

WLAN2450_CH6 Right Cheek

Date: 4/9/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.772$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 39.07$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C Communication System: WLAN2450 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.22,7.22,7.22)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.43 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.466 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 W/kg

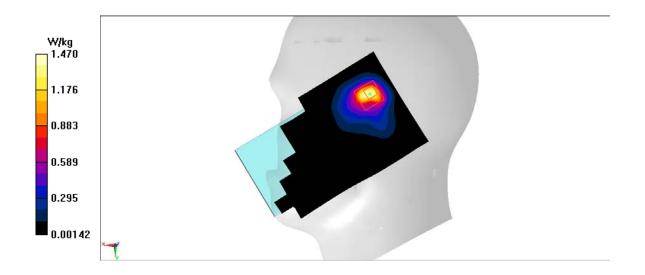


Figure A.21



WLAN2450_CH1 Front

Date: 4/9/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.93 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.41$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C Communication System: WLAN2450 2412 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.31,7.31,7.31)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.107 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.469 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.157 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.086 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.104 W/kg

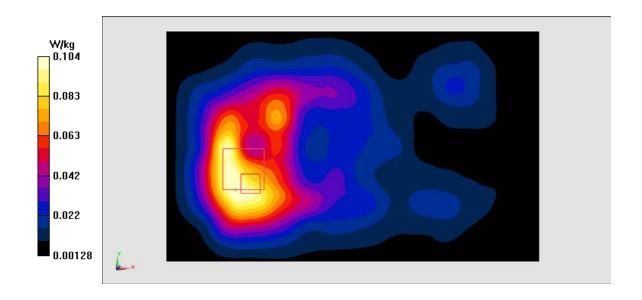


Figure A.22



WLAN5G_CH157 Right Cheek

Date: 4/11/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 5750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 5.447$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 35.34$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C Communication System: WLAN5G 5785 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(4.95,4.95,4.95)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.21 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.299 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.25 W/kg

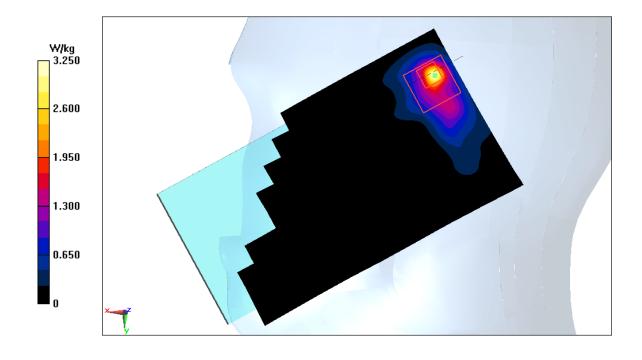


Figure A.23



WLAN5G_CH157 Top

Date: 4/11/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 5750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz; $\sigma = 6.025$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 46.74$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C Communication System: WLAN5G 5785 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(4.53,4.53,4.53)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.175 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.408 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.221 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.051 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.137 W/kg

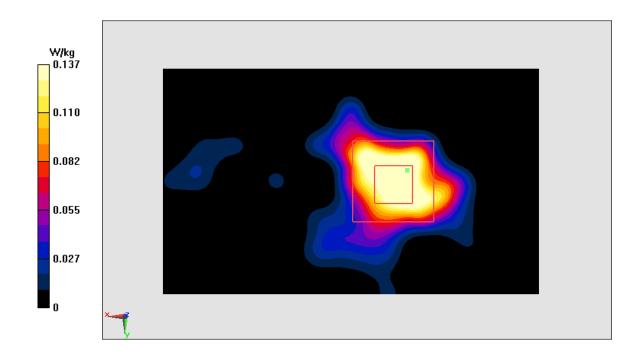


Figure A.24



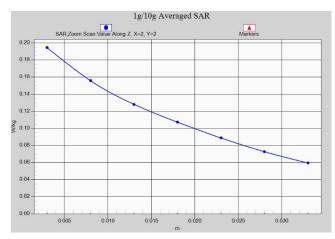


Fig.1- 1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)

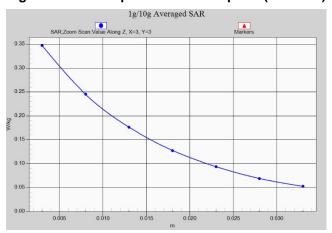


Fig.1- 2 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)

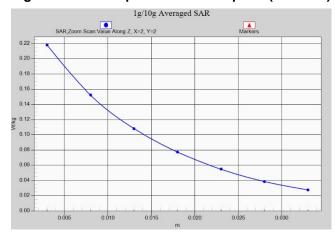


Fig.1- 3 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz)



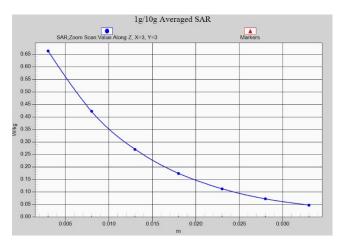


Fig.1- 4 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz)

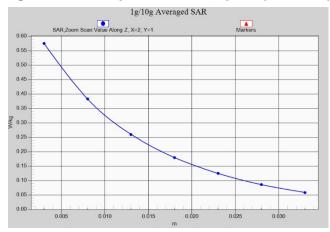


Fig.1- 5 Z-Scan at power reference point (W1900)

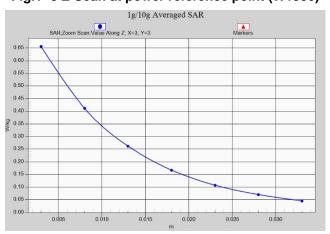


Fig.1- 6 Z-Scan at power reference point (W1900)



