

FCC RADIO TEST REPORT

The device described below is tested by Dongguan Nore Testing Center Co., Ltd. to determine the maximum emission levels emanating from the device, the severe levels which the device can endure and E.U.T.'s performance criterion. The test results, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment of configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures in ANSI C63.10(2013).

Applicant : Shenzhen Oceantech Electronics Co., Ltd
Address : Baoan Zhigu Science and Technology Park, Yintian Road,
Xixiang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Manufacturer / Factory : Shenzhen Oceantech Electronics Co., Ltd
Address : Baoan Zhigu Science and Technology Park, Yintian Road,
Xixiang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
E.U.T. : TWS Earbuds
Model No. : OH-341, OH-186, MI-E026T
Brand Name : N/A
FCC ID : 2AJ5Q-OH341
Measurement Standard : FCC PART 15.247
Date of Receiver : January 02, 2020
Date of Test : January 02, 2020 to January 06, 2020
Date of Report : January 08, 2020

This Test Report is Issued Under the Authority of :

Prepared by



Evan Yang / Engineer

Approved & Authorized Signer



Iori Fan / Authorized Signatory

This test report is for the customer shown above and their specific product only. This report applies to above tested sample only and shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Dongguan Nore Testing Center Co., Ltd.

Table of Contents

1. GENERAL INFORMATION	5
1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	5
1.2 RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT (S)	7
1.3 TEST METHODOLOGY	7
1.4 EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS	7
1.5 SUPPORT DEVICE	7
1.6 TEST FACILITY AND LOCATION	8
1.7 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	9
2. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION	10
2.1 EUT CONFIGURATION	10
2.2 SPECIAL ACCESSORIES	10
2.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES	10
3. FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	11
3.1 STANDARD AND LIMIT	11
3.2 EUT PSEUDORANDOM FREQUENCY HOPPING SEQUENCE	11
3.3 FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM	12
4. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	13
4.1 TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)	13
4.2 TEST CONDITION	13
4.3 LIMIT	13
4.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS	14
5. RADIATED EMISSION	17
5.1 TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)	17
5.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	18
5.3 LIMIT	19
5.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS	19
6. CHANNEL SEPARATION	23
6.1 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	23
6.2 LIMIT	23
6.3 TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)	23
6.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS	23
7. 20DB BANDWIDTH	30
7.1 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	30
7.2 TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)	30
7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULTS	30
8. HOPPING CHANNEL NUMBER	36

8.1 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	36
8.2 LIMIT	36
8.3 TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)	36
8.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS	36
9. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)	39
9.1 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	39
9.2 LIMIT	39
9.3 TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)	39
9.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS	39
10. MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER	46
10.1 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	46
10.2 LIMIT	46
10.3 TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)	46
10.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS	46
11. BAND EDGE	52
11.1 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	52
11.2 LIMIT	52
11.3 MEASUREMENT RESULTS	52
12. ANTENNA APPLICATION	63
12.1 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	63
12.2 MEASUREMENT RESULTS	63
13. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST	64

Revision History of This Test Report

Report Number	Description	Issued Date
NTC1910056FV00	Initial Issue	2020-01-08

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test

Product Name	: TWS Earbuds
Model No.	: OH-341, OH-186, MI-E026T
Model difference	: We hereby state that these models are identical in interior structure, electrical circuits and components, It's just that the model name are different. Therefore only model OH-341 is for tests.
Rating	: DC 5V from USB Port DC 3.7V from built-in battery

Technical Specification: BT Function

Bluetooth Version	: V5.0+BR/EDR
Frequency Range	: 2402-2480MHz
Modulation Mode	: GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK
Number of Channel	: 79
Channel Space	: 1MHz
Antenna Type	: Chip Antenna
Antenna Gain	: 1.8dBi (Declaration by manufacturer)
Remark	: The product has separate Left and right vocal tracts earplugs, but its PCB board and Bluetooth module are exactly the same, so we only tested one of them.

Bluetooth Channel List

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
2	2402	22	2422	42	2442	62	2462
3	2403	23	2423	43	2443	63	2463
4	2404	24	2424	44	2444	64	2464
5	2405	25	2425	45	2445	65	2465
6	2406	26	2426	46	2446	66	2466
7	2407	27	2427	47	2447	67	2467
8	2408	28	2428	48	2448	68	2468
9	2409	29	2429	49	2449	69	2469
10	2410	30	2430	50	2450	70	2470
11	2411	31	2431	51	2451	71	2471
12	2412	32	2432	52	2452	72	2472
13	2413	33	2433	53	2453	73	2473
14	2414	34	2434	54	2454	74	2474
15	2415	35	2435	55	2455	75	2475
16	2416	36	2436	56	2456	76	2476
17	2417	37	2437	57	2457	77	2477
18	2418	38	2438	58	2458	78	2478
19	2419	39	2439	59	2459	79	2479
20	2420	40	2440	60	2460	80	2480
21	2421	41	2441	61	2461		

Note: According to section 15.31(m), regards to the operating frequency range over 10MHz, the Lowest, middle, and the Highest frequency of channel were selected to perform the test. The selected frequency and test software see below:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
2	2402
41	2441
80	2480

1.2 Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2AJ5Q-OH341** filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rule.

1.3 Test Methodology

Both AC mains line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10 (2013). Radiated emission measurement was performed in semi-anechoic chamber and conducted emission measurement was performed in shield room. For radiated emission measurement, preliminary scans were performed in the semi-anechoic chamber only to determine the worst case modes. All radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters.

1.4 Equipment Modifications

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.

1.5 Support Device

Description	Manufacturer	Model	S/N
AC/DC Adapter	SAMSUNG	ETA-U90CBC	RT4F629wS/B-E

Note: The adapter is used for ac power line conducted emission tests.

1.6 Test Facility and Location

Site Description

- EMC Lab : Listed by CNAS, August 13, 2018
The certificate is valid until August 13, 2024
The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS/CL01
The Certificate Registration Number is L5795.
- Listed by A2LA, November 01, 2017
The certificate is valid until December 31, 2019
The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with ISO17025
The Certificate Registration Number is 4429.01
- Listed by FCC, November 06, 2017
The Designation Number is CN1214
Test Firm Registration Number: 907417
- Listed by Industry Canada, June 08, 2017
The Certificate Registration Number. Is 46405-9743
- Name of Firm : Dongguan Nore Testing Center Co., Ltd.
(Dongguan NTC Co., Ltd.)
- Site Location : Building D, Gaosheng Science and Technology
Park, Hongtu Road, Nancheng District, Dongguan
City, Guangdong Province, China

1.7 Summary of Test Results

FCC Rules	Description Of Test	Uncertainty	Result
§15.207 (a)	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	±1.06dB	Compliant
§15.247(d) §15.209 §15.205	Radiated Emission	±3.70dB	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	±1.42 x10 ⁻⁴ %	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	20dB Bandwidth	±1.42 x10 ⁻⁴ %	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Hopping Channel Number	±1.42 x10 ⁻⁴ %	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	±5%	Compliant
§15.247(b)	Max Peak Output Power	±1.06dB	Compliant
§15.247(d)	Band Edge	±1.70dB	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	N/A	Compliant

2. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.1 EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2 Special Accessories

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.

2.3 Description of test modes

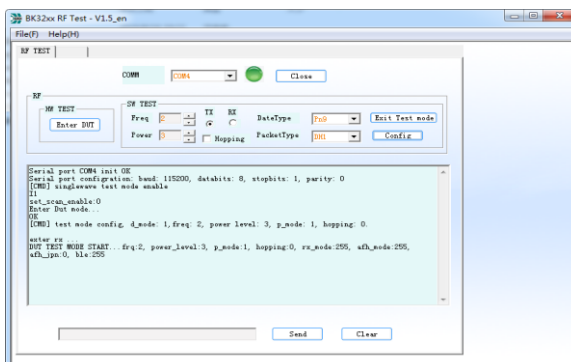
The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and normal mode is programmed. The Lowest, middle and highest channel were chosen for testing, and all packets DH1, DH3, DH5, 2-DH1, 2-DH3, 2-DH5, 3-DH1, 3-DH3, 3-DH5 mode in all modulation type GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK and 8DPSK were tested.

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

Test Item	Software	Description
Conducted RF Testing and Radiated testing	BK32xx RF Test_V1.5	Set the EUT to different modulation and channel

Output power setting table:

Test Mode	Set Tx Output Power Level	Data rate
GFSK	3	DH1
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	3	2-DH1
8DPSK	3	3-DH1



3. FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hop sets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

3.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 34, 51, 72, 09, 01, 64, 22, 33, 41, 32, 47, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 17, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 66, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 49, 00, 58, 44, 59, 75, 13, 03, 14, 11, 35, 43, 37, 50, 61, 77, 55, 71, 02, 23, 07, 27, 39, 54, 46, 48, 15, 63, 62, 67, 25, 31, 12, 28, 19, 60, 42, 57, 74, 16, 05, 18, 30, 45, etc.

The system receiving have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

3.3 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

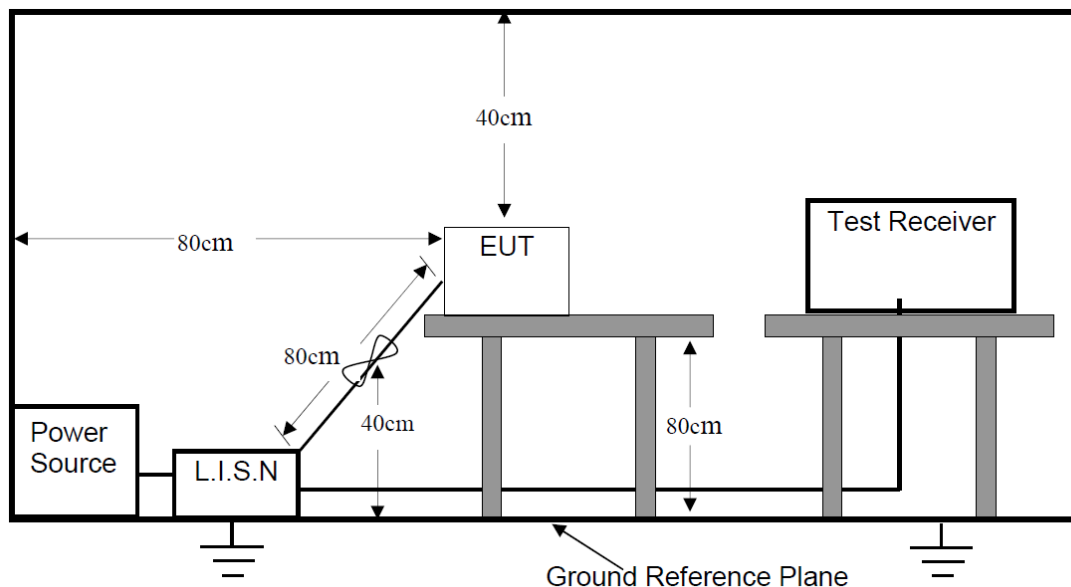
This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

This device was tested with a bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements FCC Part 15.247 rule.

4. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

4.1 Test SET-UP (Block Diagram of Configuration)



4.2 Test Condition

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15.207
 Frequency Range: 150kHz ~ 30MHz
 Detector: QP, AVG
 Operation Mode: Charging

4.3 Limit

Frequency range (MHz)	Limits (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.5 MHz to 5 MHz	56	46
0.5 to 30	60	50

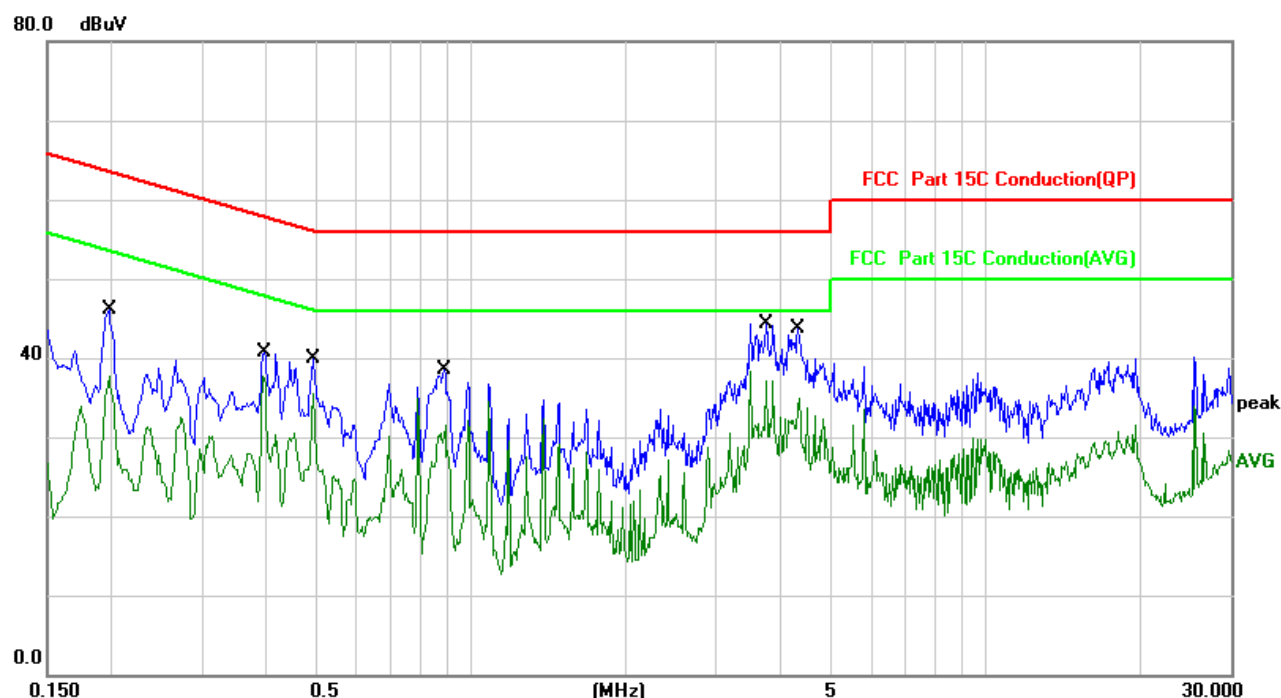
- Note:
1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
 2. The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

4.4 Measurement Results

PASS

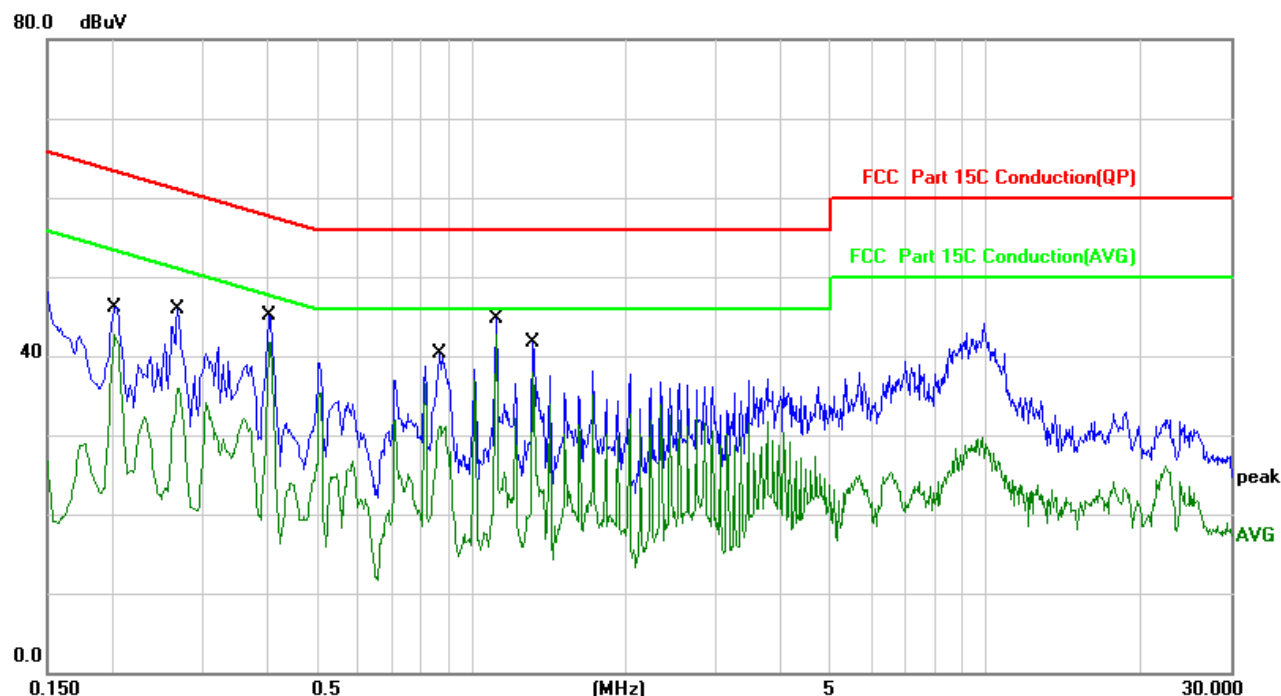
Please refer to the following pages of the worst case

E.U.T:	TWS Earbuds	Phase:	Line
Model No.:	OH-341	Temperature:	25 °C
Test Mode:	Charging	Humidity:	64 %
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz	Test By:	Sance
Test Results:	PASS	Test Date:	January 04, 2020



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Factor (dB)	Reading (dBuV)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark
1	0.1975	6.26	39.77	46.03	63.71	-17.68	QP	P	
2	0.1975	6.26	31.46	37.72	53.71	-15.99	AVG	P	
3	0.3933	6.24	34.42	40.66	57.99	-17.33	QP	P	
4	0.3933	6.24	31.54	37.78	47.99	-10.21	AVG	P	
5	0.4914	6.27	33.60	39.87	56.14	-16.27	QP	P	
6	0.4914	6.27	29.31	35.58	46.14	-10.56	AVG	P	
7	0.8849	6.34	32.14	38.48	56.00	-17.52	QP	P	
8	0.8849	6.34	25.06	31.40	46.00	-14.60	AVG	P	
9	3.7395	6.28	38.04	44.32	56.00	-11.68	QP	P	
10	3.7395	6.28	30.79	37.07	46.00	-8.93	AVG	P	
11	4.3146	6.29	37.38	43.67	56.00	-12.33	QP	P	
12	4.3146	6.29	28.60	34.89	46.00	-11.11	AVG	P	

