




# FCC SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID : 2AOAJ-2679  
Equipment : Electronic Display Device  
Model Name : S8IN4N  
Applicant : 360 Engine Burns LLC  
400 West Capitol Avenue, Suite 1700 Little Rock,  
Arkansas, 72201  
Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)  
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992  
IEEE 1528-2013

The product was received on Dec. 28, 2018 and testing was started from Jan. 19, 2019 and completed on Apr. 22, 2019. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

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Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

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## History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA8O0112-01	01	Initial issue of report	Feb. 12, 2019
FA8O0112-01	02	Add ant.2 WCDMA B2/B5 SAR results	Apr. 24, 2019

## 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **360 Engine Burns LLC, Electronic Display Device, S8IN4N**, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
		Body (Separation 0mm)	
		1g SAR (W/kg)	
Licensed	WCDMA II	1.30	1.52
	WCDMA V	0.20	
	LTE Band 2	0.66	
	LTE Band 4	0.66	
Date of Testing:		2019/1/19 ~ 2019/4/22	

**General Note:** The reported SAR is derived from the measured SAR results scaled down by the transmission duty factor of each wireless interface while transmission duty factor for this device and intended operation is detailed in UBTF analysis exhibit.

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

**Reviewed by:** Jason Wang  
**Report Producer:** Daisy Peng

## 2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05



### **3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information**

#### **3.1 General Information**

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Electronic Display Device
Model Name	S8IN4N
FCC ID	2AOAJ-2679
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2472 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GPRS/EGPRS RMC 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM WLAN 2.4GHz : 802.11b/g/n HT20 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
<b>Remark:</b> 1. According to the UBTDF analysis exhibit, GSM 850 / 1900, LTE B12 and WLAN / BT maximum tune-up power scaled down with the transmission factor is applied in standalone SAR test exclusion threshold analysis and is exempted from SAR testing.	

### 3.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05								
FCC ID	2AOAJ-2679							
Equipment Name	Electronic Display Device							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 02:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 04:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 12:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz							
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM							
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Data only							
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3							
	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N <sub>RB</sub> )						MPR (dB)
		1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2
	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3
	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)							
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.							

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 12												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	23017	699.7	23025	700.5	23035	701.5	23060	704				
M	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5				
H	23173	715.3	23165	714.5	23155	713.5	23130	711				

## **4. RF Exposure Limits**

### **4.1 Uncontrolled Environment**

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### **4.2 Controlled Environment**

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)**

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

**Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)**

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

## **5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)**

### **5.1 Introduction**

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### **5.2 SAR Definition**

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.



## 6. System Description and Setup

**The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:**




- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.


## 6.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

### <ES3DV3 Probe>

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.2$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	5 $\mu$ W/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	

### <EX3DV4 Probe>

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically <1 $\mu$ W/g)	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

## 6.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.


The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



**Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE**


### 6.3 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 25 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
<b>Measurement Areas</b>	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI Phantom>

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 30 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

## **6.4 Device Holder**

### **<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>**

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

### **<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>**

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

## **7. Measurement Procedures**

The measurement procedures are as follows:

### <Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### **7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

## **7.2 Power Reference Measurement**

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

## **7.3 Area Scan**

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1$ mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

## 7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		$\leq 5$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$\geq 30$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\geq 28$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\geq 25$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\geq 22$ mm
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4$ W/kg, $\leq 8$ mm, $\leq 7$ mm and $\leq 5$ mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

## 7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

## 7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



## 8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d167	Feb. 27, 2018	Feb. 26, 2019
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1112	Feb. 28, 2018	Feb. 27, 2019
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Sep. 11, 2018	Sep. 10, 2019
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	918	Jun. 20, 2018	Jun. 19, 2019
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	699	Jan. 03, 2019	Jan. 02, 2020
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7515	Oct. 03, 2018	Oct. 02, 2019
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3124	Jan. 15, 2019	Jan. 14, 2020
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM685-1	Nov. 12, 2018	Nov. 11, 2019
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201341950	Apr. 17, 2018	Apr. 16, 2019
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201074414	Apr. 02, 2019	Apr. 01, 2020
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Dec. 11, 2018	Dec. 10, 2019
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46104758	Sep. 19, 2018	Sep. 18, 2019
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Sep. 19, 2018	Sep. 18, 2019
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	3169	Sep. 11, 2018	Sep. 10, 2019
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1240001	Sep. 13, 2018	Sep. 12, 2019
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207349	Sep. 13, 2018	Sep. 12, 2019
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 28, 2018	Aug. 27, 2019
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	6382	Aug. 09, 2018	Aug. 08, 2019
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	15542	Aug. 09, 2018	Aug. 08, 2019
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 1	

**General Note:**

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.



