



KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz
FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093)

SAR EVALUATION REPORT
For
Braster In-Home Breast Examination System
Model: BRA-1.0

FCC ID: 2ALTBRA-V10

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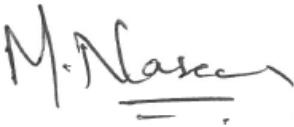
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1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name:	Braster Spolka Akcyjna							
Model:	BRA-1.0							
Test Device is	A final product with special customize firmware							
Device category	Medical Device							
Date Tested	03 April to 04 April 2017							
ICNIRP Guidelines Limits for SAR Exposure Characteristics	General Population/Localised SAR (Body) – SAR limit 1.6 W/kg							
The highest reported SAR values for Localized SAR	RF Exposure Conditions		Equipment Class					
			Licensed	DTS	U-NII			
	Standalone	Body	N/A	0.022 W/kg	N/A			
Applicable Standards	Simultaneous Transmission	Body	N/A	N/A	N/A			
	FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) KDB publications IEEE Std 1528-2013							
Test Results	Pass							
UL VS Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL VS Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties are in accordance with the above standard and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.								
Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample(s), under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL VS Ltd. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL VS Ltd. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by UKAS. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.								
Approved & Released By:	Prepared By:							
								
Naseer Mirza Project Lead UL VS Ltd.	James Lingham Laboratory Engineer UL VS Ltd.							

2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

2.1. Test Specification

Reference:	KDB Publication Number: 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
Title:	SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz
Introduction:	The SAR Measurement procedures for 100MHz to 6GHz are described in this document. Field probes, tissue dielectric properties, SAR scans, measurement accuracy and variability of the measured results are discussed. The field probe and SAR scan requirements are derived from criteria considered in standard IEEE 1528-2013. The wireless product and technology specific procedures in applicable KDB publications are required to be used unless further guidance has been approved by the FCC.
Purpose of Test:	To determine if the Equipment Under Test complies with the Specific Absorption Rate for general population/uncontrolled exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093).

2.2. Methods and Procedures Reference Documentation

The methods and procedures used were as detailed in:

IEEE 1528:2013

IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques.

FCC KDB Publication:

KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
 KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
 KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02

2.3. Definition of Measurement Equipment

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the standards referenced in the methods & procedures section above. Section 4.3 contains a list of the test equipment used.

3. Facilities and Accreditation

The measurement facilities used to collect data are located at

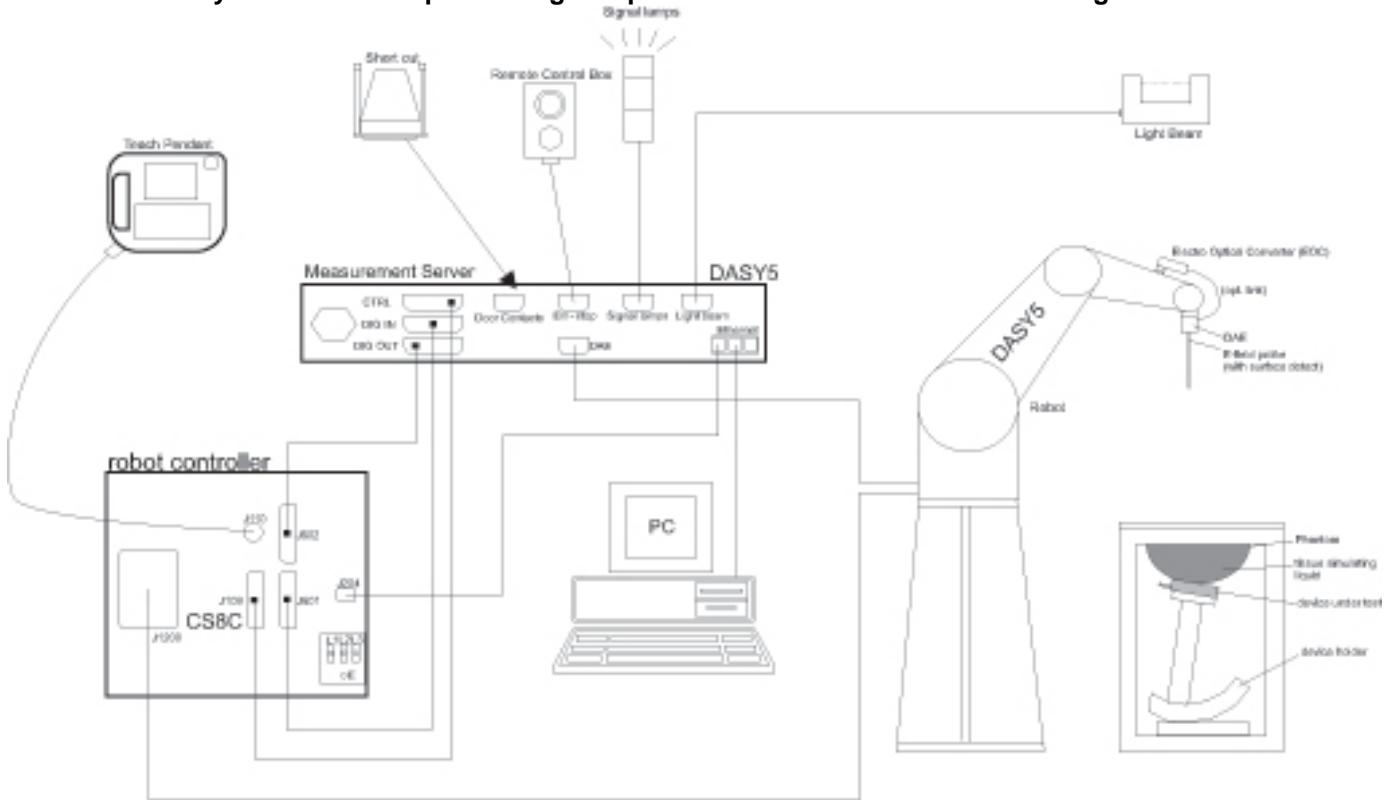
Pavilion A, Ashwood Park, Ashwood Way, Basingstoke, Hampshire, RG23 8BG UK	Facility Type
SAR Lab 59	Controlled Environment Chamber

