# **SAR Test Report**

Report No.: AGC09907170401FH01

FCC ID : 2ALTE-SC706

**APPLICATION PURPOSE**: Original Equipment

**PRODUCT DESIGNATION**: MID

**BRAND NAME** : N/A

**MODEL NAME** : SC706

**CLIENT**: Shenzhen Plum Communications Equipment Co Ltd

**DATE OF ISSUE**: Apr. 25,2017

IEEE Std. 1528:2013

**STANDARD(S)** : FCC 47CFR § 2.1093

IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005

REPORT VERSION : V1.0

Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

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#### **Report Revise Record**

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	Apr. 25,2017	Valid	Original Report

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Test Report Certification			
Applicant Name	Shenzhen Plum Communications Equipment Co Ltd		
Applicant Address	4F, Building 4, Baokun Industrial Park, Xinling Road, Dalang Street, Longhua New District, Shenzhen City, China		
Manufacturer Name	Shenzhen Plum Communications Equipment Co Ltd		
Manufacturer Address	4F, Building 4, Baokun Industrial Park, Xinling Road, Dalang Street, Longhua New District, Shenzhen City, China		
Product Designation	MID		
Brand Name	N/A		
Model Name	SC706		
Different Description	N/A		
EUT Voltage	DC3.7V by battery		
Applicable Standard	IEEE Std. 1528:2013 FCC 47CFR § 2.1093 IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005		
Test Date	Apr. 13,2017 to Apr. 24,2017		
	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.		
Performed Location	2 F, Building 2, No.1-No.4, Chaxi Sanwei Technical Industrial Park, Gushu, Xixiang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China		
Report Template	AGCRT-US-3G3/SAR (2016-01-01)		

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#### 1. SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM SAR VALUE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for EUT are as follows:

Frequency Band	Highest Rep	SAR Test Limit	
Frequency Band	Head	Body-worn(with 0mm separation)	(W/Kg)
GSM 850	0.129	0.708	
PCS 1900	0.237	1.116	
UMTS Band II	0.139	1.080	
UMTS Band V	0.102	1.052	1.6
WIFI 2.4G	0.134	0.284	
Simultaneous Reported SAR	1.400		
SAR Test Result	PASS		

This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/Kg) specified in IEEE Std. 1528:2013; FCC 47CFR § 2.1093; IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005 and the following specific FCC Test Procedures:

- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04
- KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01
- KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

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#### 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. EUT Description

General Information			
Product Designation	MID		
Test Model	SC706		
Hardware Version	SI706-B-MB-V1.2		
Software Version	Android6.0		
Device Category	Portable		
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled		
Antenna Type	Internal		
GSM and GPRS			
Support Band	☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐		
GPRS Type	Class B		
GPRS Class	Class 12(1Tx+4Rx, 2Tx+3Rx, 3Tx+2Rx, 4Tx+1Rx)		
TX Frequency Range	GSM 850 : 820-850MHz; PCS 1900: 1850-1910MHz;		
RX Frequency Range	GSM 850 : 869~894MHz; PCS 1900: 1930~1990MHz		
Release Version	R99		
Type of modulation	GMSK for GSM/GPRS		
Antenna Gain	1.0dBi		
Max. Average Power	GSM850: 31.91dBm ;PCS1900: 28.36dBm		
WCDMA			
Support Band	☐UMTS FDD Band II ☐UMTS FDD Band V ☐UMTS FDD Band I ☐UMTS FDD Band VIII		
HS Type	HSPA(HSUPA/HSDPA)		
TX Frequency Range	WCDMA FDD Band II: 1850-1910MHz;WCDMA FDD Band V: 820-850MHz		
RX Frequency Range	WCDMA FDD Band II: 1930-1990MHz;WCDMA FDD Band V: 869-894MHz		
Release Version	Rel-6		
Type of modulation	HSDPA:QPSK/16QAM; HSUPA:BPSK; WCDMA:QPSK		
Antenna Gain	1.0dBi		
Max. Average Power	Band II: 20.84dBm; Band V: 20.77dBm		
	•		

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<b>EUT Description</b>	( Continue)
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Bluetooth			
Bluetooth Version	□V2.0         □V2.1         □V2.1+EDR         □V3.0         □V3.0+HS         □V4.0         □V4.1		
Operation Frequency	2402~2480MHz		
Type of modulation	⊠GFSK ⊠∏/4-DQPSK ⊠8-DPSK		
Peak Power	6.190dBm		
Antenna Gain	-1.3dBi		
WIFI			
WIFI Specification	□802.11a ⊠802.11b ⊠802.11g ⊠802.11n(20) □802.11n(40)		
Operation Frequency	2412~2462MHz		
Avg. Burst Power	11b: 14.20dBm,11g: 14.63dBm,11n(20): 11.53dBm		
Antenna Gain	-1.3dBi		
Accessories			
Battery	Brand name: N/A Model No. : 3.4*75*95mm Voltage and Capacitance: 3.7 V & 2800mAh		
Adapter	Brand name: N/A Model No. : K-T5A Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, Output: DC 5V, 1.5A		
Earphone	Brand name: N/A Model No. : N/A		
Note:1.CMU200 can measure the average power and Peak power at the same time			

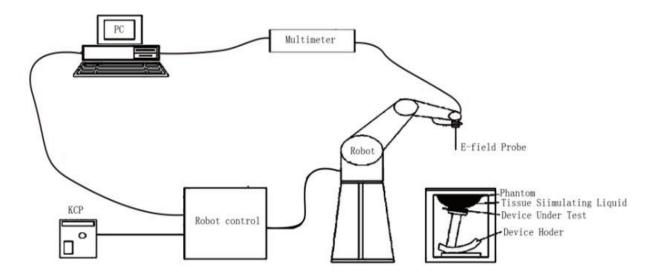
2. The sample used for testing is end product.

Product	Type	
Product	□ Production unit	Identical Prototype

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#### 3. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

#### 3.1. The SATIMO system used for performing compliance tests consists of following items



The COMOSAR system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- The PC. It controls most of the bench devices and stores measurement data. A computer running WinXP and the Opensar software.
- The E-Field probe. The probe is a 3-axis system made of 3 distinct dipoles. Each dipole returns a voltage in function of the ambient electric field.
- The Keithley multimeter measures each probe dipole voltages.
- The SAM phantom simulates a human head. The measurement of the electric field is made inside the phantom.
- The liquids simulate the dielectric properties of the human head tissues.
- The network emulator controls the mobile phone under test.
- The validation dipoles are used to measure a reference SAR. They are used to periodically check the bench to make sure that there is no drift of the system characteristics over time.
- •The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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#### 3.2. COMOSAR E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SATIMO. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. SATIMO conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528 and relevant KDB files.) The calibration data are in Appendix D.

#### **Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification**

Model	SSE5
Manufacture	MVG
Identification No.	SN 14/16 EP307
Frequency	0.7GHz-3GHz Linearity:±0.05dB(0.7GHz -3GHz)
Dynamic Range	0.01W/Kg-100W/Kg Linearity:±0.05dB
Dimensions	Overall length:330mm Length of individual dipoles:4.5mm Maximum external diameter:8mm Probe Tip external diameter:5mm Distance between dipoles/ probe extremity:2.7mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 3 GHz with precision of better 30%.

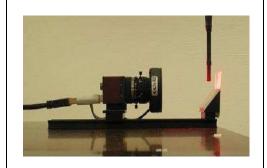
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#### 3.4. Video Positioning System

The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link.

During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

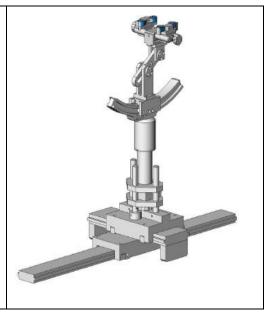


#### 3.5. Device Holder

The COMOSAR device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The COMOSAR device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity

 $\epsilon r$  =3 and loss tangent  $\delta$  = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



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#### 3.6. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

□ Left head

☐ Right head

☐ Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### 3.7. ELLI39 Phantom

The Flat phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm+/- 0.2 mm shell thickness. It has only one measurement area for Flat phantom



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#### 4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

#### 4.1. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and occupational/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element(dv) of given mass density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/Kg) SAR can be obtained using either of the following equations:

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

$$SAR = c_h \frac{dT}{dt}\Big|_{t=0}$$

Where

SAR is the specific absorption rate in watts per kilogram;
E is the r.m.s. value of the electric field strength in the tissue in volts per meter;
σ is the conductivity of the tissue in siemens per metre;
ρ is the density of the tissue in kilograms per cubic metre;
c<sub>h</sub> is the heat capacity of the tissue in joules per kilogram and Kelvin;

 $\frac{dT}{dt}$  | t=0 is the initial time derivative of temperature in the tissue in kelvins per second

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#### 4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

#### Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.7mm This distance cannot be smaller than the distance os sensor calibration points to probe tip as `defined in the probe properties,

#### Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in SATIMO software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in db) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2db range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, whereby 3db is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan) If one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximum are detected, the number of Zoom Scan has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	≤2 GHz: ≤15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx <sub>Area</sub> , Δy <sub>Area</sub>	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

#### Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scan are used to assess the peak spatial SAR value within a cubic average volume containing 1g abd 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points(refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1g and 10g and displays these values next to the job's label.

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#### Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB865664 d01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

Maximum zoom scan s	Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$			3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		between subsequent	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the same settings. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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#### 4.3. RF Exposure Conditions

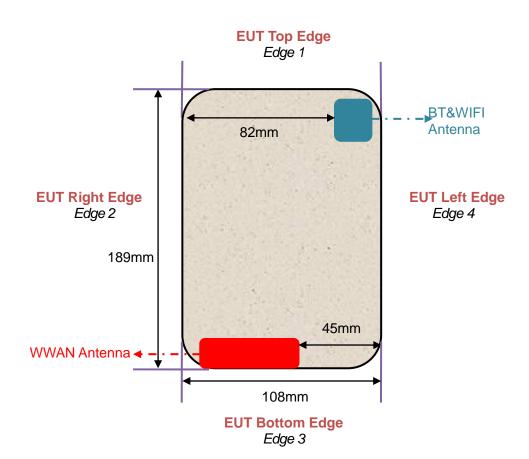
Test Configuration and setting:

The EUT is a model of GSM Portable Mobile Station (MS). It supports GSM/GPRS, WCDMA/HSPA, BT, WIFI, and support hot spot mode.

For WWAN SAR testing, the device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator were established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna is larger than 50cm, and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30db smaller than the output power of EUT.

For WLAN testing, the EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool through engineering command.

#### Antenna Location: (the back view)



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#### For WWAN mode:

Test Configurations	Antenna to edges/surface	SAR required	Note
Head			
Left Touch		Yes	
Left Tilt		Yes	
Right Touch		Yes	
Right Tilt		Yes	
Body			
Back	<25mm	Yes	
Front	<25mm	Yes	
Hotspot			
Back	<25mm	Yes	
Front	<25mm	Yes	
Edge 1 (Top)	167mm	No	SAR is not required for the distance between the antenna and the edge is >25mm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR
Edge 2 (Right)	5mm	Yes	
Edge 3 (Bottom)	3mm	Yes	
Edge 4 (Left)	45mm	No	SAR is not required for the distance between the antenna and the edge is >25mm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR

#### For WLAN mode:

Test Configurations	Antenna to edges/surface	SAR required	Note		
Head					
Left Touch		Yes			
Left Tilt		Yes			
Right Touch		Yes			
Right Tilt		Yes			
Body		•			
Back	<25mm	Yes			
Front	<25mm	Yes			
Hotspot					
Back	<25mm	Yes			
Front	<25mm	Yes			
Edge 1 (Top)	1mm	Yes			
Edge 2 (Right)	82mm	No	SAR is not required for the distance between the antenna and the edge is >25mm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR		
Edge 3 (Bottom)	175mm	No	SAR is not required for the distance between the antenna and the edge is >25mm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR		
Edge 4 (Left)	3mm	Yes			

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#### 5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15cm. For head SAR testing the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in 5.2

5.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient (% Weight) Frequency (MHz)	Water	Nacl	Polysorbate 20	DGBE	1,2 Propanediol	Triton X-100
835 Head	50.36	1.25	48.39	0.0	0.0	0.0
835 Body	54.00	1	0.0	15	0.0	30
1900 Head	54.9	0.18	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0
1900 Body	70	1	0.0	9	0.0	20
2450 Head	71.88	0.16	0.0	7.99	0.0	19.97
2450 Body	70	1	0.0	9	0.0	20

#### 5.2. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE 1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE 1528.

Target Frequency	he	ad	body		
(MHz)	εr	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	1.01	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	

( $\epsilon r = relative permittivity$ ,  $\sigma = conductivity$  and  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m3}$ )

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#### 5.3. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using SATIMO Dielectric Probe Kit and R&S Network Analyzer ZVL6.

