2	2.0	2.0	--
	802.11g	2	2.0	2.0	--
	802.11n	2	--	--	2.0

Note:

1. Transmit at 2.4GHz support two antennas. 802.11b, 802.11g support only Single transmission, and 802.11n support only MIMO transmission.
2. Basic methodology with N_{ANT} transmit antennas, each with the same directional gain G_{ANT} dBi, being driven by N_{ANT} transmitter outputs of equal power. Directional gain is to be computed as follows:
 - (i) If any transmit signals are correlated with each other,
Directional gain = $G_{ANT} + 10 \log(N_{ANT})$ dBi
 - (ii) If all transmit signals are completely uncorrelated with each other,
Directional gain = G_{ANT}

2.5. Description of Antenna RF Port

Antenna RF Port		
--	2.4GHz RF Port	
Software Control Port	Ant 0	Ant 1
	 A photograph of the antenna RF port. It shows a metal shield covering the antennas. Two red arrows point to the top two circular ports on the PCB, labeled 'Ant 0' and 'Ant 1'. A blue ribbon cable is visible on the right side of the PCB. The PCB is mounted on a metal plate.	

2.6. Test Mode

Test Mode	Mode 1: Transmit by 802.11b
	Mode 2: Transmit by 802.11g
	Mode 3: Transmit by 802.11n-HT20
	Mode 4: Transmit by 802.11n-HT40

2.7. Description of Test Software

The test utility software used during testing was "Atheros Radio Test 2 Version2.3".

Test Mode	Test Frequency (MHz)	Power Parameter Value Ant 0 & Ant 1		Test Mode	Test Frequency (MHz)	Power Parameter Value Ant 0 + 1	
		Ant 0	Ant 1			Ant 0 + 1	Ant 0 + 1
11b	2412	20.0	20.0	11n-HT20	2412	19.0	
	2437	20.0	20.0		2437	23.0	
	2462	20.0	20.0		2462	20.0	
11g	2412	19.5	19.5	11n-HT40	2422	18.5	
	2437	22.0	22.0		2437	22.0	
	2462	20.0	20.0		2452	20.0	

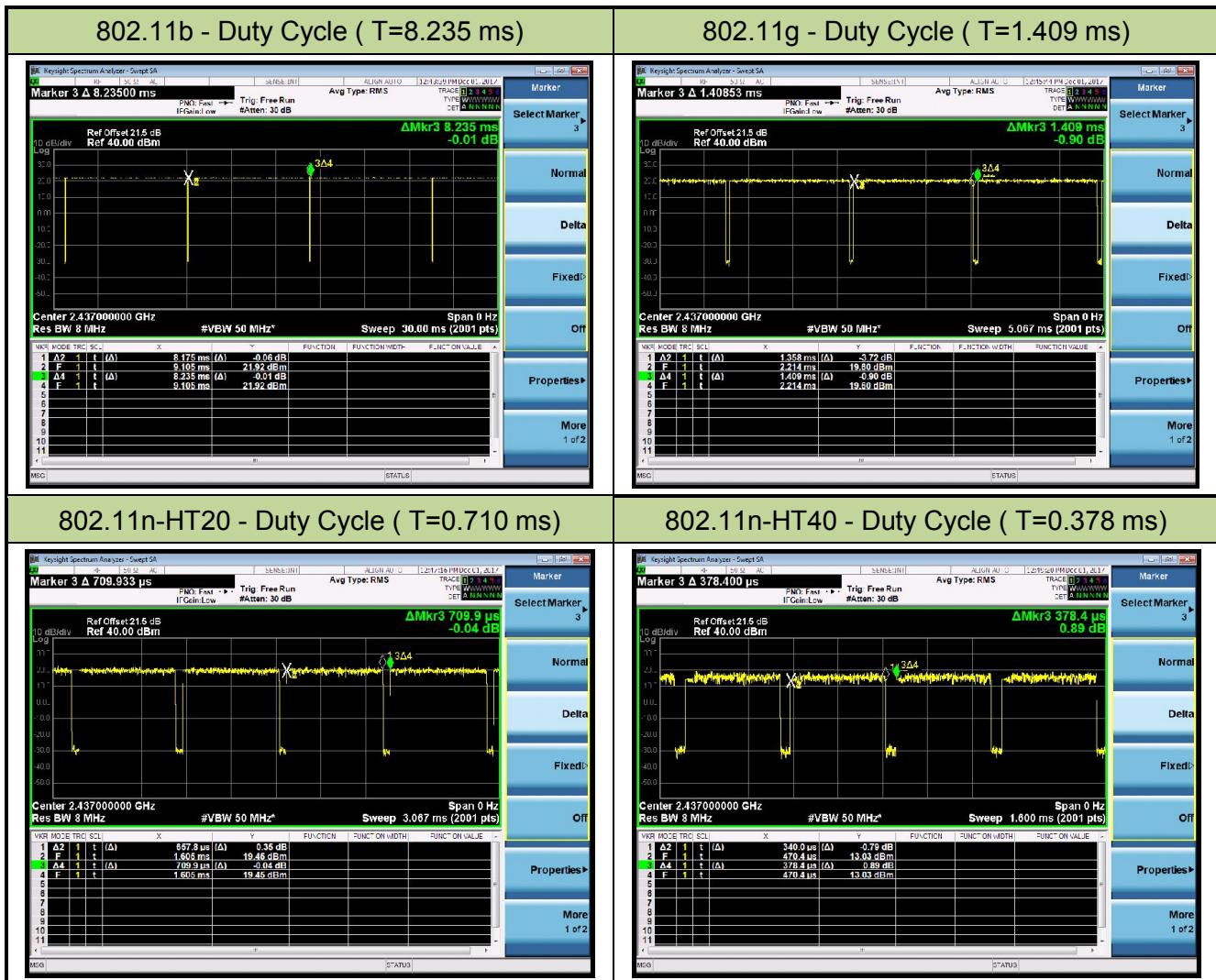
2.8. Device Capabilities

This device contains the following capabilities:

2.4GHz WLAN (DTS)

Note: 2.4GHz WLAN (DTS) operation is possible in 20MHz, and 40MHz channel bandwidths. The maximum achievable duty cycles for all modes were determined based on measurements performed on a spectrum analyzer in zero-span mode with RBW = 8MHz, VBW = 50MHz, and detector = peak per the guidance of Section 6.0 b) of KDB 558074 D01v04. The RBW and VBW were both greater than 50/T, where T is the minimum transmission duration, and the number of sweep points across T was greater than 100. The duty cycles are as follows:

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
802.11b	99.27%
802.11g	96.38%
802.11n-HT20	92.66%
802.11n-HT40	89.85%



2.9. Test Configuration

The device was tested per the guidance of KDB 558074 D01v04. ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated spurious emissions testing and AC line conducted testing.

2.10. EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and/or no modifications were made during testing.

2.11. Labeling Requirements

Per 2.1074 & 15.19; Docket 95-19

The label shall be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device; instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user and be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase.

However, when the device is so small wherein placement of the label with specified statement is not practical, only the FCC ID must be displayed on the device per Section 15.19(a)(5). Please see attachment for FCC ID label and label location.

RSP-100 Issue 11 Section 3

The manufacturer, importer or distributor shall meet the labelling requirements set out in this section for every unit:

- (i) prior to marketing in Canada, for products manufactured in Canada
- (ii) prior to importation into Canada, for imported products

For information regarding the e-labelling option, see Notice 2014-DRS1003. The label for the certified product represents the manufacturer's or importer's compliance with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's (ISED) regulatory requirements.

Please see attachment for IC label and label location.

3. DESCRIPTION of TEST

3.1. Evaluation Procedure

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013), and the guidance provided in KDB 558074 D01v04 were used in the measurement of the device.

Deviation from measurement procedure.....None

3.2. AC Line Conducted Emissions

The line-conducted facility is located inside an 8'x4'x4' shielded enclosure. A 1m x 2m wooden table 80cm high is placed 40cm away from the vertical wall and 80cm away from the sidewall of the shielded room. Two 10kHz-30MHz, 50Ω/50uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room floor. Power to the LISNs is filtered by external high-current high-insertion loss power line filters. These filters attenuate ambient signal noise from entering the measurement lines. These filters are also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

The EUT is powered from one LISN and the support equipment is powered from the second LISN. All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened to a 1 meter length by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) and draped over the back edge of the test table. All cables were at least 40cm above the horizontal reference ground-plane. Power cables for support equipment were routed down to the second LISN while ensuring that that cables were not draped over the second LISN.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the receiver and exploratory measurements were made to determine the frequencies producing the maximum emission from the EUT. The receiver was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz. The detector function was set to peak mode for exploratory measurements while the bandwidth of the analyzer was set to 9kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Each emission was also maximized by varying: power lines, the mode of operation or data exchange speed, or support equipment whichever determined the worst-case emission. Once the worst case emissions have been identified, the one EUT cable configuration/arrangement and mode of operation that produced these emissions are used for final measurements on the same test site. The analyzer is set to CISPR quasi-peak and average detectors with a 9kHz resolution bandwidth for final measurements.

An extension cord was used to connect to a single LISN which powered by EUT. The extension cord was calibrated with LISN, the impedance and insertion loss are compliance with the requirements as stated in ANSI C63.10-2013.

3.3. Radiated Emissions

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber used for final measurements and exploratory measurements, when necessary. The measurement area is contained within the semi-anechoic chamber which is shielded from any ambient interference. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are arranged on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1GHz, the absorbers are removed. A MF Model 210SS turntable is used for radiated measurement. It is a continuously rotatable, remote controlled, metallic turntable and 2 meters (6.56 ft.) in diameter. The turn table is flush with the raised floor of the chamber in order to maintain its function as a ground plane. An 80cm high PVC support structure is placed on top of the turntable.