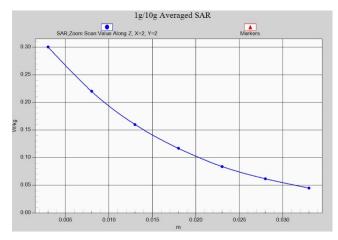


Fig.1- 7 Z-Scan at power reference point (W1700)

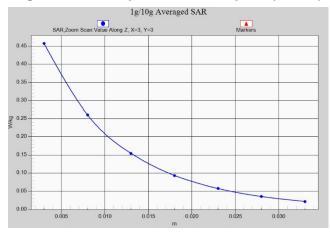


Fig.1-8 Z-Scan at power reference point (W1700)

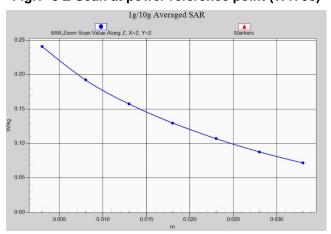


Fig.1- 9 Z-Scan at power reference point (W850)



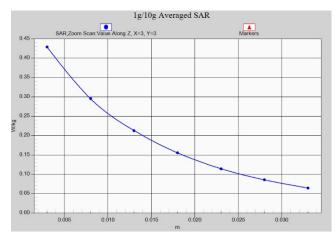


Fig.1- 10 Z-Scan at power reference point (W850)

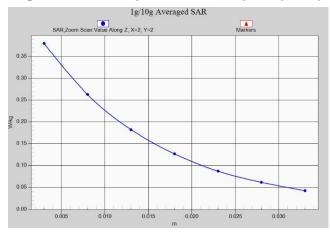


Fig.1- 11 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE band2)

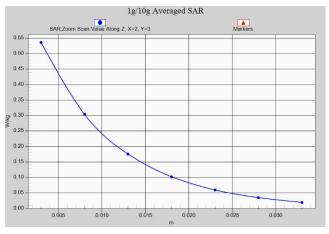


Fig.1- 12 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE band2)



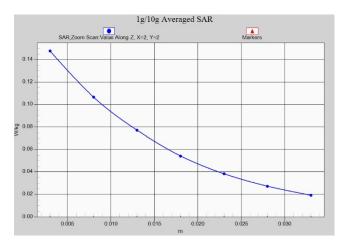


Fig.1- 13 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE band4)

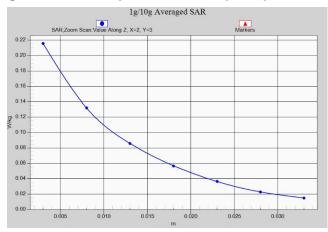


Fig.1- 14 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE band4)

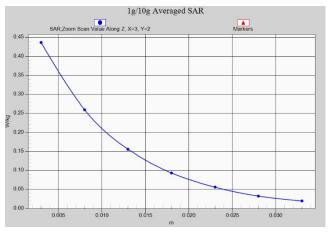


Fig.1- 15 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE band7)



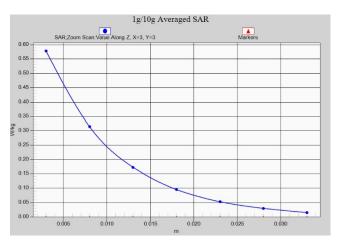


Fig.1- 16 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE band7)

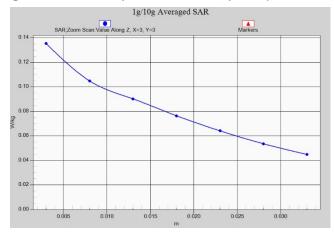


Fig.1- 17 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE band12)

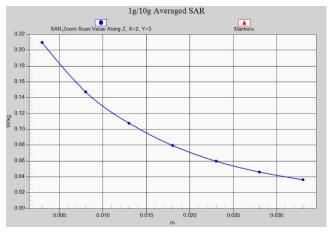


Fig.1- 18 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE band12)



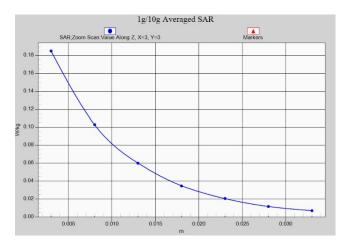


Fig.1- 19 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE band38)

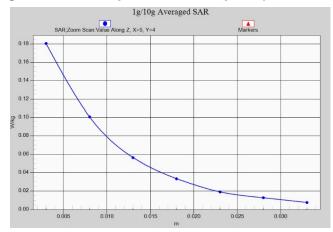


Fig.1- 20 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE band38)

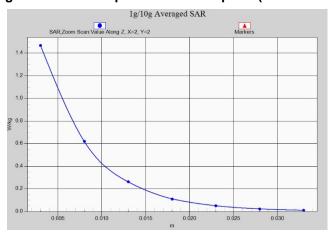


Fig.1- 21 Z-Scan at power reference point (WLAN2450)



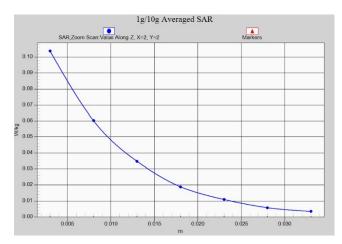


Fig.1- 22 Z-Scan at power reference point (WLAN2450)

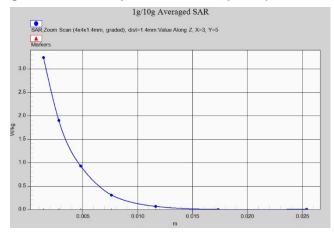


Fig.1- 23 Z-Scan at power reference point (WLAN5G)

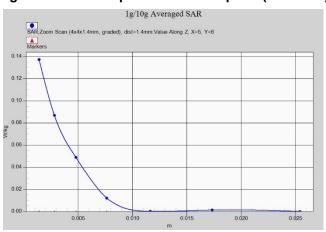


Fig.1- 24 Z-Scan at power reference point (WLAN5G)