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 835MHz							
	Fr.	Dielectric Parameters (±5%)					
	(MHz)	εr 41.5 (39.425-43.575) δ[s/m] 0.90(0.855-0.945)		Temp [°C]	Test time		
	824.2	42.71	0.87				
Head	826.4	42.18	0.88				
	835	41.77	0.89	20.0	Apr. 13,2017		
	836.6	41.42	0.90	20.8			
	846.6	40.92	0.91				
	848.8	40.43	0.92				
	Fr.	Dielectric Par	Tissue				
	(MHz)	εr 55.20(52.44-57-96)	δ[s/m]0.97(0.9215-1.0185)	Temp [oC]	Test time		
	824.2	56.53	0.94				
Body	826.4	55.98	0.94				
	835	55.42	0.95	20.6	Apr.		
	836.6	54.81	0.95	20.0	13,2017		
	846.6	54.15	0.96				
	848.8	53.62	0.97				

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 1900MHz							
	Fr.	Dielectric Par	Tissue	<b>-</b>			
	(MHz)	εr40.00(38.00-42.00) δ[s/m]1.40(1.33-1.47)		Temp [°C]	Test time		
	1850.2	41.23	1.35				
Head	1852.4	40.95	1.36				
	1880	40.01	1.39	20.6	Apr. 20,2017		
	1900	39.38	1.40	20.6			
	1907.6	38.96	1.42				
	1909.8	38.53	1.43				
	Fr.	Dielectric Par	Tissue	_			
	(MHz)	εr53.30(50.635-55.965)	δ[s/m]1.52(1.444-1.596)	Temp [oC]	Test time		
	1850.2	54.41	1.46				
Body	1852.4	53.97	1.47				
	1880	53.12	1.49	20.7	Apr.		
	1900	52.89	1.51	20.7	20,2017		
	1907.6	52.05	1.52				
	1909.8	51.63	1.53				

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	Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 2450MHz							
	Fr.	Dielectric Par	Tissue					
	(MHz)	εr39.2(37.24-41.16)	δ[s/m]1.80(1.71-1.89)	Temp [°C]	Test time			
Head	2412	40.53	1.81		Apr. 24,2017			
	2437	39.45	1.83	21.6				
	2450	38.86	1.84					
	2462	37.98	1.85					
	Fr.	Dielectric Par	Tissue					
	(MHz)	εr52.7(50.065-55.335)	δ[s/m]1.95(1.8525-2.0475)	Temp [°C]	Test time			
Body	2412	54.82	1.89					
	2437	53.96	1.91	24.5	Apr.			
	2450	53.13	1.92	21.5	24,2017			
	2462	52.55	1.93					

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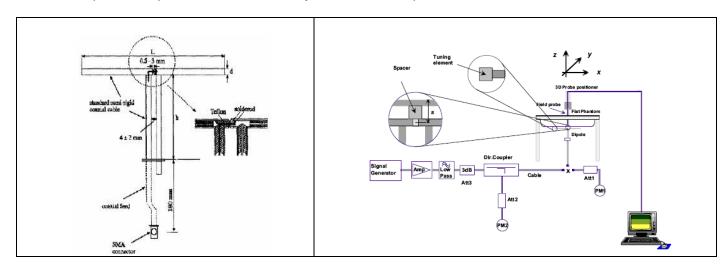
#### 6. SAR SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURE

#### 6.1. SAR System Check Procedures

SAR system check is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are remeasured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system check kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

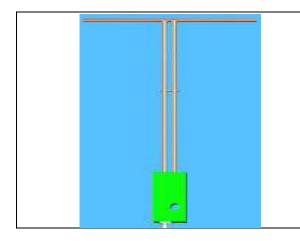
The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system check setup is shown as below.



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### 6.2. SAR System Check

### **6.2.1. Dipoles**



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of IEEE. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical Specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
835MHz	161.0	89.8	3.6
1900MHz	68	39.5	3.6
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6

#### 6.2.2. System Check Result

System Per	System Performance Check at 835MHz&1900MHz &2450MHz for Head							
Validation Kit: SN29/15 DIP 0G835-383&SN 29/15 DIP 1G900-389& SN 29/15DIP 2G450-393								
Frequency [MHz]			Reference Result (± 10%)		Tested Value(W/Kg)		Tissue Temp.	Test time
נייוו ובן	1g	10g	1g	10g	1g	10g	[°C]	
835	10.04	6.43	9.036-11.044	5.787 -7.073	10.925	6.705	20.8	Apr. 13,2017
1900	41.44	21.33	37.296-45.584	19.197-23.463	37.444	20.308	20.6	Apr. 20,2017
2450	54.53	24.30	49.077-59.983	21.87-26.730	50.900	22.052	21.6	Apr. 24,2017
System Per	formance	Check a	t 835 MHz &1900	MHz & 2450MH	z for Bod	у		
Frequency [MHz]		get W/Kg)		ce Result 0%)	Tested Value(W/Kg)		Tissue Temp.	Test time
נויוו ובן	1g	10g	1g	10g	1g	10g	[°C]	
835	9.85	6.45	8.865-10.835	5.805-7.095	10.703.	6.673	20.6	Apr. 13,2017
1900	39.38	20.86	35.442-43.318	18.774-22.946	41.736	19.849	20.7	Apr. 20,2017
2450	49.92	23.16	44.928-54.912	20.844-25.476	53.004	21.047	21.5	Apr. 24,2017

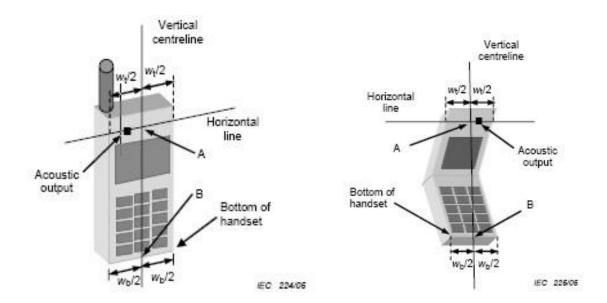
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#### 7. EUT TEST POSITION

This EUT was tested in Right Cheek, Right Tilted, Left Cheek, Left Tilted, Body back, Body front and 4 edges.

#### 7.1. Define Two Imaginary Lines on the Handset

- (1) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the handset.
- (2) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (3) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

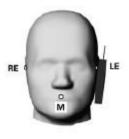


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#### 7.2. Cheek Position

(1) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center picec in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.

(2) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost





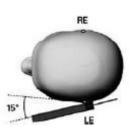


#### 7.3. Tilt Position

- (1) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until with the ear is lost.



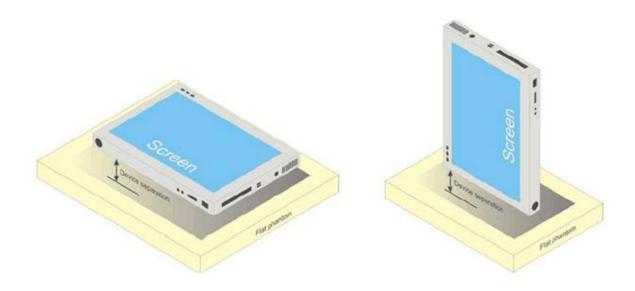




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#### 7.4. Body Worn Position

- (1) To position the EUT parallel to the phantom surface.
- (2) To adjust the EUT parallel to the flat phantom.
- (3) To adjust the distance between the EUT (back, front and 4edges) surface at the flat phantom to 0mm.



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#### 8. SAR EXPOSURE LIMITS

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

	13. 51. 5 3. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4.			
Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit (W/kg)			
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60			
Spatial Average SAR (Whole body)	0.08			
Spatial Peak SAR (Limbs)	4.0			

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#### 9. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Equipment description	Manufacturer/ Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date	
SAR Probe	MVG	SN 14/16 EP307	07/05/2016	07/04/2017	
TISSUE Probe	SATIMO	SN 23/16 OCPG 75	07/05/2016	07/04/2017	
Phantom	SATIMO	SN_4511_SAM90	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Phantom	SATIMO	SN_2316_ELLI39	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Liquid	SATIMO	-	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Comm Tester	Agilent-8960	GB46310822	03/02/2017	03/01/2018	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	03/02/2017	03/01/2018	
Dipole	SATIMO SID835	SN29/15 DIP 0G835-383	07/05/2016	07/04/2019	
Dipole	SATIMO SID1900	SN 29/15 DIP 1G900-389	07/05/2016	07/04/2019	
Dipole	SATIMO SID2450	SN29/15 DIP 2G450-393	07/05/2016	07/04/2019	
Signal Generator	Agilent-E4438C	US41461365	03/02/2017	03/01/2018	
Vector Analyzer	Agilent / E4440A	US40420298	07/02/2016	07/01/2017	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVL6	SN100132	03/02/2017	03/01/2018	
Attenuator	Warison /WATT-6SR1211	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Attenuator	Mini-circuits / VAT-10+	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Amplifier	EM30180	SN060552	03/02/2017	03/01/2018	
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C5571-10	SN99463	07/02/2016	07/01/2017	
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C6026-10	SN99482	07/02/2016	07/01/2017	
Power Sensor	NRP-Z21	1137.6000.02	10/10/2016	10/09/2017	
Power Sensor	NRP-Z23	US38261498	03/02/2017	03/01/2018	
Power Viewer	R&S	V2.3.1.0	N/A	N/A	

Note: Per KDB 865664 Dipole SAR Validation, AGC Lab has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- 2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- 3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;
- 4. Impedance is within  $5\Omega$  of calibrated measurement.

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#### 10. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is< 1.5 W/Kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

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## 11. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT

Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Avg. Burst Power(dBm)	Duty cycle Factor(dBm)	Frame Power(dBm)
Maximum Power <1	l>			
	824.2	31.54	-9	22.54
GSM 850	836.6	31.83	-9	22.83
	848.8	31.91	-9	22.91
0000 050	824.2	31.06	-9	22.06
GPRS 850 (1 Slot)	836.6	31.18	-9	22.18
(1 301)	848.8	31.20	-9	22.20
000000	824.2	28.02	-6	22.02
GPRS 850 (2 Slot)	836.6	28.28	-6	22.28
(2 3101)	848.8	28.31	-6	22.31
	824.2	27.06	-4.26	22.80
GPRS 850	836.6	27.13	-4.26	22.87
(3 Slot)	848.8	27.03	-4.26	22.77
	824.2	25.61	-3	22.61
GPRS 850	836.6	25.89	-3	22.89
(4 Slot)	848.8	25.98	-3	22.98
Maximum Power <2	<u>-</u>			
	824.2	31.45	-9	22.45
GSM 850	836.6	31.82	-9	22.82
	848.8	31.87	-9	22.87
0000000	824.2	31.00	-9	22.00
GPRS 850 (1 Slot)	836.6	31.12	-9	22.12
(1 5101)	848.8	31.16	-9	22.16
0000000	824.2	28.00	-6	22.00
GPRS 850	836.6	28.12	-6	22.12
(2 Slot)	848.8	28.25	-6	22.25
0000	824.2	27.01	-4.26	22.75
GPRS 850	836.6	27.05	-4.26	22.79
(3 Slot)	848.8	27.01	-4.26	22.75
	824.2	25.55	-3	22.55
GPRS 850	836.6	25.86	-3	22.86
(4 Slot)	848.8	25.85	-3	22.85

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#### **GSM BAND CONTINUE**

Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Avg. Burst Power(dBm)	Duty cycle Factor(dBm)	Frame Power(dBm)
Maximum Power <1	>			
	1850.2	28.30	-9	19.30
PCS1900	1880	28.36	-9	19.36
	1909.8	28.14	-9	19.14
GPRS1900	1850.2	27.82	-9	18.82
(1 Slot)	1880	27.80	-9	18.80
( i SiOt)	1909.8	27.62	-9	18.62
CDDC1000	1850.2	25.84	-6	19.84
GPRS1900 (2 Slot)	1880	25.88	-6	19.88
(2 3101)	1909.8	25.70	-6	19.70
ODD04000	1850.2	23.63	-4.26	19.37
GPRS1900 (3 Slot)	1880	23.60	-4.26	19.34
(3 3101)	1909.8	23.85	-4.26	19.59
00004000	1850.2	22.72	-3	19.72
GPRS1900 (4 Slot)	1880	22.81	-3	19.81
(4 3101)	1909.8	22.87	-3	19.87
Maximum Power <2	>			1
	1850.2	28.10	-9	19.10
PCS1900	1880	28.27	-9	19.27
	1909.8	28.12	-9	19.12
00004000	1850.2	27.52	-9	18.52
GPRS1900 (1 Slot)	1880	27.44	-9	18.44
(1 3101)	1909.8	27.36	-9	18.36
00004000	1850.2	25.75	-6	19.75
GPRS1900 (2 Slot)	1880	25.81	-6	19.81
(2 3101)	1909.8	25.65	-6	19.65
00001000	1850.2	23.55	-4.26	19.29
GPRS1900 (3 Slot)	1880	23.56	-4.26	19.30
(3 3101)	1909.8	23.62	-4.26	19.36
	1850.2	22.45	-3	19.45
GPRS1900	1880	22.65	-3	19.65
(4 Slot)	1909.8	22.60	-3	19.60

#### Note 1:

The Frame Power (Source-based time-averaged Power) is scaled the maximum burst average power based on time slots. The calculated methods are show as following:

Frame Power = Max burst power (1 Up Slot) - 9 dB

Frame Power = Max burst power (2 Up Slot) - 6 dB

Frame Power = Max burst power (3 Up Slot) – 4.26 dB

Frame Power = Max burst power (4 Up Slot) - 3 dB

Note 2:

SAR is not required for GPRS (1 Slot) Mode because its output power is less than of Voice Mode

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### UMTS BAND HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- •The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- •The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- ·A call was established between EUT and Based Station with following setting:
- (1) Set Gain Factors( $\beta$ c and  $\beta$ d) parameters set according to each
- (2) Set RMC 12.2Kbps+HSDPA mode.
- (3) Set Cell Power=-86dBm
- (4) Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
- (5) Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
- (6) Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI=8
- (7) Set Ack Nack Repetition Factor to 3
- (8) Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4ms
- (9) Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
- (10) Power Ctrl Mode=All Up bits
- •The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.2.4:  $\beta$  values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βc (Note5)	βd	βd (SF)	βс/βd	βHS (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15(Note 4)	15/15(Note 4)	64	12/15(Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1:  $\triangle$ ACK,  $\triangle$ NACK and  $\triangle$ CQI = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause

5.13.1AA,  $\triangle$ ACK and  $\triangle$ NACK = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\triangle$ CQI = 24/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 24/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .

Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta c/\beta d$  =12/15,  $\Box$  hs/ $\Box$  c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\Box$  c/ $\Box$  d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\Box$  c = 11/15 and  $\Box$  d = 15/15.

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#### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- · A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
- (1) Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
- (2) Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta$ c and  $\beta$ d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
- (3) Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- (4) Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- (5) Set UE Target Power
- (6) Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- (7) Set and observe the E-TFCI
- (8) Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- · The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βс	βd	βd (SF )	βc/βd	βHS (Note 1)	βес	βed (Note 4) (Note 5)	βed (SF )	βed (Code s)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TF CI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/22 5	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	βed1: 47/15 βed2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4,  $\triangle$ ACK,  $\triangle$ NACK and  $\triangle$ CQI = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ . For sub-test 5,  $\triangle$ ACK,  $\triangle$ NACK and  $\triangle$ CQI = 5/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 5/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta c/\beta d$  =12/15,  $\Box$  hs/ $\Box$  c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\Box$  c/ $\Box$  d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\Box$  c = 10/15 and  $\Box$  d = 15/15. Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: βed cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

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#### **UMTS BAND II**

Mode	Frequency	Avg. Burst Power
Widde	(MHz)	(dBm)
WCDMA 1900	1852.4	20.75
RMC	1880	20.74
RIVIC	1907.6	20.84
MCDMA 4000	1852.4	20.61
WCDMA 1900 AMR	1880	20.64
AIVIR	1907.6	20.46
LIODDA	1852.4	20.27
HSDPA	1880	19.51
Subtest 1	1907.6	19.26
LIODDA	1852.4	19.12
HSDPA	1880	19.5
Subtest 2	1907.6	19.21
	1852.4	19.76
HSDPA	1880	19.52
Subtest 3	1907.6	19.11
	1852.4	19.16
HSDPA	1880	19.99
Subtest 4	1907.6	19.08
	1852.4	19.17
HSUPA	1880	19.19
Subtest 1	1907.6	19.54
	1852.4	19.53
HSUPA	1880	19.56
Subtest 2	1907.6	19.64
	1852.4	19.12
HSUPA	1880	19.23
Subtest 3	1907.6	19.43
1101104	1852.4	19.45
HSUPA	1880	19.27
Subtest 4	1907.6	19.17
	1852.4	19.15
HSUPA	1880	19.76
Subtest 5	1907.6	19.29

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#### **UMTS BAND V**

Mode	Frequency	Avg. Burst Power
IVIOUE	(MHz)	(dBm)
WCDMA 950	826.4	20.68
WCDMA 850	836.6	20.77
RMC	846.6	20.59
WODMA 050	826.4	20.38
WCDMA 850	836.6	20.46
AMR	846.6	20.32
11000	826.4	19.39
HSDPA	836.6	19.49
Subtest 1	846.6	19.52
11000	826.4	19.61
HSDPA	836.6	19.58
Subtest 2	846.6	19.45
110004	826.4	19.87
HSDPA	836.6	19.43
Subtest 3	846.6	19.45
	826.4	19.44
HSDPA	836.6	19.52
Subtest 4	846.6	19.22
	826.4	19.33
HSUPA	836.6	19.62
Subtest 1	846.6	19.4
	826.4	19.41
HSUPA	836.6	19.4
Subtest 2	846.6	19.31
	826.4	19.59
HSUPA	836.6	19.45
Subtest 3	846.6	19.57
	826.4	19.45
HSUPA	836.6	19.45
Subtest 4	846.6	19.56
	826.4	19.54
HSUPA	836.6	19.45
Subtest 5	846.6	19.24

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According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2, the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1aA: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)
Note: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d$ =12/15, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15.For all	other combinations of DF	PDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH,
E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the	relative CM difference.	

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done .However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensation for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX\_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.

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#### WIFI

Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Avg. Burst Power(dBm)
		01	2412	13.99
802.11b	1	06	2437	14.03
		11	2462	14.20
	2.11g 6 01 06 11	01	2412	14.20
802.11g		06	2437	14.63
		11	2462	14.48
		01	2412	10.84
802.11n(20)	6.5	06	2437	11.26
		11	2462	11.53

#### Bluetooth V3.0

Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)
	0	2402	3.335
GFSK	39	2441	3.753
	78	2480	4.107
	0	2402	4.696
π /4-DQPSK	39	2441	5.336
	78	2480	5.661
	0	2402	5.350
8-DPSK	39	2441	5.831
	78	2480	6.190

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#### 12. TEST RESULTS

#### 12.1. SAR Test Results Summary

#### 12.1.1. Test position and configuration

Head SAR was performed with the device configured in the positions according to IEEE 1528-2013, Body SAR was performed with the device 0mm from the phantom.

#### 12.1.2. Operation Mode

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06 ,for each exposure position, if the highest 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, for each frequency band, if the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg, testing for repeated SAR measurement is required, that the highest measured SAR is only to be tested. When the SAR results are near the limit, the following procedures are required for each device to verify these types of SAR measurement related variation concerns by repeating the highest measured SAR configuration in each frequency band.
  - (1) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$ 0.8W/Kg, repeat that measurement once.
  - (2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥1.45 W/Kg.
  - (3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/Kg and ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second measurement is ≥ 1.20.
- 3. Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call operations, therefore GSM voice call mode is selected to be test.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04 v01r03,when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤1.2W/Kg, SAR testing with a headset connected is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02,for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2W/kg.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D06 V02r01, When the same wireless mode transmission configurations for voice and data are required for SAR measurements, the more conservative configuration with a smaller separation distance should be tested for the overlapping SAR configurations.
- 7. Maximum Scaling SAR in order to calculate the Maximum SAR values to test under the standard Peak Power, Calculation method is as follows:

  Maximum Scaling SAR =tested SAR (Max.) ×[maximum turn-up power (mw)/ maximum measurement output power(mw)]
- 8. Proximity sensor, just for avoiding the wrong operation in the phone screen when call, and has no influence on output power or SAR resu

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# 12.1.3. Test Result

SAR MEASURE	SAR MEASUREMENT										
Depth of Liquid (d	m):>15			Relative	Humidity	/ (%): 53.4					
Product: MID											
Test Mode: GSM	850 with GMSK	modul	ation								
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)		
SIM 1 Card											
Left Cheek	voice	190	836.6	-0.23	0.099	32.00	31.83	0.103	1.6		
Left Tilt	voice	190	836.6	1.55	0.046	32.00	31.83	0.048	1.6		
Right Cheek	voice	190	836.6	0.07	0.071	32.00	31.83	0.074	1.6		
Right Tilt	voice	190	836.6	-2.32	0.044	32.00	31.83	0.046	1.6		
Body back	voice	190	836.6	0.66	0.681	32.00	31.83	0.708	1.6		
Body front	voice	190	836.6	1.56	0.352	32.00	31.83	0.366	1.6		
Left Cheek	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	0.23	0.126	26.00	25.89	0.129	1.6		
Left Tilt	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	-1.55	0.053	26.00	25.89	0.054	1.6		
Right Cheek	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	0.10	0.078	26.00	25.89	0.080	1.6		
Right Tilt	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	-2.63	0.052	26.00	25.89	0.053	1.6		
Body back	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	0.23	0.608	26.00	25.89	0.624	1.6		
Body front	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	1.58	0.346	26.00	25.89	0.355	1.6		
Edge 2(Right)	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	0.32	0.059	26.00	25.89	0.061	1.6		
Edge 3(Bottom)	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	-1.55	0.158	26.00	25.89	0.162	1.6		
SIM 2 Card	SIM 2 Card										
Left Cheek	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	0.26	0.110	26.00	25.86	0.114	1.6		
Body back	voice	190	836.6	-0.32	0.678	32.00	31.82	0.707	1.6		

When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.
 The test separation for body is 0mm of all above table.

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SAR MEASUREMENT											
Depth of Liquid (d	cm):>15			Relative	Humidity	/ (%): 50.9					
Product: MID											
Test Mode: PCS	1900 with GMSI	K modu	ulation								
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)		
SIM 1 Card											
Left Cheek	voice	661	1880.0	-0.63	0.102	28.36	28.36	0.102	1.6		
Left Tilt	voice	661	1880.0	-1.33	0.062	28.36	28.36	0.062	1.6		
Right Cheek	voice	661	1880.0	0.02	0.237	28.36	28.36	0.237	1.6		
Right Tilt	voice	661	1880.0	-0.23	0.064	28.36	28.36	0.064	1.6		
Body back	voice	512	1850.2	1.55	1.028	28.36	28.30	1.042	1.6		
Body back	voice	661	1880.0	0.02	1.116	28.36	28.36	1.116	1.6		
Body back	voice	810	1909.8	-0.32	1.052	28.36	28.14	1.107	1.6		
Body front	voice	661	1880.0	0.23	0.650	28.36	28.36	0.650	1.6		
Left Cheek	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880.0	-0.63	0.096	25.88	25.88	0.096	1.6		
Left Tilt	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880.0	0.23	0.057	25.88	25.88	0.057	1.6		
Right Cheek	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880.0	1.55	0.222	25.88	25.88	0.222	1.6		
Right Tilt	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880.0	-0.02	0.058	25.88	25.88	0.058	1.6		
Body back	GPRS-2 slot	512	1850.2	0.23	0.854	25.88	25.84	0.862	1.6		
Body back	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880.0	1.23	0.898	25.88	25.88	0.898	1.6		
Body back	GPRS-2 slot	810	1909.8	-0.02	0.846	25.88	25.70	0.882	1.6		
Body front	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880.0	1.23	0.556	25.88	25.88	0.556	1.6		
Edge 2(Right)	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880.0	-0.02	0.638	25.88	25.88	0.638	1.6		
Edge 3(Bottom)	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880.0	0.26	0.240	25.88	25.88	0.240	1.6		
SIM 2 Card											
Right Cheek	voice	661	1880.0	0.56	0.191	28.36	28.27	0.195	1.6		
Body back	voice	661	1880.0	-0.32	1.085	28.36	28.27	1.108	1.6		

<sup>•</sup> When the 1-g Reported SAR is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498. • The test separation for body is 0mm of all above table.

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# SAR MEASUREMENT

Depth of Liquid (cm):>15 Relative Humidity (%): 50.9

Product: MID

Test Mode: WCDMA Band II with QPSK modulation

Test Mede. Weblint Band if Will & Ott Medalation											
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)		
Left Cheek	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	-0.23	0.032	20.84	20.74	0.033	1.6		
Left Tilt	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	1.22	0.026	20.84	20.74	0.027	1.6		
Right Cheek	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	0.02	0.136	20.84	20.74	0.139	1.6		
Right Tilt	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	0.23	0.028	20.84	20.74	0.029	1.6		
Body back	RMC 12.2kbps	9262	1852.4	-1.23	0.893	20.84	20.75	0.912	1.6		
Body back	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	0.02	1.055	20.84	20.74	1.080	1.6		
Body back	RMC 12.2kbps	9538	1907.6	0.66	0.858	20.84	20.84	0.858	1.6		
Body front	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	-0.32	0.737	20.84	20.74	0.754	1.6		
Edge 2(Right)	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	-1.25	0.233	20.84	20.74	0.238	1.6		
Edge 3(Bottom)	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	0.32	0.046	20.84	20.74	0.047	1.6		

<sup>•</sup> When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.

