

**In accordance with the requirements of Report and Order:
ET Docket 93-62 ; FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) ;**

SAR TEST REPORT

For

Product Name: AUTO DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM

Brand Name : FCAR

Model No : F6 PLUS

Series Model: N/A

Test Report Number: C161227S02-SF

Issued for

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Issued by

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Revision History

Revision	REPORT NO.	Date	Page Revised	Contents
Original	C160108S01-SF	January 22, 2016	N/A	N/A
01	C161227S01-SF	December 27, 2016	1,4,5,35, 36,37	Update Product Name, Brand Name, Model Name, FCC ID,EUT PHOTO, Applicant and Manufacturer information.
02	C161227S01-SF	January 20, 2017	8	Add 5GHz tissue recipes.

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1. CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

Product Name:	AUTO DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM
Brand Name:	FCAR
Model Name.:	F6 PLUS
Series Model:	N/A
Device Category:	PROTABLE DEVICES
Exposure Category:	GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE
Date of Test:	January 19, 2016
Applicant:	SHENZHEN FCAR TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD 8th floor, Chuangyi Building, No. 3025 Nanhai Ave., Nanshan, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Manufacturer:	SHENZHEN FCAR TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD 8th floor, Chuangyi Building, No. 3025 Nanhai Ave., Nanshan, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Application Type:	Certification

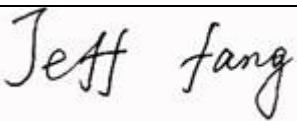
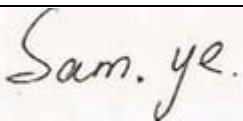
APPLICABLE STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES

STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES	TEST RESULT
KDB 865664	No non-compliance noted

Deviation from Applicable Standard

None

The device was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664; The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Approved by:	Tested by:
	
Jeff.fang RF Manager Compliance Certification Services Inc.	Sam.ye Test Engineer Compliance Certification Services Inc.

2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product Name:	AUTO DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM
Brand Name:	FCAR
Model Name.:	F6 PLUS
Series Model:	N/A
Model Discrepancy:	N/A
FCC ID:	2AJDD-IDIAGSF6P
Software version	EM_I82_MB_PCB_V13R2
Hardware version	10.0.10586.Build 10240
Power reduction:	NO
DTM Description:	N/A
Device Category:	Production unit
Frequency Range:	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Modulation Technique:	IEEE 802.11a: OFDM IEEE 802.11n5G HT20 MHz Mode: OFDM IEEE 802.11n5G HT40 MHz Mode: OFDM IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g/n: OFDM (QPSK, BPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM) Bluetooth 3.0: GFSK + π/4DQPSK+8DPSK Bluetooth 4.0 : GFSK
Accessories:	Battery(rating): Capacitance: 8500 mAh; Rated Voltage: 3.7V
Antenna Specification:	WIFI/ Bluetooth: FPC antenna
Operating Mode:	Maximum continuous output

2.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **MobileDemand, LC., 8 Inch Full Ruggedized Tablet, xTablet T8500**, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary	
		Body 1g SAR (W/kg)	Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.710	--
NII	5.2GHz WLAN	0.402	--
	5.8GHz WLAN	0.356	--

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093), and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

3. REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED BY THE FCC

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 W/Kg for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 W/Kg for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093);

4. TEST METHODOLOGY

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
- KDB 447498 D01v06 General RF Exposure Guidance
- KDB 865664 D01v01r04 Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
- KDB 865664 D02v01r02 RF Exposure Reporting
- KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 SAR for laptop and tablets

5. TEST CONFIGURATION

During WLAN SAR testing EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool, and the transmission duty factor was monitored on the spectrum analyzer with zero-span setting

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering test software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal and the duty cycle for 5GHz U-NII-1 is 99%; 2.4GHz is close to 100%; 5GHz U-NII-3 is 100%.

6. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SETUP

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY 5 from ATTENNESSA. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the E-field PROBE EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in [7] with accuracy of better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [8] and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEE P1528 and IEC 62209.

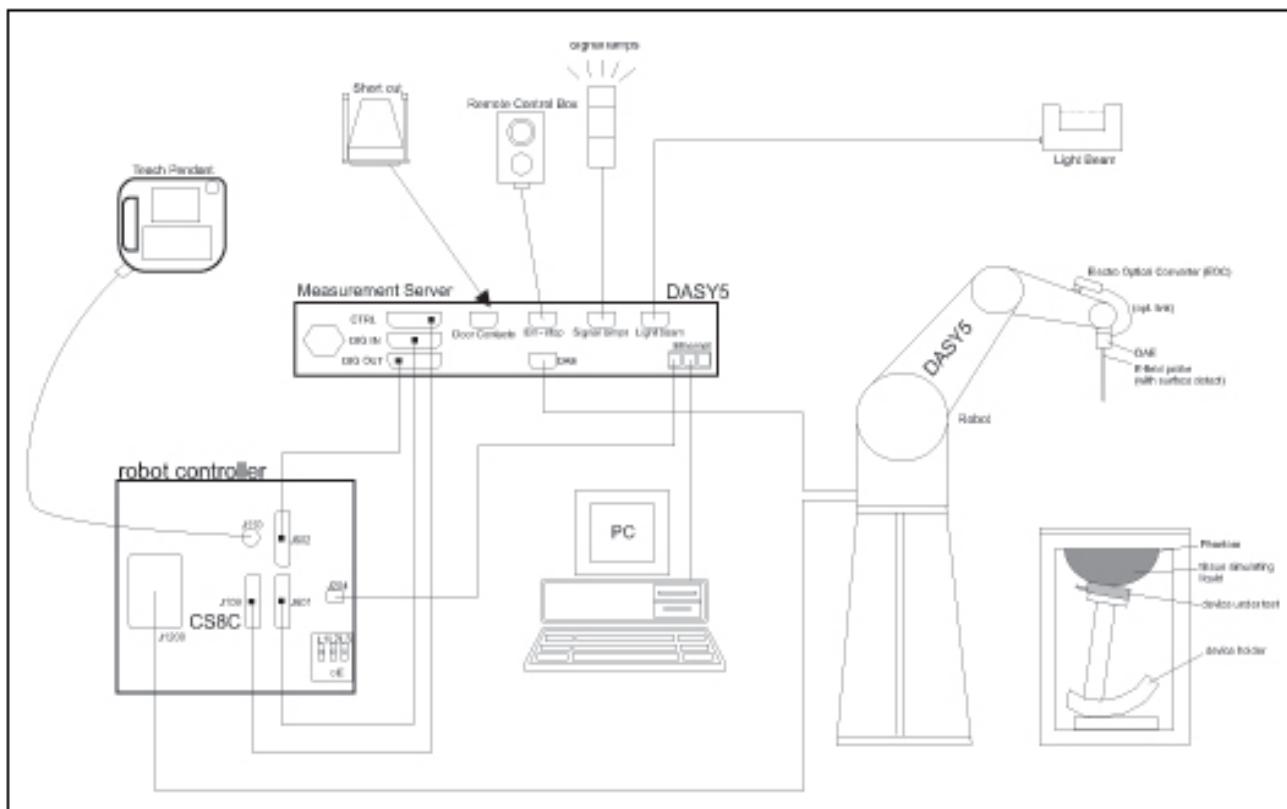
The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Simulating Liquids for 5 GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	78
Mineral oil	11
Emulsifiers	9
Additives and Salt	2

6.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

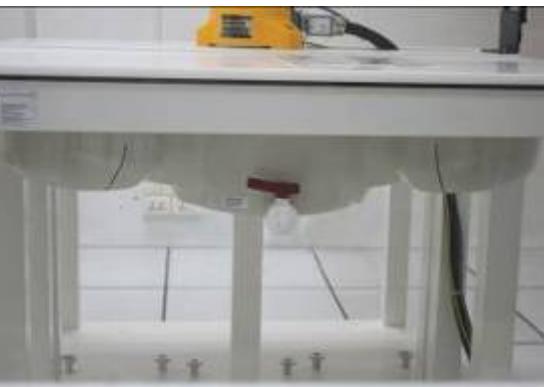


The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.

6.2 SYSTEM COMPONENTS

	<p>The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128 MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.</p> <p>The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.</p>
	<p>The PC-operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with two expansion slots which are reserved for future applications. Please note that the expansion slots do not have a standardized pinout and therefore only the expansion cards provided by SPEAG can be inserted. Expansion cards from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server. Calibration: No calibration required.</p>
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE) 	<p>The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE4 box is 200MΩ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.</p>
EX3DV4 Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements 	<p>Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)</p> <p>Calibration: Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-3000 MHz. Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800 CF-Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request.</p> <p>Frequency: 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)</p> <p>Directivity: ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)</p> <p>Dynamic Range: 10 µW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)</p>

<p>Dimensions: Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm</p> <p>Application: High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.</p>	 <p>Interior of probe</p>
SAM Twin Phantom	
<p>Construction:</p> <p>The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-200X, CENELEC 50360 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.</p> <p>Shell Thickness: 2 ±0.2 mm</p> <p>Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters</p> <p>Dimensions: Height: 850mm; Length: 1000mm; Width: 750mm</p>	
<p>SAM Phantom (ELI4 v4.0)</p> <p>Description Construction:</p> <p>Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4/DASY5.5 and higher and is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles</p> <p>Shell Thickness: 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)</p> <p>Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters</p> <p>Dimensions: Major ellipse axis: 600 mm</p> <p>Minor axis: 400 mm 500mm</p>	

Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

Construction: In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).

**System Validation Kits for SAM Twin Phantom**

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 900, 1800, 2450, 5800 MHz

ReTune loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position

Power capability: > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

Dimensions:

D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm

D1800V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm

D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm

D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm

D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300mm

**System Validation Kits for ELI4 phantom**

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 900, 1800, 2450, 5800 MHz

ReTune loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position

Power capability: > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

Dimensions:

D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm

D1800V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm

D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm

D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm

D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300 mm



7. EVALUATION PROCEDURES

DATA EVALUATION

The DASY 5 post processing software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}$
	- Conversion factor	$ConvF_i$
	- Diode compression point	dcp_i
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY 5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with	V_i	= Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
	U_i	= Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
	cf	= Crest factor of exciting field (DASY 5 parameter)
	dcp_i	= Diode compression point (DASY 5 parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field probes:
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

with	V_i	= Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
	$Norm_i$	= Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
		$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ for E0field Probes
	$ConvF$	= Sensitivity enhancement in solution
	a_{ij}	= Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
	f	= Carrier frequency (GHz)
	E_i	= Electric field strength of channel i in V/m
	H_i	= Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):



$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770} \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with P_{pwe} = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- **Power Reference Measurement**

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

- **Area Scan**

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY 5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

- **Zoom Scan**

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more than one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

- **Power Drift measurement**

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY 5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

- **Z-Scan**

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.

Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1529 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g.

