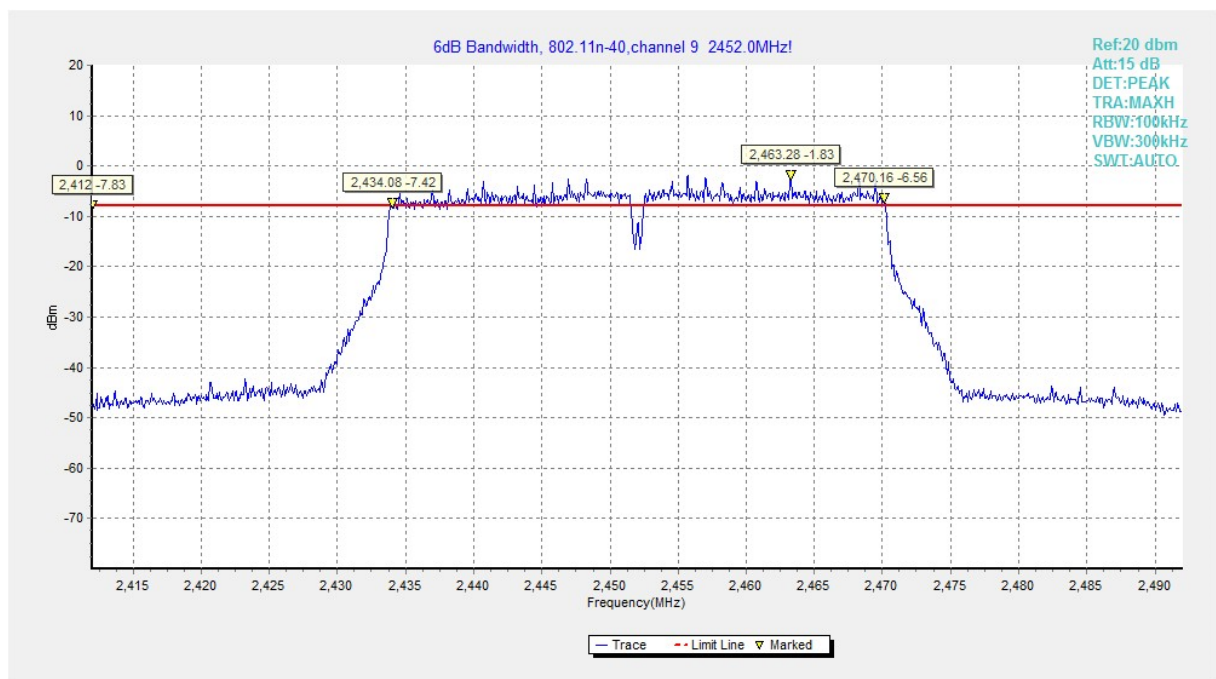


**Fig.A.4.11 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (802.11n-HT40, Ch 6)**



**Fig.A.4.12 Occupied 6dB Bandwidth (802.11n-HT40, Ch 9)**

## **A.5. Band Edges Compliance**

### **A.5.1 Band Edges Compliance –Conducted**

**Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2013-clause 6.10.4**

Connect the spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described below.

- a) Set Span = 100MHz
- b) Sweep Time: coupled
- c) Set the RBW= 100 kHz
- c) Set the VBW= 300 kHz
- d) Detector: Peak
- e) Trace: Max hold

**Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit (dBc)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	> 20

**EUT ID: EUT2**

**Measurement Result:**

**802.11b/g mode**

Mode	Channel	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11b	1	Fig.A.5.1	<b>P</b>
	11	Fig.A.5.2	<b>P</b>
802.11g	1	Fig.A.5.3	<b>P</b>
	11	Fig.A.5.4	<b>P</b>

**802.11n-HT20 mode**

Mode	Channel	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11n (HT20)	1	Fig.A.5.5	<b>P</b>
	11	Fig.A.5.6	<b>P</b>

**802.11n-HT40 mode**

Mode	Channel	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11n (HT40)	3	Fig.A.5.7	<b>P</b>
	9	Fig.A.5.8	<b>P</b>