<sup>•</sup>The test separation for body is 0mm of all above table.

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# SAR MEASUREMENT

Depth of Liquid (cm):>15 Relative Humidity (%): 53.4

Product: MID

Test Mode: WCDMA Band V with QPSK modulation

Tool Mode. We blank V with Qr of Moderation										
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
Left Cheek	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	-0.23	0.102	20.77	20.77	0.102	1.6	
Left Tilt	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	1.22	0.044	20.77	20.77	0.044	1.6	
Right Cheek	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	0.02	0.061	20.77	20.77	0.061	1.6	
Right Tilt	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	0.23	0.045	20.77	20.77	0.045	1.6	
Body back	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	826.4	-1.66	1.001	20.77	20.68	1.022	1.6	
Body back	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	0.32	1.023	20.77	20.77	1.023	1.6	
Body back	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	846.6	1.22	1.009	20.77	20.59	1.052	1.6	
Body front	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	-0.02	0.673	20.77	20.77	0.673	1.6	
Edge 2(Right)	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	0.23	0.089	20.77	20.77	0.089	1.6	
Edge 3(Bottom)	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	-1.66	0.016	20.77	20.77	0.016	1.6	

<sup>•</sup> When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.

The test separation for body is 0mm of all above table.

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SAR MEASURE	SAR MEASUREMENT											
Depth of Liquid	(cm):>15			Relative	Humidity (	%): 55.8						
Product: MID												
Test Mode:802.	Test Mode:802.11b											
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)			
Left Cheek	DTS	6	2437	-0.23	0.087	14.20	14.03	0.090	1.6			
Left Tilt	DTS	6	2437	-1.22	0.094	14.20	14.03	0.098	1.6			
Right Cheek	DTS	6	2437	-0.02	0.084	14.20	14.03	0.087	1.6			
Right Tilt	DTS	6	2437	0.23	0.129	14.20	14.03	0.134	1.6			
Body back	DTS	6	2437	-0.21	0.273	14.20	14.03	0.284	1.6			
Body front	DTS	6	2437	0.32	0.072	14.20	14.03	0.075	1.6			
Edge 1 (Top)	DTS	6	2437	1.55	0.059	14.20	14.03	0.061	1.6			
Edge 4(Left)	DTS	6	2437	-0.06	0.090	14.20	14.03	0.094	1.6			

- According to KDB248227, SAR is not required for 802.11n HT20/HT40 channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11a/b channels.
- All of above "DTS" means data transmitters.
- •The test separation for body is 0mm of all above table.

Repeated SAR										
Product: MII	Product: MID									
Test Mode:	PCS1900 &WCDMA	Band II &	WCDMA	Band V						
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	Once SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (<±5%)	Twice SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (<±5%)	Third SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Body back	voice	661	1880.0	-0.23	0.842					1.6
Body back	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	-1.23	0.865		ı			1.6
Body back	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	-0.02	0.988					1.6

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# **Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:**

**Application Simultaneous Transmission information:** 

NO	Simultaneous state	Portable Handset				
NO	Simulaneous state	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot		
1	GSM(voice)+WLAN 2.4GHz (data)	Yes	Yes	-		
2	WCDMA(voice)+WLAN 2.4GHz (data)	Yes	Yes	-		
3	GSM(voice)+Bluetooth(data)	-	Yes	-		
4	WCDMA(voice)+Bluetooth(data)	-	Yes	-		
5	GSM (Data) + Bluetooth(data)	-	Yes	Yes		
6	GSM (Data) + WLAN 2.4GHz (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes		
7	WCDMA (Data) + Bluetooth(data)		Yes	Yes		
8	WCDMA (Data) + WLAN 2.4GHz (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes		

#### NOTE:

- 1. WIFI and BT share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. Simultaneous with every transmitter must be the same test position.
- 3. KDB 447498 D01, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
- 4. KDB 447498 D01, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user; which is 0mm for head SAR and 5mm for body-worn SAR.
- 5. According to KDB 447498 D01 4.3.1, Standalone SAR test exclusion is as follow:
  - For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] • [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $\leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR, and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR<sup>30</sup>, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation<sup>31</sup>
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds in step b) below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 4.1 f) is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

- 6. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
- 7. According to KDB 447498 D01 4.3.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is as follow:
  - (1) Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.
  - (2) Any transmitters and antennas should be considered when calculating simultaneous mode.
  - (3) For mobile phone and PC, it's the sum of all transmitters and antennas at the same mode with same position in each applicable exposure condition
  - (4)When the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.2 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to det

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

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8. When the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio. The simultaneous transmitting antennas in each operating mode and exposure condition combination must be considered one pair at a time to determine the SAR to peak location separation ratio to qualify for test exclusion. The ratio is determined by (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5/Ri, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be ≤ 0.04 for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion.

Estimat	ed SAR		luding Tune-up ance	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	
			dBm mW		(vv/kg)	
ВТ	Head	7	5.012	0	0.210	
DI	Body	7	5.012	0	0.210	

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# Sum of the SAR for GSM 850 &Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure	Test	Simultaneo	us Transmissio	on Scenario	Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR
Conditions	Position	GSM 850	WI-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth	(W/Kg)	(Yes/No)
	Left Touch	0.103	0.090		0.193	No
Head	Left Tilt	0.048	0.098		0.146	No
(voice)	Right Touch	0.074	0.087		0.161	No
	Right Tilt	0.046	0.134		0.180	No
	Rear	0.708	0.284		0.992	No
Body-worn	Real	0.708		0.210	0.918	No
(voice)	Front	0.366	0.075		0.441	No
	FIONE	0.366		0.210	0.576	No
	Left Touch	0.129	0.090		0.219	No
Head	Left Tilt	0.054	0.098		0.152	No
(Data)	Right Touch	0.080	0.087		0.167	No
	Right Tilt	0.053	0.134		0.187	No
	Rear	0.624		0.210	0.834	No
Body-worn	Rear	0.624	0.284		0.908	No
(Data)	Front	0.355		0.210	0.565	No
	FIONE	0.355	0.075		0.430	No

<sup>·</sup>According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than 1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.

<sup>·</sup>SPLSR mean is "The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio "

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# Sum of the SAR for PCS 1900 &Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure	Test	Simultaneo	ous Transmissio	on Scenario	Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR
Conditions	Position	PCS 1900	WI-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth	(W/Kg)	(Yes/No)
	Left Touch	0.102	0.090		0.192	No
Head	Left Tilt	0.062	0.098		0.160	No
(voice)	Right Touch	0.237	0.087		0.324	No
	Right Tilt	0.064	0.134		0.198	No
	Rear	1.116	0.284		1.400	No
Body-worn	Real	1.116		0.210	1.326	No
(voice)	Front	0.650	0.075		0.725	No
		0.650		0.210	0.860	No
	Left Touch	0.096	0.090		0.186	No
Head	Left Tilt	0.057	0.098		0.155	No
(Data)	Right Touch	0.222	0.087		0.309	No
	Right Tilt	0.058	0.134		0.192	No
	Boor	0.898		0.210	1.108	No
Body-worn	Rear	0.898	0.284		1.182	No
(Data)	Front	0.556		0.210	0.766	No
	Front	0.556	0.075		0.631	No

<sup>·</sup>According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than 1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.

<sup>-</sup>SPLSR mean is "The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio"

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# Sum of the SAR for WCDMA Band II&Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure	Test	Simultaneo	us Transmissio	on Scenario	Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR	
Conditions	Position	WCDMA Band II	Wi-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth	(W/Kg)	(Yes/No)	
	Left Touch	0.033	0.090		0.123	No	
Head	Left Tilt	0.027	0.098		0.125	No	
пеац	Right Touch	0.139	0.087		0.226	No	
	Right Tilt	0.029	0.134		0.163	No	
	Rear	1.080	0.284		1.364	No	
Pody worn	Front	0.754	0.075		0.829	No	
Body-worn	Rear	1.080		0.210	1.290	No	
	Front	0.754		0.210	0.964	No	

#### Note:

### Sum of the SAR for WCDMA Band V &Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure	Test	Simultaneo	us Transmissio	on Scenario	Σ1-g SAR	SPLSR
Conditions	Position	WCDMA Band V	Wi-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth	(W/Kg)	(Yes/No)
	Left Touch	0.102	0.090		0.192	No
Head	Left Tilt	0.044	0.098		0.142	No
пеац	Right Touch	0.061	0.087		0.148	No
	Right Tilt	0.045	0.134		0.179	No
	Rear	1.052	0.284		1.336	No
Pody worn	Front	0.673	0.075		0.748	No
Body-worn	Rear	1.052		0.210	1.262	No
	Front	0.673		0.210	0.883	No

<sup>-</sup>According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than 1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.

<sup>-</sup>SPLSR mean is "The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio "

<sup>-</sup>According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than 1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.

<sup>·</sup>SPLSR mean is "The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio "

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# APPENDIX A. SAR SYSTEM CHECK DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 13,2017

System Check Head 835 MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz Type: SID 835

Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.67 Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.89$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 41.77$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm

Ambient temperature (°C):21.9, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.8

### **SATIMO Configuration**

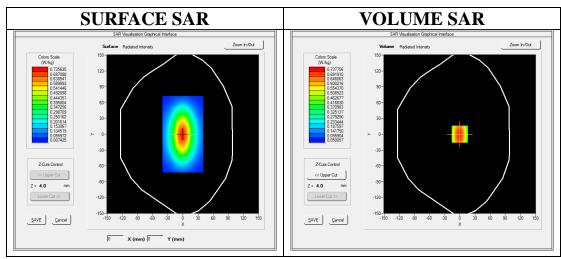
• Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: SAM twin phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/System Check 835MHz Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/System Check 835MHz Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm

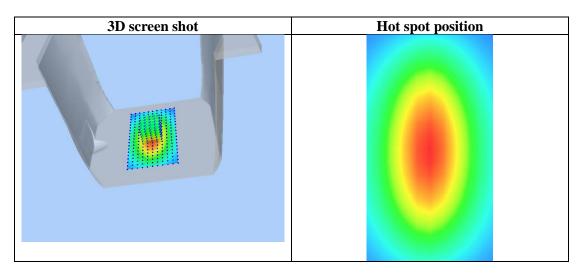


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 1.04 W/kg

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.423029
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.689308

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	1.0427	0.7378	0.4785	0.3159	0.2120	0.1445	0.0990
(W/Kg)							
	1.0-						
		$\setminus \mid \cdot \mid$					
	0.8- 0.6-						
	0.6 W 0.4						
	0.2-						
	0.1-	2.5 5.0 7.5 10	0.0 15.0	20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab System Check Body 835 MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz Type: SID 835

Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.89 Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.95$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 55.42$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C):21.9, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 20.6

### SATIMO Configuration

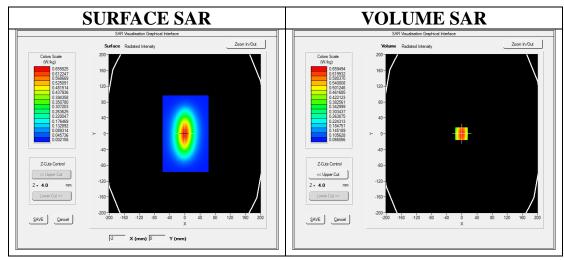
• Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/System Check 835MHz Body/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/System Check 835MHz Body/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm

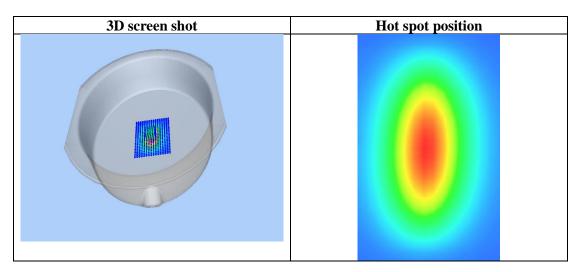


Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 0.92 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.421047
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.675330

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.9007	0.6595	0.4489	0.3136	0.2213	0.1598	0.1166
	0.9- 0.8- 0.7- 0.6- 0.5- 0.4- 0.3- 0.2- 0.1- 0.0	2.5 5.0 7.5 10		20.0 25.0 Z (mm)	30.0 35	.0 40.0	



Date: Apr. 20,2017

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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab System Check Head 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: SID 1900

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.14 Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.40$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 39.38$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C):21.8 , Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 20.6

### SATIMO Configuration:

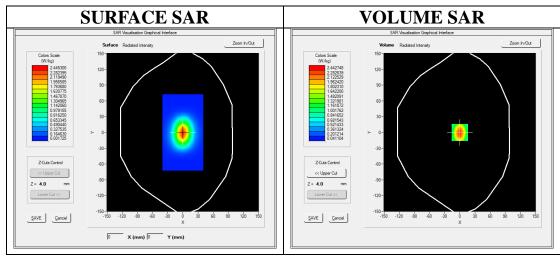
Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: SAM twin phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/System Check 1900MHz Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/System Check 1900MHz Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm

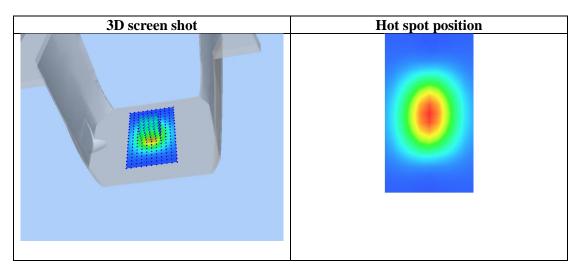


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 3.89 W/kg

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	1.281365		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.362583		

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	3.9252	2.4435	1.3141	0.7343	0.4179	0.2414	0.1408
(W/Kg)							
	3.9-						
	3.5-	+++-		+++			
	3.0-	$\mathbf{X}$		$\perp$			
		$\Lambda$					
	® 2.5- ≥ 2.0-						
	€ 2.0-						
	K 1.5-	+					
	1.0-			+++			
	0.5-						
	0.1- 0.0	2.5 5.0 7.5 10	0.0 15.0	20.0 25.0	30.0 35	0.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			
				_ ,,			



Date: Apr. 20,2017

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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab System Check Body 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: SID 1900

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.34 Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 52.89$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm

Ambient temperature (°C):21.8 , Liquid temperature (°C): 20.7

### SATIMO Configuration:

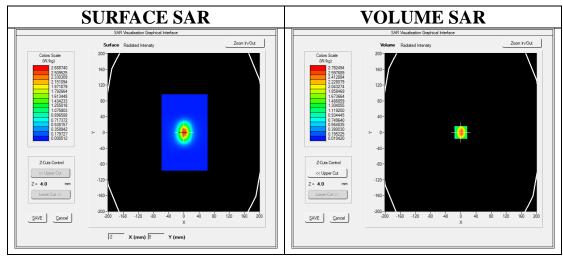
Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/System Check 1900MHz Body/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/System Check 1900MHz Body/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm

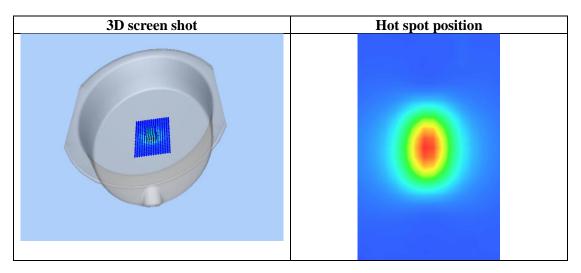


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 5.05 W/kg

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	1.252368
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.633357

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0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
5.1106	2.7825	1.1715	0.5119	0.2262	0.1015	0.0464
_						
5.11-	<del>-                                      </del>		+			
	<b>\</b>					
4.00-	$\longrightarrow$	+	+++			
<u></u>	$\lambda + 1$					
₹ 3.00-		+	+++			
8	$-1$ $\lambda$ $-1$					
₩ 2.00-	++	+	+++			
0,	\					
1.00-	<del></del>	+	+++			
			_			
0.02-				<del></del>		
0.0	2.5 5.0 7.5 1	0.0 15.0	20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
			Z (mm)			
	5.1106 5.11- 4.00 (B) 3.00 WY 2.00 1.00	5.1106 2.7825 5.11- 4.00- WY 2.00- 1.00- 0.02-	5.1106 2.7825 1.1715  5.11  4.00  WY 2.00  1.00  0.02  0.02  0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 15.0	5.1106 2.7825 1.1715 0.5119  5.11 4.00  WY 2.00  1.00  0.02	5.1106 2.7825 1.1715 0.5119 0.2262 5.11-4.00-4.00-4.00-4.00-4.00-4.00-4.00-4	5.1106 2.7825 1.1715 0.5119 0.2262 0.1015  5.11  4.00  8  2.00  1.00  0.02  0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 15.0 20.0 25.0 30.0 35.0 40.0



Date: Apr. 24,2017

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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab System Check Head 2450 MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type: SID 2450

Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.07 Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.84$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 38.86$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C):22.5, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 21.6

### SATIMO Configuration

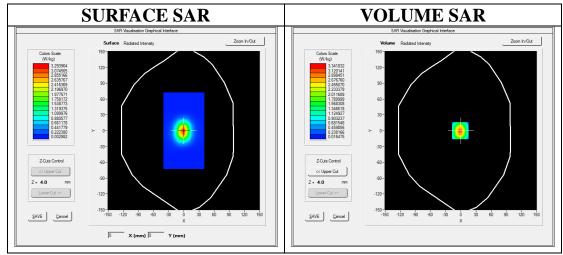
Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: SAM twin phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm



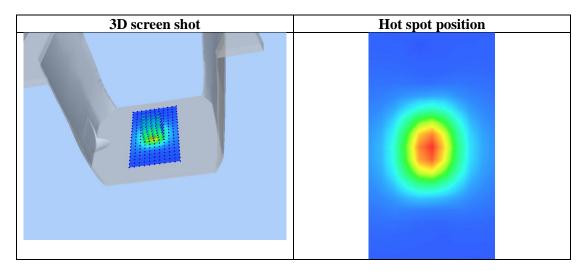
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 5.70 W/kg

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	1.391356		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.211578		

Report No.: AGC09907170401FH01 Page 56 of 107

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.7468	3.3424	1.5935	0.7741	0.3835	0.1959	0.0992
	5.75- 5.00 4.00 3.00 1.00 0.05- 0.0	2.5 5.0 7.51		20.0 25.0 Z (mm)	30.0 35	5.0 40.0	



Date: Apr. 24,2017

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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab System Check Body 2450 MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type: SID 2450

Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.19 Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.92$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 53.13$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C):22.5, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 21.5

### SATIMO Configuration

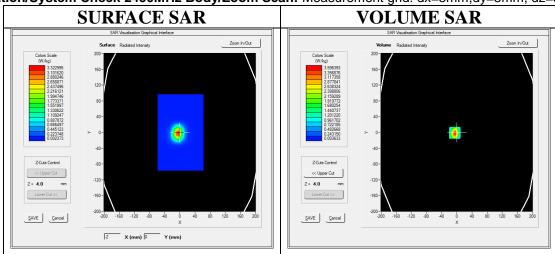
Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Body/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Body/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm



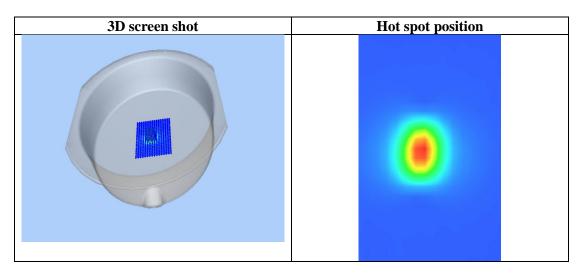
**Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-1.00** 

SAR Peak: 7.34 W/kg

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	1.327959		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.344346		

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	7.5022	3.5964	1.1202	0.3597	0.1204	0.0412	0.0160
(1125)	7.50 - 6.00 (5.00 4.00 2.00 1.00						
	0.01-	2.5 5.0 7.5 1	0.0 15.0	20.0 25.0 Z (mm)	30.0 35	5.0 40.0	



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# APPENDIX B. SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab

Date: Apr. 13,2017
GSM 850 Mid-Touch-Left <SIM 1>

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.67; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.90$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 41.42$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.8

# SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

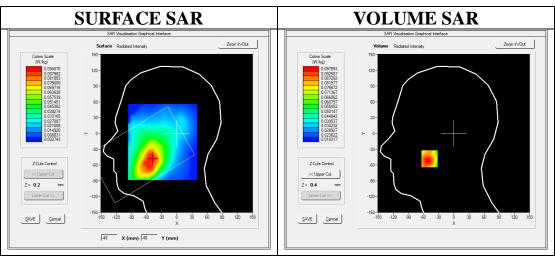
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: SAM twin phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Touch-Left/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Touch-Left/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt				
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete				
Phantom	Left head				
Device Position	Cheek				
Band	GSM 850				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)				

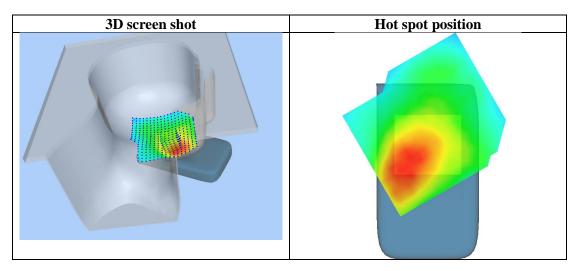


Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-48.00 SAR Peak: 0.13 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.076288		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.099482		

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.1379	0.0979	0.0712	0.0663	0.0509	0.0512	0.0378
(W/Kg)							
	0.14-						
	0.12-	$\setminus \cup$					
	0.12						
	፟ 0.10−	$\rightarrow$	++++				
	Ø 0.10-						
	-80.0 SAR	++					
			<del>       </del>				
	0.06-						
	0.03-						
	0.0	2.5 5.0 7.51		20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 13,2017

GSM 850 Mid- Body- Back (MS)<SIM 1>

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.89; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.95$  mho/m;  $\epsilon = 54.81$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.6

### **SATIMO Configuration:**

• Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

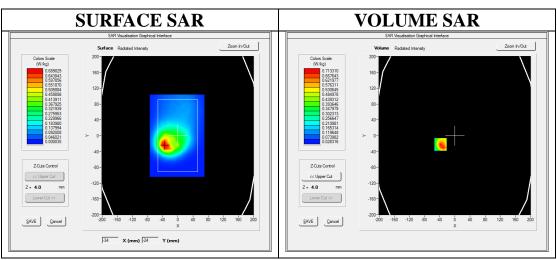
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm				
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete				
Phantom	ELLI				
Device Position	Body Back				
Band	GSM 850				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)				



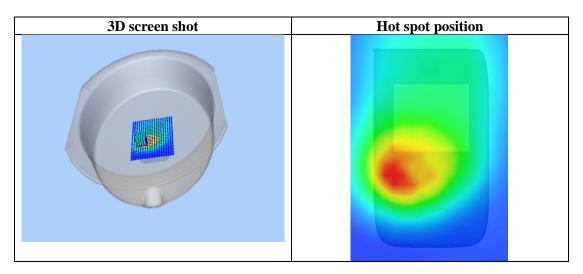
**Maximum location: X=-38.00, Y=-22.00** 

SAR Peak: 1.15 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.398909		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.680950		

Report No.: AGC09907170401FH01 Page 62 of 107

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.3165	0.7133	0.3190	0.2566	0.1492	0.1108	0.0755
	1.3- 1.2- 1.0- 0.8- WW 0.6- 0.4- 0.2- 0.1- 0.0	2.5 5.0 7.5 10		20.0 25.0 Z (mm)	30.0 35	.0 40.0	



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 13,2017

GPRS 850 Mid-Touch-Left (4up) <SIM 1>

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: GPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1; Conv.F=5.67 Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.90$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 41.42$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.8

### **SATIMO Configuration:**

• Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

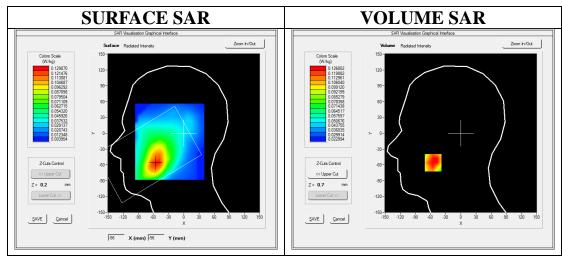
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: SAM twin phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Touch-Left/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Touch-Left/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt			
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete			
Phantom	Left head			
Device Position	Cheek			
Band	GSM 850			
Channels	Middle			
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)			



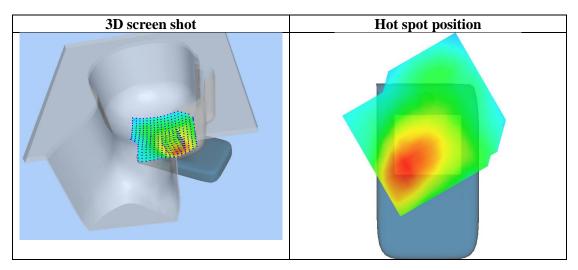
**Maximum location: X=-55.00, Y=-56.00** 

SAR Peak: 0.16 W/kg

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.100590		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.125874		

Report No.: AGC09907170401FH01 Page 64 of 107

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.1687	0.1268	0.0988	0.0925	0.0728	0.0672	0.0498
(W/Kg)							
	0.17-						
	0.14-	+			+		
	₹ 0.12-						
	0.12						
	O.10		+				
	ري 80.0						
				44			
	0.06-						
	0.05-	2.5 5.0 7.51	0.0 15.0	20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
	U.C	2.0 0.0 7.0 1		Z (mm)	30.0 33	.0 40.0	



