

Specification:

Design by integrated digital chips and unique identification code.

Frequency Range: 570MHz-588.75MHz □ Channel: 16 Frequencies

Channel Spacing: 0.5-2.5MHz Adjustment: FM

Frequency Stability: ±3PPM

Frequency Response: 40Hz-20KHz

Range: 50-80M

Voltage: 3.7V, 800mA lithium battery,working 6-8hours.

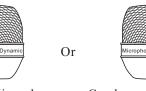


XLR to 6.35 plug for receiver XLR to 6.35 plug for (Standard configuration)

transmitter (Option)

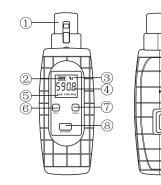
It could be used in the speaker, mixer, amplifier and guitar ect sound equipments if use the conversion plug as above.

Option



Dynamic Microphone Condenser Microphone

[Microphone Transmitter User Manual]



① XLR Adapter

⑤ Channel

There are 16 frequencies.

7 Volume Button/ Voltage Adjustment

② Power Display

③ Signal of the Transmitter 4 Frequency

© Channel

© 6 Frequency Adjustment:

charging. The light is off when charging is completed.

A. Press the button to turn your volume up or down. There are 5 volume levels in total.

B.Press the button and continue to hold it for 3 seconds to switch the voltage to 0V,5V or 48V(ie.Press and hold it for 3s, u could switch it from 0V to 5V, then release the button, press and hold it for 3s again to 48V)

0V: It is used for Dynamic Microphones;

5V: It is used for regular Condenser Microphones or Audio Recording Microphones;

48V: It is used for phantom 48V capacity Condenser Microphones. C.The factory setting for voltage is 0V.

 Power: Press the button to turn it on, long press the button to turn it off. Press the button it shows the voltage at the on state.

1 Light indicator for Charging Power: The light is on when it is

[How to use Identification Code?]

This product has unique identification code. If the frequency is interrupted for whatever reason, you could connect the microphone transmitter and receiver by using the identification code. How to use Identification Code to Connect?

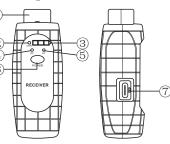
1. Turn off the Receiver and the Transmitter.

2.Press and Hold the "CH" button and power button of the

Transmitter at the same time until the monitor is flashing. 3. Turn on the Receiver, and press the CH button of the Transmitter to

confirm the signal connection. And then the RF light of the Receiver will be flash for 3 times and on. This means the ID code connection is successful and you can resume using the microphone normally.

[Microphone Receiver User Manual]



① XLR Adapter

② Light Indicator for Power: The light is on when it is charging. The light is off when charging is completed.

3 Battery: If all 3 lights are on, it means it is fully charged and the

right one should show a green light. If only the left and middle lights are on, there is 50%-70% battery life remains. If only the left light is on, there is 20%-40% battery life remains.

If the light is flashing, the battery is low and only 10% battery life is left. You have to charge the battery.

④ RF Light Indicator (Red): The Receiver receives the signal from the Transmitter.

⑤ AF Light Indicator (Green): The Receiver recognizes there is a voice/sound input

6 Power: Press the button to turn it on. Press and hold the button to turn it off.

7 Power Charging: Port to charge power.

FCC Requirement

changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user' s authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

RF warning for Portable device:

- The device has been evaluated to meet general RF exposure requirement. The device can be used in portable exposure condition without restriction.
- According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.