ANNEX B System Verification Results

750 MHz

Date: 4/5/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.898 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(8.16,8.16,8.16)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 59.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 2.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.39 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.75 W/kg

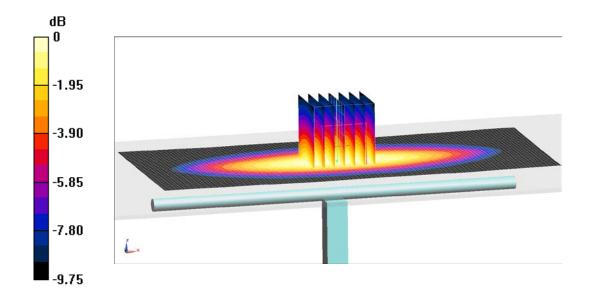
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =59.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.83 W/kg



0 dB = 2.83 W/kg = 4.52 dB W/kg

Fig.B.1 validation 750 MHz 250mW



Date: 4/5/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.951 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.35$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.9,7.9,7.9)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 56.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 2.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.84 W/kg

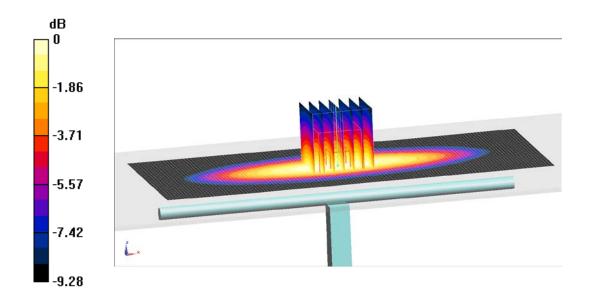
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =56.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.97 W/kg



0 dB = 2.97 W/kg = 4.73 dB W/kg

Fig.B.2 validation 750 MHz 250mW



Date: 4/6/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.901$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(9.33,9.33,9.33)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 61.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 2.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.27 W/kg

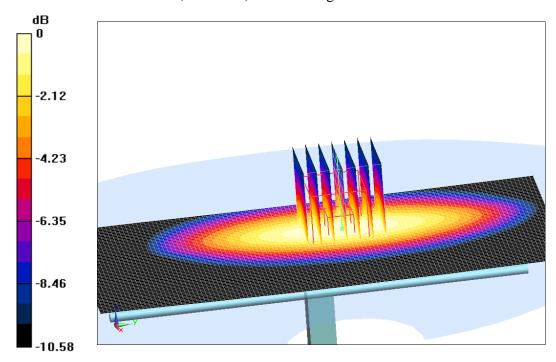
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =61.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.35 W/kg



0 dB = 3.35 W/kg = 5.25 dB W/kg

Fig.B.3 validation 835 MHz 250mW



Date: 4/6/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.988$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 56.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(9.52,9.52,9.52)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 60.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 2.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.43 W/kg

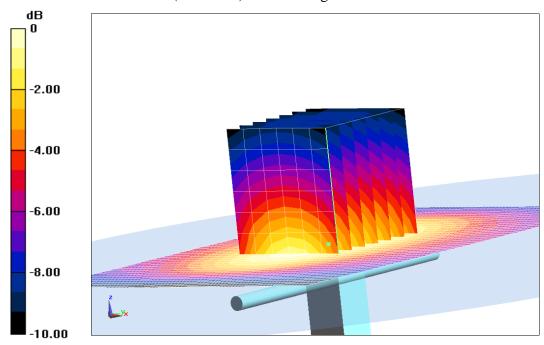
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =60.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.29 W/kg



0 dB = 3.29 W/kg = 5.17 dB W/kg

Fig.B.4 validation 835 MHz 250mW



Date: 4/7/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.68$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(8.16,8.16,8.16)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 104.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 9.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.88 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.6 W/kg

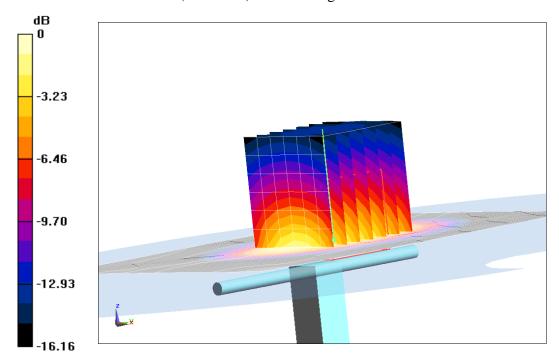
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =104.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.93 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



0 dB = 14.2 W/kg = 11.52 dB W/kg

Fig.B.5 validation 1750 MHz 250mW



Date: 4/7/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.514 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.22$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.9,7.9,7.9)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 103.14 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 9.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.86 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.63 W/kg

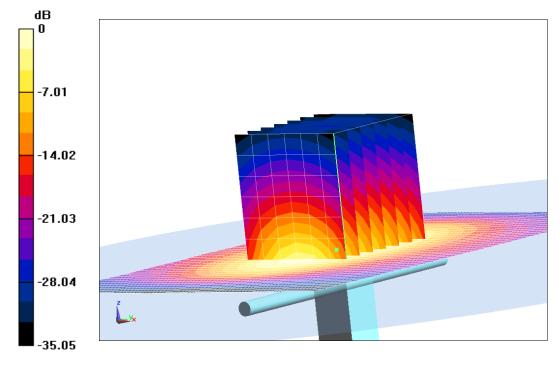
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =103.14 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.98 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.94 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.73 W/kg



0 dB = 13.73 W/kg = 11.38 dB W/kg

Fig.B.6 validation 1750 MHz 250mW



Date: 4/8/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.55$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.89,7.89,7.89)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 106.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 10.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.47 W/kg

