

APPENDIX B - SAR PLOTS

Test Plot 1#: LTE Band 2 1RB Mid Face Up

DUT: Network Digital Trunking Radio; Type: AT-600; Serial: 2XXF-1

Communication System: Generic FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.437$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.389$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3220; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/10/15
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2025/2/17
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.777 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

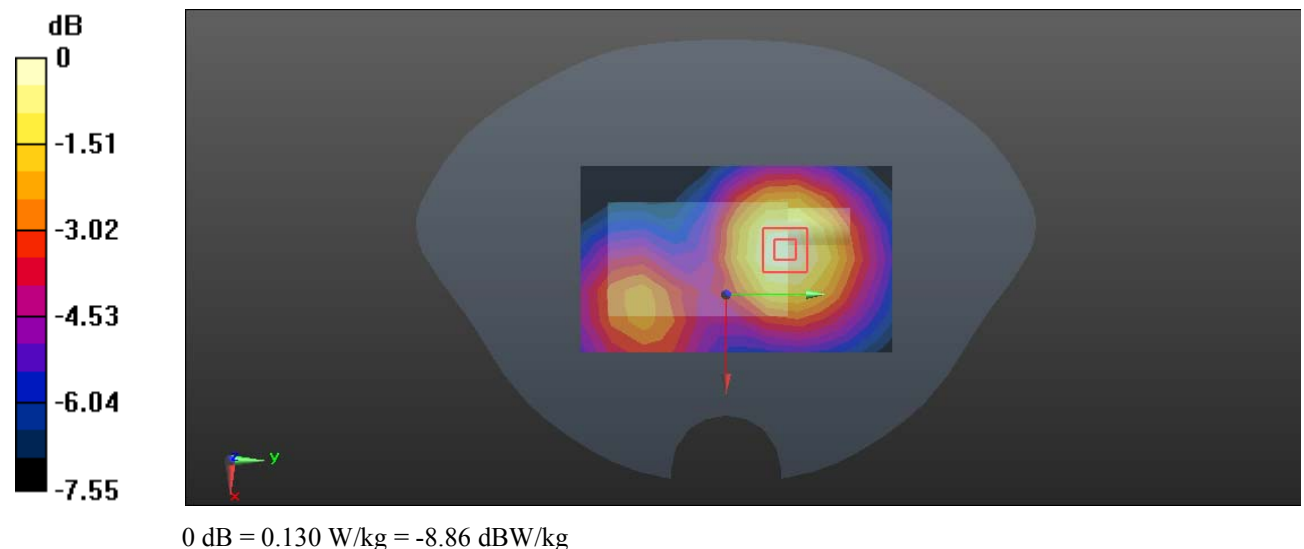
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.156 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.115 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.084 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 16 mm)

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 74.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 W/kg



Test Plot 2#: LTE Band 2 1RB Mid Body Back With Belt Clip**DUT: Network Digital Trunking Radio; Type: AT-600; Serial: 2XXF-1**

Communication System: Generic FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.437$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.389$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3220; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/10/15
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2025/2/17
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.192 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.942 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

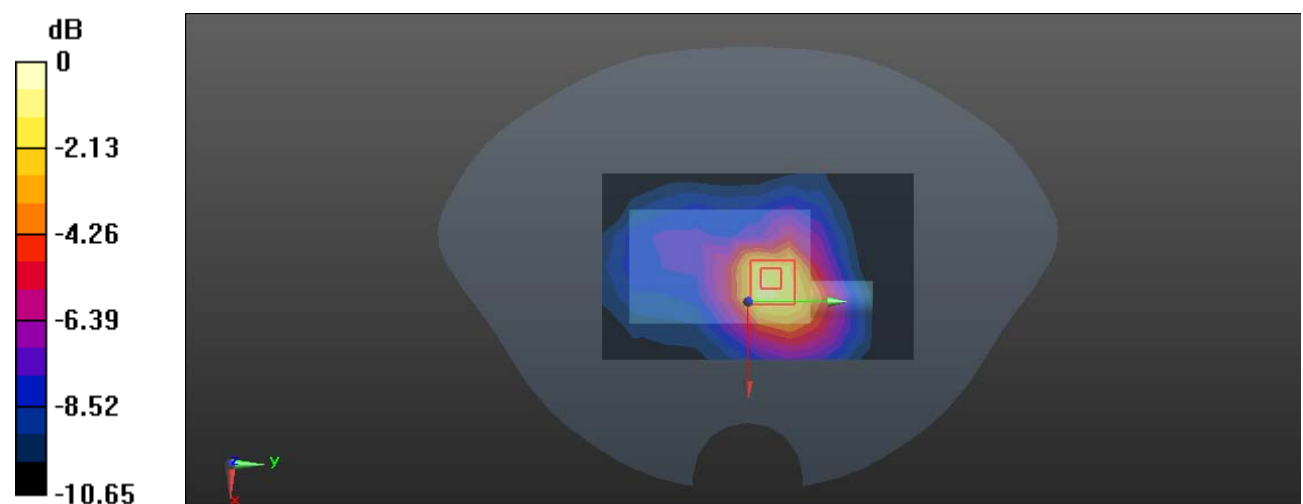
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.339 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.217 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.130 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.3 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.260 W/kg