**Conclusion: Pass**

**Test graphs as below:**

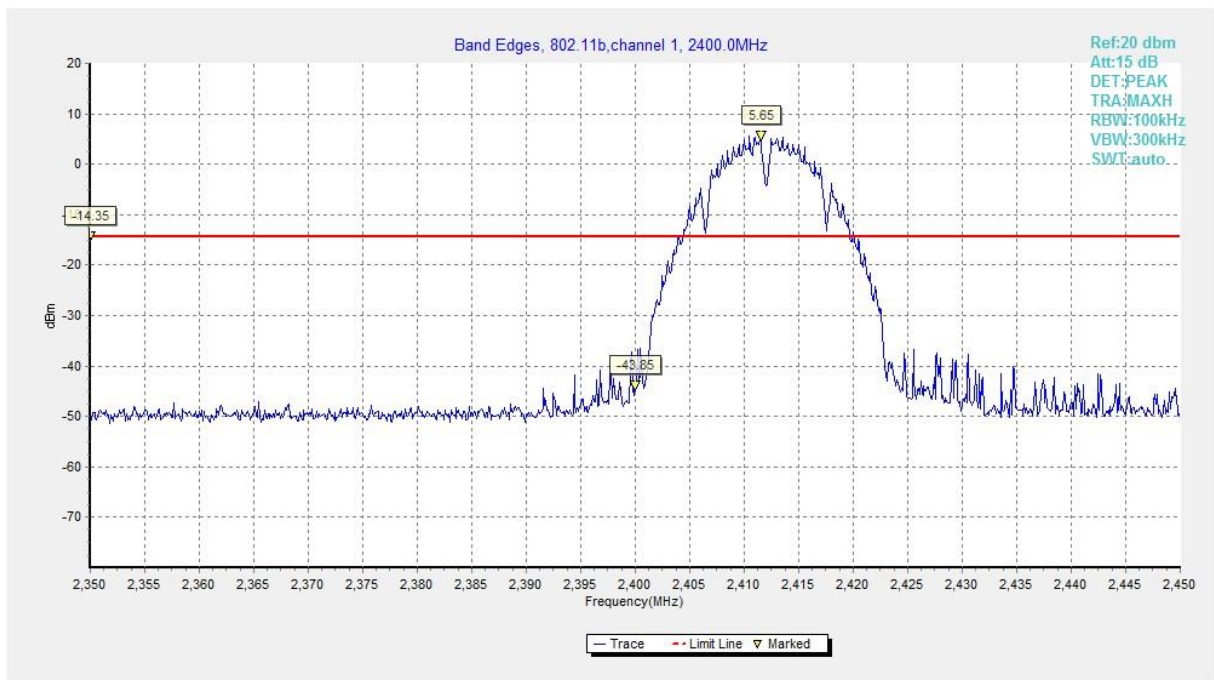


Fig.A.5.1 Band Edges (802.11b, Ch 1)

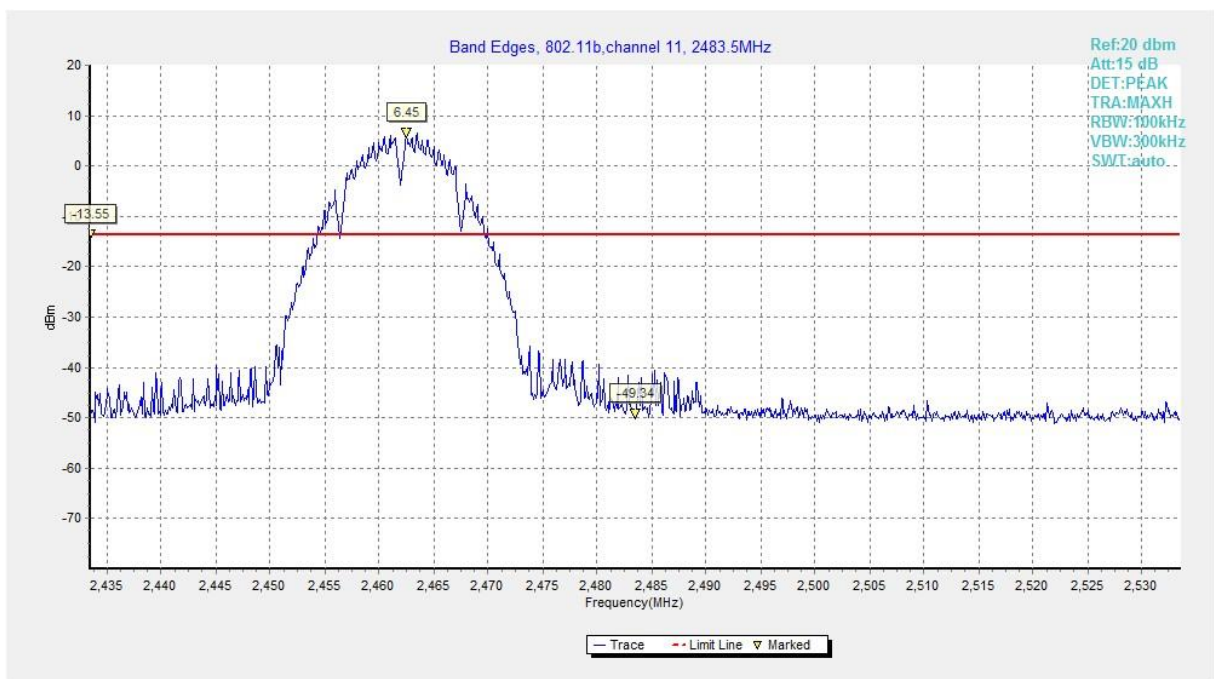


Fig.A.5.2 Band Edges (802.11b, Ch 11)

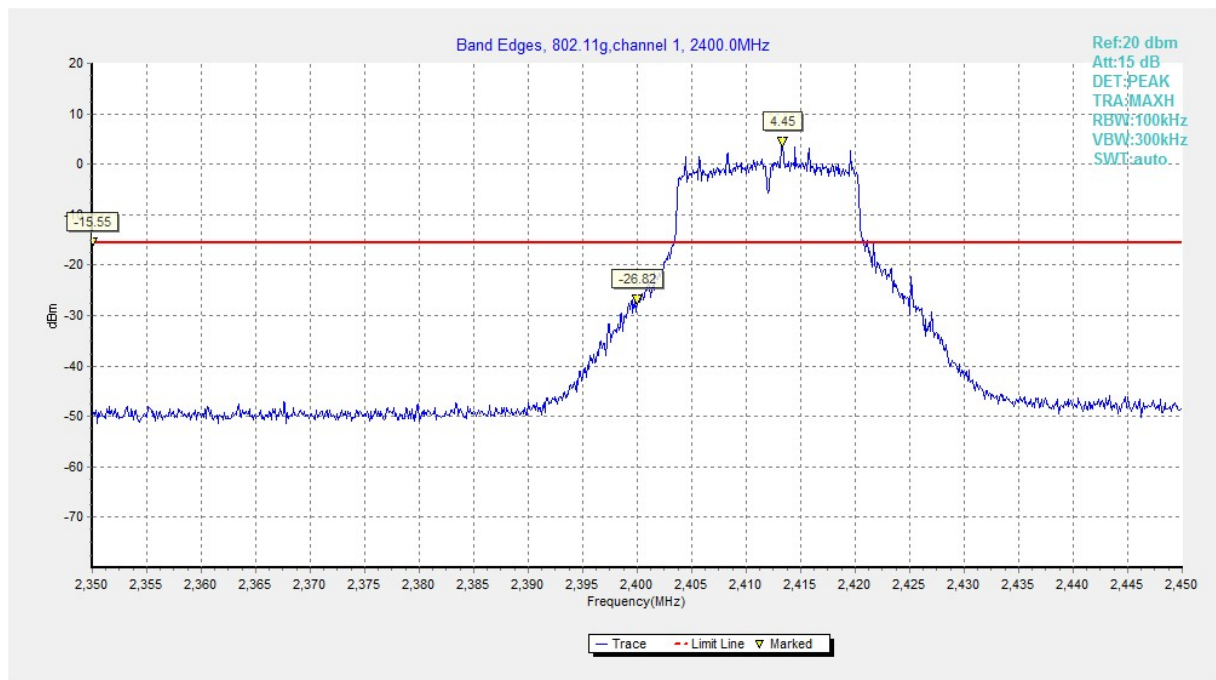


Fig.A.5.3 Band Edges (802.11g, Ch 1)