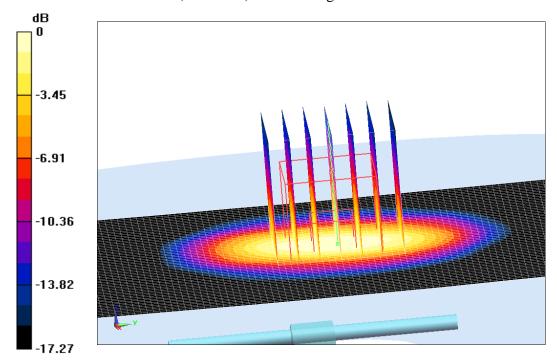
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =106.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.92 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



0 dB = 15.7 W/kg = 11.96 dB W/kg

Fig.B.7 validation 1900 MHz 250mW



Date: 4/8/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.536 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.19$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.57,7.57,7.57)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 105.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 10.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.26 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.84 W/kg

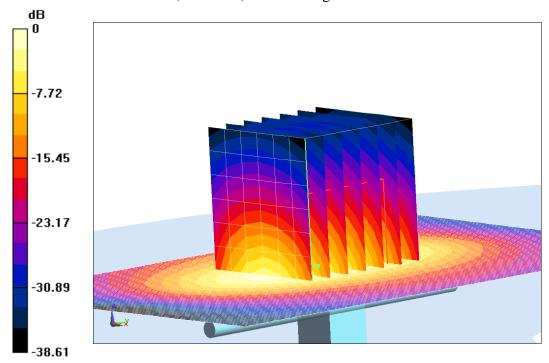
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =105.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 W/kg



0 dB = 14.7 W/kg = 11.67 dB W/kg

Fig.B.8 validation 1900 MHz 250mW



Date: 4/9/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.784 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.05$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.22,7.22,7.22)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 116.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.66 W/kg

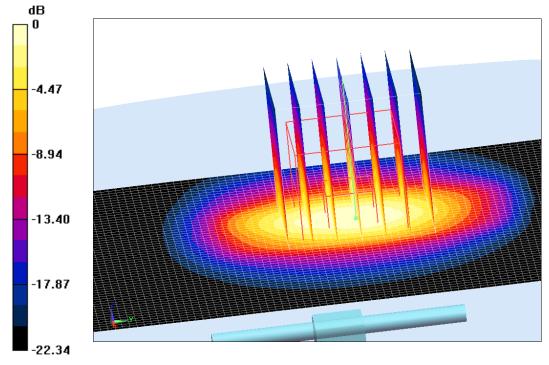
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =116.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.63 W/kg



0 dB = 22.63 W/kg = 13.55 dB W/kg

Fig.B.9 validation 2450 MHz 250mW



Date: 4/9/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.966 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.36$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.31,7.31,7.31)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 107.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 13.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.05 W/kg

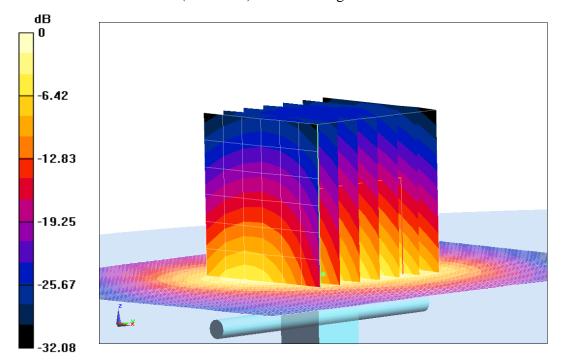
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =107.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.71 W/kg



0 dB = 21.71 W/kg = 13.37 dB W/kg

Fig.B.10 validation 2450 MHz 250mW



Date: 4/10/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.966 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.57$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.12,7.12,7.12)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 115.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 14.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 24.71 W/kg

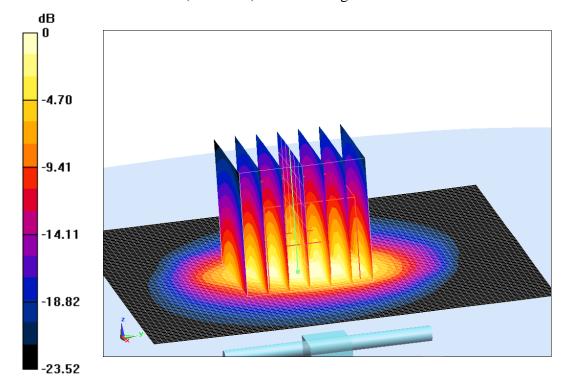
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =115.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.43 W/kg



0 dB = 24.43 W/kg = 13.88 dB W/kg

Fig.B.11 validation 2600 MHz 250mW



Date: 4/10/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.138 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.61$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.25,7.25,7.25)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 109.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 14.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.31 W/kg

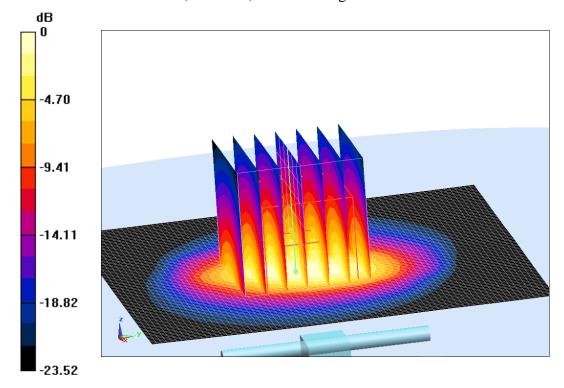
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =109.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.93 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.92 W/kg



