

# FCC PART 15 SUBPART C TEST REPORT

## FCC PART 15.247

Report Reference No.....: E-F160701001

FCC ID.....: 2AIXVWS10

ISED Certification Number . ....: 21656-WWS10

Compiled by  
( position+printed name+signature)...: File administrators Seal.Chen



Supervised by  
( position+printed name+signature)...: Project Engineer Seal.Chen



Approved by  
( position+printed name+signature)...: RF Manager Jackie.Deng



Date of issue.....: August 04, 2016

Testing Laboratory Name .....: Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited

Address .....: No. 22,JinQianLing Street 3, JiTiGang Village, Huang-Jiang Town, DongGuan, Guangdong, 523757 China

Applicant's name.....: Cloud DX Inc.

Address .....: 100 - 72 Victoria Street South Kitchener, ON N2G 4Y9,Canada

Test specification .....

Standard .....: FCC Part 15.247: Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz

RSS-247 Issue 1 / RSS-Gen Issue 4

TRF Originator.....: Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited

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Test item description .....: Wireless Weight Scale

Trade Mark .....: /

Manufacturer.....: SHENZHEN SMARTGUY TECHNOLOGY CO. LTD

Model/Type reference.....: WWS10

Listed Models .....: /

Modulation Type.....: GFSK

Operation Frequency.....: From 2402MHz to 2480MHz

Hardware version .....: SMG-GBF-BT908

Software version.....: V1.0

Rating .....: DC 4.50V

Result.....: **PASS**

**TEST REPORT**

<b>Test Report No. :</b> E-F1607010-01	August 04, 2016 Date of issue
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Equipment under Test : Wireless Weight Scale

Model /Type : WWS10

Listed Models : /

**Applicant** : **Cloud DX Inc.**

Address : 100 - 72 Victoria Street South Kitchener, ON N2G 4Y9,Canada

**Manufacturer** : **SHENZHEN SMARTGUY TECHNOLOGY CO. LTD**

Address : 5th Floor, No. 21 Xinghua Road, Xingwei Community, Fuyong Town, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

<b>Test Result:</b>	<b>PASS</b>
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.  
It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

**Revision History**

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1.0	2016-08-04	Initial Issue	Jackie Deng

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# **1 TEST STANDARDS**

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC Rules Part 15.247](#): Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz

[ANSI C63.10:2013](#): American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

[RSS-247-Issue 1](#): Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices.

[RSS-Gen Issue 4](#): General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

## 2 SUMMARY

### 2.1 General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	July 01, 2016
Testing commenced on	:	July 02, 2016
Testing concluded on	:	August 03, 2016

### 2.2 Product Description

The **Cloud DX Inc.**'s Model: WWS10 or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

Name of EUT	Wireless Weight Scale and Car Charger
Model Number	WWS10
BT Operation Frequency	2402-2480MHz
BT Modulation Type	GFSK
Antenna Type	Internal
Extreme temp. Tolerance	-30°C to +50°C
Extreme vol. Limits	4.00VDC to 5.00VDC (nominal: 4.50VDC)
Adapter information	/

### 2.3 Equipment Under Test

#### Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage	:	<input type="radio"/> 120V / 60 Hz	<input type="radio"/> 115V / 60Hz
		<input type="radio"/> 12 V DC	<input type="radio"/> 24 V DC
		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Other (specified in blank below)	

DC 4.50V

### 2.4 Description of the test mode

The application provider specific test software to control sample in continuous TX and RX (Duty Cycle >98%)

For testing meet ANSI C63.10:2013 test requirement.

The EUT has been tested under typical operating condition. The Applicant provides communication tools software to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode for testing. There are 40 channels of EUT, and the test carried out at the lowest channel, middle channel and highest channel

Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Channel	Frequency(MHz)
00	2402	20	2442
01	2404	21	2444
02	2406	22	2446
03	2408	23	2448
04	2410	24	2450
05	2412	25	2452
06	2414	26	2454
07	2416	27	2456
08	2418	28	2458
09	2420	29	2460
10	2422	30	2462
11	2424	31	2464
12	2426	32	2466
13	2428	33	2468

14	2430	34	2470
15	2432	35	2472
16	2434	36	2474
17	2436	37	2476
18	2438	38	2478
19	2440	39	2480

## 2.5 Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

### 2.5.1 Customized Configurations

#EUT Conf.	Signal Description	Operating Frequency
TM1_Ch00	GFSK modulation	Ch No. 00/2402MHz
TM1_Ch20	GFSK modulation	Ch No. 20/ 2442MHz
TM1_Ch39	GFSK modulation	Ch No. 39/ 2480MHz

## 2.6 Test Environments

NOTE: The values used in the test report maybe stringent than the declared.