## 9. System Verification

### 9.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.



Fig 10.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR



Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

## 9.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

### Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

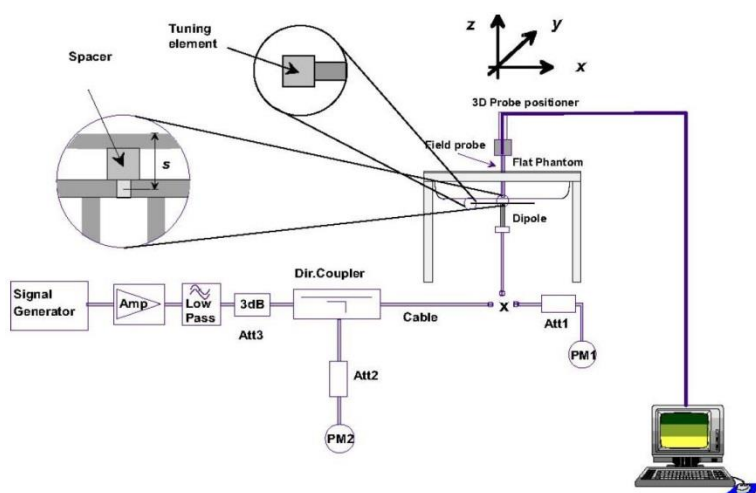
### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Conductivity Target ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity Target ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Delta ( $\sigma$ ) (%)	Delta ( $\epsilon_r$ ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	MSL	22.9	1.003	56.125	0.97	55.20	3.40	1.68	±5	2019/1/21
835	MSL	22.6	0.978	54.280	0.97	55.20	0.82	-1.67	±5	2019/4/22
1750	MSL	22.6	1.515	54.269	1.49	53.40	1.68	1.63	±5	2019/1/21
1900	MSL	22.8	1.577	54.438	1.52	53.30	3.75	2.14	±5	2019/1/19
1900	MSL	22.6	1.523	52.044	1.52	53.30	0.20	-2.36	±5	2019/4/22

### 9.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2019/1/21	835	MSL	250	D835V2-4d167	EX3DV4 - SN7515	DAE4 Sn918	2.25	9.62	9.00	-6.44
2019/4/22	835	MSL	250	D835V2-499	ES3DV3 - SN3124	DAE4 Sn699	2.32	9.82	9.28	-5.50
2019/1/21	1750	MSL	250	D1750V2-1112	EX3DV4 - SN7515	DAE4 Sn918	10.00	38.10	40.00	4.99
2019/1/19	1900	MSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	EX3DV4 - SN7515	DAE4 Sn918	10.20	40.20	40.80	1.49
2019/4/22	1900	MSL	250	D1900V2-5d041	ES3DV3 - SN3124	DAE4 Sn699	10.60	40.20	42.4	5.47



**Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup**



**Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo**

## 10. RF Exposure Positions

### 10.1 SAR Testing for Tablet

This device can be used also in full sized tablet exposure conditions, due to its size. Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

## 11. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

### HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

**Table C.10.1.4:  $\beta$  values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}$ (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta_{ACK}$  and  $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ , and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 11/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

### Setup Configuration

**HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \* :
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
  - v. Set UE Target Power
  - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
  - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

**Table C.11.1.3:  $\beta$  values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{HS}$ (Note 1)	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (Note 4) (Note 5)	$\beta_{ed}$ (SF)	$\beta_{ed}$ (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4,  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ . For sub-test 5,  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_d/\beta_c = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

**Setup Configuration**

**<WCDMA Conducted Power>**
**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

**<Ant.1 Conducted Power>**

Band		WCDMA II			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA V			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		9262	9400	9538		4132	4182	4233	
Rx Channel		9662	9800	9938		4357	4407	4458	
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		826.4	836.4	846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.24	22.18	22.11	23.00	22.09	22.03	22.00	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.19	22.14	21.99	23.00	22.05	22.00	21.97	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.01	21.79	21.71	23.00	21.77	21.57	21.62	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.52	21.37	21.26	22.50	21.30	21.27	21.13	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.04	20.80	20.67	22.50	20.67	20.80	20.51	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.14	21.39	21.45	23.00	21.07	20.84	20.90	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.03	20.14	19.92	21.00	19.31	19.39	19.35	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.28	20.34	20.17	22.00	19.66	19.68	19.66	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.58	20.59	20.46	21.00	19.81	19.86	20.04	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.10	22.23	21.91	23.00	21.38	21.25	21.30	23.00

**<Ant.2 Conducted Power>**

Band		WCDMA II			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA V			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		9262	9400	9538		4132	4182	4233	
Rx Channel		9662	9800	9938		4357	4407	4458	
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		826.4	836.4	846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	21.58	21.71	21.75	23.00	21.74	21.86	21.92	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.70	21.65	21.50	23.00	21.88	21.83	21.80	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.52	21.30	21.22	23.00	21.60	21.40	21.45	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.03	20.88	20.77	22.50	21.13	21.10	20.96	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	20.55	20.31	20.18	22.50	20.50	20.63	20.34	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.65	20.90	20.96	23.00	20.90	20.67	20.73	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	19.54	19.65	19.43	21.00	19.14	19.22	19.18	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	19.79	19.85	19.68	22.00	19.49	19.51	19.49	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.09	20.10	19.97	21.00	19.64	19.69	19.87	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.61	21.74	21.42	23.00	21.21	21.08	21.13	23.00

**<LTE Conducted Power>****General Note:**

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is  $>$  not  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is  $>$  not  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.



