

SAR TEST REPORT**For****SHEN ZHEN HENG FENG DAS CO.,LIMITED**

mobile phone

Model No.: Q5

Additional Model No.: Q18

Prepared for
Address

: SHEN ZHEN HENG FENG DAS CO.,LIMITED
: 16 Floor, Room, 16H Block A modern of windows Building
Futian District , Shenzhen Guangdong province, China

Prepared by
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Date of receipt of test sample

: April 27, 2017

Number of tested samples

: 1

Serial number

: Prototype

Date of Test

: May 03, 2017~May 08, 2017

Date of Report

: June 15, 2017

SAR TEST REPORT

Report Reference No. : **LCS170427169AE**

Date Of Issue : June 15, 2017

Testing Laboratory Name..... : **Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.**

Address : 1/F., Xingyuan Industrial Park, Tongda Road, Bao'an Avenue, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Testing Location/ Procedure..... : Full application of Harmonised standards Partial application of Harmonised standards Other standard testing method

Applicant's Name..... : **SHEN ZHEN HENG FENG DAS CO.,LIMITED**

Address : 16 Floor, Room, 16H Block A modern of windows Building Futian District , Shenzhen Guangdong province, China

Test Specification:

Standard : IEEE 1528:2013/KDB865664
47CFR §2.1093

Test Report Form No. : LCSEMC-1.0

TRF Originator : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Master TRF : Dated 2014-09

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Test Item Description. : **mobile phone**

Trade Mark : HFSD

Model/Type Reference : Q5

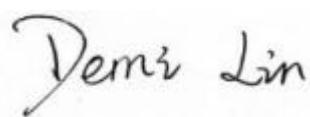
Operation Frequency : GSM 850/PCS1900

Modulation Type : GSM(GMSK), Bluetooth(GFSK,8DPSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Ratings : DC 3.7V, 3000mAh
Charging parameter: Input: 100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, 0.15A;
Output: DC 5V, 0.5A

Result : **Positive**

Compiled by:



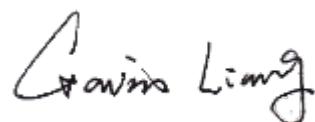
Demi Lin / File administrators

Supervised by:



Glin Lu/ Technique principal

Approved by:



Gavin Liang/ Manager

SAR -- TEST REPORT

| | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Test Report No. : LCS170427169AE | <u>June 15, 2017</u> Date of issue |
|---|---------------------------------------|

Type / Model..... : Q5

EUT..... : mobile phone

Applicant..... : SHEN ZHEN HENG FENG DAS CO.,LIMITED

Address..... : 16 Floor, Room, 16H Block A modern of windows
Building Futian District , Shenzhen Guangdong province,
China

Telephone..... : /

Fax..... : /

Manufacturer..... : SHEN ZHEN HENG FENG DAS CO.,LIMITED

Address..... : 16 Floor, Room, 16H Block A modern of windows
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Address..... : 16 Floor, Room, 16H Block A modern of windows
Building Futian District , Shenzhen Guangdong province,
China

Telephone..... : /

Fax..... : /

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| Test Result | Positive |
|--------------------|-----------------|

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Revision History

| Revision | Issue Date | Revisions | Revised By |
|----------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| 00 | June 15, 2017 | Initial Issue | Gavin Liang |
| | | | |

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1. TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

1.1. Test Standards

[IEEE Std C95.1, 2005](#): IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

[IEEE Std 1528™-2013](#): IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

[FCC Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation](#): Portable Devices

[KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06](#) : Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

[KDB648474 D04, Handset SAR v01r03](#): SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

[KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04](#) : SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

[KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02](#): RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

[KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01](#): 3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES

1.2. Test Description

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power . And Test device is identical prototype.

1.3. General Remarks

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------|
| Date of receipt of test sample | : | April 27, 2017 |
| Testing commenced on | : | May 03, 2017 |
| Testing concluded on | : | May 08, 2017 |

1.4. Product Description

The **SHEN ZHEN HENG FENG DAS CO.,LIMITED.**’s Model: **Q5** or the “EUT” as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user’s manual of the EUT.

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| General Description | |
| Product Name: | mobile phone |
| Model/Type reference: | Q5 |
| Listed Model(s): | Q5, Q18 |
| Modulation Type: | GMSK for GSM/GPRS GFSK/8DPSK/π/4DQPSK for Bluetooth |
| Device category: | Portable Device |
| Exposure category: | General population/uncontrolled environment |
| EUT Type: | Production Unit |
| Hardware Version | X02B V1.0 |
| Software Version: | N/A |
| Power supply: | DC 3.7V, 3000mAh Charging parameter: Input: 100~240V AC, 50/60Hz, 0.15A; Output: DC 5V, 0.5A |

The EUT is GSM mobile phone. the mobile phone is intended for speech and Multimedia Message Service (MMS) transmission. It is equipped with GPRS class 12 for GSM850, PCS1900 and Bluetooth, camera functions. For more information see the following datasheet

| Technical Characteristics | |
|---------------------------|--|
| GSM | |
| Support Networks | GSM, GPRS |
| Support Band | GSM850, PCS1900 |
| Frequency | GSM850: 824.2~848.8MHz GSM1900: 1850.2~1909.8MHz |
| Power Class: | GSM850:Power Class 4 PCS1900:Power Class 1 |
| Modulation Type: | GMSK for GSM/GPRS; |
| Antenna Information | 1.5dBi (max.) for GSM 850; 1.5dBi (max.) for PCS 1900; 1.5dBi (max.) for BT |
| GSM Release Version | R99 |
| GPRS Multislot Class | 12 |
| EGPRS Multislot Class | Not Supported |
| DTM Mode | Not Supported |
| BT Modulation Type | GFSK,8DPSK,π/4DQPSK(BT V2.0+EDR) |

1.5. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for Q5 are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

| Classification Class | Frequency Band | Head (Report SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg)) | Body-worn (Report SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg)) |
|----------------------|----------------|---|--|
| PCE | GSM 850 | 0.722 | 1.097 |
| | GSM1900 | 0.493 | 0.299 |

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

| Exposure Position | Frequency Band | Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg) | Classification Class | Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR _{1-g} (W/kg) |
|-------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Body-worn | GSM 850 | 1.097 | PCE | 1.130 |
| | BT | 0.033 | DSS | |

1.6. Internal Identification of AE used during the test

| EUT ID* | SN or IMEI | HW Version | SW Version |
|---------|-----------------|---------------|------------|
| EUT1 | 865698199011794 | HYSTTG63_V1.2 | -/- |
| EUT3 | 865698161729763 | HYSTTG63_V1.2 | -/- |

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT1, and conducted power with the EUT3;

| | |
|--------|-------------|
| AE ID* | Description |
| AE1 | Battery |
| AE2 | Charger |

AE2

Model: Q5

INPUT: AC100-240V 50/60Hz 0.15A

OUTPUT: DC 5.0V 0.5A

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

2. TEST ENVIRONMENT

2.1. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description

EMC Lab.

- : CNAS Registration Number. is L4595.
- FCC Registration Number. is 899208.
- Industry Canada Registration Number. is 9642A-1.
- ESMD Registration Number. is ARCB0108.
- UL Registration Number. is 100571-492.
- TUV SUD Registration Number. is SCN1081.
- TUV RH Registration Number. is UA 50296516-001.

2.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| Temperature: | 18-25 ° C |
| Humidity: | 40-65 % |
| Atmospheric pressure: | 950-1050mbar |

2.3. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

| EXPOSURE LIMITS | SAR (W/kg) | |
|--|--|--|
| | (General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment) | (Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment) |
| Spatial Average(averaged over the whole body) | 0.08 | 0.4 |
| Spatial Peak(averaged over any 1 g of tissue) | 1.6 | 8.0 |
| Spatial Peak(hands/wrists/feet/anklesaveraged over 10 g) | 4.0 | 20.0 |

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

| Test Equipment | Manufacturer | Type/Model | Serial Number | Calibration | |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | Calibration Date | Calibration Due |
| PC | Lenovo | G5005 | MY42081102 | N/A | N/A |
| Signal Generator | Agilent | E4438C | MY42081396 | 09/25/2016 | 09/24/2017 |
| Multimeter | Keithley | MiltiMeter 2000 | 4059164 | 10/01/2015 | 09/30/2017 |
| S-parameter Network Analyzer | Agilent | 8753ES | US38432944 | 09/25/2016 | 09/24/2017 |
| Wireless Communication Test Set | R & S | CMU200 | 105988 | 09/25/2016 | 09/24/2017 |
| Power Meter | R & S | NRVS | 100469 | 09/25/2016 | 09/24/2017 |
| Power Sensor | R & S | NRV-Z51 | 100458 | 09/25/2016 | 09/24/2017 |
| Power Sensor | R & S | NRV-Z32 | 10057 | 09/25/2016 | 09/24/2017 |
| E-Field PROBE | SATIMO | SSE2 | SN 34/15 EPGO265 | 09/15/2016 | 09/14/2017 |
| DIPOLE 835 | SATIMO | SID 835 | SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303 | 10/01/2015 | 09/30/2018 |
| DIPOLE 1900 | SATIMO | SID 1900 | SN 30/14 DIP 1G900-333 | 10/01/2015 | 09/30/2018 |
| COMOSAR OPEN Coaxial Probe | SATIMO | OCPG 68 | SN 40/14 OCPG68 | 10/01/2015 | 09/30/2018 |
| Communication Antenna | SATIMO | ANTA57 | SN 39/14 ANTA57 | 10/01/2015 | 09/30/2018 |
| Mobile Phone POSITIONING DEVICE | SATIMO | MSH98 | SN 40/14 MSH98 | N/A | N/A |
| DUMMY PROBE | SATIMO | DP60 | SN 03/14 DP60 | N/A | N/A |
| SAM PHANTOM | SATIMO | SAM117 | SN 40/14 SAM117 | N/A | N/A |
| High Power Solid State Amplifier (80MHz~1000MHz) | Instruments for Industry | CMC150 | M631-0627 | 09/25/2016 | 09/24/2017 |
| Medium Power Solid State Amplifier (0.8~4.2GHz) | Instruments for Industry | S41-25 | M629-0539 | 09/25/2016 | 09/24/2017 |
| Wave Tube Amplifier 48 GHz at 20Watt | Hughes Aircraft Company | 1277H02F000 | 102 | 09/25/2016 | 09/24/2017 |

Note:

- 1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with following criteria at least on annual interval.
 - a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
 - b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values;
 - c) The most recent return-loss results, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;
 - d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

3. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System(VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch, It sends an “Emergency signal” to the robot controller that to stop robot’s moves

A computer operating Windows XP.

OPENSAR software

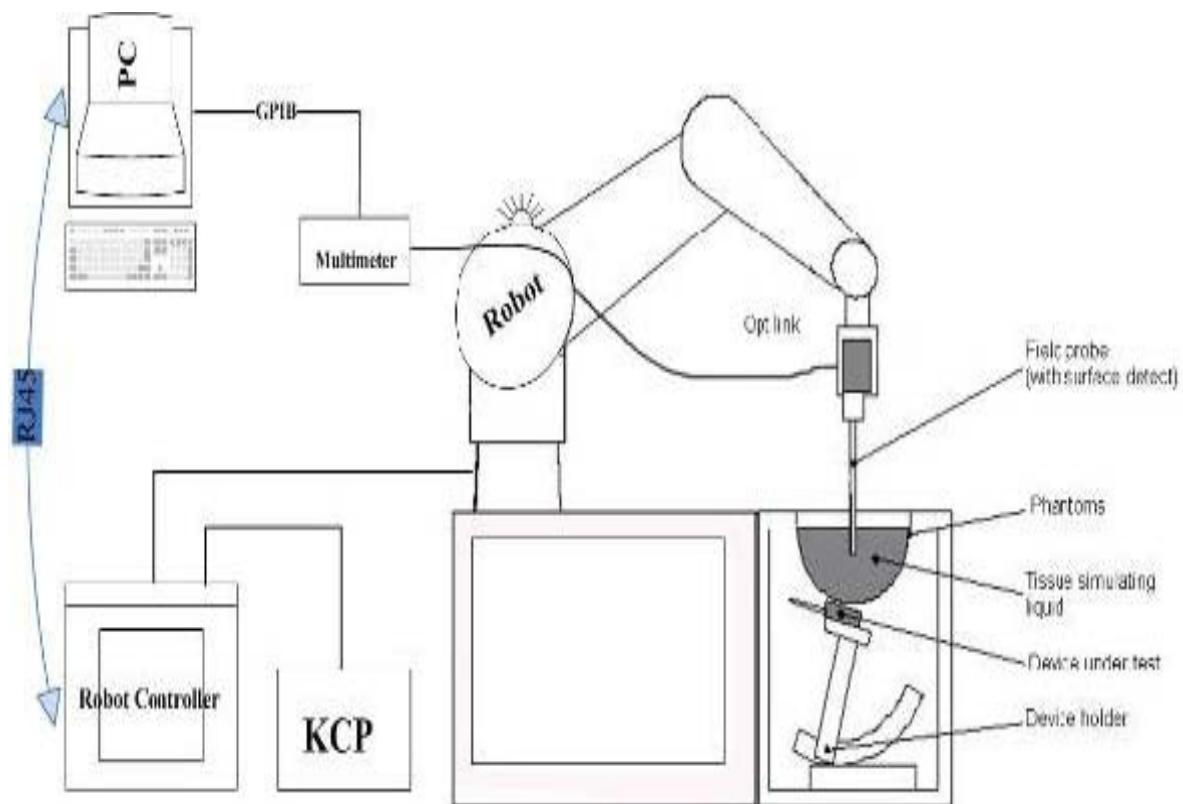
Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes .

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



3.2. OPENSAR E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EPGO265 (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

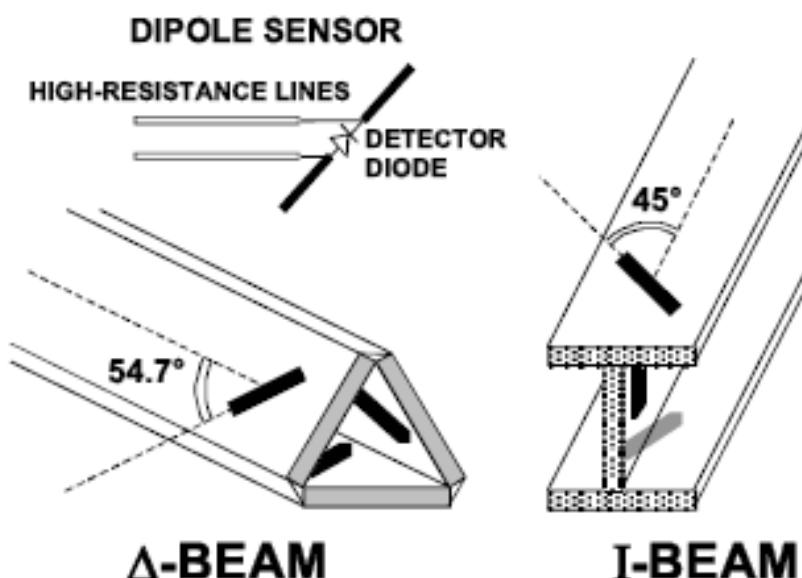
| | |
|---------------|--|
| Frequency | 700 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: 0.25dB (700 MHz to 3GHz) |
| Directivity | 0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) |
| Dynamic Range | 0.01W/kg to > 100 W/kg; Linearity: 0.25 dB |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16mm) Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm) Distance from probe tip to sensor centers: 2.5 mm |
| Application | General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones |



Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

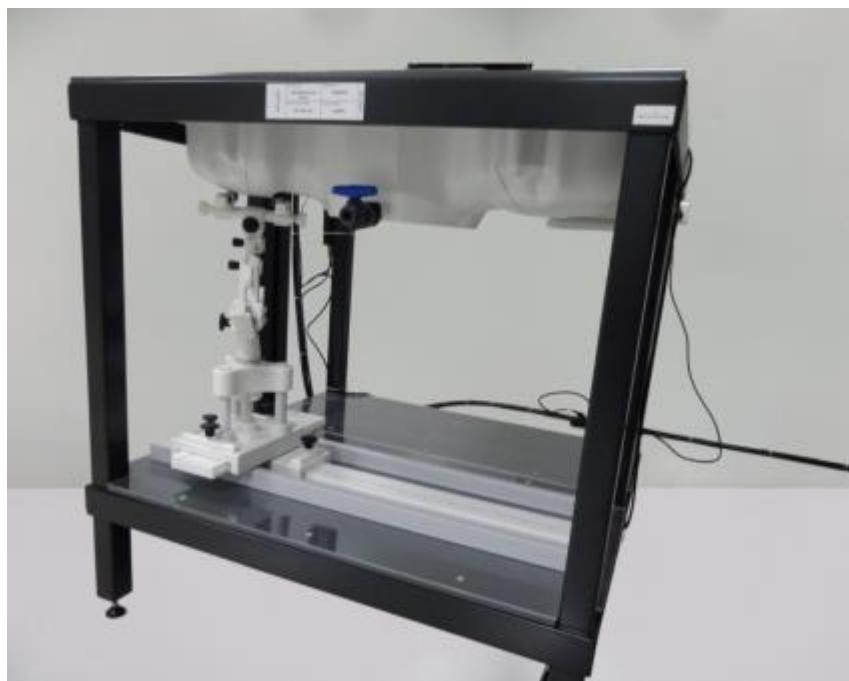
The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



3.3. Phantoms

The SAM Phantom SAM117 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1, EN62209-2:2010. The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

3.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin Phantom SAM117, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Device holder supplied by SATIMO

3.5. Scanning Procedure

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

| | ≤ 3 GHz | > 3 GHz |
|--|--|--|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface | $5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$ | $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$ |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location | $30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ | $20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ |
| | $\leq 2 \text{ GHz: } \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz: } \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \leq 10 \text{ mm}$ |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area} | When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device. | |

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

| | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom} | | $\leq 2 \text{ GHz: } \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz: } \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$ | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \leq 4 \text{ mm}^*$ |
| | uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$ | $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \leq 2 \text{ mm}$ |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface | graded grid | $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1):$ between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \leq 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \leq 2 \text{ mm}$ |
| | | $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1):$ between subsequent points | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1) \text{ mm}$ |
| Minimum zoom scan volume | X, y, z | $\geq 30 \text{ mm}$ | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \geq 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \geq 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \geq 22 \text{ mm}$ |

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

3.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
- Conversion factor ConvFi

- Diode compression point Dcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency f
- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ
- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcpi}$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

U_i = input signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

cf = crest factor of exciting field

$dcpi$ = diode compression point

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$E - \text{fieldprobes} : E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$H - \text{fieldprobes} : H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i

$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

$ConvF$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution

($i = x, y, z$)

($i = x, y, z$)

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
 f = carrier frequency [GHz]
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

3.7. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the “cheek” position and the “tilt” position.