Environment Parameter	Selected Values During Tests		
NTNV	Temperature	Voltage	Relative Humidity
	Ambient	4.50VDC	Ambient

## 2.7 EUT operation mode

The EUT has been tested under typical operating condition. The Applicant provides command

to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting (Duty Cycle >98%) and receiving mode for testing.

## 2.8 EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

● - supplied by the manufacturer

○ - supplied by the lab

<input type="radio"/>	Power Cable	Length (m) :	/
<input type="radio"/>		Shield :	/
<input type="radio"/>		Detachable :	/
<input type="radio"/>	Multimeter	Manufacturer :	/
<input type="radio"/>		Model No. :	/

## 2.9 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description
AE1	/

/

## 2.10 Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2AIXVWWS10** filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules & RSS 247.

## 2.11 Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

### 3 TEST ENVIRONMENT

#### 3.1 Address of the test laboratory

##### **Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited**

No. 22, JinQianLing Street 3, JiTiGang Village, Huang-Jiang Town, DongGuan, Guangdong, 523757 China

There is one 3m semi-anechoic chamber and two line conducted labs for final test. The Test Sites meet the requirements in documents ANSI C63.4, CISPR 22/EN 55022 and CISPR16-1-4:2010 SVSWR requirements.

#### 3.2 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

##### **CNAS- Registration No: L6177**

Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) technology Limited is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 general Requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories) on Apr.18, 2013

##### **FCC- Registration No: 248337**

The 3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber, 3m/10m Open Area Test Site and Shielding Room of Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited have been registered by Federal Communications Commission (FCC) on Aug.29, 2014.

##### **Industry Canada(IC)-Registration No: 6819A**

The 3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber and 3m/10m Open Area Test Site of Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited have been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing on Oct. 01, 2014.

##### **VCCI- Registration No: 2705**

The 3m/10m Open Area Test Site, Shielding Room and 3m Chamber of Dngguan Yaxu (AiT) technology Limited have been registered by Voluntary Control Council for Interference on Nov. 21, 2012. The Telecommunication Ports Conducted Disturbance Measurement of Asia Institute Technology (Dongguan) Limited have been registered by Voluntary Control Council for Interference on May. 13, 2013.

#### 3.3 Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	<u>15-35 ° C</u>
Humidity:	<u>30-60 %</u>
Atmospheric pressure:	<u>950-1050mbar</u>

#### 3.4 Test Description

Test Item	FCC Part No.	Requirements	Verdict
DTS (6 dB) Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2) RSS 247 5.2 (1)	≥ 500 kHz.	PASS
Emission Bandwidth (99%)	2.1049 RSS Gen 6.6	No limits	PASS
Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	15.247(b)(3) RSS 247 5.4 (4)	For directional gain: < 30dBm – (G[dBi] –6 [dB]), peak; Otherwise : < 30dBm, peak.	PASS
Maximum Power Spectral Density Level	15.247(e)/ RSS 247 5.2 (2)	For directional gain : < 8dBm/3 kHz – (G[dBi] –6[dB]), peak. Otherwise : < 8dBm/3 kHz, peak.	PASS
Band Edges Compliance	15.247(d) RSS-Gen 8.10	< -20dBm/100 kHz if total peak power ≤ power limit.	PASS
Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands	15.247(d) RSS-Gen	< -20dBm/100 kHz if total peak power ≤ power limit.	PASS
Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands	15.247(d) 15.209	< -20dBm/100 kHz if total peak power ≤ power limit.	PASS



(Conducted)	RSS 247 5.5		
Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands (Radiated)	15.247(d) 15.209 RSS-Gen 8.9	FCC Part 15.209 field strength limit;	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	15.207 RSS-Gen 8.8	FCC Part 15.207 conducted limit;	N/A

Remark: The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.