For all measurements, the spectrum was scanned through all EUT azimuths and from 1 to 4 meter receive antenna height using a broadband antenna from 30MHz up to the upper frequency shown in 15.33(b)(1) depending on the highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes. For frequencies above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used. For frequencies below 30MHz, a calibrated loop antenna was used. When exploratory measurements were necessary, they were performed at 1 meter test distance inside the semi-anechoic chamber using broadband antennas, broadband amplifiers, and spectrum analyzers to determine the frequencies and modes producing the maximum emissions. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The test set-up for frequencies below 1GHz was placed on top of the 0.8 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table; and test set-up for frequencies 1-40GHz was placed on top of the 1.5 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emissions from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, if applicable, turntable azimuth, and receive antenna height was noted for each frequency found.

Final measurements were made in the semi-anechoic chamber using calibrated, linearly polarized broadband and horn antennas. The test setup was configured to the setup that produced the worst case emissions. The spectrum analyzer was set to investigate all frequencies required for testing to compare the highest radiated disturbances with respect to the specified limits. The turntable containing the EUT was rotated through 360 degrees and the height of the receive antenna was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth and height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by changing the orientation of the EUT through three orthogonal planes and changing the polarity of the receive antenna, whichever produced the worst-case emissions. According to 3dB Beam-Width of horn antenna, the horn antenna should be always directed to the EUT when rising height.

4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

Excerpt from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:

“An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.”

- The antenna of the device uses a unique connector.

Antenna Type	Antenna connector Type
PIFA Antenna	I-Pex connector

Conclusion:

The device unit complies with the requirement of §15.203.

5. TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATE

Conducted Emissions - SR2

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTSUE06185	1 year	2018/04/24
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	MRTSUE06002	1 year	2018/06/20
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	MRTSUE06003	1 year	2018/06/20
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Yuhuaze	HTC-2	MRTSUE06404	1 year	2018/08/13
Shielding Anechoic Chamber	Mikebang	Chamber-SR2	MRTSUE06214	1 year	2018/05/10

Radiated Disturbance - AC1

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
MXE EMI Receiver	Agilent	N9038A	MRTSUE06125	1 year	2018/08/03
Microwave System Amplifier	Agilent	83017A	MRTSUE06076	1 year	2018/03/28
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	MRTSUE06025	1 year	2018/11/20
Bilog Period Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	MRTSUE06172	1 year	2018/11/18
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	MRTSUE06023	1 year	2018/10/21
Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170	MRTSUE06024	1 year	2018/01/04
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Yuhuaze	HTC-2	MRTSUE06183	1 year	2017/12/20
Anechoic Chamber	TDK	Chamber-AC1	MRTSUE06212	1 year	2018/05/10

Conducted Test Equipment - TR3

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
MXE EMI Receiver	Agilent	N9038A	MRTSUE06125	1 year	2018/08/03
Power Meter	Agilent	U2021XA	MRTSUE06030	1 year	2018/12/05
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	MRTSUE06218	1 year	2018/03/27
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Yuhuaze	HTC-2	MRTSUE06180	1 year	2017/12/22

Software	Version	Function
e3	V8.3.5	EMI Test Software

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following test uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k = 2$.

AC Conducted Emission Measurement - SR2
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_{c(y)}$): 150kHz~30MHz: 3.46dB
Radiated Emission Measurement - AC1
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_{c(y)}$): 9kHz ~ 1GHz: 4.18dB 1GHz ~ 25GHz: 4.76dB
Spurious Emissions, Conducted - TR3
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_{c(y)}$): 0.78dB
Output Power - TR3
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_{c(y)}$): 1.13dB
Power Spectrum Density - TR3
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_{c(y)}$): 1.15dB
Occupied Bandwidth - TR3s
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2U_{c(y)}$): 0.28%

7. TEST RESULT

7.1. Summary

Product Name: **Wireless Module**

FCC ID: **2AOIB-HL9344Y**

IC: **23430-HL9344Y**

FCC Section(s)	IC Section(s)	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Reference
15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247 [5.2]	6dB Bandwidth	$\geq 500\text{kHz}$	Conducted	Pass	Section 7.2
15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 [5.4(4)]	Output Power	Refer to Section 7.3		Pass	Section 7.3
15.247(e)	RSS-247 [5.2]	Power Spectral Density	Refer to Section 7.4		Pass	Section 7.4
15.247(d)	RSS-247 [5.5]	Band Edge / Out-of-Band Emissions	$\geq 30\text{dBc(Average)}$		Pass	Section 7.5
15.205 15.209	RSS-247 [5.5]	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209	Radiated	Pass	Section 7.6 & 7.7
15.207	RSS-Gen [8.8]	AC Conducted Emissions 150kHz - 30MHz	< FCC 15.207 limits	Line Conducted	Pass	Section 7.8

Notes:

- 1) All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. For radiated emission test, every axis (X, Y, Z) was also verified. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- 2) The analyzer plots shown in this section were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables and attenuators used as part of the system to connect the EUT to the analyzer at all frequencies of interest.
- 3) Test Items “6dB Bandwidth” & “Band Edge / Out-of-Band Emissions” have been assessed single and MIMO transmission, and showed the worst test data in this report.

7.2. 6dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.2.1. Test Limit

The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

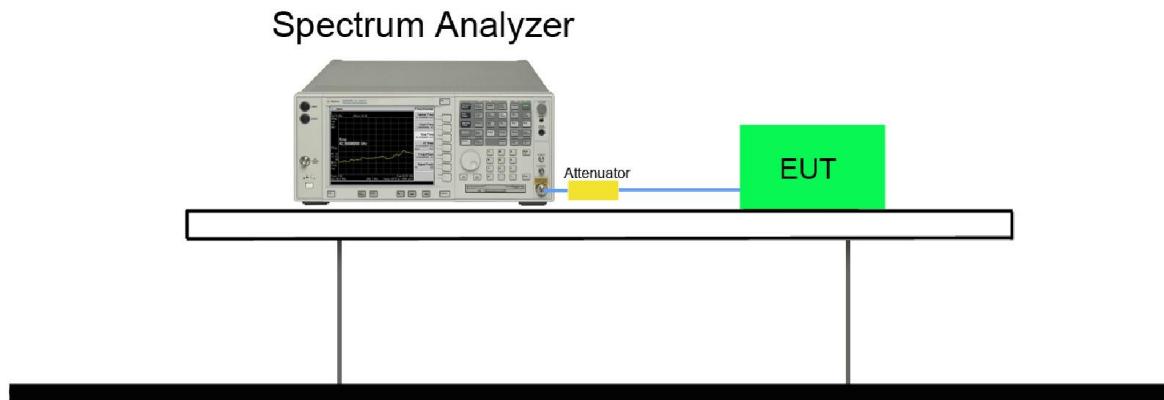
7.2.2. Test Procedure used

KDB 558074 D01v04 - Section 8.2 Option 2

7.2.3. Test Setting

1. The Spectrum's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 6dB bandwidth measurement. The "X" dB bandwidth parameter was set to X = 6. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.
2. Set RBW = 100 kHz
3. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep = auto couple
7. Allow the trace was allowed to stabilize