0 dB = 23.92 W/kg = 13.79 dB W/kg

Fig.B.12 validation 2600 MHz 250mW



Date: 2017-4-11

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 4.726$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.28$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW Frequency: 5250 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37)

System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.8 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm,

dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 70.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

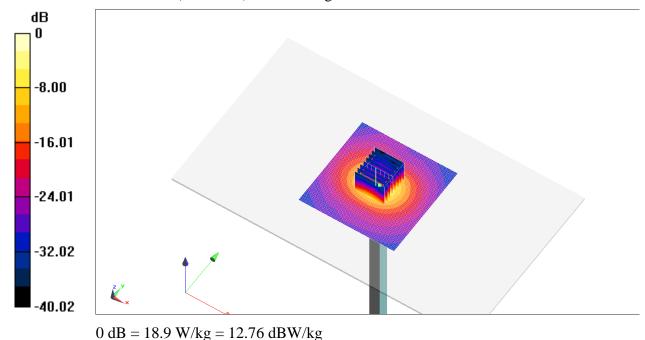


Fig.B.13 validation 5250MHz 100mW



Date: 2017-4-11

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 5.259$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.44$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW Frequency: 5250 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95)

System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.5 W/kg

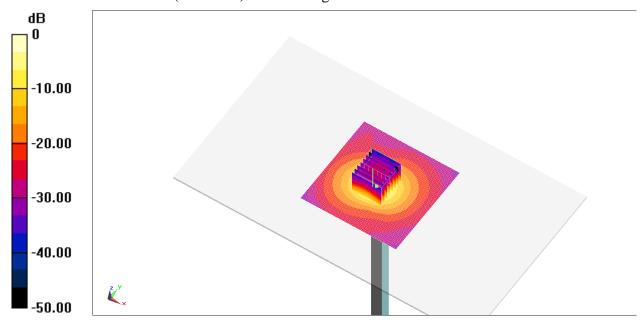
System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 62.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg



0 dB = 17.3 W/kg = 12.38 dBW/kg

Fig.B.14 validation 5250MHz 100mW



Date: 2017-4-11

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.199 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 35.73$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW Frequency: 5600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(4.72, 4.72, 4.72)

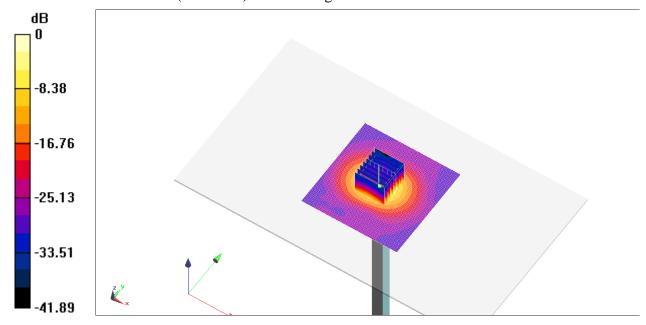
System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.7 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



0 dB = 20.3 W/kg = 13.07 dBW/kg

Fig.B.15 validation 5600MHz 100mW



Date: 2017-4-11

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.708$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 46.98$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW Frequency: 5600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(4.18, 4.18, 4.18)

System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.9 W/kg

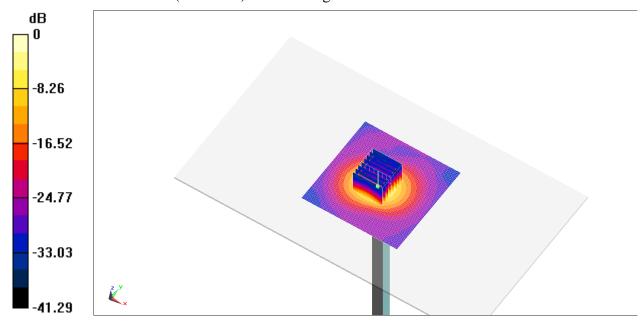
System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg



0 dB = 18.5 W/kg = 12.67 dBW/kg

Fig.B.16 validation 5600MHz 100mW



Date: 2017-4-11

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.414$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW Frequency: 5750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95)

System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.9 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm,

dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 61.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg

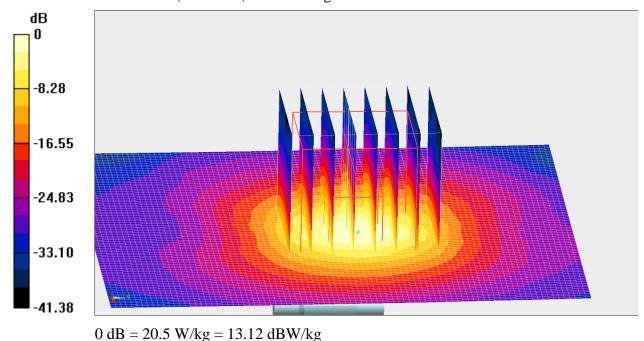


Fig.B.17 validation 5750MHz 100mW



Date: 2017-4-11

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.992$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 46.78$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW Frequency: 5750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53)

System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.8 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.81 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg

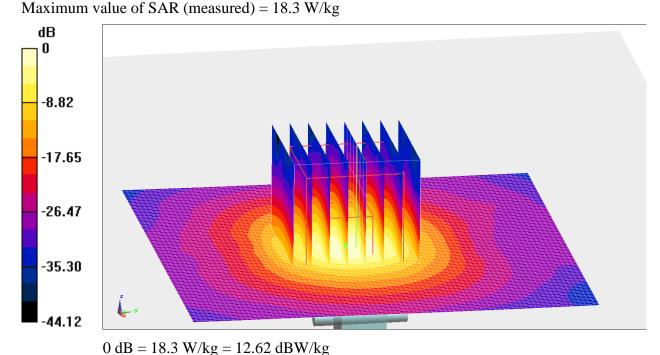


Fig.B.18 validation 5750MHz 100mW



Date: 5/20/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.878 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(8.16,8.16,8.16)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value =59.912 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 2.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.79 W/kg