### 3.5 Summary of measurement results

Test Specification clause	Test case	Test Mode	Test Channel	Recorded In Report		Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
§15.247(b)(4) RSS-Gen	Antenna gain	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.247(e) RSS 247 5.2 (2)	Power spectral density	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.247(a)(1) RSS 247 5.2 (1)	Spectrum bandwidth – 6 dB bandwidth	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§2.1049 RSS Gen 6.6	Occupied bandwidth –99% bandwidth	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.247(b)(1) RSS 247 5.4 (4)	Maximum output power	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.247(d) RSS-Gen 8.10	Band edge compliance conducted	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.205 RSS-Gen 8.10	Band edge compliance radiated	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.247(d) RSS 247 5.5	TX spurious emissions conducted	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.247(d) RSS-Gen 8.9	TX spurious emissions radiated	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	GFSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lowest <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Highest	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.109 RSS-Gen 8.9	RX spurious emissions radiated	-/-	-/-	-/-	-/-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.209(a) RSS-Gen 8.9	TX spurious Emissions radiated < 30 MHz	GFSK	-/-	GFSK	-/-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§15.107(a) §15.207 RSS-Gen 8.8	Conducted Emissions < 30 MHz	GFSK	-/-	GFSK	-/-	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not applicable for DC power!

Remark:

1. The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.
2. NA = Not Applicable; NP = Not Performed

### 3.6 Test Conditions

Test Case	Test Conditions	
	Configuration	Description
DTS (6 dB) Bandwidth	Measurement Method	ANSI C63.10:2013 §11.8.2 Option 2
	Test Environment	NTNV
	EUT Configuration	TM1_Ch00, TM1_Ch20, TM1_Ch39
Occupied bandwidth	Measurement Method	ANSI C63.10:2013 § 6.9.3

-99% bandwidth	Test Environment	NTNV
	EUT Configuration	TM1_ Ch00, TM1_ Ch20, TM1_ Ch39
Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Measurement Method	ANSI C63.10:2013 §11.9.1.1
	Test Environment	NTNV
	EUT Configuration	TM1_ Ch00, TM1_ Ch20, TM1_ Ch39
	Measurement Method	ANSI C63.10:2013 §11.10.2 (peak PSD).
Maximum Power Spectral Density Level	Test Environment	NTNV
	EUT Configuration	TM1_ Ch00, TM1_ Ch20, TM1_ Ch39
Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands	Measurement Method	ANSI C63.10:2013 §11.11
	Test Environment	NTNV
	EUT Configuration	TM1_ Ch00, TM1_ Ch39
Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands (Conducted)	Measurement Method	ANSI C63.10:2013 §11.12.2, Conducted (antenna-port).
	Test Environment	NTNV
	EUT Configuration	TM1_ Ch00, TM1_ Ch20, TM1_ Ch39

Unwanted Emissions into Restricted	Measurement Method	ANSI C63.10:2013 §12.12.1, Radiated (cabinet/case emissions with Impedance matching for antenna-port).
	EUT Configuration	TM1_ Ch00, TM1_ Ch20, TM1_ Ch39

Note: For Radiated Emissions, By preliminary testing and verifying three axis (X, Y and Z) position of EUT transmitted status, it was found that "Z axis" position was the worst, then the final test was executed the worst condition and test data were recorded in this report.