**<Ant.1 LTE Band 2>**

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.37	22.04	21.94	23	0
20	QPSK	1	49	21.71	21.40	21.60		
20	QPSK	1	99	21.32	21.25	21.28		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.15	20.87	20.90	22	1
20	QPSK	50	24	20.78	20.56	20.65		
20	QPSK	50	50	20.66	20.52	20.56		
20	QPSK	100	0	20.90	20.70	20.75		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.48	21.26	21.32	22	1
20	16QAM	1	49	20.92	20.72	20.86		
20	16QAM	1	99	20.65	20.63	20.54		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.26	20.03	20.05	21	2
20	16QAM	50	24	19.91	19.70	19.79		
20	16QAM	50	50	19.77	19.64	19.69		
20	16QAM	100	0	19.98	19.81	19.86		
Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.31	22.01	22.16	23	0
15	QPSK	1	37	21.84	21.65	21.65		
15	QPSK	1	74	21.72	21.51	21.60		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.20	20.87	20.99	22	1
15	QPSK	36	20	20.91	20.62	20.73		
15	QPSK	36	39	20.85	20.59	20.72		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.00	20.73	20.87		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.71	21.34	21.45	22	1
15	16QAM	1	37	21.05	20.75	20.88		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.10	20.89	20.91		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.33	20.02	20.15	21	2
15	16QAM	36	20	20.06	19.74	19.87		
15	16QAM	36	39	19.96	19.69	19.84		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.09	19.85	19.98		
Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.30	22.00	21.76	23	0
10	QPSK	1	25	21.64	21.35	21.53		
10	QPSK	1	49	21.19	21.16	21.13		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.11	20.73	20.89	22	1
10	QPSK	25	12	20.72	20.51	20.46		
10	QPSK	25	25	20.55	20.51	20.46		
10	QPSK	50	0	20.75	20.58	20.61		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.36	21.26	21.16	22	1
10	16QAM	1	25	20.78	20.53	20.82		
10	16QAM	1	49	20.57	20.48	20.46		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.10	19.92	19.88	21	2
10	16QAM	25	12	19.87	19.62	19.62		
10	16QAM	25	25	19.61	19.52	19.69		
10	16QAM	50	0	19.90	19.75	19.82		



Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.32	21.89	21.76	23	0
5	QPSK	1	12	21.65	21.21	21.58		
5	QPSK	1	24	21.14	21.15	21.25		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.08	20.72	20.84	22	1
5	QPSK	12	7	20.69	20.36	20.51		
5	QPSK	12	13	20.46	20.34	20.40		
5	QPSK	25	0	20.74	20.50	20.60		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.35	21.19	21.21	22	1
5	16QAM	1	12	20.87	20.60	20.82		
5	16QAM	1	24	20.60	20.54	20.52		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.07	19.84	19.89	21	2
5	16QAM	12	7	19.91	19.58	19.60		
5	16QAM	12	13	19.68	19.53	19.51		
5	16QAM	25	0	19.91	19.75	19.84		
Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.34	21.92	21.92	23	0
3	QPSK	1	8	21.61	21.39	21.50		
3	QPSK	1	14	21.13	21.18	21.24		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.09	20.76	20.72	22	1
3	QPSK	8	4	20.66	20.36	20.54		
3	QPSK	8	7	20.55	20.32	20.43		
3	QPSK	15	0	20.78	20.55	20.56		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.43	21.16	21.25	22	1
3	16QAM	1	8	20.92	20.65	20.70		
3	16QAM	1	14	20.57	20.47	20.48		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.18	19.95	20.05	21	2
3	16QAM	8	4	19.85	19.63	19.71		
3	16QAM	8	7	19.76	19.56	19.57		
3	16QAM	15	0	19.79	19.75	19.75		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.37	21.88	21.87	23	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	21.56	21.27	21.41		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.13	21.18	21.21		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.22	21.07	21.09		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	21.29	21.06	21.12		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	21.30	21.19	21.22		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	20.78	20.59	20.68	22	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.38	21.22	21.23	22	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	20.92	20.62	20.83		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	20.47	20.48	20.47		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	20.17	20.03	20.20		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	20.14	20.15	20.05		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	20.26	20.11	20.00		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.94	19.74	19.66	21	2

**<Ant.2 LTE Band 2>**

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	21.96	21.37	21.48	23	0
20	QPSK	1	49	21.39	21.08	21.09		
20	QPSK	1	99	21.30	21.18	21.10		
20	QPSK	50	0	20.90	20.51	20.35	22	1
20	QPSK	50	24	20.65	20.31	20.04		
20	QPSK	50	50	20.56	20.39	20.00		
20	QPSK	100	0	20.76	20.47	20.19	22	1
20	16QAM	1	0	21.26	20.64	20.78		
20	16QAM	1	49	20.59	20.41	20.18		
20	16QAM	1	99	20.67	20.52	20.11	21	2
20	16QAM	50	0	19.98	19.59	19.47		
20	16QAM	50	24	19.69	19.41	19.17		
20	16QAM	50	50	19.64	19.48	19.08	21	2
20	16QAM	100	0	19.82	19.52	19.21		
Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	21.40	21.42	21.89	23	0
15	QPSK	1	37	21.10	21.24	21.38		
15	QPSK	1	74	21.20	21.34	21.43		
15	QPSK	36	0	20.30	20.46	20.86	22	1
15	QPSK	36	20	20.06	20.34	20.59		
15	QPSK	36	39	20.03	20.39	20.57		
15	QPSK	75	0	20.14	20.43	20.75	22	1
15	16QAM	1	0	20.72	20.77	21.18		
15	16QAM	1	37	20.19	20.45	20.61		
15	16QAM	1	74	20.06	20.58	20.90	21	2
15	16QAM	36	0	19.43	19.56	19.96		
15	16QAM	36	20	19.17	19.39	19.68		
15	16QAM	36	39	19.13	19.48	19.65	21	2
15	16QAM	75	0	19.21	19.51	19.77		
Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	21.32	21.41	21.69	23	0
10	QPSK	1	25	21.02	21.20	21.42		
10	QPSK	1	49	21.09	21.30	21.42		
10	QPSK	25	0	20.18	20.33	20.65	22	1
10	QPSK	25	12	20.04	20.25	20.52		
10	QPSK	25	25	20.00	20.29	20.50		
10	QPSK	50	0	20.07	20.34	20.59	22	1
10	16QAM	1	0	20.52	20.68	20.99		
10	16QAM	1	25	20.26	20.47	20.68		
10	16QAM	1	49	20.16	20.66	20.74	21	2
10	16QAM	25	0	19.33	19.51	19.79		
10	16QAM	25	12	19.17	19.44	19.67		
10	16QAM	25	25	19.15	19.46	19.68	21	2
10	16QAM	50	0	19.20	19.50	19.72		