The DASY 5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

Boundary effect

For measurements in the immediate vicinity of a phantom surface, the field coupling effects between the probe and the boundary influence the probe characteristics. Boundary effect errors of different dosimetric probe types have been analyzed by measurements and using a numerical probe model. As expected, both methods showed an enhanced sensitivity in the immediate vicinity of the boundary. The effect strongly depends on the probe dimensions and disappears with increasing distance from the boundary. The sensitivity can be approximately given as:

$$S \approx S_o + S_b \exp\left(-\frac{z}{a}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi z}{\lambda}\right)$$

Since the decay of the boundary effect dominates for small probes ($a \ll \lambda$), the cos-term can be omitted. Factors S_b (parameter Alpha in the DASY 5 software) and a (parameter Delta in the DASY 5 software) are assessed during probe calibration and used for numerical compensation of the boundary effect. Several simulations and measurements have confirmed that the compensation is valid for different field and boundary configurations.

This simple compensation procedure can largely reduce the probe uncertainty near boundaries. It works well as long as:

- the boundary curvature is small
- the probe axis is angled less than 30° to the boundary normal
- the distance between probe and boundary is larger than 25% of the probe diameter
- the probe is symmetric (all sensors have the same offset from the probe tip)

Since all of these requirements are fulfilled in a DASY 5 system, the correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is performed in a fully automated manner via the measurement data extraction during post processing.

8. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Measurement uncertainty for 30 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram						
Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	$c_{i(1g)}$	Std. Unc. (1-g)	v_i or v_{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration ($k=1$)	6.00	Normal	1	1	6.00	∞
Probe Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	1.90	∞
Modulation Response	2.40	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.39	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	3.88	∞
Boundary Effect	2.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	∞
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limit	1.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.40	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.90	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.67	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation	2.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	∞
Test sample Related						
Test sample Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	2.9	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.6	Normal	1	1	3.6	5
Power drift	5	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	∞
Power Scaling	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.00	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters						
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	3.52	∞
SAR correction	1.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.10	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas)	-2.77	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	-1.25	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas)	-1.97	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	-0.30	∞
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	1.53	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.05	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty		RSS			11.49	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty		$k=2$			22. 98%	

Measurement uncertainty for 3 GHz to 6 GHz averaged over 1 gram

Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	$c_i(1g)$	Std. Unc.(1-g)	v_i or v_{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration ($k=1$)	6.55	Normal	1	1	6.55	∞
Probe Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	1.90	∞
Modulation Response	2.40	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.39	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	3.88	∞
Boundary Effect	2.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	∞
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limit	1.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.80	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	3.87	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation	4.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞
Test sample Related						
Test sample Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	2.9	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.6	Normal	1	1	3.6	5
Power drift	5	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	∞
Power Scaling	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.00	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters						
Phantom Uncertainty	6.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	3.81	∞
SAR correction	1.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.10	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas)	3.57	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	1.61	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas)	3.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.51	∞
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	1.53	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.05	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty		RSS			12.59	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty		$k=2$			25.19%	

9. EXPOSURE LIMIT

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Note: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE
GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE
PARTIAL BODY LIMIT
1.6 W/kg

10. EUT ARRANGEMENT

Please refer to IEEE1528 illustration below.

10.1 BODY WORN TEST

This EUT was tested in Three different positions. They are front side, rear side and Edge 2 of tablet. In these positions, the surface of EUT is touching phantom with 0 mm.

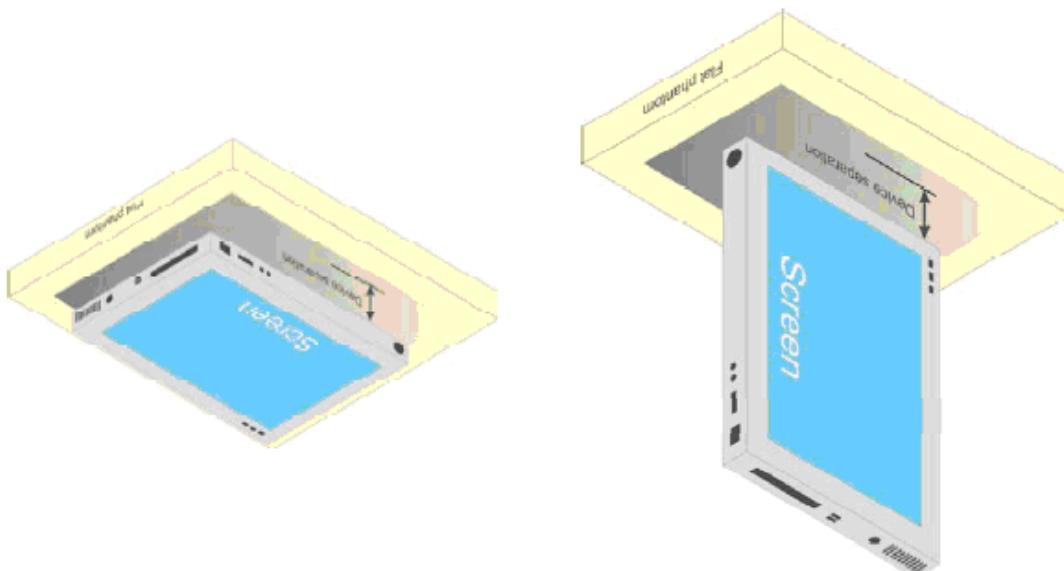


Fig Illustration for Lap-touching Position

11. MEASUREMENT RESULTS

11.1 TEST LIQUIDS CONFIRMATION

SIMULATED TISSUE LIQUID PARAMETER CONFIRMATION

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the HP85070C dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 RECOMMENDED TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	45.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

11.2 LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

The following table show the measuring results for simulating liquid:

Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation (%)	Limited (%)	Measured Date
Body2450	21.5	Permitivity(ϵ)	52.70	51.66	-1.97	± 5	2016-1-19
		Conductivity(σ)	1.95	1.90	-2.77	± 5	
Body5200	21.5	Permitivity(ϵ)	49.03	50.70	3.40	± 5	2016-1-19
		Conductivity(σ)	5.35	5.30	-0.97	± 5	
Body5800	21.5	Permitivity(ϵ)	48.20	49.82	3.36	± 5	2016-1-19
		Conductivity(σ)	6.00	6.21	3.57	± 5	

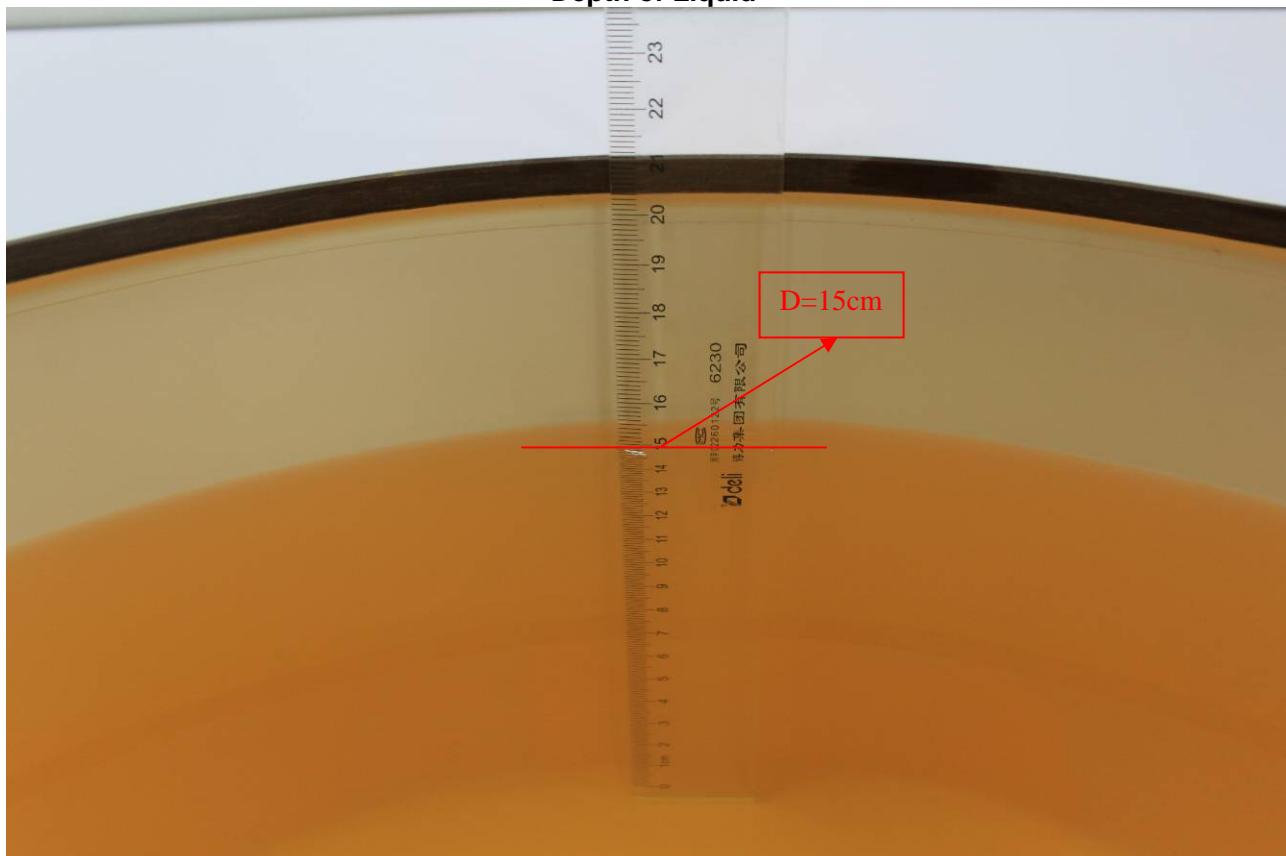
11.3 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head and body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY5 system within E-field probe EX3DV4 SN: 3798 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration ($dx= 5$ mm, $dy= 5$ mm, $dz= 5$ mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 mm.
- The dipole input power was $250\text{mW}\pm 3\%$.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Depth of Liquid



- Note: For SAR testing, the depth is 15cm shown above

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

Liquid Type	Ambient Temp. (°C)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Input Power (W)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	1W Target SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	1W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	Deviation (%)	Limited (%)	Date
Body2450	22	21.5	0.25	12.20	49.20	48.80	-0.81	± 10	2016-1-19
Body5200	22	21.5	0.1	7.12	74.60	71.2	-4.56	± 10	2016-1-19
Body5800	22	21.5	0.1	7.25	75.00	72.5	-3.33	± 10	2016-1-19

11.4 EUT TUNE-UP PROCEDURES AND TEST MODE

Conducted output power(dBm):

General Note:

- 1 Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- 2 Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
 - 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
 - 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- 3 For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WLAN 2.4G

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
802.11 b	1	2412	13	±1	14	13.34
	6	2437	13	±1	14	13.59
	11	2462	13	±1	14	13.75
802.11 g	1	2412	12.5	±1	13.5	13.14
	6	2437	12.5	±1	13.5	13.22
	11	2462	12.5	±1	13.5	13.32
802.11 n 20MHz	1	2412	11	±1	12	11.88
	6	2437	11	±1	12	11.74
	11	2462	11	±1	12	11.92
802.11 n 40MHz	3	2422	8	±1	9	8.42
	6	2437	8	±1	9	8.60
	9	2452	8	±1	9	8.87