0 dB = 0.260 W/kg = -5.85 dBW/kg

Test Plot 3#: LTE Band 5 1RB Mid Face Up**DUT: Network Digital Trunking Radio; Type: AT-600; Serial: 2XXF-1**

Communication System: Generic FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.931$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.903$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3220; ConvF(6.68, 6.68, 6.68) @ 836.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/10/15
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2025/2/17
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.121 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

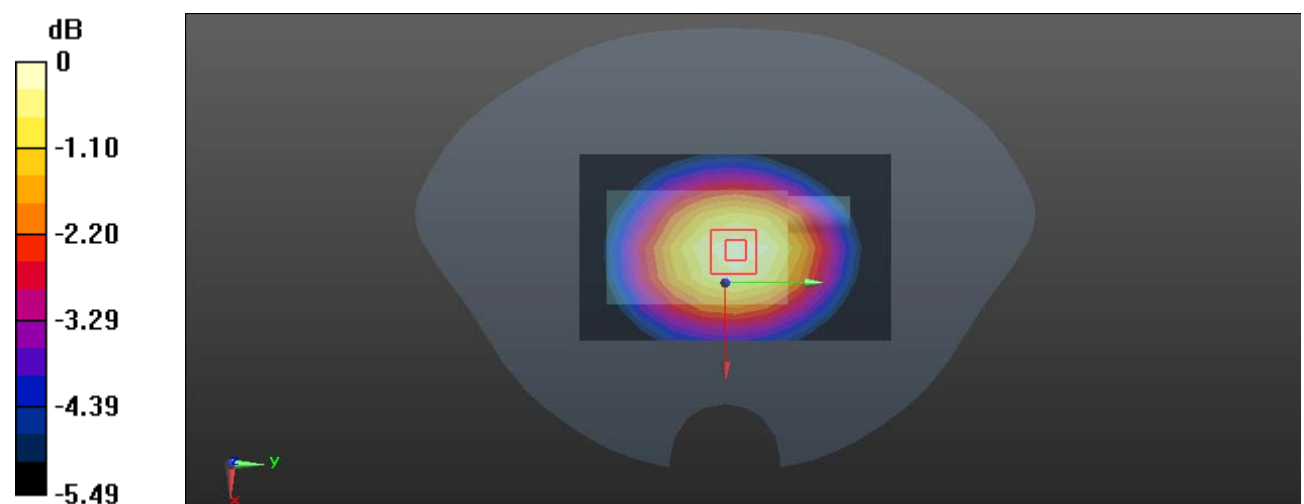
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.136 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.113 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 16 mm)

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 82.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.122 W/kg



0 dB = 0.122 W/kg = -9.14 dBW/kg

Test Plot 4#: LTE Band 5 1RB Mid Body Back With Belt Clip**DUT: Network Digital Trunking Radio; Type: AT-600; Serial: 2XXF-1**

Communication System: Generic FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.931$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.903$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3220; ConvF(6.68, 6.68, 6.68) @ 836.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/10/15
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2025/2/17
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.194 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

