4 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

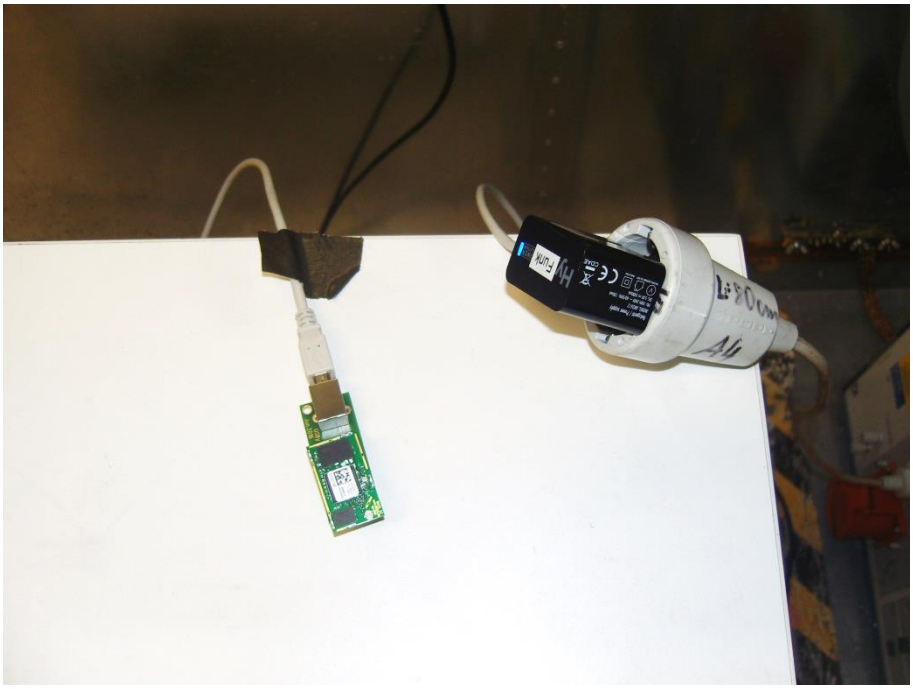
4.1 AC power line conducted emissions

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **A 4**.

4.1.1 Description of the test location

Test location: Shielded Room S2

4.1.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



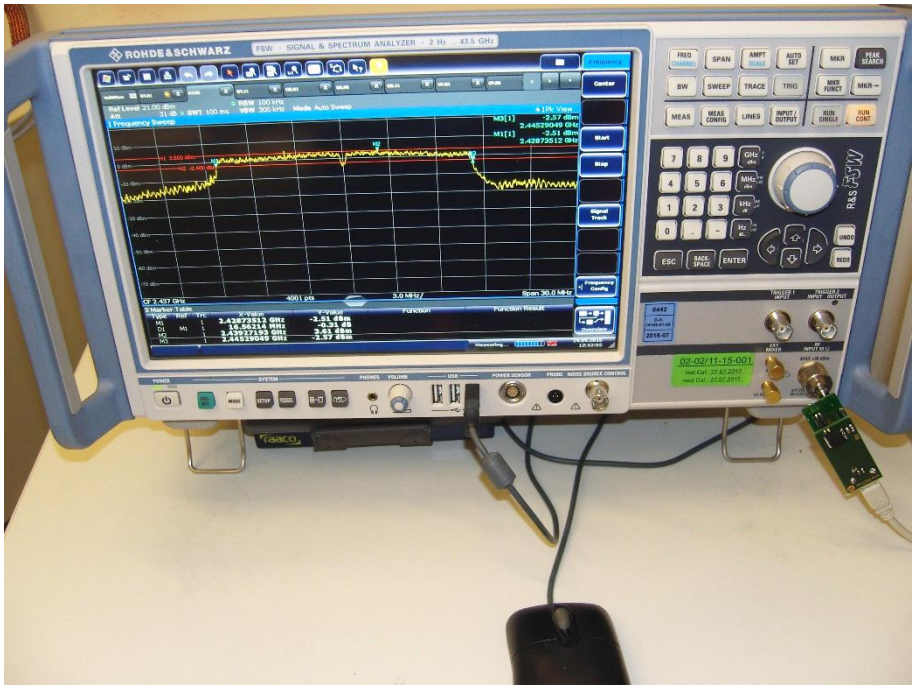
4.2 EBW and OBW

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **MB**.