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Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	21.09	21.23	21.56	23	0
5	QPSK	1	12	21.00	21.17	21.43		
5	QPSK	1	24	21.08	21.21	21.41		
5	QPSK	12	0	20.16	20.29	20.60	22	1
5	QPSK	12	7	20.08	20.25	20.53		
5	QPSK	12	13	20.06	20.27	20.53		
5	QPSK	25	0	20.07	20.25	20.54		
5	16QAM	1	0	20.43	20.56	20.74	22	1
5	16QAM	1	12	20.36	20.59	20.77		
5	16QAM	1	24	20.18	20.53	20.84		
5	16QAM	12	0	19.36	19.44	19.77	21	2
5	16QAM	12	7	19.25	19.46	19.77		
5	16QAM	12	13	19.22	19.45	19.73		
5	16QAM	25	0	19.23	19.42	19.72		
Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	21.03	21.19	21.51	23	0
3	QPSK	1	8	21.00	21.22	21.47		
3	QPSK	1	14	21.00	21.20	21.51		
3	QPSK	8	0	20.10	20.31	20.56	22	1
3	QPSK	8	4	20.08	20.27	20.56		
3	QPSK	8	7	20.05	20.23	20.50		
3	QPSK	15	0	20.05	20.25	20.55		
3	16QAM	1	0	20.39	20.41	20.84	22	1
3	16QAM	1	8	20.25	20.49	20.85		
3	16QAM	1	14	20.24	20.47	20.86		
3	16QAM	8	0	19.25	19.39	19.74	21	2
3	16QAM	8	4	19.23	19.35	19.68		
3	16QAM	8	7	19.21	19.42	19.72		
3	16QAM	15	0	19.28	19.43	19.75		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.02	21.23	21.53	23	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	21.00	21.15	21.47		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.03	21.21	21.52		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.13	21.28	21.56		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	21.10	21.23	21.58		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	21.11	21.31	21.62		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	20.09	20.21	20.47	22	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	20.36	20.52	20.79	22	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	20.34	20.48	20.90		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	20.24	20.57	20.77		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	20.13	20.39	20.63		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	20.13	20.40	20.74		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	20.12	20.40	20.59		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.22	19.47	19.75	21	2

**<Ant.1 LTE Band 4>**

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	21.76	21.92	22.06		
20	QPSK	1	49	21.33	21.40	21.37	23	0
20	QPSK	1	99	21.29	21.23	21.09		
20	QPSK	50	0	20.72	20.82	20.84		
20	QPSK	50	24	20.46	20.55	20.49	22	1
20	QPSK	50	50	20.47	20.54	20.40		
20	QPSK	100	0	20.62	20.70	20.65		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.01	21.13	21.37	22	1
20	16QAM	1	49	20.41	20.69	20.62		
20	16QAM	1	99	20.48	20.41	20.38		
20	16QAM	50	0	19.67	19.82	19.82	21	2
20	16QAM	50	24	19.42	19.54	19.48		
20	16QAM	50	50	19.41	19.51	19.39		
20	16QAM	100	0	19.54	19.63	19.56		
Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	21.57	21.73	22.04		
15	QPSK	1	37	21.29	21.34	21.34	23	0
15	QPSK	1	74	21.12	21.12	21.01		
15	QPSK	36	0	20.68	20.63	20.83		
15	QPSK	36	20	20.44	20.43	20.49	22	1
15	QPSK	36	39	20.28	20.37	20.30		
15	QPSK	75	0	20.45	20.50	20.60		
15	16QAM	1	0	20.85	20.96	21.19	22	1
15	16QAM	1	37	20.38	20.65	20.61		
15	16QAM	1	74	20.34	20.33	20.31		
15	16QAM	36	0	19.58	19.73	19.82	21	2
15	16QAM	36	20	19.35	19.54	19.37		
15	16QAM	36	39	19.30	19.50	19.30		
15	16QAM	75	0	19.49	19.50	19.38		
Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	21.74	21.80	21.99		
10	QPSK	1	25	21.16	21.34	21.21	23	0
10	QPSK	1	49	21.24	21.04	21.01		
10	QPSK	25	0	20.59	20.78	20.77		
10	QPSK	25	12	20.40	20.38	20.44	22	1
10	QPSK	25	25	20.34	20.44	20.30		
10	QPSK	50	0	20.42	20.68	20.58		
10	16QAM	1	0	20.92	20.94	21.21	22	1
10	16QAM	1	25	20.40	20.51	20.47		
10	16QAM	1	49	20.30	20.24	20.28		
10	16QAM	25	0	19.60	19.63	19.68	21	2
10	16QAM	25	12	19.41	19.38	19.33		
10	16QAM	25	25	19.25	19.32	19.24		
10	16QAM	50	0	19.48	19.47	19.46		

Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	21.62	21.72	22.04	23	0
5	QPSK	1	12	21.31	21.23	21.30		
5	QPSK	1	24	21.15	21.08	21.05		
5	QPSK	12	0	20.60	20.69	20.68	22	1
5	QPSK	12	7	20.36	20.37	20.34		
5	QPSK	12	13	20.43	20.35	20.39		
5	QPSK	25	0	20.53	20.59	20.59		
5	16QAM	1	0	20.82	21.02	21.32	22	1
5	16QAM	1	12	20.40	20.54	20.49		
5	16QAM	1	24	20.47	20.24	20.21		
5	16QAM	12	0	19.66	19.65	19.65	21	2
5	16QAM	12	7	19.27	19.49	19.38		
5	16QAM	12	13	19.39	19.46	19.37		
5	16QAM	25	0	19.37	19.60	19.43		
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	21.61	21.83	21.89	23	0
3	QPSK	1	8	21.16	21.36	21.20		
3	QPSK	1	14	21.24	21.05	21.08		
3	QPSK	8	0	20.52	20.70	20.68	22	1
3	QPSK	8	4	20.46	20.44	20.42		
3	QPSK	8	7	20.36	20.46	20.33		
3	QPSK	15	0	20.49	20.53	20.60		
3	16QAM	1	0	20.85	21.01	21.27	22	1
3	16QAM	1	8	20.39	20.51	20.51		
3	16QAM	1	14	20.35	20.25	20.35		
3	16QAM	8	0	19.62	19.77	19.67	21	2
3	16QAM	8	4	19.34	19.37	19.41		
3	16QAM	8	7	19.32	19.39	19.38		
3	16QAM	15	0	19.50	19.52	19.56		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.72	21.87	21.95	23	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	21.32	21.27	21.20		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.22	21.21	21.06		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.17	21.06	21.00		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	21.22	21.18	21.09		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	21.21	21.05	21.00		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	20.49	20.52	20.52	22	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	20.94	20.94	21.21	22	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	20.25	20.62	20.49		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	20.40	20.40	20.21		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	20.42	20.24	20.28		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	20.32	20.28	20.37		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	20.47	20.40	20.33		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.37	19.47	19.48	21	2

**<Ant.2 LTE Band 4>**

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	21.97	21.77	21.61	23	0
20	QPSK	1	49	21.22	21.16	21.20		
20	QPSK	1	99	21.06	21.00	21.01		
20	QPSK	50	0	20.76	20.63	20.57	22	1
20	QPSK	50	24	20.39	20.30	20.30		
20	QPSK	50	50	20.33	20.26	20.20		
20	QPSK	100	0	20.59	20.47	20.37	22	1
20	16QAM	1	0	21.12	20.97	20.86		
20	16QAM	1	49	20.37	20.33	20.29		
20	16QAM	1	99	20.29	20.30	20.06	21	2
20	16QAM	50	0	19.72	19.56	19.50		
20	16QAM	50	24	19.37	19.23	19.22		
20	16QAM	50	50	19.29	19.17	19.15	21	2
20	16QAM	100	0	19.50	19.34	19.29		
Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	21.89	21.74	21.48	23	0
15	QPSK	1	37	21.12	21.11	21.07		
15	QPSK	1	74	21.05	21.00	21.05		
15	QPSK	36	0	20.75	20.57	20.55	22	1
15	QPSK	36	20	20.19	20.16	20.10		
15	QPSK	36	39	20.23	20.16	20.15		
15	QPSK	75	0	20.58	20.28	20.28	22	1
15	16QAM	1	0	20.97	20.77	20.68		
15	16QAM	1	37	20.36	20.32	20.09		
15	16QAM	1	74	20.10	20.16	20.03	21	2
15	16QAM	36	0	19.54	19.50	19.50		
15	16QAM	36	20	19.33	19.16	19.02		
15	16QAM	36	39	19.15	19.02	19.09	21	2
15	16QAM	75	0	19.49	19.31	19.09		
Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	21.77	21.61	21.41	23	0
10	QPSK	1	25	21.10	21.06	21.10		
10	QPSK	1	49	21.04	21.30	21.11		
10	QPSK	25	0	20.70	20.46	20.57	22	1
10	QPSK	25	12	20.30	20.22	20.13		
10	QPSK	25	25	20.29	20.21	20.18		
10	QPSK	50	0	20.55	20.28	20.30	22	1
10	16QAM	1	0	21.07	20.92	20.72		
10	16QAM	1	25	20.31	20.18	20.13		
10	16QAM	1	49	20.13	20.16	20.01	21	2
10	16QAM	25	0	19.55	19.45	19.47		
10	16QAM	25	12	19.20	19.14	19.20		
10	16QAM	25	25	19.26	19.14	19.15	21	2
10	16QAM	50	0	19.50	19.27	19.22		