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 13,2017

GPRS 850 Mid- Body- Back (4up) <SIM 1>

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: GPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1; Conv.F=5.89; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.95$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 54.81$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.6

### **SATIMO Configuration:**

• Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

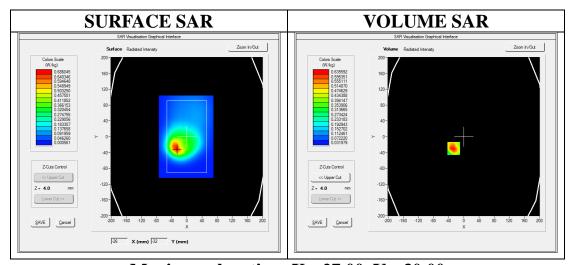
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm			
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete			
Phantom	ELLI			
Device Position	Body Back			
Band	GSM 850			
Channels	Middle			
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)			

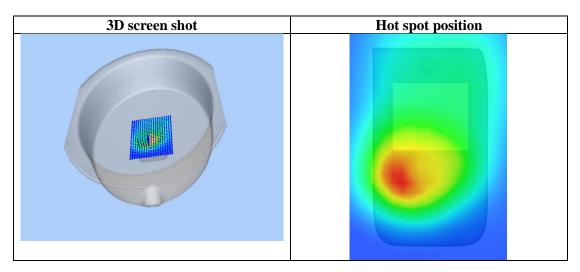


Maximum location: X=-27.00, Y=-30.00 SAR Peak: 0.94 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.359609		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.608498		

Report No.: AGC09907170401FH01 Page 66 of 107

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.8833	0.6356	0.4105	0.2601	0.1665	0.1109	0.0793
(W/Kg)							
	0.9-						
	0.8-				+++		
	0.7-	$\overline{}$					
	<b>≘</b> 0.6-	$\bot$					
	⊕ 0.6- 0.5-						
		+					
	SA 0.4-						
	0.3-						
	0.2-				+++		
					+		
	0.1-¦	2.5 5.0 7.5 10	0.0 15.0	20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
	0.0	2.0 0.0 7.0 10		Z (mm)	50.0 55	.0 40.0	



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 13,2017

GPRS 850 Mid-Touch-Left (4up) <SIM 2>

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: GPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1; Conv.F=5.67 Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.90$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 41.42$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.8

### **SATIMO Configuration:**

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

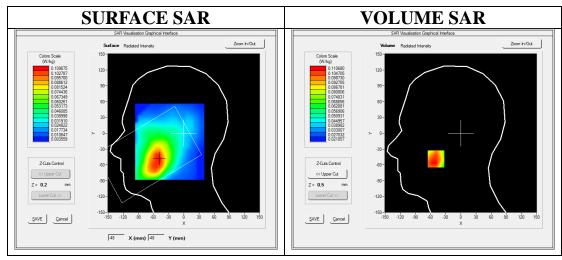
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: SAM twin phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Touch-Left/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Touch-Left/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt			
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete			
Phantom	Left head			
Device Position	Cheek			
Band	GSM 850			
Channels	Middle			
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)			



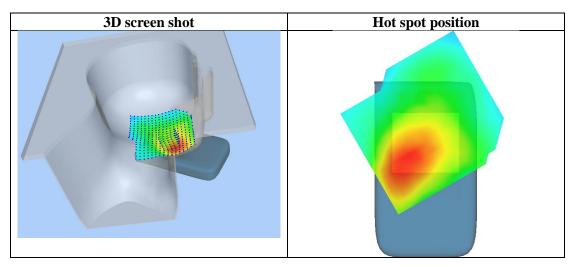
**Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-49.00** 

SAR Peak: 0.14 W/kg

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.086893			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.110279			

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.1465	0.1107	0.0853	0.0777	0.0679	0.0554	0.0493
(W/Kg)							
	0.15-						
	0.12-	$\lambda \sqcup \bot$					
	0.10-	+ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$			+++		
	§	🔪					
	80.0 XB	<del>-   -   -  </del>			+++		
				<u> </u>			
	0.06-	+	++++				
	0.04 -	2.5 5.0 7.51	0.0 15.0	20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
	0.0	1 2.5 5.0 7.5 1			30.0 33	.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 13,2017

GSM 850 Mid- Body- Back (MS)<SIM 2>

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.89; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.95$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 54.81$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.6

### **SATIMO Configuration:**

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

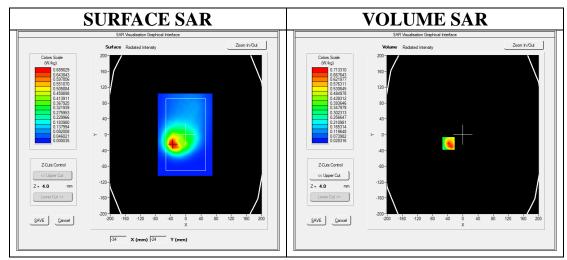
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm			
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete			
Phantom	ELLI			
Device Position	Body Back			
Band	GSM 850			
Channels	Middle			
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)			

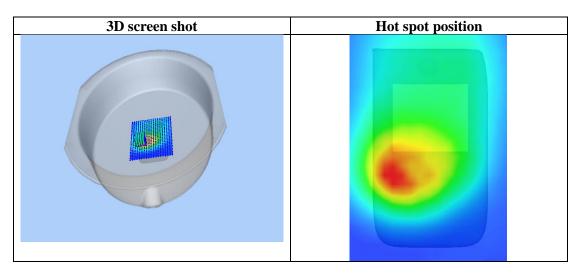


Maximum location: X=-38.00, Y=-22.00 SAR Peak: 1.12 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.391385			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.678163			

Report No.: AGC09907170401FH01 Page 70 of 107

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	1.3161	0.7128	0.3184	0.2562	0.1489	0.1102	0.0751
(W/Kg)							
	1.3- 1.2- 1.0- (g) 0.8- W 0.6- 0.4- 0.2- 0.1- 0.0	2.5 5.0 7.5 10		20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 20,2017

PCS 1900 Mid-Touch-Right <SIM 1> DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.14; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.39$  mho/m;  $\epsilon = 40.01$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 21.8 , Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 20.6

### SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

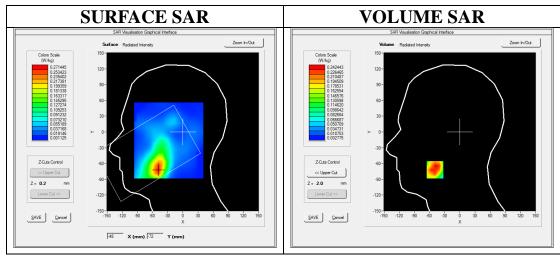
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: SAM twin phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt			
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete			
Phantom	Right head			
Device Position	Cheek			
Band	PCS 1900			
Channels	Middle			
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)			

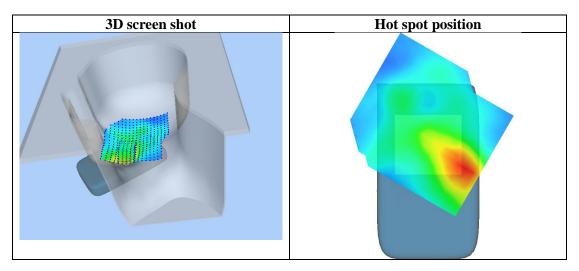


Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-72.00 SAR Peak: 0.40 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.140704		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.237365		

Report No.: AGC09907170401FH01 Page 72 of 107

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.4151	0.2424	0.1302	0.1007	0.0669	0.0484	0.0274
(W/Kg)							
	0.42-						
	0.35	$\setminus$					
		$\mathbf{N} + \mathbf{I}$					
	0.30	$\rightarrow$					
	0.25-	+	++++	+++	+		
	≥ 0.20	$+\lambda+$	++++	$\rightarrow$	$\perp$		
	0.20 - S 0.15 -						
			1				
	0.10-						
	0.05	+++	+				
	0.02-				7		
	0.0	2.5 5.0 7.5 1		20.0 25.0	30.0 35	0.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 20,2017

PCS 1900 Mid-Body-Back (MS)<SIM 1> DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.34; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 53.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 21.8 , Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 20.7

## **SATIMO Configuration:**

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

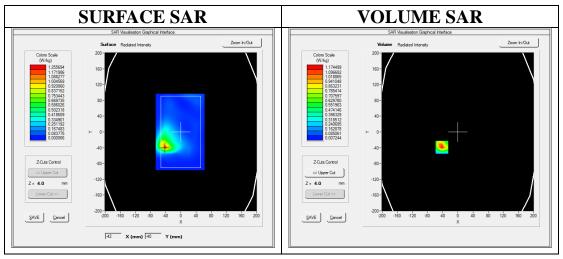
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm				
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete				
Phantom	ELLI				
Device Position	Body Back				
Band	PCŚ 1900				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)				

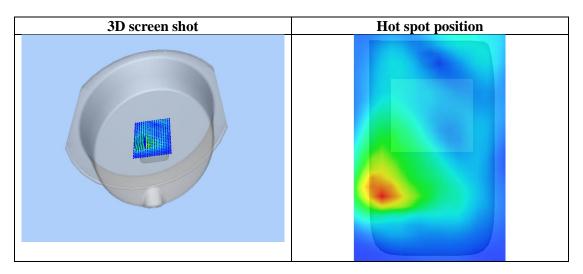


Maximum location: X=-42.00, Y=-39.00 SAR Peak: 1.92 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.571515
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.116015

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	1.9239	1.1745	0.6129	0.3387	0.1886	0.1044	0.0598
(W/Kg)							
	1.92-						
	1.75-	$\leftarrow$	++++	$\rightarrow$	+++		
	1.50-	$\overline{}$	$\square$				
		$\mathbf{N} + \mathbf{I}$					
	© 1.25−- € 1.00−-						
		+	++++	+++			
	₩ 0.75-	++	+	$\bot$			
			<u> </u>				
	0.50-						
	0.25-		<del>                                     </del>		+++		
	0.03-		$\cdots$		<del></del>		
		2.5 5.0 7.5 1	0.0 15.0	20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 20,2017

GPRS1900 Mid-Touch-Right (2up) <SIM 1>

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: GPRS-2Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2; Conv.F=5.14; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.39$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 40.01$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 21.8 , Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 20.6

## **SATIMO Configuration:**

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

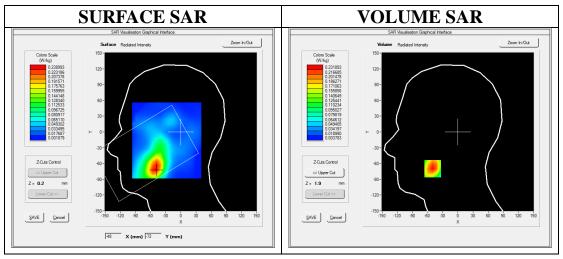
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: SAM twin phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt				
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete				
Phantom	Right head				
Device Position	Cheek				
Band	PCS 1900				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)				

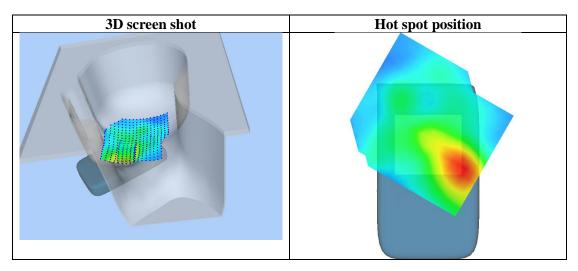


Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=-70.00 SAR Peak: 0.34 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.133752		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.221517		

Report No.: AGC09907170401FH01 Page 76 of 107

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.3129	0.2319	0.1571	0.1005	0.0678	0.0441	0.0287
(W/Kg)	_						
	0.31-						
		$\setminus$					
	0.25-	$\overline{}$					
	፟⊋ 0.20-						
	SAR (W/kg) 0.15	$ \cdot $					
	0.15-	<del>       </del>					
	්රි 0.10						
	0.10-						
	0.05-				_		
	0.02-						
	0.0	2.5 5.0 7.51		20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 20,2017

GPRS 1900 Mid-Body-Back (2up) <SIM 1>

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: GPRS-2Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2; Conv.F=5.34; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 53.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 21.8 , Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 20.7

## **SATIMO Configuration:**

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

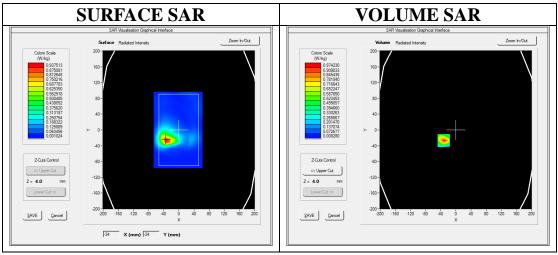
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm				
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete				
Phantom	ELLI				
Device Position	Body Back				
Band	PCŚ 1900				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)				