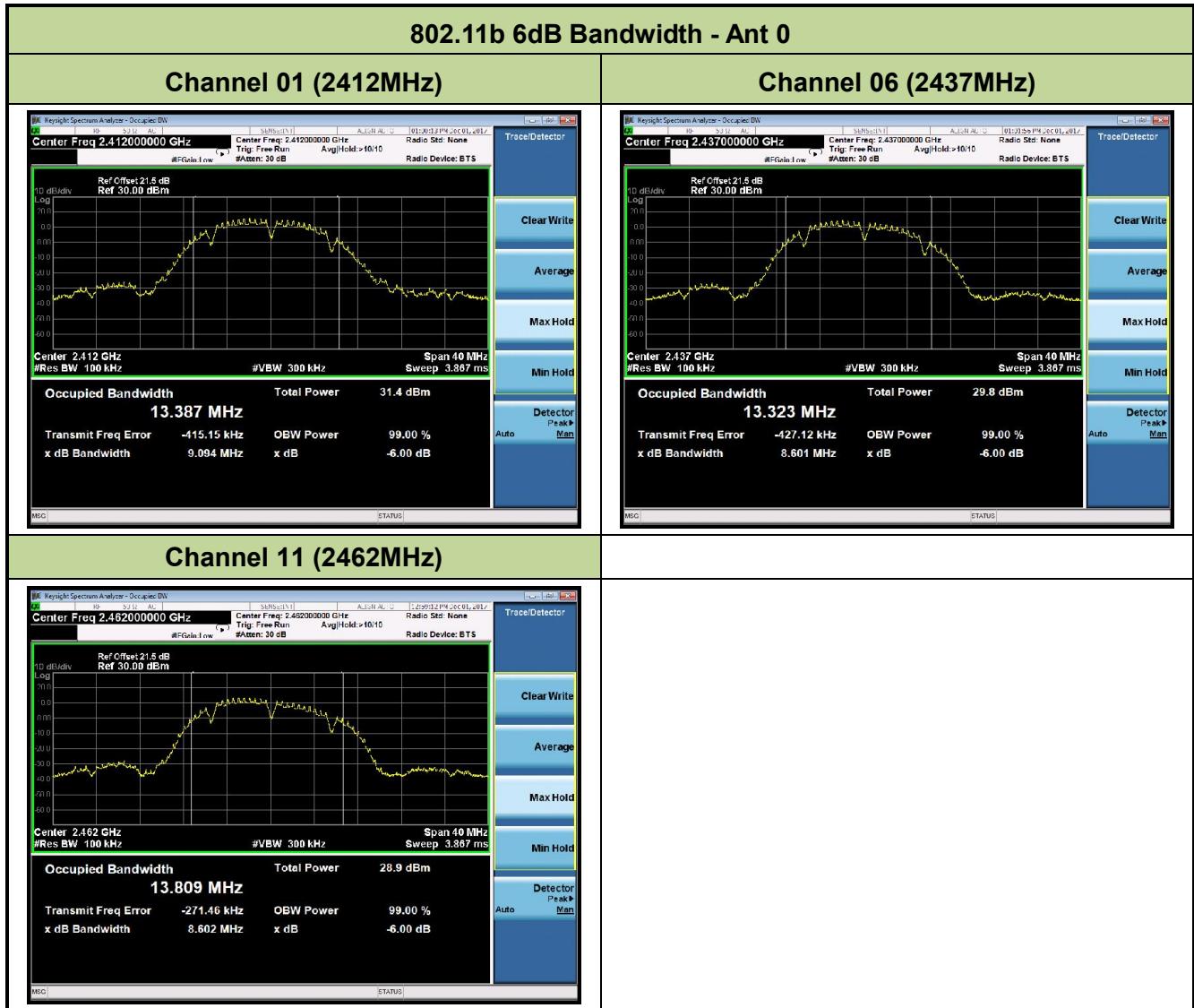
7.2.4. Test Setup

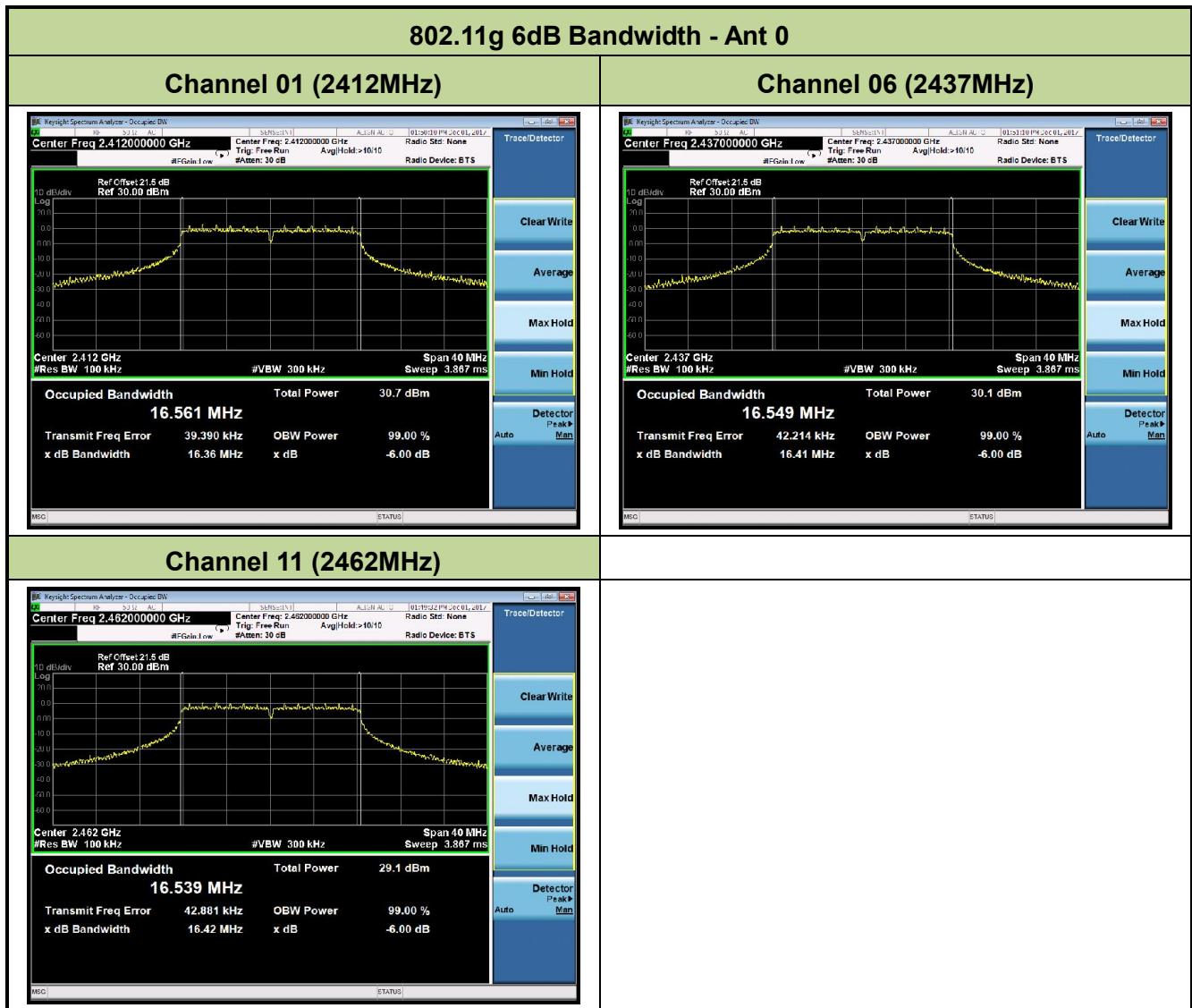


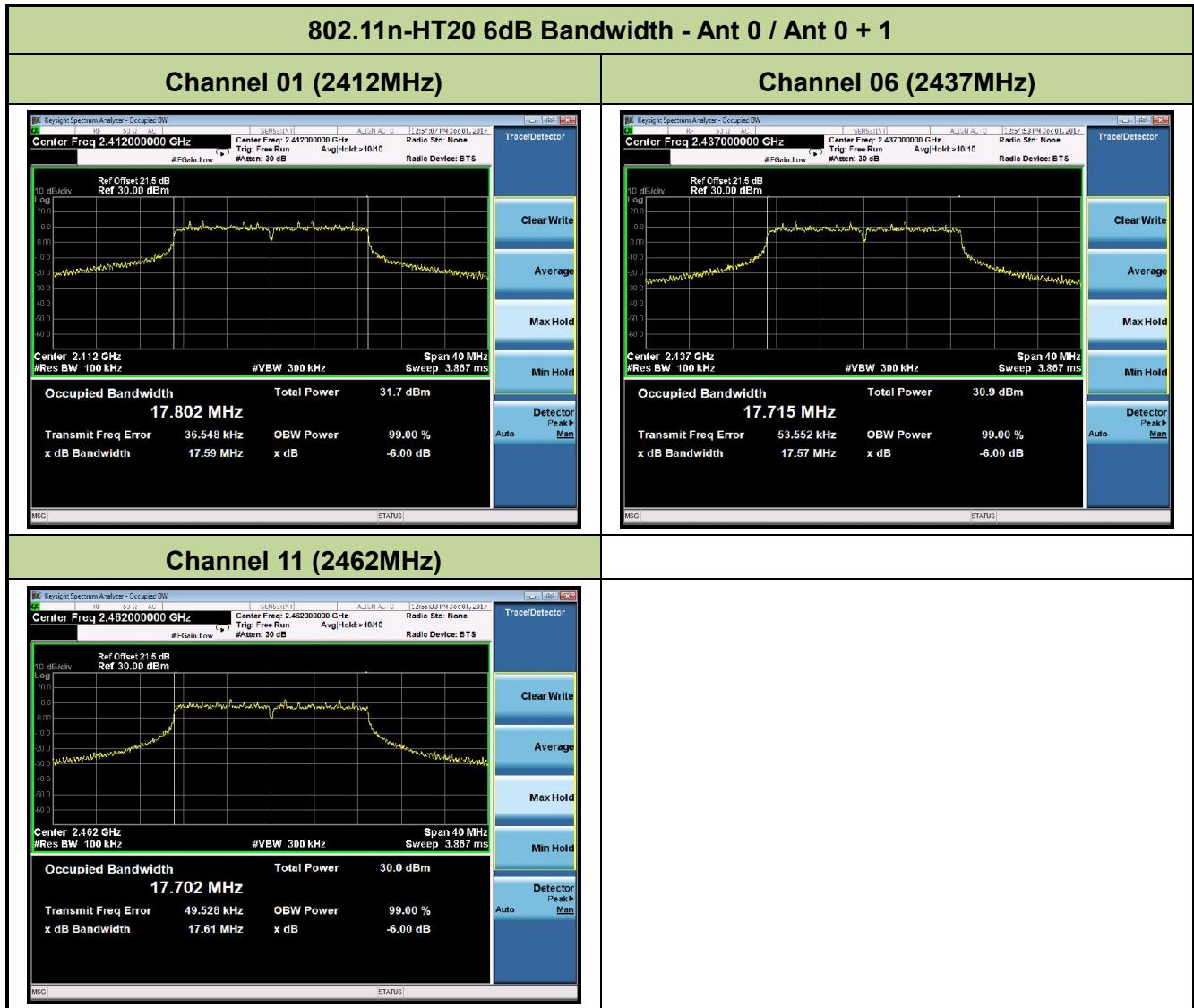
7.2.5. Test Result

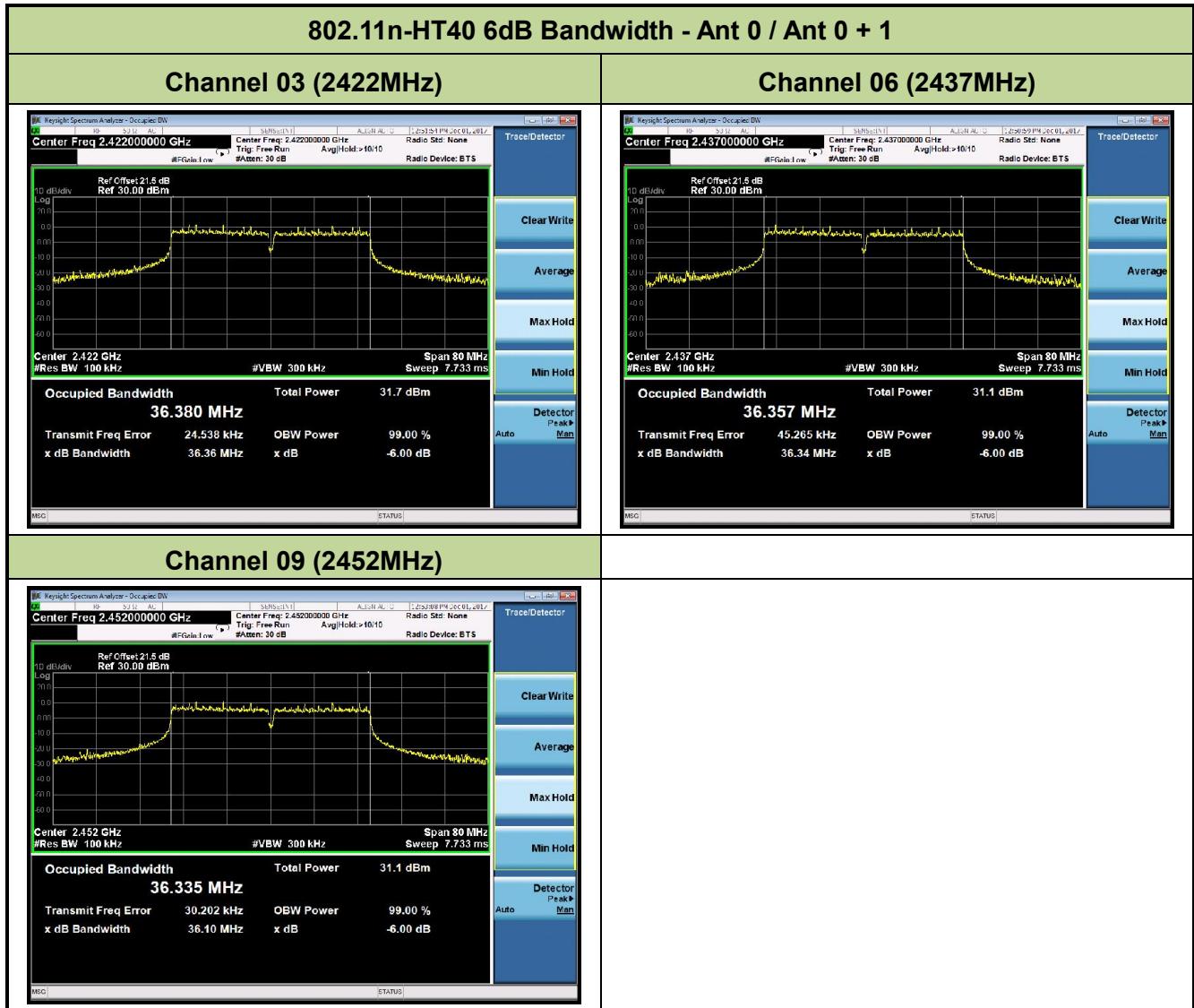
Product	Wireless Module	Temperature	27°C
Test Engineer	Hunk Li	Relative Humidity	65%
Test Site	TR3	Test Date	2017/12/01

Test Mode	Data Rate / MCS	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Ant 0							
11b	1Mbps	01	2412	9.09	≥ 0.5	Pass	13.39
11b	1Mbps	06	2437	8.60	≥ 0.5	Pass	13.32
11b	1Mbps	11	2462	8.60	≥ 0.5	Pass	13.81
11g	6Mbps	01	2412	16.36	≥ 0.5	Pass	16.56
11g	6Mbps	06	2437	16.41	≥ 0.5	Pass	16.55
11g	6Mbps	11	2462	16.42	≥ 0.5	Pass	16.54
Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1							
11n-HT20	MCS0	01	2412	17.59	≥ 0.5	Pass	17.80
11n-HT20	MCS0	06	2437	17.57	≥ 0.5	Pass	17.72
11n-HT20	MCS0	11	2462	17.61	≥ 0.5	Pass	17.70
11n-HT40	MCS0	03	2422	36.36	≥ 0.5	Pass	36.38
11n-HT40	MCS0	06	2437	36.34	≥ 0.5	Pass	36.36
11n-HT40	MCS0	09	2452	36.10	≥ 0.5	Pass	36.34









7.3. Output Power Measurement

7.3.1. Test Limit

The maximum out power shall be less 1 Watt (30dBm) and the E.I.R.P. shall not exceed 4 W.

7.3.2. Test Procedure Used

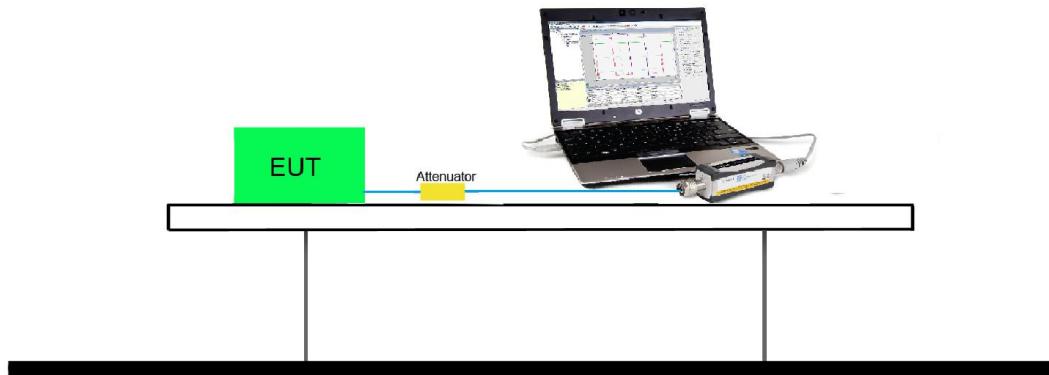
KDB 558074 D01v04 - Section 9.2.3.2 AVGPM-G Average Power Method

7.3.3. Test Setting

Average Power Measurement

Average power measurements were performed only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The power meter implemented triggering and gating capabilities which were set up such that power measurements were recorded only during the ON time of the transmitter. The trace was averaged over 100 traces to obtain the final measured average power.

7.3.4. Test Setup



7.3.5. Test Result

Power output test was verified over all data rates of each mode shown as below table, and then choose the maximum power output (gray marker) for final test of each channel.

Test Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate/ MCS	Average Power (dBm)
