



# **T3-3S Module Datasheet**

Version: 20240819

Online Version

## Contents

<b>1. Overview .....</b>	<b>2</b>
1.1. Features .....	2
1.2. Scope of applications .....	2
<b>2. Module interfaces .....</b>	<b>4</b>
2.1. Dimensions and footprint .....	4
2.2. Pin definition .....	4
<b>3. Electrical parameters .....</b>	<b>7</b>
3.1. Absolute electrical parameters .....	7
3.2. Normal operating conditions .....	7
3.3. Radio frequency (RF) power .....	8
3.4. Operating current .....	8
<b>4. RF parameters .....</b>	<b>11</b>
4.1. Basic RF features .....	11
4.2. Wi-Fi transmitter (TX) performance .....	11
4.3. Wi-Fi receiver (RX) performance .....	12
4.4. Bluetooth transmitter (TX) performance .....	13
4.5. Bluetooth receiver (RX) performance .....	14
<b>5. Antenna information .....</b>	<b>15</b>
5.1. Antenna type .....	15
5.2. Antenna interference reduction .....	15
<b>6. Packing and production instructions .....</b>	<b>16</b>
6.1. Mechanical dimensions .....	16
6.2. Production instructions .....	19
6.3. Recommended oven temperature curve .....	21
6.4. Storage conditions .....	23
<b>7. MOQ and packaging information .....</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>8. Appendix: Statement .....</b>	<b>26</b>

T3-3S module is a Wi-Fi 6 and Bluetooth Low Energy (LE) combo module developed by Tuya Smart. It is composed of a highly integrated radio-frequency identification (RFID) chip T3 and a few peripheral components. It can run in the station (STA) mode and access point (AP) mode.

## 1. Overview

T3-3S has a built-in 32-bit MCU with a maximum running speed of 320 MHz, built-in 4 MB flash memory, and 640 KB SRAM. Various peripherals are available to support cloud connectivity, such as PWM, UART, and SPI. Up to five channels of 32-bit PWM output make the chip ideal for high-quality LED control.

### 1.1. Features

- Built-in low-power 32-bit CPU that also acts as an application processor.
- Clock rate of 320 MHz.
- Operating voltage range: 2.0V to 3.6V.
- Peripherals: 5 PWM pins, 3 UARTs, and 1 SPI
- Wi-Fi connectivity
- IEEE 802.11b/g/n/ax.
- Channels 1 to 14 at 2.4 GHz.
- Support WEP, WPA/WPA2, WPA/WPA2 PSK (AES), and WPA3 security modes.
- The maximum output power is +17 dBm for IEEE 802.11b transmission.
- Support STA, AP, STA + AP combo, and direct working modes.
- Two pairing modes are supported, namely Bluetooth and access point (AP) mode. Both modes are suitable for pairing with Android and iOS mobile phones.
- The onboard PCB antenna has a peak gain of 2.02 dBi.
- Operating temperature range:  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- Bluetooth connectivity
- Bluetooth Core Specification v5.4.
- The transmitter power in Bluetooth mode is 6 dBm.
- Integral Wi-Fi and Bluetooth coexistence interface.
- The onboard PCB antenna has a peak gain of 2.02 dBi.

### 1.2. Scope of applications

- Smart building
- Smart home and electrical appliance
- Smart socket and light

- Industrial wireless control
- Baby monitor
- IP camera
- Smart bus

## 2. Module interfaces

### 2.1. Dimensions and footprint

The T3-3S dimensions are  $16\pm0.35$  mm (W)  $\times$   $24\pm0.35$  mm (L)  $\times$   $2.8\pm0.15$  mm (H).

### 2.2. Pin definition

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O type	Description
1	NC	/	Not connected, in order to be compatible with other modules.
2	ADC	I	ADC pin, corresponding to Pin 12 on the IC.

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O type	Description
3	CEN	I	Low-level reset pin, corresponding to Pin 26 on the IC. The module has been pulled up.
4	P48	I/O	GPIO pin, corresponding to Pin 10 on the IC.
5	P24	I/O	Support hardware PWM, corresponding to Pin 11 on the IC.
6	P32	I/O	Support hardware PWM, corresponding to Pin 14 on the IC.
7	P34	I/O	Support hardware PWM, corresponding to Pin 15 on the IC.
8	VBAT	P	3.3V power pin.
9	GND	P	Ground pin.
10	P19	I/O	GPIO pin, corresponding to Pin 38 on the IC.
11	TX1	I/O	UART_TX1 to print logs, corresponding to P0 (Pin 18) on the IC.