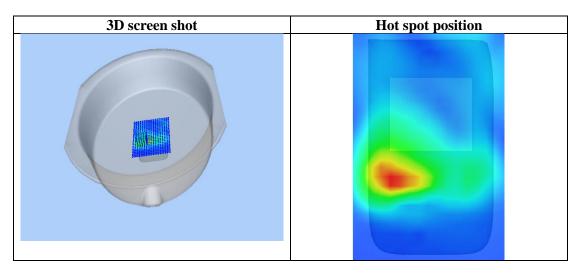


Maximum location: X=-32.00, Y=-27.00 SAR Peak: 1.54 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.467019		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.898140		

Report No.: AGC09907170401FH01 Page 78 of 107

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	1.5176	0.9742	0.5445	0.3199	0.1785	0.1000	0.0564
(W/Kg)							
	1.5-						
	1.4-						
	1.2-	<del>\                                    </del>					
	<b>⊚</b> 1.0-	$\perp$					
	~						
	SS 0.6-				+++		
	0.4-		$\overline{}$	+++			
	0.2-						
					+		
	0.0-	2.5 5.0 7.5 10	0.0 15.0	20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			
			<u> </u>	_ (,			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab

Date: Apr. 20,2017

PCS 1900 Mid-Touch-Right <SIM 2>

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.14; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.39$  mho/m;  $\epsilon = 40.01$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 21.8 , Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 20.6

# SATIMO Configuration:

• Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

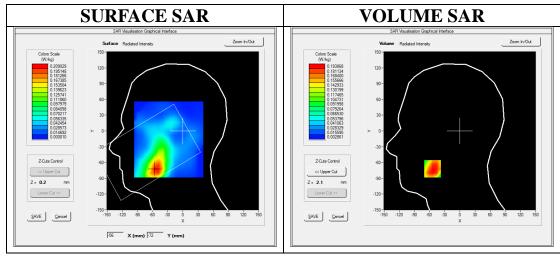
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: SAM twin phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt				
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete				
Phantom	Right head				
Device Position	Cheek				
Band	PCS 1900				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)				

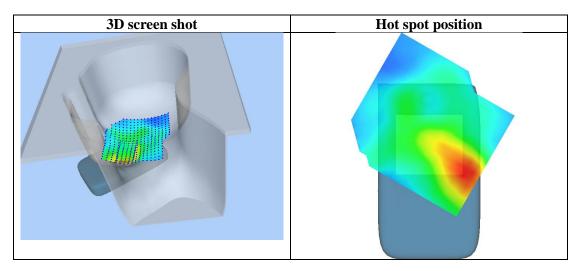


Maximum location: X=-54.00, Y=-72.00 SAR Peak: 0.29 W/kg

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.116945		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.190614		

Report No.: AGC09907170401FH01 Page 80 of 107

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.2316	0.1939	0.1405	0.0946	0.0552	0.0358	0.0224
(W/Kg)							
	0.23						
	0.20-	$\longrightarrow$					
	፟⊋ 0.15	$++\lambda$					
	SAR (W/kg)		$\setminus$				
	₩ 0.10-		$+\lambda$				
	S		$ \cdot $				
	0.05-			$\longrightarrow$			
	0.01				+		
	0.01 -\ 0.0	) 2.5 5.0 7.51	0.0 15.0	20.0 25.0	30.0 35	5.0 40.0	
	0.0			Z (mm)			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 20,2017

PCS 1900 Mid-Body-Back (MS)<SIM 2>

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.34; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\epsilon = 53.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 21.8 , Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 20.7

# SATIMO Configuration:

• Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

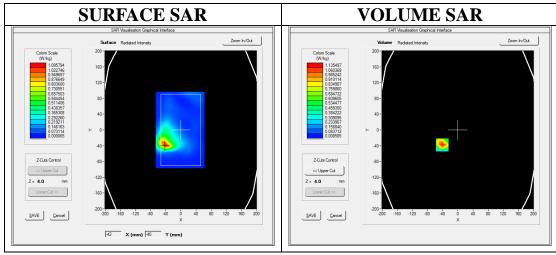
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm			
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete			
Phantom	ELLI			
Device Position	Body Back			
Band	PCS 1900			
Channels	Middle			
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)			

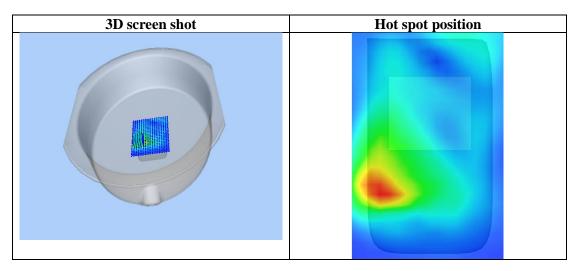


Maximum location: X=-41.00, Y=-38.00 SAR Peak: 1.87 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.554116
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.084973

Report No.: AGC09907170401FH01 Page 82 of 107

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	1.8179	1.1355	0.6108	0.3503	0.1916	0.1050	0.0587
(W/Kg)							
	1.82-						
	1.50	$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$		$\perp \downarrow \downarrow$	$\perp \perp \perp$		
	<sub>ම</sub> 1.25	$\longrightarrow$		+++	+++		
	(F) 1.25	+ + +		+++	+++		
	K 0.75	++		+++	+++		
	0.50-						
	0.25-			+++			
	0.03-¦ 0.0	2.5 5.0 7.51		20.0 25.0 Z (mm)	30.0 35	5.0 40.0	
				2 (mm)			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 20,2017

WCDMA Band II Mid-Touch-Right (RMC)

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.14; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.39$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 40.01$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.8 , Liquid temperature (°C): 20.6

## **SATIMO Configuration:**

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

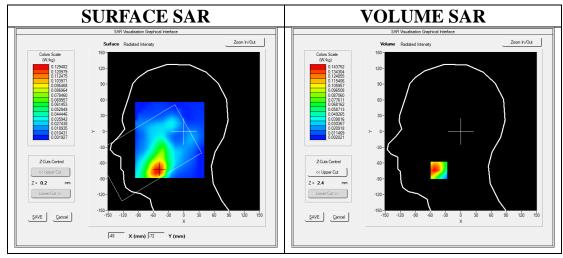
· Phantom: SAM twin phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/WCDMA band II Mid-Touch-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Configuration/WCDMA band II Mid-Touch-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt				
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete				
Phantom	Right head				
Device Position	Cheek				
Band	WCDMA band II				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	CDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)				



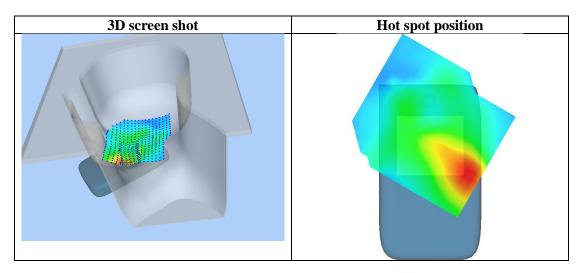
**Maximum location:** X=-43.00, Y=-74.00

SAR Peak: 0.21 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.081358		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.136307		

Report No.: AGC09907170401FH01 Page 84 of 107

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.2761	0.1438	0.0583	0.0630	0.0260	0.0245	0.0103
(W/Kg)							
	0.28 -						
	0.25	$\overline{}$	<del>                                     </del>	+++	+++		
		$\setminus$					
	0.20-	<del>\                                    </del>	<del>                                     </del>	$\overline{}$	+++		
	© 0.15	$-\mathbf{N} + \mathbf{I}$					
	S 0.10-						
	0, 0.10						
	0.05-						
	0.03			$\leftarrow$			
	0.01 -		]_				
	0.0	2.5 5.0 7.51		20.0 25.0	30.0 35	5.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 20,2017

WCDMA Band II Mid-Body-Towards Grounds (RMC 12.2kbps)

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.34; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 53.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 21.8 , Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 20.7

### SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

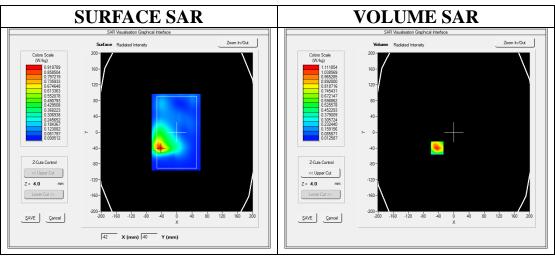
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/ WCDMA band II Mid-Body-back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA band II Mid-Body-back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5m;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm				
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete				
Phantom	ELLI				
Device Position	Body Back				
Band	WCDMA band II				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	CDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)				

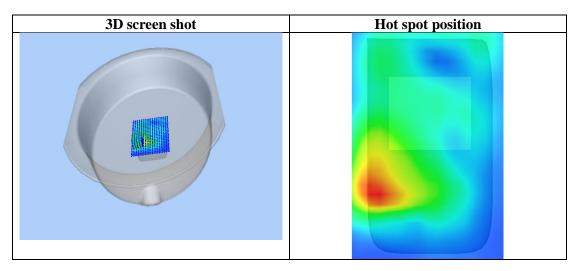


Maximum location: X=-44.00, Y=-40.00 SAR Peak: 1.77 W/kg

	8			
<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.566010			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.055342			

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	1.7451	1.1119	0.6112	0.3547	0.1950	0.1117	0.0652
(W/Kg)							
	1.75-						
	1.50-	$\longrightarrow$	++++				
		<b>\</b>					
	1.25-						
	1.00-	+					
	9 0.75-	+					
	S		$\downarrow \mid \mid \mid \mid \mid$				
	0.50-						
	0.25-		++	+			
	0.03-				++-		
	0.0	2.5 5.0 7.51	0.0 15.0	20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 13,2017

WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Left (RMC)

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.67;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835MHz;  $\sigma = 0.90$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 41.42$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.8

# **SATIMO Configuration:**

• Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

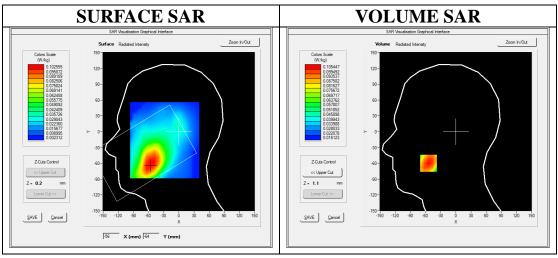
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: SAM twin phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

 $\label{lem:configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Left/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm \\ \textbf{Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Left/Zoom Scan: } \\ \text{Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm} \\ \text{Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm} \\ \text{Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm} \\ \text{Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm} \\ \text{Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, d$ 

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt				
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete				
Phantom	Left head				
Device Position	Cheek				
Band	WCDMA Band V				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	CDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)				

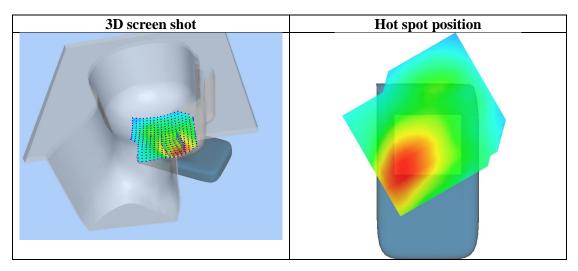


Maximum location: X=-54.00, Y=-60.00 SAR Peak: 0.12 W/kg

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.082233		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.101708		

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.1152	0.1054	0.0914	0.0768	0.0647	0.0542	0.0454
(W/Kg)							
	0.12-						
	[						
	0.10-						
	g 0.09 -	+++					
	0.09-		+				
	O.07-		++				
	- 0.06			$\rightarrow$			
	0.05-						
	0.03						
	0.04 -						
	0.0	2.5 5.0 7.51		20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 13,2017

WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Towards Grounds (RMC)

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.89;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835MHz;  $\sigma = 0.95$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 54.81$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.6

# **SATIMO Configuration:**

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

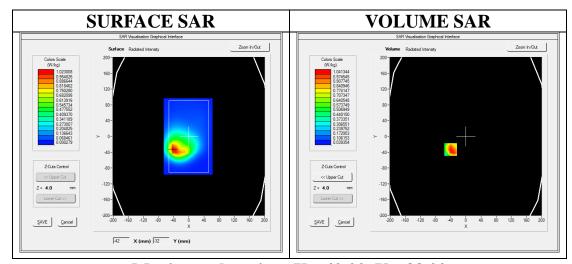
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm				
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete				
Phantom	ELLI				
Device Position	Body Back				
Band	WCDMA Band V				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	CDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)				