WLAN 5.2G

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
802.11 a	36	5180	7.5	±1	8.5	8.08
	40	5200	7.5	±1	8.5	8.45
	44	5220	7.5	±1	8.5	8.42
	48	5240	7.5	±1	8.5	8.47
802.11 n 20MHz	36	5180	7	±1	8	7.69
	40	5200	7	±1	8	7.75
	44	5220	7	±1	8	7.78
	48	5240	7	±1	8	7.86
802.11 n 40MHz	38	5190	5.5	±1	6.5	5.83
	46	5230	5.5	±1	6.5	6.06

WLAN 5.8G

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
802.11 a	149	5745	10	±1	11	10.13
	157	5785	10	±1	11	10.58
	165	5825	10	±1	11	10.32
802.11 n 20MHz	149	5745	9	±1	10	9.87
	157	5785	9	±1	10	9.71
	165	5825	9	±1	10	9.56
802.11 n 40MHz	151	5755	7	±1	8	7.05
	159	5795	7	±1	8	6.98

Bluetooth 3.0+EDR Conducted output power(dBm):

Channel	Frequency	Average power(dBm)	
		Date Rate	
		1Mbps	3Mbps
CH00	2402MHz	2.27	1.35
CH39	2441 MHz	2.88	1.34
CH78	2480 MHz	3.06	1.41

BLE Conducted output power (dBm):

Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)	
		Date Rate	
CH00	2402MHz	2.09	
CH20	2440 MHz	1.76	
CH39	2480 MHz	1.73	

According to KDB447498 D01: The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* \leq 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f_{(\text{GHz})}}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

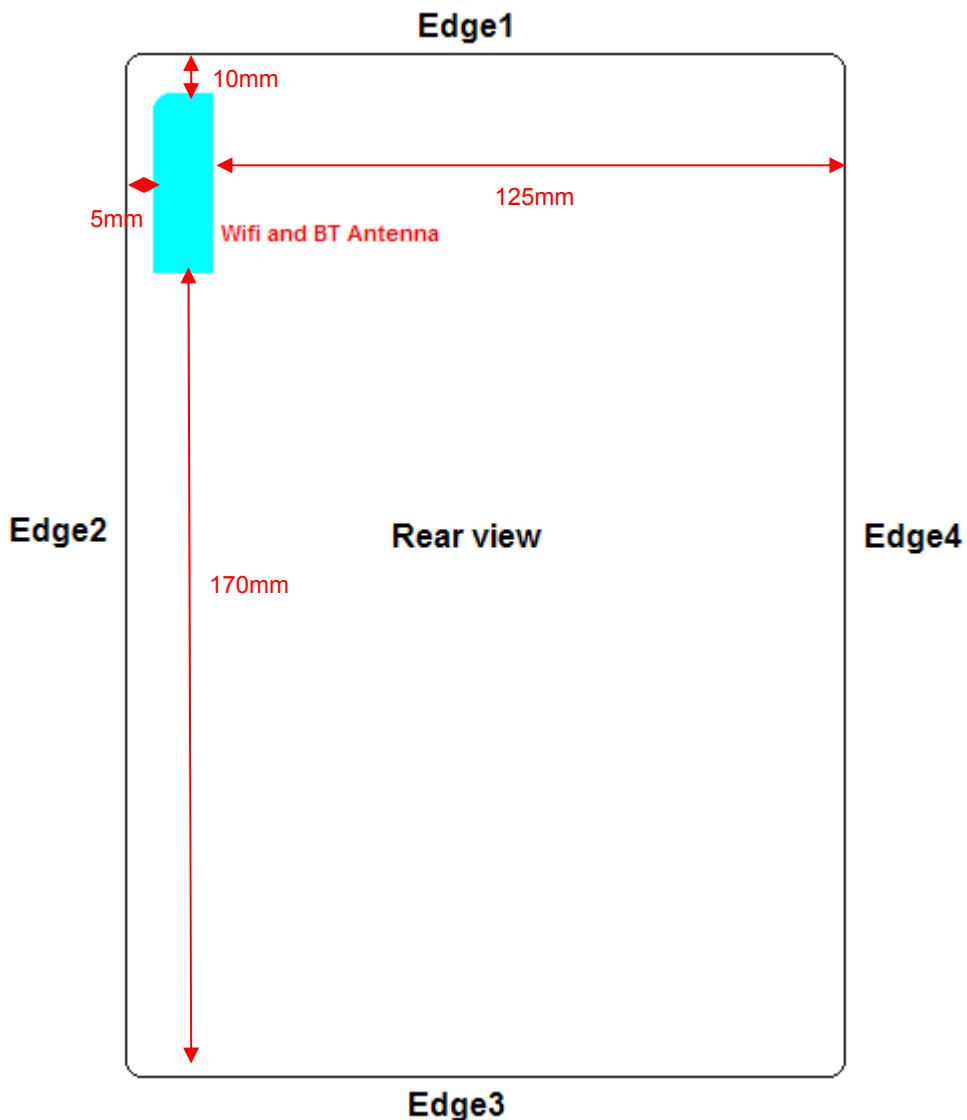
- $f_{(\text{GHz})}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation²⁵
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below
- If the test separation distance (antenna-user) is $< 5\text{mm}$, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation

	Wireless Interface	Bluetooth
Tune-up Maximum power (dBm)		3.5
Tune-up Maximum rated power (mW)		2.239
Body	Antenna to user (mm)	5
	Frequency(GHz)	2.480
	SAR exclusion threshold	0.705

Per KDB 447498 D01 exclusion thresholds is $0.705 < 3$, Bluetooth RF exposure evaluation is not required.

11.5 SAR TEST CONFIGURATIONS

Antenna position



Device dimensions (H x W): 220 x 145 x20 mm

Antennas	Wireless Interface
Bluetooth & WLAN Antenna	WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5.2GHz WLAN 5.8GHz Bluetooth

Test Mode

IEEE 802.11	Data transmission mode(802.11b; 802.11a)
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11.6 BODY TEST EXCLUSION THRESHOLDS

The following SAR test exclusion Thresholds based on KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02) 4.3.1)

Exposure Position	Wireless Interface	WLAN	
		802.11 b	802.11 a
	Maximum power	14	11
	Maximum rated power(mW)	25.12	12.59
Front	Antenna to user (mm)	5	5
	SAR exclusion threshold	9.58	6.23
	SAR testing required?	Yes	Yes
Rear	Antenna to user (mm)	10	10
	SAR exclusion threshold	19.17	12.46
	SAR testing required?	Yes	Yes
Edge1	Antenna to user (mm)	10	10
	SAR exclusion threshold	19.17	12.46
	SAR testing required?	Yes	Yes
Edge2	Antenna to user (mm)	5	5
	SAR exclusion threshold	9.58	6.23
	SAR testing required?	Yes	Yes
Edge3	Antenna to user (mm)	170	170
	SAR exclusion threshold	1296.00	1262.28
	SAR testing required?	No	No
Edge4	Antenna to user (mm)	125	125
	SAR exclusion threshold	846.00	812.28
	SAR testing required?	No	No

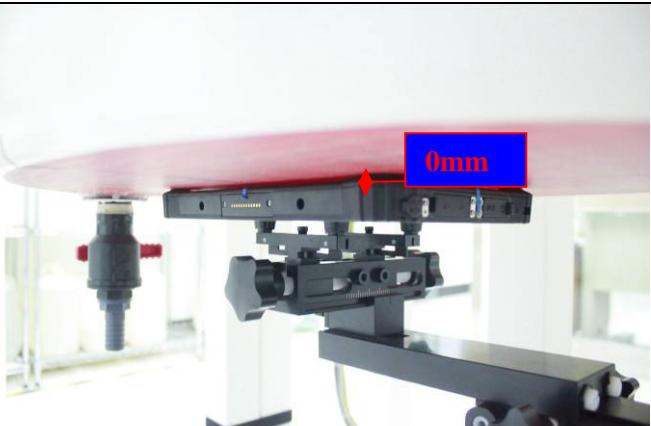
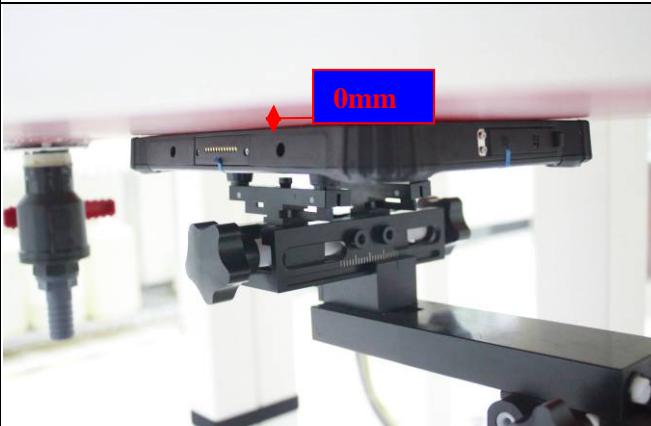
Note:

1. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
2. Per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold
4. Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* \leq 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
 $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
For < 50 mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value (3.0) to do compare.
This formula is $[3.0] / [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \cdot [(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] = \text{exclusion threshold of mW.}$
5. Per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* $>$ 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
 - a) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1] + (test separation distance – 50 mm) \cdot (f(MHz)/150) mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - b) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1] + (test separation distance – 50 mm) \cdot 10 mW at $>$ 1500 MHz and \leq 6 GHz
6. When the minimum *test separation distance* is $<$ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

11.7 EUT SETUP PHOTOS

11.8 BODY SAR TEST CONFIGURATION

Front in body position	Rear in body position
	
EUT Setup Configuration 1	EUT Setup Configuration 2
Edge1 in body position	Edge2 in body position
	
• EUT Setup Configuration 3	• EUT Setup Configuration 3

SAR Results for Body Test Records

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHZ)	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Front	0	11	2462	13.75	14	1.059	0.03	1	0.189	0.200
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Rear	0	11	2462	13.75	14	1.059	0.18	1	0.670	0.710
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Edge 1	0	11	2462	13.75	14	1.059	0.11	1	0.064	0.068
WLAN 2.4G	802.11 b	Edge 2	0	11	2462	13.75	14	1.059	0.14	1	0.445	0.471
WLAN 5.2G	802.11 a	Front	0	48	5240	8.47	8.5	1.007	0.00	1.01	0.141	0.143
WLAN 5.2G	802.11 a	Rear	0	48	5240	8.47	8.5	1.007	0.00	1.01	0.395	0.402
WLAN 5.2G	802.11 a	Edge1	0	48	5240	8.47	8.5	1.007	-0.12	1.01	0.071	0.072
WLAN 5.2G	802.11 a	Edge2	0	48	5240	8.47	8.5	1.007	0.08	1.01	0.286	0.291
WLAN 5.8G	802.11 a	Front	0	157	5785	10.58	11	1.102	0.00	1	0.107	0.118
WLAN 5.8G	802.11 a	Rear	0	157	5785	10.58	11	1.102	-0.12	1	0.323	0.356
WLAN 5.8G	802.11 a	Edge1	0	157	5785	10.58	11	1.102	0.00	1	0.032	0.035
WLAN 5.8G	802.11 a	Edge2	0	157	5785	10.58	11	1.102	0.10	1	0.157	0.173

11.9 REPEATED SAR MEASUREMENT

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Original Measured SAR1g (mW/g)	1st Repeated SAR1g (mW/g)	Ratio	Original Measured SAR1g (mW/g)	2nd Repeated SAR1g (mW/g)	Ratio
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01, if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45\text{W/Kg}$, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is $\geq 1.45\text{ W/kg}$
4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.