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O type	Description
12	RX1	I/O	UART_RX1 , corresponding to P1 (Pin 17) on the IC.
13	P36	I/O	Support hardware PWM, corresponding to Pin 16 on the IC.
14	P18	I/O	Support hardware PWM, corresponding to Pin 37 on the IC.
15	RX0	I/O	UART_RX0 to receive user data, corresponding to P10 (Pin 20) on the IC.
16	TX0	I/O	UART_TX0 to send user data, corresponding to P11 (Pin 19) on the IC.

**i**

P indicates the power pin, I/O indicates the input and output pin, and I indicates the input pin.



## 3. Electrical parameters

### 3.1. Absolute electrical parameters

Parameter	Description	Minimum value	Maximum value	Unit
T <sub>s</sub>	Storage temperature	−55	125	°C
V <sub>BAT</sub>	Supply voltage	−0.3	3.9	V
Electrostatic discharge voltage (human body model)	T <sub>AMB</sub> −25°C	−4	4	kV
Electrostatic discharge voltage (machine model)	T <sub>AMB</sub> −25°C	−200	200	V

### 3.2. Normal operating conditions

Parameter	Description	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
T <sub>a</sub>	Operating temperature	−40	-	85	°C
V <sub>BAT</sub>	Supply voltage	2.0	3.3	3.6	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	I/O low-level output	V <sub>SS</sub>	-	V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.3	V

Parameter	Description	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
VOH	I/O high-level output	V <sub>BAT</sub> – 0.3	-	V <sub>BAT</sub>	V
I <sub>max</sub>	I/O drive current	-	6	20	mA

### 3.3. Radio frequency (RF) power

Operating status	Mode	Rate	Transmit/Receive power	Average value	Peak (Typical) value	Unit
Transmit	802.11b	11 Mbit/s	+17 dBm	230	241	mA
Transmit	802.11g	54 Mbit/s	+15 dBm	200	230	mA
Transmit	802.11n	HT20 MCS7	+14 dBm	190	220	mA
Transmit	802.11ax	HE20 MCS7	+14 dBm	190	214	mA
Receive	802.11b	11 Mbit/s	Continuous reception	14	15	mA
Receive	802.11g	54 Mbit/s	Continuous reception	14	15	mA
Receive	802.11n	HT20 MCS7	Continuous reception	14	15	mA
Receive	802.11ax	HE20 MCS7	Continuous reception	14	15	mA

### 3.4. Operating current

The working mode. Valid values:	Status (T <sub>a</sub> = 25°C)	Average value	Max (Typical) value	Unit
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The working mode. Valid values:	Status (Ta = 25°C)	Average value	Max (Typical) value	Unit
Quick pairing (Bluetooth)	The module is in EZ mode.	77	370	mA
	The network status indicator blinks quickly.			
Quick pairing (AP)	The module is in AP mode.	105	380	mA
	The network status indicator blinks slowly.			
Connected	The module is connected to the cloud. The network status indicator is steady on.	48	300	mA
	The connection between the module and the hotspot is intermittent. The network status indicator is steady on.			
Weakly connected	The connection between the module and the hotspot is intermittent. The network status indicator is steady on.	140	380	mA
	The network status indicator is steady on.			

The working mode. Valid values:	Status (Ta = 25°C)	Average value	Max (Typical) value	Unit
Disconnected	The module is disconnected from the cloud. The network status indicator is steady off.	43	370	mA
Module disabled	The module's clock enable (CEN) pin is pulled down.	330	-	μA

## 4. RF parameters

### 4.1. Basic RF features

Parameter	Description
Operating frequency	2.412 to 2.484 GHz
Wi-Fi standard	IEEE 802.11b/g/n/ax (channels 1-14) <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• IEEE 802.11b: 1, 2, 5.5, and 11 Mbit/s</li><li>• IEEE 802.11g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, and 54 Mbit/s</li><li>• IEEE 802.11n: HT20 MCS0-7</li><li>• IEEE 802.11n: HT40 MCS0-7</li><li>• IEEE 802.11ax: HE20 MCS0-9</li><li>• IEEE 802.11ax: HE40 MCS0-9</li></ul>
Data transmission rate	
Antenna type	PCB antenna