E.U.T:	TWS Earbuds	Phase:	Neutral
Model No.:	OH-341	Temperature:	25 °C
Test Mode:	Charging	Humidity:	64 %
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz	Test By:	Sance
Test Results:	PASS	Test Date:	January 04, 2020

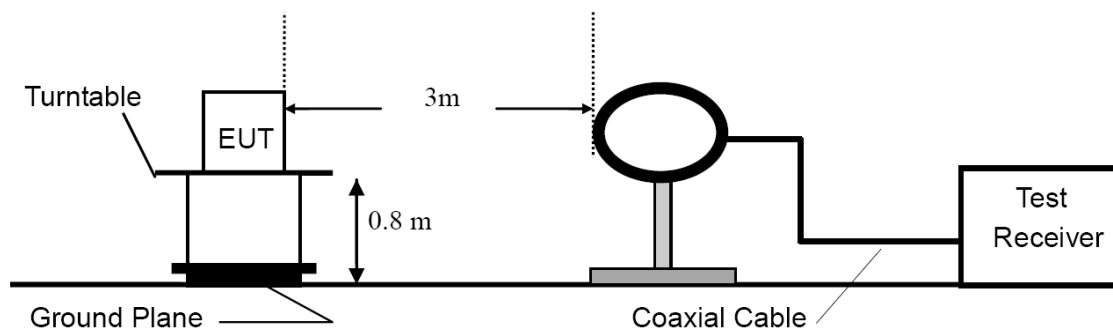


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Factor (dB)	Reading (dBuV)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark
1	0.2028	6.26	39.91	46.17	63.49	-17.32	QP	P	
2	0.2028	6.26	36.35	42.61	53.49	-10.88	AVG	P	
3	0.2686	6.25	39.74	45.99	61.16	-15.17	QP	P	
4	0.2686	6.25	29.60	35.85	51.16	-15.31	AVG	P	
5	0.4040	6.24	38.91	45.15	57.77	-12.62	QP	P	
6	0.4040	6.24	35.53	41.77	47.77	-6.00	AVG	P	
7	0.8660	6.34	33.87	40.21	56.00	-15.79	QP	P	
8	0.8660	6.34	24.75	31.09	46.00	-14.91	AVG	P	
9	1.1169	6.34	38.30	44.64	56.00	-11.36	QP	P	
10	1.1169	6.34	36.34	42.68	46.00	-3.32	AVG	P	
11	1.3165	6.32	35.37	41.69	56.00	-14.31	QP	P	
12	1.3165	6.32	31.67	37.99	46.00	-8.01	AVG	P	

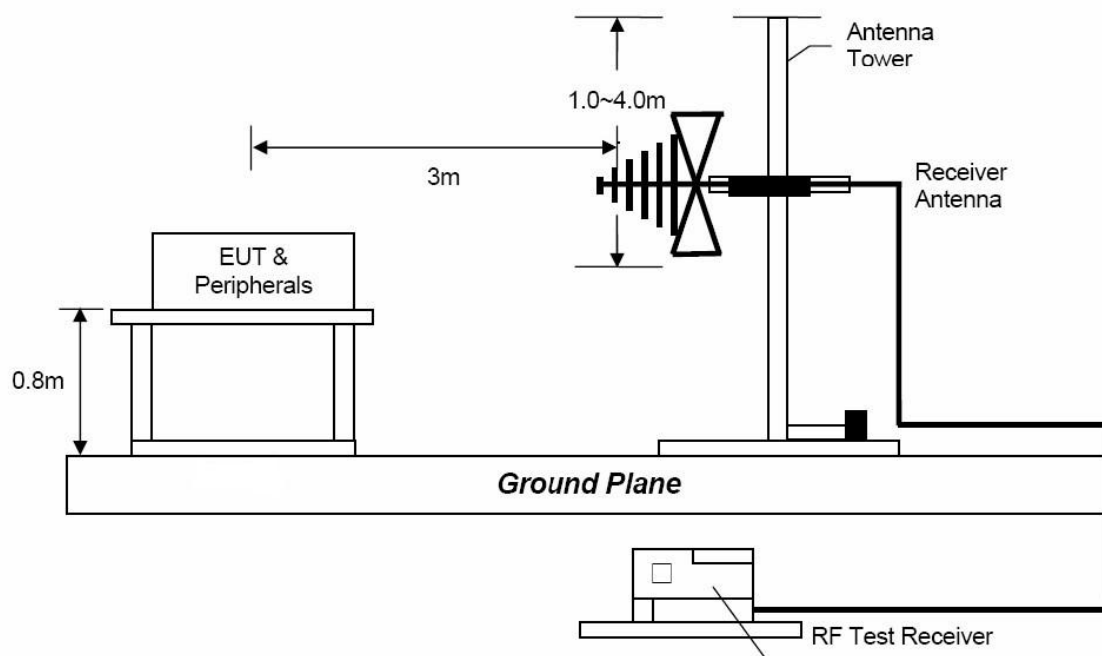
5. RADIATED EMISSION

5.1 Test SET-UP (Block Diagram of Configuration)

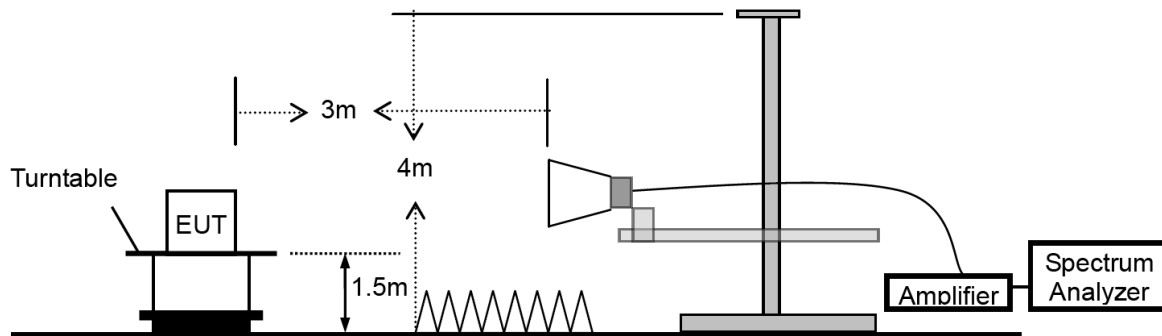
5.1.1 Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency below 30MHz



5.1.2 Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency below 1000MHz



5.1.3 Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1GHz



5.2 Measurement Procedure

- Below 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi- anechoic chamber room.
- For the radiated emission test above 1GHz:
The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter full anechoic chamber room. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.
- The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. The test-receiver system was set to peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode.
- A Quasi-peak measurement was then made for that frequency point for below 1GHz test. PK and AV for above 1GHz emission test.

During the radiated emission test, the spectrum analyzer was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Band (MHz)	Level	Resolution Bandwidth	Video Bandwidth
30 to 1000	QP	120 kHz	300 kHz
Above 1000	Peak	1 MHz	3 MHz
	Average	1 MHz	If $D \geq 98$ then $VBW \geq 3 \cdot RBW$, If $D \leq 98$ then $VBW \geq 1/T$

5.3 Limit

Frequency range MHz	Distance Meters	Field Strengths Limit (15.209)
		$\mu V/m$
0.009 ~ 0.490	300	$2400/F(kHz)$
0.490 ~ 1.705	30	$24000/F(kHz)$
1.705 ~ 30	30	30
30 ~ 88	3	100
88 ~ 216	3	150
216 ~ 960	3	200
Above 960	3	500

Remark : (1) Emission level $(dB)\mu V = 20 \log$ Emission level $\mu V/m$

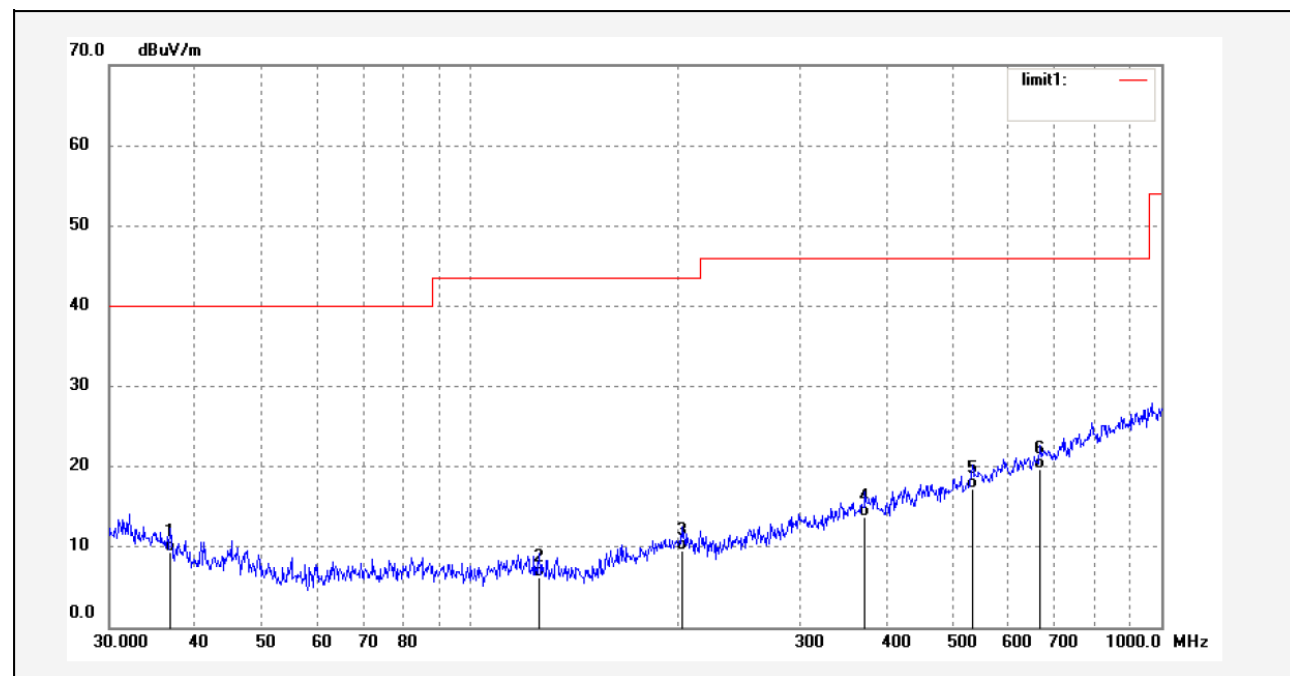
- (2) The smaller limit shall apply at the cross point between two frequency bands.
- (3) As shown in 15.35(b), for frequencies above 1000MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits, specified above by more than 20dB under any condition of modulation.
- (4) The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

5.4 Measurement Results

Please refer to following plots of the worst case: 8DPSK Low channel.

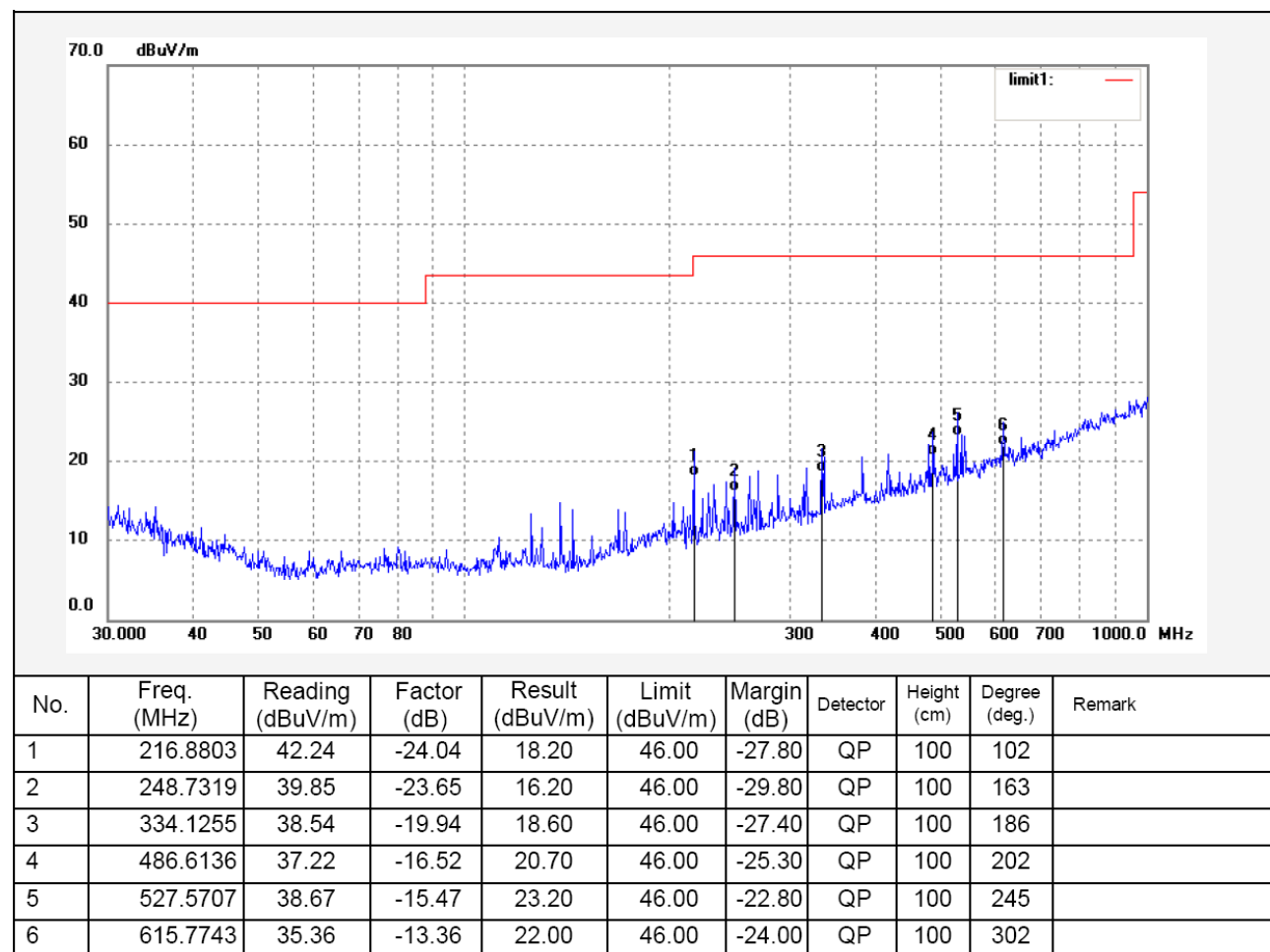
Note: Below 30MHz, the emissions are lower than 20dB below the allowable limit. Therefore, 9kHz-30MHz data were not recorded.

E.U.T:	TWS Earbuds	Polarization:	Horizontal
Model No.:	OH-341	Temperature:	25 °C
Test Mode:	TX 2402MHz (8DPSK)	Humidity:	64 %
Frequency Range:	30MHz-1GHz	Test By:	Sance
Test Distance:	3m	Test Voltage	DC 3.7V
Test Results:	PASS	Test Date:	January 04, 2020



No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Height (cm)	Degree (deg.)	Remark
1	36.7811	31.51	-22.21	9.30	40.00	-30.70	QP	200	123	
2	125.8059	33.80	-27.60	6.20	43.50	-37.30	QP	200	163	
3	202.1630	33.88	-24.28	9.60	43.50	-33.90	QP	200	186	
4	372.5748	32.54	-18.74	13.80	46.00	-32.20	QP	200	202	
5	533.1611	32.49	-15.29	17.20	46.00	-28.80	QP	200	286	
6	667.6025	31.91	-12.21	19.70	46.00	-26.30	QP	200	302	

E.U.T:	TWS Earbuds	Polarization:	Vertical
Model No.:	OH-341	Temperature:	25 °C
Test Mode:	TX 2402MHz (8DPSK)	Humidity:	64 %
Frequency Range:	30MHz-1GHz	Test By:	Sance
Test Distance:	3m	Test Voltage	DC 3.7V
Test Results:	PASS	Test Date:	January 04, 2020



E.U.T:	TWS Earbuds	Temperature:	25 °C
Model No.:	OH-341	Humidity:	64 %
Modulation:	8DPSK (the worst case)	Test By:	Sance
Frequency Range:	1-25GHz	Test Voltage	DC 3.7V
Test Distance:	3m	Test Date:	January 05, 2020
Test Results:	PASS		

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	Reading Level(dBuV)		Factor (dB/m)	Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit @3m (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
		PK	AV		PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
Operation Mode: TX 2402MHz										
4804	H	47.36	36.11	4.07	51.43	40.18	74.00	54.00	-22.57	-13.82
7206	H	46.67	33.23	10.27	56.94	43.50	74.00	54.00	-17.06	-10.50

4804	V	46.53	32.48	4.07	50.60	36.55	74.00	54.00	-23.40	-17.45
7206	V	45.38	31.09	10.27	55.65	41.36	74.00	54.00	-18.35	-12.64

Operation Mode: TX 2441MHz										
4882	H	45.61	34.13	4.57	50.18	38.70	74.00	54.00	-23.82	-15.30
7323	H	46.36	31.34	10.05	56.41	41.39	74.00	54.00	-17.59	-12.61

4882	V	46.43	31.51	4.57	51.00	36.08	74.00	54.00	-23.00	-17.92
7323	V	46.14	31.43	10.05	56.19	41.48	74.00	54.00	-17.81	-12.52

Operation Mode: TX 2480MHz										
4960	H	46.00	32.83	5.05	51.05	37.88	74.00	54.00	-22.95	-16.12
7440	H	49.78	32.82	9.76	59.54	42.58	74.00	54.00	-14.46	-11.42

4960	V	46.19	31.00	5.05	51.24	36.05	74.00	54.00	-22.76	-17.95
7440	V	46.27	31.26	9.76	56.03	41.02	74.00	54.00	-17.97	-12.98

Other harmonics emissions are lower than 20dB below the allowable limit.

Note: (1) All Readings are Peak Value and AV.

(2) Emission Level= Reading Level + Factor

(3) Factor= Antenna Gain + Cable Loss – Amplifier Gain

(4) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “---” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits, therefore, than 20 dB below the limit do no reported.