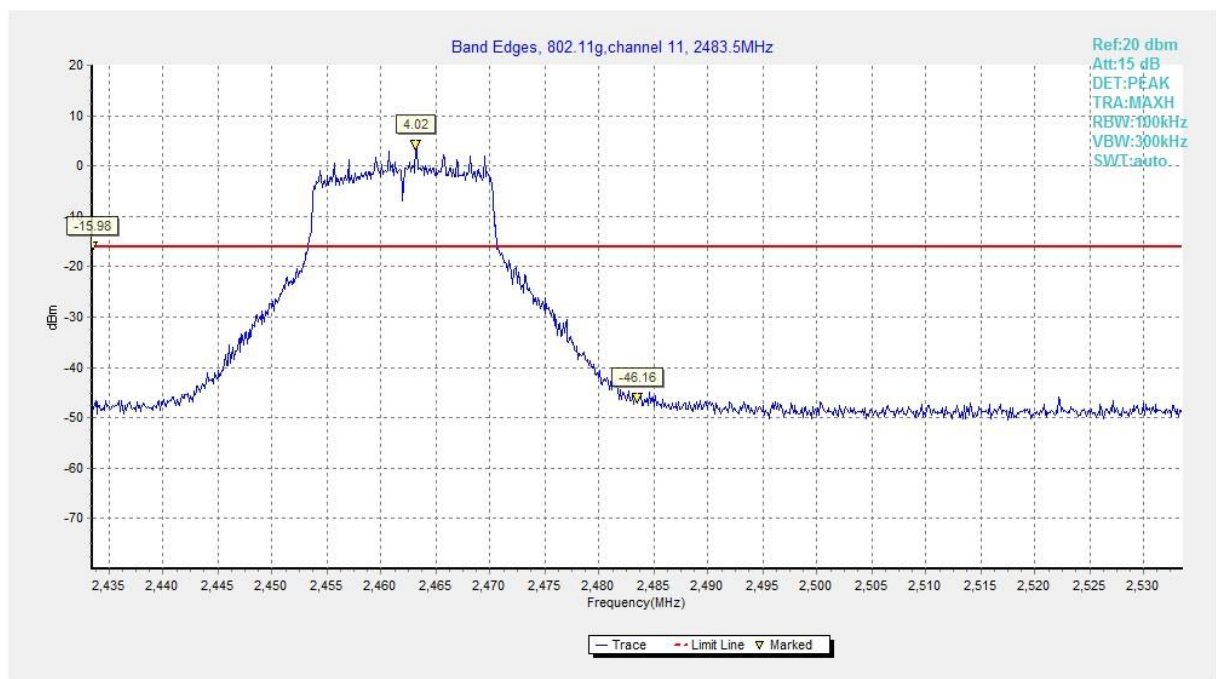
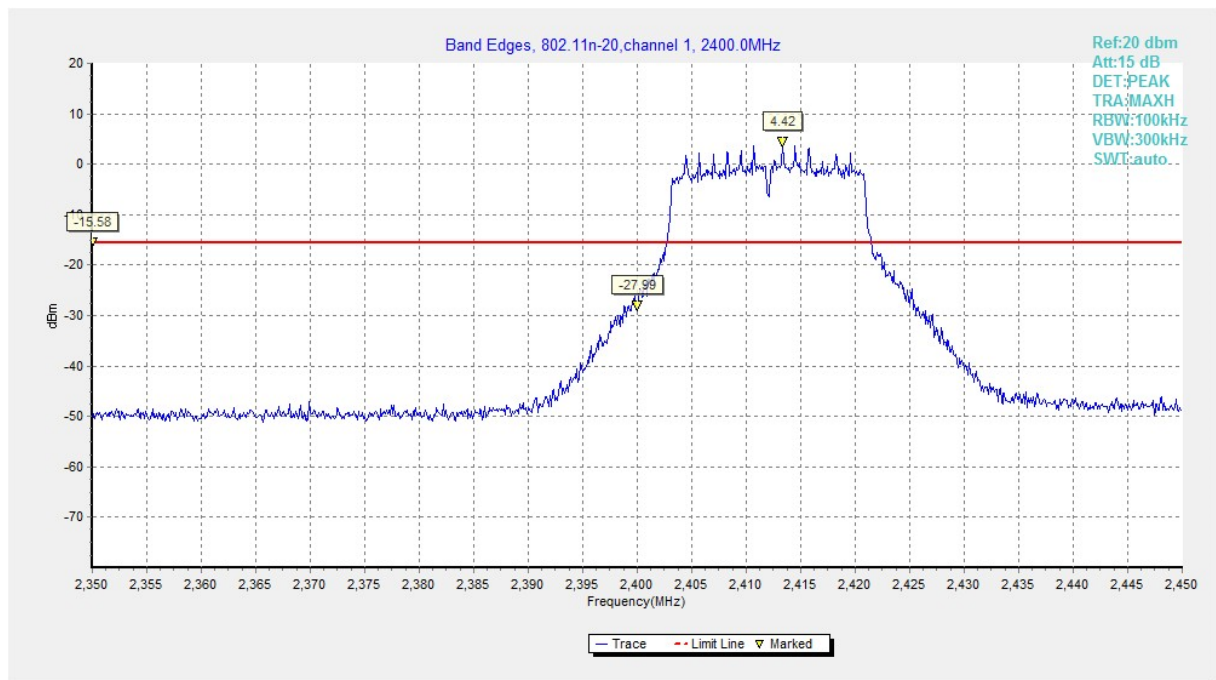
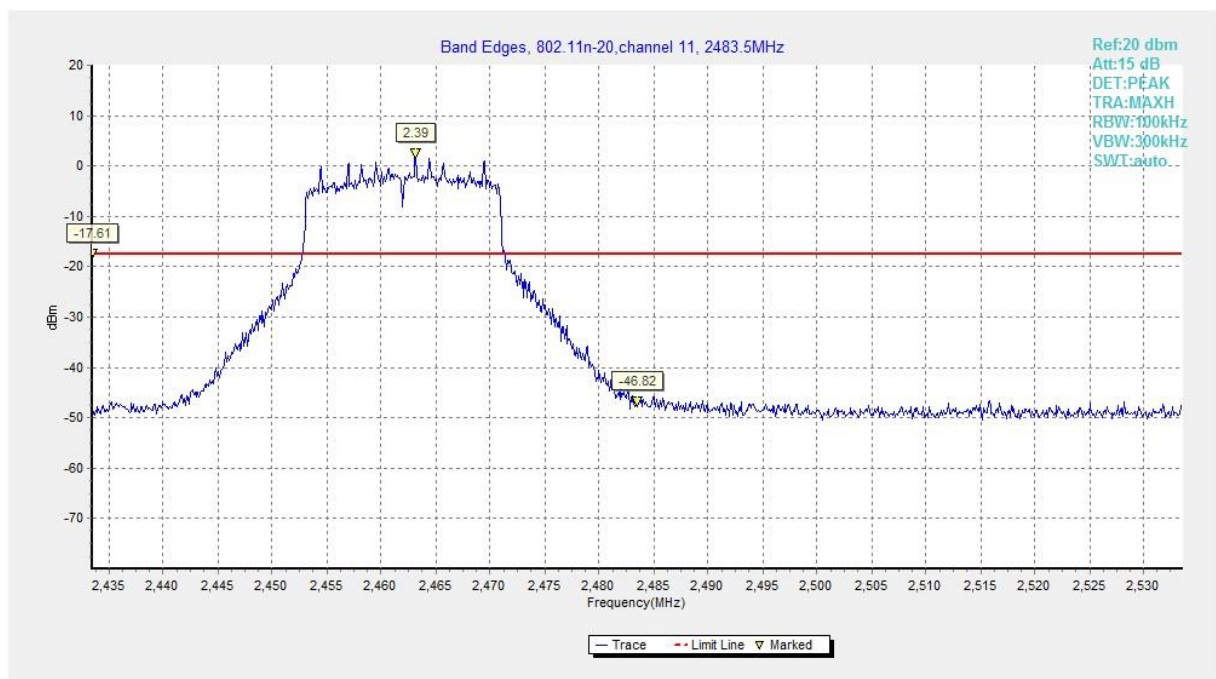