Ant 0					
802.11b	20	6	2437	1Mbps	21.64
				5.5Mbps	21.42
				11Mbps	21.30
802.11g	20	6	2437	6Mbps	23.89
				24Mbps	23.70
				54Mbps	23.54
802.11n	20	6	2437	MCS8	24.65
				MCS12	24.48
				MCS15	24.32
802.11n	40	6	2437	MCS8	23.87
				MCS12	23.64
				MCS15	23.45

Product	Wireless Module			Temperature	27°C		
Test Engineer	Hunk Li			Relative Humidity	65%		
Test Site	TR3			Test Date	2017/12/01		

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 1 Average Power (dBm)	Total Average Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Ant 0								
11b	1Mbps	1	2412	21.21	--	21.21	≤ 30	Pass
11b	1Mbps	6	2437	21.64	--	21.64	≤ 30	Pass
11b	1Mbps	11	2462	21.53	--	21.53	≤ 30	Pass
11g	6Mbps	1	2412	22.75	--	22.75	≤ 30	Pass
11g	6Mbps	6	2437	23.89	--	23.89	≤ 30	Pass
11g	6Mbps	11	2462	21.72	--	21.72	≤ 30	Pass
Ant 1								
11b	1Mbps	1	2412	--	22.05	22.05	≤ 30	Pass
11b	1Mbps	6	2437	--	20.57	20.57	≤ 30	Pass
11b	1Mbps	11	2462	--	19.20	19.20	≤ 30	Pass
11g	6Mbps	1	2412	--	21.49	21.49	≤ 30	Pass
11g	6Mbps	6	2437	--	21.98	21.98	≤ 30	Pass
11g	6Mbps	11	2462	--	19.52	19.52	≤ 30	Pass
Ant 0 + 1								
11n-HT20	MCS0	1	2412	22.37	20.72	24.63	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	6	2437	24.65	22.15	26.59	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	11	2462	21.53	19.50	23.64	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	3	2422	21.84	20.44	24.21	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	6	2437	23.87	22.02	26.05	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	9	2452	22.17	20.10	24.27	≤ 30	Pass

Note 1: Total Average Power (dBm) = $10 \times \log\{10^{(\text{Ant 0 Average Power /10})} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 Average Power /10})}\}$ (dBm).

Note 2: The Max EIRP 28.59dBm is less than 36dBm, the test result comply with RSS-247 standard.

7.4. Power Spectral Density Measurement

7.4.1. Test Limit

The maximum permissible power spectral density is 8dBm in any 3 kHz band.