UL VS Limited is accredited by UKAS (United Kingdom Accreditation Service, Accredited to ISO/IEC 17025: 2005), Laboratory UKAS Code 0644.

4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY test systems used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and Win8 with DASY software installed.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.2.1. Normal SAR Measurement Procedure

The following procedure shall be performed for each of the test conditions Measure the local SAR at a test point within 8 mm of the phantom inner surface that is closest to the DUT.

- a) Measure the two-dimensional SAR distribution within the phantom (area scan procedure).
- b) The boundary of the measurement area shall not be closer than 20 mm from the phantom side walls. The distance between the measurement points should enable the detection of the location of local maximum with an accuracy of better than half the linear dimension of the tissue cube after interpolation. A maximum grid spacing of 20 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and $(60/f [GHz])$ mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater is recommended. The maximum distance between the geometrical centre of the probe detectors and the inner surface of the phantom shall be 5 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and $\delta \ln(2)/2$ mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater, where δ is the plane wave skin depth and $\ln(x)$ is the natural logarithm. The maximum variation of the sensor-phantom surface distance shall be ± 1 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and $\pm 0,5$ mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater. At all measurement points the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface should be less than 5°. If this cannot be achieved for a measurement distance to the phantom inner surface shorter than the probe diameter, additional uncertainty evaluation is needed.
- c) From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB 6 of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W /kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W /kg, 10 g limit).
- d) Measure the three-dimensional SAR distribution at the local maxima locations identified in step c) (zoom scan procedure). The horizontal grid step shall be $(24 / f [GHz])$ mm or less but not more than 8 mm. The minimum zoom scan size is 30 mm by 30 mm by 30 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz. For higher frequencies, the minimum zoom scan size can be reduced to 22 mm by 22 mm by 22 mm. The grid step in the vertical direction shall be $(8-f [GHz])$ mm or less but not more than 5 mm, if uniform spacing is used. If variable spacing is used in the vertical direction, the maximum spacing between the two closest measured points to the phantom shell shall be $(12/f [GHz])$ mm or less but not more than 4 mm, and the spacing between farther points shall increase by an incremental factor not exceeding 1,5. When variable spacing is used, extrapolation routines shall be tested with the same spacing as used in measurements. The maximum distance between the geometrical centre of the probe detectors and the inner surface of the phantom shall be 5 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and $\delta \ln(2)/2$ mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater, where δ is the plane wave skin depth and $\ln(x)$ is the natural logarithm. Separate grids shall be centred on each of the local SAR maxima found in step c). Uncertainties due to field distortion between the media boundary and the dielectric enclosure of the probe should also be minimized, which is achieved if the distance between the phantom surface and physical tip of the probe is larger than probe tip diameter. Other methods may utilize correction procedures for these boundary effects that enable high precision measurements closer than half the probe diameter. For all measurement points, the angle of the probe with respect to the flat phantom surface shall be less than 5°.
- e) Use post processing (e.g. interpolation and extrapolation) procedures to determine the local SAR values at the spatial resolution needed for mass averaging.
- f) The local SAR should be measured at the same location as in Step a). SAR drift is assessed and reported in the uncertainty budget.