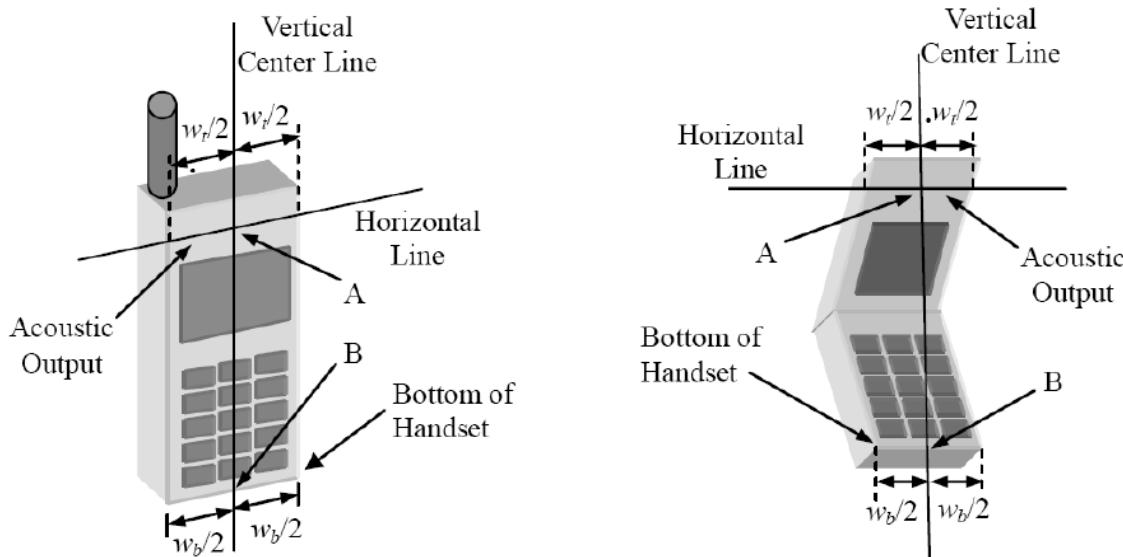
The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field

$$P_{(pwe)} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770} \text{ or } P_{(pwe)} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

Where P_{pwe} =Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} =total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} =total magnetic field strength in A/m



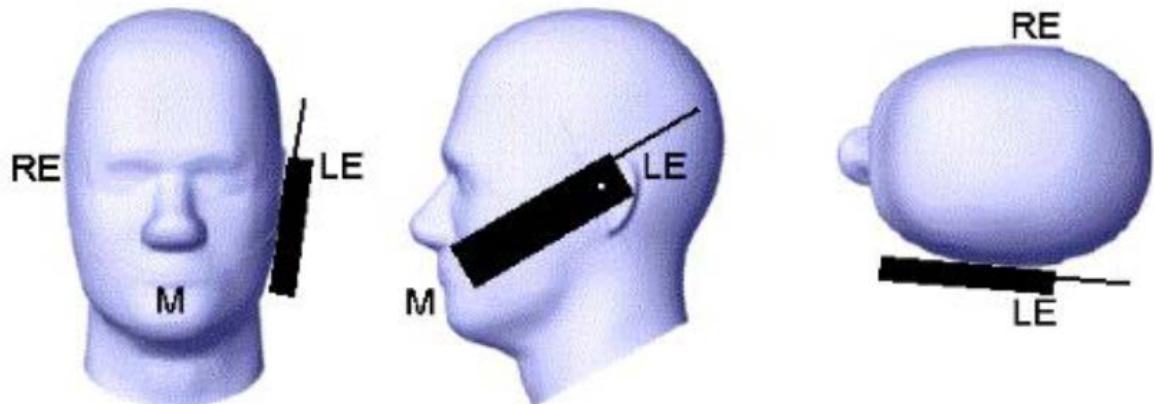
w_t : Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

w_b : Width of the bottom of the handset

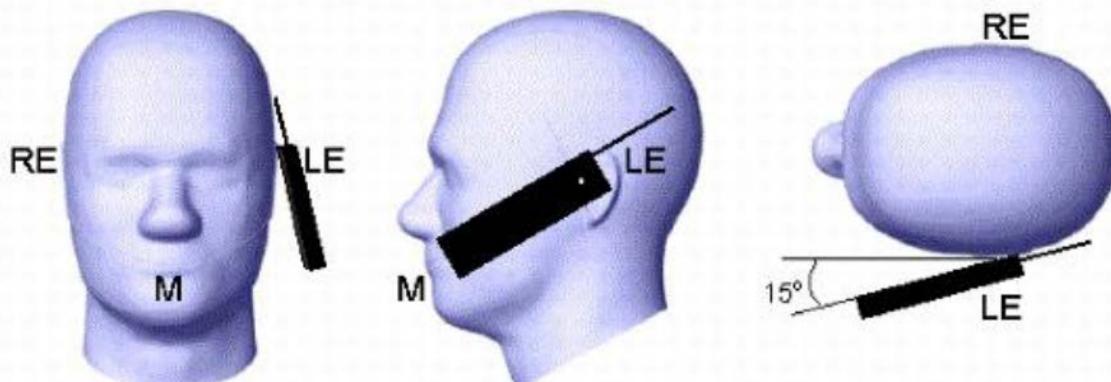
A: Midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

B: Midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset

Picture 1-a Typical “fixed” case handset Picture 1-b Typical “clam-shell” case handset



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

For body SAR test we applied to FCC KDB941225, KDB447498, KDB648654;

3.8. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water, salt, Glycol, Sugar, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

| Ingredient | 750MHz | | 835MHz | | 1800 MHz | | 1900 MHz | | 2450MHz | | 2600MHz | | 5000MHz | |
|--------------|--------|------|--------|------|----------|-------|----------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|---------|------|
| (% Weight) | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body |
| Water | 39.28 | 51.3 | 41.45 | 52.5 | 54.5 | 40.2 | 54.9 | 40.4 | 62.7 | 73.2 | 60.3 | 71.4 | 65.5 | 78.6 |
| Preventol | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| HEC | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| DGBE | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 45.33 | 59.31 | 44.92 | 59.10 | 36.80 | 26.70 | 39.10 | 28.40 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Triton X-100 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 17.2 | 10.7 |

| Target Frequency (MHz) | Head | | Body | |
|------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | ϵ_r | $\sigma(S/m)$ | ϵ_r | $\sigma(S/m)$ |
| 150 | 52.3 | 0.76 | 61.9 | 0.80 |
| 300 | 45.3 | 0.87 | 58.2 | 0.92 |
| 450 | 43.5 | 0.87 | 56.7 | 0.94 |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 55.2 | 0.97 |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 55.0 | 1.05 |
| 915 | 41.5 | 0.98 | 55.0 | 1.06 |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 54.0 | 1.30 |
| 1610 | 40.3 | 1.29 | 53.8 | 1.40 |
| 1800-2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 53.3 | 1.52 |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 52.7 | 1.95 |
| 3000 | 38.5 | 2.40 | 52.0 | 2.73 |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 48.2 | 6.00 |

3.9. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

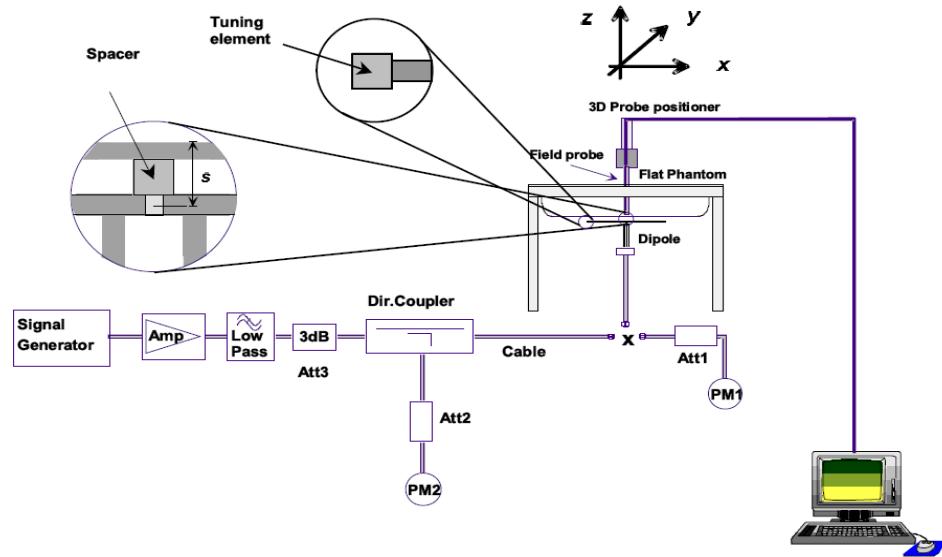
Dielectric Performance of Head and Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Tissue Type | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Target Tissue | | Measured Tissue | | | | Liquid Temp. | Test Data |
|-------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------|--------------|-------|--------------|------------|
| | | σ | ϵ_r | σ | Dev. | ϵ_r | Dev. | | |
| 835H | 835 | 0.90 | 41.5 | 0.92 | 2.22% | 42.54 | 2.51% | 21.0 | 05/03/2017 |
| 1900H | 1900 | 1.40 | 40.0 | 1.45 | 3.57% | 41.50 | 3.75% | 21.0 | 05/06/2017 |
| 835B | 835 | 0.97 | 55.2 | 0.95 | -2.06% | 55.29 | 0.16% | 21.0 | 05/04/2017 |
| 1900B | 1900 | 1.52 | 53.3 | 1.56 | 2.63% | 54.31 | 1.89% | 21.0 | 05/08/2017 |

3.10. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the device test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ($\pm 10\%$).



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Photo of Dipole Setup

Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664D01V01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended. While calibration intervals not exceed 3 years.

SID835 SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303 Extend Dipole Calibrations

| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| 2015-10-01 | -24.46 | | 55.4 | | 2.4 | |
| 2016-09-30 | -25.53 | -4.374 | 56.1 | 0.7 | 1.352 | -1.048 |

SID1900 SN 30/14 DIP 1G900-333 Extend Dipole Calibrations

| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| 2015-10-01 | -23.68 | | 51.2 | | 6.4 | |
| 2016-09-30 | -24.19 | -2.154 | 50.179 | -1.021 | 3.521 | -2.879 |

| Mixtue Type | Frequency (MHz) | Power | SAR _{1g} (W/Kg) | SAR _{10g} (W/Kg) | Drift (%) | 1W Target | | Difference percentage | | Liquid Temp | Date |
|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------|------------|
| | | | | | | SAR _{1g} (W/Kg) | SAR _{10g} (W/Kg) | 1g | 10g | | |
| Head | 835 | 100 mW | 0.94 | 0.604 | -0.19 | 9.60 | 6.20 | -2.08% | -2.58% | 21.0 | 05/03/2017 |
| | | Normalize to 1 Watt | 9.40 | 6.04 | | | | | | | |
| Body | 835 | 100 mW | 0.964 | 0.619 | -0.02 | 9.90 | 6.39 | -2.63% | -3.13% | 21.0 | 05/04/2017 |
| | | Normalize to 1 Watt | 9.64 | 6.19 | | | | | | | |
| Head | 1900 | 100 mW | 3.794 | 2.001 | -0.16 | 39.84 | 20.20 | -4.77% | -0.94% | 21.0 | 05/06/2017 |
| | | Normalize to 1 Watt | 37.94 | 20.01 | | | | | | | |
| Body | 1900 | 100 mW | 4.267 | 2.257 | -0.31 | 43.33 | 21.59 | -1.52% | 4.54% | 21.0 | 05/08/2017 |
| | | Normalize to 1 Watt | 42.67 | 22.57 | | | | | | | |

3.11. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

3.11.1 Conducted power measurement

- For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure BT output power.

3.11.2 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to "5" for GSM 850, set to "0" for GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5.

SAR test reduction for GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. GSM voice and GPRS data use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation with minimal peak to average power difference within the time-slot burst.

3.12. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

3.13. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

4. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

4.1. Conducted Power Results

Max Conducted power measurement results and power drift from tune-up tolerance provide by manufacturer:

Conducted power measurement results for GSM850/PCS1900 <SIM1>

| GSM 850 | | Burst Conducted power (dBm) | | | / | Average power (dBm) | | | |
|-------------|----------|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------|---------|------------------------|--------------|----------------|--|
| | | Channel/Frequency(MHz) | | | | Channel/Frequency(MHz) | | | |
| | | 128/824.2 | 190/836.6 | 251/848.8 | | 128/824.2 | 190/836.6 | 251/848.8 | |
| GSM | | 32.54 | 32.45 | 32.66 | -9.03dB | 23.51 | 23.42 | 23.63 | |
| GPRS (GMSK) | 1TX slot | 32.23 | 32.58 | 32.54 | -9.03dB | 23.20 | 23.55 | 23.51 | |
| | 2TX slot | 30.55 | 30.25 | 30.26 | -6.02dB | 24.53 | 24.23 | 24.24 | |
| | 3TX slot | 29.65 | 29.65 | 29.50 | -4.26dB | 25.39 | 25.39 | 25.24 | |
| | 4TX slot | 27.54 | 27.81 | 27.41 | -3.01dB | 24.53 | 24.80 | 24.40 | |
| GSM 1900 | | Burst Conducted power (dBm) | | | / | Average power (dBm) | | | |
| | | Channel/Frequency(MHz) | | | | Channel/Frequency(MHz) | | | |
| | | 512/ 1850.2 | 661/ 1880 | 810/ 1909.8 | | 512/ 1850.2 | 661/ 1880 | 810/ 1909.8 | |
| GSM | | 30.68 | 30.78 | 30.59 | -9.03dB | 21.65 | 21.75 | 21.56 | |
| GPRS (GMSK) | 1TX slot | 30.51 | 30.72 | 30.44 | -9.03dB | 21.48 | 21.69 | 21.41 | |
| | 2TX slot | 28.45 | 28.21 | 28.78 | -6.02dB | 22.43 | 22.19 | 22.76 | |
| | 3TX slot | 27.26 | 27.32 | 27.80 | -4.26dB | 23.00 | 23.06 | 23.54 | |
| | 4TX slot | 25.52 | 25.15 | 25.62 | -3.01dB | 22.51 | 22.14 | 22.61 | |

Conducted power measurement results for GSM850/PCS1900 <SIM2>

| GSM 850 | | Burst Conducted power (dBm) | | | / | Average power (dBm) | | | |
|-------------|----------|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------|---------|------------------------|--------------|----------------|--|
| | | Channel/Frequency(MHz) | | | | Channel/Frequency(MHz) | | | |
| | | 128/824.2 | 190/836.6 | 251/848.8 | | 128/824.2 | 190/836.6 | 251/848.8 | |
| GSM | | 32.45 | 32.36 | 32.39 | -9.03dB | 23.42 | 23.33 | 23.36 | |
| GPRS (GMSK) | 1TX slot | 32.32 | 32.41 | 32.25 | -9.03dB | 23.29 | 23.38 | 23.22 | |
| | 2TX slot | 30.54 | 30.44 | 30.32 | -6.02dB | 24.52 | 24.42 | 24.30 | |
| | 3TX slot | 29.21 | 29.54 | 29.21 | -4.26dB | 24.95 | 25.28 | 24.95 | |
| | 4TX slot | 27.65 | 27.05 | 27.45 | -3.01dB | 24.64 | 24.04 | 24.44 | |
| GSM 1900 | | Burst Conducted power (dBm) | | | / | Average power (dBm) | | | |
| | | Channel/Frequency(MHz) | | | | Channel/Frequency(MHz) | | | |
| | | 512/ 1850.2 | 661/ 1880 | 810/ 1909.8 | | 512/ 1850.2 | 661/ 1880 | 810/ 1909.8 | |
| GSM | | 30.45 | 30.33 | 30.28 | -9.03dB | 21.42 | 21.30 | 21.25 | |
| GPRS (GMSK) | 1TX slot | 30.21 | 30.42 | 30.26 | -9.03dB | 21.18 | 21.39 | 21.23 | |
| | 2TX slot | 28.65 | 28.26 | 28.54 | -6.02dB | 22.63 | 22.24 | 22.52 | |
| | 3TX slot | 27.32 | 27.55 | 27.26 | -4.26dB | 23.06 | 23.29 | 23.00 | |
| | 4TX slot | 25.22 | 25.15 | 25.05 | -3.01dB | 22.21 | 22.14 | 22.04 | |

Notes:

1. Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.00dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.00dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.00dB

2. According to the conducted power as above, the GPRS measurements are performed with 3Txslot for GPRS850 and 3Txslot GPRS1900.

