

Report on the FCC and IC Testing of the  
Leica Geosystems AG Absolut Laser Tracker  
Model: AT500  
In accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 15C and  
ISED Canada RSS-210, ISED Canada RSS-247  
and ISED Canada RSS-GEN

Prepared for: Leica Geosystems AG  
Heinrich-Wild-Strasse  
9435 Heerbrugg  
Switzerland

FCC ID: 2AJY6MORIN01  
IC: 22172-MORIN01





Product Service

Choose certainty.  
Add value.

## COMMERCIAL-IN-CONFIDENCE

Date: 2022-03-17  
Document Number: TR-63782-37772-07 | Issue: 01

RESPONSIBLE FOR	NAME	DATE	SIGNATURE
Project Management	Patrick Müller	2022-03-17	 SIGN-ID 629102
Authorised Signatory	Martin Steindl	2022-03-17	 SIGN-ID 629487

Signatures in this approval box have checked this document in line with the requirements of TÜV SÜD Product Service document control rules.

### ENGINEERING STATEMENT

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures described on test pages. All reported testing was carried out on a sample equipment to demonstrate limited compliance with FCC 47 CFR Part 15C and ISED Canada RSS-210, ISED Canada RSS-247 and ISED Canada RSS-GEN. The sample tested was found to comply with the requirements defined in the applied rules.

RESPONSIBLE FOR	NAME	DATE	SIGNATURE
Testing	Patrick Müller	2022-03-17	 SIGN-ID 629103

Laboratory Accreditation

DAkkS Reg. No. D-PL-11321-11-03

DAkkS Reg. No. D-PL-11321-11-04

Laboratory recognition

Registration No. BNetzA-CAB-16/21-15

ISED Canada test site registration

3050A-2

### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A sample of this product was tested (partly) and found to be compliant with FCC 47 CFR Part 15C, ISED Canada RSS-247, Issue 2 (2017-02) and ISED Canada RSS-GEN:2018, Issue 5, Amendment 1 (2019) and Amendment 2 (2021).

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# 1 Report Summary

## 1.1 Report Modification Record

Alterations and additions to this report will be issued to the holders of each copy in the form of a complete document.

Issue	Description of Change	Date of Issue
1	First Issue	2022-03-17

**Table 1**

## 1.2 Introduction

Applicant	Leica Geosystems AG
Manufacturer	Leica Geosystems AG
Model Number(s)	AT500
Serial Number(s)	970104
Hardware Version(s)	--
Software Version(s)	--
Number of Samples Tested	1
Test Specification/Issue/Date	FCC 47 CFR Part 15C, ISED Canada RSS-247, Issue 2 (2017-02) and ISED Canada RSS-GEN:2018, Issue 5, Amendment 1 (2019) and Amendment 2 (2021).
Test Plan/Issue/Date	---
Order Number	8401314
Date	2021-11-26
Date of Receipt of EUT	2022-02-16
Start of Test	2022-02-16
Finish of Test	2022-03-10
Name of Engineer(s)	Patrick Müller
Related Document(s)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)



### 1.3 Brief Summary of Results

A brief summary of the tests carried out in accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 15C and ISED Canada RSS-247 and ISED Canada RSS-GEN is shown below.

Section	Specification Clause	Test Description	Result	Comments/Base Standard
Configuration and Mode: Continuously Transmitting WLAN for Modul integration Test				
3.1	15.247 (d), 15.205, 15.209	Spurious Radiated Emissions	Pass	ANSI C63.10 (2013)
3.2	15.247 (b)(3)	Output Power	Pass	ANSI C63.10 (2013)
3.3	15.247 (d)	Frequency Band Edge	Pass	ANSI C63.10 (2013)

**Table 2**



Product Service

1.4 Declaration of Build Status

Production Version

1.5 Product Information

Contains Transmitter Module  
FCC ID: 2AJY6MORIN01  
FCC ID: SQGBL654  
IC: 22172-MORIN01  
IC: 3147A-BL654

204-760001  
 201-180112

**UKCA** Importer: Hexagon Metrology Ltd  
Metrology House, Halesfield 13  
Telford, Shropshire, TF7 4PL

**Model: AT500** Art.No.: **577440**  
Power: 30-48V / 4A max.  
Leica Geosystems AG  
CH-9435 Heerbrugg  
Manufactured: 01.2022  
Made in Switzerland

Standard applied: IEC 60825-1:2014	visible	invisible	invisible
Maximum average radiant power	0.35 mW	0.5 mW	1.5 mW
Emitted wavelength	635 nm	795 nm	905 nm
Pulse duration	cw	cw	2.5 ms

Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for conformance with IEC 60825-1 Ed.3., as described in Laser Notice No. 56, dated May 8, 2019.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules.  
Operation is subject to the following two conditions:  
(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and  
(2) this device must accept any interference received,  
including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Patents (one or more): US  
8,279,430 8,305,563  
8,772,719 9,322,654  
9,377,296 9,612,331  
9,810,964 RE47,430  
P125  
P126

Patents (one or more): US  
P221  
P222  
P223  
P224  
P225  
P226

1.6 EUT Modification Record

The table below details modifications made to the EUT during the test programme.  
The modifications incorporated during each test are recorded on the appropriate test pages.

Modification State	Description of Modification still fitted to EUT	Modification Fitted By	Date Modification Fitted
0	As supplied by the customer, S/N: 970104	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Table 3



Product Service

**1.7 Test Location**

TÜV SÜD Product Service conducted the following tests at our Straubing Test Laboratory.