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Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	21.81	21.61	21.41	23	0
5	QPSK	1	12	21.04	21.13	21.07		
5	QPSK	1	24	21.00	21.00	21.01		
5	QPSK	12	0	20.75	20.48	20.42	22	1
5	QPSK	12	7	20.38	20.10	20.11		
5	QPSK	12	13	20.20	20.18	20.17		
5	QPSK	25	0	20.56	20.39	20.31		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.05	20.82	20.80	22	1
5	16QAM	1	12	20.27	20.33	20.13		
5	16QAM	1	24	20.16	20.19	20.08		
5	16QAM	12	0	19.67	19.41	19.31	21	2
5	16QAM	12	7	19.20	19.19	19.06		
5	16QAM	12	13	19.11	19.00	19.09		
5	16QAM	25	0	19.48	19.15	19.22		
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	21.77	21.67	21.54	23	0
3	QPSK	1	8	21.20	21.16	21.12		
3	QPSK	1	14	21.00	21.02	21.05		
3	QPSK	8	0	20.67	20.44	20.57	22	1
3	QPSK	8	4	20.23	20.29	20.20		
3	QPSK	8	7	20.14	20.24	20.19		
3	QPSK	15	0	20.49	20.37	20.20		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.08	20.79	20.66	22	1
3	16QAM	1	8	20.23	20.14	20.28		
3	16QAM	1	14	20.19	20.30	20.10		
3	16QAM	8	0	19.56	19.54	19.45	21	2
3	16QAM	8	4	19.31	19.16	19.07		
3	16QAM	8	7	19.18	19.06	19.04		
3	16QAM	15	0	19.37	19.15	19.13		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.81	21.75	21.44	23	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	21.14	21.04	21.20		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.00	21.00	21.05		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.81	21.69	21.56		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	21.87	21.62	21.49		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	21.79	21.60	21.49		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	20.45	20.30	20.22	22	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.05	20.92	20.71	22	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	20.28	20.25	20.17		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	20.19	20.12	20.06		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	20.58	20.42	20.30		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	20.53	20.44	20.34		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	20.42	20.33	20.19		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.43	19.21	19.18	21	2

## 12. Exposure Position Condition

### <SAR test exclusion table>

#### General Note:

- The below table, when the distance is < 50 mm exclusion threshold is "Ratio", when the distance is > 50 mm exclusion threshold is "mW"
- Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the test separation distance is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
 
$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR}$$
  - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
  - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
  - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
  - [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · ( f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
  - [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

#### <WWAN Ant.1>

Exposure Position	Wireless Interface	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II	LTE Band 4	LTE Band 2
	Calculated Frequency	846MHz	1907MHz	1754MHz	1909MHz
	Maximum power (dBm)	23	23	23	23
	Maximum rated power(mW)	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0
Bottom Face	Separation distance(mm)	5.0			
	exclusion threshold	36.8	55.2	53.0	55.3
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Edge 1	Separation distance(mm)	134.8			
	exclusion threshold	641.0	957.0	961.0	957.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No	No
Edge 2	Separation distance(mm)	5.0			
	exclusion threshold	36.8	55.2	53.0	55.3
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Edge 3	Separation distance(mm)	5.0			
	exclusion threshold	36.8	55.2	53.0	55.3
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Edge 4	Separation distance(mm)	124.7			
	exclusion threshold	584.0	856.0	860.0	856.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No	No



**<WWAN Ant.2>**

Exposure Position	Wireless Interface	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II	LTE Band 4	LTE Band 2
	Calculated Frequency	846MHz	1907MHz	1754MHz	1909MHz
	Maximum power (dBm)	23.00	23	23	23
	Maximum rated power(mW)	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0
Bottom Face	Separation distance(mm)	5.0			
	exclusion threshold	36.8	55.2	53.0	55.3
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Edge 1	Separation distance(mm)	134.8			
	exclusion threshold	641.0	957.0	961.0	957.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No	No
Edge 2	Separation distance(mm)	118.4			
	exclusion threshold	549.0	793.0	797.0	793.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No	No
Edge 3	Separation distance(mm)	5.0			
	exclusion threshold	36.8	55.2	53.0	55.3
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Edge 4	Separation distance(mm)	5.0			
	exclusion threshold	36.8	55.2	53.0	55.3
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

### 13. SAR Test Results

**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
  - b. Transmission duty cycle: the highest average duty cycle from "UBTDF analysis exhibit".
  - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor\*Transmission Scaling factor
2. According to UBTDF analysis exhibit, SAR testing is required to cover LTE operation in band 2 and band 4; HSDPA/HSUPA operations in both 850MHz and 1900MHz bands. Testing was performed using RMC 12.2kbps uplink to cover all possible WCDMA uplink speeds as this has the highest maximum rated power in both bands.