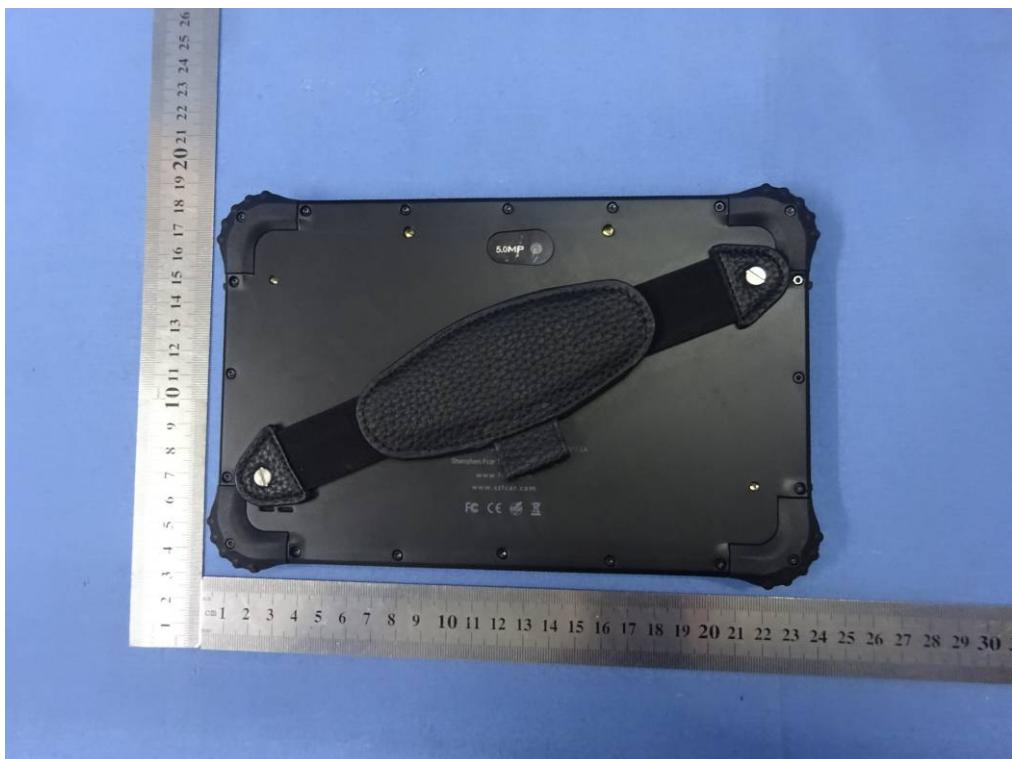
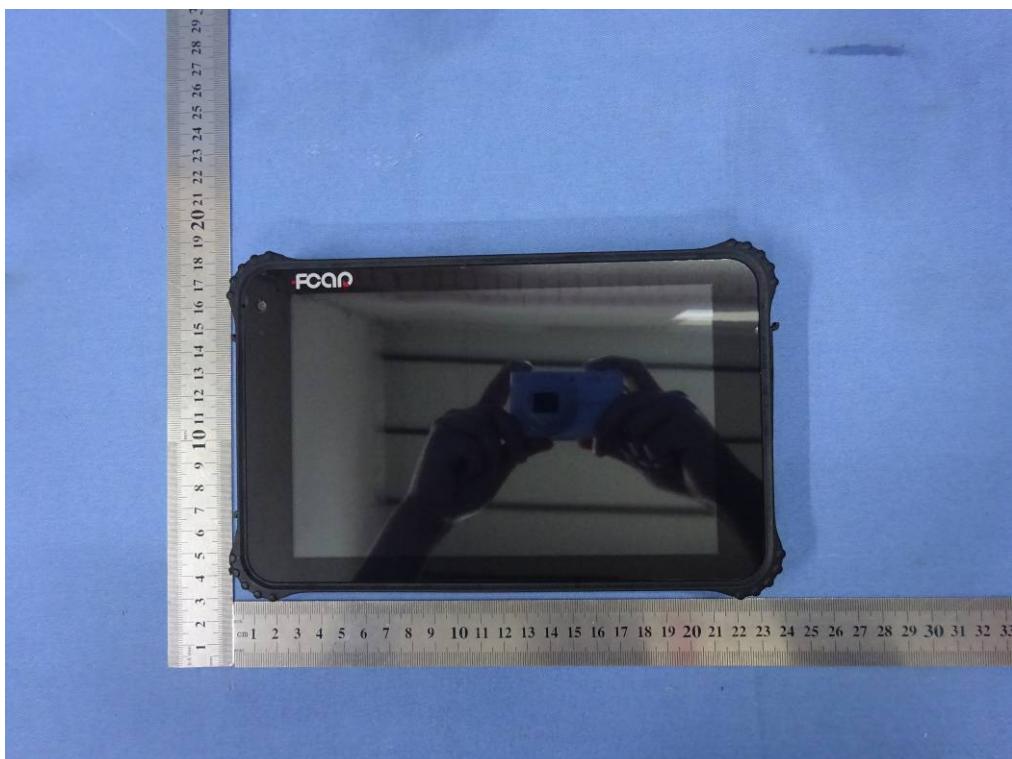
11.10 SAR HANDSETS MULTI XMITER ASSESSMENT

No.	Applicable Simultaneous Transmission Combination
1	N/A

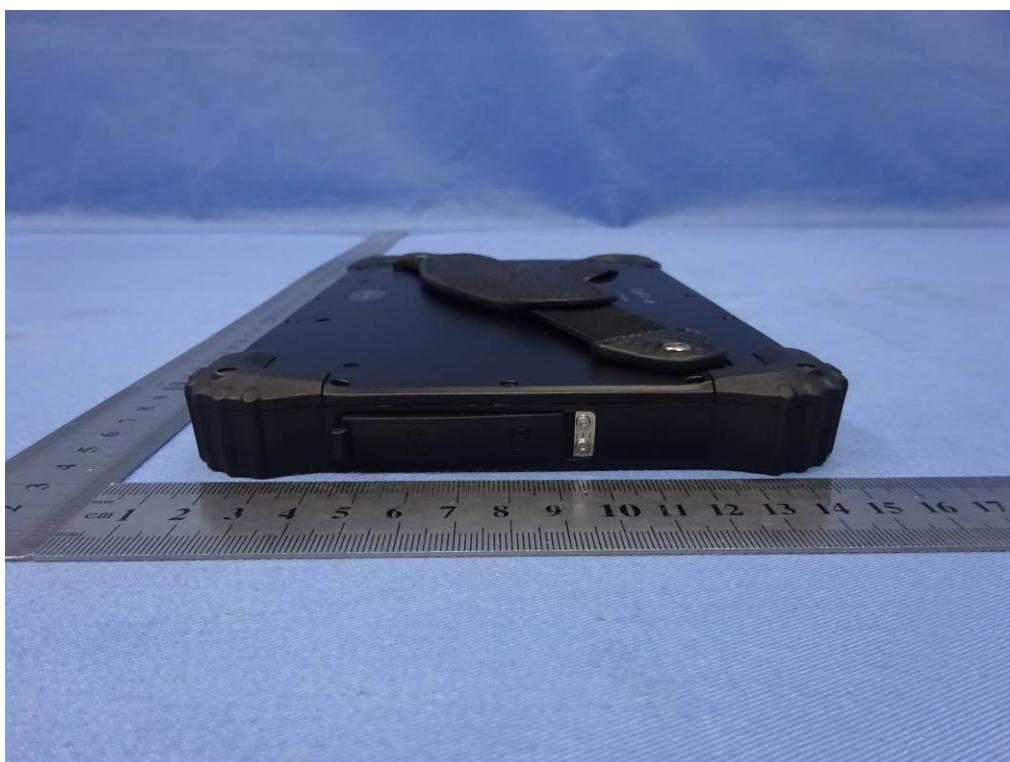
Note:

1. WLAN and BT share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.

12. EUT PHOTO









13. EQUIPMENT LIST & CALIBRATION STATUS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
PC	HP	Core(rm)3.16G	CZCO48171H	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257C	MY43321570	11/20/2015	11/19/2016
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42301382	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
Power meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1445010	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1339220	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
E-field PROBE	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3798	07/24/2015	07/23/2016
DAE	SPEAG	DEA4	1245	07/22/2015	07/21/2016
DIPOLE 2450MHZ ANTENNA	SPEAG	D2450V2	817	07/31/2013	07/28/2016
DIPOLE 5GHZ ANTENNA	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1095	05/31/2013	05/28/2016
DUMMY PROBE	SPEAG	DP_2	SPDP2001AA	N/A	N/A
SAM PHANTOM (ELI4 v4.0)	SPEAG	QDOVA001BB	1102	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	1609	N/A	N/A
ROBOT	SPEAG	TX60	F10/5E6AA1/A101	N/A	N/A
ROBOT KRC	SPEAG	CS8C	F10/5E6AA1/C101	N/A	N/A
LIQUID CALIBRATION KIT	ANTENNESSA	41/05 OCP9	00425167	N/A	N/A

14. FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

No.10, Weiye Rd., Innovation Park, Eco & Tec. Development Part, Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, China.

15. REFERENCES

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APPENDIX A: PLOTS OF PERFORMANCE CHECK

The plots are showing as followings.

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

System Performance Check-Body D2450

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 817

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz);

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.896$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.664$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX- Probe)/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg

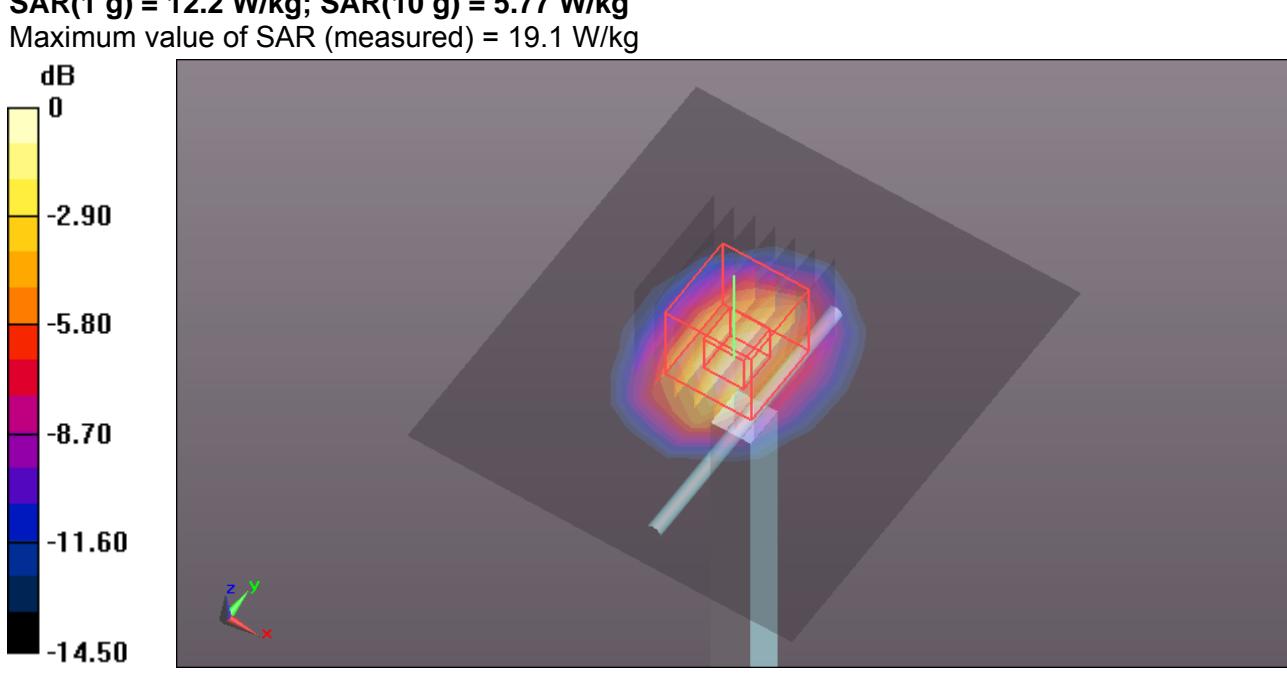
System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX- Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.77 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