(5) Measurement uncertainty: ± 3.7 dB.

(6) Horn antenna used for the emission over 1000MHz.

6. CHANNEL SEPARATION

6.1 Measurement Procedure

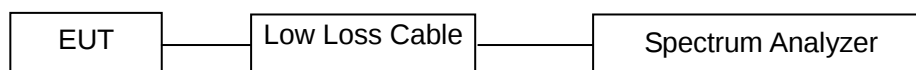
Minimum Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation, FCC Rule 15.247(a)(1):

Connect EUT antenna terminal to the spectrum analyzer with a low loss cable, and using the Marker and Max-Hold function to record the separation of two adjacent channels.

6.2 Limit

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

6.3 Test SET-UP (Block Diagram of Configuration)



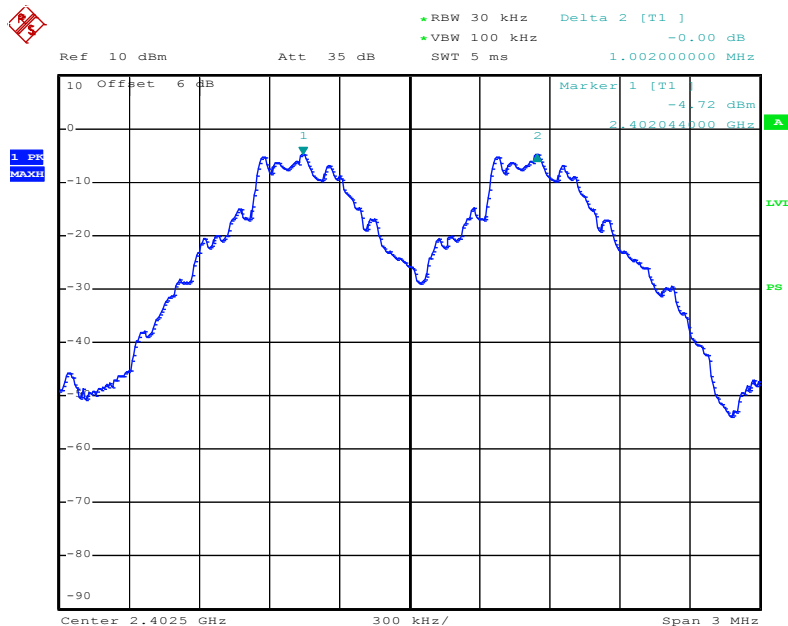
6.4 Measurement Results

Refer to attached data chart.

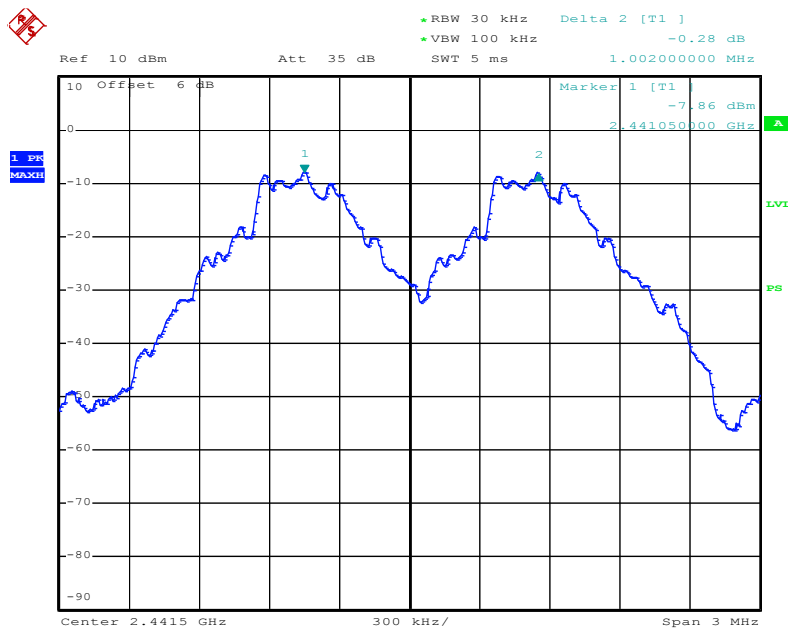
RBW:	30kHz	Temperature:	24 °C
VBW:	100kHz	Humidity:	50 %
Spectrum Detector:	PK	Test By:	Sance
Packet:	DH1, 2DH1, 3DH1(Worst case)	Test Date:	January 03, 2020
Test Result:	PASS		

Channel	Test Frequency (MHz)	Separation Read Value (kHz)	Separation Limit 2/3 20dB Bandwidth (kHz)
GFSK			
Lowest	2402	1002	>594.7
Middle	2441	1002	>592.0
Highest	2480	1002	>589.3
$\pi/4$-DQPSK			
Lowest	2402	1002	>834.7
Middle	2441	1002	>832.0
Highest	2480	1002	>834.7
8DPSK			
Lowest	2402	1002	>813.3
Middle	2441	1002	>813.3
Highest	2480	1002	>810.7

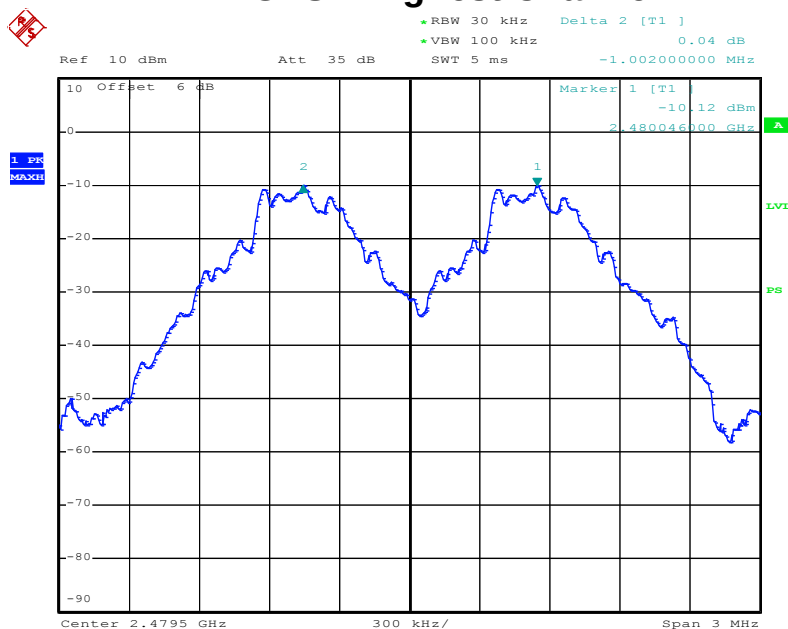
GFSK Lowest Channel



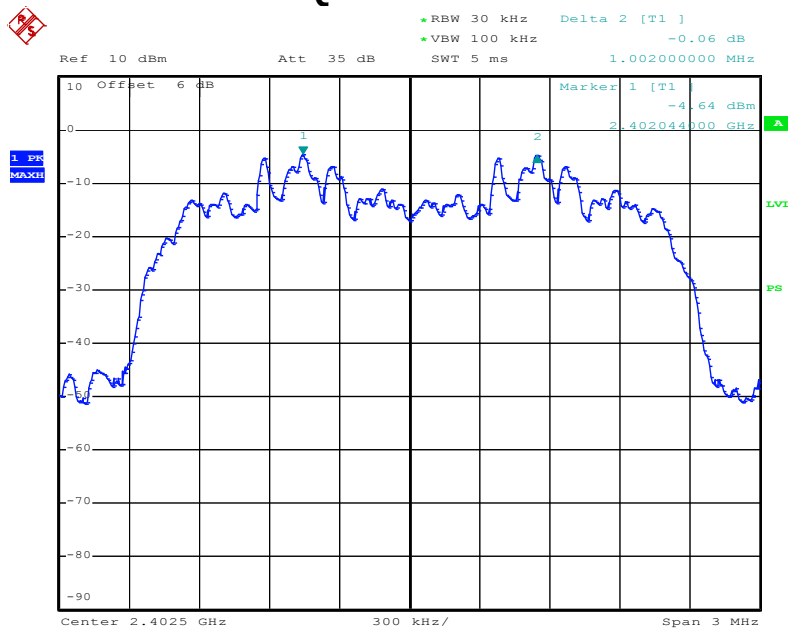
GFSK Middle Channel



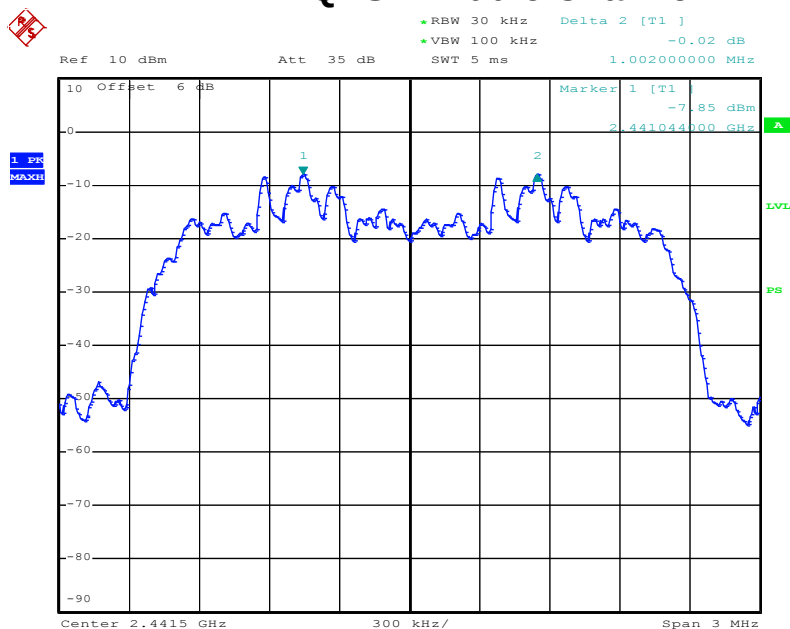
GFSK Highest Channel



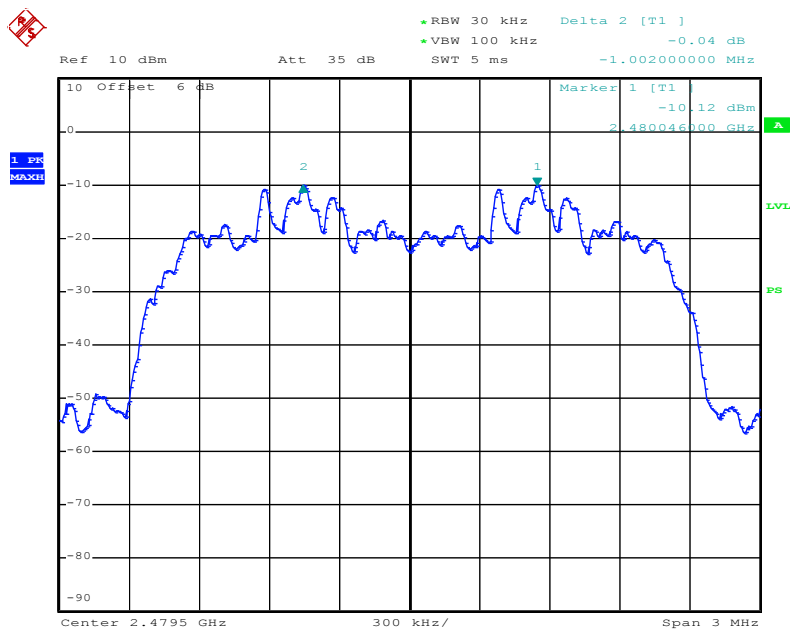
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Lowest Channel



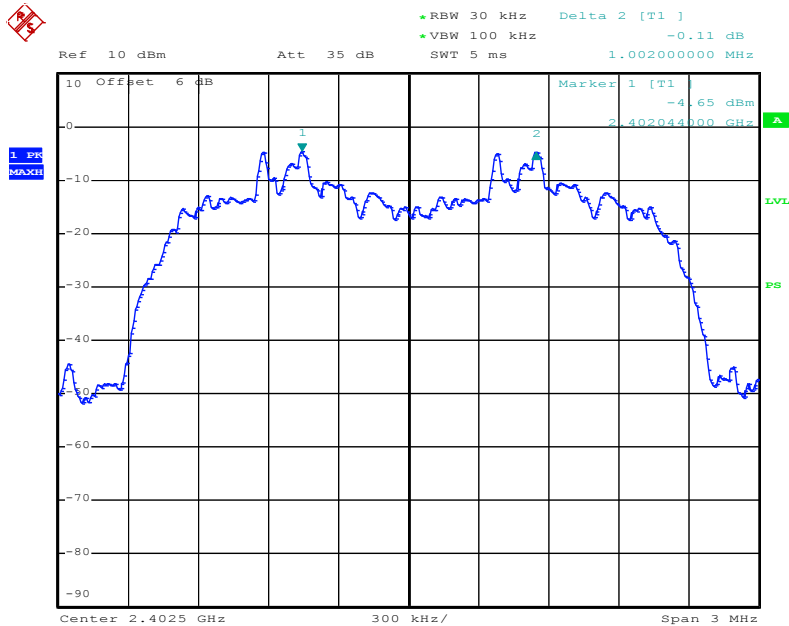
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Middle Channel



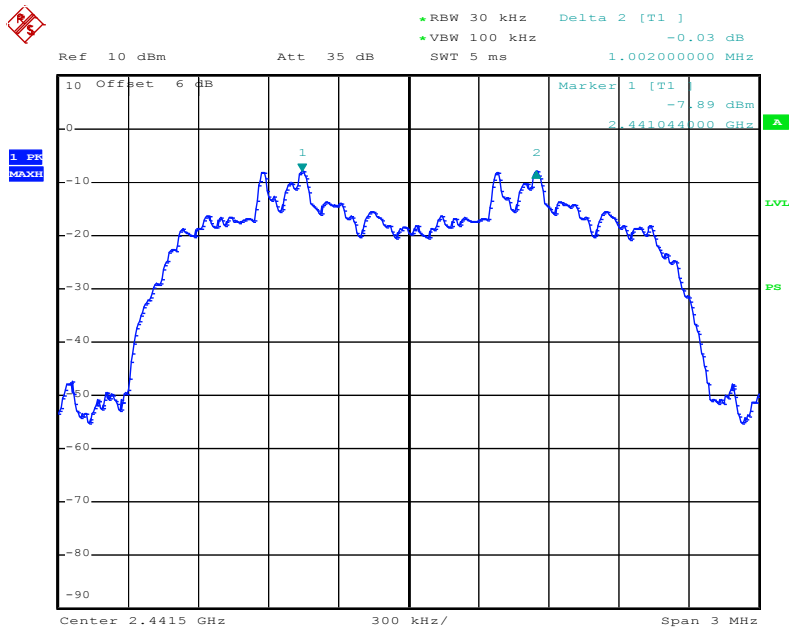
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Highest Channel



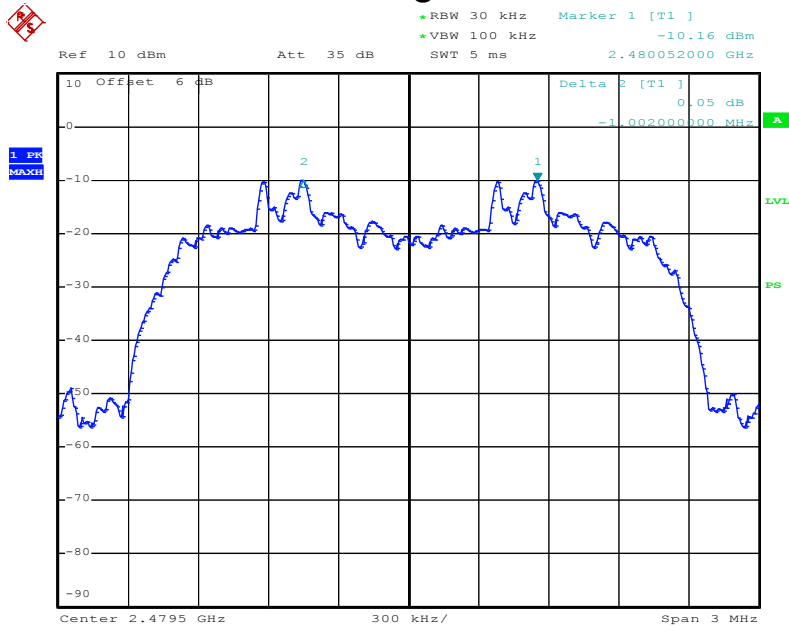
8DPSK Lowest Channel



8DPSK Middle Channel



8DPSK Highest Channel



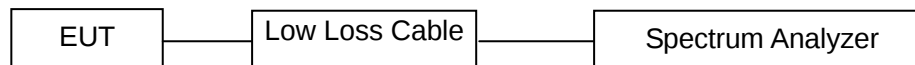
7. 20DB BANDWIDTH

7.1 Measurement Procedure

Maximum 20dB RF Bandwidth, FCC Rule 15.247(a)(1):

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. Analyzer RBW was chosen so that the display was a result of the hopping channel modulation. For each RF output channel investigated, the spectrum analyzer center frequency was set to the channel carrier. Use the spectrum 20dB down delta function to measure the bandwidth.

7.2 Test SET-UP (Block Diagram of Configuration)



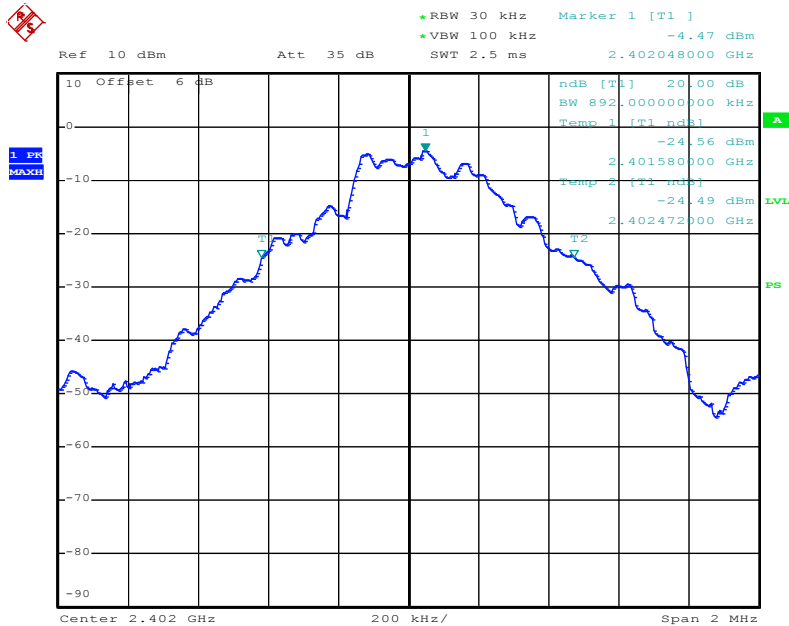
7.3 Measurement Results

Refer to attached data chart.