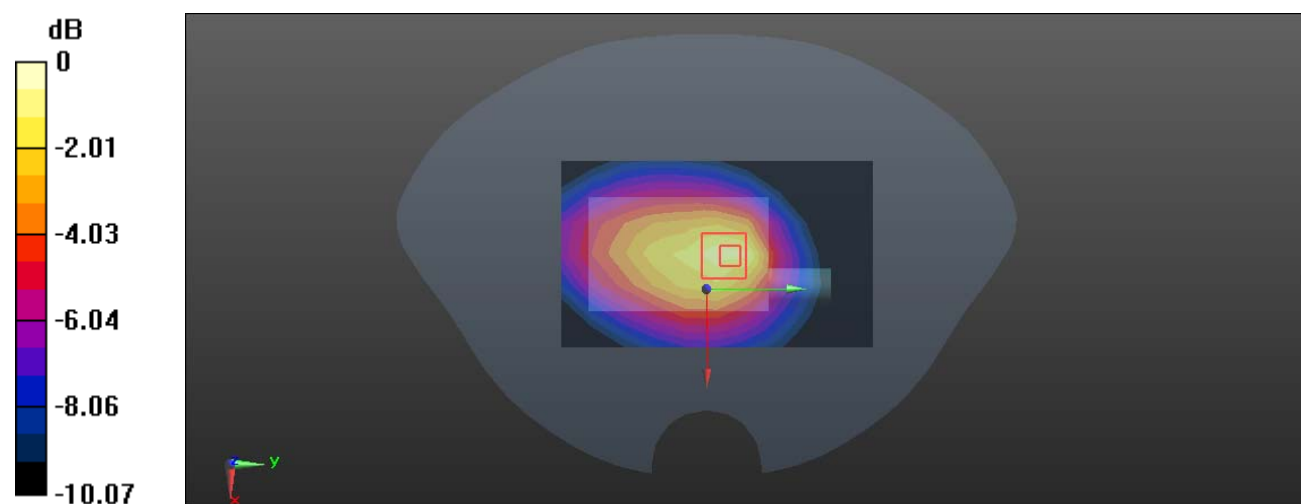
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.313 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.190 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 13.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 61.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.235 W/kg



0 dB = 0.235 W/kg = -6.29 dBW/kg

Test Plot 5#: LTE Band 7 1RB Mid Face Up**DUT: Network Digital Trunking Radio; Type: AT-600; Serial: 2XXF-1**

Communication System: Generic FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.953$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.14$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3220; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83) @ 2535 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/10/15
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2025/2/17
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.201 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.558 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

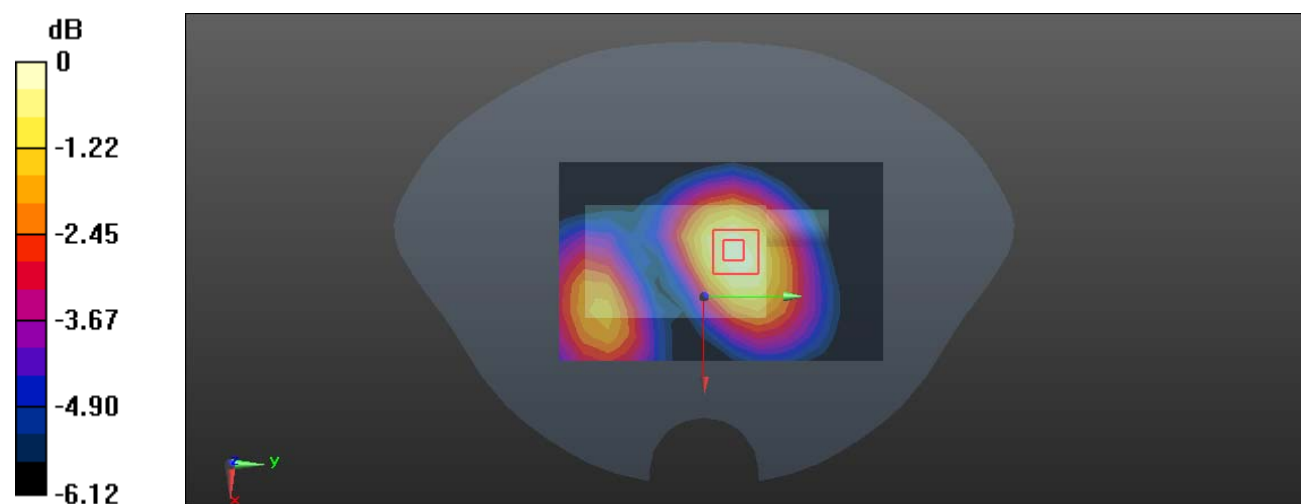
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.267 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.177 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 15 mm)