Test Name	Name of Engineer(s)
Configuration and Mode: Continuously Transmitting WLAN	
Spurious Radiated Emissions	Patrick Müller
Output power	Patrick Müller
Restricted Band Edges	Patrick Müller

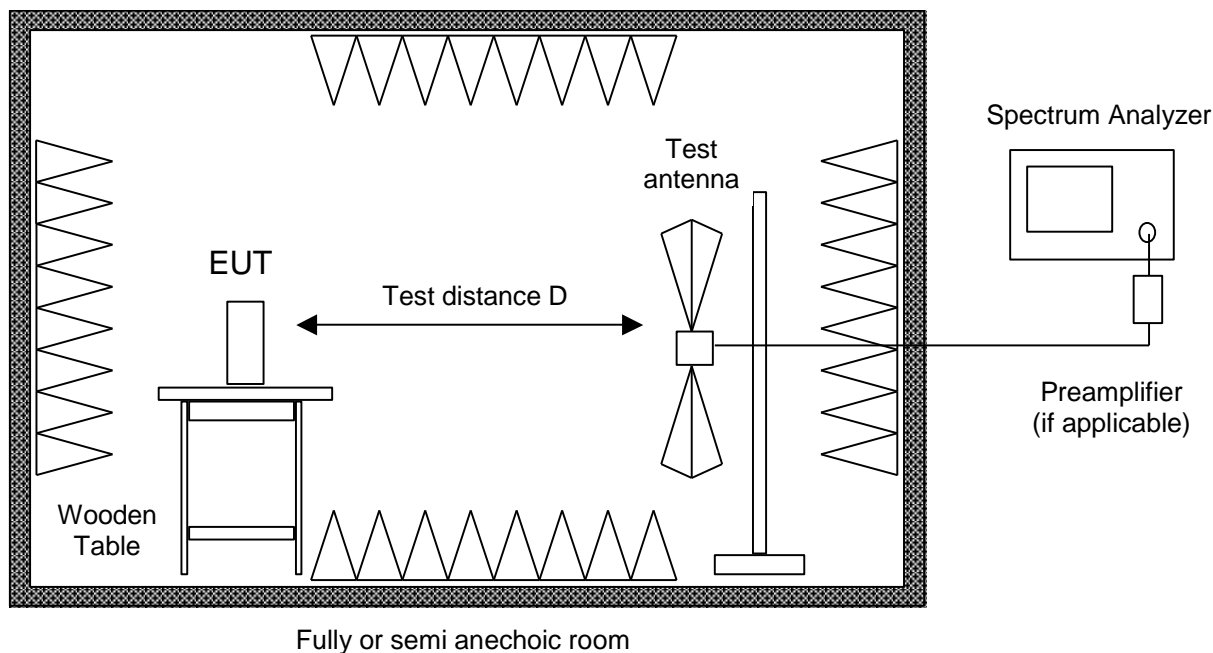
**Table 4**

Office Address:

Äußere Frühlingstraße 45  
94315 Straubing  
Germany

## 2 Test Setup

### 2.1 Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room



Radiated emission in fully or semi anechoic room is measured in the frequency range from 30 MHz to the maximum frequency as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.33.

Measurements are made in both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization using a spectrum analyzer with the detector function set to peak and resolution as well as video bandwidth set to 100 kHz (below 1 GHz) or 1 MHz (above 1 GHz).

Testing up to 1 GHz is performed with a linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna"). For testing above 1 GHz horn antennas are used.

All tests below 8.2 GHz are performed at a test distance D of 3 meters. For higher frequencies the test distance may be reduced (e.g. to 1 meter) due to the sensitivity of the measuring instrument(s) and the test results are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(f)(1) using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade. If required, preamplifiers are used for the whole frequency range. Special care is taken to avoid overload, using appropriate attenuators and filters, if necessary.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.

During testing the EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

For final testing below 1 GHz a semi anechoic room complying with the NSA requirements of ANSI C63.4 for alternative test sites is used (see 2.2). If prescans are recorded in fully anechoic room they are indicated appropriately.



According to section 13 of KDB558074 the requirement for radiated emissions on the band edges was performed with a reduced bandwidth of 100 kHz instead of 1 MHz.

Radiated emission in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz is measured using an active loop antenna. First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment is recorded at a distance of 3 meters in a fully or semi anechoic room with the detector of the spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver set to peak. This configuration is also used for recording the spectrum of intentional radiators.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.

EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

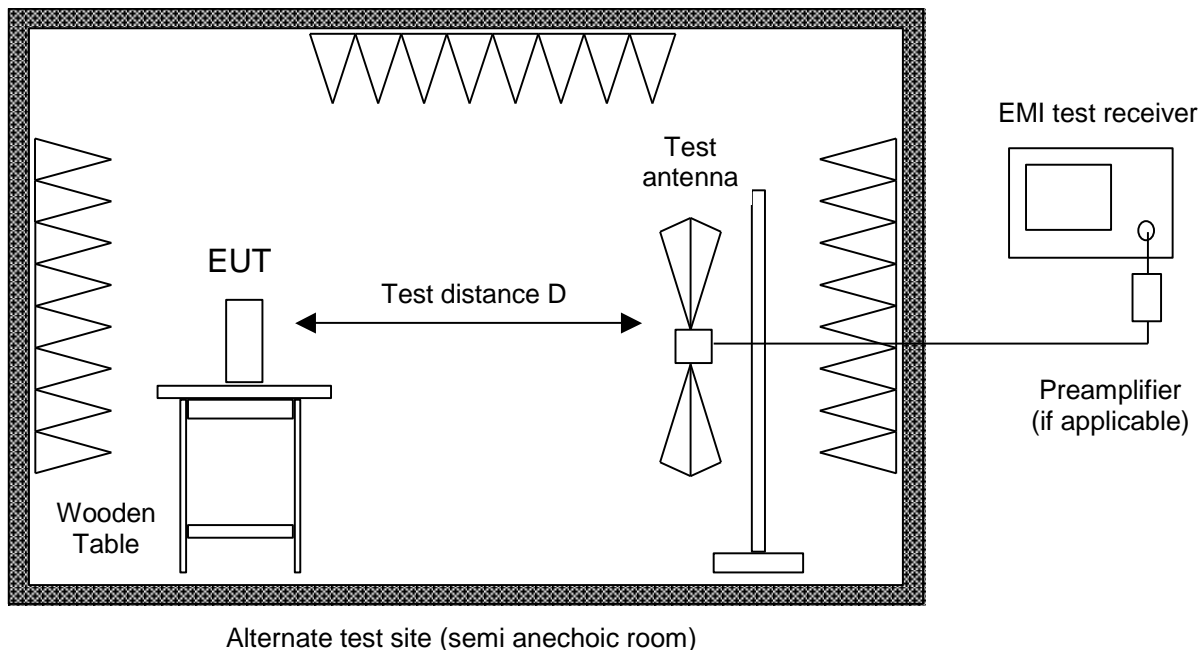
If worst case emission of the EUT cannot be recorded with EUT in standard position and loop antenna in vertical polarization the EUT (or the radiating part of the EUT) is rotated by 90 degrees instead of changing the loop antenna to horizontal polarization. This procedure is selected to minimize the influence of the environment (e.g. effects caused by the floor especially with longer distances).

Final measurement is performed at a test distance D of 30 meters using an open field test site. In case the regulation requires testing at other distances, the result is extrapolated by either making measurements at an additional distance D of 10 meters to determine the proper extrapolation factor or by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade). In cases of very low emissions measurements are performed at shorter distances and results are extrapolated to the required distance. The provisions of CFR 47 Part 15 sections 15.31(d) and (f)(2) apply. According to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.209(d) final measurement is performed with detector function set to quasi-peak except for the frequency bands 9 to 90 kHz and 110 to 490 kHz where, for non-pulsed operation, average detector is employed.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.



## 2.2 Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site



Radiated emission in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz is measured within a semi-anechoic room with groundplane complying with the NSA requirements of ANSI C63.4 for alternative test sites. A linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna") is used. The measurement bandwidth of the test receiver is set to 120 kHz with quasi-peak detector selected.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are tested in the position producing the highest emission relative to the limit as verified by prescans in fully anechoic room.

If no prescan in a fully anechoic room is used first a peak scan is performed in four positions to get the whole spectrum of emission caused by EUT with the measuring antenna raised and lowered from 1 to 4 m to find table position, antenna height and antenna polarization for the maximum emission levels. Data reduction is applied to these results to select those levels having less margin than 10 dB or exceeding the limit using subranges and limited number of maximums. Further maximization is following.

With detector of the test receiver set to quasi-peak final measurements are performed immediately after frequency zoom (for drifting disturbances) and maximum adjustment.

Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

In cases where prescans in a fully anechoic room are taken (e. g. if EUT is operating for a short time only or battery is discharged quickly) final measurements with quasi-peak detector are performed manually at frequencies indicated by prescan with EUT rotating all around and receiving antenna raising and lowering within 1 meter to 4 meters to find the maximum levels of emission.

Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.



Product Service

For measuring emissions of intentional radiators and receivers a test distance D of 3 meters is selected. Testing of unintentional radiators is performed at a distance of 10 meters. If limits specified for 3 meters shall be used for measurements performed at 10 meters distance the limits are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(d) and (f)(1) using an inverse linear-distance extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade.



### 3 Test Details

#### 3.1 Spurious Emissions

##### 3.1.1 Specification Reference

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C, Clause 15.205, 15.209, 15.247(d)  
ISED RSS-247, Clause 5.5 / 6.2.4.2  
ISED RSS-Gen, Clauses 8.9 and 8.10

##### 3.1.2 Equipment Under Test and Modification State

AT500, S/N: 970104 - Modification State 0

##### 3.1.3 Date of Test

2022-02-16

##### 3.1.4 Test Method

Plots for average measurements were taken in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 4.1.4.2.3 to characterize the EUT. Where emissions were detected, final average measurements were taken in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 4.1.4.2.2.

The plots shown are the characterization of the EUT. The limits on the plots represent the most stringent case for restricted bands, (54/74 dB $\mu$ V/m) when compared to 20 dBc outside restricted bands. The limits shown have been used as a threshold to determine where further measurements are necessary. Where results are within 10 dB of the limits shown on the plots, further investigation was carried out and reported in results tables.

The following conversion can be applied to convert from dB $\mu$ V/m to  $\mu$ V/m:  
 $10^{(\text{Field Strength in dB}\mu\text{V/m}/20)}$ .