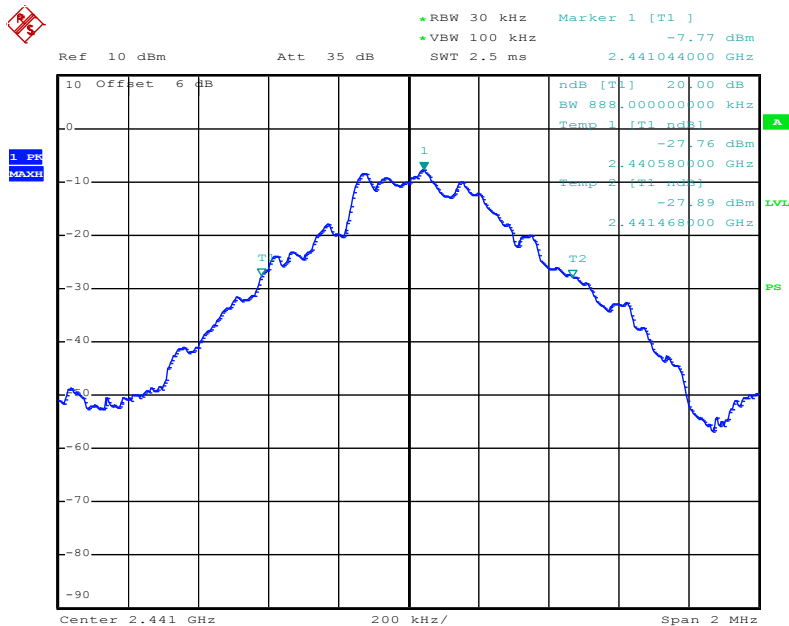
RBW:	30kHz	Temperature:	24 °C
VBW:	100kHz	Humidity:	50 %
Spectrum Detector:	PK	Test By:	Sance
Packet:	DH1, 2DH1, 3DH1(Worst case)	Test Date:	January 03, 2020
Test Result:	PASS		

Channel	Test Frequency (MHz)	20dB Down BW (MHz)
GFSK		
Lowest	2402	0.892
Middle	2441	0.888
Highest	2480	0.884
$\pi/4$-DQPSK		
Lowest	2402	1.252
Middle	2441	1.248
Highest	2480	1.252
8DPSK		
Lowest	2402	1.220
Middle	2441	1.220
Highest	2480	1.216

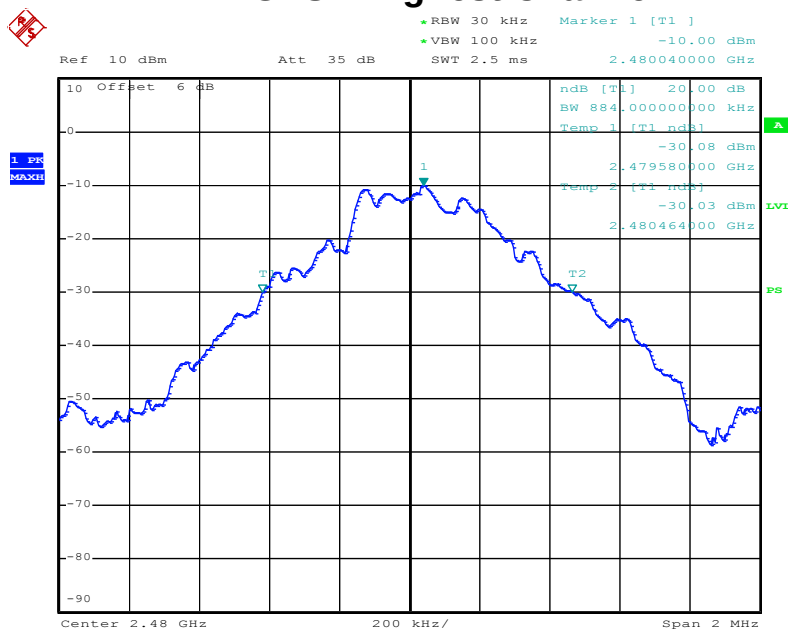
GFSK Lowest Channel



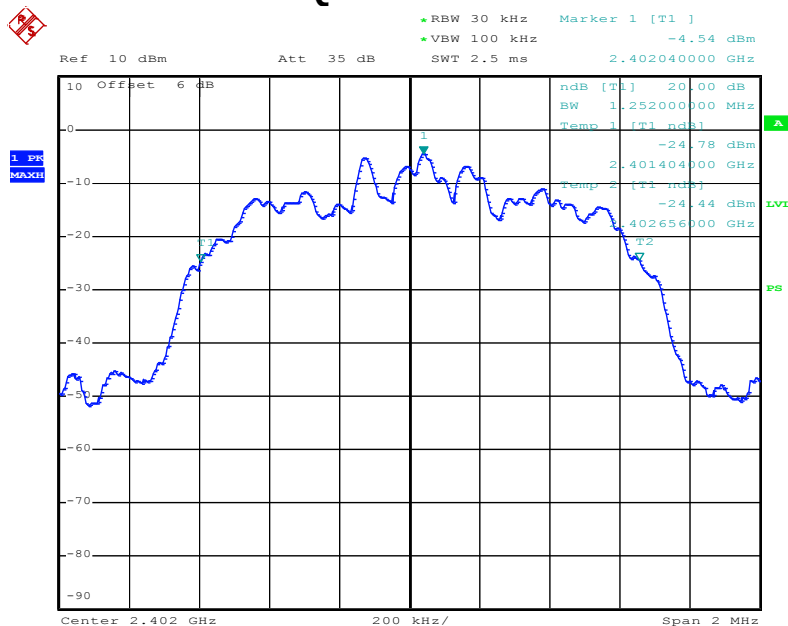
GFSK Middle Channel



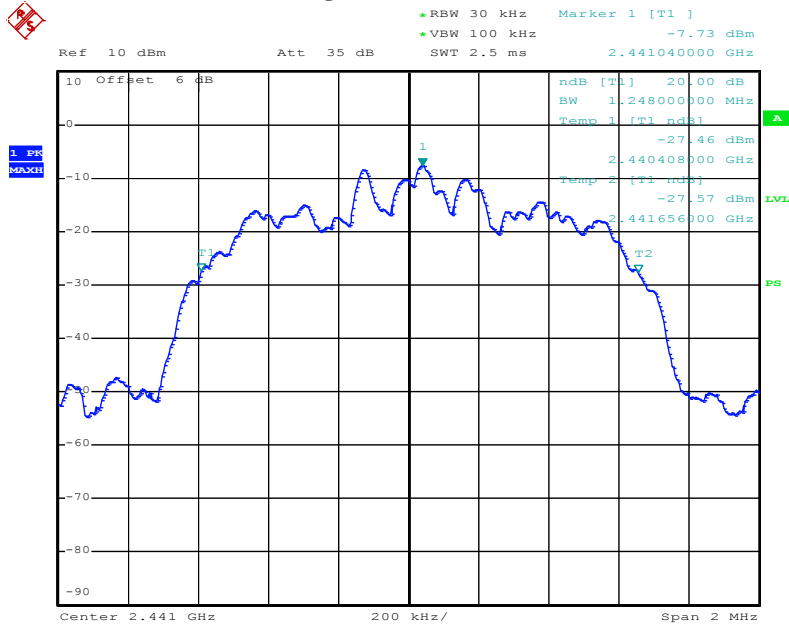
GFSK Highest Channel



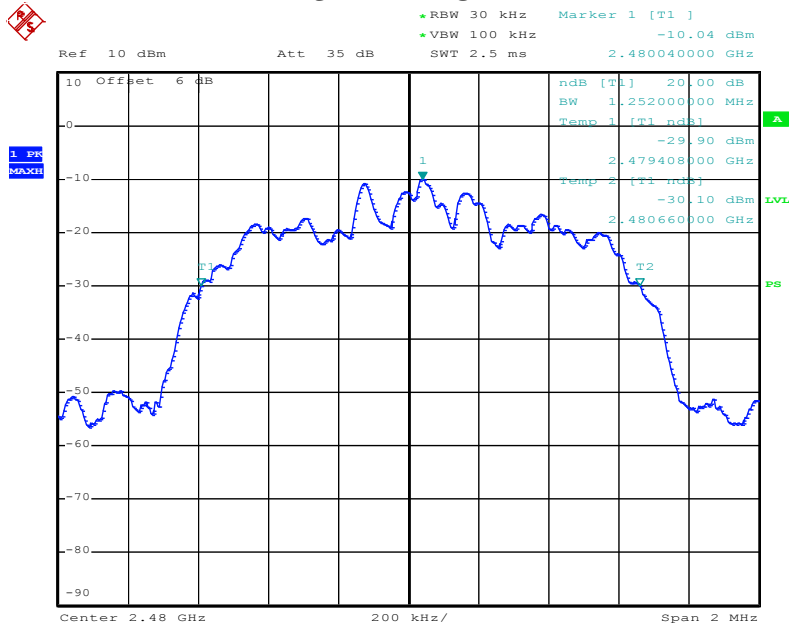
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Lowest Channel



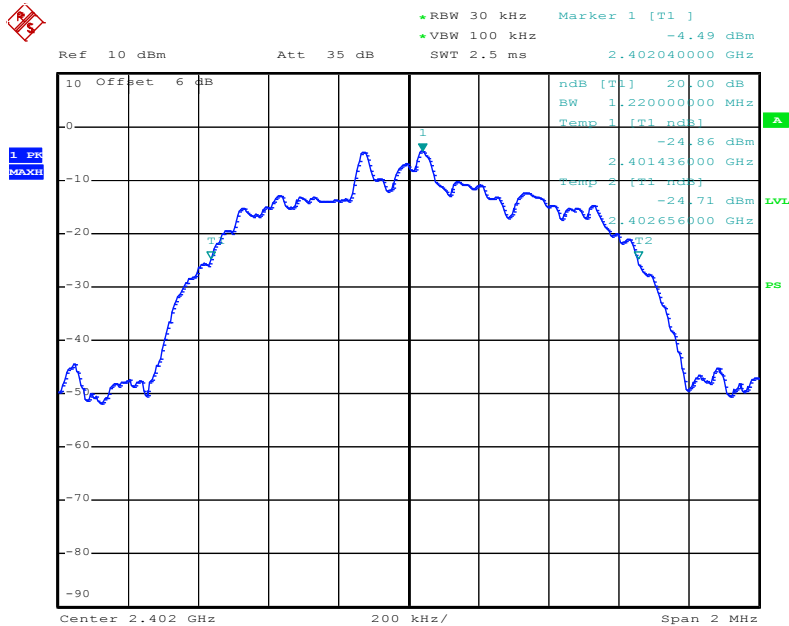
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Middle Channel



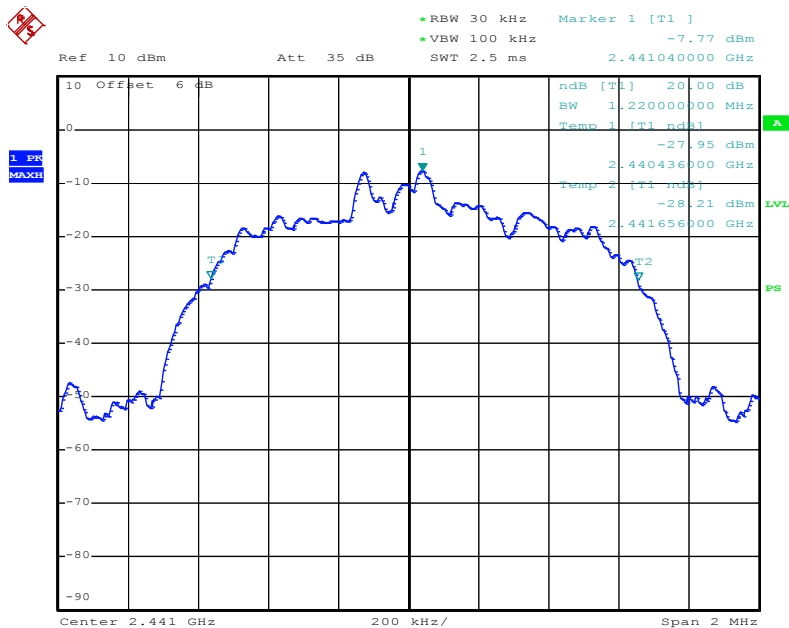
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Highest Channel



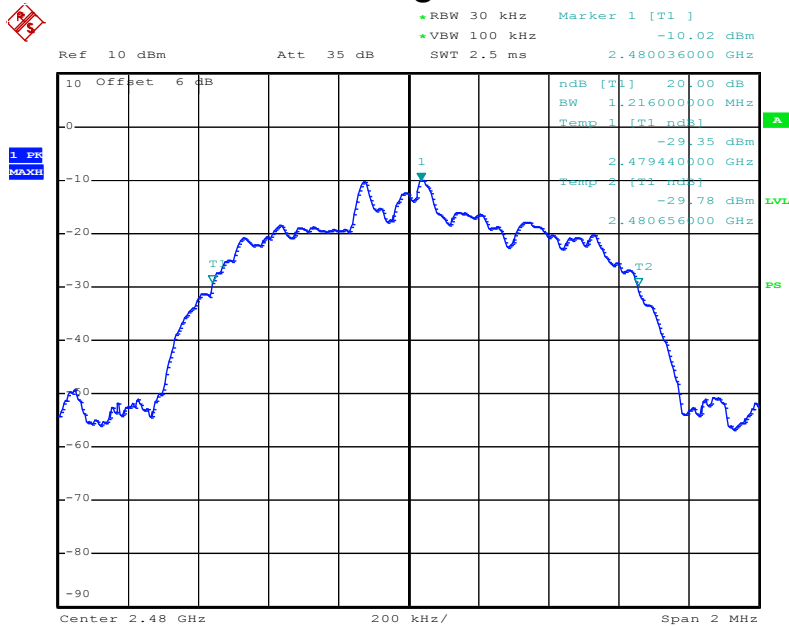
8DPSK Lowest Channel



8DPSK Middle Channel



8DPSK Highest Channel



8. HOPPING CHANNEL NUMBER

8.1 Measurement Procedure

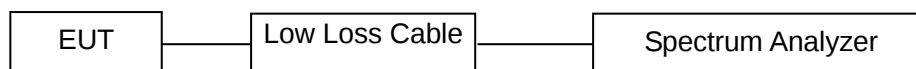
Minimum Number of Hopping Frequencies, FCC Rule 15.247(a)(1)(iii):

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum, and the spectrum analyzer set to MAX HOLD readings were taken for 3-5 minutes. The channel peaks so recorded were added together, and the total number compared to the minimum number of channels required in the regulation.

8.2 Limit

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

8.3 Test SET-UP (Block Diagram of Configuration)

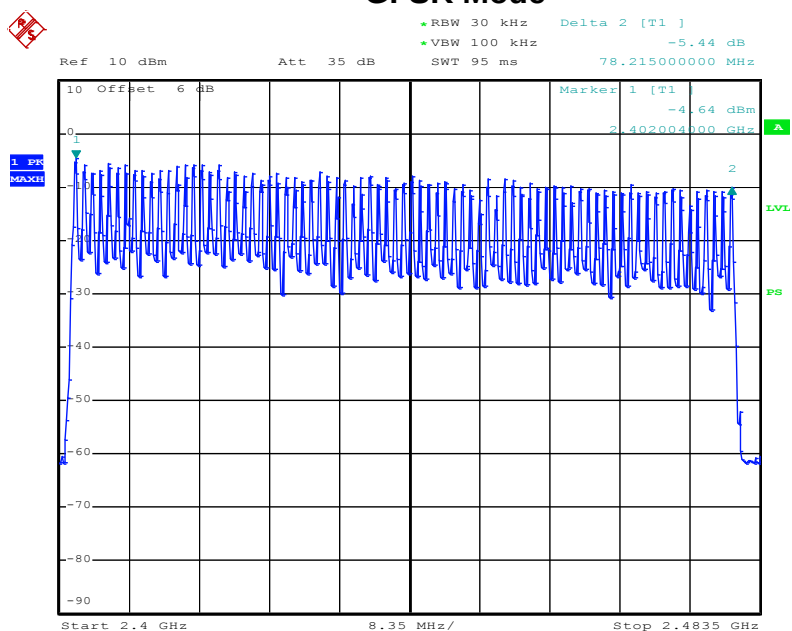


8.4 Measurement Results

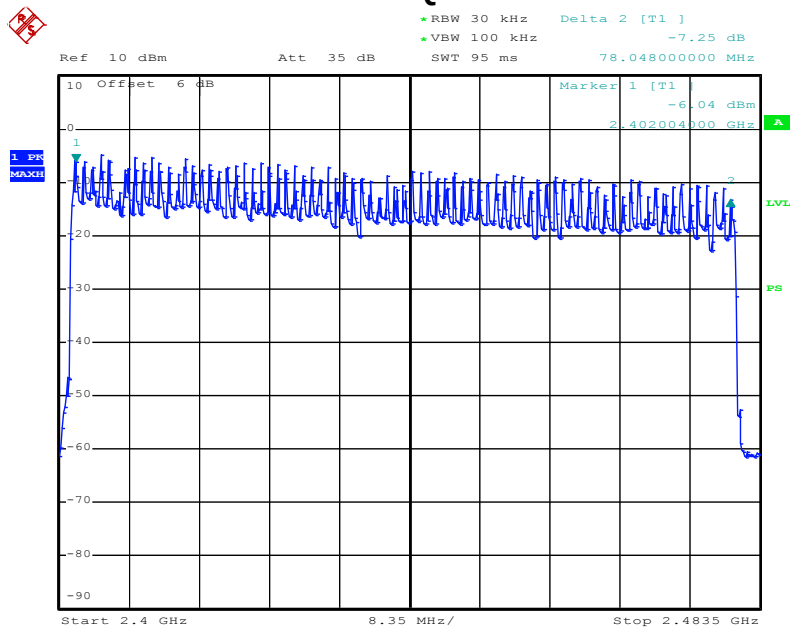
RBW:	100kHz	Temperature:	24 °C
VBW:	300kHz	Humidity:	50 %
Spectrum Detector:	PK	Test By:	Sance
Packet:	DH1, 2DH1, 3DH1(Worst case)	Test Date:	January 03, 2020
Test Result:	PASS		