Fig.A.5.4 Band Edges (802.11g, Ch 11)



**Fig.A.5.5 Band Edges (802.11n-HT20, Ch 1)**

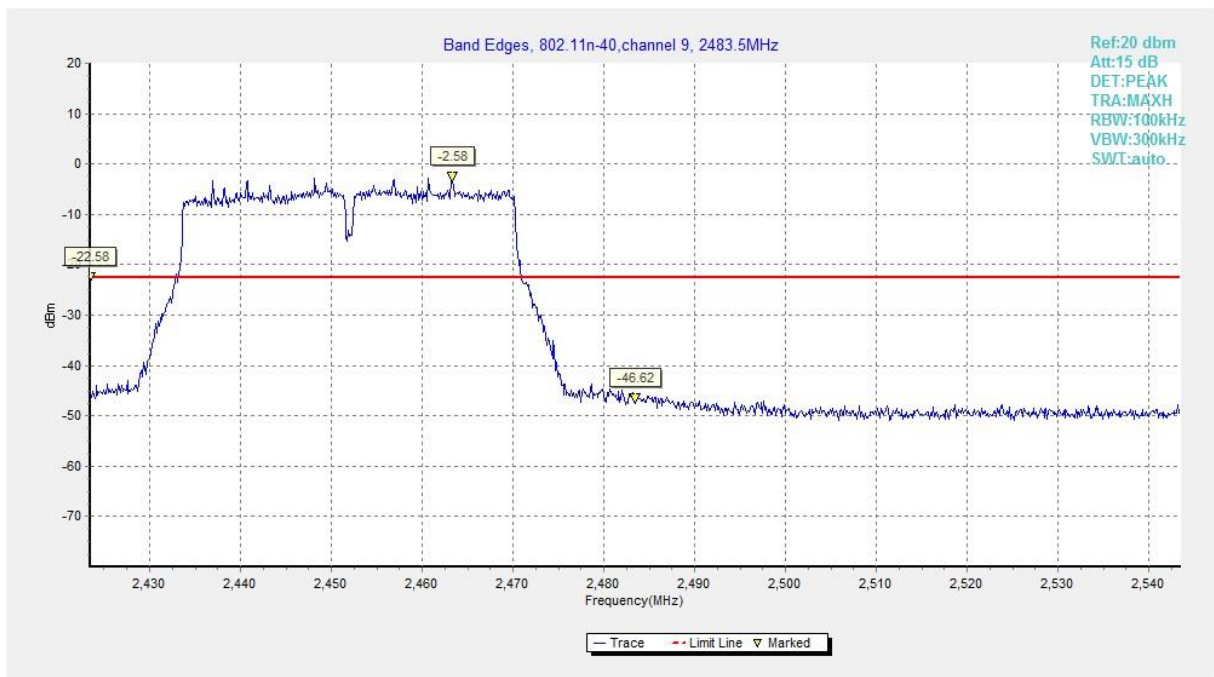


**Fig.A.5.6 Band Edges (802.11n-HT20, Ch 11)**





**Fig.A.5.7 Band Edges (802.11n-HT40, Ch 3)**



**Fig.A.5.8 Band Edges (802.11n-HT40, Ch 9)**

## A.5.2 Band Edges Compliance –Radiated

**Method of Measurement:** See ANSI C63.10-2013-clause 6.4 & 6.5 & 6.6

**Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247, 15.205, 15.209	20dB below peak output power

radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

**Limit in restricted band:**

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength( $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength( $\mu$ V/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

**Set up:**

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a nonconducting platform with nominal top surface dimensions 1 m by 1.5 m and the table height shall be 1.5 m.