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.204 W/kg



0 dB = 0.204 W/kg = -6.90 dBW/kg

Test Plot 6#: LTE Band 7 1RB Mid Body Back With Belt Clip**DUT: Network Digital Trunking Radio; Type: AT-600; Serial: 2XXF-1**

Communication System: Generic FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.953$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.14$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3220; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83) @ 2535 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/10/15
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2025/2/17
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.539 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

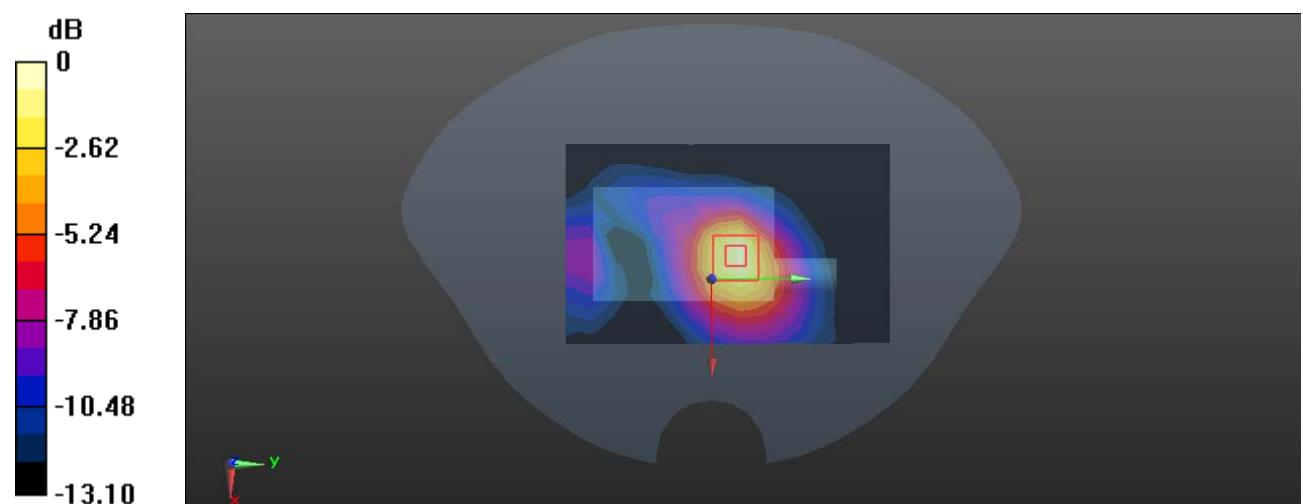
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.941 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.482 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.255 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 11.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 53.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.618 W/kg



0 dB = 0.618 W/kg = -2.09 dBW/kg

Test Plot 7#: LTE Band 66 1RB Mid Face Up**DUT: Network Digital Trunking Radio; Type: AT-600; Serial: 2XXF-1**

Communication System: Generic FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.365$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.376$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3220; ConvF(5.53, 5.53, 5.53) @ 1745 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/10/15
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2025/2/17
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.154 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.260 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