##### 3.1.5 Environmental Conditions

Ambient Temperature	21.0 °C
Relative Humidity	33.0 %

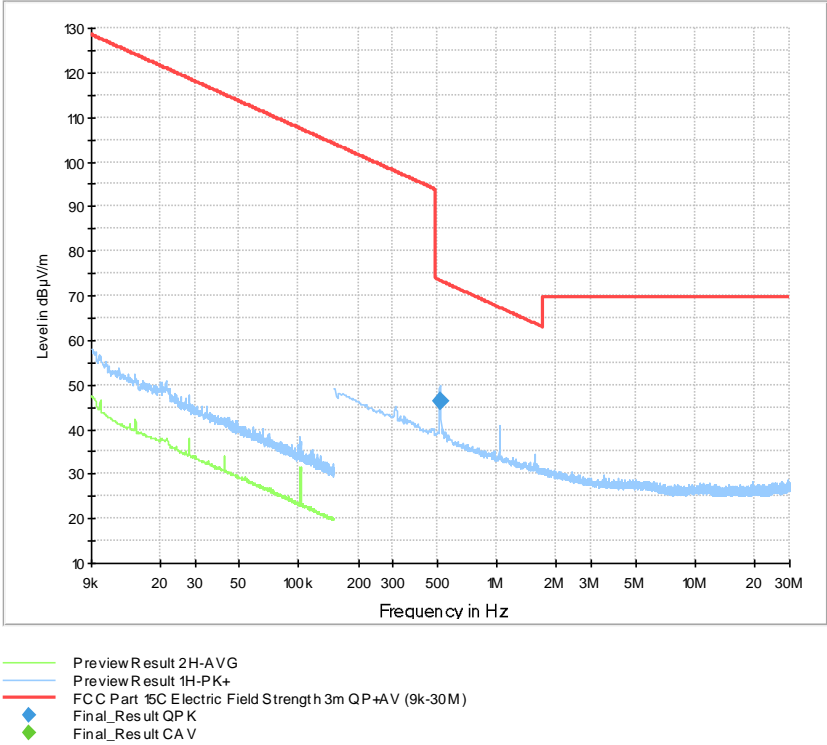
##### 3.1.6 Test Results

###### Sample calculation of final values:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Final Value (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} &= \text{Reading Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Cable Correction Factor (dB)} \\ &\quad + \text{Antenna Correction Factor (dB/m)} \\ &\quad + \text{Pulse Train Correction (dB)} \end{aligned}$$



Laser Tracker AT500 - Transmission on WLAN 2.4G Ch1

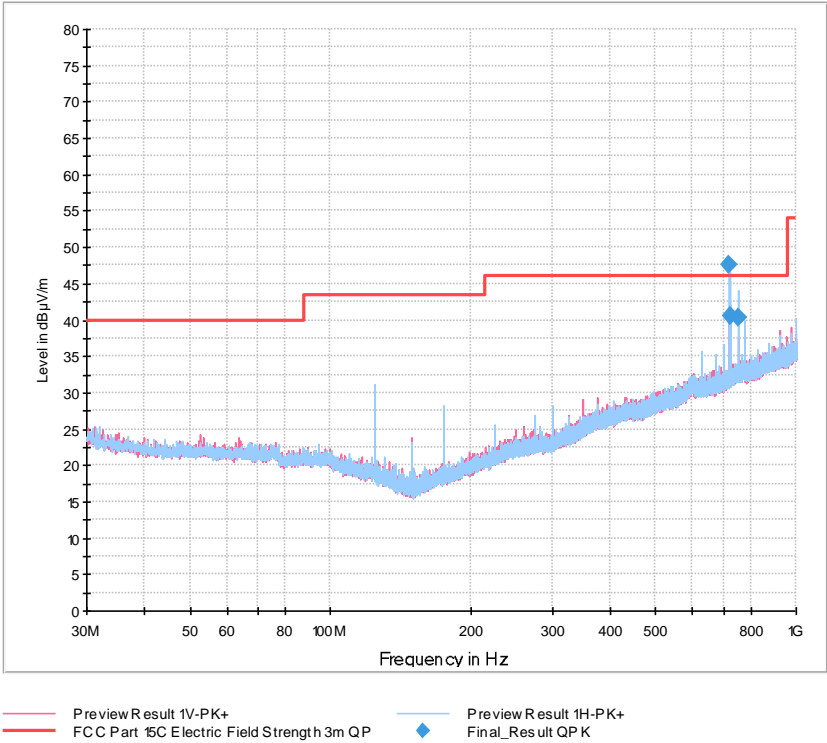


Final Results:

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	ms	kHz	cm		deg	dB/m
0.516750	46.36	73.34	26.98	1000.0	9.000	100.0	H	-5.0	19.2



Laser Tracker AT500 - Transmission on WLAN 2.4G Ch6



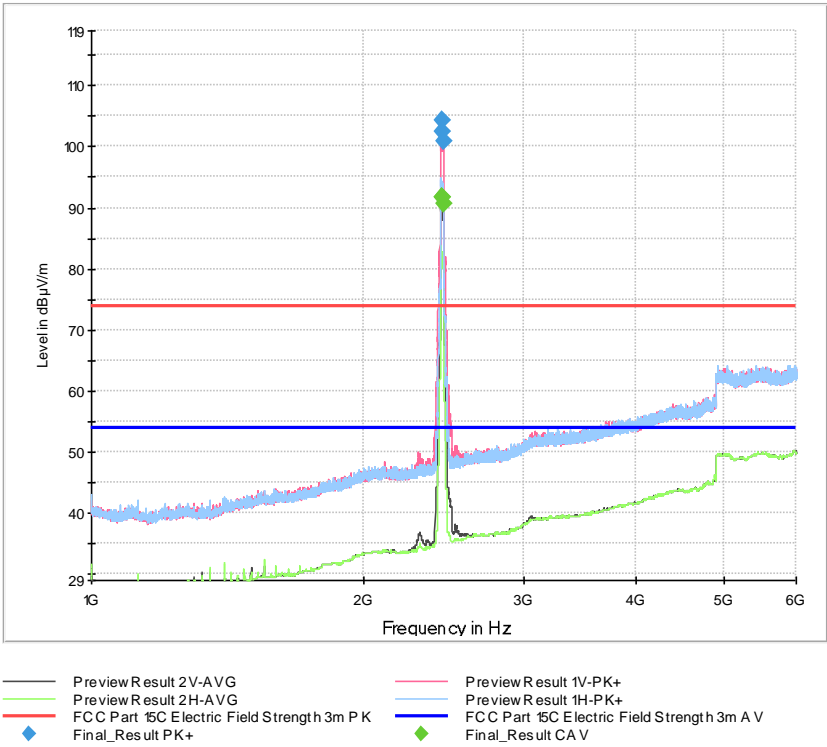
Final Results:

Frequency	QuasiPeak	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	ms	kHz	cm		deg	dB
720.000000	47.57	#1	#1	1000.0	120.000	150.0	H	195.0	29.3
725.010000	40.53	46.02	5.49	1000.0	120.000	148.0	H	3.0	29.4
750.000000	40.36	46.02	5.66	1000.0	120.000	314.0	H	8.0	30.1

#1: Not inside restricted band according to FCC 15.205 (a). Limit is 20dB below output power of transmitting frequency.



Product Service



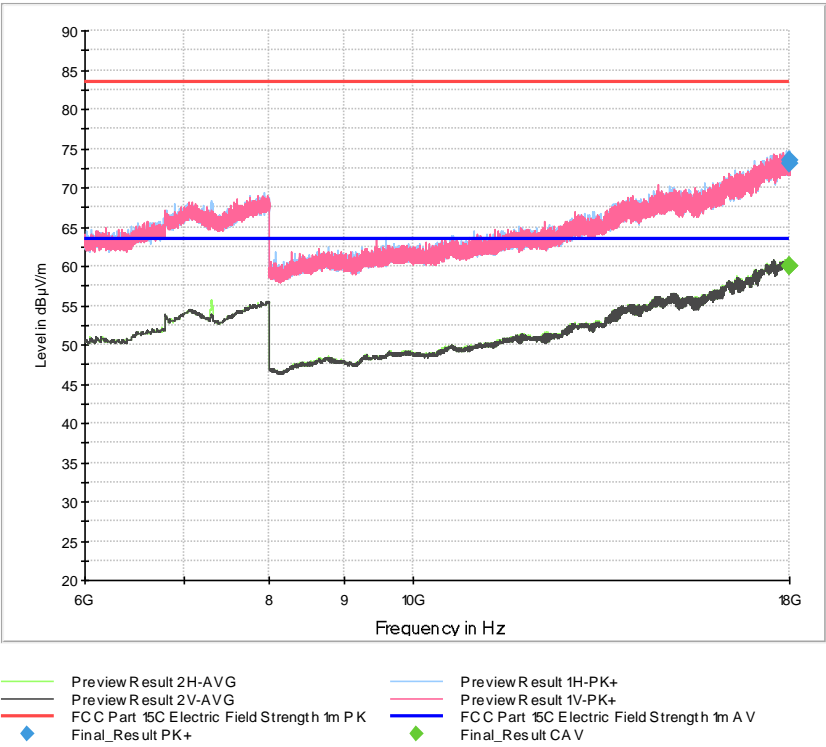
Final Results:

Frequency	MaxPeak	CAverage	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	ms	kHz	cm		deg	dB/m
2441.500000	---	91.77	53.98	#1	1000.0	1000.000	199.0	V	-103.0	34.0
2441.500000	104.24	---	73.98	#1	1000.0	1000.000	199.0	V	-103.0	34.0
2444.500000	---	91.62	53.98	#1	1000.0	1000.000	177.0	V	-90.0	34.1
2444.500000	102.44	---	73.98	#1	1000.0	1000.000	177.0	V	-90.0	34.1
2445.000000	---	90.55	53.98	#1	1000.0	1000.000	178.0	V	-90.0	34.1
2445.000000	100.89	---	73.98	#1	1000.0	1000.000	178.0	V	-90.0	34.1

#1 Intentional radiation

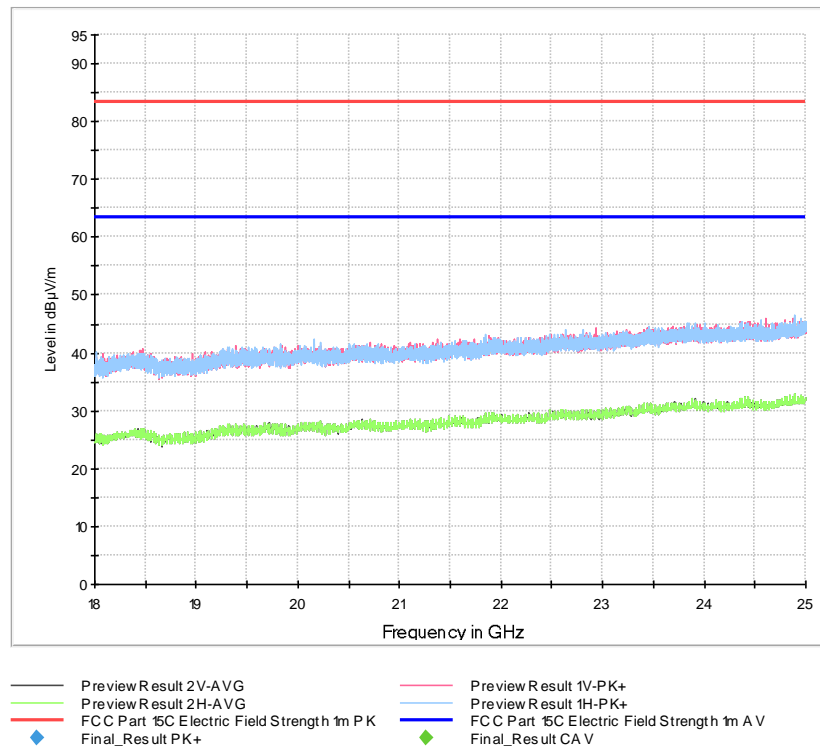


Product Service



Final Results:

Frequency	MaxPeak	CAverage	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Height	Pol	Azimuth	Corr.
MHz	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	ms	kHz	cm		deg	dB/m
17996.750000	---	60.07	63.50	3.43	1000.0	1000.000	201.0	H	-62.0	59.3
17996.750000	73.53	---	83.50	9.97	1000.0	1000.000	201.0	H	-62.0	59.3
17999.250000	---	60.10	63.50	3.40	1000.0	1000.000	116.0	H	133.0	59.3
17999.250000	73.03	---	83.50	10.47	1000.0	1000.000	116.0	H	133.0	59.3



#### FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Limit Clause 15.247 (d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a)

#### ISED Canada RSS-247, Limit Clause 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.





### 3.1.7 Test Location and Test Equipment Used

Radiated Tests were carried out in FAR No.11

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No	TE No	Calibration Period (months)	Calibration Due
EMI test receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESW44	39897	12	2022-04-30
Double ridged horn antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF907	40089	24	2023-02-28
Loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519 B	44334	36	2023-01-31
ULTRALOG Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HL562E	39969	36	2022-11-30
Horn Antenna with preamplifier	Rohde & Schwarz	A-INFOMW LB-180400H-KF+ TS-	43661	24	2022-12-31
EMC measurement software	Rohde & Schwarz	EMC32 Emission K11 - V10.50.10	42986	---	---
Semi Anechoic Room	Frankonia	Cabin No. 11	42961	36	2024-09-30

**Table 5**

TU - Traceability Unscheduled  
O/P Mon – Output Monitored using calibrated equipment  
N/A - Not Applicable



FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Limit Clause 15.209

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ( $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ at 3 m)
30 to 88	100
88 to 216	150
216 to 960	200
Above 960	500

**Table 6**

ISED Canada RSS-GEN, Limit Clause 8.9

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ( $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ at 3 metres)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960*	500

**Table 7**

\*Unless otherwise specified, for all frequencies greater than 1 GHz, the radiated emission limits for licence-exempt radio apparatus stated in applicable RSSs (including RSS-Gen) are based on measurements using a linear average detector function having a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. If an average limit is specified for the EUT, then the peak emission shall also be measured with instrumentation properly adjusted for such factors as pulse desensitization to ensure the peak emission is less than 20 dB above the average limit.



## **3.2 Output Power**

### **3.2.1 Specification Reference**

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C, Clause 15.247(b)(3)  
ISED RSS-247, Clause 5.4 d.

### **3.2.2 Equipment Under Test and Modification State**

AT500, S/N: 970104 - Modification State 0

### **3.2.3 Date of Test**

2022-03-04

### **3.2.4 Test Method**

This test was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10, section 11.9

### **3.2.5 Environmental Conditions**

Ambient Temperature	23.0 °C
Relative Humidity	24.0 %



### 3.2.6 Test Results

<i>Frequency Channel</i>	<i>Radiated Output Power (dBm)</i>	<i>Limit (dBm)</i>
2412 MHz (WLAN Ch 01)	10.32	30.0
2462 MHz (WLAN Ch 11)	16.70	30.0

### 3.2.7 Test Location and Test Equipment Used

Band Edge Tests were carried out in FAR No.2

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No	TE No	Calibration Period (months)	Calibration Due
Signal and Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	20219	24	2024-02-29
Double ridged horn antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	3115	19383	36	2023-03-31
EMC measurement software	Rohde & Schwarz	EMC32 Emission K2 - V10.40.00	44375	---	---
Fully Anechoic Room	Albatross	Cabin No. 2	19312	---	---

**Table 8**

TU - Traceability Unscheduled  
O/P Mon – Output Monitored using calibrated equipment  
N/A - Not Applicable



Product Service

### **3.3 Frequency Band Edge**

#### **3.3.1 Specification Reference**

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C, Clause 15.247(d)  
ISED RSS-247, Clause 5.5