#### 13.1 Body SAR

**<WCDMA SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Transmission Cycle %	Transmission Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.24	23.00	1.191	11.7	0.117	-0.17	6.490	0.905
	WCDMA II_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	9400	1880	22.18	23.00	1.208	11.7	0.117	-0.07	6.950	0.982
	WCDMA II_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.11	23.00	1.227	11.7	0.117	-0.02	7.610	1.093
	WCDMA II_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 2	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.24	23.00	1.191	11.7	0.117	0.1	1.920	0.268
01	WCDMA II_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.24	23.00	1.191	11.7	0.117	-0.09	9.310	1.298
	WCDMA II_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0mm	9400	1880	22.18	23.00	1.208	11.7	0.117	-0.15	9.100	1.286
	WCDMA II_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.11	23.00	1.227	11.7	0.117	-0.12	8.820	1.267
	WCDMA II_Ant 2	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	9538	1907.6	21.75	23.00	1.334	11.7	0.117	0.18	4.390	0.685
	WCDMA II_Ant 2	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0mm	9538	1907.6	21.75	23.00	1.334	11.7	0.117	0.15	4.550	0.710
	WCDMA II_Ant 2	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	0mm	9538	1907.6	21.75	23.00	1.334	11.7	0.117	0.02	1.670	0.261
	WCDMA II_Ant 2	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0mm	9400	1880	21.71	23.00	1.346	11.7	0.117	-0.17	4.540	0.715
	WCDMA II_Ant 2	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0mm	9262	1852.4	21.58	23.00	1.387	11.7	0.117	-0.02	4.210	0.683
	WCDMA V_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	4132	826.4	22.09	23.00	1.233	11.7	0.117	-0.15	1.300	0.188
02	WCDMA V_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	4182	836.4	22.03	23.00	1.250	11.7	0.117	-0.14	1.360	0.199
	WCDMA V_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	4233	846.6	22.00	23.00	1.259	11.7	0.117	-0.12	1.290	0.190
	WCDMA V_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 2	0mm	4132	826.4	22.09	23.00	1.233	11.7	0.117	-0.09	0.351	0.051
	WCDMA V_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0mm	4132	826.4	22.09	23.00	1.233	11.7	0.117	-0.02	1.070	0.154
	WCDMA V_Ant 2	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	4233	846.6	21.92	23.00	1.282	11.7	0.117	-0.02	0.680	0.102
	WCDMA V_Ant 2	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	4132	826.4	21.74	23.00	1.337	11.7	0.117	-0.15	0.662	0.104
	WCDMA V_Ant 2	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	4182	836.4	21.86	23.00	1.300	11.7	0.117	-0.02	0.671	0.102
	WCDMA V_Ant 2	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	0mm	4233	846.6	21.92	23.00	1.282	11.7	0.117	-0.16	0.070	0.011
	WCDMA V_Ant 2	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 2	0mm	4233	846.6	21.92	23.00	1.282	11.7	0.117	-0.16	0.043	0.006
	WCDMA V_Ant 2	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0mm	4233	846.6	21.92	23.00	1.282	11.7	0.117	-0.16	0.623	0.093
	WCDMA V_Ant 2	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	0mm	4233	846.6	21.92	23.00	1.282	11.7	0.117	-0.13	0.375	0.056



## <LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Transmission Cycle %	Transmission Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	18700	1860	22.37	23.00	1.156	5.76	0.0576	-0.15	6.550	0.436
	LTE Band 2_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	0mm	18700	1860	21.15	22.00	1.216	5.76	0.0576	-0.04	5.350	0.375
	LTE Band 2_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 2	0mm	18700	1860	22.37	23.00	1.156	5.76	0.0576	0.09	0.132	0.009
	LTE Band 2_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 2	0mm	18700	1860	21.15	22.00	1.216	5.76	0.0576	-0.04	0.094	0.007
	LTE Band 2_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 3	0mm	18700	1860	22.37	23.00	1.156	5.76	0.0576	-0.15	9.100	0.606
	LTE Band 2_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 3	0mm	18900	1880	22.04	23.00	1.247	5.76	0.0576	-0.09	8.820	0.634
03	LTE Band 2_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 3	0mm	19100	1900	21.94	23.00	1.276	5.76	0.0576	-0.09	8.920	0.656
	LTE Band 2_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 3	0mm	18700	1860	21.15	22.00	1.216	5.76	0.0576	-0.04	7.540	0.528
	LTE Band 2_Ant 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	18700	1860	21.96	23.00	1.271	5.76	0.0576	0.01	5.030	0.368
	LTE Band 2_Ant 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	0mm	18700	1860	20.90	22.00	1.288	5.76	0.0576	0.04	4.030	0.299
	LTE Band 2_Ant 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 3	0mm	18700	1860	21.96	23.00	1.271	5.76	0.0576	-0.05	4.000	0.293
	LTE Band 2_Ant 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 3	0mm	18700	1860	20.90	22.00	1.288	5.76	0.0576	-0.05	3.190	0.237
	LTE Band 2_Ant 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	0mm	18700	1860	21.96	23.00	1.271	5.76	0.0576	0.09	1.770	0.130
	LTE Band 2_Ant 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 4	0mm	18700	1860	20.90	22.00	1.288	5.76	0.0576	0.07	1.450	0.108
	LTE Band 4_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	20175	1732.5	21.92	23.00	1.282	5.76	0.0576	-0.09	7.650	0.565
	LTE Band 4_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	0mm	20175	1732.5	20.82	22.00	1.312	5.76	0.0576	-0.08	7.190	0.543
	LTE Band 4_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 2	0mm	20175	1732.5	21.92	23.00	1.282	5.76	0.0576	-0.11	1.550	0.114
	LTE Band 4_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 2	0mm	20175	1732.5	20.82	22.00	1.312	5.76	0.0576	-0.11	1.220	0.092
04	LTE Band 4_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 3	0mm	20175	1732.5	21.92	23.00	1.282	5.76	0.0576	-0.03	8.940	0.660
	LTE Band 4_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 3	0mm	20050	1720	21.76	23.00	1.330	5.76	0.0576	-0.01	7.940	0.608
	LTE Band 4_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 3	0mm	20300	1745	22.06	23.00	1.242	5.76	0.0576	-0.11	8.660	0.619
	LTE Band 4_Ant 1	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 3	0mm	20175	1732.5	20.82	22.00	1.312	5.76	0.0576	-0.1	7.280	0.550
	LTE Band 4_Ant 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	20175	1732.5	21.77	23.00	1.327	5.76	0.0576	-0.02	4.810	0.368
	LTE Band 4_Ant 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Face	0mm	20175	1732.5	20.63	22.00	1.371	5.76	0.0576	0.11	3.940	0.311
	LTE Band 4_Ant 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 3	0mm	20175	1732.5	21.77	23.00	1.327	5.76	0.0576	-0.15	3.830	0.293
	LTE Band 4_Ant 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 3	0mm	20175	1732.5	20.63	22.00	1.371	5.76	0.0576	-0.17	3.060	0.242
	LTE Band 4_Ant 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	0mm	20175	1732.5	21.77	23.00	1.327	5.76	0.0576	0.06	1.160	0.089
	LTE Band 4_Ant 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Edge 4	0mm	20175	1732.5	20.63	22.00	1.371	5.76	0.0576	0.01	0.937	0.074