The EUT and transmitting antenna shall be centered on the turntable.

**Test Condition**

The EUT shall be tested 1 near top, 1 near middle, and 1 near bottom. Set the unlicensed wireless device to operate in continuous transmit mode. For unlicensed wireless devices unable to be configured for 100% duty cycle even in test mode, configure the system for the maximum duty cycle supported.

When required for unlicensed wireless devices, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

**Exploratory radiated emissions measurements**

Exploratory radiated measurements shall be performed at the measurement distance or at a closer distance than that specified for compliance to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT and, if applicable, the EUT configuration that produces the maximum level of emissions. The frequencies of maximum emission may be determined by manually positioning the antenna close to the EUT, and then moving the antenna over all sides of the EUT while observing a spectral

display. It is advantageous to have prior knowledge of the frequencies of emissions, although this may be determined from such a near-field scan. The near-field scan shall only be used to determine the frequency but not the amplitude of the emissions. Where exploratory measurements are not adequate to determine the worst-case operating modes and are used only to identify the frequencies of the highest emissions, additional preliminary tests can be required.

For emissions from the EUT, the maximum level shall be determined by rotating the EUT and its antenna through 0° to 360°. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored.

Broadband antennas and a spectrum analyzer or a radio-noise meter with a panoramic display are often useful in this type of test. If either antenna height or EUT azimuth are not fully measured during exploratory testing, then complete testing can be required at the OATS or semi-anechoic chamber when the final full spectrum testing is performed.

#### **Final radiated emissions measurements**

The final measurements are using the orientation and equipment arrangement of the EUT based on the measurement results found during the preliminary (exploratory) measurements, the EUT arrangement, appropriate modulation, and modes of operation that produce the emissions that have the highest amplitude relative to the limit shall be selected for the final measurement.

For emissions from the EUT, the maximum level shall be determined by rotating the EUT and its antenna through 0° to 360°. Final measurements for the EUT require a measurement antenna height scan of 1 m to 4 m and the antenna rotated to repeat the measurements for both the horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored.

For each mode selected, record the frequency and amplitude of the highest fundamental emission (if applicable), as well as the frequency and amplitude of the six highest spurious emissions relative to the limit. Emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported.

This maximization process was repeated with the EUT positioned in each of its three orthogonal orientations.

#### **Measurement Result:**

**EUT ID: EUT4**

##### **802.11b/g mode**

Mode	Channel	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11b	1	Fig.A.5.2.1	<b>P</b>
	11	Fig.A.5.2.2	<b>P</b>
802.11g	1	Fig.A.5.2.3	<b>P</b>
	11	Fig.A.5.2.4	<b>P</b>

##### **802.11n-HT20 mode**

Mode	Channel	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11n (HT20)	1	Fig.A.5.2.5	<b>P</b>
	11	Fig.A.5.2.6	<b>P</b>

##### **802.11n-HT40 mode**

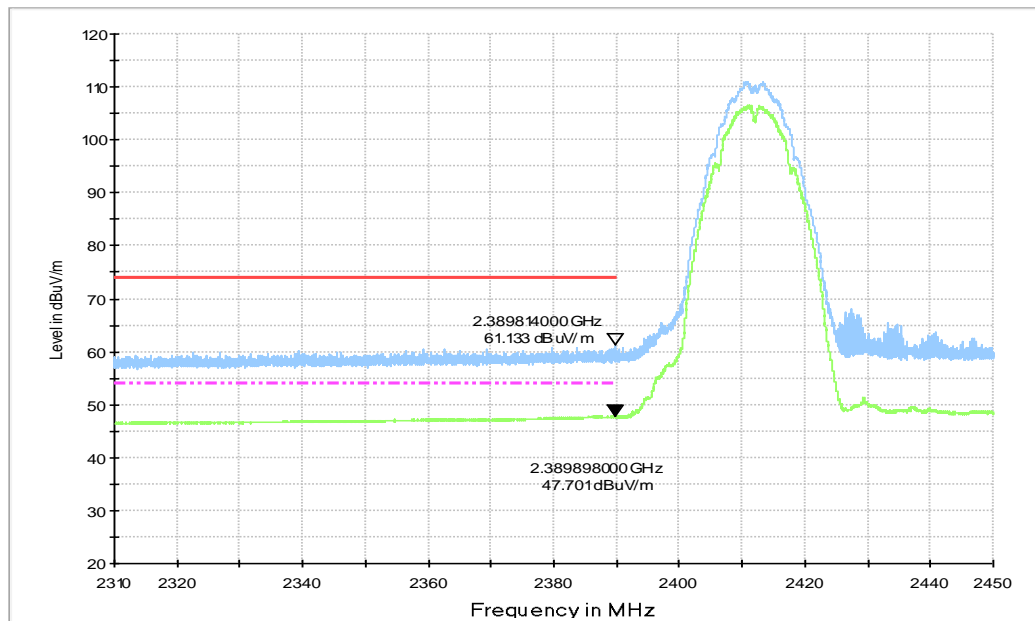


Mode	Channel	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11n (HT40)	3	Fig.A.5.2.7	P
	9	Fig.A.5.2.8	P