### 4.2. Wi-Fi transmitter (TX) performance

Parameter	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
RF average output power, 802.11b CCK mode, 11 Mbit/s	15	17	19	dBm
RF average output power, 802.11g OFDM mode, 54 Mbit/s	13	15	17	dBm

Parameter	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
RF average output power, 802.11n OFDM mode, MCS7 (HT20)	12	14	16	dBm
RF average output power, 802.11n OFDM mode, MCS7 (HT40)	11	13	15	dBm
RF average output power, 802.11ax OFDMA mode, MCS7 (HE20)	12	14	16	dBm
RF average output power, 802.11ax OFDMA mode, MCS7 (HE40)	11	13	15	dBm
Frequency error	-20	-	20	ppm

### 4.3. Wi-Fi receiver (RX) performance

Parameter	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
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Parameter	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
PER < 8%, RX sensitivity, 802.11b DSSS mode, 11 Mbit/s	-	-89	-	dBm
PER < 10%, RX sensitivity, 802.11g OFDM mode, 54 Mbit/s	-	-76	-	dBm
PER < 10%, RX sensitivity, 802.11n OFDM mode, MCS7 (HT20)	-	-74	-	dBm
PER < 10%, RX sensitivity, Bluetooth, 1 Mbit/s	-	-96	-	dBm

#### 4.4. Bluetooth transmitter (TX) performance

Parameter	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
Operating frequency	2402	-	2480	MHz
Transmission rate over the air	-	1	-	Mbit/s
Transmission power	-20	6	20	dBm

Parameter	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
Frequency error	-150	-	150	KHz

#### 4.5. Bluetooth receiver (RX) performance

Parameter	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit
RX sensitivity	-	-96	-	dBm
Max RF signal input	-10	-	-	dBm
Intermodulation	-	-	-23	dBm
Adjacent-channel rejection ratio	-	10	-	dB



## 5. Antenna information

### 5.1. Antenna type

The T3-3S module uses an onboard PCB antenna.

### 5.2. Antenna interference reduction

When a PCB antenna is used on a Wi-Fi module, we recommend that the module antenna is at least 15 mm away from other metal components. This can optimize the Wi-Fi performance.

Make sure that the enclosure surrounding the antenna is not traced or filled with copper. Otherwise, the RF performance might be degraded.

## 6. Packing and production instructions

### 6.1. Mechanical dimensions

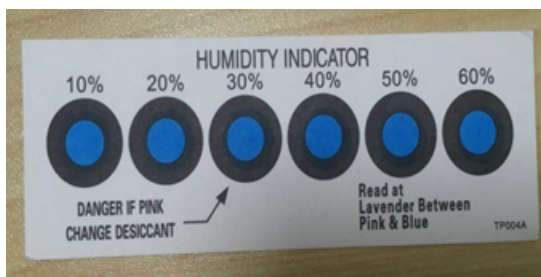
Dimensions of the T3-3S PCB are  $16\pm0.35$  mm (W)  $\times$   $24\pm0.35$  mm (L)  $\times$   $0.8\pm0.1$  mm (H).

## **6.2. Production instructions**

1. For the modules that can be packaged with the surface-mount technology (SMT) or in in-line form, you can select either of them according to the PCB design solutions of customers. If a PCB is designed to be SMT-packaged, package the module with the SMT. If a PCB is designed to use an in-line package, use wave soldering. Complete soldering within 24 hours after the

module is unpacked. Otherwise, we recommend that you place the module in a drying cupboard with a relative humidity level below 10%, or pack the module in vacuum again. Then, record the packing time and duration of exposure. The total exposure time cannot exceed 168 hours.