System Performance Check-D5200

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1095

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.298$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.698$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz 19.5/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg

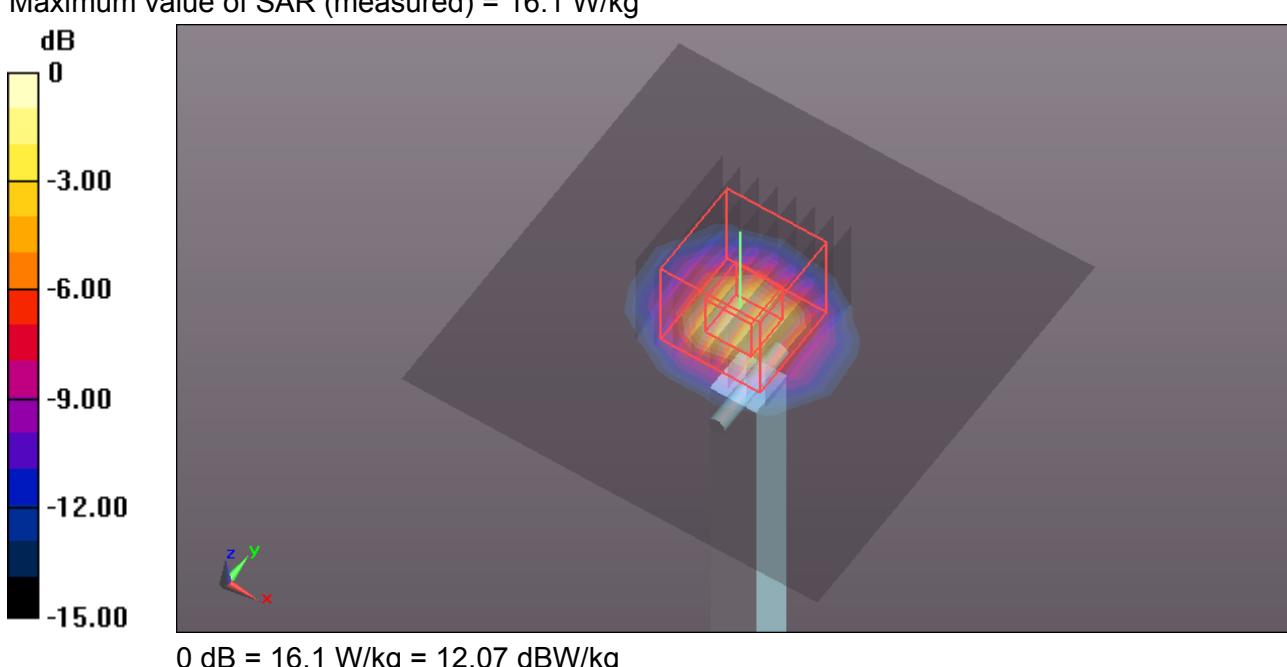
System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz 19.5/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.97 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.1 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

System Performance Check-D5800

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1095

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.214$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.822$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz /Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 W/kg

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz /Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

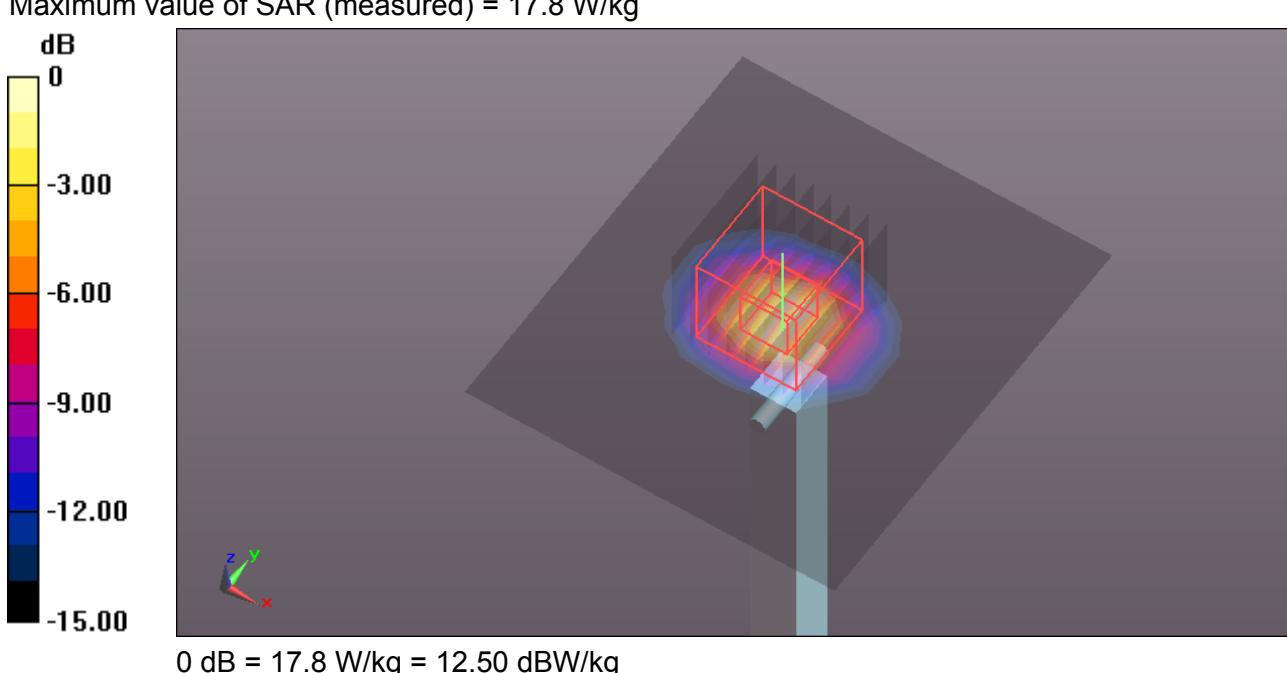
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 62.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.95 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg



APPENDIX B: PLOTS OF SAR TEST RESULT

The plots are showing as followings.

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

WiFi 802.11b -Body Front High CH11

DUT: 8 inch Rugged tablet; Type: EM-I82; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b (0); Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band;

Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.908$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.614$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WiFi/Body Front High CH11/Area Scan (16x22x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.262 W/kg

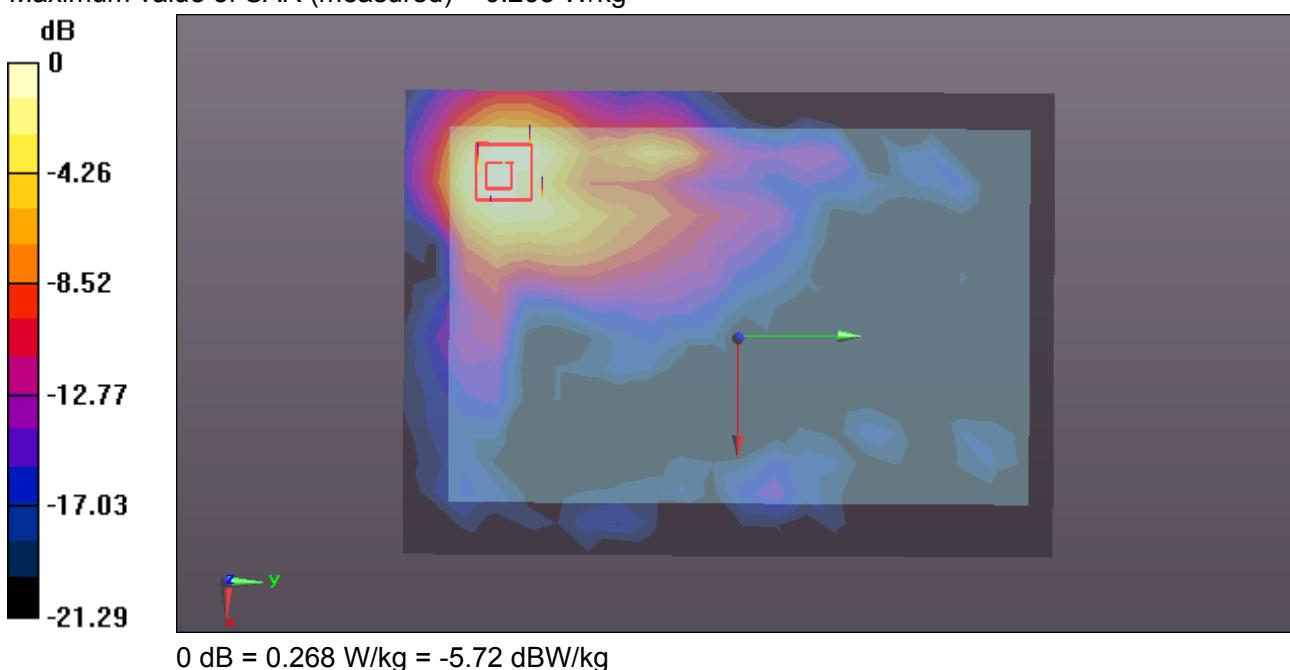
WiFi/Body Front High CH11/Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.145 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.384 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.189 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.104 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.268 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

WiFi 802.11b -Body Rear High CH11

DUT: 8 inch Rugged tablet; Type: EM-I82; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b (0); Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band;

Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.908$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.614$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WiFi/Body Rear High CH11/Area Scan (13x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg

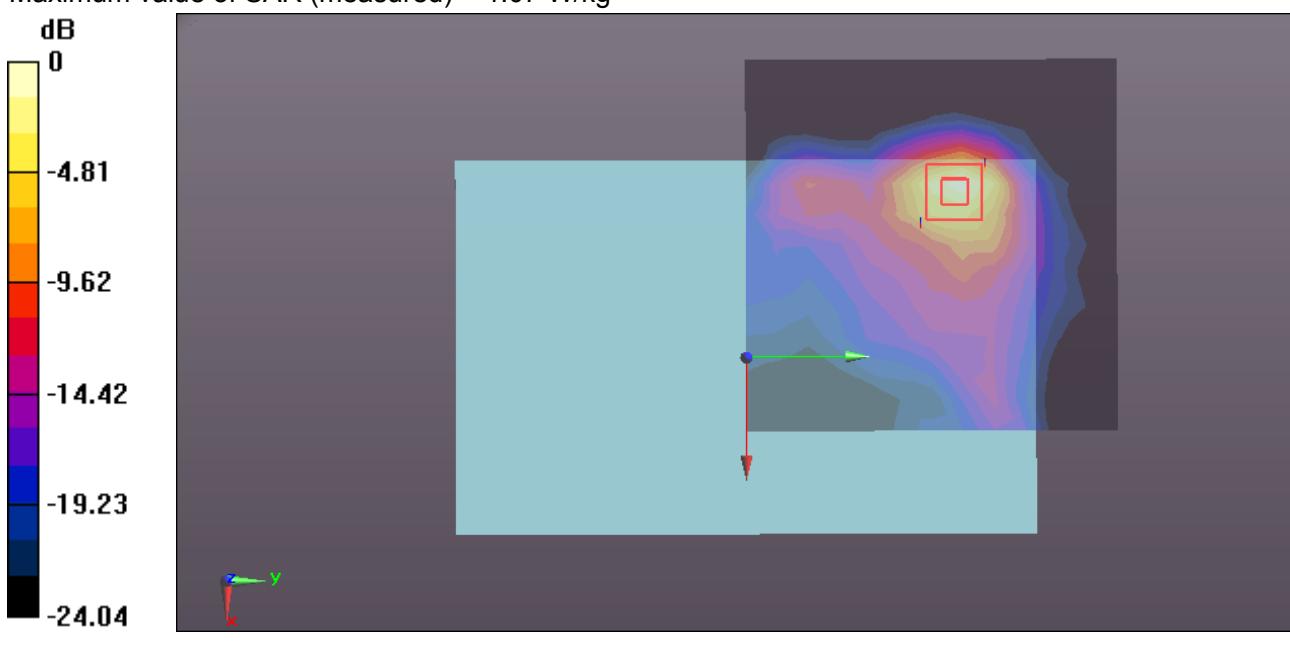
WiFi/Body Rear High CH11/Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.445 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.670 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.287 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

WiFi 802.11b -Body Edge 1 High CH11

DUT: 8 inch Rugged tablet; Type: EM-I82; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b (0); Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band;

Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.908$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.614$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WiFi/Body Edge 1 High CH11/Area Scan (10x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0872 W/kg

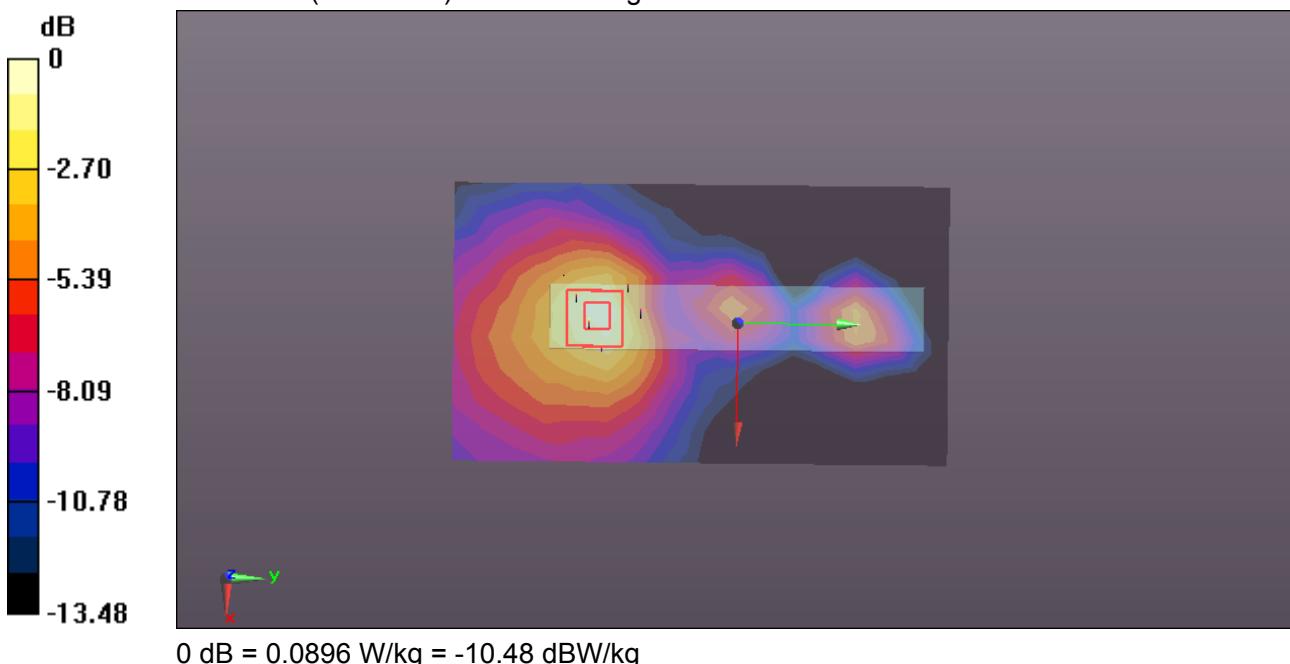
WiFi/Body Edge 1 High CH11/Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.556 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.116 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.064 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.034 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0896 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

WiFi 802.11b -Body Edge 2 High CH11

DUT: 8 inch Rugged tablet; Type: EM-I82; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b (0); Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band;

Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.908$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.614$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WiFi/Body Edge 2 High CH11/Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.702 W/kg

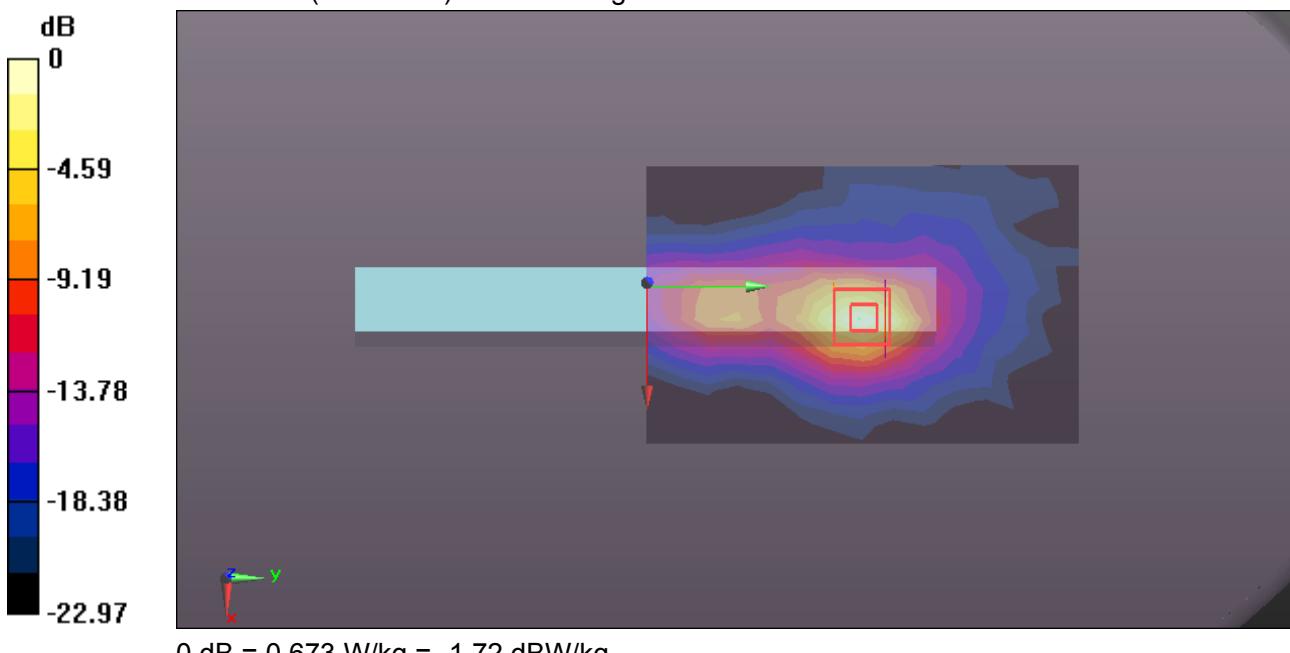
WiFi/Body Edge 2 High CH11/Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.914 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.963 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.445 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.189 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.673 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

WIFI 802.11a-Body Front Body CH48

DUT: 8 inch Rugged tablet; Type: EM-I82; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band I;

Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.101$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.037$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WIFI/IEEE802.11a Front Body CH48/Area Scan (13x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.392 W/kg

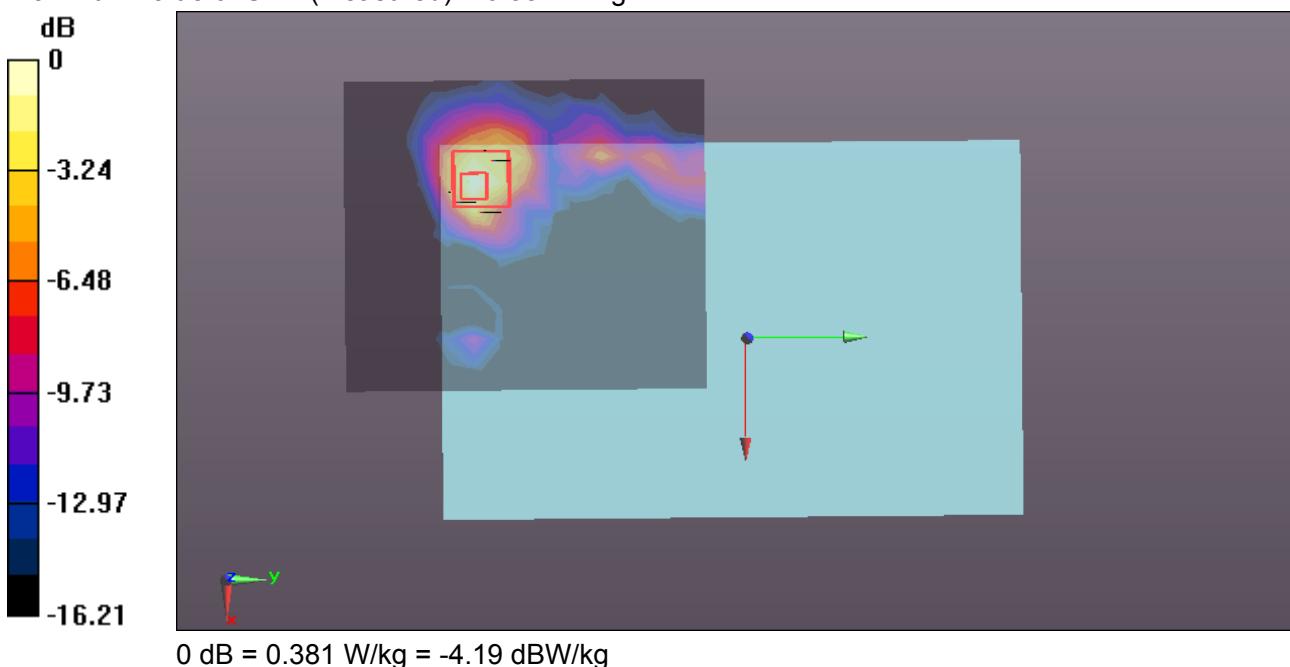
WIFI/IEEE802.11a Front Body CH48/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.578 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.141 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.381 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