4.2.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA4

4.2.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



4.2.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(a)(2):
Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 – 2483.5 MHz and 5725 – 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

4.2.4 Description of Measurement

The bandwidth was measured at an amplitude level reduced from the reference level of a modulated channel by a ratio of -6 dB. The reference level is the level of the highest signal amplitude observed at the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or the first order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical. An alternative is to use the bandwidth measurement of the analyser.

Spectrum analyser settings for EBW:
RBW: 100 kHz, VBW: 300 kHz, Detector: Max peak, Sweep time: 5 s, Span: 2 EBW;
Spectrum analyser settings for OBW:
RBW: 1-5% OBW, VBW: 3 RBW, Detector: Max peak, Sweep time: 5 s, Span: 2 OBW;

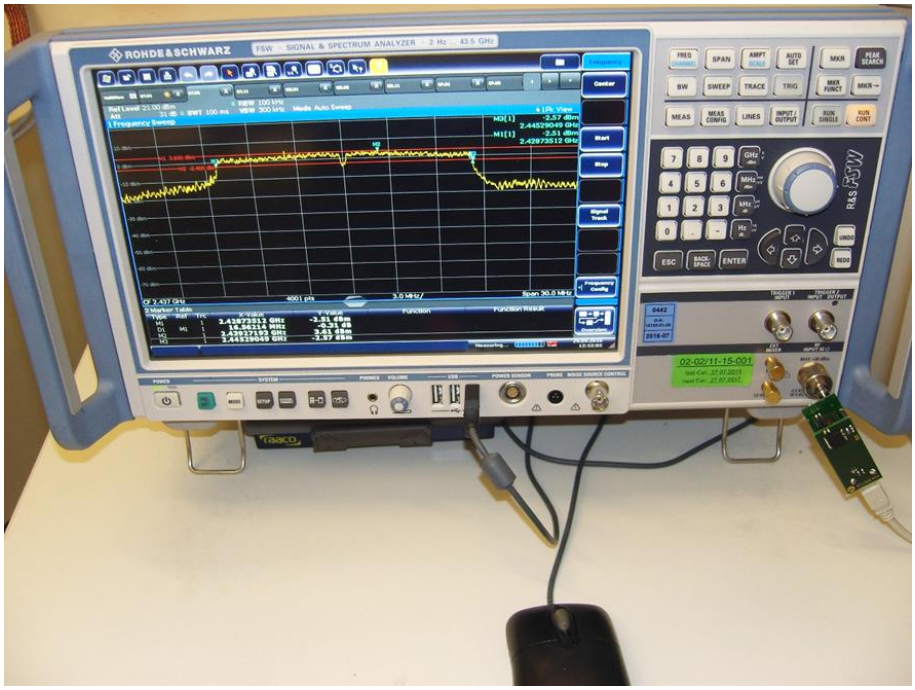
4.3 Maximum peak conducted output power

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **CPC 3**.

4.3.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA4

4.3.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



4.3.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(b)(3):
For systems using digital modulation in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz and 5725 – 5850 MHz bands, the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. The limit is based on transmitting antennas of directional gain that do not exceed 6 dBi.

4.3.4 Description of Measurement

The maximum peak conducted output power is measured using a gated average power meter following the procedure set out in KDB 558074, item 9.2.3.2. The EUT is set in TX continuous mode while measuring. For the power settings see item 2.11.