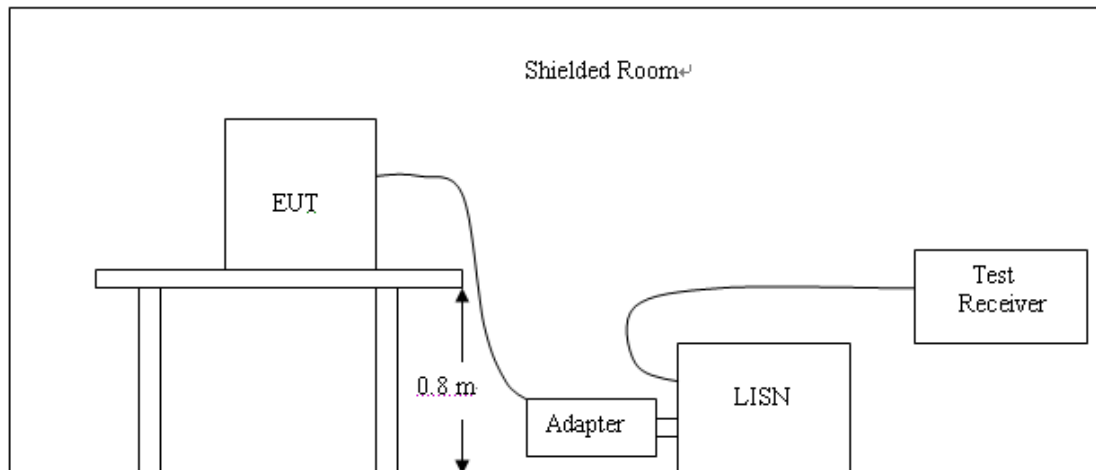
### 3.7 Equipments Used during the Test

No	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
1	Spectrum Analyzer	ADVANTEST	R3182	150900201	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
2	EMI Measuring Receiver	R&S	ESR	101660	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
3	Low Noise Pre Amplifier	Tsj	MLA-10K01-B01-27	1205323	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
4	Low Noise Pre Amplifier	Tsj	MLA-0120-A02-34	2648A04738	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
5	TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9160	9160-3206	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
6	Broadband Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	452	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
7	SHF-EHF Horn	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	BBHA9170367	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
8	50Ω Coaxial Switch	Anritsu	MP59B	6200264416	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
9	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100124	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
10	LISN	Kyoritsu	KNW-242	8-837-4	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
11	LISN	Kyoritsu	KNW-407	8-1789-3	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
12	50Ω Coaxial Switch	Anritsu	MP59B	6200264417	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
13	Loop Antenna	ARA	PLA-1030/B	1029	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
14	Radiated Cable 1# (30MHz-1GHz)	FUJIKURA	5D-2W	01	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
15	Radiated Cable 2# (1GHz -25GHz)	FUJIKURA	10D2W	02	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
16	Conducted Cable 1#(9KHz-30MHz)	FUJIKURA	1D-2W	01	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
17	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	N/A	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
18	Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	N/A	2016/06/29	2017/06/28
19	Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49430428	2016/06/07	2017/06/06

## 4 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

### 4.1 AC Power Conducted Emission

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system; a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10-2013.
2. Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10-2013
3. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10-2013
4. The EUT received DC5V power from the USB port, the adapter received AC120V/60Hz power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
5. All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any.
6. The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
7. Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 KHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.

#### AC Power Conducted Emission Limit

For intentional device, according to § 15.207(a) AC Power Conducted Emission Limits is as following:

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum RF Line Voltage (dBµV)			
	CLASS A		CLASS B	
	Q.P.	Ave.	Q.P.	Ave.
0.15 - 0.50	79	66	66-56*	56-46*
0.50 - 5.00	73	60	56	46
5.00 - 30.0	73	60	60	50