Hopping Channel Frequency Range	Number of Hopping Channels	Limit
2400-2483.5	79	≥15

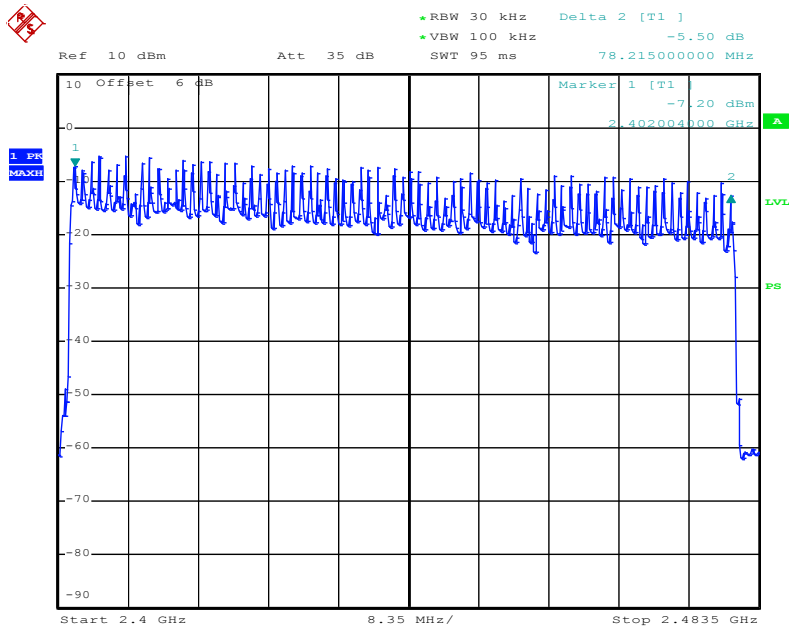
GFSK Mode



$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Mode



8DPSK Mode



9. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

9.1 Measurement Procedure

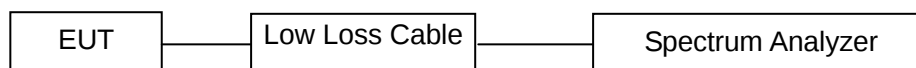
Average Channel Occupancy Time, FCC Ref:15.247(a)(1)(iii):

Connect EUT antenna terminal to the spectrum analyzer with a low loss cable. The spectrum analyzer center frequency was set to one of the known hopping channels. The Sweep was set to 10 ms, the SPAN was set to Zero SPAN. The time duration of the transmissions so captured was measured with the Marker Delta function

9.2 Limit

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

9.3 Test SET-UP (Block Diagram of Configuration)



9.4 Measurement Results

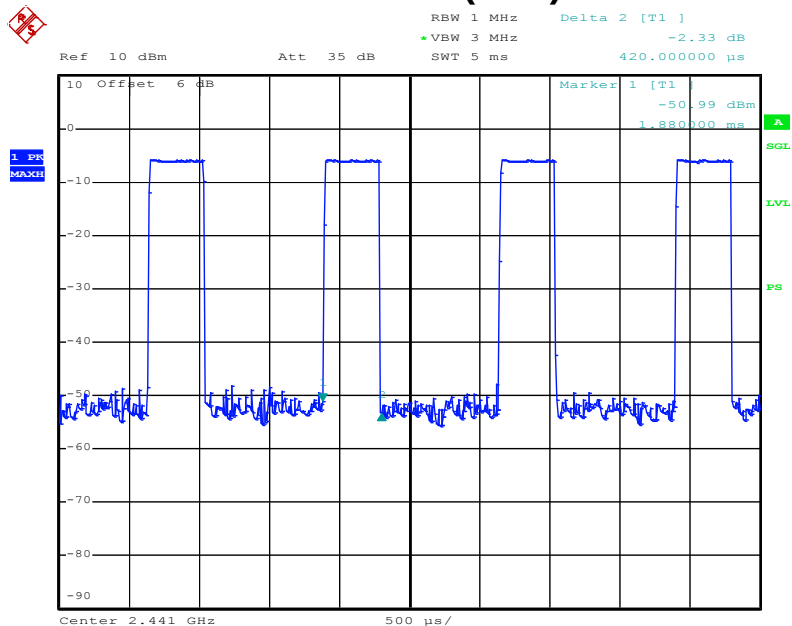
Refer to attached data chart.

The maximum number of hopping channels in 31.6s (0.4s/Channel x 79 Channel)

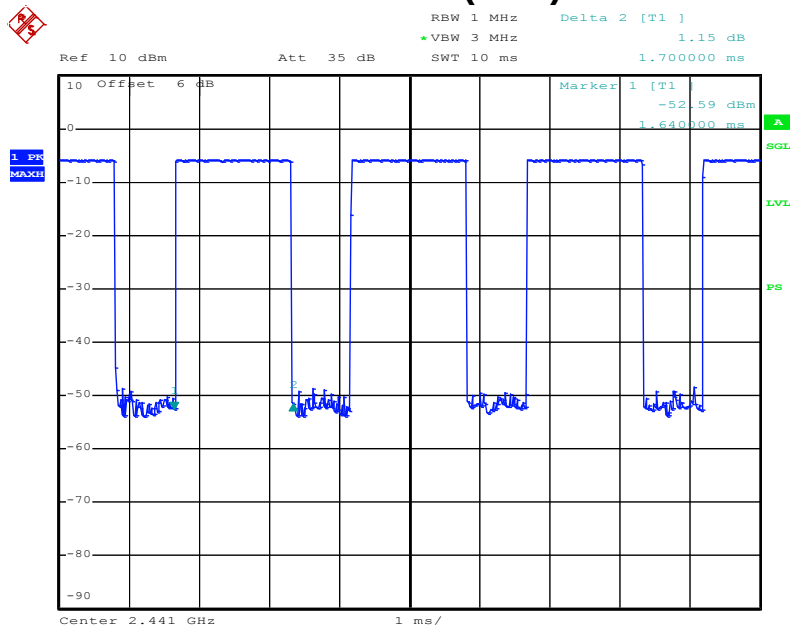
RBW:	1MHz	Temperature:	24 °C
VBW:	3MHz	Humidity:	50 %
Spectrum Detector:	PK	Test By:	Sance
Test Result:	PASS	Test Date:	January 03, 2020

Packet	Frequency (MHz)	Result (msec)			Limit (msec)
GFSK					
DH1	2441	0.420	(ms)*(1600/(2*79))*31.6=	134.4	400
DH3	2441	1.700	(ms)*(1600/(4*79))*31.6=	272.0	400
DH5	2441	2.990	(ms)*(1600/(6*79))*31.6=	318.9	400
π/4-DQPSK					
2-DH1	2441	0.430	(ms)*(1600/(2*79))*31.6=	137.6	400
2-DH3	2441	1.690	(ms)*(1600/(4*79))*31.6=	270.4	400
2-DH5	2441	2.980	(ms)*(1600/(6*79))*31.6=	317.9	400
8DPSK					
3-DH1	2441	0.430	(ms)*(1600/(2*79))*31.6=	137.6	400
3-DH3	2441	1.690	(ms)*(1600/(4*79))*31.6=	270.4	400
3-DH5	2441	3.010	(ms)*(1600/(6*79))*31.6=	321.1	400

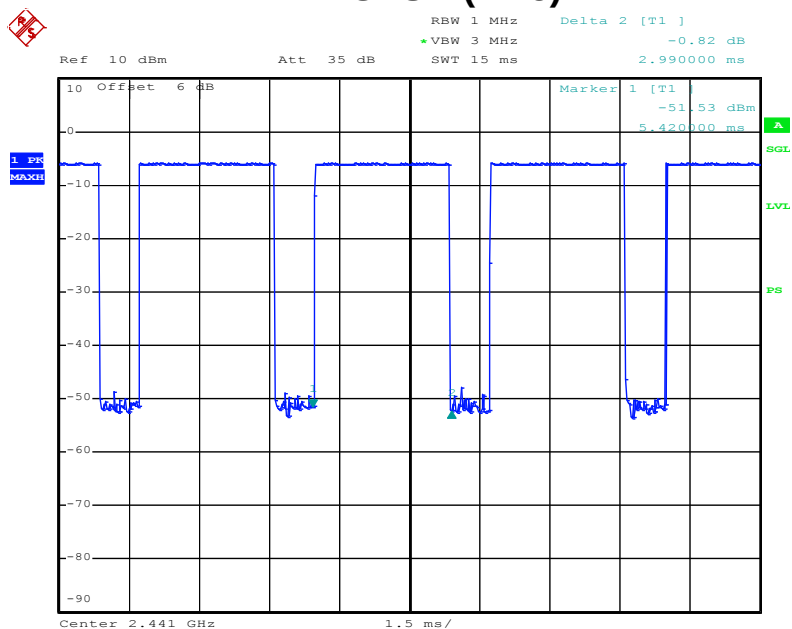
GFSK (DH1)



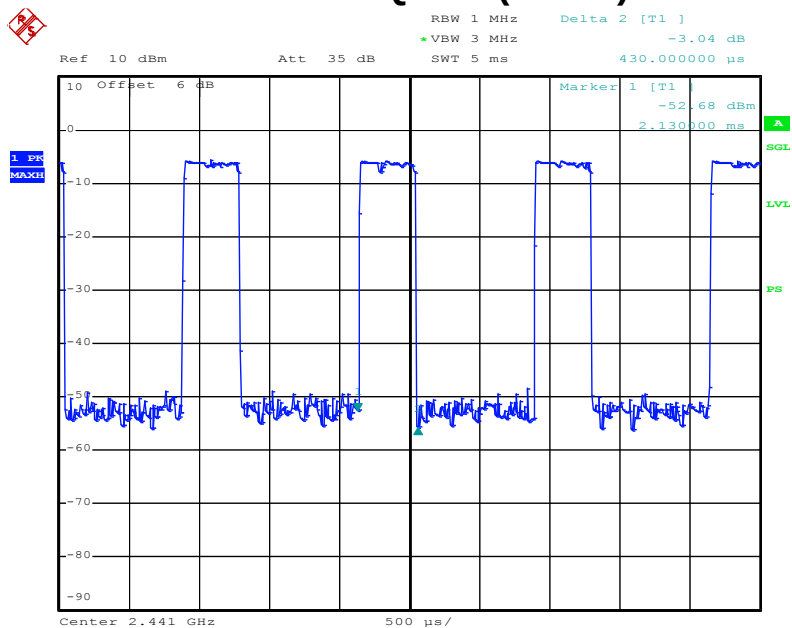
GFSK (DH3)



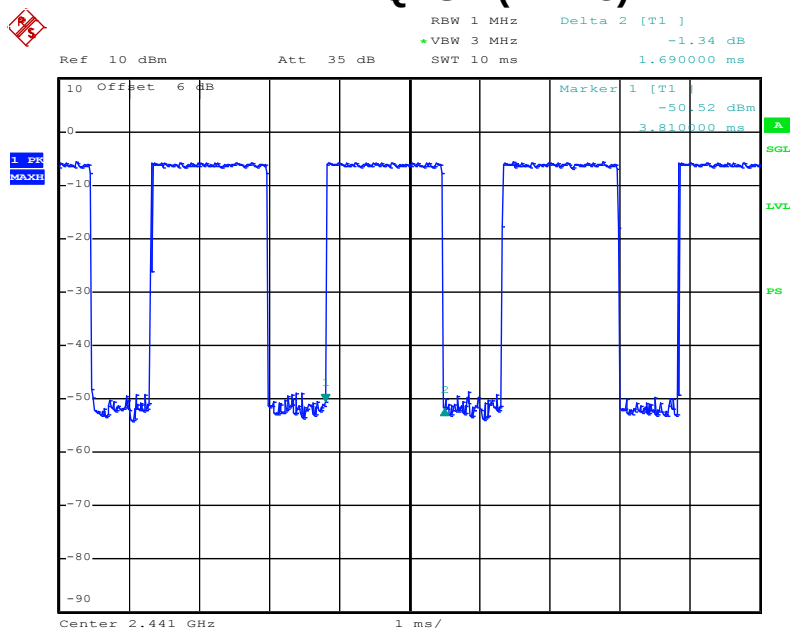
GFSK (DH5)



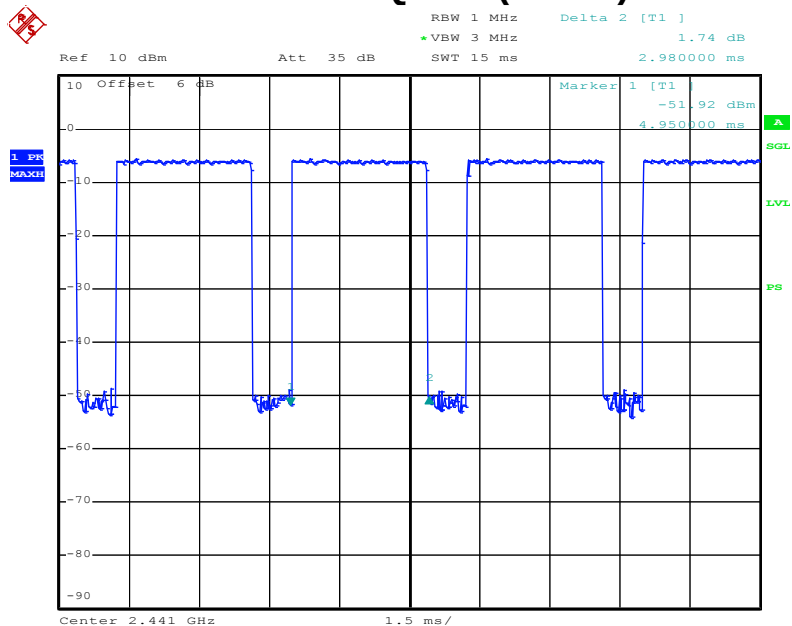
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK (2-DH1)



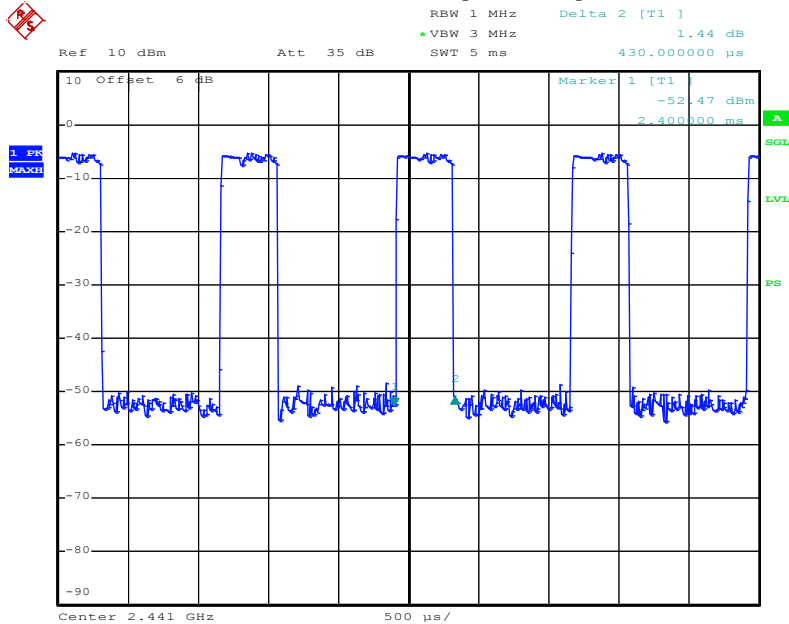
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK (2-DH3)



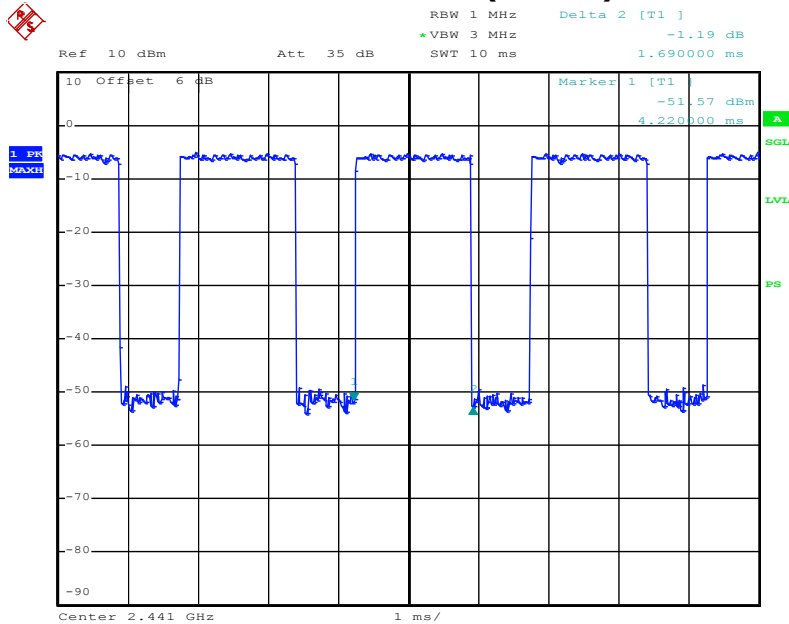
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK (2-DH5)



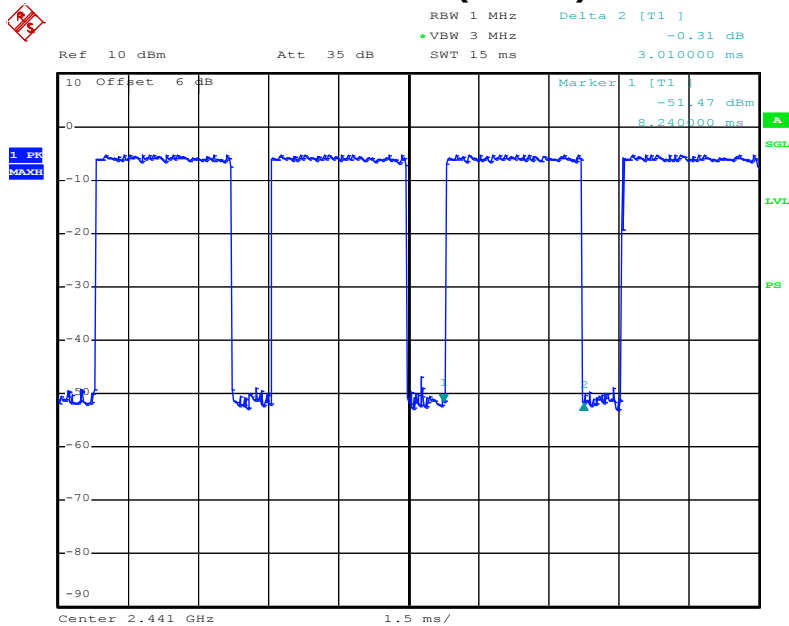
8DPSK (3-DH1)



8DPSK (3-DH3)



8DPSK (3-DH5)



10. MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER

10.1 Measurement Procedure

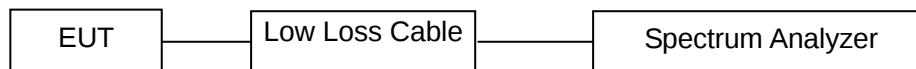
Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals, FCC Rules 15.247(b)(1):

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum. The analyzer was set for RBW > 20dB bandwidth and power was read directly in dBm. Cable loss was considered during this measurement.

