

Maximum Permissible Exposure

Applicable Standard

According to §1.1307(b)(5), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

Remark: 1) For WIFI: The target output power is 14.16dBm (26.06mW) at 2462MHz, 1.5dBi antenna gain(with 1.41 numeric antenna gain.)

For BT4.0: The target output power is -7.38dBm (0.18mW) at 2402MHz, 1.5dBi antenna gain(with 1.41 numeric antenna gain.)

2) For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The minimum separation generally be used is at least 20cm, even if the calculation indicate that the MPE distance would be lesser.

Calculation

Given $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$ & $S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$

Where E = Field Strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts / square centimeter

For WIFI:

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output power=26.06mW

Numeric Antenna gain=1.41

Substituting the MPE safe distance using $d=20\text{cm}$ into above equation.

Yields:

$$S = 0.000199 * P * G$$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

S = Power density in mW/cm^2

Power density = $0.0073 \text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$

For BT4.0:

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output power=0.18mW

Numeric Antenna gain=1.41

Substituting the MPE safe distance using $d=20\text{cm}$ into above equation.

Yields:

$$S = 0.000199 * P * G$$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

$S = \text{Power density in mW/cm}^2$

Power density = 0.00005 mW/cm²

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)