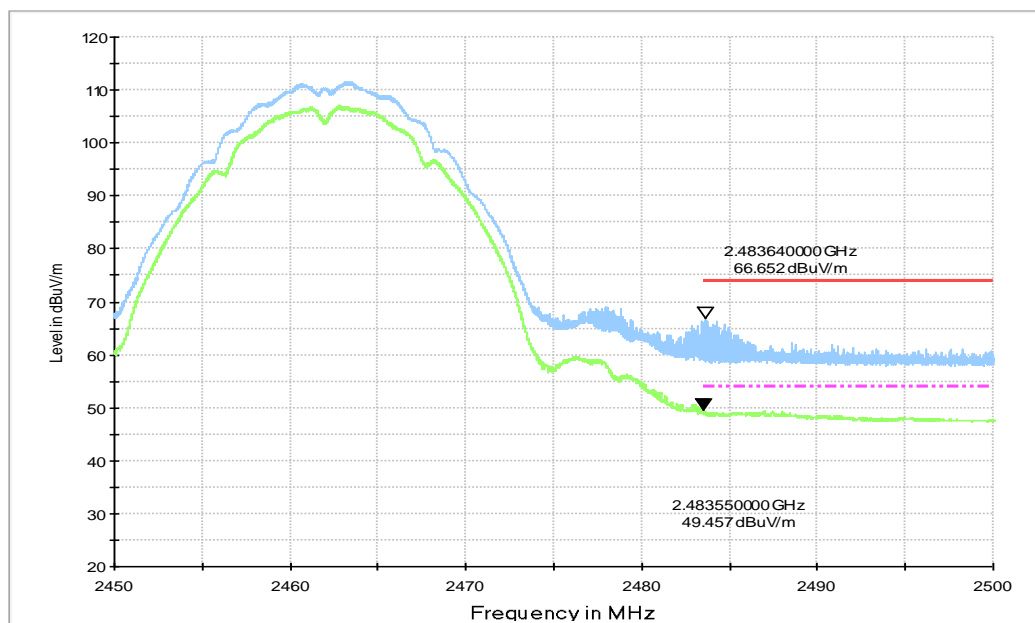
**Conclusion: Pass**

**Test graphs as below:**

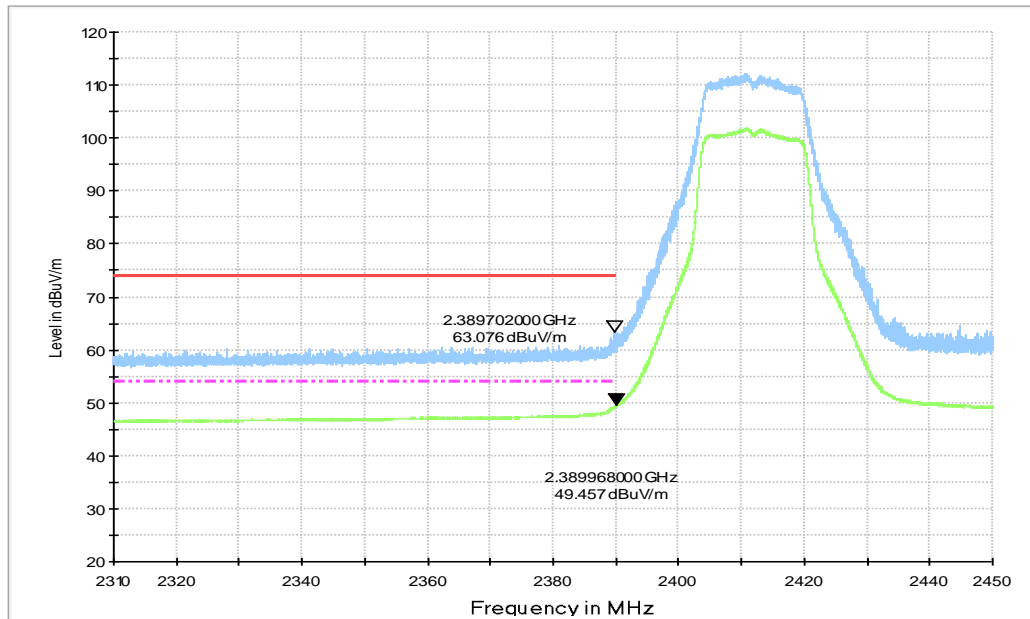
**Note:** The plot above is the combination results of both vertical and horizontal polarizations.



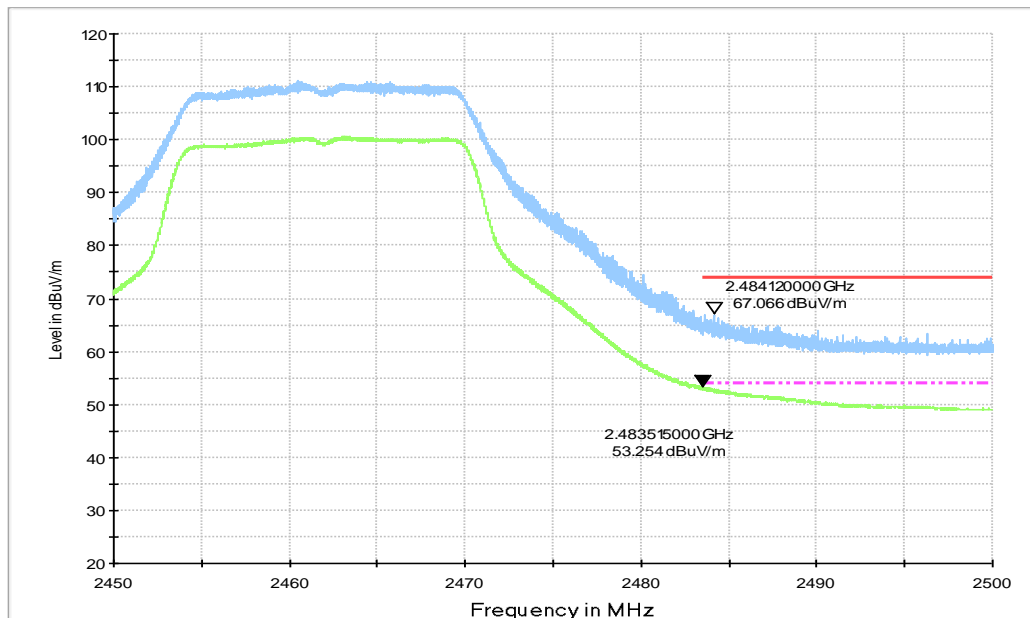
**Fig.A.5.2.1 Radiated band Edges (802.11b, Ch 1)**