10.2 Limit

For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5MHz band: 0.125 watts.

10.3 Test SET-UP (Block Diagram of Configuration)

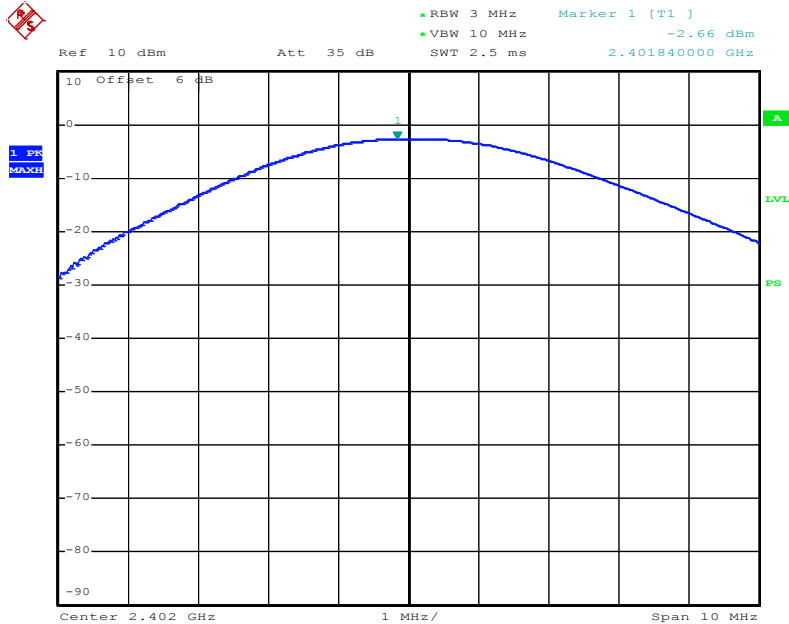


10.4 Measurement Results

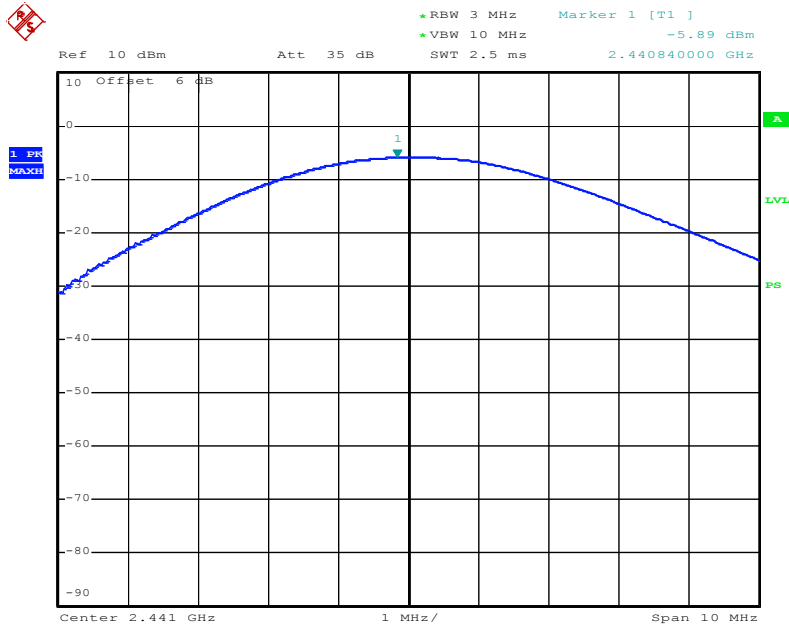
RBW:	3MHz	Temperature:	24 °C
VBW:	10MHz	Humidity:	50 %
Spectrum Detector:	PK	Test By:	Sance
Packet:	DH1, 2DH1, 3DH1(Worst case)	Test Date:	January 03, 2020

Channel Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power output (dBm)	Peak Power output (W)	Peak Power Limit (dBm/W)	Results
GFSK				
2402.00	-2.66	0.0005	21 / 0.125	PASS
2441.00	-5.89	0.0003	21 / 0.125	PASS
2480.00	-8.15	0.0002	21 / 0.125	PASS
$\pi/4$-DQPSK				
2402.00	-2.08	0.0006	21 / 0.125	PASS
2441.00	-5.13	0.0003	21 / 0.125	PASS
2480.00	-7.42	0.0002	21 / 0.125	PASS
8DPSK				
2402.00	-1.62	0.0007	21 / 0.125	PASS
2441.00	-4.73	0.0003	21 / 0.125	PASS
2480.00	-6.93	0.0002	21 / 0.125	PASS

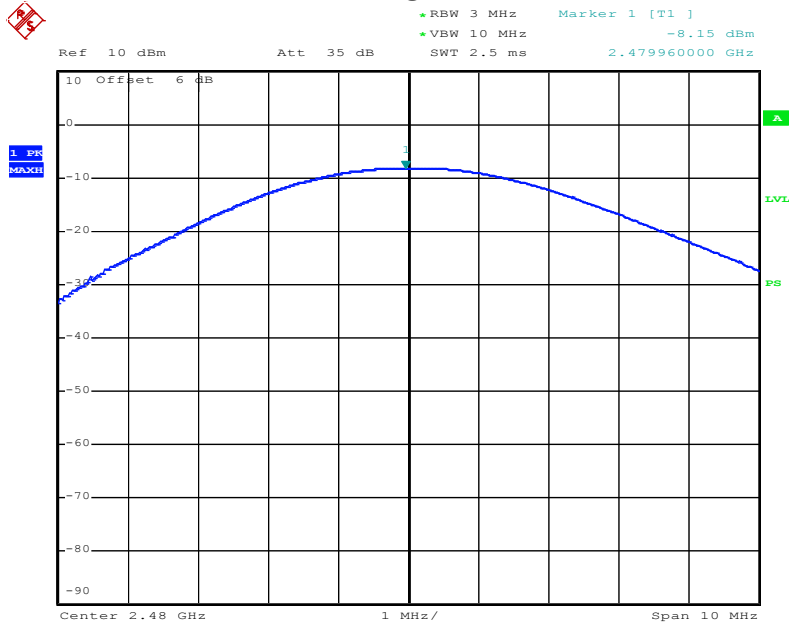
GFSK Lowest Channel



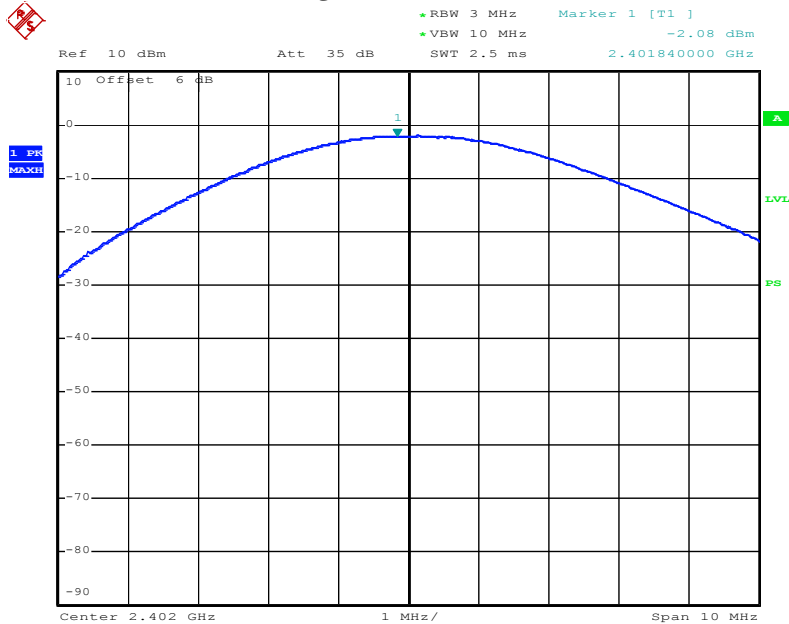
GFSK Middle Channel



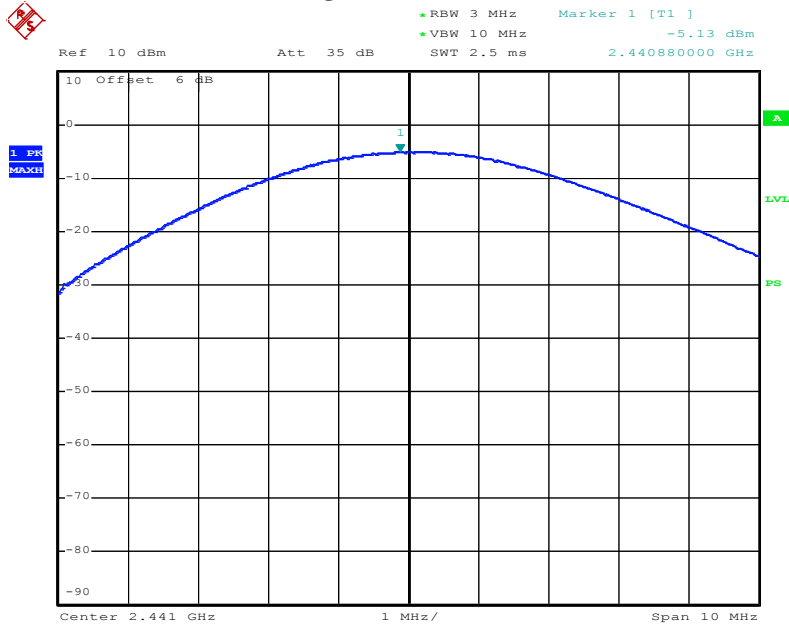
GFSK Highest Channel



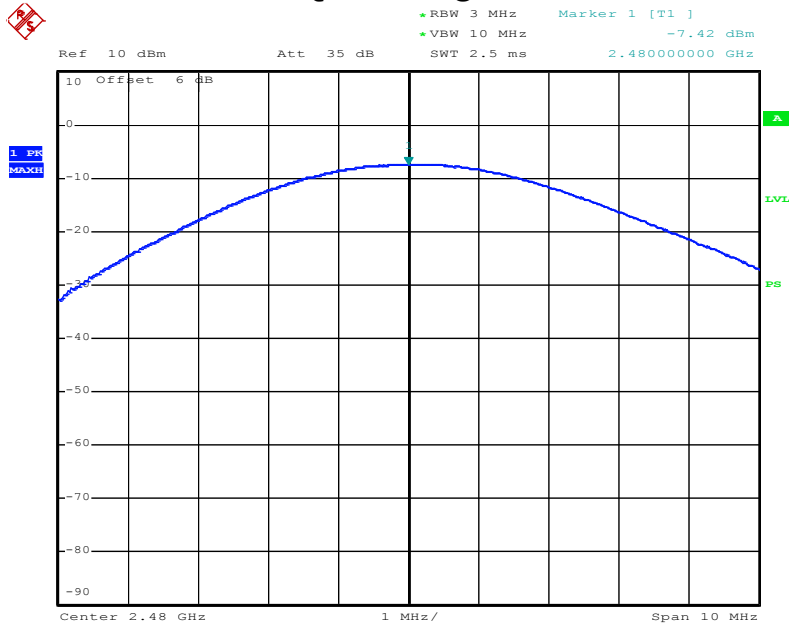
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Lowest Channel



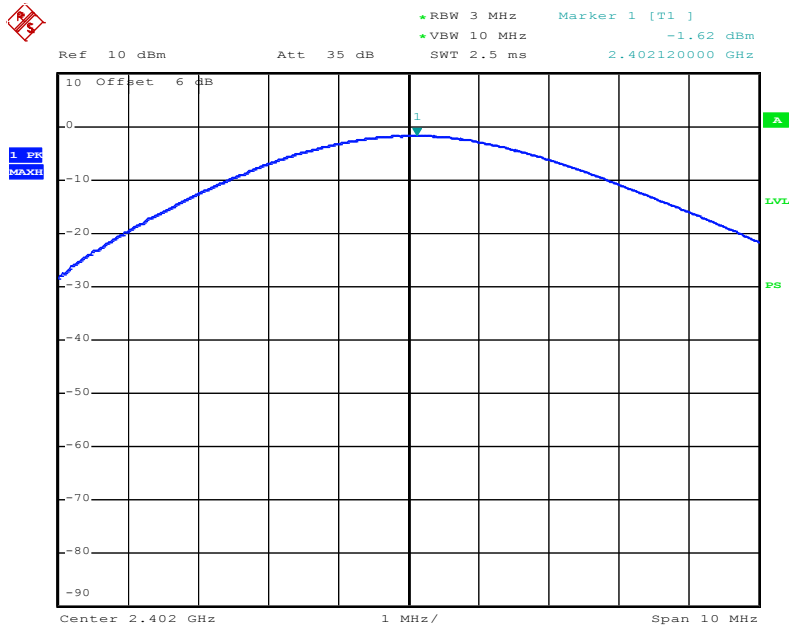
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Middle Channel



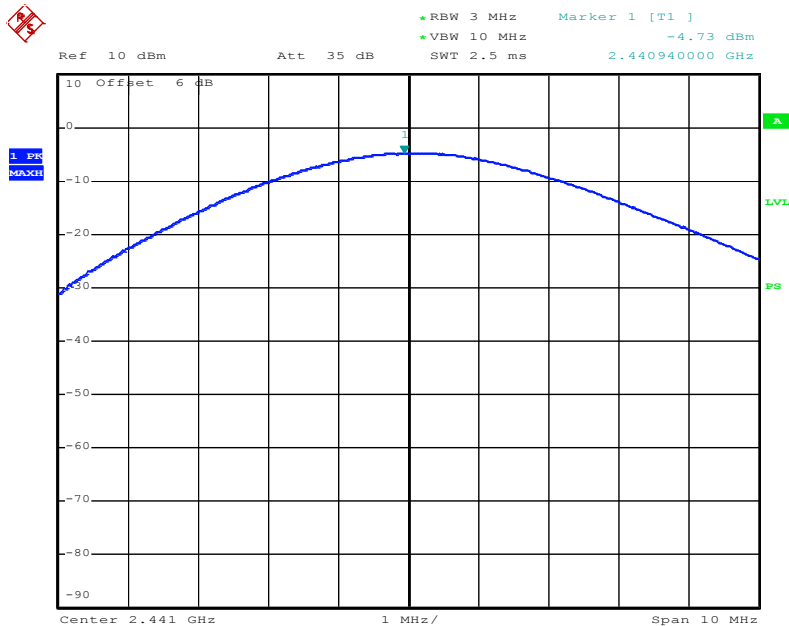
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Highest Channel



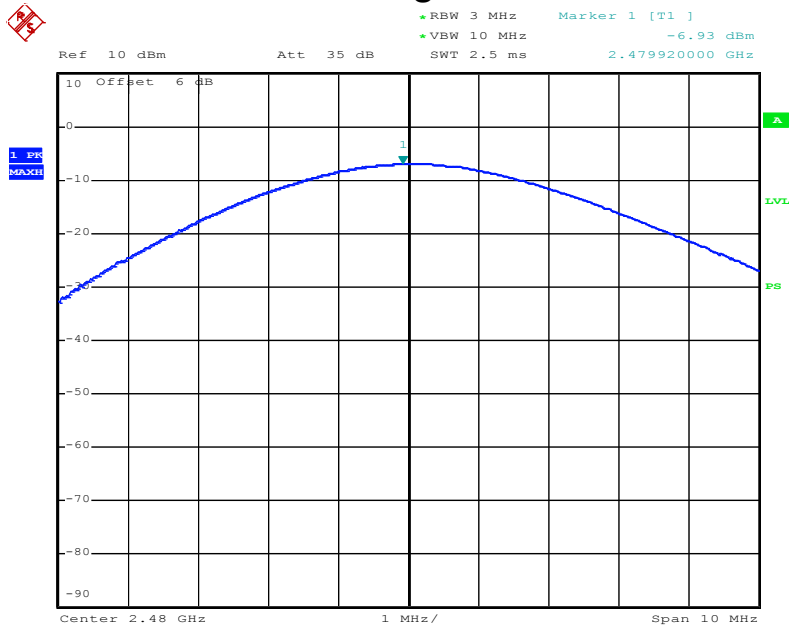
8DPSK Lowest Channel



8DPSK Middle Channel



8DPSK Highest Channel



11. BAND EDGE

11.1 Measurement Procedure

Out of Band Emissions, FCC Rule 15.247(d):

During the radiated emission test, the spectrum analyzer was set with the following configurations:

- 1.The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz for peak measurement with peak detector at frequency above 1GHz.
- 2.The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 10Hz for Average measurement with peak detection at frequency above 1GHz.

During the conducted emission test, the spectrum analyzer was set with the following configurations:

The transmitter output is connected to spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100KHz, and the video bandwidth set to 300kHz.