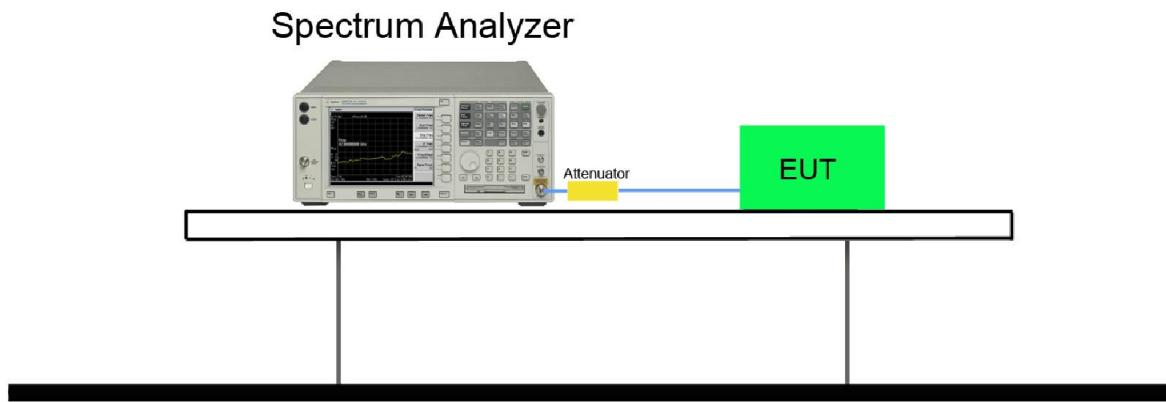
7.4.2. Test Procedure Used

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7.4.3. Test Setting

1. Measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal.
2. Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
3. Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
4. RBW = 10kHz.
5. VBW = 30kHz.
6. Detector = RMS.
7. Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span}/\text{RBW}$.
8. Sweep time = auto couple.
9. Don't use sweep triggering. Allow sweep to "free run".
10. Employ trace averaging (RMS) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.
11. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
12. Add $10 \log (1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle measured in step (a), to the measured PSD to compute the average PSD during the actual transmission time.
13. Add Constant Factor = $10 \log (3\text{kHz} / 10\text{kHz}) = -5.23$.

7.4.4. Test Setup



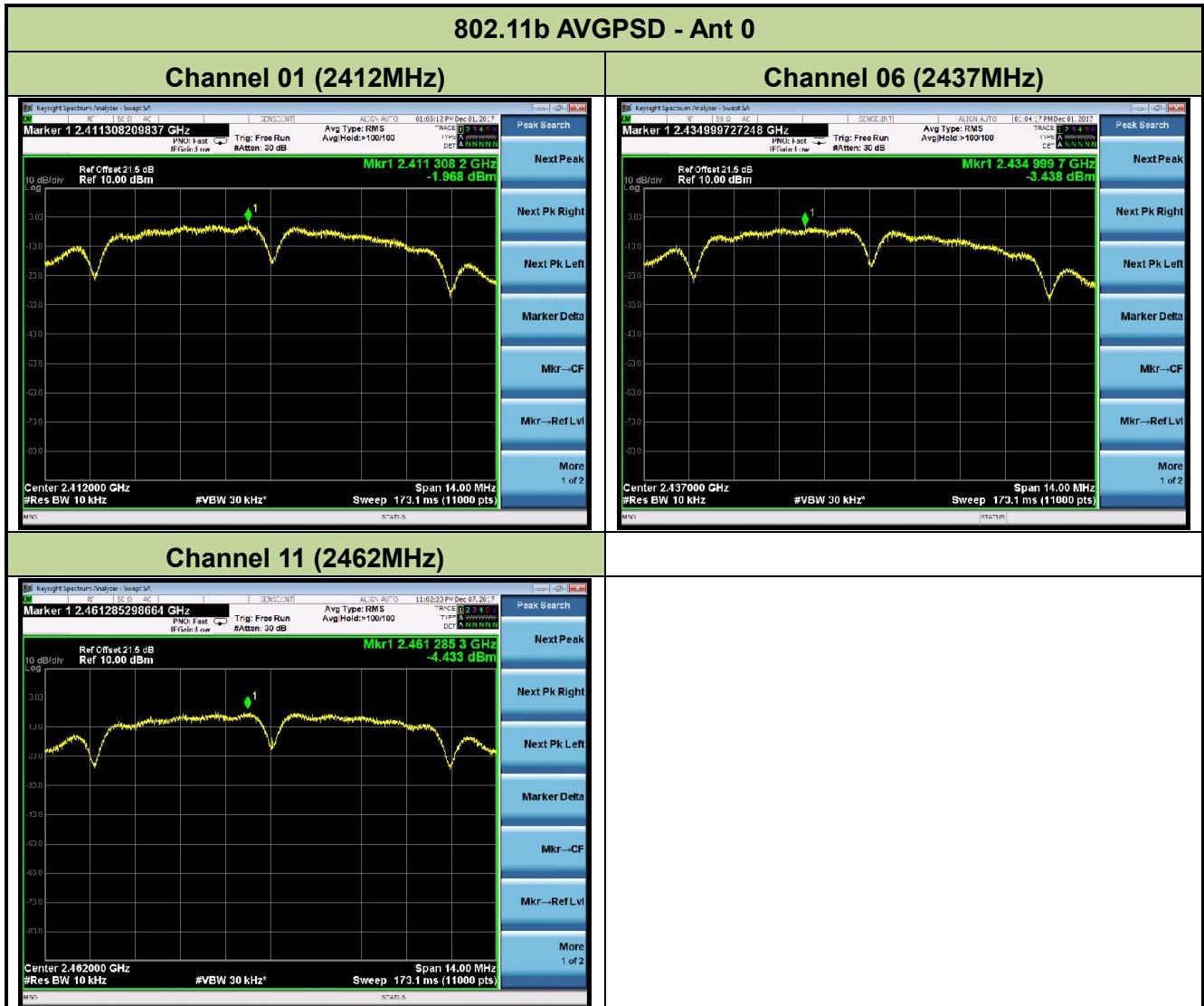
7.4.5. Test Result

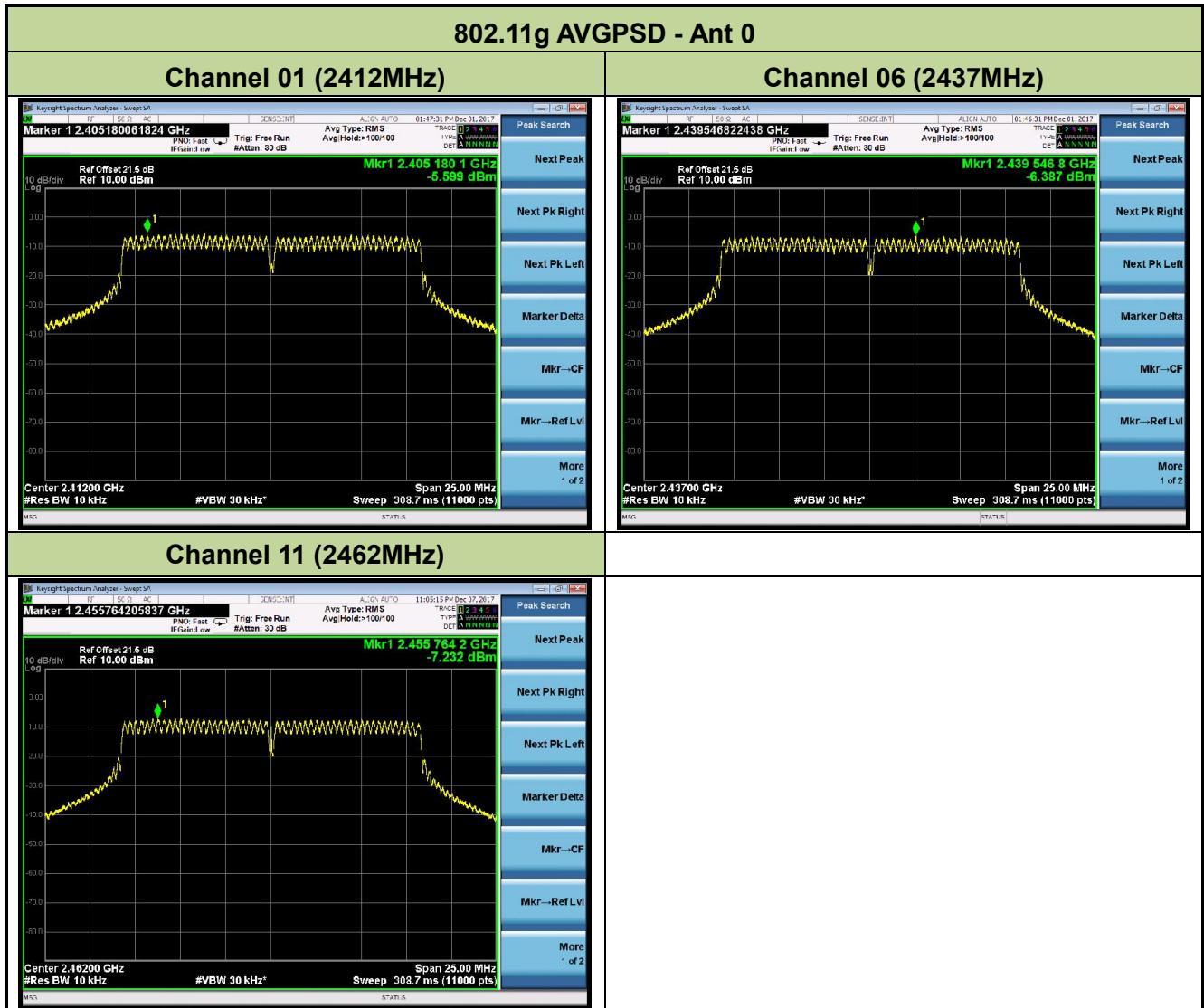
Product	Wireless Module				Temperature		27°C		
Test Engineer	Hunk Li				Relative Humidity		65%		
Test Site	TR3				Test Date		2017/12/01		