WIFI 802.11a-Body Rear Body CH48

DUT: 8 inch Rugged tablet; Type: EM-I82; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band I;

Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.101$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.037$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WIFI/IEEE802.11a Rear Body CH48/Area Scan (13x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.711 W/kg

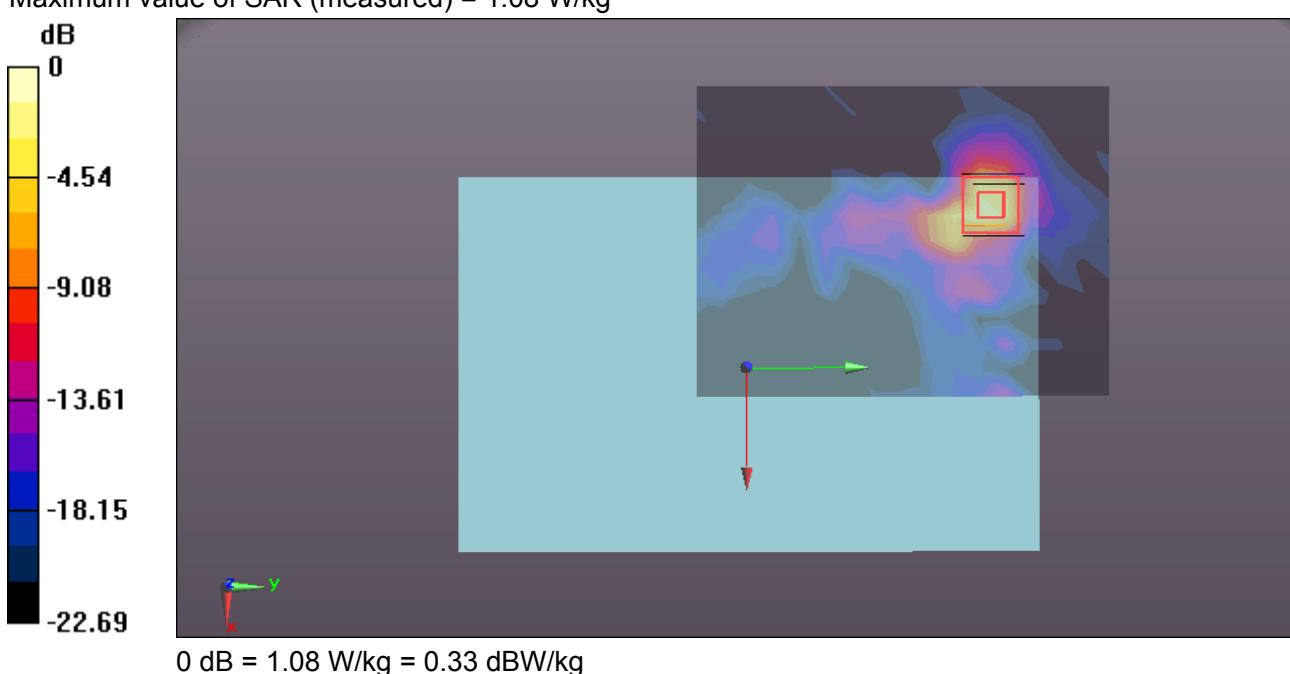
WIFI/IEEE802.11a Rear Body CH48/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.87 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.395 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

WIFI 802.11a-Body Edge 1 CH48

DUT: 8 inch Rugged tablet; Type: EM-I82; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band I;

Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.101$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.037$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WIFI/IEEE802.11a Body Edge 1 CH48/Area Scan (11x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.177 W/kg

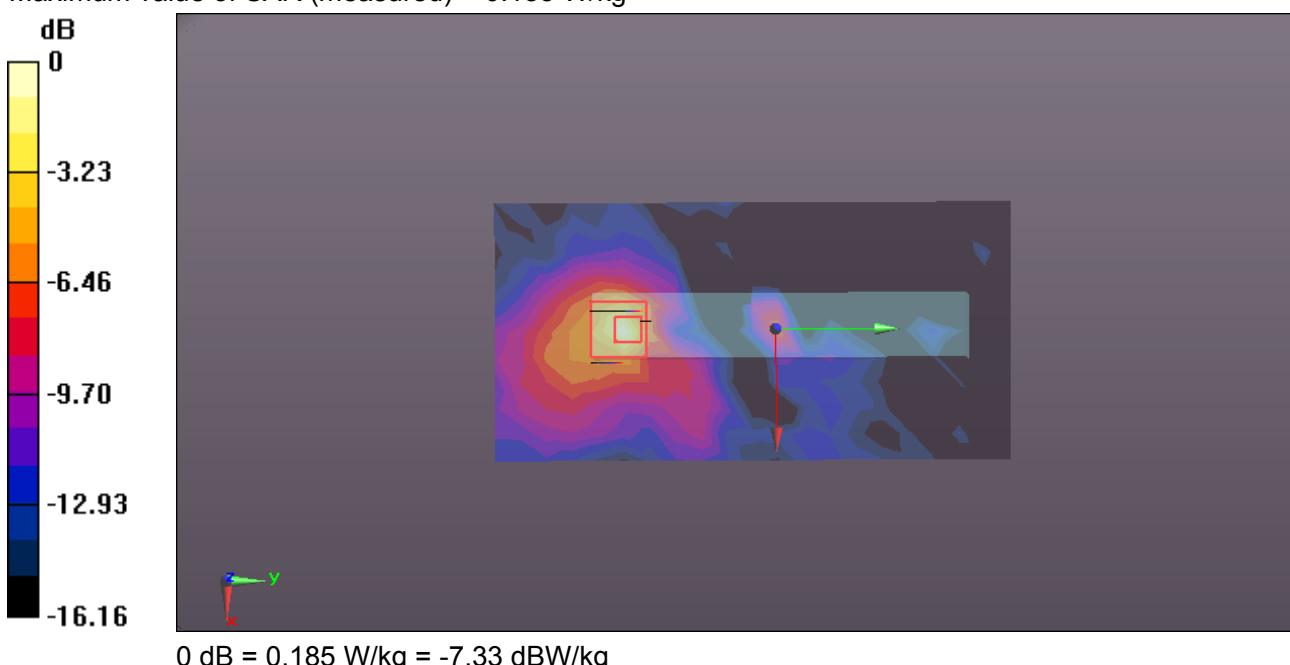
WIFI/IEEE802.11a Body Edge 1 CH48/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 3.212 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.314 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.071 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.185 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

WIFI 802.11a-Body Edge 2 CH48

DUT: 8 inch Rugged tablet; Type: EM-I82; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band I;

Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.101$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.037$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WIFI/IEEE802.11a Body Edge 2 CH48/Area Scan (11x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.714 W/kg

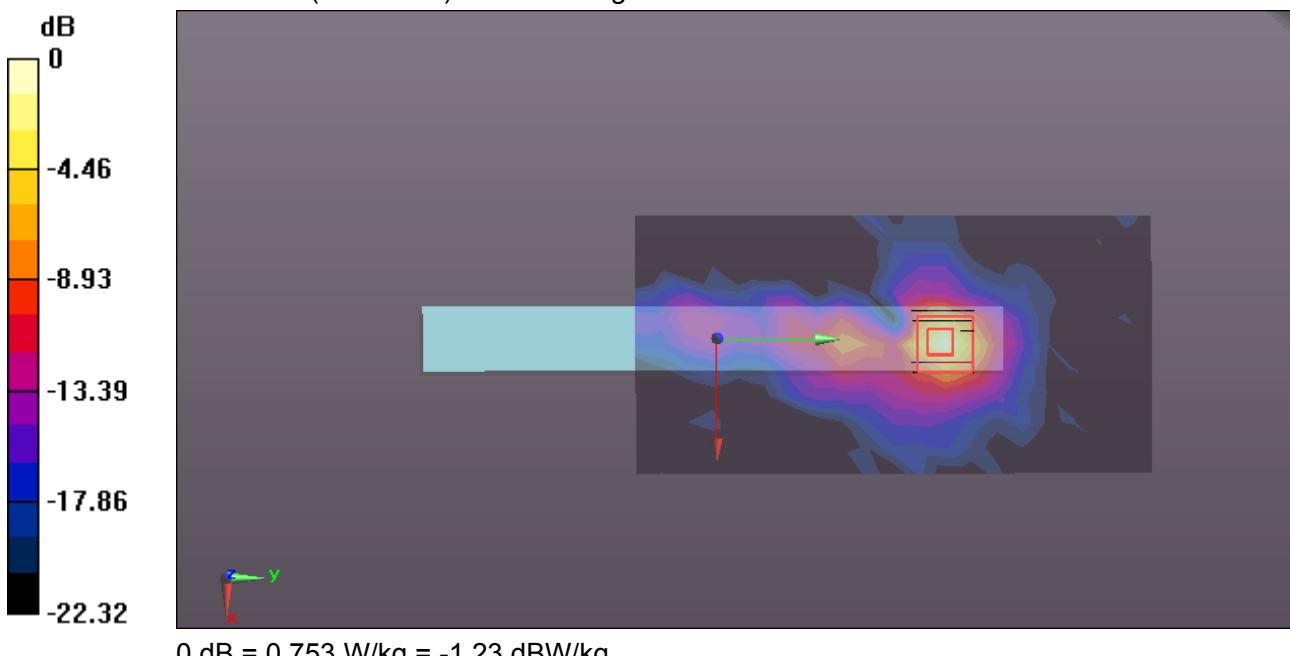
WIFI/IEEE802.11a Body Edge 2 CH48/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 1.990 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.286 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.753 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

WIFI 802.11a-Body Front CH157

DUT: 8 inch Rugged tablet; Type: EM-I82; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band IV;

Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5785$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.134$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.285$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WIFI/IEEE802.11a Front Body CH157/Area Scan (13x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.233 W/kg