11.2 Limit

15.247(d) In any 100KHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100KHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

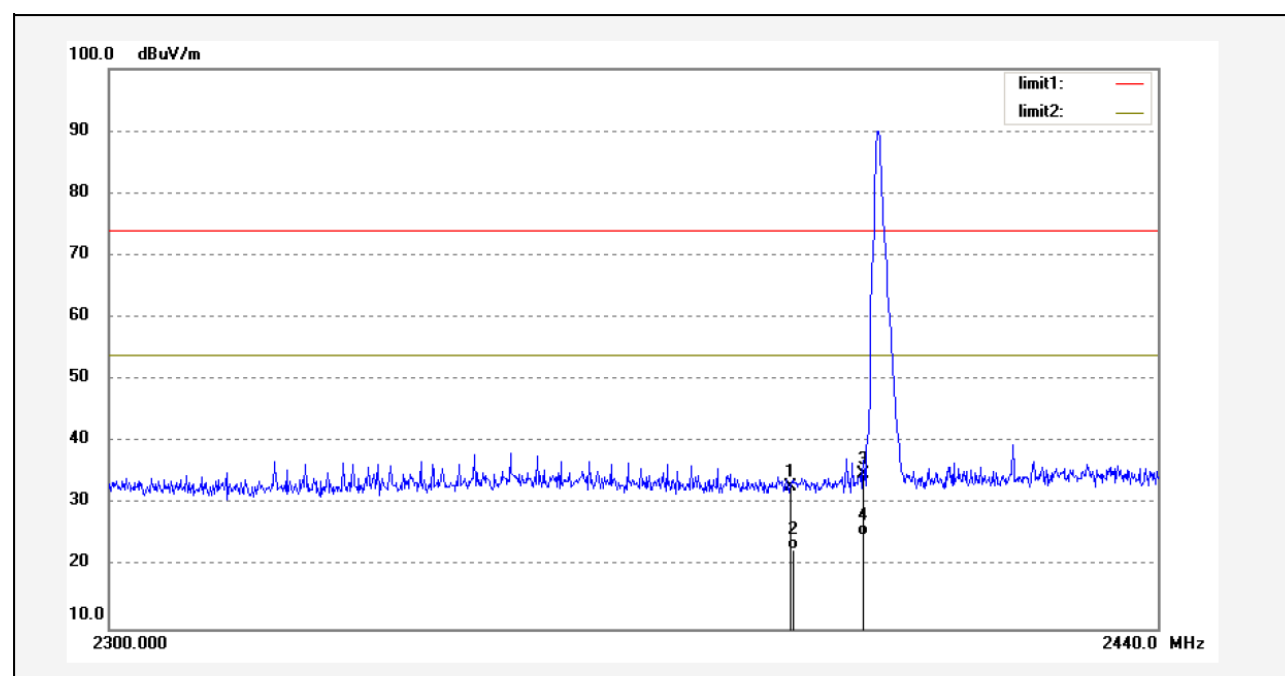
11.3 Measurement Results

Please see below test table and plots.

Note: All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case (8DPSK Mode) emissions are reported.

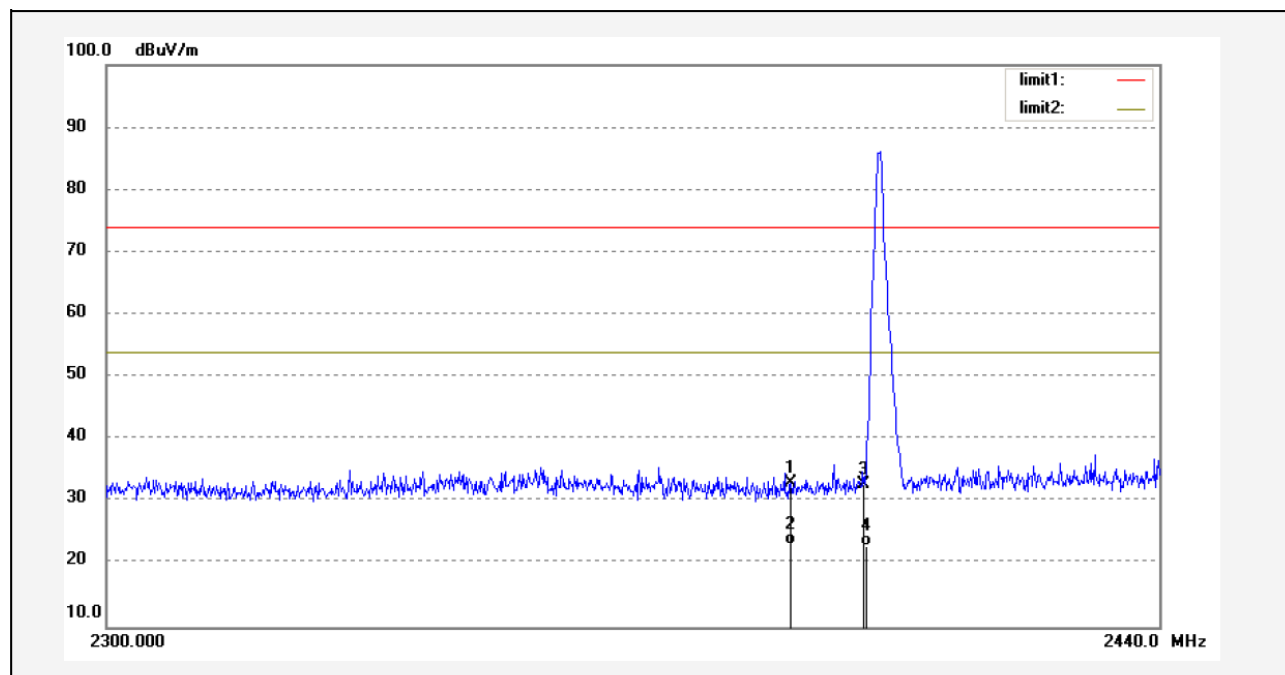
For Radiated restricted band:

E.U.T:	TWS Earbuds	Polarization:	Horizontal
Model No.:	OH-341	Temperature:	25 °C
Test Mode:	TX 2402MHz (8DPSK)	Humidity:	64 %
Test Distance:	3m	Test By:	Sance
Test Results:	PASS	Test Voltage	DC 3.7V



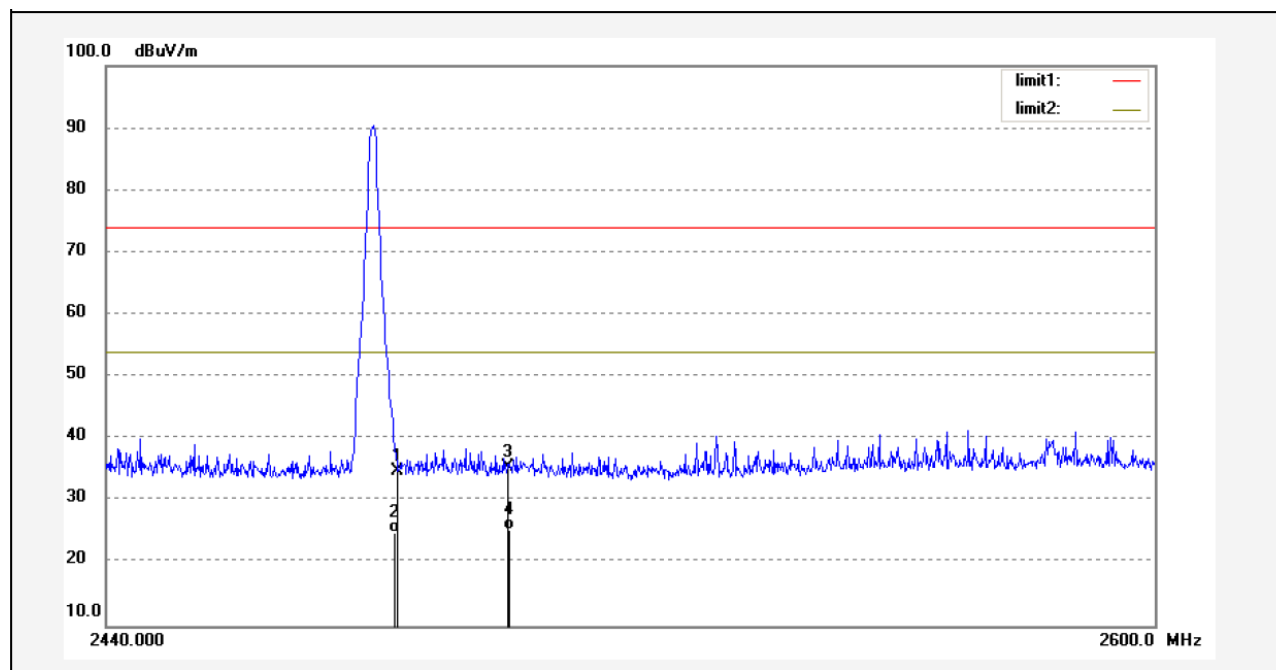
No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Height (cm)	Degree (deg.)	Remark
1	2390.000	39.12	-6.32	32.80	74.00	-41.20	peak	200	126	
2	2390.000	29.12	-6.32	22.80	54.00	-31.20	AVG	200	189	
3	2400.000	41.14	-6.27	34.87	74.00	-39.13	peak	200	215	
4	2400.000	31.17	-6.27	24.90	54.00	-29.10	AVG	200	296	

E.U.T:	TWS Earbuds	Polarization:	Vertical
Model No.:	OH-341	Temperature:	25 °C
Test Mode:	TX 2402MHz (8DPSK)	Humidity:	64 %
Test Distance:	3m	Test By:	Sance
Test Results:	PASS	Test Voltage	DC 3.7V



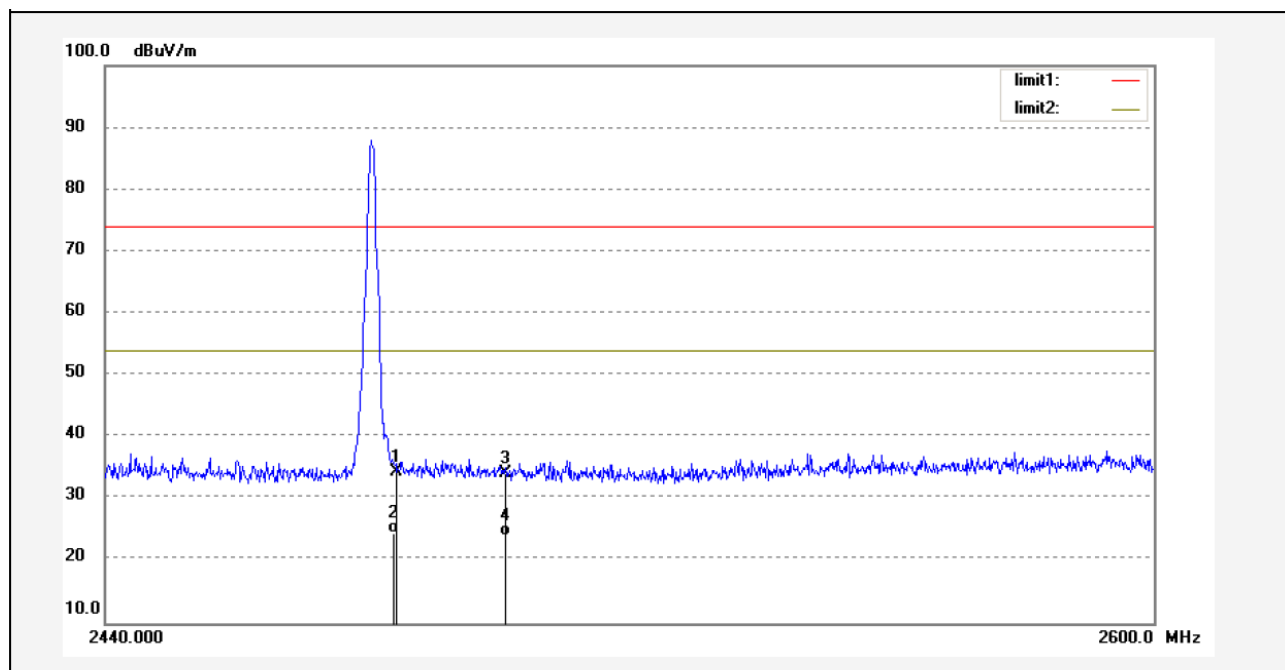
No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Height (cm)	Degree (deg.)	Remark
1	2390.000	39.40	-6.32	33.08	74.00	-40.92	peak	150	156	
2	2390.000	29.42	-6.32	23.10	54.00	-30.90	AVG	150	198	
3	2400.000	39.15	-6.27	32.88	74.00	-41.12	peak	150	215	
4	2400.000	29.17	-6.27	22.90	54.00	-31.10	AVG	150	306	

E.U.T:	TWS Earbuds	Polarization:	Horizontal
Model No.:	OH-341	Temperature:	25 °C
Test Mode:	TX 2480MHz (8DPSK)	Humidity:	64 %
Test Distance:	3m	Test By:	Sance
Test Results:	PASS	Test Voltage	DC 3.7V



No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Height (cm)	Degree (deg.)	Remark
1	2483.500	40.83	-5.89	34.94	74.00	-39.06	peak	200	136	
2	2483.500	30.89	-5.89	25.00	54.00	-29.00	AVG	200	196	
3	2500.000	41.35	-5.81	35.54	74.00	-38.46	peak	200	202	
4	2500.000	31.31	-5.81	25.50	54.00	-28.50	AVG	200	263	

E.U.T:	TWS Earbuds	Polarization:	Vertical
Model No.:	OH-341	Temperature:	25 °C
Test Mode:	TX 2480MHz (8DPSK)	Humidity:	64 %
Test Distance:	3m	Test By:	Sance
Test Results:	PASS	Test Voltage	DC 3.7V

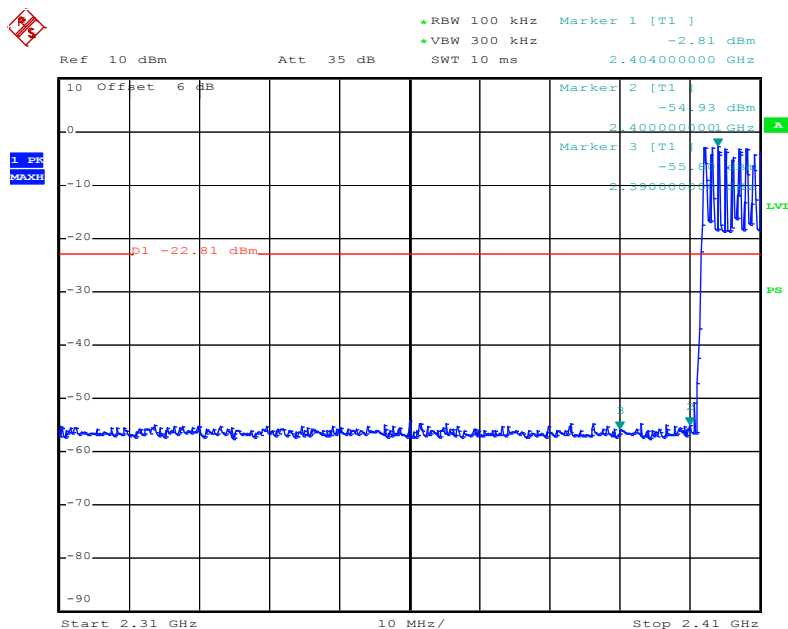
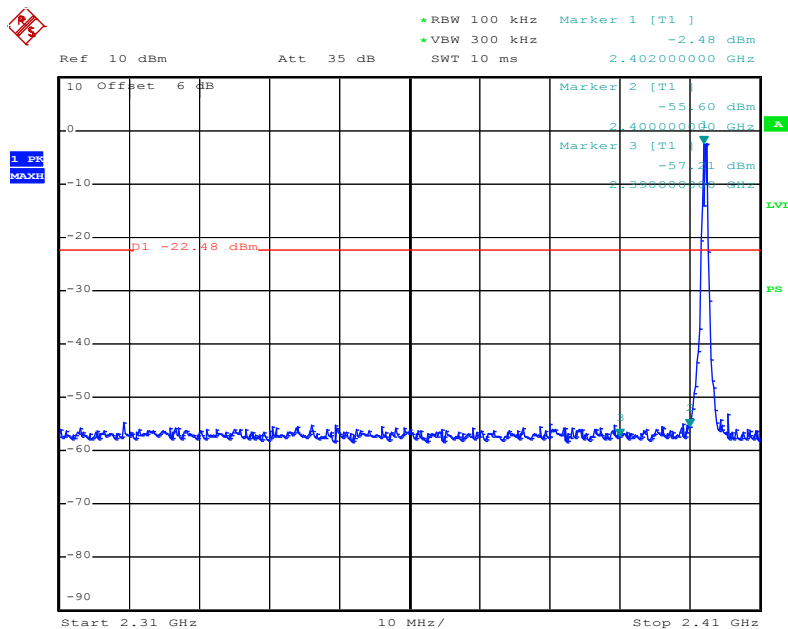


No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Height (cm)	Degree (deg.)	Remark
1	2483.500	40.33	-5.89	34.44	74.00	-39.56	peak	150	136	
2	2483.500	30.39	-5.89	24.50	54.00	-29.50	AVG	150	186	
3	2500.000	39.96	-5.81	34.15	74.00	-39.85	peak	150	202	
4	2500.000	29.91	-5.81	24.10	54.00	-29.90	AVG	150	298	

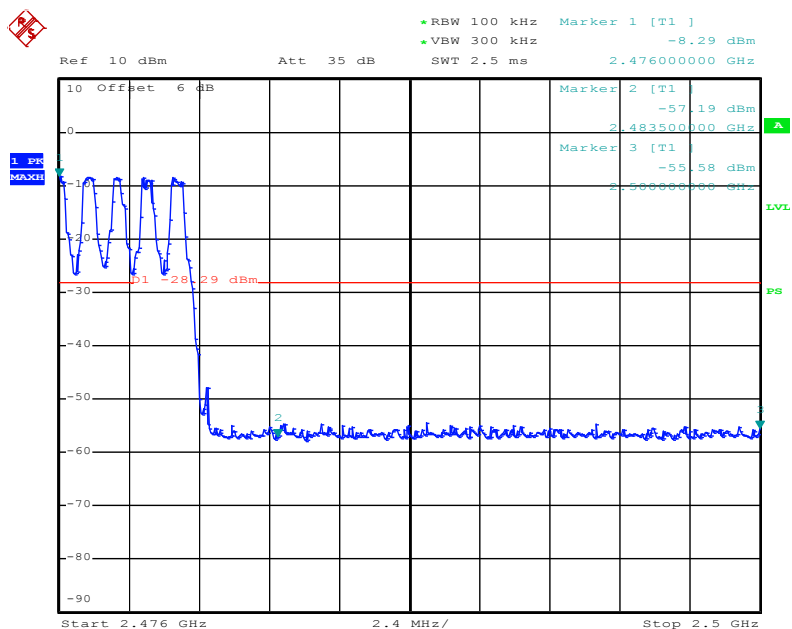
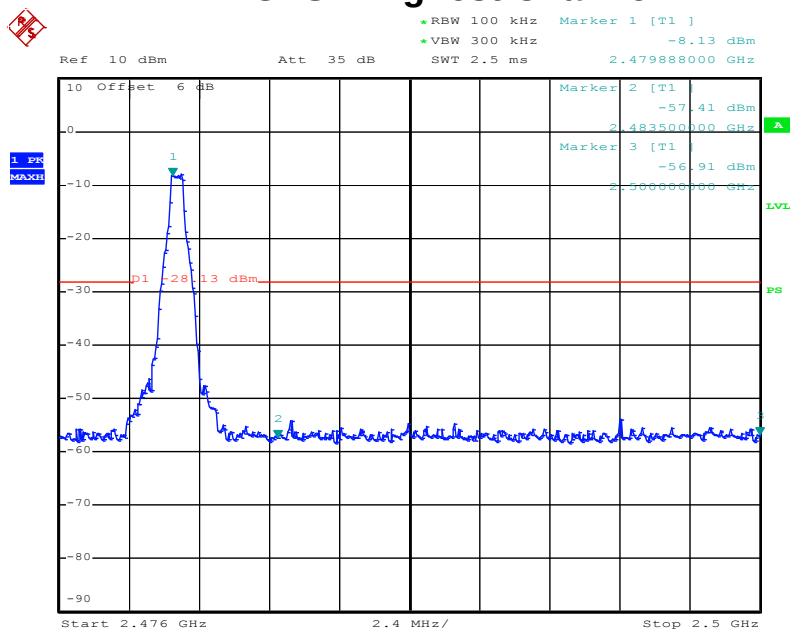
Note: (1) Result= Reading + Factor
(2) Factor= Antenna Gain + Cable Loss – Amplifier Gain
(3) Horn antenna used for the emission over 1000MHz.