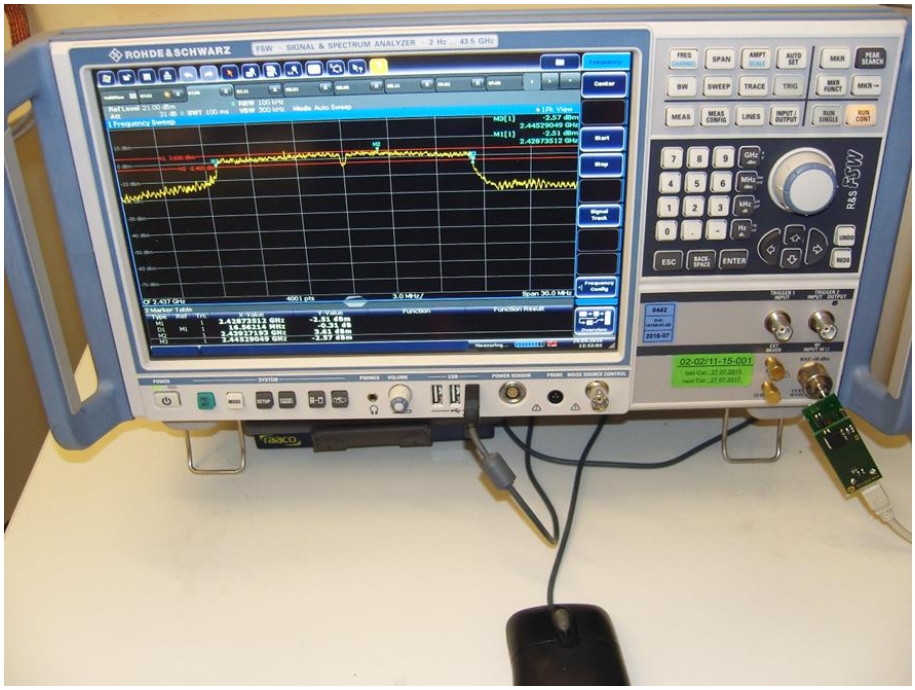
4.4 Power spectral density

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **CPC 3**.

4.4.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA4

4.4.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



4.4.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(e):
For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

4.4.4 Description of Measurement

The measurement is performed using the procedure 10.2 set out in KDB-558074. The power measurement was done as peak power measurement. Therefore the PKPSD is measured. The max peak was located and with the spectrum analyser and a marker set to peak. For the power settings see item 2.11.

Spectrum analyser settings:
RBW: 3 kHz, VBW: 10 kHz, Detector: Peak, Sweep time: 10 s,

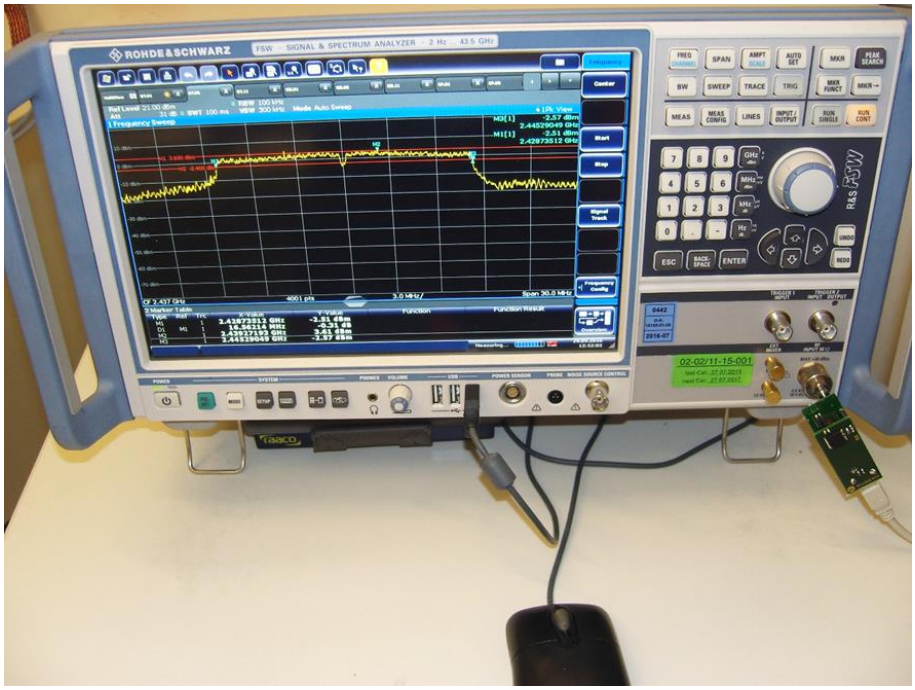
4.5 Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands, conducted

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **SEC 2** and **SEC 3**.