## 13.2 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Transmission Cycle %	Transmission Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA II_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.24	23.00	1.191	11.7	0.117	-0.09	9.310		1.298
2nd	WCDMA II_Ant 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.24	23.00	1.191	11.7	0.117	-0.14	9.300	1.00	1.296

### General Note:

- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$ .
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is  $\leq 1.2$  and the measured SAR  $< 1.45\text{W/kg}$ , only one repeated measurement is required.
- The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
- All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

# **14. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis**

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Tablet
		Body
1.	WWAN Ant 1 + Bluetooth	Yes
2.	WWAN Ant 2 + Bluetooth	Yes
3.	WWAN Ant 1 + WWAN Ant 2	No
4.	WWAN Ant 1 + WLAN	No
5.	WWAN Ant 2 + WLAN	No
6.	WLAN + Bluetooth	No
7.	WWAN Ant 1 + WWAN Ant 2 + WLAN	No
8.	WWAN Ant 1 + WWAN Ant 2 + Bluetooth	No

**General Note:**

- The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$ , and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$ , where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - If  $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
  - $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x] \text{ W/kg}$  for test separation distances  $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$ ; where  $x = 7.5$  for 1-g SAR, and  $x = 18.75$  for 10-g SAR.
  - When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
  - 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.
  - Bluetooth estimated SAR is conservatively determined by 5mm separation, for all applicable exposure positions.

Bluetooth Max Power	Bluetooth Max. Power adjusted to the theory duty factor	Exposure Position	All Positions
8dBm	7.2 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.220 W/kg

**Note :** According to UBTDF analysis exhibit, the BT estimated SAR is consideration the Max. Power adjusted to the theory duty factor "83.3%" for simultaneous transmission analysis.

**14.1 Body Exposure Conditions**

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	
WCDMA	WCDMA II_Ant 1	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.093	0.220	<b>1.313</b>
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.268	0.220	<b>0.488</b>
		Edge 3 at 0mm	1.298	0.220	<b>1.518</b>
	WCDMA II_Ant 2	Bottom Face at 0mm	0.685	0.220	<b>0.905</b>
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.715	0.220	<b>0.935</b>
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.261	0.220	<b>0.481</b>
	WCDMA V_Ant 1	Bottom Face at 0mm	0.199	0.220	<b>0.419</b>
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.051	0.220	<b>0.271</b>
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.154	0.220	<b>0.374</b>
	WCDMA V_Ant 2	Bottom Face at 0mm	0.104	0.220	<b>0.324</b>
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.093	0.220	<b>0.313</b>
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.056	0.220	<b>0.276</b>
LTE	LTE Band 2_Ant 1	Bottom Face at 0mm	0.436	0.220	<b>0.656</b>
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.009	0.220	<b>0.229</b>
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.656	0.220	<b>0.876</b>
	LTE Band 2_Ant 2	Bottom Face at 0mm	0.368	0.220	<b>0.588</b>
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.293	0.220	<b>0.513</b>
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.130	0.220	<b>0.350</b>
	LTE Band 4_Ant 1	Bottom Face at 0mm	0.565	0.220	<b>0.785</b>
		Edge 2 at 0mm	0.114	0.220	<b>0.334</b>
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.660	0.220	<b>0.880</b>
	LTE Band 4_Ant 2	Bottom Face at 0mm	0.368	0.220	<b>0.588</b>
		Edge 3 at 0mm	0.293	0.220	<b>0.513</b>
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.089	0.220	<b>0.309</b>

**Test Engineer :** White Huang, Ray Sun and Andy Chiang

## **15. Uncertainty Assessment**

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq 30\%$ , for a confidence interval of  $k = 2$ . If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

## **16. References**

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.