In the event that the evaluation of measurement drift exceeds the 5 % tolerance, it is required that SAR be reassessed following guidelines contained within this standard.

If the drift is larger than 5 %, then the measurement drift shall be considered a bias, not an uncertainty. A correction shall be applied to the measured SAR value. It is not necessary to record the drift in the uncertainty budget (i.e. $u_i = 0$ %). The uncertainty budget reported in a measurement report should correspond to the highest SAR value reported (after correction, if applicable). Alternatively, the uncertainty budget reported should cover all measurements, i.e., it should report a conservative value.

Area Scan Parameters:

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Zoom Scan Parameters:

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm *	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm * 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm *	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$ graded grid Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 5 mm ≤ 4 mm ≤ 1.5 · Δz _{Zoom} (n-1)	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

4.3. Test Equipment

Measuring equipment used to perform the tests is documented in this report and has been calibrated in accordance with UKAS' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

UL No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Date Last Calibrated	Cal. Interval (Months)
A1234	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	450	23 Sep 2016	12
A2077	Probe	SPEAG	EX3 DV4	3814	30 Sep 2016	12
A1322	2450 MHz Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	725	29 Sep 2016	12
G0610	Robot Power Supply	SPEAG	DASY52	F13/5SC6F1/C/01	Calibrated as part of system	-
M1875	Robot Arm	Staubli	TX60 L	F13/5SC6F1/A/01	Calibrated as part of system	-
A2811	Body Handset Positioner	SPEAG	MD4HACV5	None	Calibrated before use	-
M1755	DAK Fluid Probe	SPEAG	SM DAK 040 CA	1089	Calibrated before use	-
M1015	Network Analyser	Agilent Technologies	8753ES	US39172406	26 Sept 2016	12
M1855	Power Sensor	R & S	NRP-Z51	103246	08 Nov 2016	12
A2621	Digital Camera	Nikon	S3600	41010357	N/A	-
M1647	Signal Generator	HP	8648C	3537A01598	16 Sep 2016	12
M1023	Dual Channel Power Meter	R & S	NRVD	863715/030	13 Apr 2016	12
M1635	Power Sensor	R & S	NRV-Z1	826515/015	13 Apr 2016	12
M1634	Power Sensor	R & S	NRV-Z1	860462/016	13 Apr 2016	12
A2100	Directional Coupler	RF-Lambda	11101300748	None	Calibrated before use	-
A2689	Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G	910401427	Calibrated before use	-
A2550	Phantom	SPEAG	Eli Phantom	1252	Calibrated as part of system	-
PRE0141347	Phantom Support Structure	SPEAG	DASY6 Phantom Table	-	Calibrated as part of system	-
M1853	RS Hygrometer	RS Components	#2410WC	D10Q69	18 April 2016	12
PRE0140104	RF Coax Cable	RM Coax	FB311A1020003 030	-	Calibrated before use	-

4.3.1. SAR System Specifications

Robot System	
Positioner:	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: TX60L
Repeatability:	± 0.030 mm
No. of Axis:	6
Serial Number:	F13/5SC6F1/A/01
Reach:	920 mm
Payload:	2.0 kg
Control Unit:	CS8C
Programming Language:	V+
Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System	
Serial Number:	DAE4 SN: 450
PC Controller	
PC:	Dell Precision 340
Operating System:	Windows 2000
Data Card:	DASY5 Measurement Servers
Serial Number:	1423
Data Converter	
Features:	Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converted and control logic.
Software:	DASY5 PRO Software
Connecting Lines:	Optical downlink for data and status info. Optical uplink for commands and clock.
PC Interface Card	
Function:	24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing Link to DAE3 and DAE4 16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system serial link to robot direct emergency stop output for robot.
Phantom	
Phantom:	Eli Phantom
Shell Material:	Fibreglass
Thickness:	2.0 ± 0.1 mm
E-Field Probe	
Model:	EX3DV4
Serial No:	3814
Construction:	Triangular core
Frequency:	10 MHz to >6 GHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Probe Length (mm):	337
Probe Diameter (mm):	10
Tip Length (mm):	9
Tip Diameter (mm):	2.5
Sensor X Offset (mm):	1
Sensor Y Offset (mm):	1
Sensor Z Offset (mm):	1