3. We will only measured SAR at SIM1 as power higher than SIM2;

<BT Conducted Power>

| Mode | channel | Frequency (MHz) | Conducted AVG output power (dBm) |
|----------------|---------|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| GFSK | 0 | 2402 | 1.56 |
| | 39 | 2441 | 1.42 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 1.19 |
| $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | 0 | 2402 | -0.22 |
| | 39 | 2441 | -0.37 |
| | 78 | 2480 | -0.59 |
| 8DPSK | 0 | 2402 | -0.28 |
| | 39 | 2441 | -0.30 |
| | 78 | 2480 | -0.58 |

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

| Bluetooth Turn up Power (dBm) | Separation Distance (mm) | Frequency (GHz) | Exclusion Thresholds |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 2.0 | 5 | 2.45 | 0.5 |

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is $0.5 < 3.0$, SAR testing is not required

4.2. Manufacturing tolerance

GSM Speech <SIM1>

| GSM 850 (GMSK) (Burst Average Power) | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Channel | Channel 251 | Channel 190 | Channel 128 |
| Target (dBm) | 32.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 |
| Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| GSM 1900 (GMSK) (Burst Average Power) | | | |
| Channel | Channel 810 | Channel 661 | Channel 512 |
| Target (dBm) | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |

| GSM 850 GPRS (GMSK) (Burst Average Power) | | | |
|--|----------------------|------|------|
| Channel | 128 | 190 | 251 |
| 1 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 32.0 | 32.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 2 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 3 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 29.0 | 29.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 4 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 27.0 | 27.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| GSM 1900 GPRS (GMSK) (Burst Average Power) | | | |
| Channel | 512 | 661 | 810 |
| 1 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 2 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 28.0 | 28.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 3 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 27.0 | 27.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 4 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 25.0 | 25.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |

GSM Speech <SIM2>

| GSM 850 (GMSK) (Burst Average Power) | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Channel | Channel 251 | Channel 190 | Channel 128 |
| Target (dBm) | 32.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 |
| Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| GSM 1900 (GMSK) (Burst Average Power) | | | |
| Channel | Channel 810 | Channel 661 | Channel 512 |
| Target (dBm) | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |

GSM 850 GPRS (GMSK) (Burst Average Power)

| | | | |
|----------|----------------------|------|------|
| Channel | 128 | 190 | 251 |
| 1 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 32.0 | 32.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 2 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 3 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 29.0 | 29.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 4 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 27.0 | 27.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |

GSM 1900 GPRS (GMSK) (Burst Average Power)

| | | | |
|----------|----------------------|------|------|
| Channel | 512 | 661 | 810 |
| 1 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 2 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 28.0 | 28.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 3 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 27.0 | 27.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 4 Txslot | Target (dBm) | 25.0 | 25.0 |
| | Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 |

Bluetooth V2.0**GFSK (Average)**

| | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Channel | Channel 0 | Channel 39 | Channel 78 |
| Target (dBm) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |

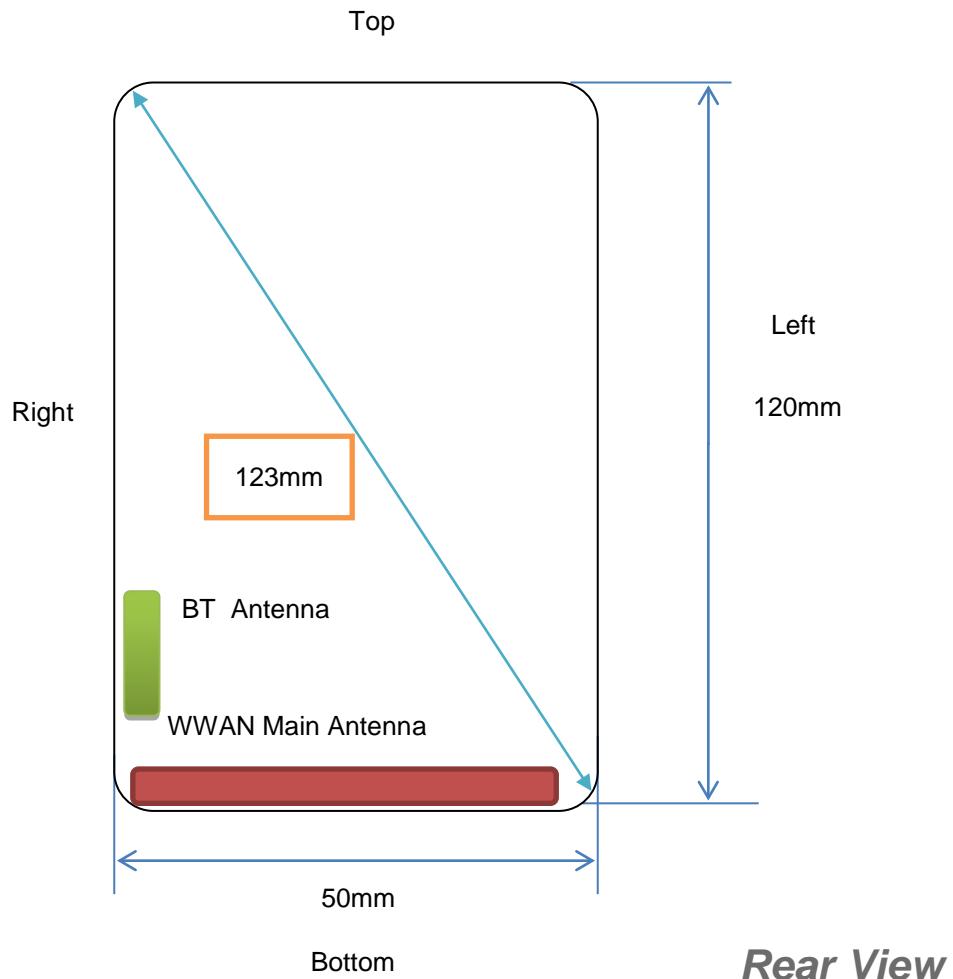
 $\pi/4$ DQPSK (Average)

| | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Channel | Channel 0 | Channel 39 | Channel 78 |
| Target (dBm) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |

8DPSK (Average)

| | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Channel | Channel 0 | Channel 39 | Channel 78 |
| Target (dBm) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Tolerance \pm (dB) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |

4.3. Transmit Antennas and SAR Measurement Position



Antenna information:

| | |
|-------------------|-----------|
| WWAN Main Antenna | GSM TX/RX |
| BT Antenna | BT TX/RX |

Note:

- 1). Per KDB648474 D04, because the overall diagonal distance of this devices is 123mm<160mm, it is not considered as "Phablet" device.
- 2). Per KDB648474 D04, 10-g extremity SAR is not required when Body-Worn mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/Kg.

4.4. SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

$$\text{Reported SAR} = \text{Measured SAR} \cdot 10^{(\text{P}_{\text{target}} - \text{P}_{\text{measured}})/10}$$

$$\text{Scaling factor} = 10^{(\text{P}_{\text{target}} - \text{P}_{\text{measured}})/10}$$

$$\text{Reported SAR} = \text{Measured SAR} \cdot \text{Scaling factor}$$

Where

P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

$\text{P}_{\text{measured}}$ is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty Cycle

| Test Mode | Duty Cycle |
|------------------------|------------|
| Speech for GSM850/1900 | 1:8 |
| GPRS850 | 1:2.67 |
| GPRS1900 | 1:2.67 |

4.4.1 SAR Results

SAR Values [GSM 850]

| Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Time slots | Test Position | Conducted Power (dBm) | Maximum Allowed Power (dBm) | Power Drift (%) | Scaling Factor | SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg) | | Graph Results |
|--|-------------|------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | | Measured | Reported | |
| measured / reported SAR numbers - Head | | | | | | | | | | |
| 251 | 848.8 | Voice | Left Cheek | 32.66 | 33.00 | 3.06 | 1.081 | 0.668 | 0.722 | Plot 1 |
| 251 | 848.8 | Voice | Left Tilt | 32.66 | 33.00 | 1.29 | 1.081 | 0.361 | 0.390 | |
| 251 | 848.8 | Voice | Right Cheek | 32.66 | 33.00 | 0.97 | 1.081 | 0.649 | 0.702 | |
| 251 | 848.8 | Voice | Right Tilt | 32.66 | 33.00 | 0.06 | 1.081 | 0.305 | 0.330 | |
| measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 10mm) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 190 | 836.6 | 3Txslots | Front | 29.65 | 30.00 | -3.15 | 1.084 | 0.578 | 0.627 | |
| 128 | 824.4 | 3Txslots | Rear | 29.65 | 30.00 | 0.49 | 1.084 | 0.987 | 1.070 | |
| 190 | 836.6 | 3Txslots | Rear | 29.65 | 30.00 | 3.16 | 1.084 | 1.012 | 1.097 | Plot 2 |
| 251 | 848.8 | 3Txslots | Rear | 29.50 | 30.00 | 2.44 | 1.122 | 0.975 | 1.094 | |

SAR Values [GSM 1900]

| Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | time slots | Test Position | Conducted Power (dBm) | Maximum Allowed Power (dBm) | Power Drift (%) | Scaling Factor | SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg) | | Graph Results |
|--|-------------|------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | | Measured | Reported | |
| measured / reported SAR numbers - Head | | | | | | | | | | |
| 661 | 1880.0 | Voice | Left Cheek | 30.78 | 31.00 | -0.18 | 1.052 | 0.272 | 0.286 | |
| 661 | 1880.0 | Voice | Left Tilt | 30.78 | 31.00 | 2.11 | 1.052 | 0.134 | 0.141 | |
| 661 | 1880.0 | Voice | Right Cheek | 30.78 | 31.00 | 0.72 | 1.052 | 0.469 | 0.493 | Plot 3 |
| 661 | 1880.0 | Voice | Right Tilt | 30.78 | 31.00 | 0.63 | 1.052 | 0.162 | 0.170 | |
| measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 10mm) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 810 | 1909.8 | 3Txslots | Front | 27.80 | 28.00 | -0.61 | 1.047 | 0.266 | 0.279 | |
| 810 | 1909.8 | 3Txslots | Rear | 27.80 | 28.00 | 1.74 | 1.047 | 0.286 | 0.299 | Plot 4 |

Note:

1. The value with black color is the maximum Reported SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
3. Per KDB 648474 D04, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

4.4.2 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations and Estimated SAR

Per KDB447498 requires when the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.1 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion;

- (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [$\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;
where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.
- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm

Per FCC KD B447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/Kg. When the sum is greater than the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5}}{(\text{peak location separation, mm})} < 0.04$$

| Estimated stand alone SAR | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Communication system | Frequency (MHz) | Configuration | Maximum Power (dBm) | Separation Distance (mm) | Estimated SAR _{1-g} (W/kg) |
| Bluetooth | 2450 | Head | 2.00 | 5 | 0.066 |
| Bluetooth | 2450 | Body-worn | 2.00 | 10 | 0.033 |

Remark:

1. Maximum average power including tune-up tolerance;
2. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion
3. Body as body use distance is 10mm from manufacturer declaration of user manual

4.5. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

4.5.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from “FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters” are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

For the DUT, the BT and WiFi modules sharing same antenna, GSM, WCDMA and LTE modules sharing a single antenna;

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

| Air-Interface | Band (MHz) | Type | Simultaneous Transmissions | Voice over Digital Transport(Data) |
|---------------|------------|------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| GSM | 850 | VO | Yes, BT | N/A |
| | 1900 | VO | | |
| | GPRS | DT | Yes, BT | |
| BT | 2450 | DT | Yes, GSM, GPRS | |

Note: VO-Voice Service only; DT-Digital Transport

4.5.2 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

Head Exposure Conditions

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and GSM

| Test Position | GSM850 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg) | GSM1900 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg) | BT Estimated SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg) | MAX. ΣSAR _{1-g} (W/Kg) | SAR _{1-g} Limit (W/Kg) | Peak location separation ratio | Simut Meas. Required |
|---------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Left Cheek | 0.722 | 0.286 | 0.066 | 0.788 | 1.6 | no | no |
| Left Tilt | 0.390 | 0.141 | 0.066 | 0.456 | 1.6 | no | no |
| Right Cheek | 0.702 | 0.493 | 0.066 | 0.768 | 1.6 | no | no |
| Right Tilt | 0.330 | 0.170 | 0.066 | 0.396 | 1.6 | no | no |

Body-worn Exposure Conditions

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and GSM

| Test Position | GSM850 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg) | GSM1900 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg) | BT Estimated SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg) | MAX. ΣSAR _{1-g} (W/Kg) | SAR _{1-g} Limit (W/Kg) | Peak location separation ratio | Simut Meas. Required |
|---------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Front | 0.627 | 0.279 | 0.033 | 0.660 | 1.6 | no | no |
| Rear | 1.097 | 0.299 | 0.033 | 1.130 | 1.6 | no | no |

Note:

1. The value with block color is the maximum values of standalone
2. The value with blue color is the maximum values of ΣSAR_{1-g}

4.6. SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with $\leq 20\%$ variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%,

which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.¹⁹ The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be considered to determine compliance and for reporting according to KDB 690783. Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Air Interface | RF Exposure Configuration | Test Position | Repeated SAR (yes/no) | Highest Measured SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg) | First Repeated | |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | | | | | Measured SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg) | Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio |
| 850 | GSM850 | Standalone | Body-Rear | yes | 1.011 | 0.986 | 0.98 |
| 1900 | GSM1900 | Standalone | Head-Left | no | 0.469 | n/a | n/a |

Remark:

1. *Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively)*

4.7. General description of test procedures

1. The DUT is tested using CMU 200 communications testers as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.
2. Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.
3. Tests in body position were performed in that configuration, which generates the highest time based averaged output power (see conducted power results).
4. Tests in head position with GSM were performed in voice mode with 1 timeslot unless GPRS/EGPRS/DTM function allows parallel voice and data traffic on 2 or more timeslots.
5. According to KDB 447498 D01 testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
6. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is < 1.2 W/kg.

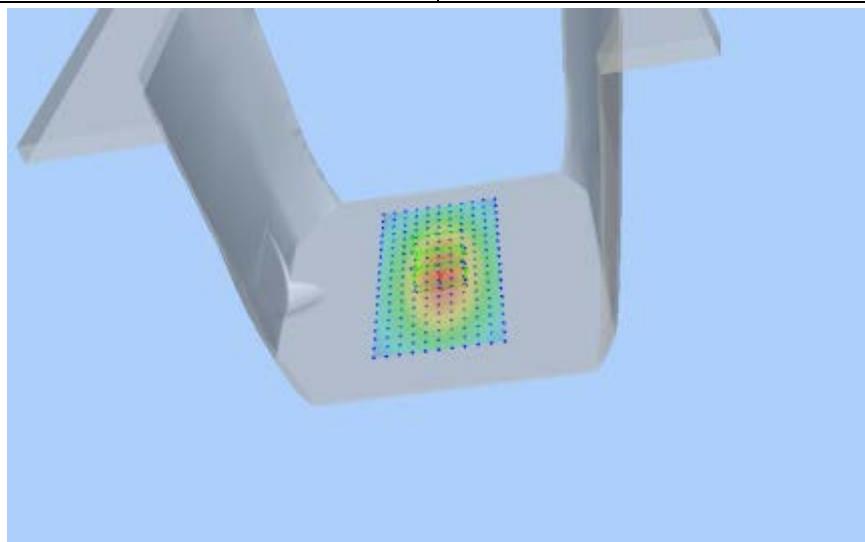
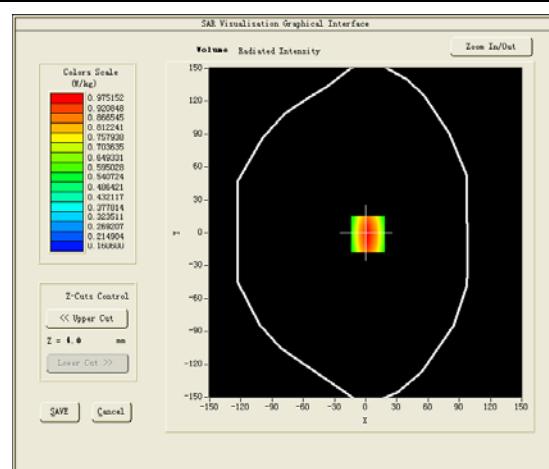
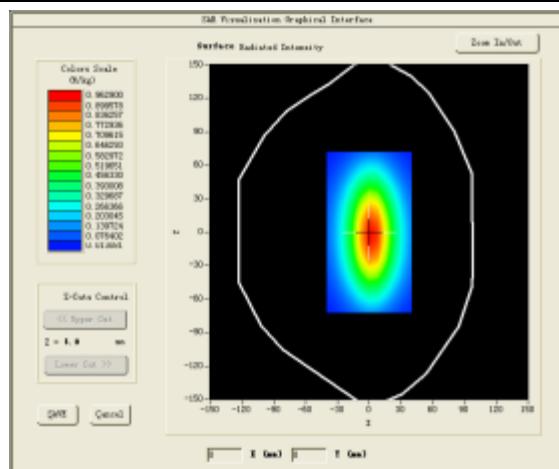
4.8. Measurement Uncertainty (300MHz-3GHz)

Not required as SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR according to KDB865664D01.