#### **3.3.2 Equipment Under Test and Modification State**

AT500, S/N: 970104 - Modification State 0

#### **3.3.3 Date of Test**

2022-03-04 to 2022-03-10

#### **3.3.4 Test Method**

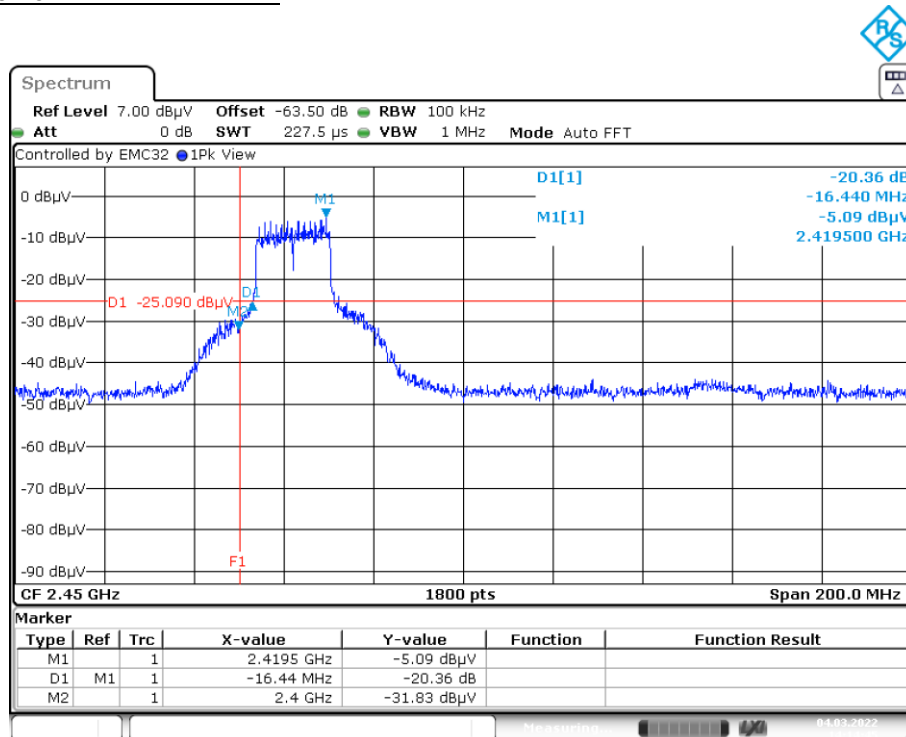
This test was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10, section 11.11

#### **3.3.5 Environmental Conditions**

Ambient Temperature	22.0 °C
Relative Humidity	22.0 %

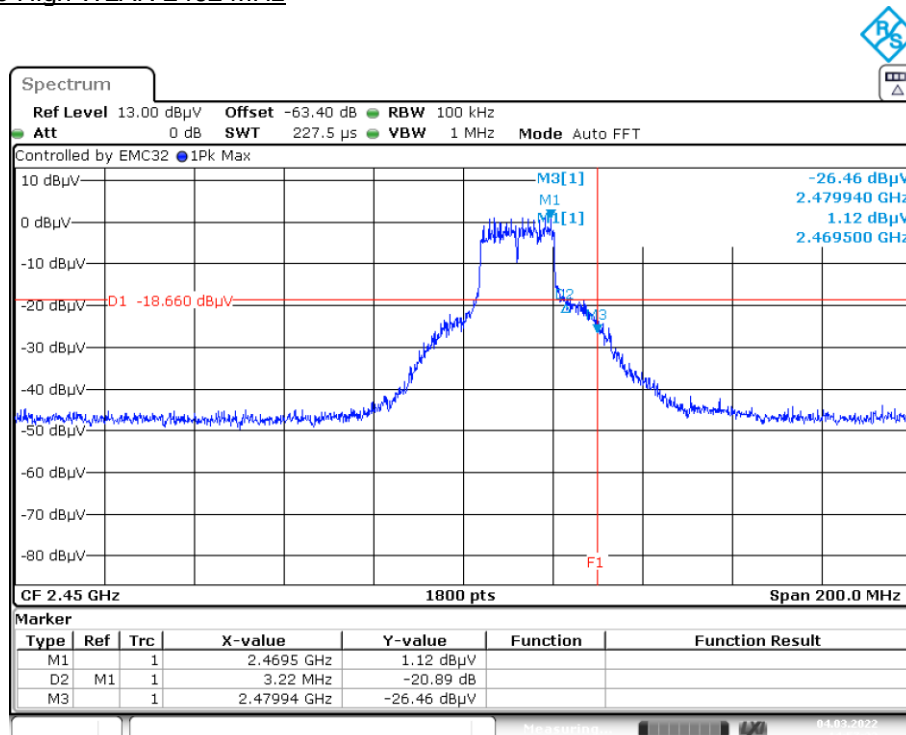
### 3.3.6 Test Results

#### Band Edge Low WLAN 2412 MHz



Date: 4.MAR.2022 14:14:45

#### Band Edge High WLAN 2462 MHz



Date: 4.MAR.2022 14:57:34



### 3.3.7 Test Location and Test Equipment Used

Band Edge Tests were carried out in FAR No.2

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No	TE No	Calibration Period (months)	Calibration Due
Signal and Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	20219	24	2024-02-29
Double ridged horn antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	3115	19383	36	2023-03-31
EMC measurement software	Rohde & Schwarz	EMC32 Emission K2 - V10.40.00	44375	---	---
Fully Anechoic Room	Albatross	Cabin No. 2	19312	---	---

**Table 9**

TU - Traceability Unscheduled

O/P Mon – Output Monitored using calibrated equipment

N/A - Not Applicable



Product Service

## **4      Photographs**

### **4.1      Test Setup Photos**

See Annex A.





## 5 Measurement Uncertainty

For a 95% confidence level, the measurement uncertainties for defined systems are:

The measurement uncertainty in the laboratory is less than or equal to the maximum measurement uncertainty according to EN 55016-4-2: 2011 + A1 + A2 + AC and ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2. This normative regulation means that the measured value is also the value to be assessed in relation to the limit value.