4.5.1 Description of the test location

Test location: AREA4

4.5.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



4.5.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.247(d):
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands 2400 – 2483.50 MHz and 5725 – 5850 MHz, the digitally modulated radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or an radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limit specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

4.5.4 Description of measurement

The spurious emissions are measured conducted using a spectrum analyser in a test setup following the procedures set out in KDB 558074 for DTS. The transmitter is set to the lowest operating frequency (CH1), the middle (CH6) and to the highest operating frequency (CH11). The frequency spectrum outside from the operating frequency range (2400 - 2483.5 MHz) is scanned for emissions that exceed the limit. The measurement is performed at normal test conditions in modulated TX continuous mode.

Spectrum analyser search setting:
RBW: 100 kHz, VBW: 300 kHz, Detector: Max peak, Trace Mode: Max hold, Sweep time: 1 s

4.7 Unwanted emissions in restricted bands, radiated

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **SER 2, SER 3**.

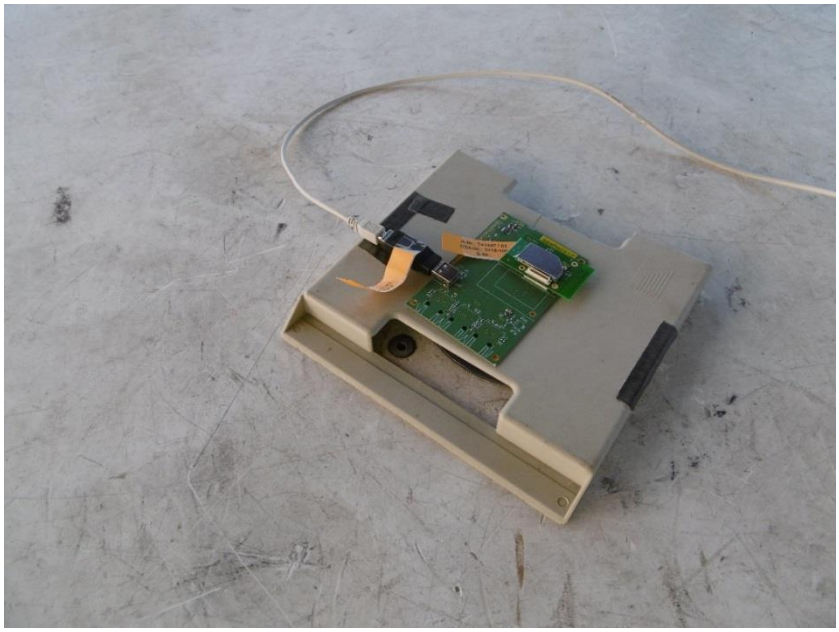
4.7.1 Description of the test location

Test location: OATS 1
Test location: Anechoic chamber 1

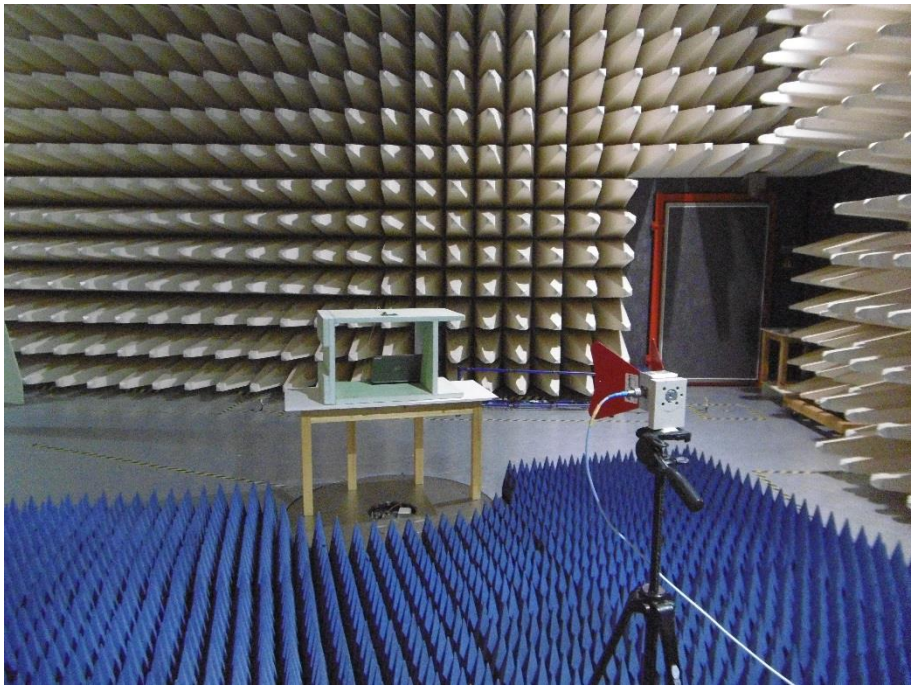
Test distance: 3 m

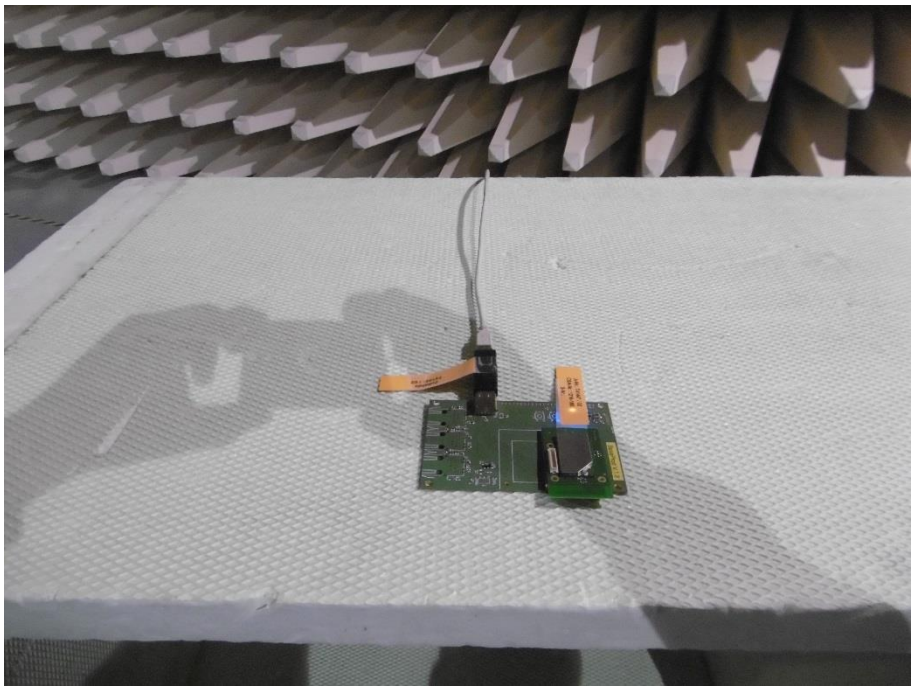
4.7.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up