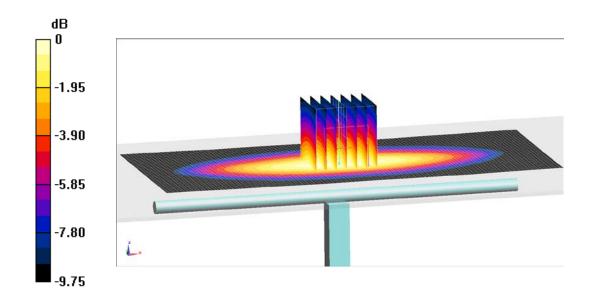
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =59.912 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.86 W/kg



0 dB = 2.86 W/kg = 4.56 dB W/kg

Fig.B.19 validation 750 MHz 250mW



Date: 5/20/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.966 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.75$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.9,7.9,7.9)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value =56.753 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 2.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.39 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.86 W/kg

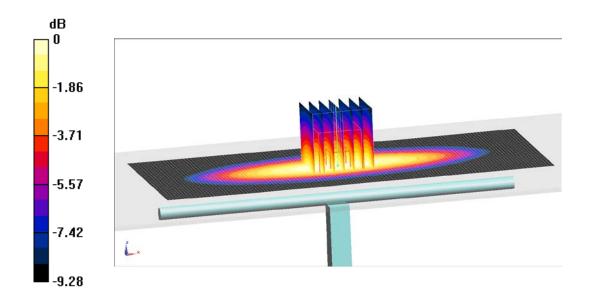
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =56.753 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.96 W/kg



0 dB = 2.96 W/kg = 4.71 dB W/kg

Fig.B.20 validation 750 MHz 250mW



Date: 5/21/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.931$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.95$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(9.33,9.33,9.33)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value =61.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.31 W/kg

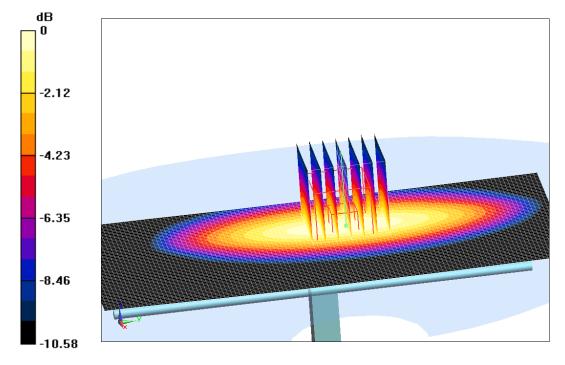
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =61.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.75 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.37 W/kg



0 dB = 3.37 W/kg = 5.28 dB W/kg

Fig.B.21 validation 835 MHz 250mW



Date: 5/21/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.968$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 56.35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(9.52,9.52,9.52)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value =60.84 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 2.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.37 W/kg

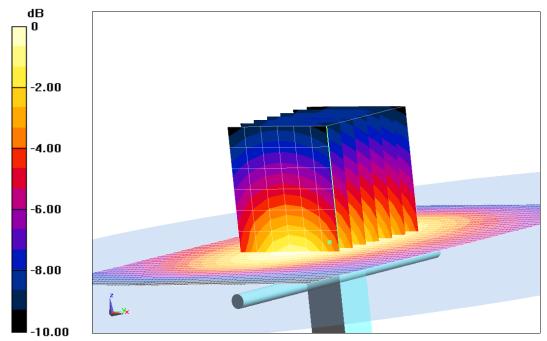
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =60.84 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.32 W/kg



0 dB = 3.32 W/kg = 5.21 dB W/kg

Fig.B.22 validation 835 MHz 250mW



Date: 5/20/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.395 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(8.16,8.16,8.16)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value =103.698 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 9.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.96 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.6 W/kg

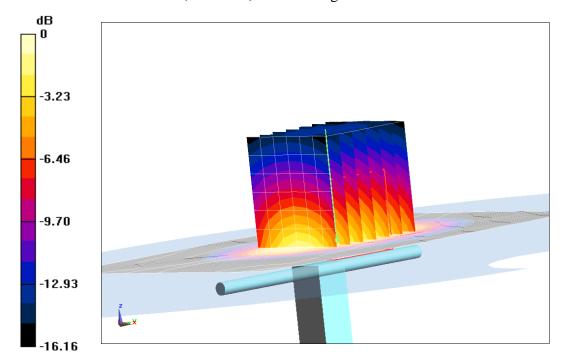
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =103.698 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.90 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.88 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



0 dB = 14.2 W/kg = 11.52 dB W/kg

Fig.B.23 validation 1750 MHz 250mW



Date: 5/20/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.519 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.02$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.9,7.9,7.9)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value =103.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 9.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.88 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.7 W/kg

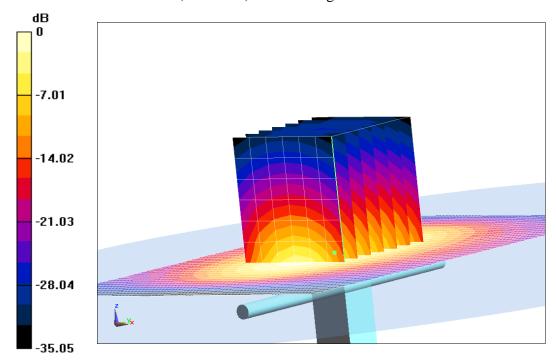
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =103.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.96 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.8 W/kg



0 dB = 13.8 W/kg = 11.40 dB W/kg

Fig.B.24 validation 1750 MHz 250mW



Date: 5/21/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.409 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.65$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.89,7.89,7.89)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value =106.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.5 W/kg