- Instruments or devices required for the SMT process:
  - Surface mount system
  - SPI
  - Reflow soldering machine
  - Thermal profiler
  - AOI
  - Instruments or devices required for the wave soldering process:
  - Wave soldering equipment
  - Wave soldering fixture
  - Constant-temperature soldering iron
  - Tin bar, tin wire, and flux
  - Thermal profiler
  - Instruments or devices required for the baking process:
  - Cabinet oven
  - Electro-static discharge (ESD) protection and heat-resistant trays
  - ESD protection and heat-resistant gloves
2. A delivered module must meet the following storage requirements:
- The moisture-proof bag must be placed in an environment where the temperature is below 40°C and the relative humidity is lower than 90%.
  - The shelf life of a dry-packaged product is 12 months from the date when the product is packaged and sealed.
  - A humidity indicator card (HIC) is put in the sealed package.



3. The module needs to be baked in the following cases:

- The vacuum packaging bag is damaged before unpacking.
  - After unpacking, no HIC is found in the packaging bag.
  - After unpacking, the HIC indicates a humidity level of 10% or higher. In this case, the circle turns pink on the HIC.
  - The total exposure time has lasted for over 168 hours since unpacking.
  - More than 12 months have passed since the first sealing of the bag.
4. The baking parameter settings are described below:
- Baking temperature: 40°C for reel packaging with relative humidity  $\leq 5\%$ . And 125°C for tray packaging with relative humidity  $\leq 5\%$  (use the heat-resistant tray, rather than plastic containers).
  - Baking time: 168 hours for reel packaging and 12 hours for tray packaging.
  - Temperature for triggering an alert: 50°C for reel packaging and 135°C for tray packaging.
  - Production can begin after a module has cooled down to below 36°C under natural conditions.
  - If a module remains unused for over 168 hours after being baked, it needs to be baked again.
  - If a batch of modules is not baked after exposure for more than 168 hours, do not use reflow soldering or wave soldering to solder them. Because these modules are level-3 moisture-sensitive devices, they are very likely to get damp when exposed beyond the allowable time. In this case, if they are soldered at high temperatures, device failure or poor soldering performance might occur.
5. In the whole production process, take electrostatic discharge (ESD) protective measures.
6. To guarantee the pass rate, we recommend that you use the SPI and AOI to monitor the quality of solder paste printing and mounting.

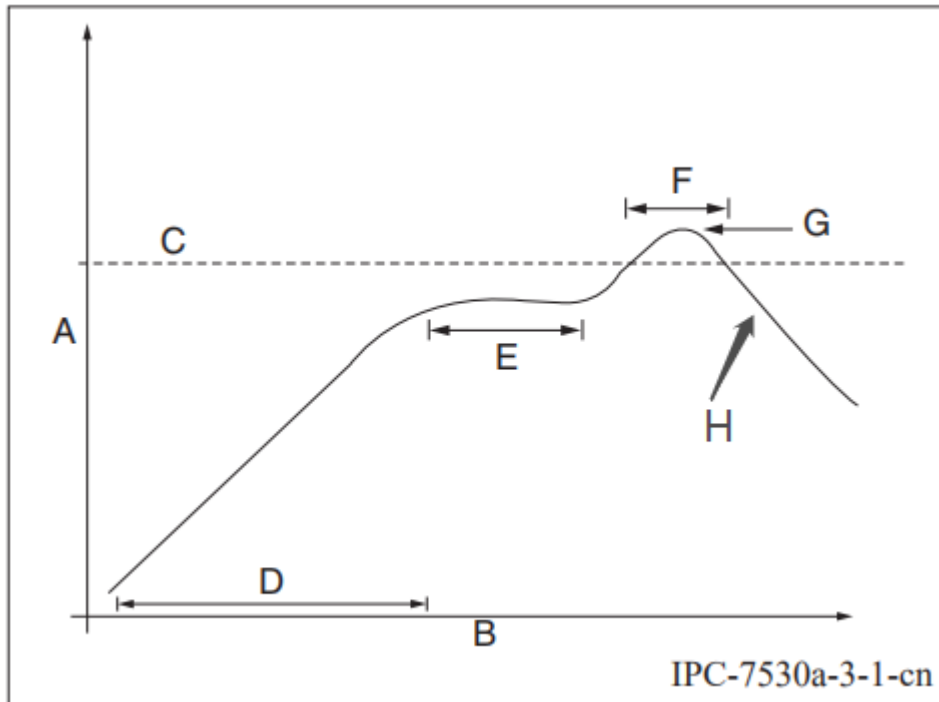
### **6.3. Recommended oven temperature curve**

Select a proper soldering technique according to the process. For more information, refer to the recommended oven temperature curve of either reflow soldering or wave soldering. The set temperatures might deviate from the actual

temperature measurements. All temperatures shown in this module datasheet are obtained through actual measurements.