For RF Conducted restricted band:

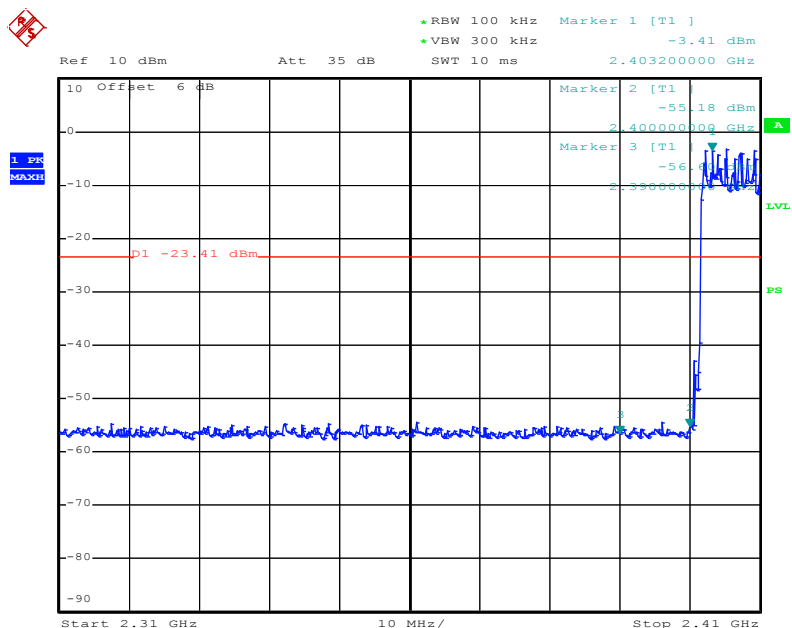
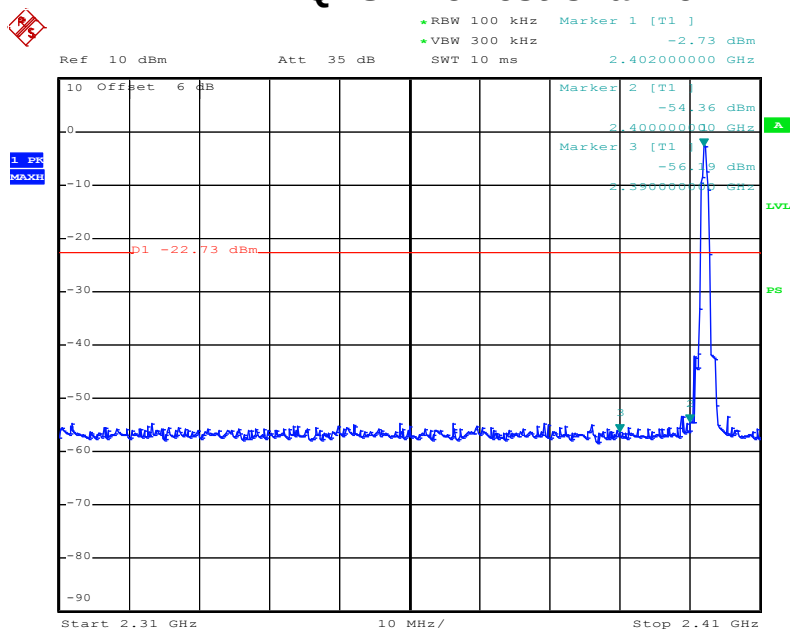
GFSK Lowest Channel



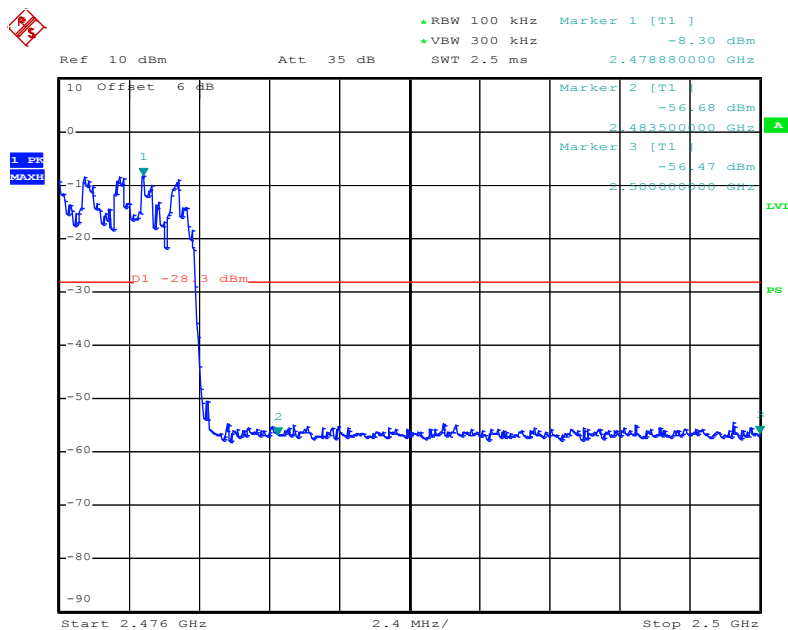
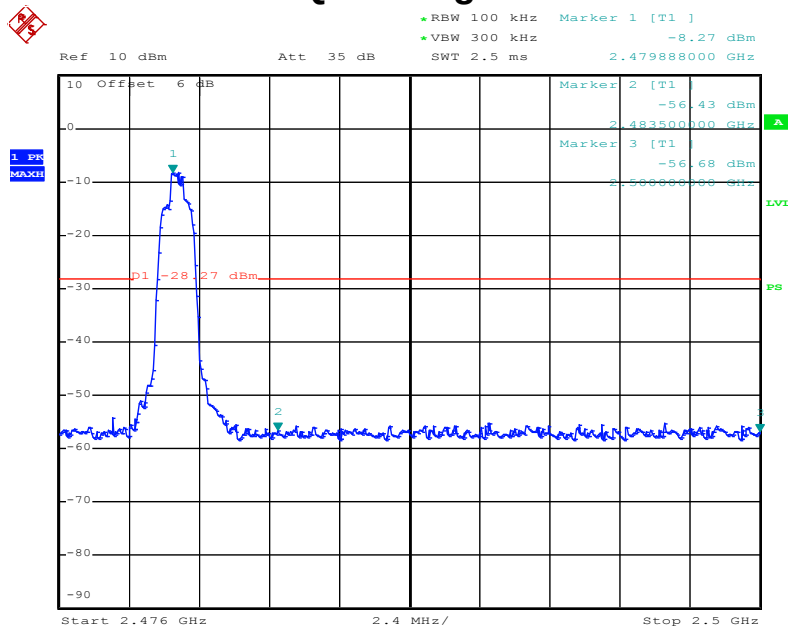
GFSK Highest Channel



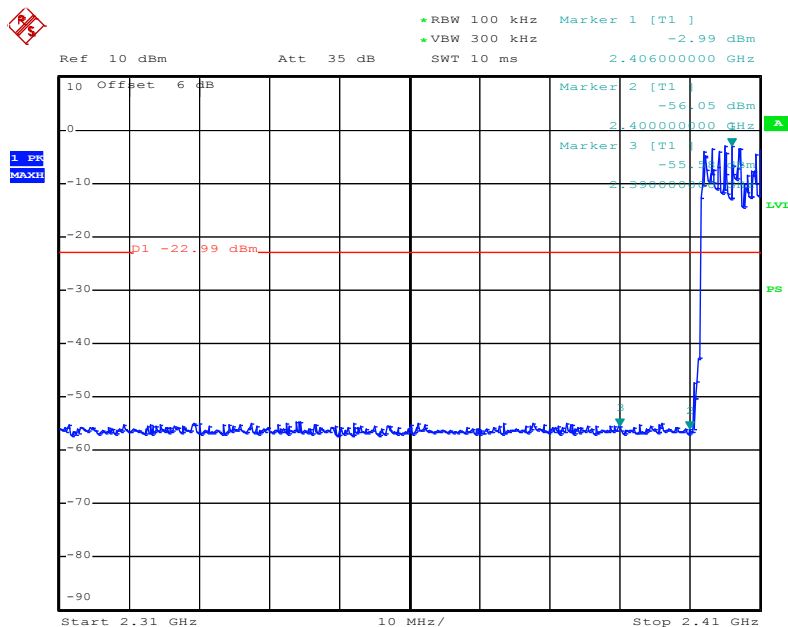
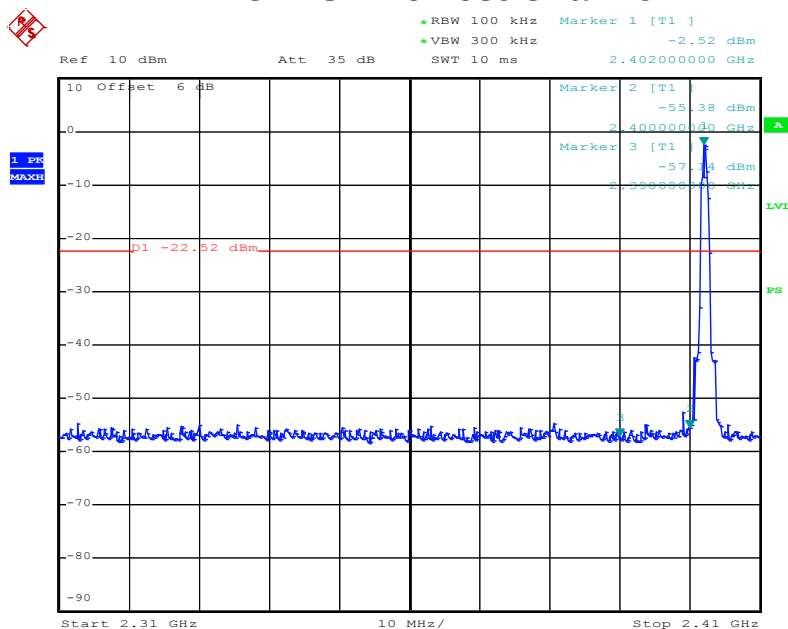
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Lowest Channel



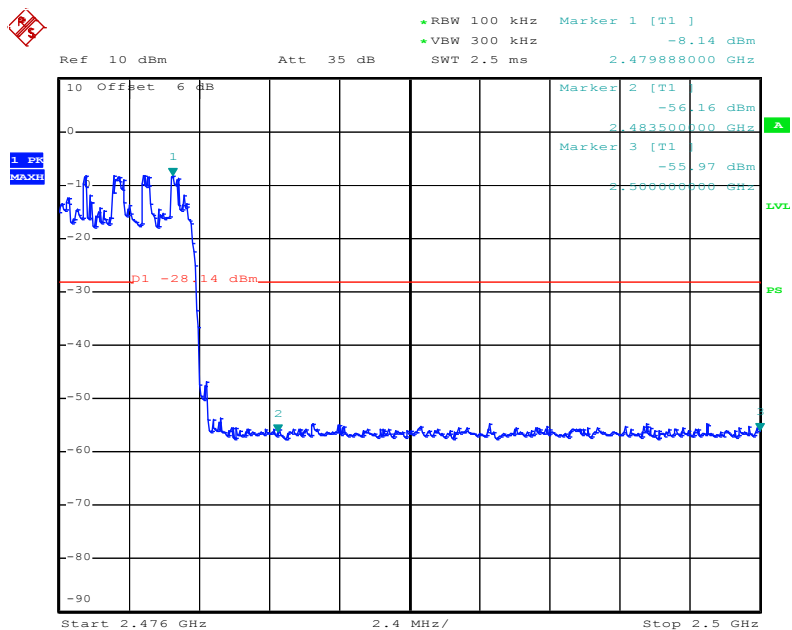
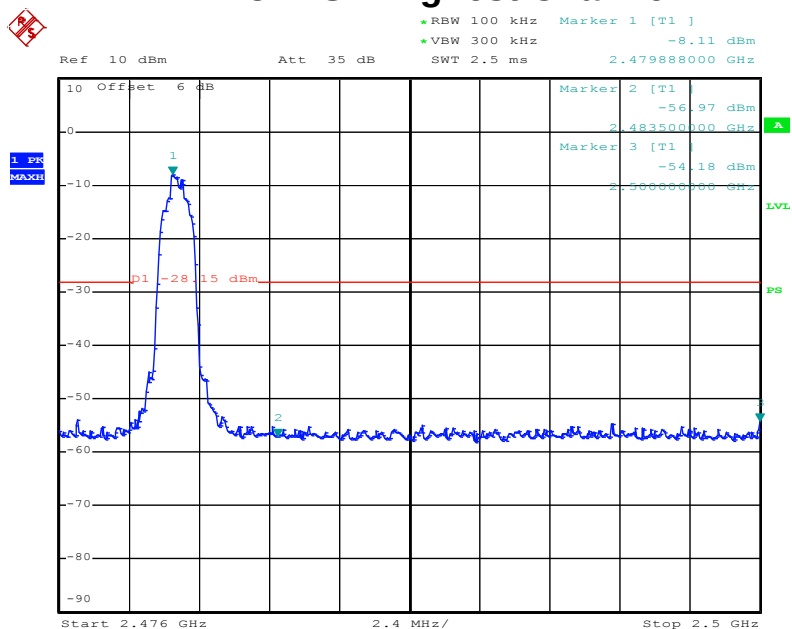
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Highest Channel



8DPSK Lowest Channel



8DPSK Highest Channel



12. ANTENNA APPLICATION

12.1 Antenna requirement

According to of FCC part 15C section 15.203 and 15.204:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1dB for every 3dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

12.2 Measurement Results

The antenna is chip antenna and no consideration of replacement, and the best case gain of the antenna is 1.8dBi. Therefore, the antenna is consider meet the requirement.

13. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Description	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI7	100837	9KHz~7GHz	Mar. 14, 2019	1 year
Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9162	9162-010	30MHz~7GHz	Mar. 23, 2019	1 year
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSU26	200409/026	20Hz~26.5GHz	Mar. 14, 2019	1 year
Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9020A	MY54200831	20Hz~26.5GHz	Apr. 24, 2019	1 year
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101003	10Hz~40GHz	Apr. 24, 2019	1 year
L.I.S.N	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH2-Z5	893606/014	9KHz~30MHz	Mar. 13, 2019	1 Year
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170	9170-372	15GHz~40GHz	Mar. 23, 2019	1 year
Pre-Amplifier	EMCI	EMC 184045	980102	18GHz~40GHz	Apr. 24, 2019	1 year
Power Sensor	DARE	RPR3006W	15I00041SN O64	100MHz~6GHz	Mar. 14, 2019	1 year
Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	149004	70MHz~6GHz	Mar. 14, 2019	1 year
Horn Antenna	COM-Power	AH-118	071078	500MHz~18GHz	Mar. 23, 2019	1 year
Pre-Amplifier	HP	HP 8449B	3008A00964	1GHz~26.5GHz	Mar. 14, 2019	1 year
Pre-Amplifier	HP	HP 8447D	1145A00203	100KHz~1.3GHz	Mar. 14, 2019	1 year
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1513	1513-272	9KHz~30MHz	Apr. 24, 2019	1 year
Temperature & Humidity Chamber	REMAFEE	SYHR225L	N/A	-40~150℃	Apr. 24, 2019	1 year
DC Source	MY	MY8811	N/A	0~30V	N/A	N/A
Temporary antenna connector	TESCOM	SS402	N/A	9KHz~25GHz	N/A	N/A
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1139001	100k-65GHz	Apr. 24, 2019	1 year
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	100345	300M-40GHz	Apr. 24, 2019	1 year
Test Software	EZ	EZ_EMC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: The temporary antenna connector is soldered on the PCB board in order to perform conducted tests and this temporary antenna connector is listed in the equipment list.

---END---