Radio Testing			
Test Name	kp	Expanded Uncertainty	Note
Occupied Bandwidth	2.0	$\pm 1.14 \%$	2
RF-Frequency error	1.96	$\pm 1 \cdot 10^{-7}$	7
RF-Power, conducted carrier	2	$\pm 0.079 \text{ dB}$	2
RF-Power uncertainty for given BER	1.96	$+0.94 \text{ dB} / -1.05$	7
RF power, conducted, spurious emissions	1.96	$+1.4 \text{ dB} / -1.6 \text{ dB}$	7
RF power, radiated			
25 MHz – 4 GHz	1.96	$+3.6 \text{ dB} / -5.2 \text{ dB}$	8
1 GHz – 18 GHz	1.96	$+3.8 \text{ dB} / -5.6 \text{ dB}$	8
18 GHz – 26.5 GHz	1.96	$+3.4 \text{ dB} / -4.5 \text{ dB}$	8
40 GHz – 170 GHz	1.96	$+4.2 \text{ dB} / -7.1 \text{ dB}$	8
Spectral Power Density, conducted	2.0	$\pm 0.53 \text{ dB}$	2
Maximum frequency deviation			
300 Hz – 6 kHz	2	$\pm 2.89 \%$	2
6 kHz – 25 kHz	2	$\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$	2
Maximum frequency deviation for FM	2	$\pm 2.89 \%$	2
Adjacent channel power 25 MHz – 1 GHz	2	$\pm 2.31 \%$	2
Temperature	2	$\pm 0.39 \text{ K}$	4
(Relative) Humidity	2	$\pm 2.28 \%$	2
DC- and low frequency AC voltage			
DC voltage	2	$\pm 0.01 \%$	2
AC voltage up to 1 kHz	2	$\pm 1.2 \%$	2
Time	2	$\pm 0.6 \%$	2

Table 10



Radio Interference Emission Testing			
Test Name	kp	Expanded Uncertainty	Note
Conducted Voltage Emission			
9 kHz to 150 kHz (50Ω/50μH AMN)	2	± 3.8 dB	1
150 kHz to 30 MHz (50Ω/50μH AMN)	2	± 3.4 dB	1
100 kHz to 200 MHz (50Ω/5μH AMN)	2	± 3.6 dB	1
Discontinuous Conducted Emission			
9 kHz to 150 kHz (50Ω/50μH AMN)	2	± 3.8 dB	1
150 kHz to 30 MHz (50Ω/50μH AMN)	2	± 3.4 dB	1
Conducted Current Emission			
9 kHz to 200 MHz	2	± 3.5 dB	1
Magnetic Fieldstrength			
9 kHz to 30 MHz (with loop antenna)	2	± 3.9 dB	1
9 kHz to 30 MHz (large-loop antenna 2 m)	2	± 3.5 dB	1
Radiated Emission			
Test distance 1 m (ALSE)			
9 kHz to 150 kHz	2	± 4.6 dB	1
150 kHz to 30 MHz	2	± 4.1 dB	1
30 MHz to 200 MHz	2	± 5.2 dB	1
200 MHz to 2 GHz	2	± 4.4 dB	1
2 GHz to 3 GHz	2	± 4.6 dB	1
Test distance 3 m			
30 MHz to 300 MHz	2	± 4.9 dB	1
300 MHz to 1 GHz	2	± 5.0 dB	1
1 GHz to 6 GHz	2	± 4.6 dB	1
Test distance 10 m			
30 MHz to 300 MHz	2	± 4.9 dB	1
300 MHz to 1 GHz	2	± 4.9 dB	1
Radio Interference Power			
30 MHz to 300 MHz	2	± 3.5 dB	1
Harmonic Current Emissions			4
Voltage Changes, Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker			4

Table 11



Immunity Testing			
Test Name	kp	Expanded Uncertainty	Note
Electrostatic Discharges			4
Radiated RF-Field			
Pre-calibrated field level	2	+32.2 / -24.3 %	5
Dynamic feedback field level	2.05	+21.2 / -17.5 %	3
Electrical Fast Transients (EFT) / Bursts			4
Surges			4
Conducted Disturbances, induced by RF-Fields			
via CDN	2	+15.1 / -13.1 %	6
via EM clamp	2	+42.6 / -29.9 %	6
via current clamp	2	+43.9 / -30.5 %	6
Power Frequency Magnetic Field	2	+20.7 / -17.1 %	2
Pulse Magnetic Field			4
Voltage Dips, Short Interruptions and Voltage Variations			4
Oscillatory Waves		a	4
Conducted Low Frequency Disturbances			
Voltage setting	2	± 0.9 %	2
Frequency setting	2	± 0.1 %	2
Electrical Transient Transmission in Road Vehicles			4

**Table 12**

Note 1:

The expanded uncertainty reported according to CISPR 16-4-2:2003-11 is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of  $k_p = 2$ , providing a level of confidence of  $p = 95.45\%$

Note 2:

The expanded uncertainty reported according to UKAS Lab 34 (Edition 1, 2002-08) is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of  $k_p = 2$ , providing a level of confidence of  $p = 95.45\%$

Note 3:

The expanded uncertainty reported according to UKAS Lab 34 (Edition 1, 2002-08) is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of  $k_p = 2.05$ , providing a level of confidence of  $p = 95.45\%$

Note 4:

It has been demonstrated that the used test equipment meets the specified requirements in the standard with at least a 95%confidence.

Note 5:

The expanded uncertainty reported according to IEC 61000-4-3 is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of  $k_p = 2$ , providing a level of confidence of  $p = 95.45\%$

Note 6:

The expanded uncertainty reported according to IEC 61000-4-6 is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of  $k_p = 2$ , providing a level of confidence of  $p = 95.45\%$

Note 7:

The expanded uncertainty reported according ETSI TR 100 028 V1.4.1 (all parts) to is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of  $k_p = 1.96$ , providing a level of confidence of  $p = 95.45\%$

Note 8:

The expanded uncertainty reported according to ETSI TR 102 273 V1.2.1 (all parts) is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of  $k_p = 1.96$ , providing a level of confidence of  $p = 95.45\%$