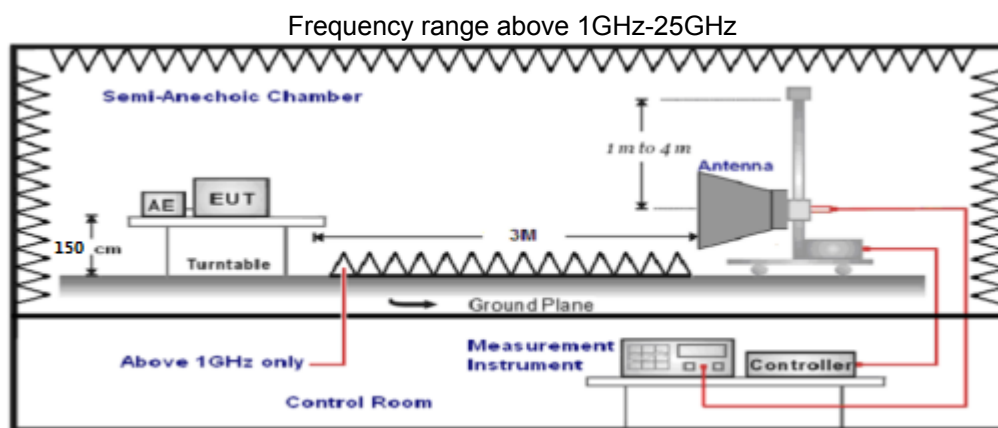
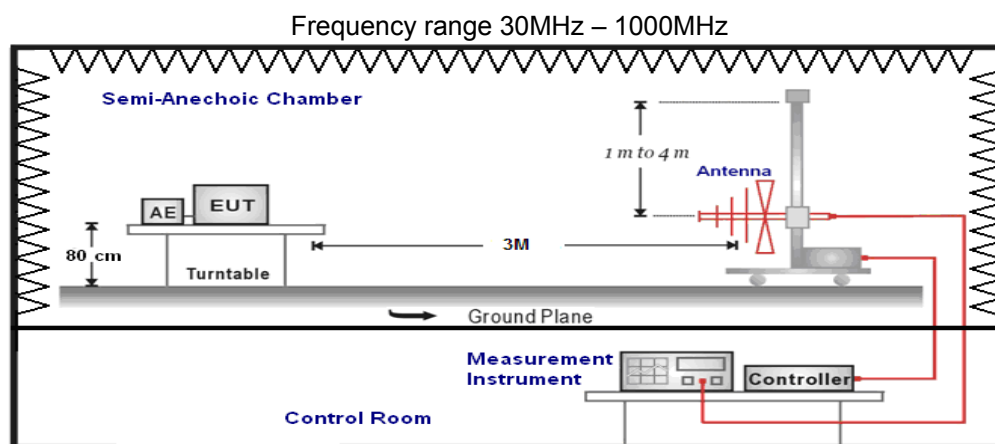
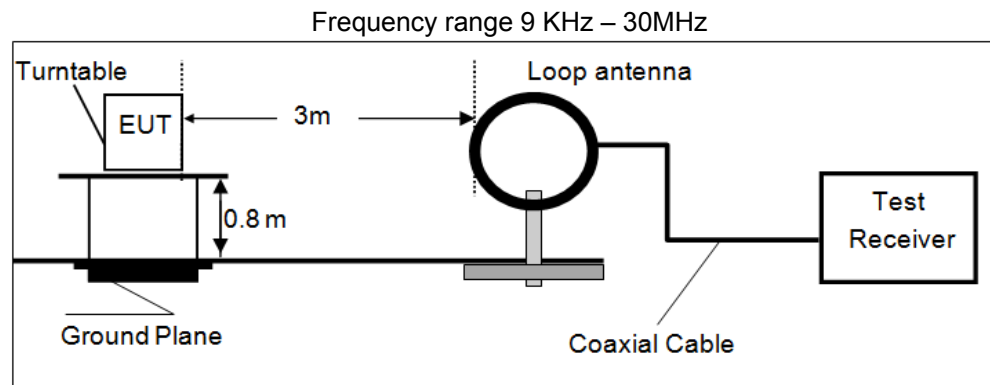
\* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

#### TEST RESULTS

The EUT is powered by DC Battery, So this test item is not applicable for the EUT.

## 4.2 Radiated Emissions

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane for below 1GHz and 1.50m above ground plane for above 1GHz.
2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0° to 360° to acquire the highest emissions from EUT.
3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed.
5. The EUT minimum operation frequency was 26 MHz and maximum operation frequency was 2480MHz. so radiated emission test frequency band from 9 KHz to 25GHz.
6. The distance between test antenna and EUT as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Antenna Type	Test Distance
9KHz-30MHz	Active Loop Antenna	3
30MHz-1GHz	Ultra-Broadband Antenna	3

1GHz-18GHz	Double Ridged Horn Antenna	3
18GHz-25GHz	Horn Antenna	1

7. Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Receiver/Spectrum Setting	Detector
9KHz-150KHz	RBW=200Hz/VBW=3KHz, Sweep time=Auto	QP
150KHz-30MHz	RBW=9KHz/VBW=100KHz, Sweep time=Auto	QP
30MHz-1GHz	RBW=120KHz/VBW=1000KHz, Sweep time=Auto	QP
1GHz-40GHz	Peak Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz, Sweep time=Auto	Peak
	Average Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz, Sweep time=Auto	Peak

More procedure as follows;

### 1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz

#### Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

#### Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.0 meter.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

#### Final measurement:

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QP detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

### 2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz

#### Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

#### Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 to 4 meter.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ( $\pm 45^\circ$ ) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.
- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.

--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

### 3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

#### Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

#### Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ( $\pm 45^\circ$ ) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

### 4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

#### Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 1 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

#### Premeasurement:

- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

#### Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

### Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CL - AG$$

Where FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain

AF = Antenna Factor	
---------------------	--

For example

Frequency (MHz)	FS (dBμV/m)	RA (dBμV/m)	AF (dB)	CL (dB)	AG (dB)	Transd (dB)
300.00	40	58.1	12.2	1.6	31.90	-18.1

$$\text{Transd} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$

### **RADIATION LIMIT**

For intentional device, according to § 15.209(a) and RSS-Gen, the general requirement of field strength of radiated emission out of authorized band shall not exceed the following table at a 3 meters measurement distance.