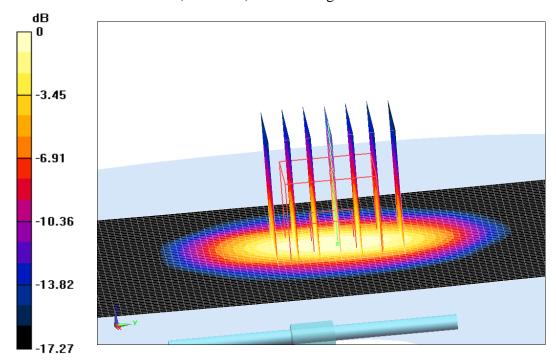
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =106.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.91 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.29 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



0 dB = 15.7 W/kg = 11.96 dB W/kg

Fig.B.25 validation 1900 MHz 250mW



Date: 5/21/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.547 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.69$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.57,7.57,7.57)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value =105.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.8 W/kg

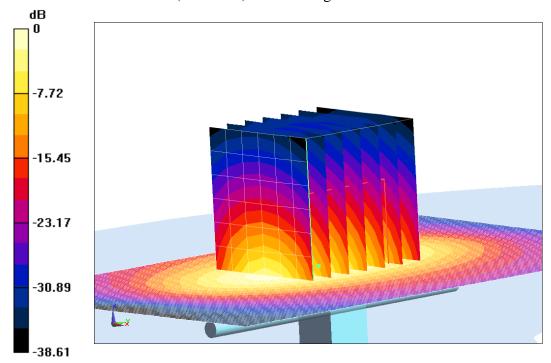
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =105.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.87 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.26 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 W/kg



0 dB = 14.7 W/kg = 11.67 dB W/kg

Fig.B.26 validation 1900 MHz 250mW



Date: 5/22/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.764 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.46$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.22,7.22,7.22)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value =115.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.7 W/kg

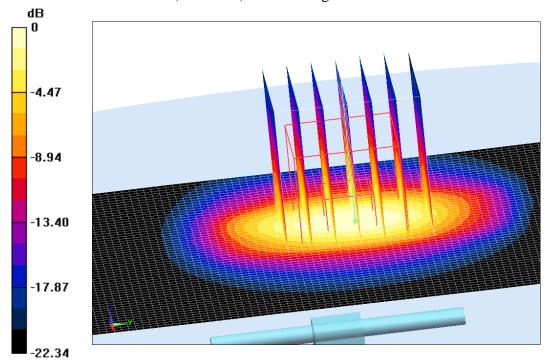
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =115.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.6 W/kg



0 dB = 22.6 W/kg = 13.54 dB W/kg

Fig.B.27 validation 2450 MHz 250mW



Date: 5/22/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.977 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.16$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.31,7.31,7.31)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value =106.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.9 W/kg

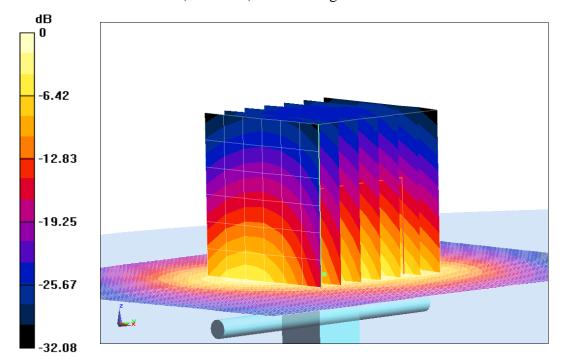
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =106.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



0 dB = 21.8 W/kg = 13.38 dB W/kg

Fig.B.28 validation 2450 MHz 250mW



Date: 5/20/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.986 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.46$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.12,7.12,7.12)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value =114.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 14.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.51 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 24.7 W/kg

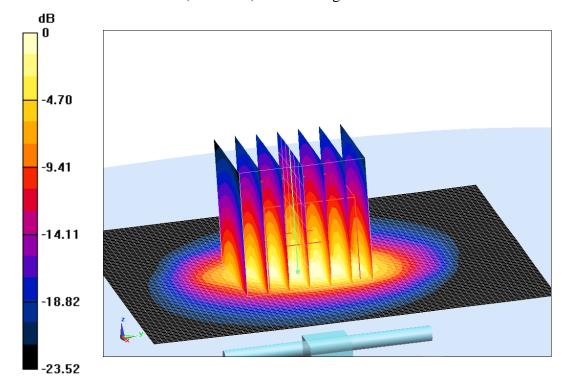
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =114.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.38 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.4 W/kg



0 dB = 24.4 W/kg = 13.87 dB W/kg

Fig.B.29 validation 2600 MHz 250mW



Date: 5/20/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.178 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.82$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 23.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(7.25,7.25,7.25)

System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value =109.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.4 W/kg

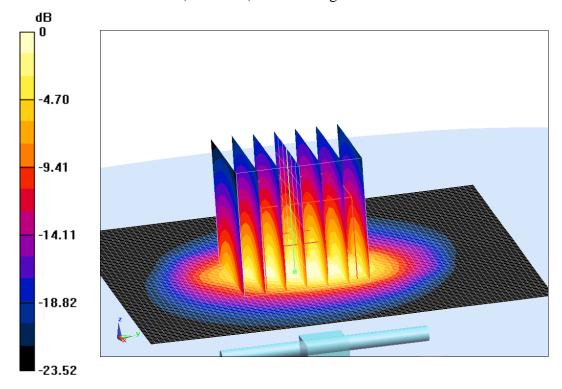
System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =109.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.88 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.8 W/kg



0 dB = 23.8 W/kg = 13.77 dB W/kg

Fig.B.30 validation 2600 MHz 250mW



Date: 2017-5-22

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Head 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.313$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.79$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW Frequency: 5750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95)