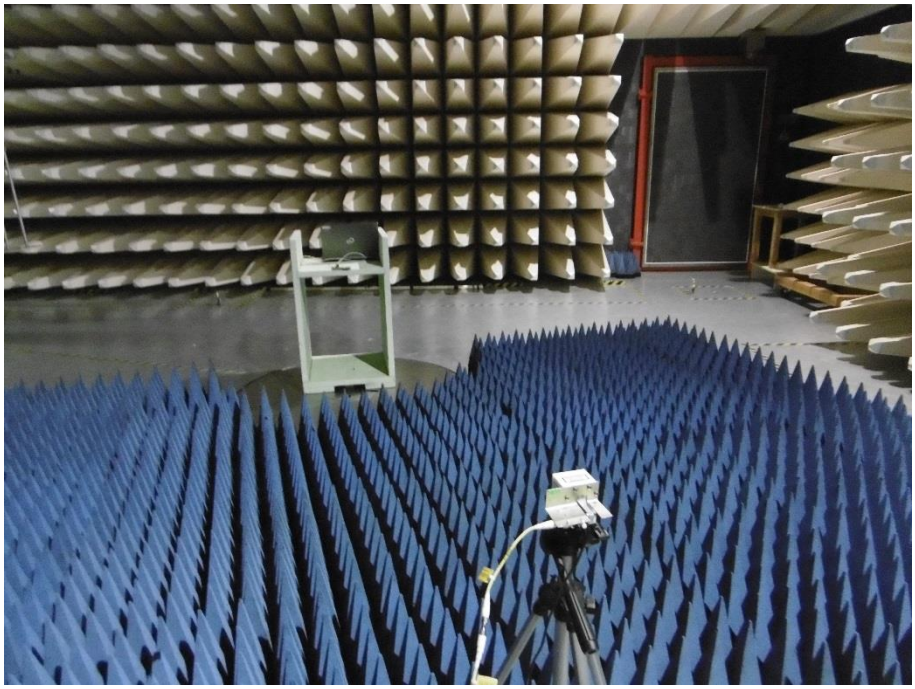
Open area test site

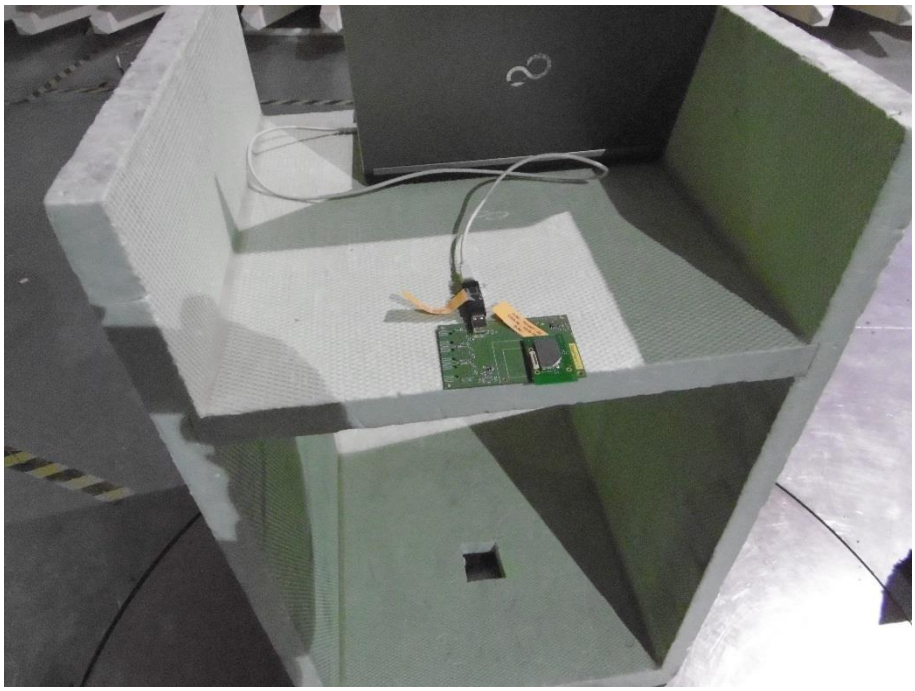


Anechoic chamber









According to FCC Part 15, Section 15.205(a):
In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limit specified in Section 15.209(a).

4.7.3 Description of Measurement

The frequency range 30 MHz to 25 GHz is measured radiated to identify the emissions. Operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation. The identified emission are now re-measured and verified with the limits of the restricted bands. The span of the spectrum analyser is set wide enough to capture the complete emission.

4.7.2 Test protocols of restricted band emissions

4.8 Band edge compliance

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **MB**.

4.8.1 Description of the test location

Test location: Anechoic chamber 1

Test distance: 3 m

4.8.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up

Anechoic chamber