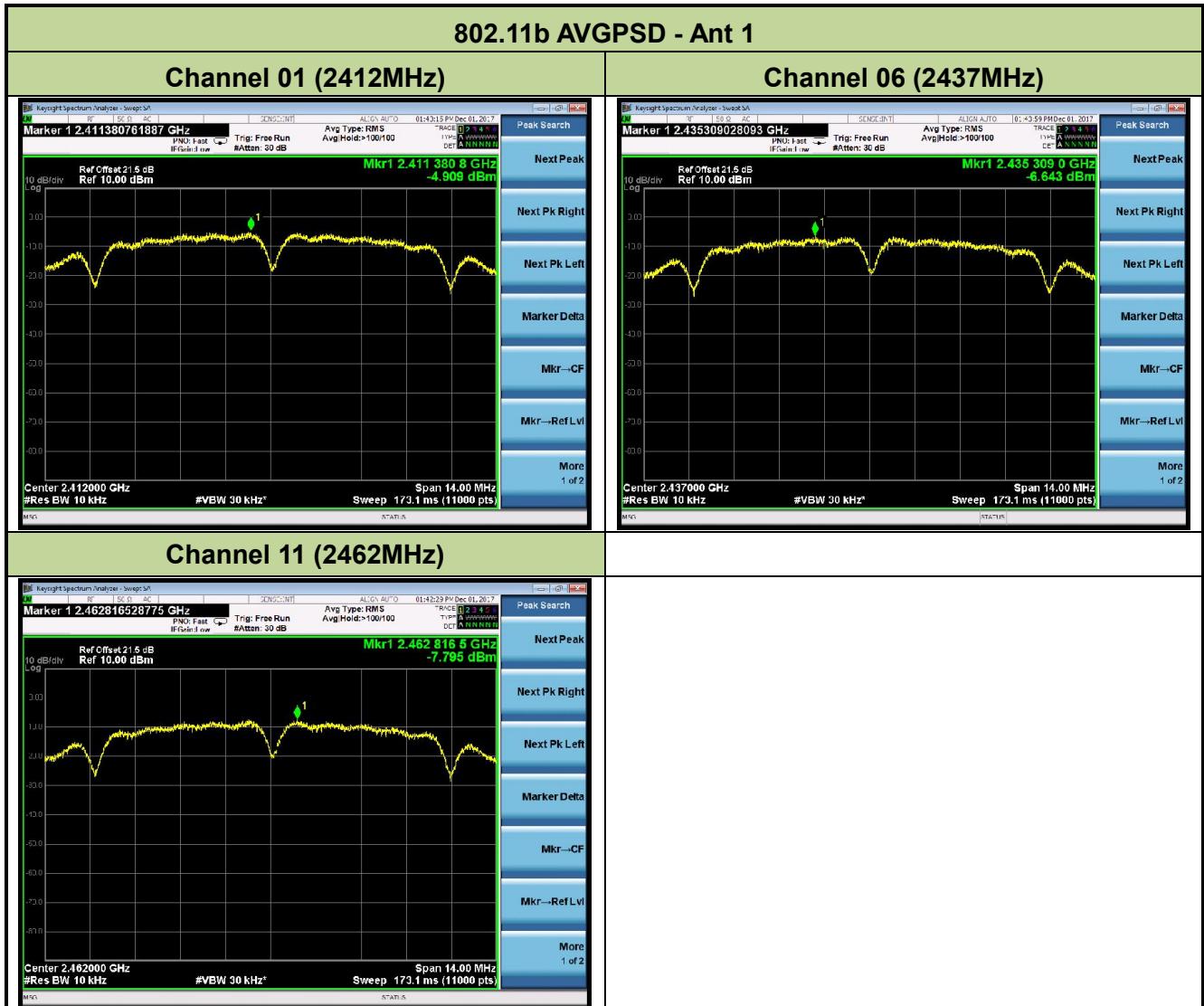
Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 AVG PSD (dBm / 10kHz)	Ant 1 AVG PSD (dBm / 10kHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Constant Factor	Total AVG PSD (dBm / 3kHz)	Limit (dBm / 3kHz)	Result
Ant 0										
11b	1Mbps	1	2412	-1.97	--	99.27	-5.23	-7.20	≤ 8.0	Pass
11b	1Mbps	6	2437	-3.44	--	99.27	-5.23	-8.67	≤ 8.0	Pass
11b	1Mbps	11	2462	-4.43	--	99.27	-5.23	-9.66	≤ 8.0	Pass
11g	6Mbps	1	2412	-5.60	--	96.38	-5.23	-10.67	≤ 8.0	Pass
11g	6Mbps	6	2437	-6.39	--	96.38	-5.23	-11.46	≤ 8.0	Pass
11g	6Mbps	11	2462	-7.23	--	96.38	-5.23	-12.30	≤ 8.0	Pass
Ant 1										
11b	1Mbps	1	2412	--	-4.91	99.27	-5.23	-10.14	≤ 8.0	Pass
11b	1Mbps	6	2437	--	-6.64	99.27	-5.23	-11.87	≤ 8.0	Pass
11b	1Mbps	11	2462	--	-7.80	99.27	-5.23	-13.03	≤ 8.0	Pass
11g	6Mbps	1	2412	--	-7.14	96.38	-5.23	-12.21	≤ 8.0	Pass
11g	6Mbps	6	2437	--	-8.34	96.38	-5.23	-13.41	≤ 8.0	Pass
11g	6Mbps	11	2462	--	-9.59	96.38	-5.23	-14.66	≤ 8.0	Pass
Ant 0 + 1										
11n-HT20	MCS0	1	2412	-5.03	-7.04	92.66	-5.23	-7.81	≤ 8.0	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	6	2437	-5.96	-8.00	92.66	-5.23	-8.75	≤ 8.0	Pass
11n-HT20	MCS0	11	2462	-6.17	-8.80	92.66	-5.23	-9.18	≤ 8.0	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	3	2422	-7.97	-9.25	89.85	-5.23	-10.32	≤ 8.0	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	6	2437	-7.95	-9.96	89.85	-5.23	-10.59	≤ 8.0	Pass
11n-HT40	MCS0	9	2452	-7.24	-9.89	89.85	-5.23	-10.12	≤ 8.0	Pass

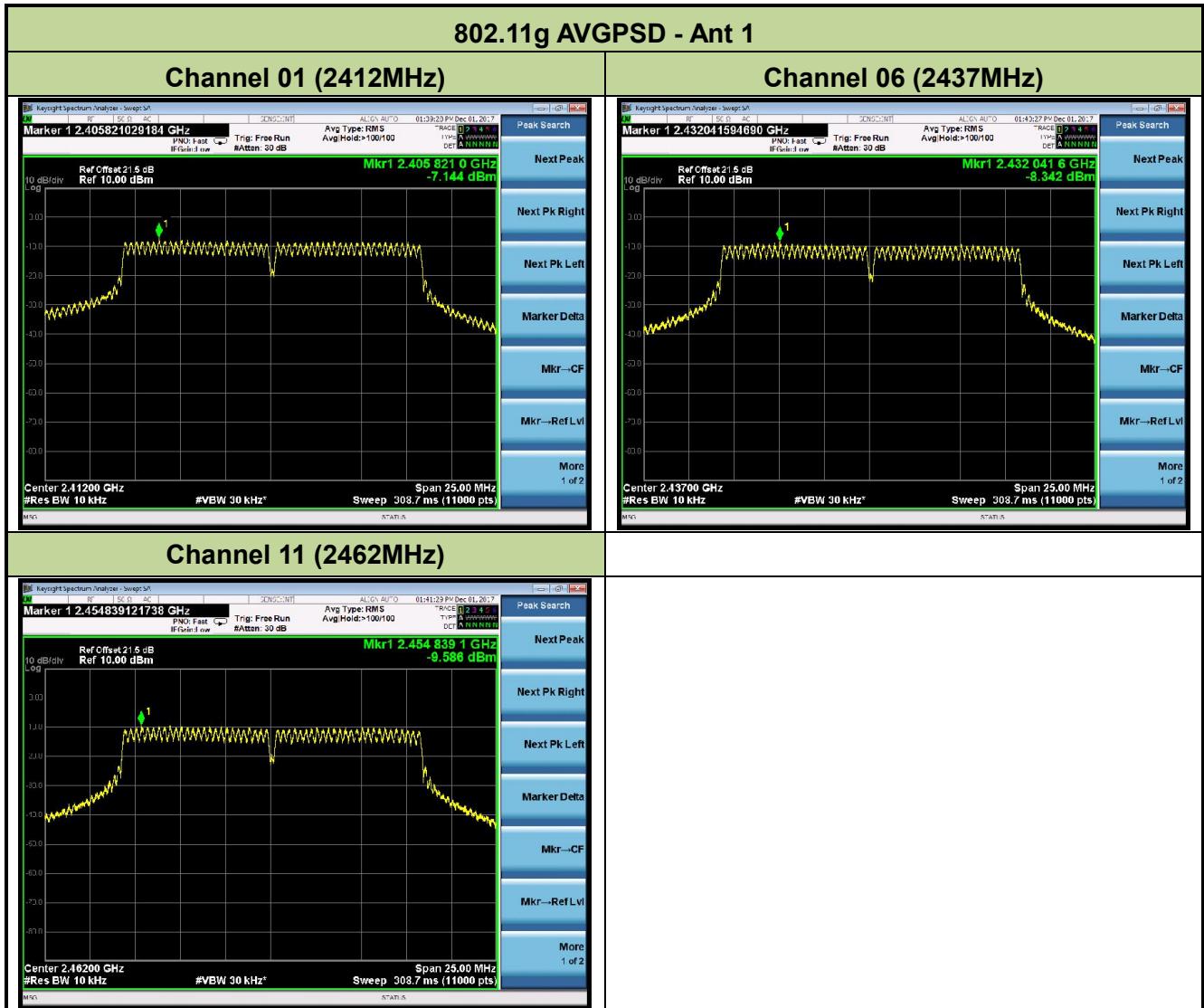
Note 1: The total AVG PSD = AVG PSD + $10 \cdot \log(1/\text{duty cycle}) + \text{Constant Factor}$.