System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.2 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm,

dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 61.65 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg

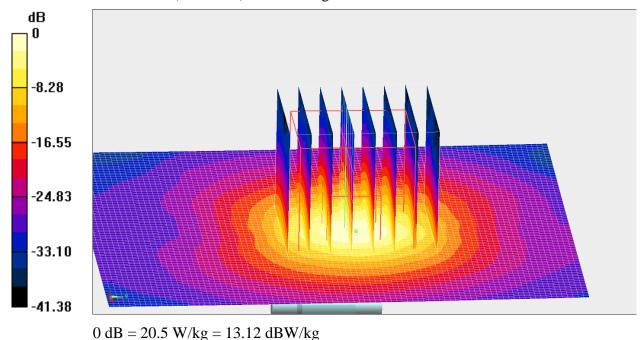


Fig.B.31 validation 5750MHz 100mW



Date: 2017-5-22

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331 Medium: Body 5 GHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.892$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 47.08$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C Communication System: CW Frequency: 5750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3846 ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53)

System Validation /Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.9 W/kg

System Validation /Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.95 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg

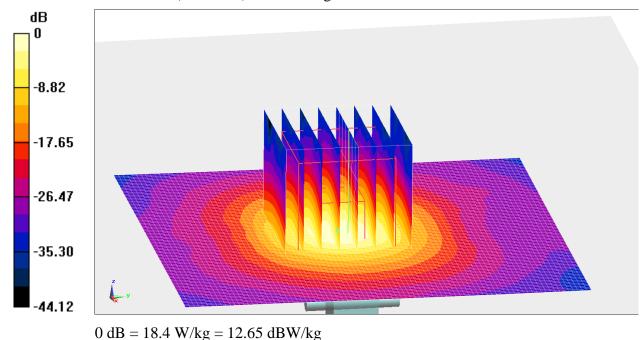


Fig.B.32 validation 5750MHz 100mW



The SAR system verification must be required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR.

Table B.1 Comparison between area scan and zoom scan for system verification

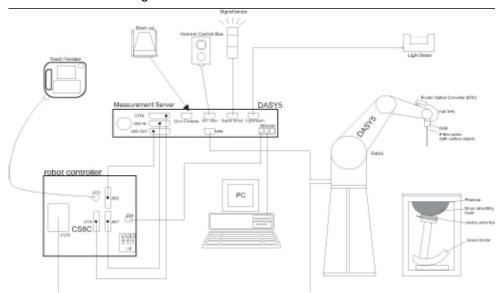
Date	Band	Position	Area scan Zoom scan		
			(1g)	(1g)	Drift (%)
2017-4-5	750	Head	2.05	2.08	-1.44
	750	Body	2.08	2.12	-1.89
2017-4-6	835	Head	2.36	2.39	-1.26
	835	Body	2.33	2.32	0.43
2017-4-7	1750	Head	9.08	9.06	0.22
	1750	Body	9.08	9.12	-0.44
2017-4-8	1900	Head	10.21	10.32	-1.07
	1900	Body	10.35	10.08	2.68
2017-4-9	2450	Head	13.1	13.44	-2.53
	2450	Body	13.36	13.06	2.30
2017-4-10	2600	Head	14.04	14.4	-2.50
	2600	Body	14.22	13.95	1.94
2017-5-20	750	Head	2.09	2.11	-0.95
	750	Body	2.08	2.11	-1.42
2017-5-21	835	Head	2.38	2.41	-1.24
	835	Body	2.37	2.35	0.85
2017-5-20	1750	Head	9.12	9.03	1.00
	1750	Body	9.08	9.18	-1.09
2017-5-21	1900	Head	10.2	10.3	-0.97
	1900	Body	10.1	10.2	-0.98
2017-5-22	2450	Head	13.5	13.4	0.75
	2450	Body	13.2	13.1	0.76
2017-5-20	2600	Head	14.6	14.4	1.39
	2600	Body	13.7	13.9	-1.44



ANNEX C SAR Measurement Setup

C.1 Measurement Set-up

The Dasy4 or DASY5 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (StäubliTX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.

The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.

The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.

A computer running WinXP and the DASY4 or DASY5 software.

Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



C.2 Dasy4 or DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 or DASY5 software reads the reflection durning a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2nd ord curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications:

Model: ES3DV3, EX3DV4

Frequency 10MHz — 6.0GHz(EX3DV4) 10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3) Range:

Calibration: In head and body simulating tissue at

Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4

± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3 DynamicRange: 10 mW/kg — 100W/kg

Probe Length: 330 mm

Probe Tip

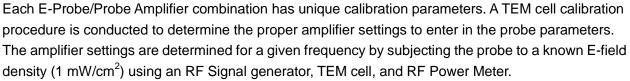
Length: 20 mm **Body Diameter: 12 mm**

Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3) Tip-Center: 1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)

Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests of mobile phones Dosimetry in strong gradient fields

Picture C.3E-field Probe



C.3 E-field Probe Calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters.



Picture C.2Near-field Probe



The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and inn a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated



360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

 Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

C.4 Other Test Equipment

C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE



C.4.2 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90XL; DASY5: RX160L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- > Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)





Picture C.5DASY 4

Picture C.6DASY 5

C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU broad with CPU (dasy4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O broad, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU broad.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.





Picture C.7 Server for DASY 4

Picture C.8 Server for DASY 5



C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ±0.5mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ±20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

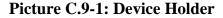
The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

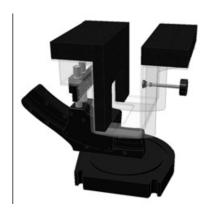
The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity \mathcal{E} =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.







Picture C.9-2: Laptop Extension Kit

C.4.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to

Represent the 90th percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness: 2±0.2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Available: Special