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According to KDB 447498 section 4.3.1, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds at test separation distance \leq 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] * [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$

The tune-up power is 8 dBm +/- 1.5dB, therefore the highest tune-up power is 9.5 dBm (8.91 mW) @ 2462 MHz

When the minimum *test separation distance* is $<$ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

So,

$$(9\text{mW} / 5\text{mm}) * (2.462\text{GHz}^{0.5}) = 2.8$$

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] * [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] = 2.8 < 3.0$$

Therefore, standalone SAR measurements are not required for both head and body.