### Technique 1: SMT process (recommended oven temperature curve of reflow soldering)

Set the oven temperatures according to the following curve.



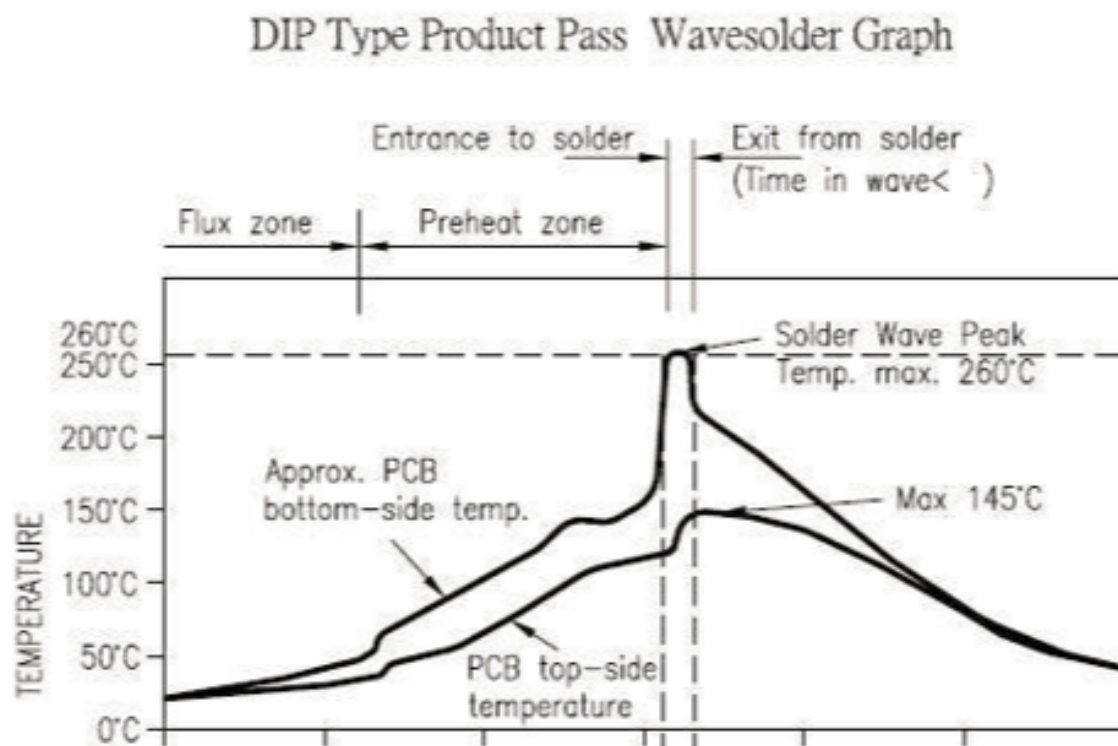
- A: temperature axis
- B: time axis
- C: alloy liquidus temperature from 217°C to 220°C
- D: ramp-up slope from 1°C/s to 3°C/s
- E: keep a constant temperature from 150°C to 200°C for a time period of 60s to 120s
- F: temperature above liquidus temperature for 50s to 70s
- G: peak temperature from 235°C to 245°C
- H: ramp-down slope from 1°C/s to 4°C/s



The curve above is based on solder paste SAC305. For more information about other solder pastes, see the recommended oven temperature curve in the specified solder paste specifications.

## Technique 2: Wave soldering process (oven temperature curve of wave soldering)

Set the oven temperatures according to the following temperature curve of wave soldering. The peak temperature is  $260^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ .




### Suggestions on wave soldering

### Suggestions on manual repair soldering

Preheat temperature	80°C to 130°C	Soldering temperature	360°C $\pm$ 20°C
Preheat duration	75s to 100s	Soldering duration	Less than 3s/point
Contact duration at the peak	3s to 5s	N/A	N/A
Solder tank temperature	260°C $\pm$ 5°C	N/A	N/A
Ramp-up slope	$\leq 2^{\circ}\text{C/s}$	N/A	N/A
Ramp-down slope	$\leq 6^{\circ}\text{C/s}$	N/A	N/A

## 6.4. Storage conditions

	<h2 style="margin: 0;">Caution</h2> <p style="margin: 0;">This bag contains <b>MOISTURE-SENSITIVE DEVICES</b></p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"><b>LEVEL</b> <b>3</b></div> <p style="font-size: small; margin-top: 5px;">If blank, see adjacent bar code label</p>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Calculated shelf life in sealed bag: 12 months at &lt;40°C and &lt;90% relative humidity (RH)</li><li>2. Peak package body temperature: <span style="float: right;"><b>260</b></span> °C <span style="font-size: x-small; display: block; text-align: right;">If blank, see adjacent bar code label</span></li><li>3. After bag is opened, devices that will be subjected to reflow solder or other high temperature process must be<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Mounted within: <span style="float: right;"><b>168</b></span> hours of factory conditions <span style="font-size: x-small; display: block; text-align: right;">If blank, see adjacent bar code label</span> ≤30°C/60% RH, or</li><li>b) Stored per J-STD-033</li></ol></li><li>4. Devices require bake, before mounting, if:<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Humidity Indicator Card reads &gt;10% for level 2a - 5a devices or &gt;60% for level 2 devices when read at 23 ± 5°C</li><li>b) 3a or 3b are not met</li></ol></li><li>5. If baking is required, refer to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033 for bake procedure</li></ol> <div style="margin-top: 10px;"><div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"><div>Bag Seal Date: _____</div><div style="text-align: center;"><b>See Production Date</b> <small>For details, see Date.</small></div></div><div style="text-align: center; font-size: x-small; margin-top: 5px;">If blank, see adjacent bar code label</div></div>		
<b>Note: Level and body temperature defined by IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020</b>		



## 7. MOQ and packaging information

Product model	MOQ (pcs)	Shipping packaging	Modules per reel	Reels per carton
T3-3S	4,400	Tape and reel	1,100	4

## 8. Appendix: Statement

**FCC Caution:** Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this device. The module is limited to installation in mobile or fixed applications.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

**Note:** This device has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, according to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This device generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used following the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this device does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the device off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the device and receiver.
- Connect the device to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### **Radiation Exposure Statement**

This device complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled rolled environment. This device should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20cm between the radiator and your body.

### **Important Note**

This radio module must not be installed to co-locate and operate simultaneously with other radios in the host system except by following FCC multi-transmitter

product procedures. Additional testing and device authorization may be required to operate simultaneously with other radios.

The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country dependent and are firmware programmed at the factory to match the intended destination. The firmware setting is not accessible to the end-user.

The host product manufacturer is responsible for compliance with any other FCC rules that apply to the host not covered by the modular transmitter grant of certification. The final host product still requires Part 15 Subpart B compliance testing with the modular transmitter installed. The separate approval is required for all other operating configurations including portable configurations with respect to Part 2.1093 and different antenna configurations.

The end-user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warnings as shown in this manual, including “This product must be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 cm between the radiator and user body”. The OEM integrator is responsible for ensuring that the end-user has no manual instructions to remove or install the module.

This device has got an FCC ID: 2ANDL-T3-3S. The end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following: “Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID: 2ANDL-T3-3S”.

This device is intended only for OEM integrators under the following conditions: The antenna must be installed such that 20cm is maintained between the antenna and users, and the transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna.

As long as the 2 conditions above are met, further transmitter tests will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed.

#### **Declaration of Conformity European Notice**



Hereby, Hangzhou Tuya Information Technology Co., Ltd declares that this module product is in compliance with essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 2014/53/EU, 2011/65/EU. A copy of the Declaration of Conformity can be found at <https://www.tuya.com>.



This product must not be disposed of as normal household waste, in accordance with the EU directive for waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE-2012/19/EU). Instead, it should be disposed of by returning it to the point of sale, or to a municipal recycling collection point.

The device could be used with a separation distance of 20cm from the human body.