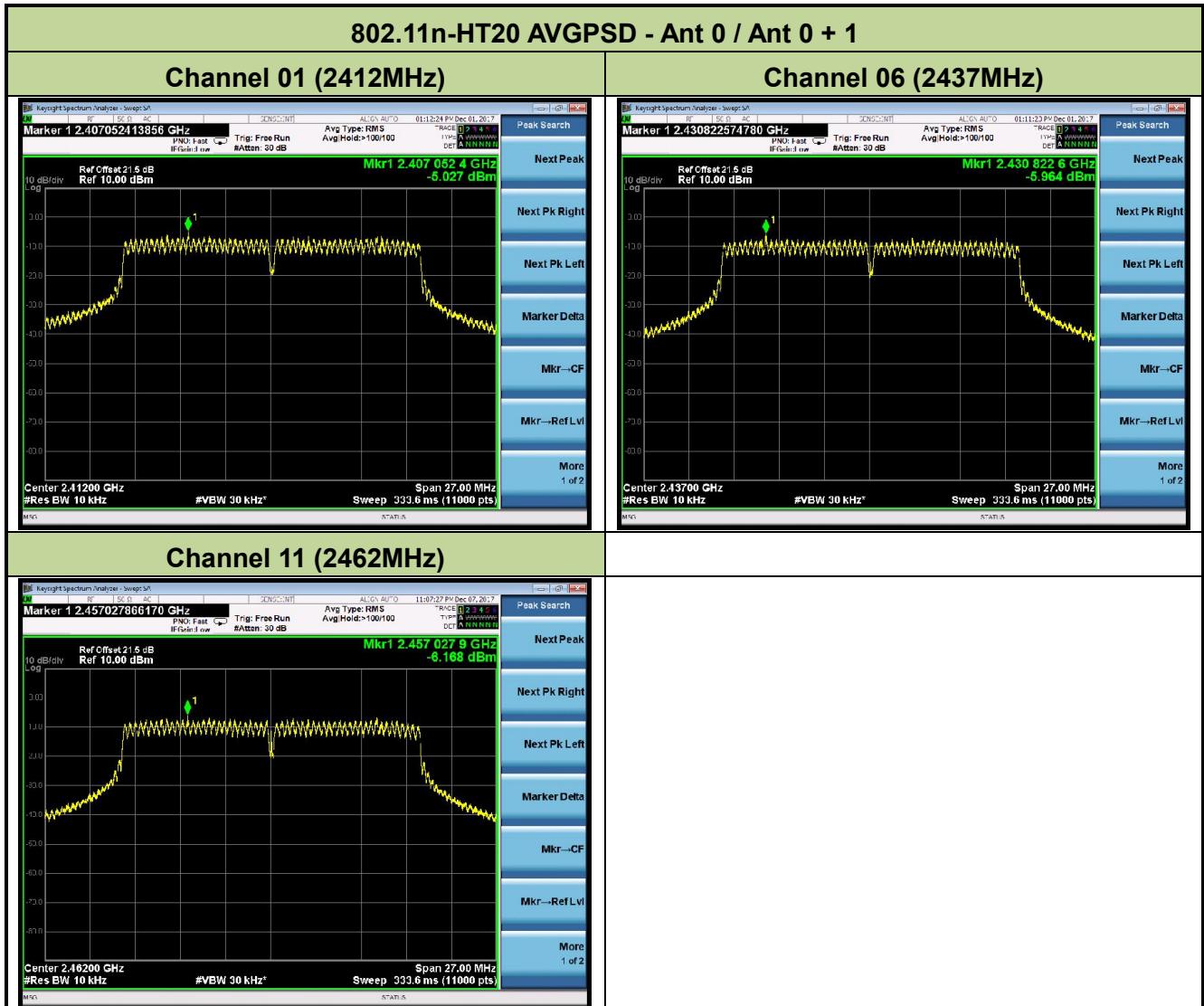
Note 2: The total AVG PSD = $10 \cdot \log\{10^{(\text{Ant 0 AVG PSD}/10)} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 AVG PSD}/10)}\} + 10 \cdot \log(1/\text{duty cycle}) + \text{Constant Factor}$.