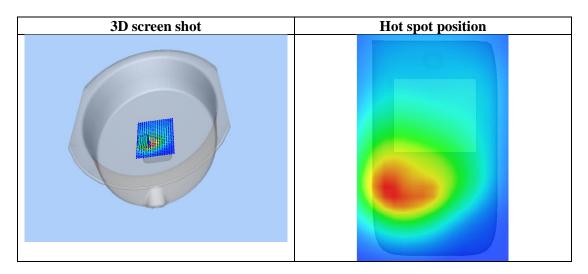


Maximum location: X=-40.00, Y=-33.00 SAR Peak: 1.71 W/kg

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.582728		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.022591		

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	1.5711	1.0413	0.6176	0.3833	0.2409	0.1625	0.1089
(W/Kg)							
	1.6-						
	1.4-	++-	$\overline{}$	+++	+		
	1.2-						
	© 1.0- 0.8-						
	≥ 0.8-	++	+++	+++	+		
	0.6	$\perp$		$\perp$			
			$\mathbb{N} + \mathbb{N}$				
	0.4-						
	0.2-	+++		+++			
	0.1-	25 50 75 1	150	20.0	20.0		
	0.0	2.5 5.0 7.5 10		20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			



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# **WIFI MODE**

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 24,2017

802.11b Mid-Tilt-Right DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.07;

Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.83$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 39.45$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C):22.5, Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 21.6

#### SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

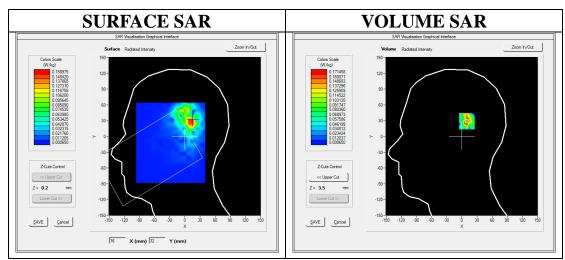
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: SAM twin phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/802.11b Mid- Tilt-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/802.11b Mid- Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt				
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm				
Phantom	Right head				
Device Position	Tilt				
Band	2450MHz				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	Crest factor: 1.0				



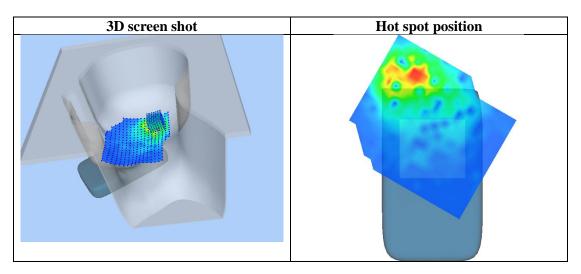
Maximum location: X=14.00, Y=30.00

SAR Peak: 0.43 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.054667		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.128709		

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.4123	0.1715	0.0365	0.0360	0.0220	0.0082	0.0047
(W/Kg)	0.41 - 0.35 0.30 0.25 0.20 WW 0.15						
	0.10 0.05 0.00- <sub>1</sub>	2.5 5.0 7.51		20.0 25.0 Z (mm)	30.0 35	.0 40.0	



Date: Apr. 24,2017

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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab 802.11b Mid-Body-Worn- Back DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.19;

Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 53.96$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):22.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.5

## **SATIMO Configuration:**

• Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

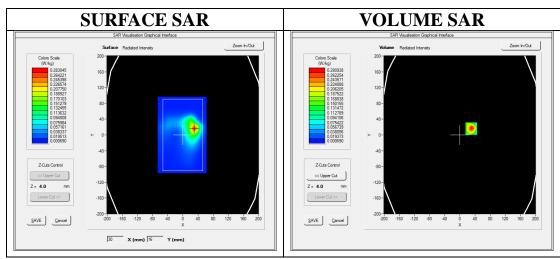
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/802.11b Mid- Body- Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/802.11b Mid- Body- Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm					
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm					
Phantom	ELLI					
Device Position	Body Back					
Band	2450MHz					
Channels	Middle					
Signal	Crest factor: 1.0					

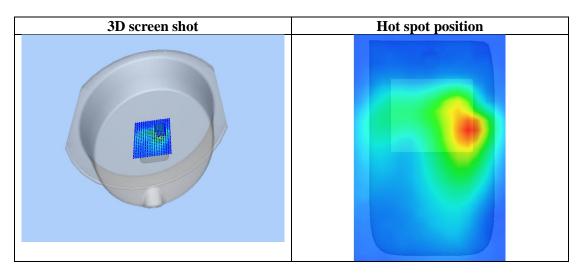


Maximum location: X=30.00, Y=16.00 SAR Peak: 0.58 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.110313		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.272760		

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.5778	0.2809	0.0906	0.0281	0.0089	0.0025	0.0008
(W/Kg)	0.6- 0.5- 0.4- 0.3- WW 0.3- 0.1- 0.0-	2.5 5.0 7.5 10		20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			



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**Repeated SAR** 

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 20,2017

PCS 1900 Mid-Body-Back (MS)<SIM 1>

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.34; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\epsilon = 53.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 21.8 , Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 20.7

#### **SATIMO Configuration:**

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

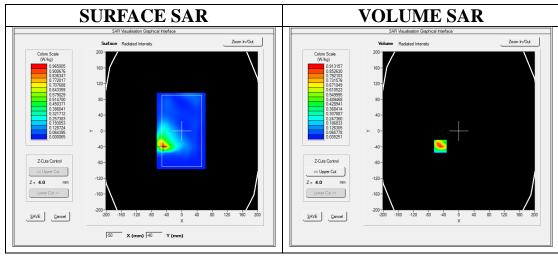
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm				
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete				
Phantom	ELLI				
Device Position	Body Back				
Band	PCS 1900				
Channels	Middle				
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)				

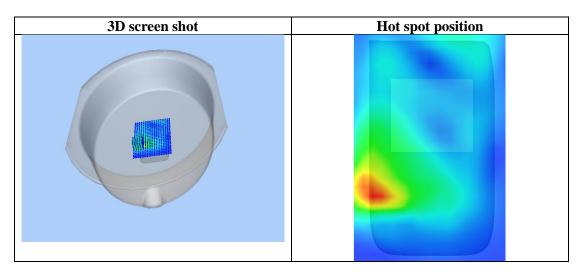


Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-39.00 SAR Peak: 1.49 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.433458			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.841888			

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	1.4128	0.9132	0.5066	0.2642	0.1433	0.0770	0.0457
(W/Kg)							
	1.4-	111	<del> </del>		111		
	12						
	1.2-						
	1.0-	+	$\overline{}$	+++			
	0.8-						
	≥ 0.0						
	₩ 0.6-	++	<del>                                     </del>	<del>-       -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -  </del>			
	0.4-						
	0.2-		<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>			
	0.0-				┿┿┷		
	0.0	2.5 5.0 7.5 10	0.0 15.0	20.0 25.0	30.0 35	.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			
				` '			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 20,2017

WCDMA Band II Mid-Body-Towards Grounds (RMC 12.2kbps)

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.34; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 53.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 21.8 , Liquid temperature ( $^{\circ}$ C): 20.7

### SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

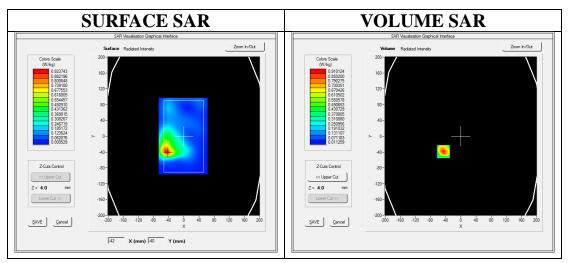
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/ WCDMA band II Mid-Body-back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA band II Mid-Body-back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5m;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm			
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete			
Phantom	ELLI			
Device Position	Body Back			
Band	WCDMA band II			
Channels	Middle			
Signal	CDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)			

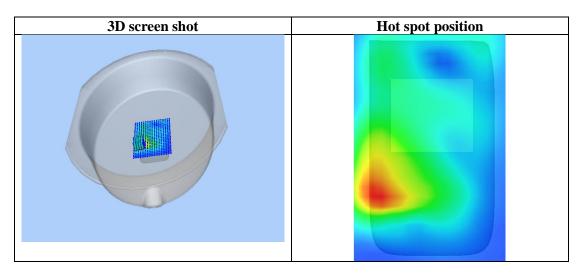


Maximum location: X=-46.00, Y=-39.00 SAR Peak: 1.46 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.462905			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.864945			

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	1.4144	0.9101	0.5091	0.2883	0.1616	0.0920	0.0526
(W/Kg)							
	1.4-	<del> </del>			1 1 1		
	12						
	1.2-						
	_ 1.0-	$\overline{}$	+++	<del>-   -   -  </del>	+++		
	0.8						
	≥ 0.0						
	₩ 0.6-	++			+++		
	0.4-		$\longrightarrow$				
	0.2-						
	0.0	+ + +			+-		
	0.0	2.5 5.0 7.5 10	0.0 15.0	20.0 25.0	30.0 35	0.0 40.0	
				Z (mm)			



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Apr. 13,2017

WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Towards Grounds (RMC)

DUT: MID; Type: SC706

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.89;

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835MHz;  $\sigma = 0.95$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 54.81$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.6

# **SATIMO Configuration:**

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

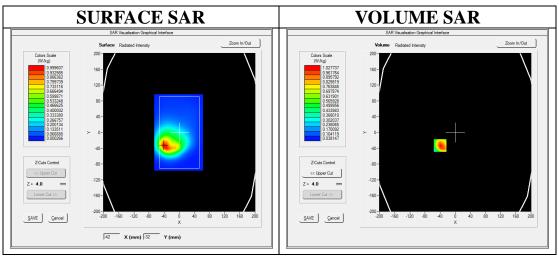
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4\_02\_35

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm			
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete			
Phantom	ELLI			
Device Position	Body Back			
Band	WCDMA Band V			
Channels	Middle			
Signal	CDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)			

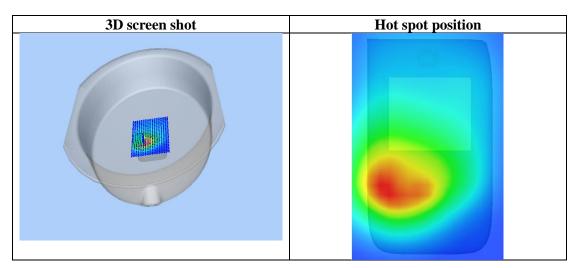


Maximum location: X=-40.00, Y=-33.00 SAR Peak: 1.59 W/kg

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.570773			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.987986			

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Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	1.5727	1.0277	0.6037	0.3692	0.2397	0.1571	0.1054
(W/Kg)							
	1.6- 1.4- 1.2- (b) 1.0- 0.8- WW 0.8- 0.6- 0.4- 0.2- 0.1- 0.0	2.5 5.0 7.5 10		20.0 25.0 Z (mm)	30.0 35	.0 40.0	



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# **APPENDIX C. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**

LEFT- CHEEK TOUCH







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Body Back 0mm



Body Front 0mm



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Edge 2(Right) 0mm



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Edge 3(Bottom) 0mm



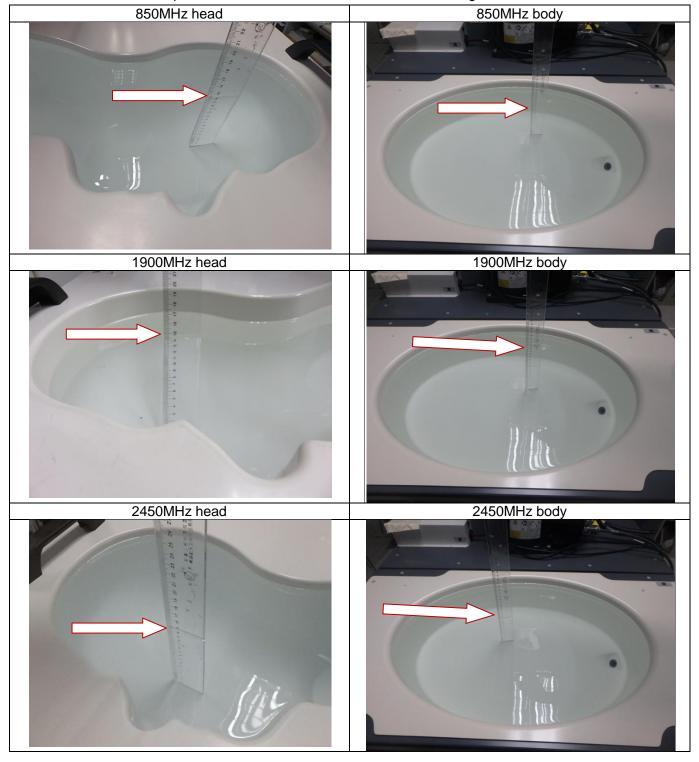
Edge 4(Left) 0mm



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# DEPTH OF THE LIQUID IN THE PHANTOM—ZOOM IN

Note: The position used in the measurement were according to IEEE 1528-2013



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# **APPENDIX D. CALIBRATION DATA**

Refer to Attached files.