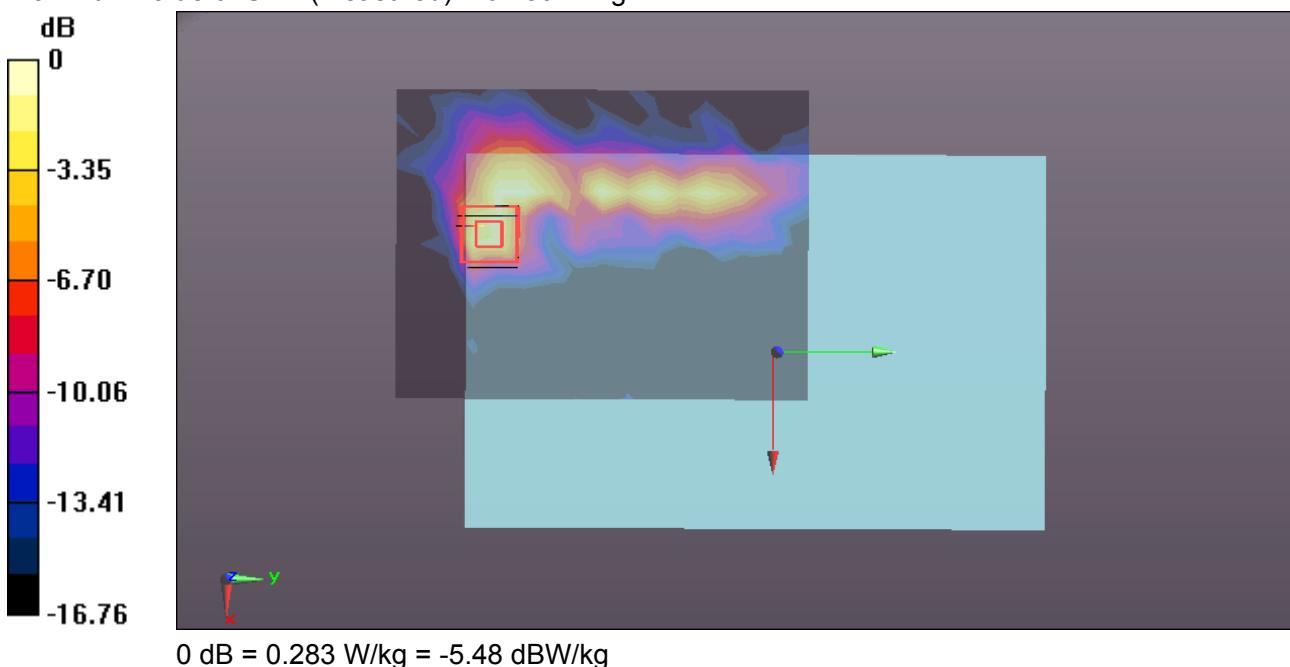
WIFI/IEEE802.11a Front Body CH157/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.464 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.107 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.032 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.283 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

WIFI 802.11a-Body Rear CH157

DUT: 8 inch Rugged tablet; Type: EM-I82; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band IV;

Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5785$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.134$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.285$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WIFI/IEEE802.11a Rear Body CH157/Area Scan (13x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.648 W/kg

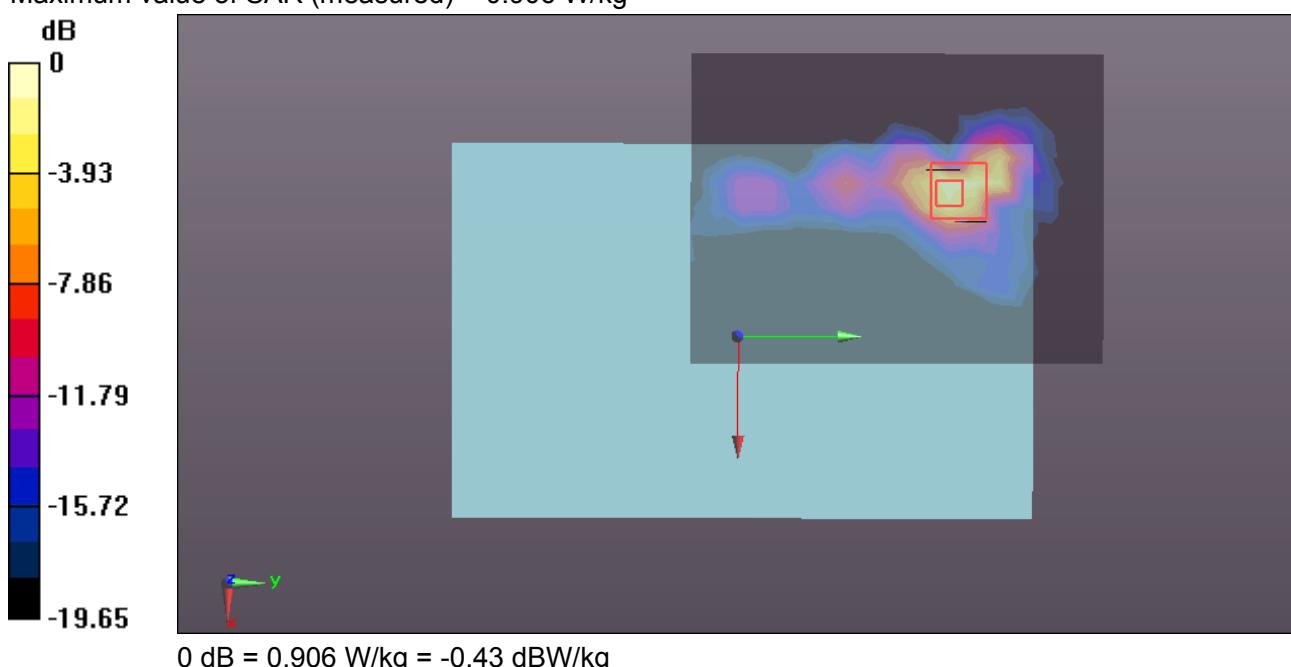
WIFI/IEEE802.11a Rear Body CH157/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0.9310 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.76 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.323 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.906 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

WIFI 802.11a-Body Edge 1 CH157

DUT: 8 inch Rugged tablet; Type: EM-I82; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band IV; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5785$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.134$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.285$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m 3

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WIFI/IEEE802.11a Body Edge 1 CH157/Area Scan (11x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0575 W/kg

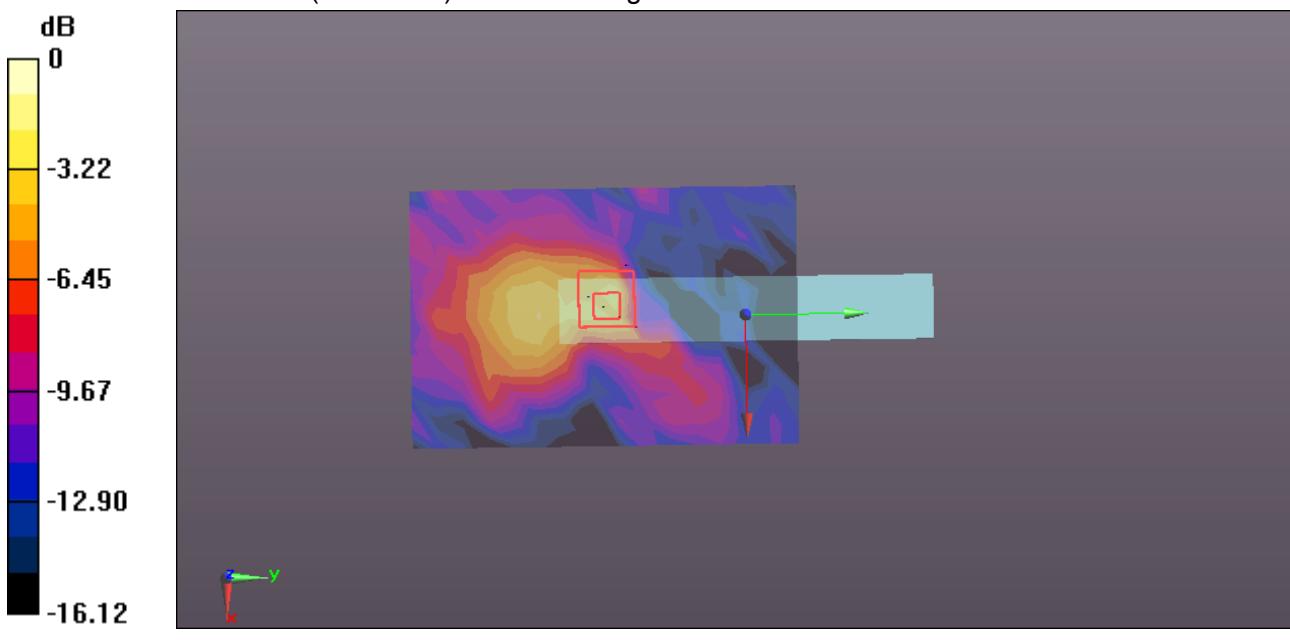
WIFI/IEEE802.11a Body Edge 1 CH157/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.151 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.032 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.010 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0926 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/19/2016

WIFI 802.11a-Body Edge 2 CH157

DUT: 8 inch Rugged tablet; Type: EM-I82; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band IV; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5785$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.134$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.285$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m 3

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WIFI/IEEE802.11a Body Edge 2 CH157/Area Scan (11x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.584 W/kg

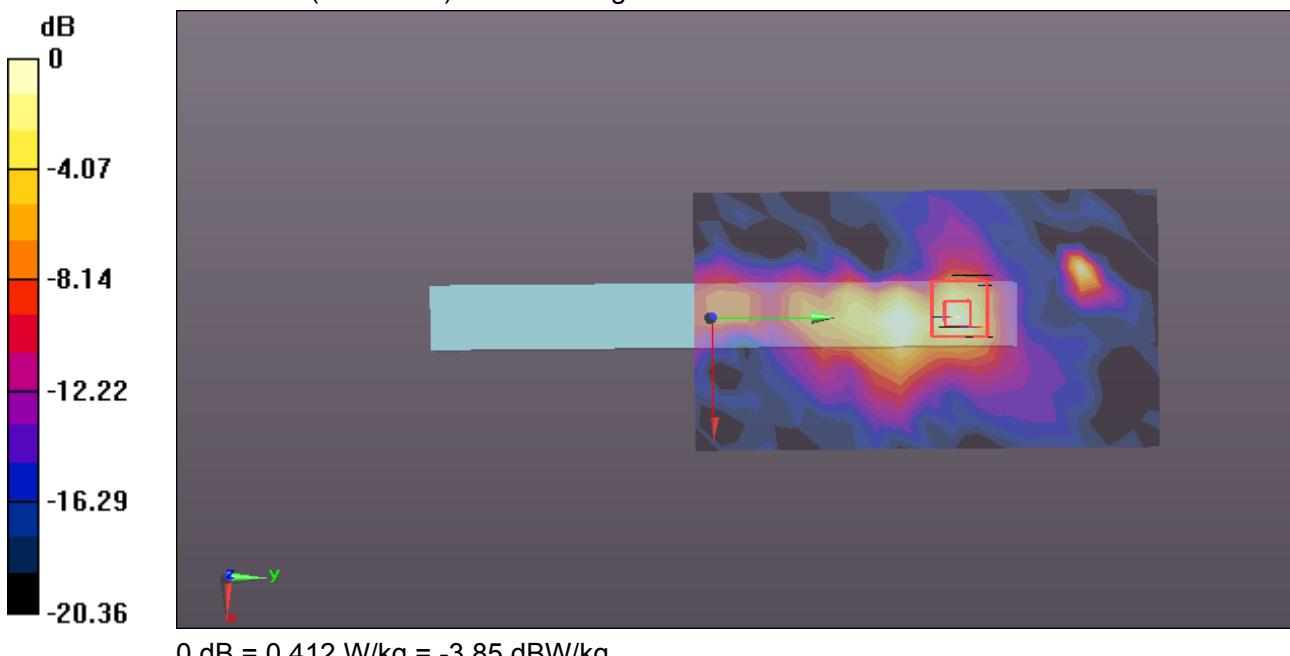
WIFI/IEEE802.11a Body Edge 2 CH157/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 2.861 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.798 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.157 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.412 W/kg



APPENDIX C: DASY CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

The DASY Calibration Certificates are showing in the file named APPENDIX C DASY CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE .

END REPORT