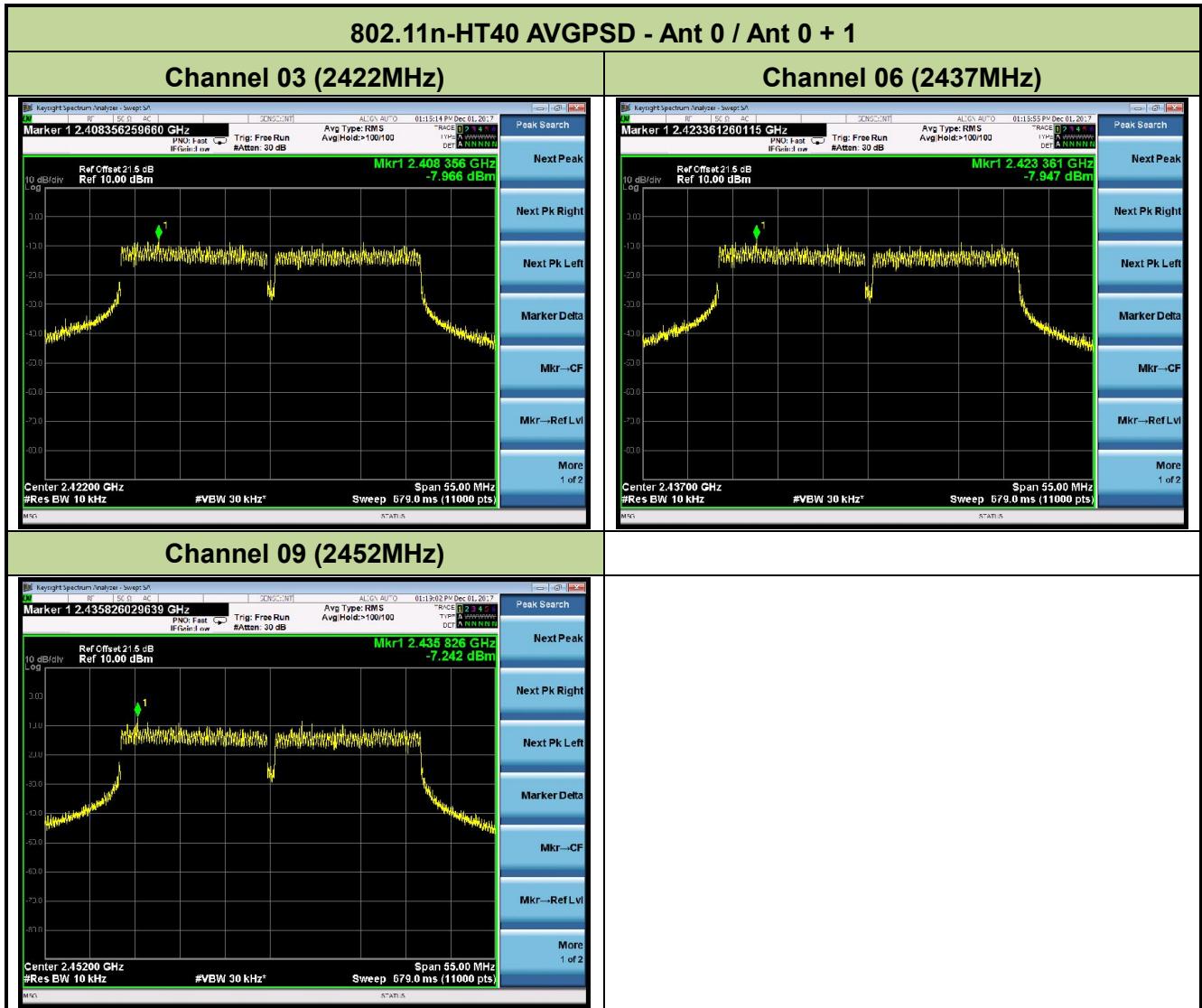


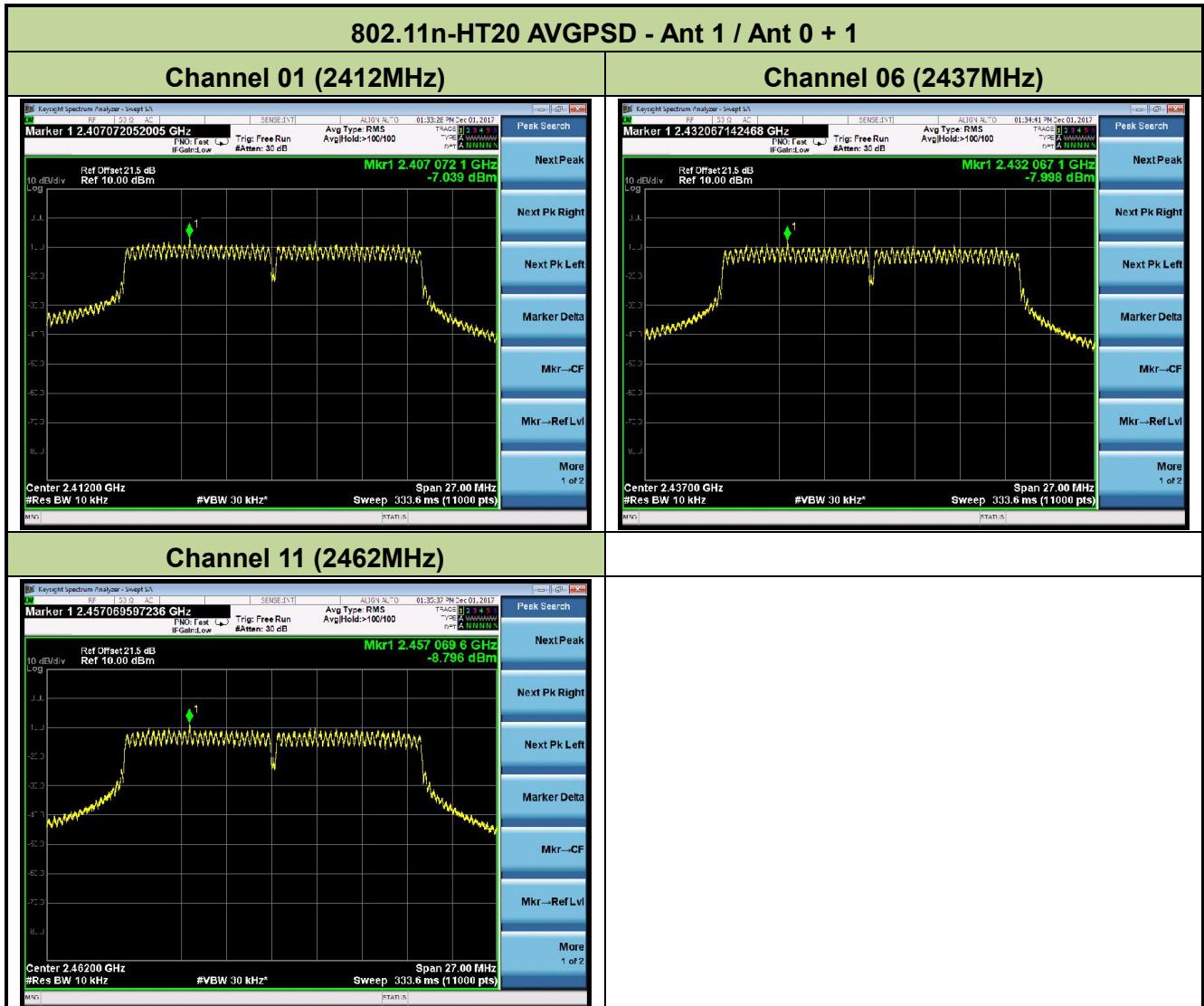


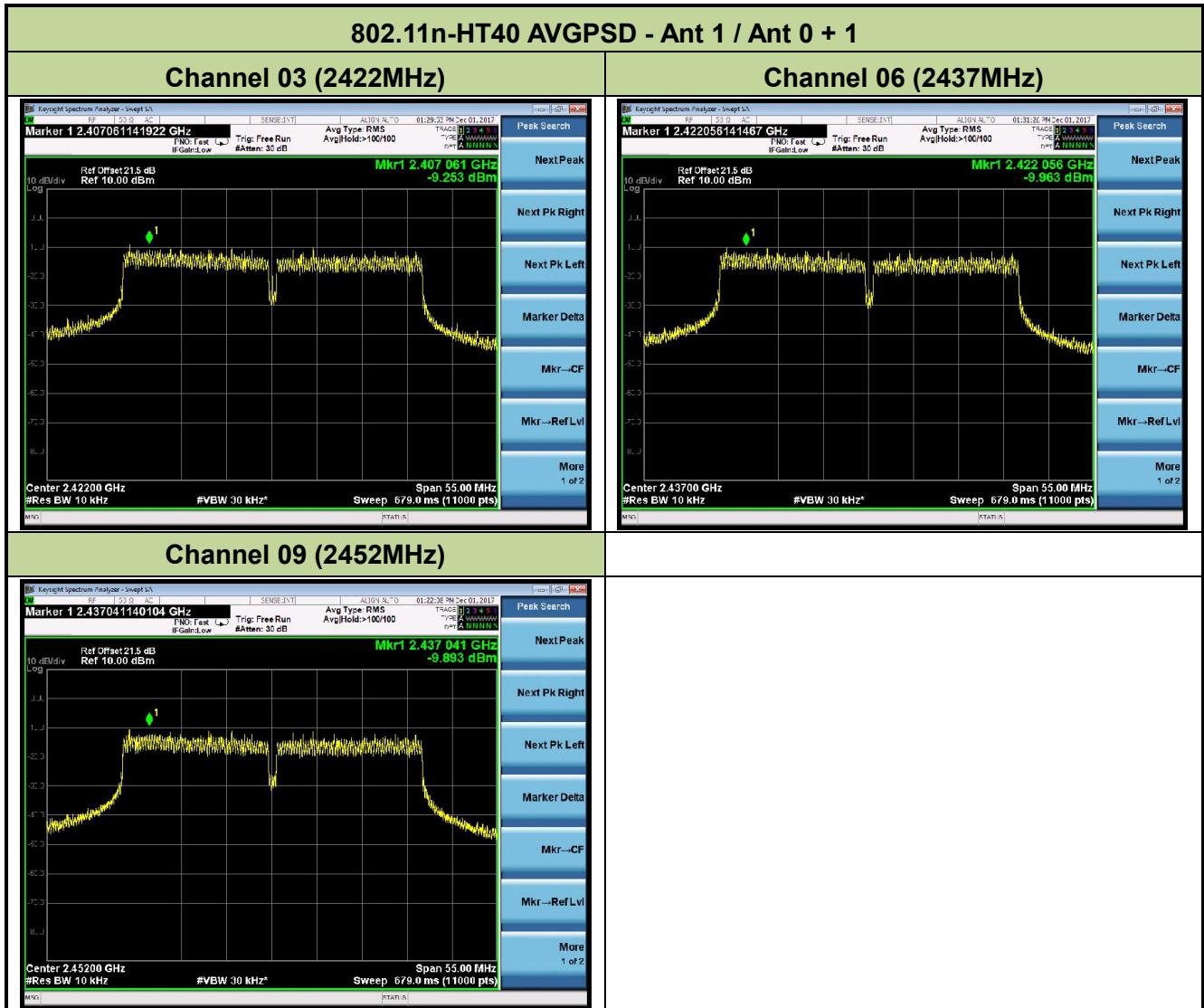












7.5. Conducted Band Edge and Out-of-Band Emissions

7.5.1. Test Limit

The limit for out-of-band spurious emissions at the band edge is 30dB below the fundamental emission level, as determined from the in-band power measurement of the DTS channel performed in a 100 kHz bandwidth per the PSD procedure.

7.5.2. Test Procedure Used

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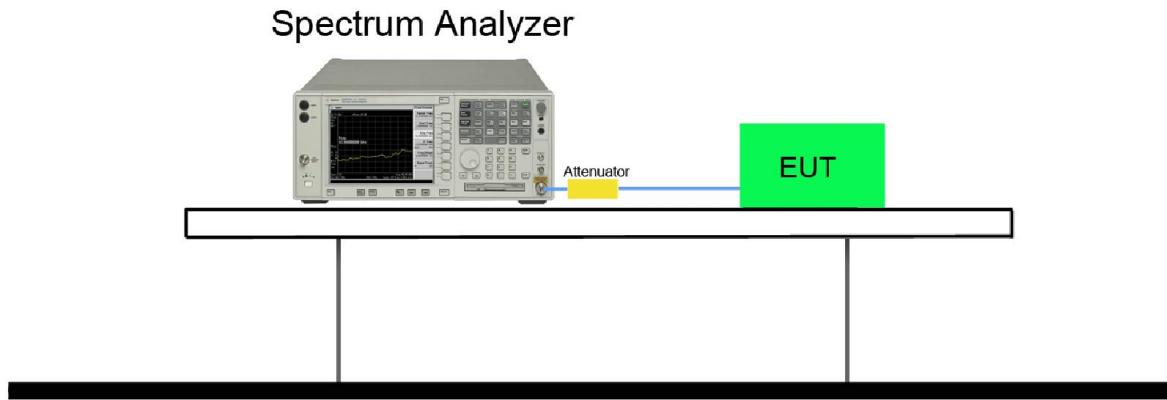
7.5.3. Test Setting

Reference level measurement

1. Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency
2. Set the span to \geq 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth
3. Set the RBW = 100 kHz
4. Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW
5. Detector = peak
6. Sweep time = auto couple
7. Trace mode = max hold
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize

Emission level measurement

1. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured
2. RBW = 100kHz
3. VBW = 300kHz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep time = auto couple
7. The trace was allowed to stabilize

7.5.4. Test Setup

7.5.5. Test Result

Product	Wireless Module	Temperature	27°C
Test Engineer	Hunk Li	Relative Humidity	65%
Test Site	TR3	Test Date	2017/12/01
Test Item	Conducted Band Edge and Out-of-Band Emissions		

Test Mode	Data Rate / MCS	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Limit	Result
Ant 0					
802.11b	1Mbps	01	2412	30dBc	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	06	2437	30dBc	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	11	2462	30dBc	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	01	2412	30dBc	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	06	2437	30dBc	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	11	2462	30dBc	Pass
Ant 1					
802.11b	1Mbps	01	2412	30dBc	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	06	2437	30dBc	Pass
802.11b	1Mbps	11	2462	30dBc	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	01	2412	30dBc	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	06	2437	30dBc	Pass
802.11g	6Mbps	11	2462	30dBc	Pass
Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1					
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	01	2412	30dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	06	2437	30dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	11	2462	30dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	03	2422	30dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	06	2437	30dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	09	2452	30dBc	Pass