4.9. System Check Results

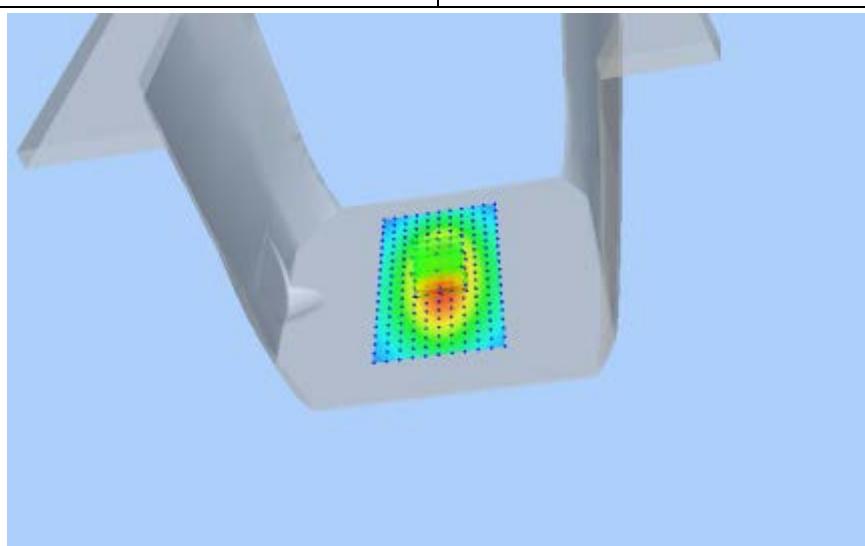
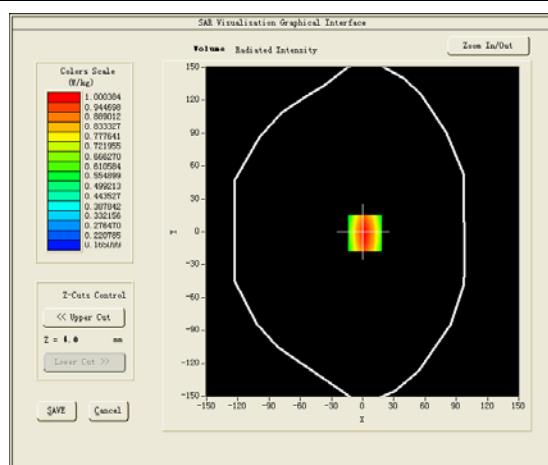
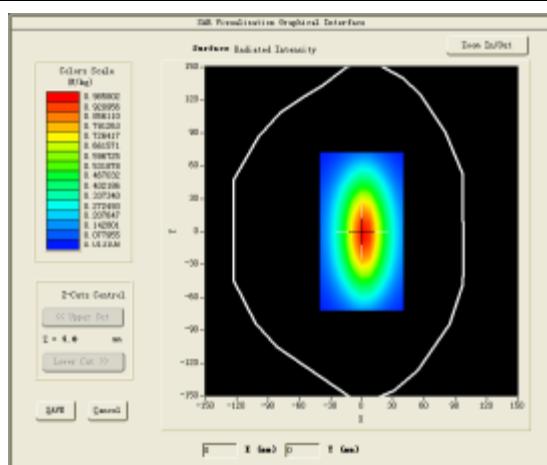
Test mode:835MHz(Head)
 Product Description:Validation
 Model:Dipole SID835
 E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN34/15 EPGO265)
 Test Date: May 03, 2017

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Medium(liquid type) | HSL_850 |
| Frequency (MHz) | 835.000000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 42.54 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 0.92 |
| Input power | 100mW |
| Crest Factor | 1.0 |
| Conversion Factor | 2.04 |
| Variation (%) | -0.1900000 |
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.603784 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.940087 |
| SURFACE SAR | VOLUME SAR |



Test mode:835MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID835
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN34/15 EPGO265)
Test Date: May 04, 2017

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Medium(liquid type) | MSL_850 |
| Frequency (MHz) | 835.0000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 55.29 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 0.95 |
| Input power | 100mW |
| Crest Factor | 1.0 |
| Conversion Factor | 2.12 |
| Variation (%) | -0.0200000 |
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.619207 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.964337 |
| SURFACE SAR | VOLUME SAR |



Test mode:1900MHz(Head)

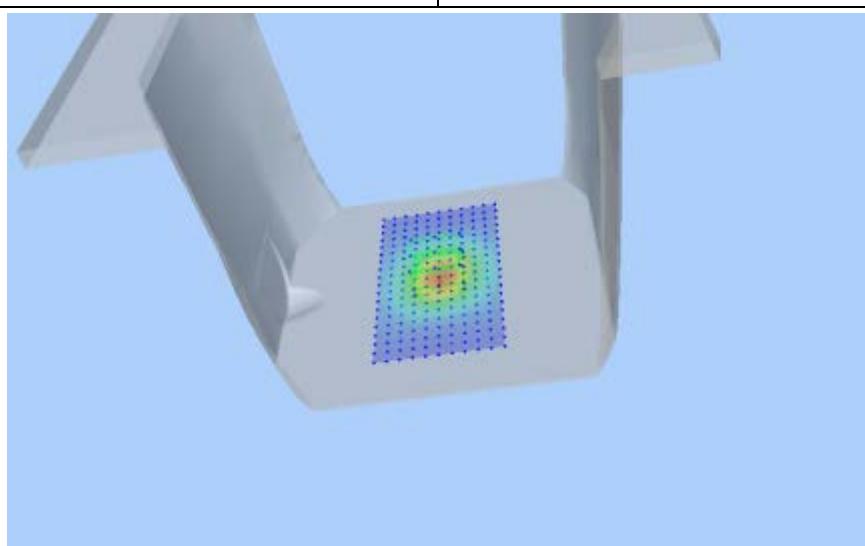
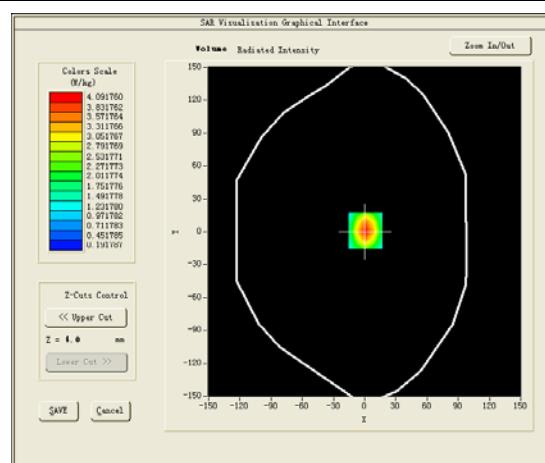
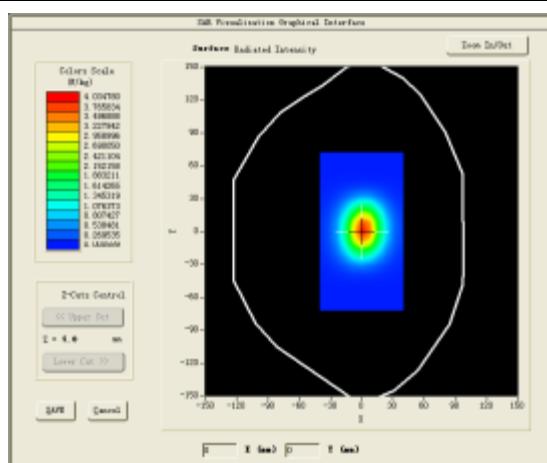
Product Description:Validation

Model :Dipole SID1900

E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN34/15 EPGO265)

Test Date: May 06, 2017

| | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Medium(liquid type) | HSL_1900 |
| Frequency (MHz) | 1900.0000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 41.50 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.45 |
| Input power | 100mW |
| Crest Factor | 1.0 |
| Conversion Factor | 2.35 |
| Variation (%) | -0.1600000 |
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 2.006309 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 3.794266 |

SURFACE SAR**VOLUME SAR**

Test mode:1900MHz(Body)

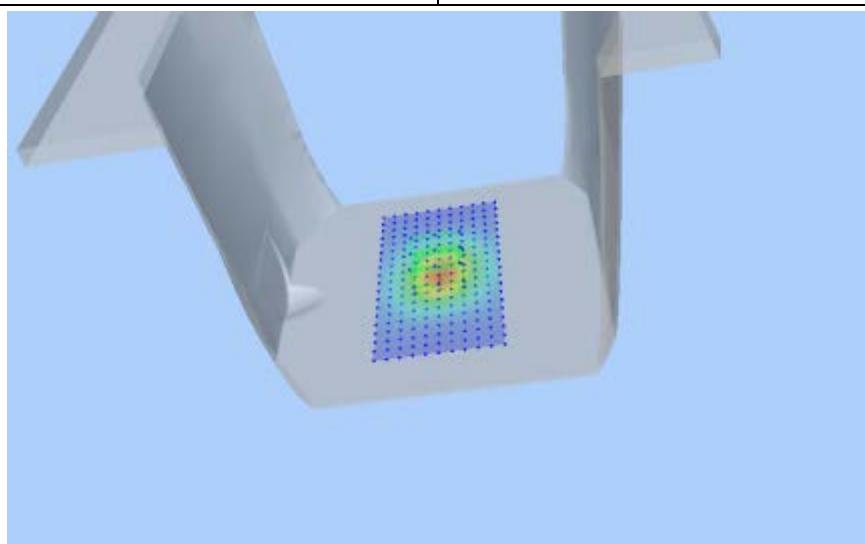
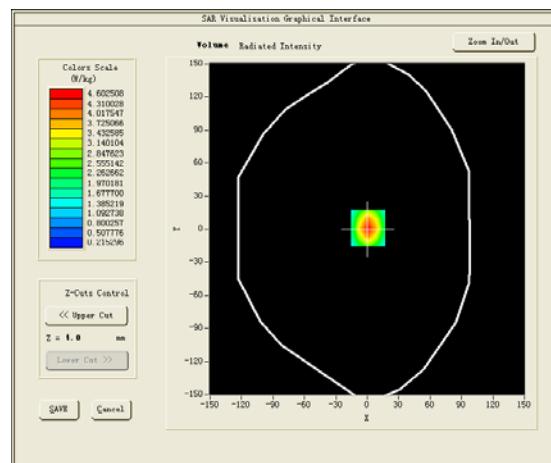
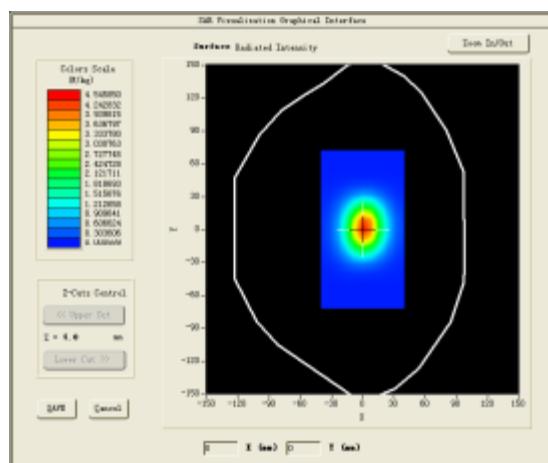
Product Description:Validation

Model :Dipole SID1900

E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN34/15 EPGO265)

Test Date: May 08, 2017

| | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Medium(liquid type) | MSL_1900 |
| Frequency (MHz) | 1900.0000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 54.31 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.56 |
| Input power | 100mW |
| Crest Factor | 1.0 |
| Conversion Factor | 2.42 |
| Variation (%) | -0.3100000 |
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 2.257420 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 4.267074 |

SURFACE SAR**VOLUME SAR**

4.10 SAR Test Graph Results

SAR plots for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination according to FCC KDB 865664 D02;

#1

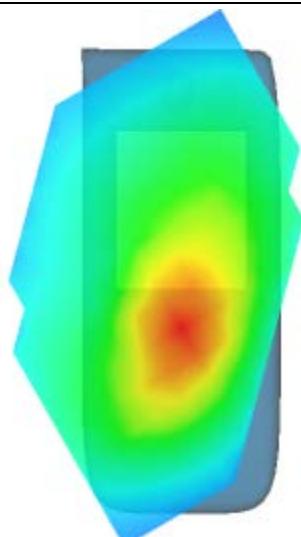
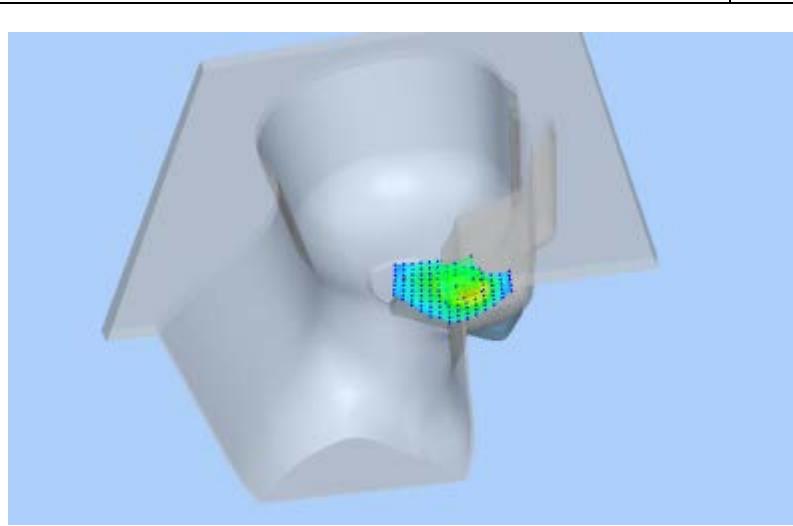
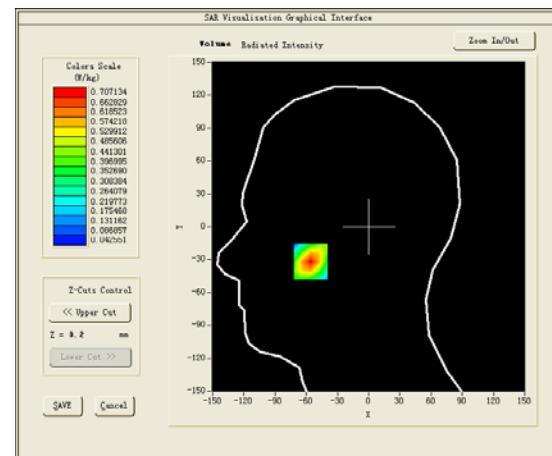
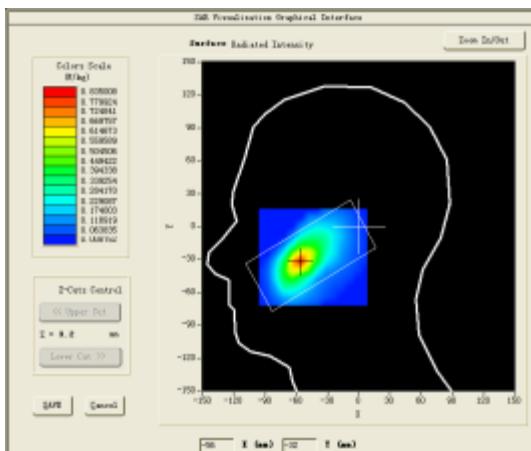
Test Mode: GSM 850MHz, High channel (Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: mobile phone

Model: Q5

Test Date: May 03, 2017

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Medium(liquid type) | MSL_850 |
| Frequency (MHz) | 848.800000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 42.13 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 0.94 |
| E-Field Probe | SN34/15 EPGO265 |
| Crest Factor | 8.0 |
| Conversion Factor | 2.04 |
| Sensor | 4mm |
| Area Scan | dx=8mm dy=8mm |
| Zoom Scan | 5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm |
| Variation (%) | 3.060000 |
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.403166 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.668014 |
| SURFACE SAR | VOLUME SAR |



#2

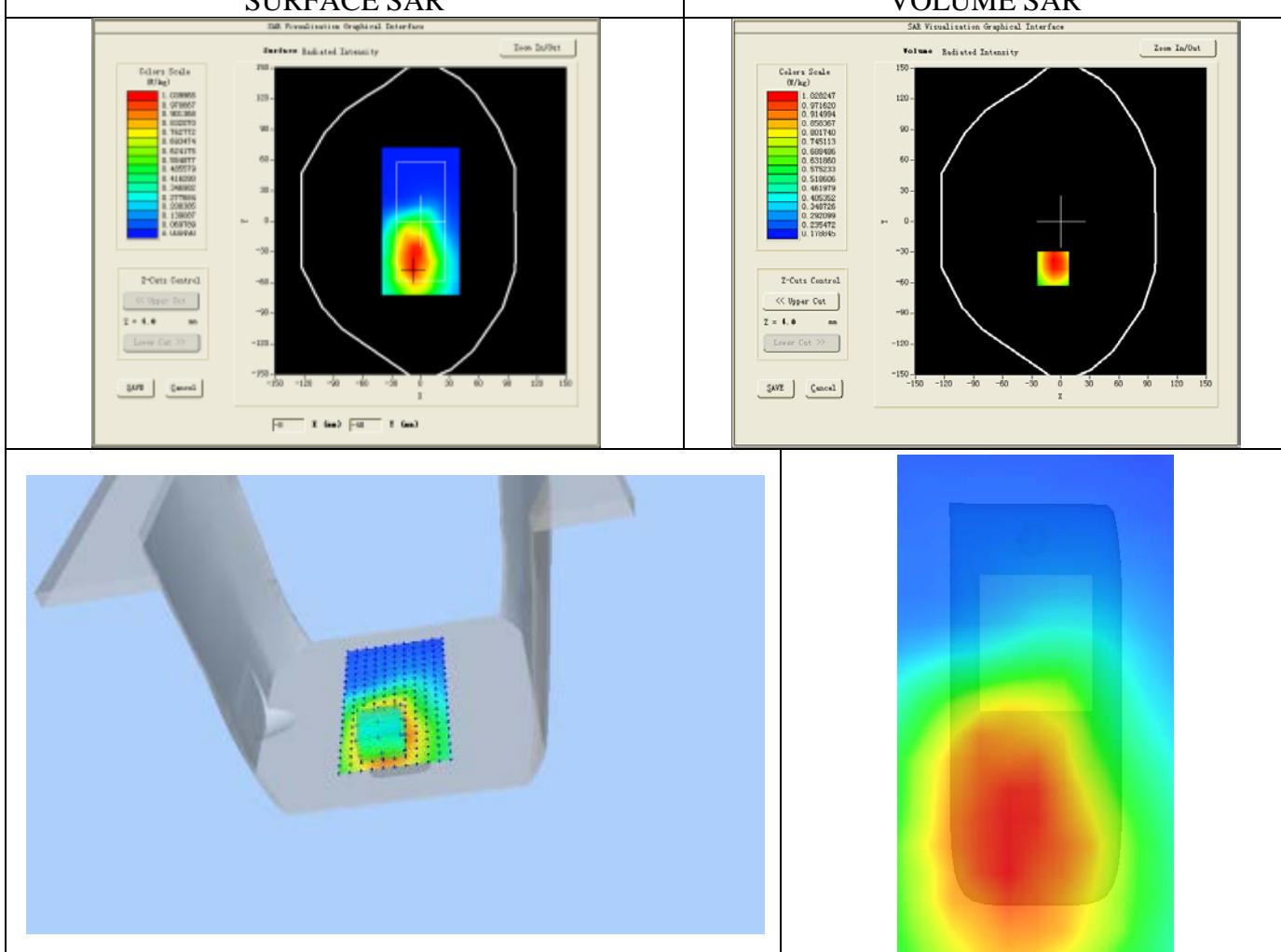
Test Mode: GSM850MHz, High channel (Body Rear Side)