5. Measurement Uncertainty

No measurement or test can ever be perfect and the imperfections give rise to error of measurement in the results. Consequently, the result of a measurement is only an approximation to the value of the measurand (the specific quantity subject to measurement) and is only complete when accompanied by a statement of the uncertainty of the approximation.

The expression of uncertainty of a measurement result allows realistic comparison of results with reference values and limits given in specifications and standards.

The uncertainty of the result may need to be taken into account when interpreting the measurement results.

The reported expanded uncertainties below are based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by an appropriate coverage factor, such that a confidence level of approximately 95% is maintained. For the purposes of this document "approximately" is interpreted as meaning "effectively" or "for most practical purposes".

Test Name	Confidence Level	Calculated Uncertainty
Uncertainty- Freq. < 3 GHz Body Configuration 1 g	95%	±21.66%
Uncertainty- Freq. > 3 GHz Body Configuration 1 g	95%	±18.71%

The methods used to calculate the above uncertainties are in line with those recommended within the various measurement specifications. Where measurement specifications do not include guidelines for the evaluation of measurement uncertainty, the published guidance of the appropriate accreditation body is followed.

5.1. Uncertainty – Freq. < 3 GHz Body Configuration 1 g

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C _i (10 ³)	Standard Uncertainty		v _i or v _{eff}
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	5.050	5.050	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	5.050	5.050	∞
B	Axial Isotropy	0.250	0.250	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.250	0.250	∞
B	Hemispherical Isotropy	1.300	1.300	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	1.300	1.300	∞
B	Spatial Resolution	0.500	0.500	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.289	0.289	∞
B	Boundary Effect	0.769	0.769	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.444	0.444	∞
B	Linearity	0.300	0.300	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.173	0.173	∞
B	Detection Limits	0.200	0.200	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.115	0.115	∞
B	Readout Electronics	0.160	0.160	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.160	0.160	∞
B	Response Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Integration Time	8.520	8.520	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	4.919	4.919	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.732	1.732	∞
B	Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Probe Positioning with regard to Phantom Shell	2.850	2.850	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.645	1.645	∞
B	Extrapolation and integration / Maximum SAR evaluation	5.080	5.080	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.933	2.933	∞
A	Test Sample Positioning	2.580	2.580	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	2.580	2.580	10
A	Device Holder uncertainty	0.154	0.154	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.154	0.154	10
B	Phantom Uncertainty	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.887	2.887	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (target value)	10.000	10.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6400	3.695	3.695	∞
A	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	2.470	2.470	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6400	1.581	1.581	5
B	Liquid Permittivity (target value)	10.000	10.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6000	3.464	3.464	∞
A	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	2.430	2.430	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6000	1.458	1.458	5
	Combined standard uncertainty			t-distribution			11.05	11.05	>500
	Expanded uncertainty			k = 1.96			21.66	21.66	>500