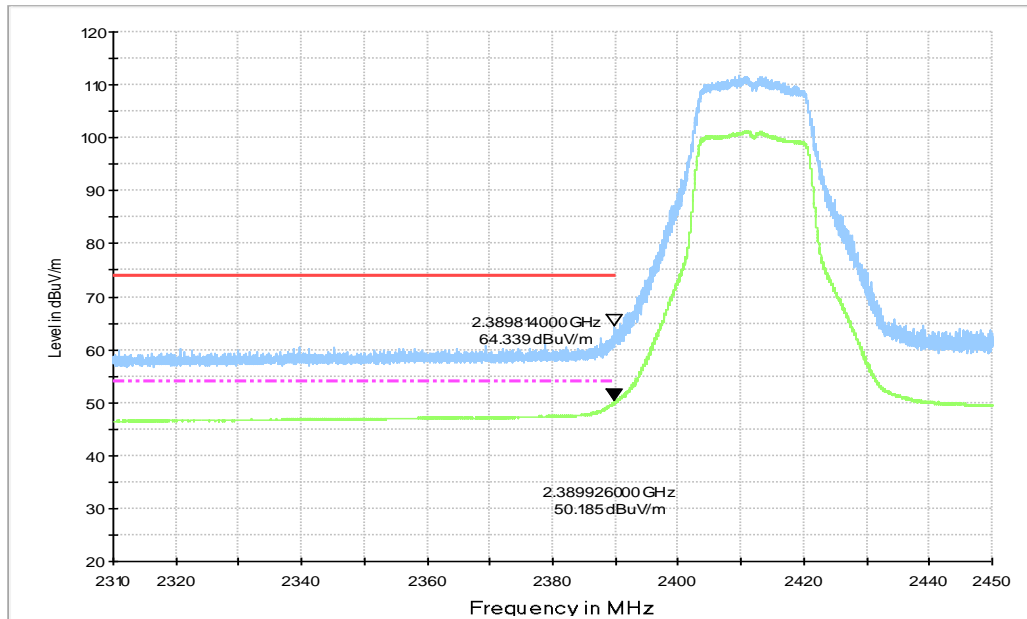
**Fig.A.5.2.2 Radiated band Edges (802.11b, Ch 11)**



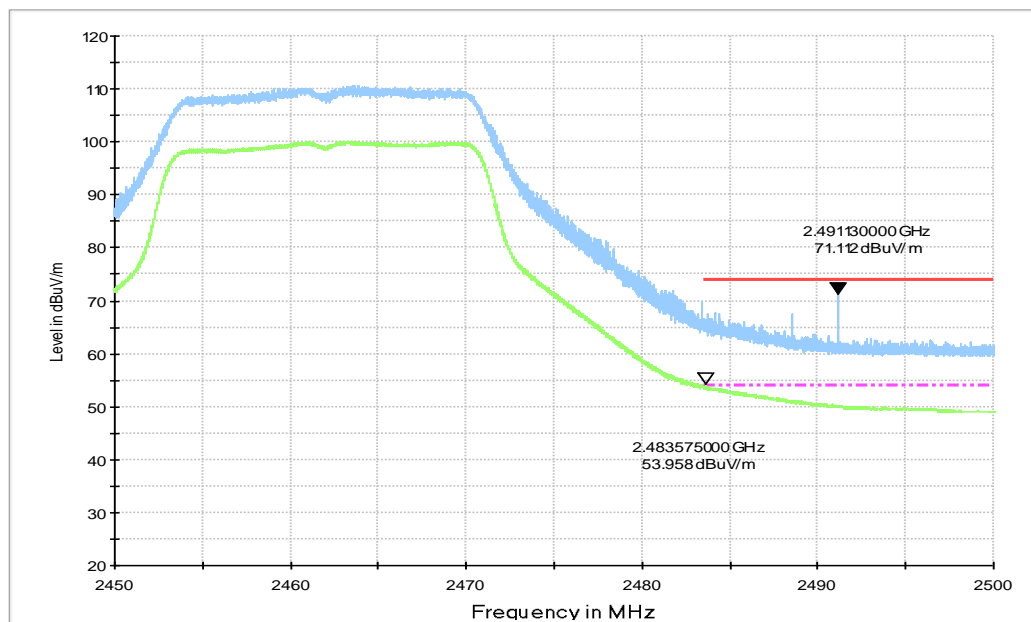
**Fig.A.5.2.3 Radiated band Edges (802.11g, Ch 1)**