Product Description: mobile phone

Model: Q5

Test Date: May 04, 2017

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Medium(liquid type) | MSL_850 |
| Frequency (MHz) | 848.800000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 55.04 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 0.97 |
| E-Field Probe | SN34/15 EPGO265 |
| Crest Factor | 2.67 |
| Conversion Factor | 2.12 |
| Sensor | 4mm |
| Area Scan | dx=8mm dy=8mm |
| Zoom Scan | 5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm |
| Variation (%) | 3.160000 |
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.694614 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 1.011601 |
| SURFACE SAR | VOLUME SAR |



#3

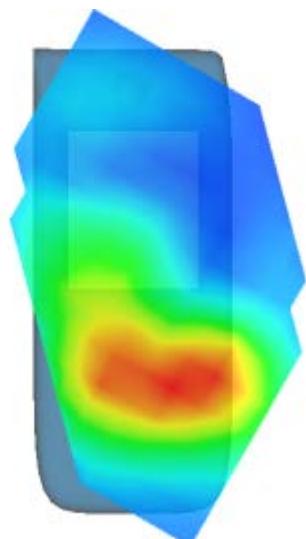
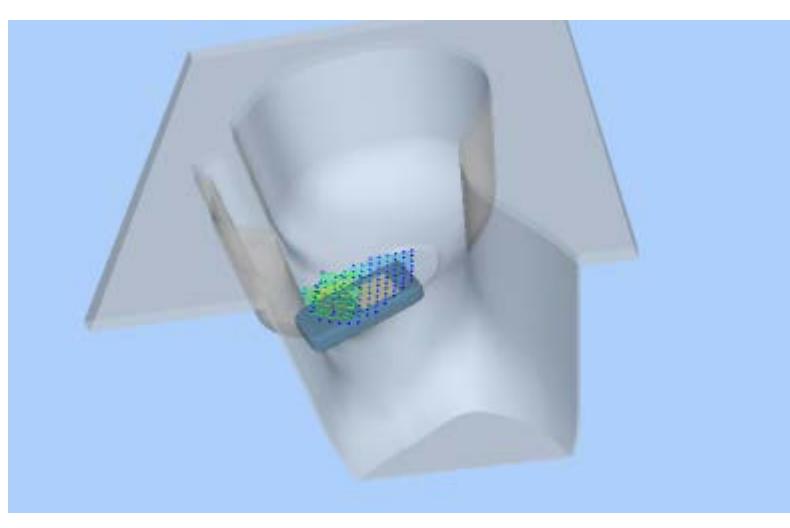
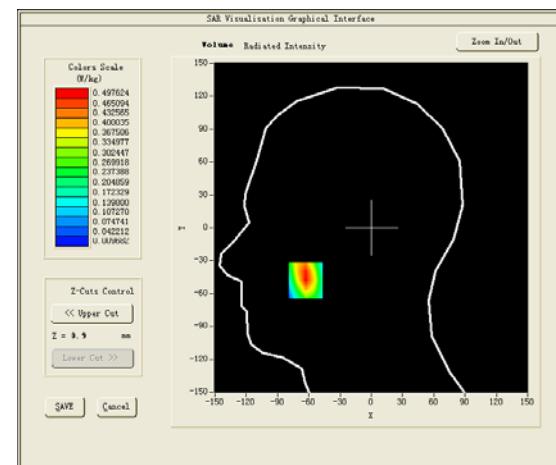
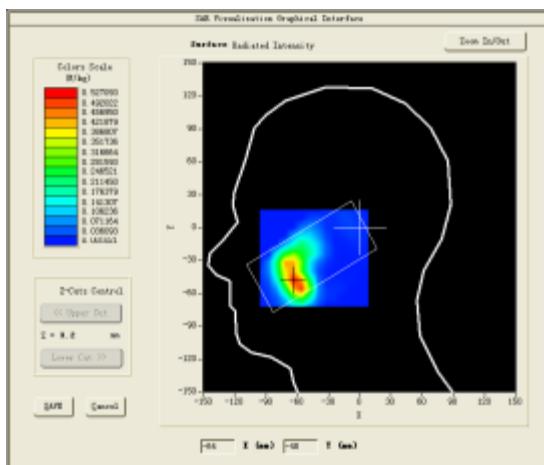
Test Mode:GSM 1900MHz, Mid channel(Head Left Cheek)

Product Description: mobile phone

Model: Q5

Test Date: May 06, 2017

| | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Medium(liquid type) | MSL_1900 |
| Frequency (MHz) | 1880.000000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 41.63 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.43 |
| E-Field Probe | SN34/15 EPGO265 |
| Crest Factor | 8.0 |
| Conversion Factor | 2.35 |
| Sensor | 4mm |
| Area Scan | dx=8mm dy=8mm |
| Zoom Scan | 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm |
| Variation (%) | 0.720000 |
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.269634 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.469238 |

SURFACE SAR**VOLUME SAR**

#4

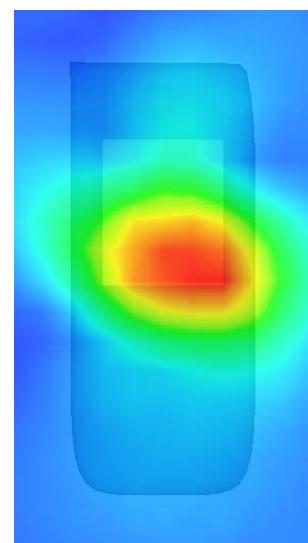
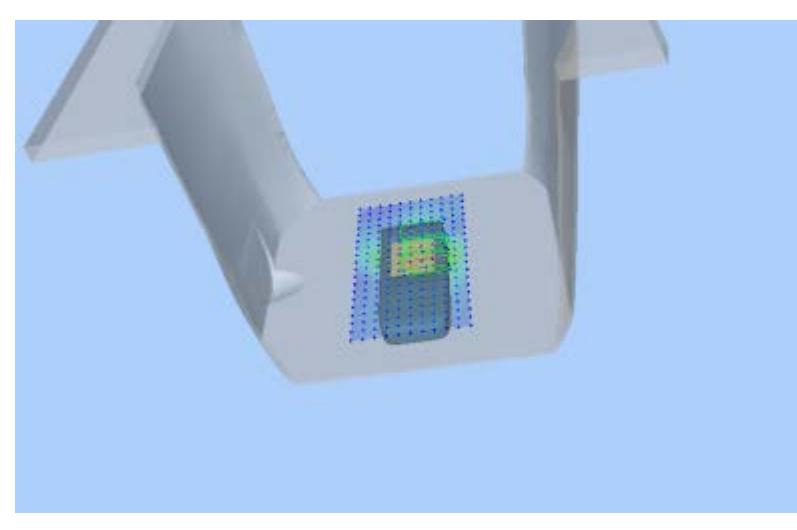
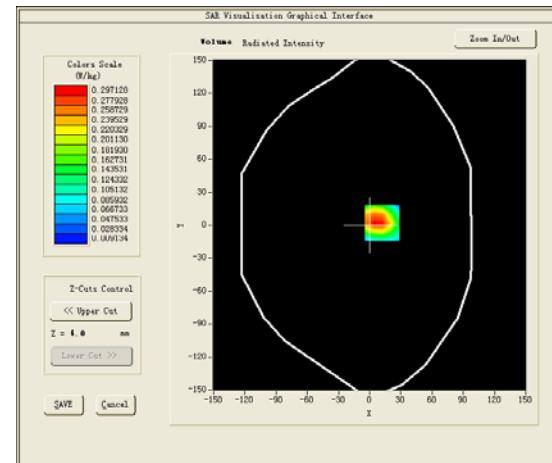
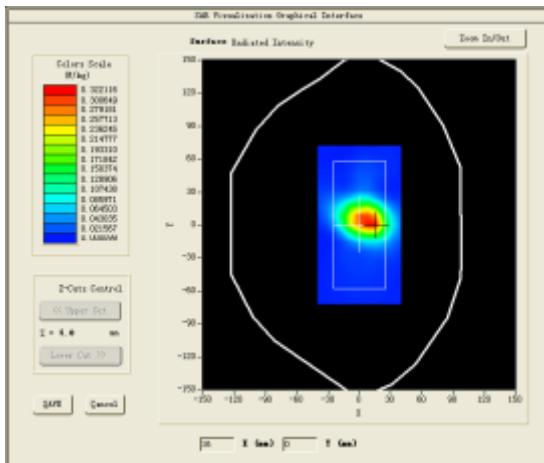
Test Mode: GPRS1900MHz, High channel (Body Rear Side)

Product Description: mobile phone

Model: Q5

Test Date: May 08, 2017

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Medium(liquid type) | MSL_1900 |
| Frequency (MHz) | 1910.000000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 54.83 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.55 |
| E-Field Probe | SN34/15 EPGO265 |
| Crest Factor | 2.67 |
| Conversion Factor | 2.42 |
| Sensor | 4mm |
| Area Scan | dx=8mm dy=8mm |
| Zoom Scan | 5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm |
| Variation (%) | 1.740000 |
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.166323 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.286322 |
| SURFACE SAR | VOLUME SAR |



5. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

5.1 Probe-EPGO265 Calibration Certificate



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.294.1.16.SATU.A

SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.
BLOCK B, FL 1, BAISHA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD,
NANSHAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG
PROVINCE, P.R. CHINA 518055

MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 34/15 EPGO265

Calibrated at MVG US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 09/15/2016

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.294.1.16.SATU.A

| | Name | Function | Date | Signature |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------|---|
| Prepared by : | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 9/24/2016 |  |
| Checked by : | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 9/24/2016 |  |
| Approved by : | Kim RUTKOWSKI | Quality Manager | 9/24/2016 |  |

| Distribution : | Customer Name |
|----------------|---|
| | SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY Co.,Ltd. |

| Issue | Date | Modifications |
|-------|-----------|-----------------|
| A | 9/24/2016 | Initial release |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.294.1.16.SATU.A

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.294.1.16.SATU.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test | |
|--|---|
| Device Type | COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE |
| Manufacturer | MVG |
| Model | SSE2 |
| Serial Number | SN 34/15 EPGO265 |
| Product Condition (new / used) | New |
| Frequency Range of Probe | 0.45 GHz-6GHz |
| Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector | Dipole 1: R1=0.192 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.230 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.205 MΩ |

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

| | |
|--|--------|
| Probe Length | 330 mm |
| Length of Individual Dipoles | 2 mm |
| Maximum external diameter | 8 mm |
| Probe Tip External Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Distance between dipoles / probe extremity | 1 mm |

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.294.1.16.SATU.A

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

| Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------|----|--------------------------|
| ERROR SOURCES | Uncertainty value (%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | ci | Standard Uncertainty (%) |
| Incident or forward power | 3.00% | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.732% |
| Reflected power | 3.00% | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.732% |
| Liquid conductivity | 5.00% | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.887% |
| Liquid permittivity | 4.00% | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.309% |
| Field homogeneity | 3.00% | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.732% |
| Field probe positioning | 5.00% | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 2.887% |

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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| | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------------|------------|---|--------|
| Field probe linearity | 3.00% | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1.732% |
| Combined standard uncertainty | | | | | 5.831% |
| Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2 | | | | | 12.0% |

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| Calibration Parameters | | |
|------------------------|-------|--|
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C | |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C | |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % | |

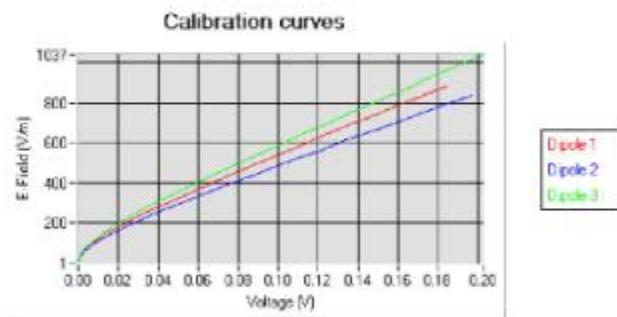
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

| Normx dipole 1 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) | Normy dipole 2 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) | Normz dipole 3 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) |
|--|--|--|
| 0.72 | 0.81 | 0.85 |

| DCP dipole 1 (mV) | DCP dipole 2 (mV) | DCP dipole 3 (mV) |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 92 | 90 | 95 |

Calibration curves $e_i=f(V)$ ($i=1,2,3$) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



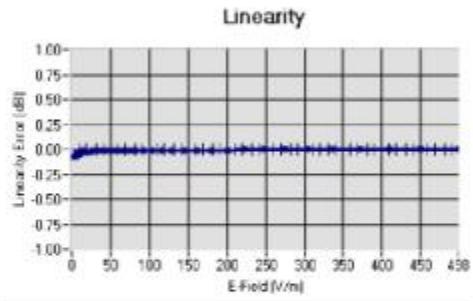
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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.294.1.16.SATU.A

5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity: +/-1.61% (+/-0.07dB)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

| Liquid | Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz) | Permittivity | Epsilon (S/m) | ConvF |
|--------|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|-------|
| HL450 | 450 | 44.12 | 0.88 | 1.85 |
| BL450 | 450 | 58.92 | 1.00 | 1.90 |
| HL750 | 750 | 42.24 | 0.90 | 1.81 |
| BL750 | 750 | 56.85 | 0.99 | 1.88 |
| HL850 | 835 | 43.02 | 0.90 | 2.04 |
| BL850 | 835 | 53.72 | 0.98 | 2.12 |
| HL900 | 900 | 42.47 | 0.99 | 1.86 |
| BL900 | 900 | 56.97 | 1.09 | 1.92 |
| HL1800 | 1800 | 42.24 | 1.40 | 2.04 |
| BL1800 | 1800 | 53.53 | 1.53 | 2.08 |
| HL1900 | 1900 | 40.79 | 1.42 | 2.35 |
| BL1900 | 1900 | 54.47 | 1.57 | 2.42 |
| HL2000 | 2000 | 40.52 | 1.44 | 2.23 |
| BL2000 | 2000 | 54.18 | 1.56 | 2.32 |
| HL2450 | 2450 | 38.73 | 1.81 | 2.47 |
| BL2450 | 2450 | 53.23 | 1.96 | 2.55 |
| HL2600 | 2600 | 38.54 | 1.95 | 2.36 |
| BL2600 | 2600 | 52.07 | 2.23 | 2.43 |
| HL5200 | 5200 | 36.80 | 4.84 | 1.81 |
| BL5200 | 5200 | 51.21 | 5.16 | 1.85 |
| HL5400 | 5400 | 36.35 | 4.96 | 2.04 |
| BL5400 | 5400 | 50.51 | 5.70 | 2.11 |
| HL5600 | 5600 | 35.57 | 5.23 | 2.08 |
| BL5600 | 5600 | 49.83 | 5.91 | 2.15 |
| HL5800 | 5800 | 35.30 | 5.47 | 1.88 |
| BL5800 | 5800 | 49.03 | 6.28 | 1.93 |

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

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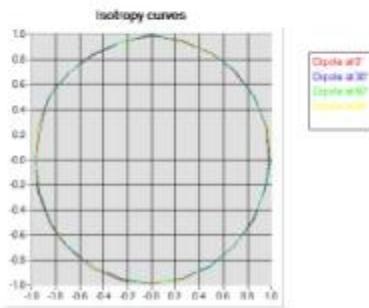


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

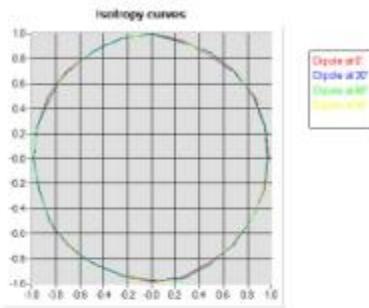
Ref: ACR.294.1.16.SATU.A

5.4 ISOTROPY**HL900 MHz**

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.06 dB

**HL1800 MHz**

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.06 dB



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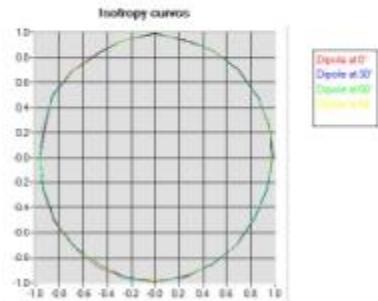


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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HL5600 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.09 dB



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Summary Sheet | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| Equipment Description | Manufacturer / Model | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date | Next Calibration Date |
| Flat Phantom | MVG | SN-20/09-SAM71 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |
| COMOSAR Test Bench | Version 3 | NA | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |
| Network Analyzer | Rhode & Schwarz ZVA | SN100132 | 10/2013 | 10/2016 |
| Reference Probe | MVG | EP 94 SN 37/08 | 12/2015 | 12/2016 |
| Multimeter | Keithley 2000 | 1188656 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Signal Generator | Agilent E4438C | MY49070581 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Amplifier | Aethercomm | SN 046 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Power Meter | HP E4418A | US38261498 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Power Sensor | HP ECP-E26A | US37181460 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Directional Coupler | Narda 4216-20 | 01386 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Waveguide | Mega Industries | 069Y7-158-13-712 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |
| Waveguide Transition | Mega Industries | 069Y7-158-13-701 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |
| Waveguide Termination | Mega Industries | 069Y7-158-13-701 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |

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5.2 SID835Dipole Calibration Ceritcate



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

**SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING
LABORATORY LTD.**
**1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD,
BAO'AN BLVD**
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA
SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE
FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ
SERIAL NO.: SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303

Calibrated at SATIMO US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



10/01/2015

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

| | Name | Function | Date | Signature |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|-----------|
| Prepared by : | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 10/14/2015 | |
| Checked by : | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 10/14/2015 | |
| Approved by : | Kim RUTKOWSKI | Quality Manager | 10/14/2015 | |

| | Customer Name |
|----------------|---|
| Distribution : | Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. |

| Issue | Date | Modifications |
|-------|------------|-----------------|
| A | 10/14/2015 | Initial release |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Device Type | COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE |
| Manufacturer | Satimo |
| Model | SID835 |
| Serial Number | SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303 |
| Product Condition (new / used) | New |

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

| Frequency band | Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 400-6000MHz | 0.1 dB |

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

| Length (mm) | Expanded Uncertainty on Length |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| 3 - 300 | 0.05 mm |

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

| Scan Volume | Expanded Uncertainty |
|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 g | 20.3 % |
| 10 g | 20.1 % |

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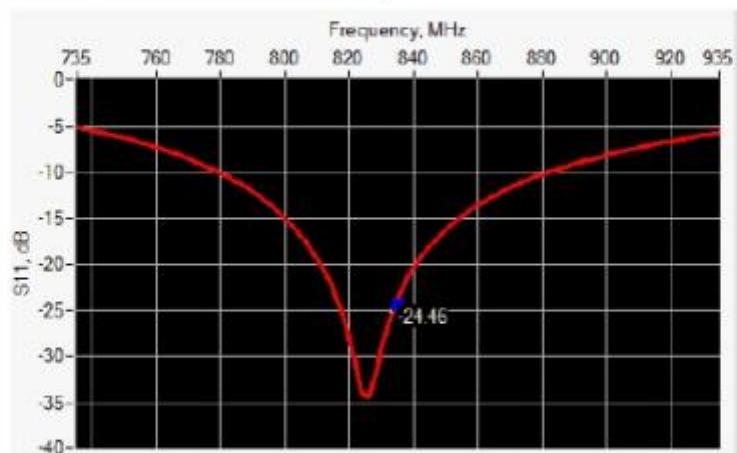
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6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE

| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 835 | -24.46 | -20 | $55.4 \Omega + 2.4 j\Omega$ |

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

| Frequency MHz | L mm | | h mm | | d mm | |
|---------------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | required | measured | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 420.0 \pm 1 %. | | 250.0 \pm 1 %. | | 6.35 \pm 1 %. | |
| 450 | 290.0 \pm 1 %. | | 166.7 \pm 1 %. | | 6.35 \pm 1 %. | |
| 750 | 176.0 \pm 1 %. | | 100.0 \pm 1 %. | | 6.35 \pm 1 %. | |
| 835 | 161.0 \pm 1 %. | PASS | 89.8 \pm 1 %. | PASS | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | PASS |
| 900 | 149.0 \pm 1 %. | | 83.3 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 1450 | 89.1 \pm 1 %. | | 51.7 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 1500 | 80.5 \pm 1 %. | | 50.0 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 1640 | 79.0 \pm 1 %. | | 45.7 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 1750 | 75.2 \pm 1 %. | | 42.9 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 1800 | 72.0 \pm 1 %. | | 41.7 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 1900 | 68.0 \pm 1 %. | | 39.5 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 1950 | 66.3 \pm 1 %. | | 38.5 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 2000 | 64.5 \pm 1 %. | | 37.5 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 2100 | 61.0 \pm 1 %. | | 35.7 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 2300 | 55.5 \pm 1 %. | | 32.6 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 2450 | 51.5 \pm 1 %. | | 30.4 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 2600 | 48.5 \pm 1 %. | | 28.8 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 3000 | 41.5 \pm 1 %. | | 25.0 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 3500 | 37.0 \pm 1 %. | | 26.4 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 3700 | 34.7 \pm 1 %. | | 26.4 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency MHz | Relative permittivity (ϵ_r') | | Conductivity (σ) S/m | |
|------------------|---|----------|-------------------------------|----------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 45.3 \pm 5 % | | 0.87 \pm 5 % | |
| 450 | 43.5 \pm 5 % | | 0.87 \pm 5 % | |
| 750 | 41.9 \pm 5 % | | 0.89 \pm 5 % | |
| 835 | 41.5 \pm 5 % | PASS | 0.90 \pm 5 % | PASS |
| 900 | 41.5 \pm 5 % | | 0.97 \pm 5 % | |
| 1450 | 40.5 \pm 5 % | | 1.20 \pm 5 % | |
| 1500 | 40.4 \pm 5 % | | 1.23 \pm 5 % | |
| 1640 | 40.2 \pm 5 % | | 1.31 \pm 5 % | |
| 1750 | 40.1 \pm 5 % | | 1.37 \pm 5 % | |
| 1800 | 40.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.40 \pm 5 % | |
| 1900 | 40.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.40 \pm 5 % | |
| 1950 | 40.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.40 \pm 5 % | |
| 2000 | 40.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.40 \pm 5 % | |
| 2100 | 39.8 \pm 5 % | | 1.49 \pm 5 % | |
| 2300 | 39.5 \pm 5 % | | 1.67 \pm 5 % | |
| 2450 | 39.2 \pm 5 % | | 1.80 \pm 5 % | |
| 2600 | 39.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.96 \pm 5 % | |
| 3000 | 38.5 \pm 5 % | | 2.40 \pm 5 % | |
| 3500 | 37.9 \pm 5 % | | 2.91 \pm 5 % | |

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

| | |
|---|---|
| Software | OPENSAR V4 |
| Phantom | SN 20/09 SAM71 |
| Probe | SN 18/11 EPG122 |
| Liquid | Head Liquid Values: ϵ_r' : 42.3 sigma : 0.92 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 15.0 mm |
| Area scan resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8mm |

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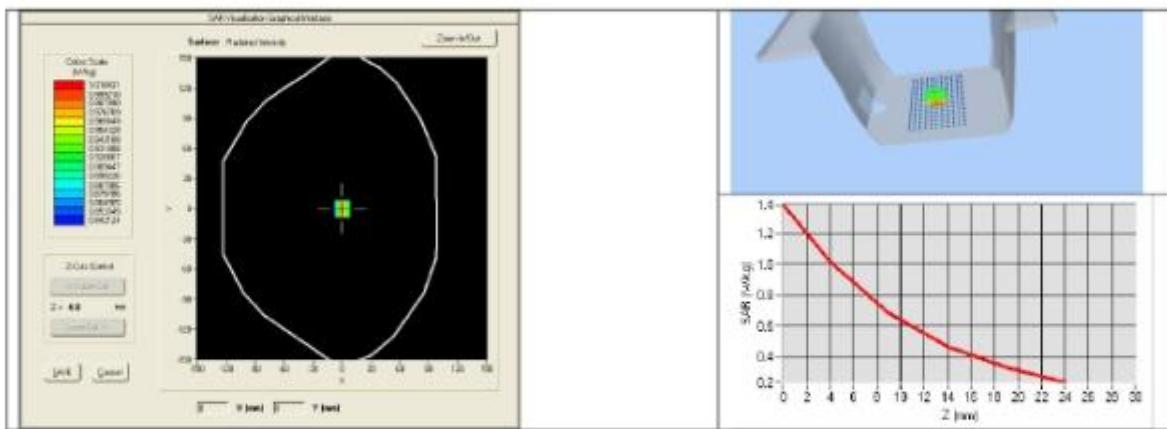


SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| Zoon Scan Resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm |
| Frequency | 835 MHz |
| Input power | 20 dBm |
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % |

| Frequency MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) | |
|------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 2.85 | | 1.94 | |
| 450 | 4.58 | | 3.06 | |
| 750 | 8.49 | | 5.55 | |
| 835 | 9.56 | 9.60 (0.96) | 6.22 | 6.20 (0.62) |
| 900 | 10.9 | | 6.99 | |
| 1450 | 29 | | 16 | |
| 1500 | 30.5 | | 16.8 | |
| 1640 | 34.2 | | 18.4 | |
| 1750 | 36.4 | | 19.3 | |
| 1800 | 38.4 | | 20.1 | |
| 1900 | 39.7 | | 20.5 | |
| 1950 | 40.5 | | 20.9 | |
| 2000 | 41.1 | | 21.1 | |
| 2100 | 43.6 | | 21.9 | |
| 2300 | 48.7 | | 23.3 | |
| 2450 | 52.4 | | 24 | |
| 2600 | 55.3 | | 24.6 | |
| 3000 | 63.8 | | 25.7 | |
| 3500 | 67.1 | | 25 | |



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7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency MHz | Relative permittivity (ϵ_r') | | Conductivity (σ) S/m | |
|------------------|---|----------|-------------------------------|----------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 150 | 61.9 \pm 5 % | | 0.80 \pm 5 % | |
| 300 | 58.2 \pm 5 % | | 0.92 \pm 5 % | |
| 450 | 56.7 \pm 5 % | | 0.94 \pm 5 % | |
| 750 | 55.5 \pm 5 % | | 0.96 \pm 5 % | |
| 835 | 55.2 \pm 5 % | PASS | 0.97 \pm 5 % | PASS |
| 900 | 55.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.05 \pm 5 % | |
| 915 | 55.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.06 \pm 5 % | |
| 1450 | 54.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.30 \pm 5 % | |
| 1610 | 53.8 \pm 5 % | | 1.40 \pm 5 % | |
| 1800 | 53.3 \pm 5 % | | 1.52 \pm 5 % | |
| 1900 | 53.3 \pm 5 % | | 1.52 \pm 5 % | |
| 2000 | 53.3 \pm 5 % | | 1.52 \pm 5 % | |
| 2100 | 53.2 \pm 5 % | | 1.62 \pm 5 % | |
| 2450 | 52.7 \pm 5 % | | 1.95 \pm 5 % | |
| 2600 | 52.5 \pm 5 % | | 2.16 \pm 5 % | |
| 3000 | 52.0 \pm 5 % | | 2.73 \pm 5 % | |
| 3500 | 51.3 \pm 5 % | | 3.31 \pm 5 % | |
| 5200 | 49.0 \pm 10 % | | 5.30 \pm 10 % | |
| 5300 | 48.9 \pm 10 % | | 5.42 \pm 10 % | |
| 5400 | 48.7 \pm 10 % | | 5.53 \pm 10 % | |
| 5500 | 48.6 \pm 10 % | | 5.65 \pm 10 % | |
| 5600 | 48.5 \pm 10 % | | 5.77 \pm 10 % | |
| 5800 | 48.2 \pm 10 % | | 6.00 \pm 10 % | |

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

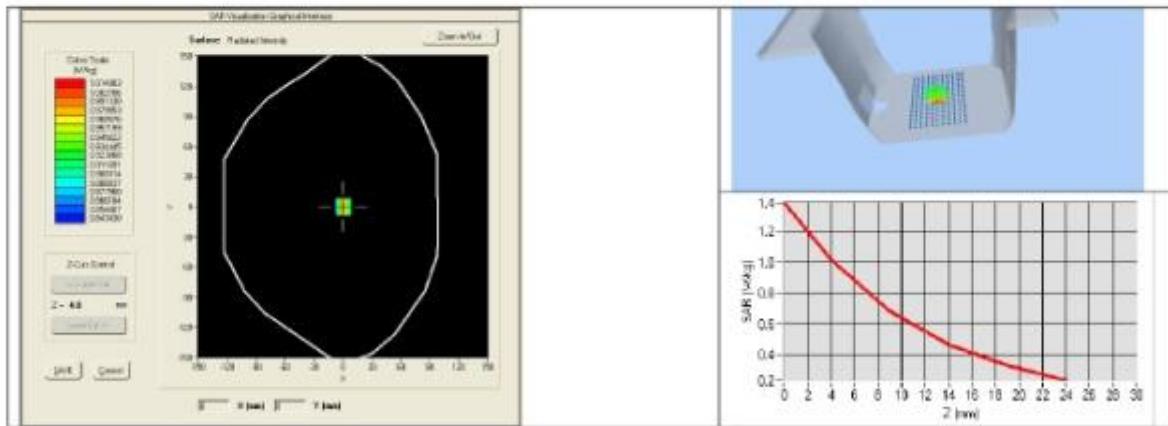
| | |
|---|---|
| Software | OPENSAR V4 |
| Phantom | SN 20/09 SAM71 |
| Probe | SN 18/11 EPG122 |
| Liquid | Body Liquid Values: ϵ_r' : 54.1 sigma : 0.97 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 15.0 mm |
| Area scan resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8mm |
| Zoon Scan Resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm |
| Frequency | 835 MHz |
| Input power | 20 dBm |
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % |



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

| Frequency MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | measured | measured |
| 835 | 9.90 (0.99) | 6.39 (0.64) |



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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Summary Sheet | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| Equipment Description | Manufacturer / Model | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date | Next Calibration Date |
| SAM Phantom | Satimo | SN-20/09-SAM71 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |
| COMOSAR Test Bench | Version 3 | NA | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |
| Network Analyzer | Rhode & Schwarz ZVA | SN100132 | 02/2013 | 02/2016 |
| Calipers | Carrera | CALIPER-01 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Reference Probe | Satimo | EPG122 SN 18/11 | 10/2015 | 10/2016 |
| Multimeter | Keithley 2000 | 1188656 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Signal Generator | Agilent E4438C | MY49070581 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Amplifier | Aethercomm | SN 046 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Power Meter | HP E4418A | US38261498 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Power Sensor | HP ECP-E26A | US37181460 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Directional Coupler | Narda 4216-20 | 01386 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Temperature and Humidity Sensor | Control Company | 11-661-9 | 8/2013 | 8/2016 |

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5.3 SID1900 Dipole Calibration Certificate



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.262.8.14.SATU.A

**SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING
LABORATORY LTD.**
**1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD,
BAO'AN BLVD**
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA
SATIMO COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
FREQUENCY: 1900MHz
SERIAL NO.: SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333

Calibrated at SATIMO US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



10/01/2015

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a SATIMO COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.262.8.14.SATU.A

| | Name | Function | Date | Signature |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|-----------|
| Prepared by : | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 10/14/2015 | |
| Checked by : | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 10/14/2015 | |
| Approved by : | Kim RUTKOWSKI | Quality Manager | 10/14/2015 | |

| | Customer Name |
|----------------|---|
| Distribution : | Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. |

| Issue | Date | Modifications |
|-------|------------|-----------------|
| A | 10/14/2015 | Initial release |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.262.8.14.SATU.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Device Type | COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE |
| Manufacturer | Satimo |
| Model | SID1900 |
| Serial Number | SN 30/14 DIP1G900-333 |
| Product Condition (new / used) | New |

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole



4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

| Frequency band | Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 400-6000MHz | 0.1 dB |

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

| Length (mm) | Expanded Uncertainty on Length |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| 3 - 300 | 0.05 mm |

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

| Scan Volume | Expanded Uncertainty |
|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 g | 20.3 % |
| 10 g | 20.1 % |

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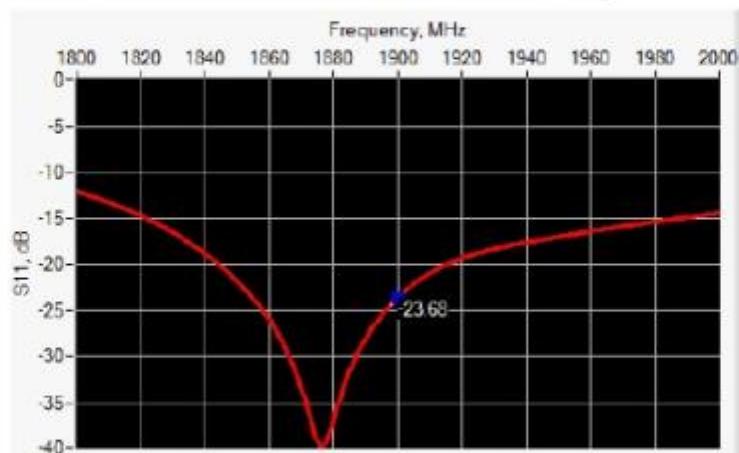


SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.262.8.14.SATU.A

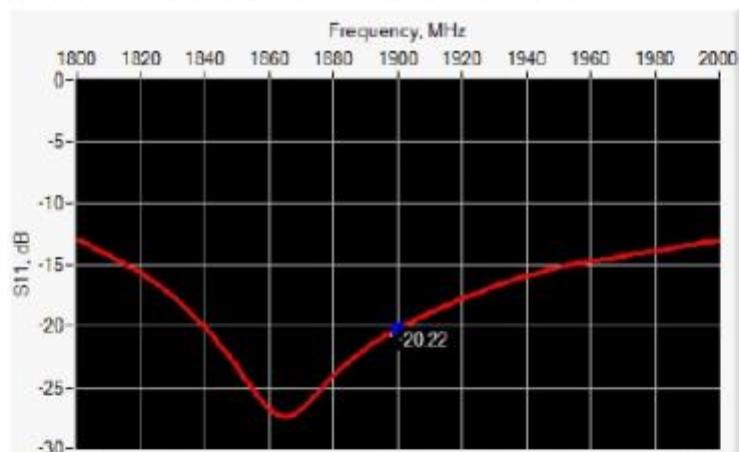
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1900 | -23.68 | -20 | $51.2 \Omega + 6.4 j\Omega$ |

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1900 | -20.22 | -20 | $48.8 \Omega + 9.6 j\Omega$ |