5.2. Uncertainty – Freq. > 3 GHz Body Configuration 1 g

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C _i (10 ³)	Standard Uncertainty		v _i or v _{eff}
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	5.050	5.050	normal (k=1)	1.0000	5.050	5.050	5.050	∞
B	Axial Isotropy	0.250	0.250	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.250	0.250	0.250	∞
B	Hemispherical Isotropy	1.300	1.300	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.300	1.300	1.300	∞
B	Spatial Resolution	0.500	0.500	Rectangular	1.0000	0.289	0.289	0.500	∞
B	Boundary Effect	0.769	0.769	Rectangular	1.0000	0.444	0.444	0.769	∞
B	Linearity	0.300	0.300	Rectangular	1.0000	0.173	0.173	0.300	∞
B	Detection Limits	0.200	0.200	Rectangular	1.0000	0.115	0.115	0.200	∞
B	Readout Electronics	0.160	0.160	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.160	0.160	0.160	∞
B	Response Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.0000	0.000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Integration Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.0000	0.000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.0000	1.732	1.732	3.000	∞
B	Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.0000	2.309	2.309	4.000	∞
B	Probe Positioning with regard to Phantom Shell	2.850	2.850	Rectangular	1.0000	1.645	1.645	2.850	∞
B	Extrapolation and integration / Maximum SAR evaluation	5.080	5.080	Rectangular	1.0000	2.933	2.933	5.080	∞
A	Test Sample Positioning	1.960	1.960	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.960	1.960	1.960	10
A	Device Holder uncertainty	0.154	0.154	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.154	0.154	0.154	10
B	Phantom Uncertainty	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.0000	2.309	2.309	4.000	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.0000	2.887	2.887	5.000	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (target value)	10.000	10.000	Rectangular	0.6400	3.695	3.695	10.000	∞
A	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	0.800	0.800	normal (k=1)	0.6400	0.512	0.512	0.800	5
B	Liquid Permittivity (target value)	10.000	10.000	Rectangular	0.6000	3.464	3.464	10.000	∞
A	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	1.100	1.100	normal (k=1)	0.6000	0.660	0.660	1.100	5
	Combined standard uncertainty			t-distribution			9.55	9.55	>500
	Expanded uncertainty						18.71	18.71	>500

6. Device Under Test (DUT)

6.1. DUT Description

DUT Description:	The DUT is a part of Braster in-home breast examination system. It supports Wi-Fi 2,4GHz (802.11 b/g) in normal operation mode (hotspot mode).	
Serial Number:	<p>The following sample was used to perform SAR measurements: BRA-0030D5</p> <p>The following sample was used to perform conducted power measurements: BRA-002AD7</p>	
Hardware Version Number:	v.4.3	
Software Version Number:	Custom Test Firmware	
Country of Manufacture:	Poland	
Device dimension	Overall (Diameter x Height): 172 mm x 140 mm	
Date of Receipt:	29 March 2017	
Back Cover	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Normal Battery Cover <input type="checkbox"/> Normal Battery Cover with NFC <input type="checkbox"/> Wireless Charger Battery Cover <input type="checkbox"/> Wireless Charger Battery Cover with NFC	
Accessory	<input type="checkbox"/> None	
Battery Options	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Standard – Lithium-ion battery <input type="checkbox"/> Extended (large capacity)	
Antenna Type:	Internal integral	
Antenna Length:	None Stated	
Number of Antenna Positions:	WLAN ~ Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	1 fixed

6.2. Wireless Technologies

Wireless technologies	Frequency bands	Operating mode	Duty Cycle
Wi-Fi	2.4 GHz	802.11b 802.11g	100%

Additional Information Related to Testing:

Wi-Fi						
Description						
Band	20 MHz BW Ch.#	Frq. (MHz)	40 MHz BW Ch.#	Frq. (MHz)	80 MHz BW Ch.#	Frq. (MHz)
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz (802.11b/g/n)	1	2412.0	N/A			
	2	2417.0				
	3	2422.0				
	4	2427.0				
	5	2432.0				
	6	2437.0				
	7	2442.0				
	8	2447.0				
	9	2452.0				
	10	2457.0				
	11	2462.0				
	12	2467.0				
	13	2472.0				

6.3.Nominal and Maximum Output Power

(From customer)

Band	Channel	Target (dBm)					
		802.11b		802.11g		802.11n HT20	
(1Mbps)	(11Mbps)	(6Mbps)	(54Mbps)	(MCS0)	(MCS0)		
Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	All	11.80	11.70	12.50	11.80	Not Supported	Not Supported
WiFi 2.4 GHz - Tolerance (dB)		+/-1.50	+/-1.50	+/-1.50	+/-1.50	Not Supported	Not Supported

Note:

1. The nominal and maximum average source based rated powers declared and supplied by manufacturer are shown in the above table.

7. RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)

7.1. RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)

Technology Antenna	Configuration	Antenna-to-User Separation	Position	Antenna-to-Edge Separation (mm)	Evaluation Considered
Antenna ~ WLAN	Body	0mm	Position 1	= 5.73	Yes
			Position 2	= 25.17	Yes
			Position 3	> 5.73	Yes
			Position 4	> 5.73	Yes

Note:

1. The most conservative configurations are addressed in the above table for SAR evaluation, other configurations are not most conservative so have not been considered.
2. Please refer section 12.1) PHT/009: DUT Test Positions - for details.