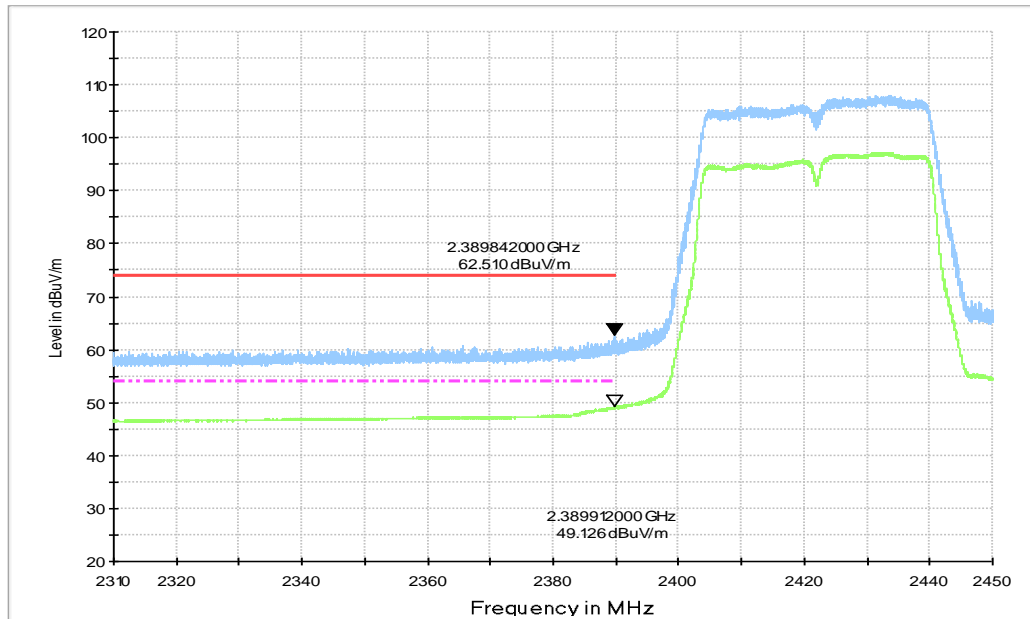
**Fig.A.5.2.4 Radiated band Edges (802.11g, Ch 11)**



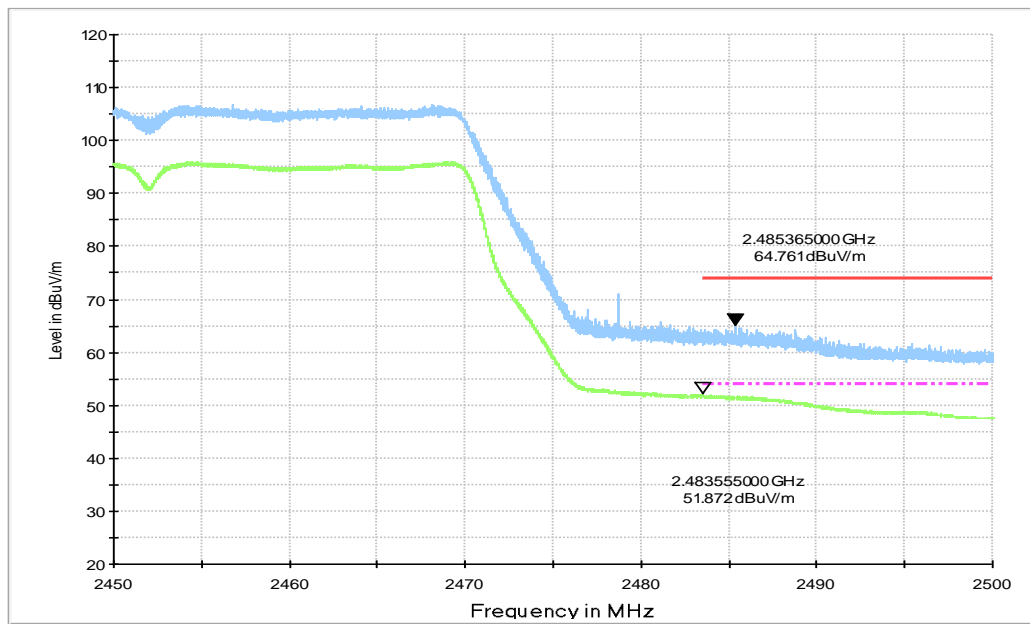
**Fig.A.5.2.5 Radiated band Edges (802.11n-HT20, Ch 1)**



**Fig.A.5.2.6 Radiated band Edges (802.11n-HT20, Ch 11)**



**Fig.A.5.2.7 Radiated band Edges (802.11n-HT40, Ch 3)**



**Fig.A.5.2.8 Radiated band Edges (802.11n-HT40, Ch 9)**

## **A.6. Transmitter Spurious Emission**

### **A.6.1 Transmitter Spurious Emission – Conducted**

#### **Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2013-clause 11.11**

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency
  - b) Set the span to  $\geq 1.5$  times the DTS bandwidth
  - c) Set the RBW= 100 kHz
  - d) Set the VBW= 300 kHz
  - e) Detector = Peak
  - f) Sweep time = auto couple
  - g) Trace mode = max hold
  - h) Allow trace to fully stabilize
  - i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level
- Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference level.

Establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
  - b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
  - c) Set the VBW = 300 kHz.
  - d) Detector = peak.
  - e) Sweep time = auto couple.
  - f) Trace mode = max hold.
  - g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
  - h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	20dB below peak output power in 100 kHz bandwidth

**EUT ID: EUT2**

**Measurement Results:**



**802.11b mode**

MODE	Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11b	1	2.412 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.1	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.2	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.3	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.4	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.5	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.6	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.7	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.8	P
	6	2.437 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.9	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.10	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.11	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.12	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.13	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.14	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.15	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.16	P
	11	2.462 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.17	P
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.18	P
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.19	P
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.20	P
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.21	P
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.22	P
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.23	P
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.24	P

**802.11g mode**

MODE	Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
802.11g	1	2.412 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.25	<b>P</b>
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.26	<b>P</b>
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.27	<b>P</b>
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.28	<b>P</b>
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.29	<b>P</b>
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.30	<b>P</b>
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.31	<b>P</b>
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.32	<b>P</b>
	6	2.437 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.33	<b>P</b>
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.34	<b>P</b>
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.35	<b>P</b>
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.36	<b>P</b>
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.37	<b>P</b>
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.38	<b>P</b>
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.39	<b>P</b>
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.40	<b>P</b>
	11	2.462 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.41	<b>P</b>
		30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.42	<b>P</b>
		1 GHz ~ 2.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.43	<b>P</b>
		2.5 GHz ~ 7.5 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.44	<b>P</b>
		7.5 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.45	<b>P</b>
		10 GHz ~ 15 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.46	<b>P</b>
		15 GHz ~ 20 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.47	<b>P</b>
		20 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.A.6.1.48	<b>P</b>