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

| Frequency MHz | L mm | | h mm | | d mm | |
|---------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|----------------|----------|
| | required | measured | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | $420.0 \pm 1\%$ | | $250.0 \pm 1\%$ | | $6.35 \pm 1\%$ | |
| 450 | $290.0 \pm 1\%$ | | $166.7 \pm 1\%$ | | $6.35 \pm 1\%$ | |
| 750 | $176.0 \pm 1\%$ | | $100.0 \pm 1\%$ | | $6.35 \pm 1\%$ | |
| 835 | $161.0 \pm 1\%$ | | $89.8 \pm 1\%$ | | $3.6 \pm 1\%$ | |

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR-262.8.14.SATU.A

| | | | | | | |
|------|------------------|------|-----------------|------|----------------|------|
| 900 | 149.0 \pm 1 %. | | 83.3 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 1450 | 89.1 \pm 1 %. | | 51.7 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 1500 | 80.5 \pm 1 %. | | 50.0 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 1640 | 79.0 \pm 1 %. | | 45.7 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 1750 | 75.2 \pm 1 %. | | 42.9 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 1800 | 72.0 \pm 1 %. | | 41.7 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 1900 | 68.0 \pm 1 %. | PASS | 39.5 \pm 1 %. | PASS | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | PASS |
| 1950 | 66.3 \pm 1 %. | | 38.5 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 2000 | 64.5 \pm 1 %. | | 37.5 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 2100 | 61.0 \pm 1 %. | | 35.7 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 2300 | 55.5 \pm 1 %. | | 32.6 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 2450 | 51.5 \pm 1 %. | | 30.4 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 2600 | 48.5 \pm 1 %. | | 28.8 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 3000 | 41.5 \pm 1 %. | | 25.0 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 3500 | 37.0 \pm 1 %. | | 26.4 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |
| 3700 | 34.7 \pm 1 %. | | 26.4 \pm 1 %. | | 3.6 \pm 1 %. | |

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency MHz | Relative permittivity (ϵ_r') | | Conductivity (σ) S/m | |
|------------------|---|----------|-------------------------------|----------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 45.3 \pm 5 % | | 0.87 \pm 5 % | |
| 450 | 43.5 \pm 5 % | | 0.87 \pm 5 % | |
| 750 | 41.9 \pm 5 % | | 0.89 \pm 5 % | |
| 835 | 41.5 \pm 5 % | | 0.90 \pm 5 % | |
| 900 | 41.5 \pm 5 % | | 0.97 \pm 5 % | |
| 1450 | 40.5 \pm 5 % | | 1.20 \pm 5 % | |
| 1500 | 40.4 \pm 5 % | | 1.23 \pm 5 % | |
| 1640 | 40.2 \pm 5 % | | 1.31 \pm 5 % | |
| 1750 | 40.1 \pm 5 % | | 1.37 \pm 5 % | |
| 1800 | 40.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.40 \pm 5 % | |
| 1900 | 40.0 \pm 5 % | PASS | 1.40 \pm 5 % | PASS |
| 1950 | 40.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.40 \pm 5 % | |
| 2000 | 40.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.40 \pm 5 % | |

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.262.8.14.SATU.A

| | | | | |
|------|-----------|--|-----------|--|
| 2100 | 39.8 ±5 % | | 1.49 ±5 % | |
| 2300 | 39.5 ±5 % | | 1.67 ±5 % | |
| 2450 | 39.2 ±5 % | | 1.80 ±5 % | |
| 2600 | 39.0 ±5 % | | 1.96 ±5 % | |
| 3000 | 38.5 ±5 % | | 2.40 ±5 % | |
| 3500 | 37.9 ±5 % | | 2.91 ±5 % | |

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

| | |
|---|--|
| Software | OPENSAR V4 |
| Phantom | SN 20/09 SAM71 |
| Probe | SN 18/11 EPG122 |
| Liquid | Head Liquid Values: ϵ_r : 41.1 sigma : 1.42 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm |
| Area scan resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8mm |
| Zoon Scan Resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm |
| Frequency | 1900 MHz |
| Input power | 20 dBm |
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % |

| Frequency MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) | |
|------------------|------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 2.85 | | 1.94 | |
| 450 | 4.58 | | 3.06 | |
| 750 | 8.49 | | 5.55 | |
| 835 | 9.56 | | 6.22 | |
| 900 | 10.9 | | 6.99 | |
| 1450 | 29 | | 16 | |
| 1500 | 30.5 | | 16.8 | |
| 1640 | 34.2 | | 18.4 | |
| 1750 | 36.4 | | 19.3 | |
| 1800 | 38.4 | | 20.1 | |
| 1900 | 39.7 | 39.84 (3.98) | 20.5 | 20.20 (2.02) |
| 1950 | 40.5 | | 20.9 | |
| 2000 | 41.1 | | 21.1 | |
| 2100 | 43.6 | | 21.9 | |
| 2300 | 48.7 | | 23.3 | |

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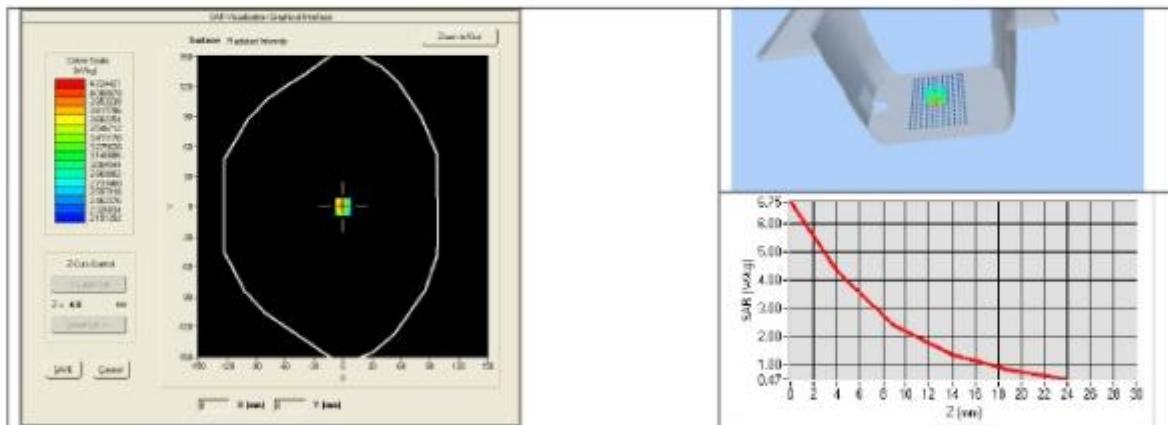
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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.262.8.14.SATU.A

| | | | | |
|------|------|--|------|--|
| 2450 | 52.4 | | 24 | |
| 2600 | 55.3 | | 24.6 | |
| 3000 | 63.8 | | 25.7 | |
| 3500 | 67.1 | | 25 | |

7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency MHz | Relative permittivity (ϵ_r') | | Conductivity (σ) S/m | |
|------------------|---|----------|-------------------------------|----------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 150 | 61.9 \pm 5 % | | 0.80 \pm 5 % | |
| 300 | 58.2 \pm 5 % | | 0.92 \pm 5 % | |
| 450 | 56.7 \pm 5 % | | 0.94 \pm 5 % | |
| 750 | 55.5 \pm 5 % | | 0.96 \pm 5 % | |
| 835 | 55.2 \pm 5 % | | 0.97 \pm 5 % | |
| 900 | 55.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.05 \pm 5 % | |
| 915 | 55.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.06 \pm 5 % | |
| 1450 | 54.0 \pm 5 % | | 1.30 \pm 5 % | |
| 1610 | 53.8 \pm 5 % | | 1.40 \pm 5 % | |
| 1800 | 53.3 \pm 5 % | | 1.52 \pm 5 % | |
| 1900 | 53.3 \pm 5 % | PASS | 1.52 \pm 5 % | PASS |
| 2000 | 53.3 \pm 5 % | | 1.52 \pm 5 % | |
| 2100 | 53.2 \pm 5 % | | 1.62 \pm 5 % | |
| 2450 | 52.7 \pm 5 % | | 1.95 \pm 5 % | |
| 2600 | 52.5 \pm 5 % | | 2.16 \pm 5 % | |
| 3000 | 52.0 \pm 5 % | | 2.73 \pm 5 % | |
| 3500 | 51.3 \pm 5 % | | 3.31 \pm 5 % | |
| 5200 | 49.0 \pm 10 % | | 5.30 \pm 10 % | |
| 5300 | 48.9 \pm 10 % | | 5.42 \pm 10 % | |
| 5400 | 48.7 \pm 10 % | | 5.53 \pm 10 % | |

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

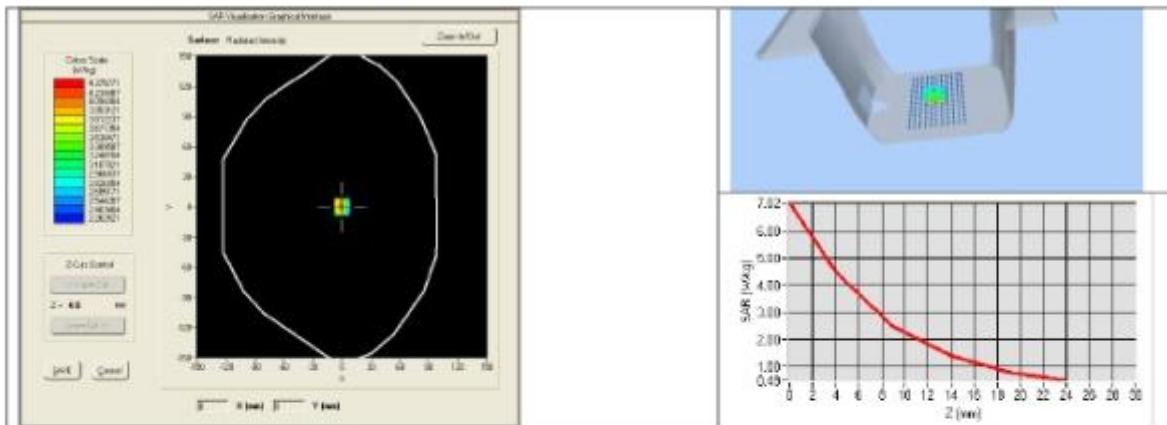
Ref: ACR.262.8.14.SATU.A

| | | | | |
|------|------------|--|------------|--|
| 5500 | 48.6 ±10 % | | 5.65 ±10 % | |
| 5600 | 48.5 ±10 % | | 5.77 ±10 % | |
| 5800 | 48.2 ±10 % | | 6.00 ±10 % | |

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

| | |
|---|--|
| Software | OPENSAR V4 |
| Phantom | SN 20/09 SAM71 |
| Probe | SN 18/11 EPG122 |
| Liquid | Body Liquid Values: $\epsilon_r = 54.2$ sigma : 1.54 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm |
| Area scan resolution | $dx=8\text{mm}/dy=8\text{mm}$ |
| Zoon Scan Resolution | $dx=8\text{mm}/dy=8\text{mm}/dz=5\text{mm}$ |
| Frequency | 1900 MHz |
| Input power | 20 dBm |
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % |

| Frequency MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | measured | measured |
| 1900 | 43.33 (4.33) | 21.59 (2.16) |





SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.262.8.14.SATU.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

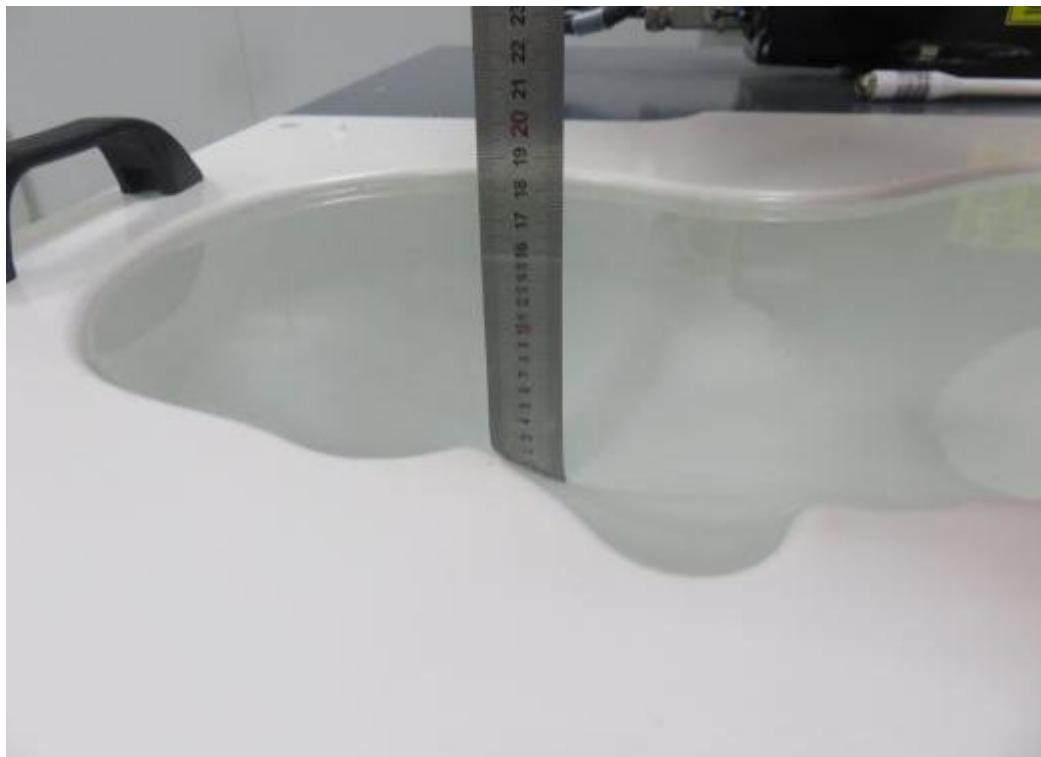
| Equipment Summary Sheet | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| Equipment Description | Manufacturer / Model | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date | Next Calibration Date |
| SAM Phantom | Satimo | SN-20/09-SAM71 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |
| COMOSAR Test Bench | Version 3 | NA | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. |
| Network Analyzer | Rhode & Schwarz ZVA | SN100132 | 02/2013 | 02/2016 |
| Calipers | Carrera | CALIPER-01 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Reference Probe | Satimo | EPG122 SN 18/11 | 10/2015 | 10/2016 |
| Multimeter | Keithley 2000 | 1188656 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Signal Generator | Agilent E4438C | MY49070581 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Amplifier | Aethercomm | SN 046 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Power Meter | HP E4418A | US38261498 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Power Sensor | HP ECP-E26A | US37181460 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 |
| Directional Coupler | Narda 4216-20 | 01386 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Temperature and Humidity Sensor | Control Company | 11-661-9 | 8/2013 | 8/2016 |

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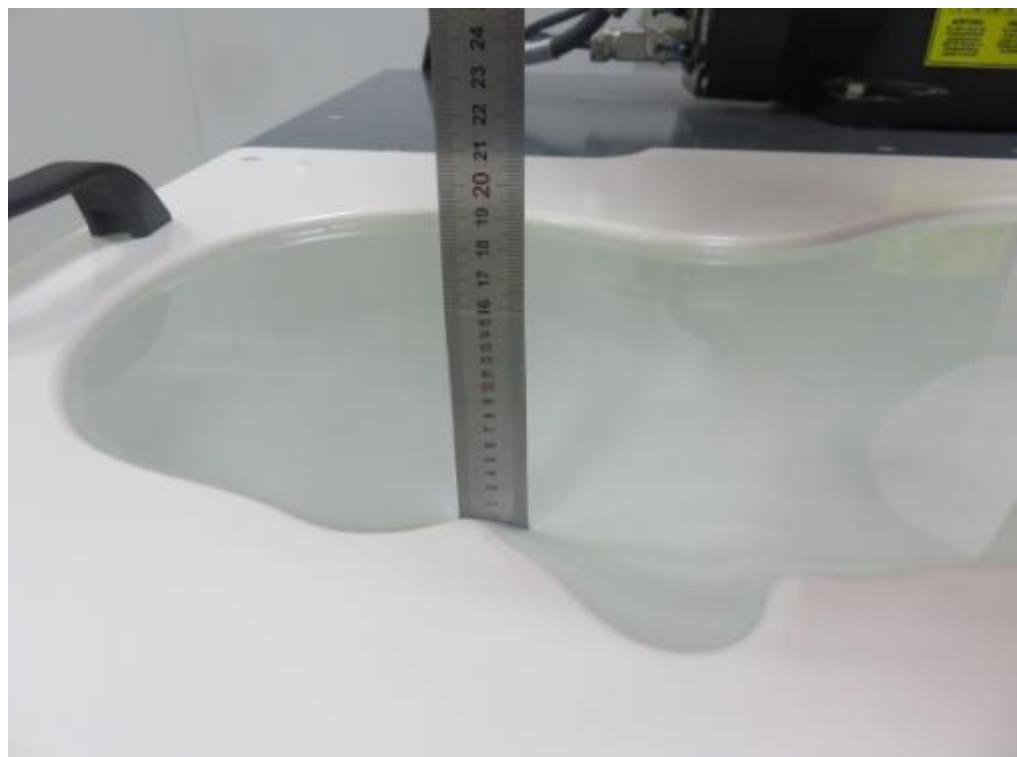
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6. EUT TEST PHOTOGRAPHS