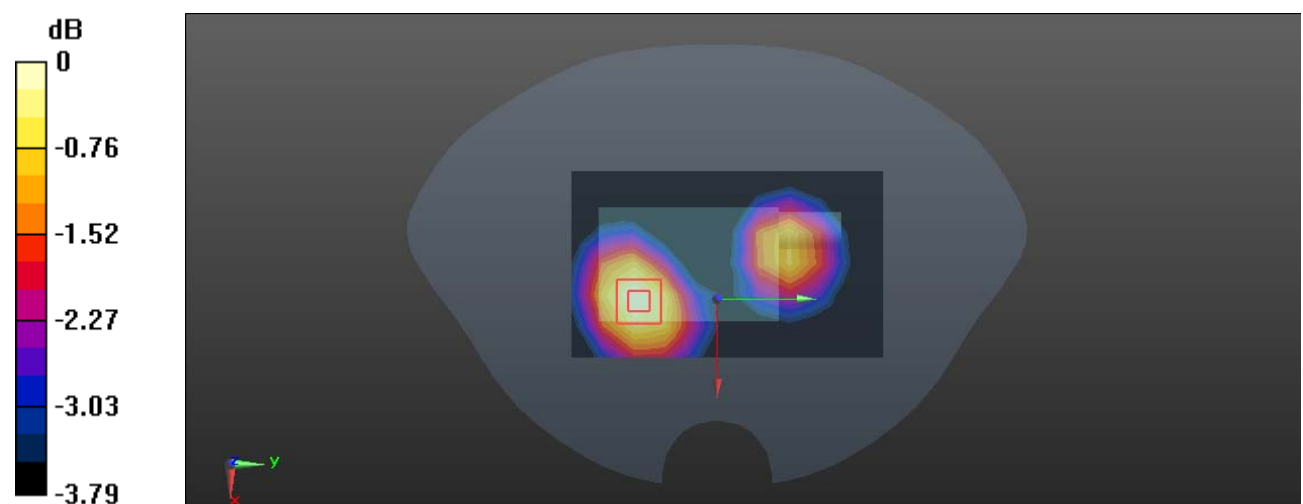
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.179 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.135 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 16 mm)

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 76%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.150 W/kg



0 dB = 0.150 W/kg = -8.24 dBW/kg

Test Plot 8#: LTE Band 66 1RB Mid Body Back With Belt Clip**DUT: Network Digital Trunking Radio; Type: AT-600; Serial: 2XXF-1**

Communication System: Generic FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.365$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.376$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3220; ConvF(5.53, 5.53, 5.53) @ 1745 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/10/15
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2025/2/17
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.333 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

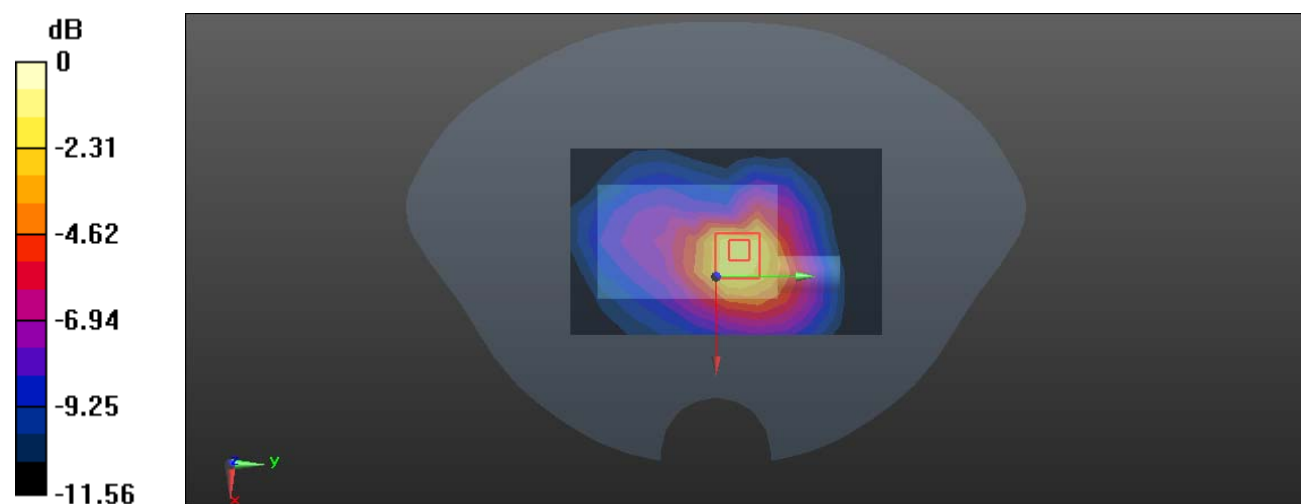
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.647 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.391 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.227 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.3 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.480 W/kg



0 dB = 0.480 W/kg = -3.19 dBW/kg