

RF Exposure evaluation

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05
The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at
test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$$

$f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before
calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

max. power of channel=9.32dBm=8.55mW
channel frequency=174.25MHz=0.17425 GHz
Ant gain 0dBi ; so Ant numeric gain=1

So $(8.55\text{mW}/5\text{mm}) \times \sqrt{0.17425\text{GHz}} = 0.714 < 3$

Then SAR evaluation is not required