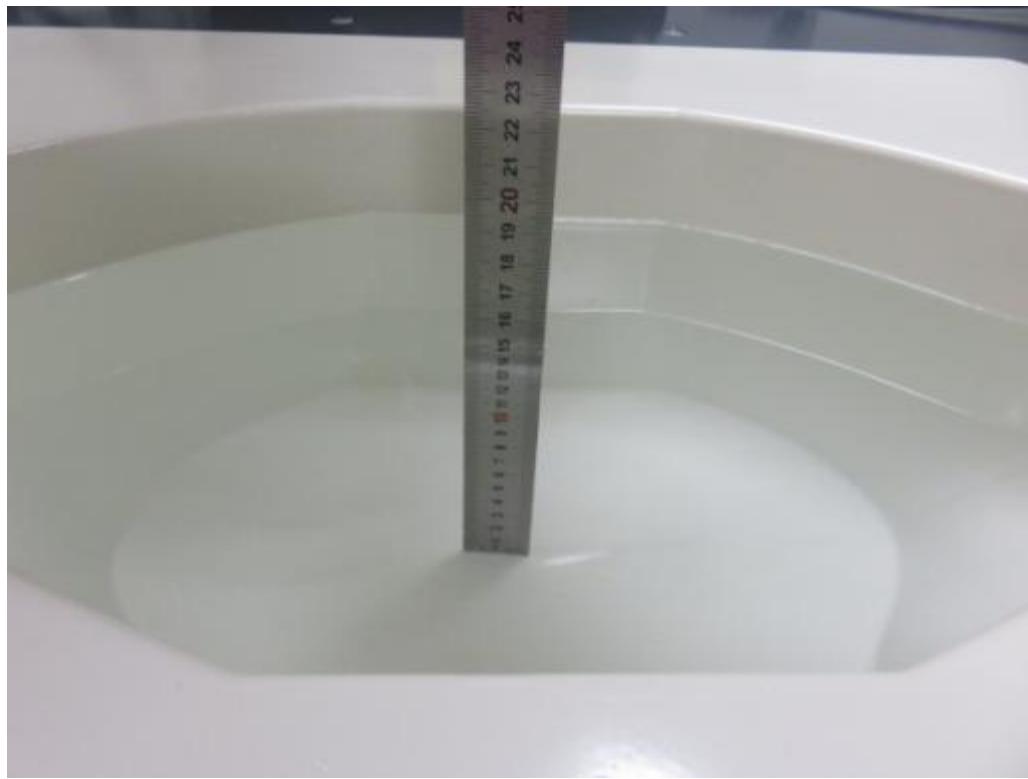
6.1 Photograph of liquid depth



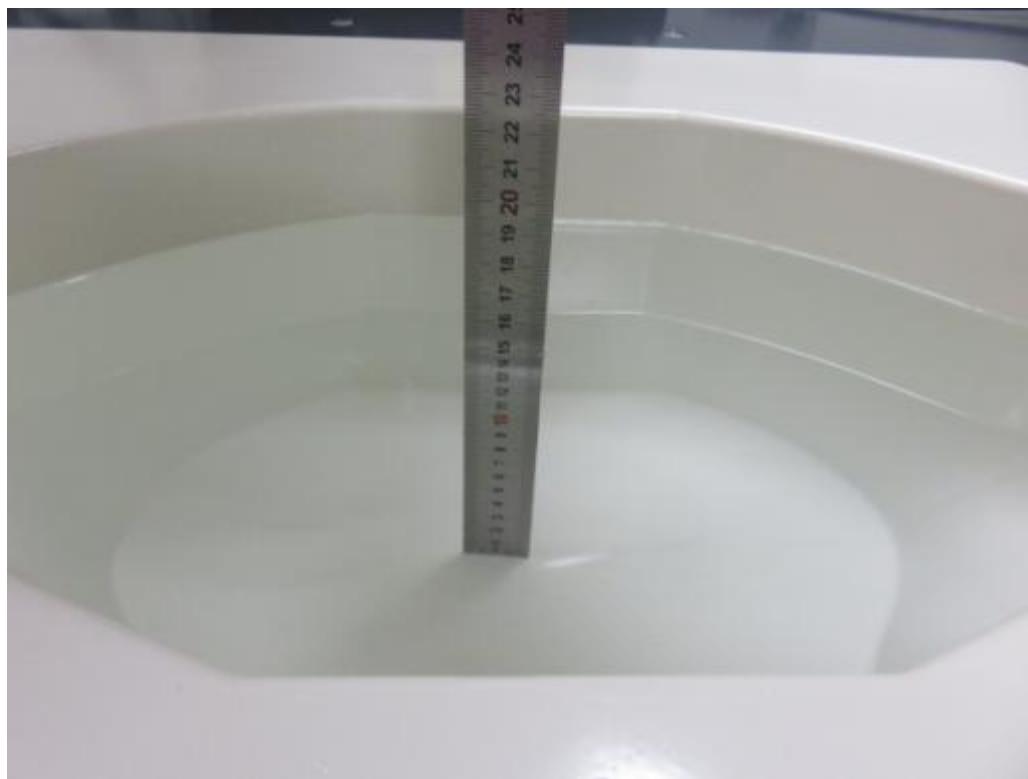
Photograph of the depth in the Head Phantom (835MHz, 15.8cm depth)



Photograph of the depth in the Head Phantom (1900MHz, 15.7cm depth)



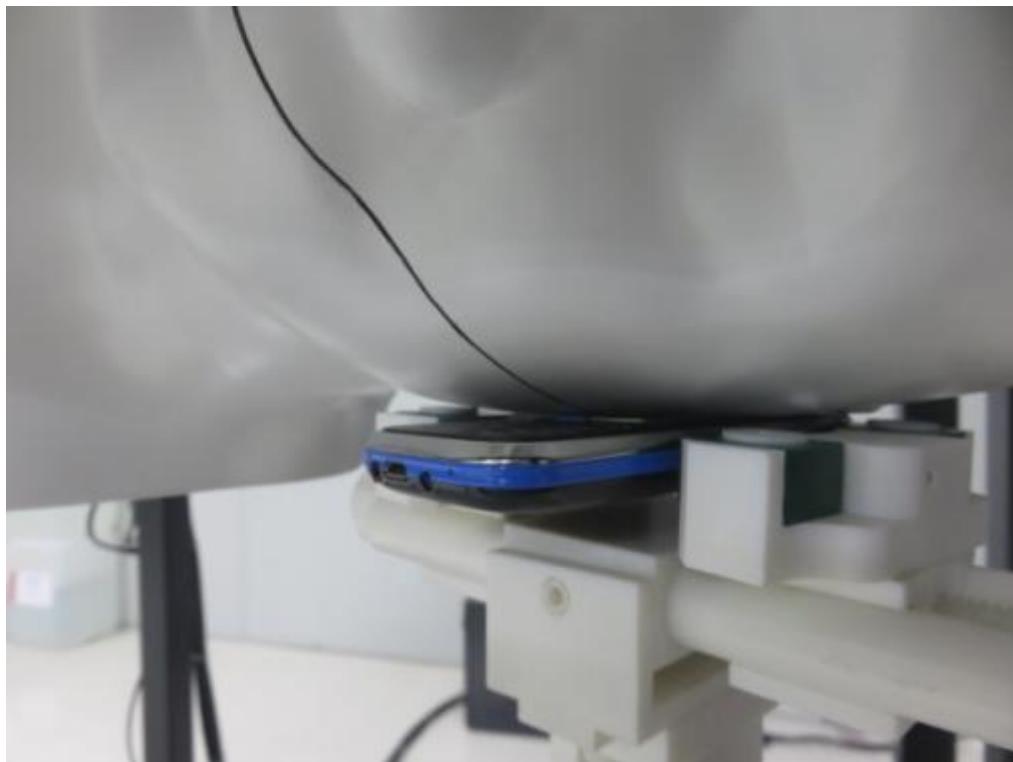
Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (835MHz, 16.1cm depth)



Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (1900MHz, 16.0cm depth)

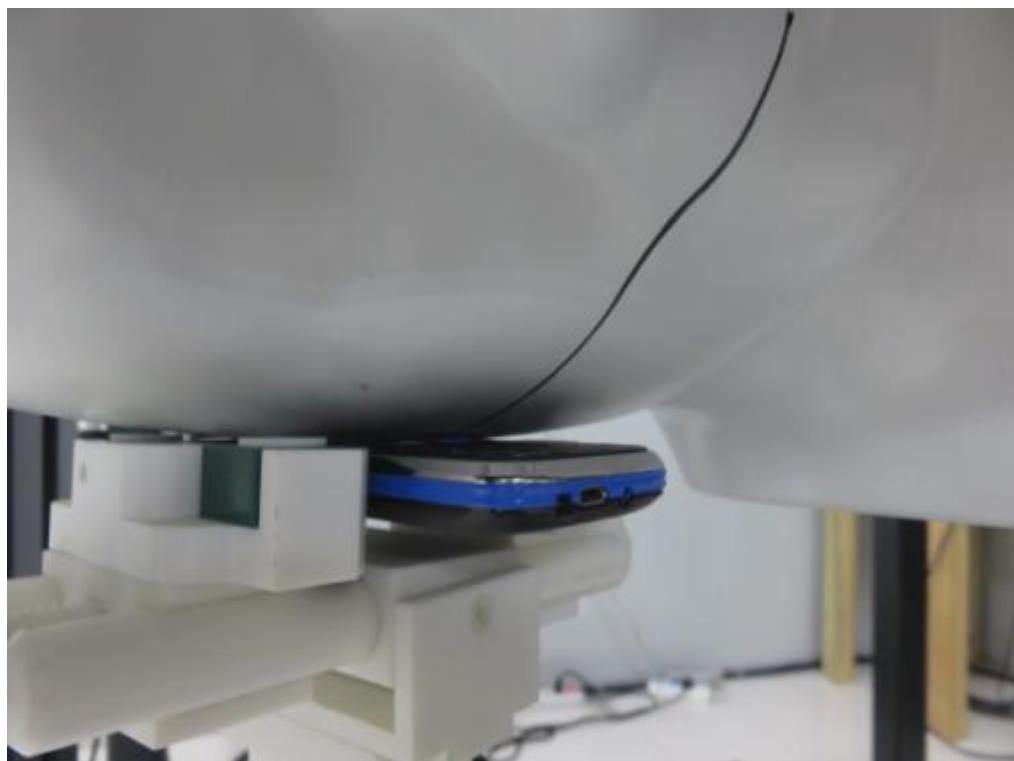
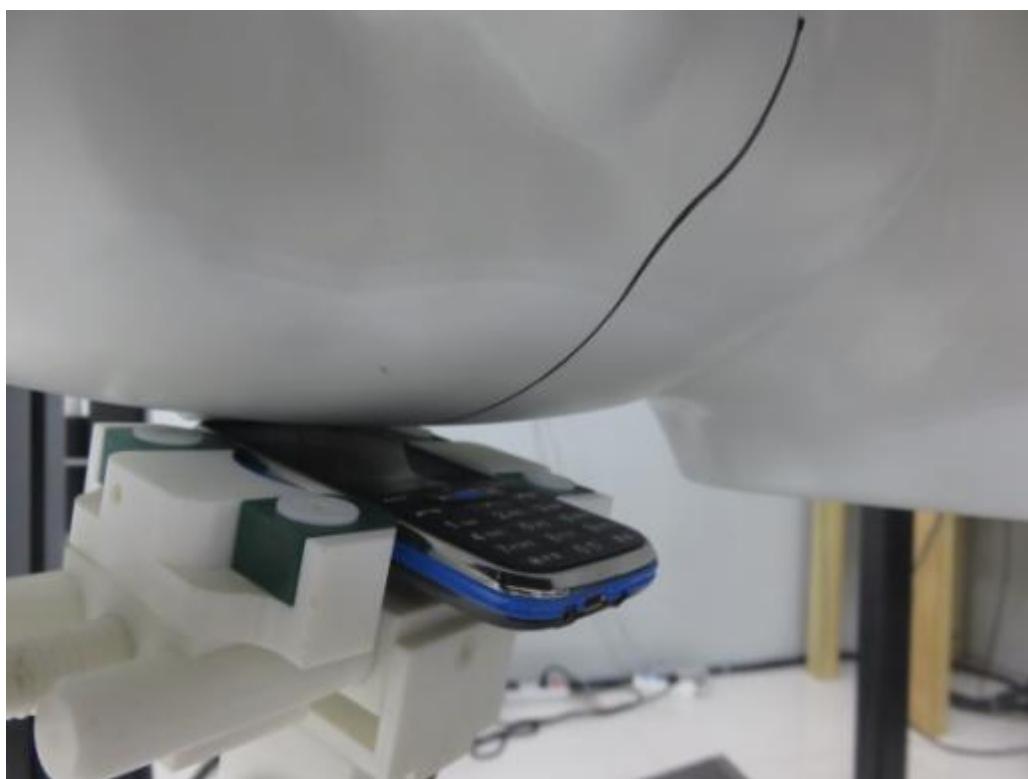
6.8 Photograph of the Test

Head Setup Photo (Left Cheek)

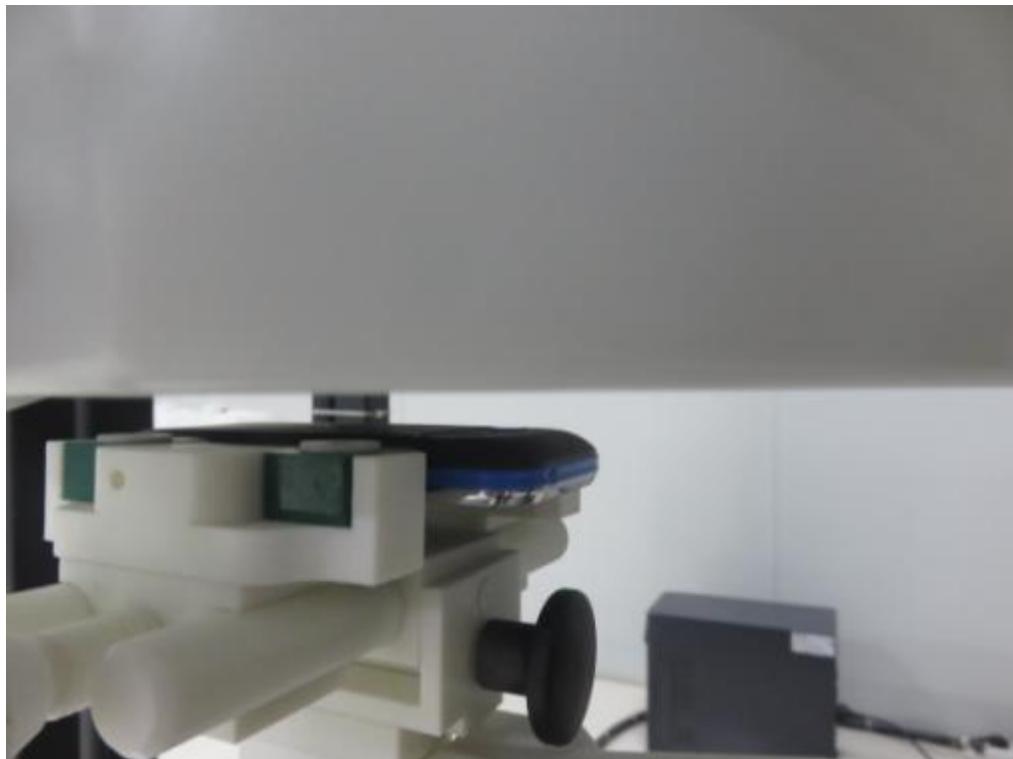


Head Setup Photo (Left Tilt)

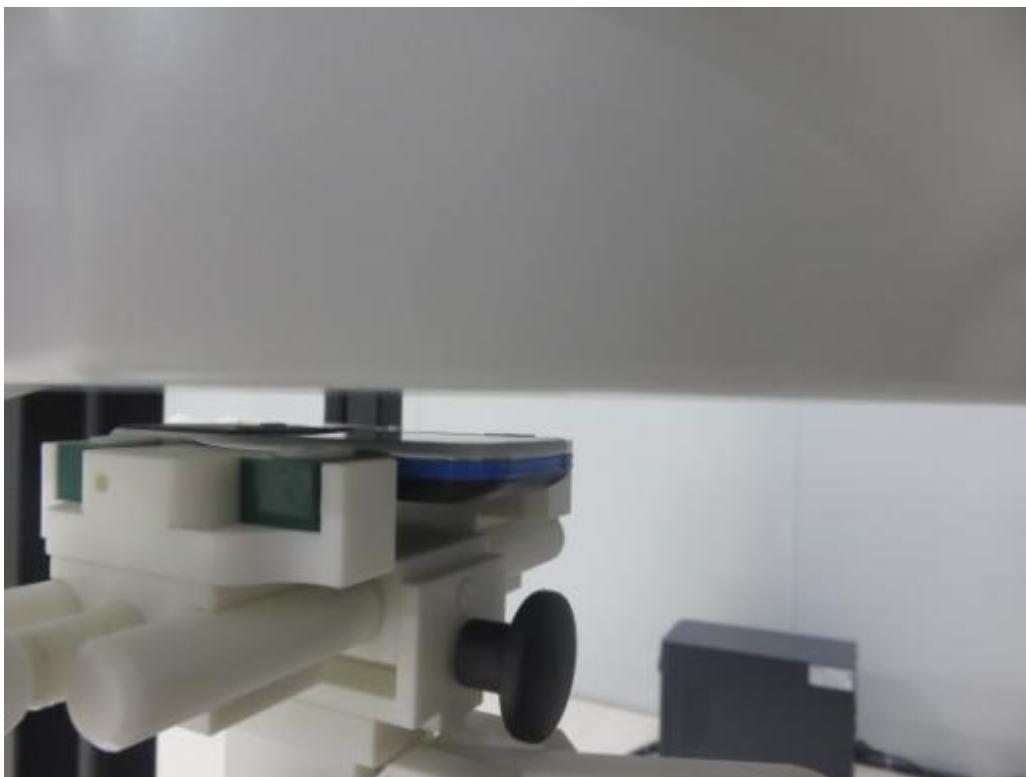


Head Setup Photo (Right Cheek)**Head Setup Photo (Right Tilt)**

10mm body-worn Back Side Setup Photo



10mm body-worn Front Side Setup Photo



7. EUT Photographs



.....The End of Test Report.....