7.2. SAR Test Exclusion Consideration

Frequency Band	Configuration(s)
	Body
	2.4 GHz (WLAN)
WLAN 2.4GHz	No

Note:

1. As per KDB publication 447498 D01, The Frequency Bands with Rated Power including Upper tolerance, which qualify for **Standalone SAR Test Exclusion**, are as per the above table.
2. The details for the Maximum Rated Power and tolerance(s) can be found in section 6.3

8. Conducted output power measurements

8.1. RF Output Average Power Measurement: Bluetooth 2.4 GHz

8.1.1. Wi-Fi 802.11g (2.4 GHz)

Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Upper Antenna	Operating Mode
1	2412.0	13.27	802.11g 6Mbps
6	2437.0	13.15	
11	2462.0	13.00	
12	2467.0	12.68	
13	2472.0	12.81	

Note:

Conducted power measurements were not performed for mode 802.11b due to max. rated power being equal or lower to mode 802.11g.

9. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 – 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

IEEE 1528:2013

Target Frequency (MHz)	Body	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	61.9	0.80
300	58.2	0.92
450	56.7	0.94
750	-	-
835	55.2	0.97
900	55.0	1.05
915	55.0	1.06
1450	54.0	1.30
1500	-	-
1610	53.8	1.40
1640	-	-
1750	-	-
1800	53.3	1.52
1900	53.3	1.52
2000	53.3	1.52
2100	-	-
2300	-	-
2450	52.7	1.95
2600	-	-
3000	52.0	2.73
3500	-	-
4000	-	-
4500	-	-
5000	49.3	5.07
5100	49.1	5.18
5200	49.0	5.30
5250	48.9	5.36
5300	48.9	5.42
5400	48.7	5.53
5500	48.6	5.65
5600	48.5	5.77
5700	48.3	5.88
5750	48.3	5.94
5800	48.2	6.00
6000	-	-

NOTE: For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at some frequencies that are not part of the original data from Drossos et al. [B60] or the extension to 5800 MHz are provided (i.e., the values shown in italics). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz.

9.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

9.3. Reference Target SAR Values

The reference SAR values are obtained from the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles. The measured values are normalised to 1.00 Watt.

System Dipole	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Freq. (MHz)	Target SAR Values (mW/g)	
				1g/10g	Head
D2450V2	725	29 Sep 2016	2450	1g	50.30
				10g	23.80

9.4. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check Results

The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within $\pm 5\%$ of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target. The internal limit is set to $\pm 5\%$.

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System check 2450 Body

Date: 03/04/2017

Validation dipole and Serial Number: D2450V2 / SN: 725

Simulant	Frequency (MHz)	Room Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
Body	2450	23.0	23.0	ϵ_r	52.70	52.16	-1.03	5.00
				Σ	1.95	2.01	2.98	5.00
				1g (W/kg)	50.30	51.60	2.58	5.00
				10g (W/kg)	23.80	23.32	-2.01	5.00

10. Measurements, Examinations and Derived Result

10.1. Specific Absorption Rate - Test Results

For All SAR measurement in this report the 1g-SAR limit tested to is 1.6 W/Kg

10.1.1. Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz – Body 1g

Max Reported SAR = 0.022 (W/kg)

Mod.	Dist (mm)	EUT Position	CH #	Freq (MHz)	Power (dBm)		1g: SAR Results (W/kg)		Scan No.
					Tune up Limit	Meas. Power	Meas.	Reported	
OFDM (802.11g 6Mbps)	0.0	Position 1	1	2412.0	14.00	13.27	0.017	0.020	1
	0.0	Position 2	1	2412.0	14.00	13.27	0.000	0.000	2
	0.0	Position 3	1	2412.0	14.00	13.27	0.019	0.022	3
	0.0	Position 4	1	2412.0	14.00	13.27	0.011	0.013	4
	0.0	Position 3	6	2437.0	14.00	13.15	0.016	0.019	5
	0.0	Position 3	11	2462.0	14.00	13.00	0.009	0.011	6

11. Highest Standalone SAR and Simultaneous Transmission

11.1. Highest Standalone Reported SAR

Individual Transmitter Evaluation per Band:

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Max. Reported 1g - SAR (W/Kg)	Equipment Class	Max Rated Source base Avg. Power + Max Tolerance [dBm]	Highest Reported 1g - SAR (W/Kg)
Body (Separation Distance 0 mm)	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.022	DTS	14.0	0.022

11.2. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

Note: Simultaneous Transmission is not applicable as the device only supports one antenna (WLAN 2.4 GHz)