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a) and RSS-Gen, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) and RSS-Gen

The pre-test have done for the EUT in three axes and found the worst emission at position shown in test setup photos.

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dBμV/m)	Radiated (μV/m)
0.009-0.49	300	$20\log(2400/F(\text{KHz}))+80$	$2400/F(\text{KHz})$
0.49-1.705	30	$20\log(24000/F(\text{KHz}))+40$	$24000/F(\text{KHz})$
1.705-30	30	$20\log(30)+40$	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

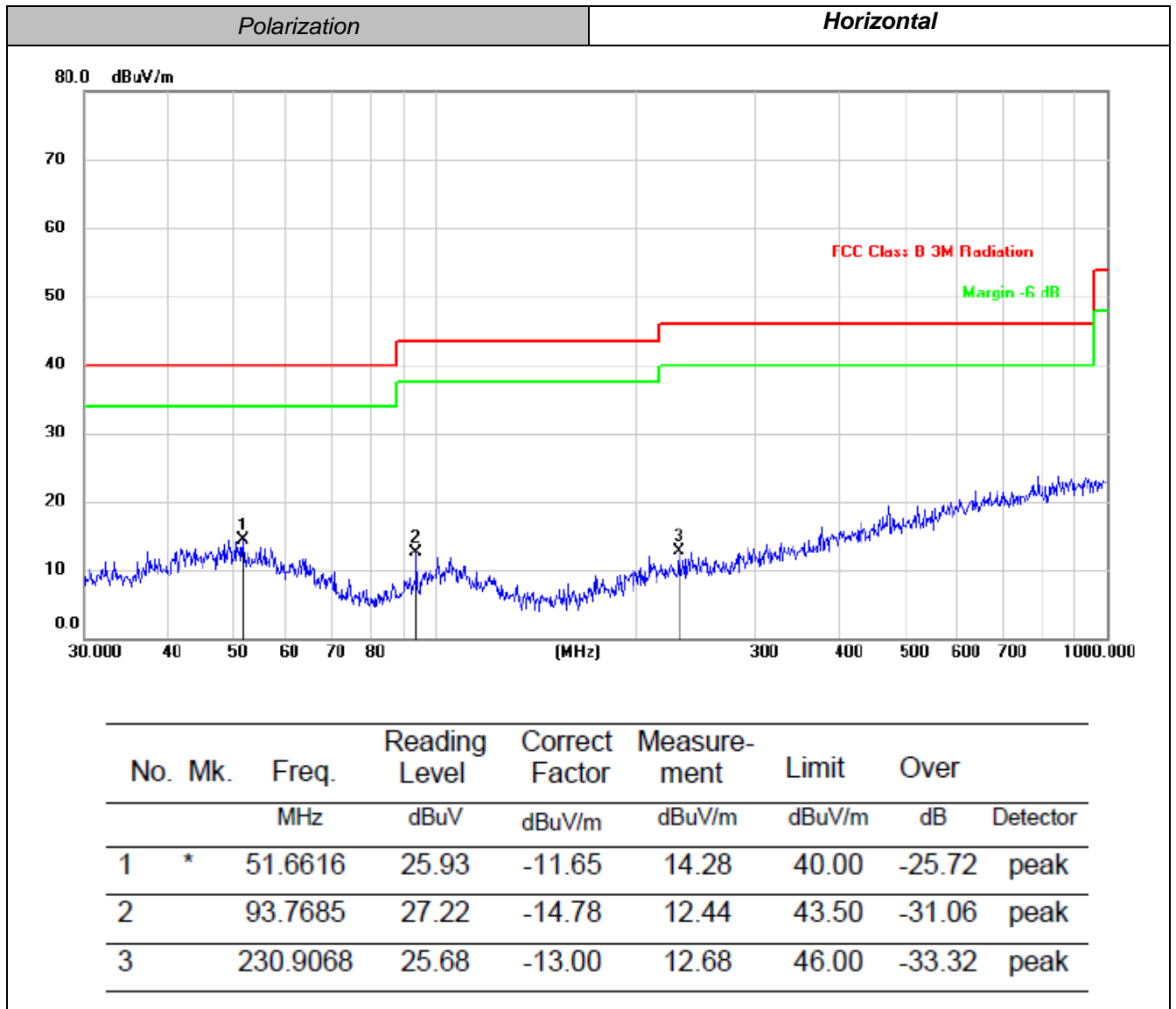
### **TEST RESULTS**

Remark:

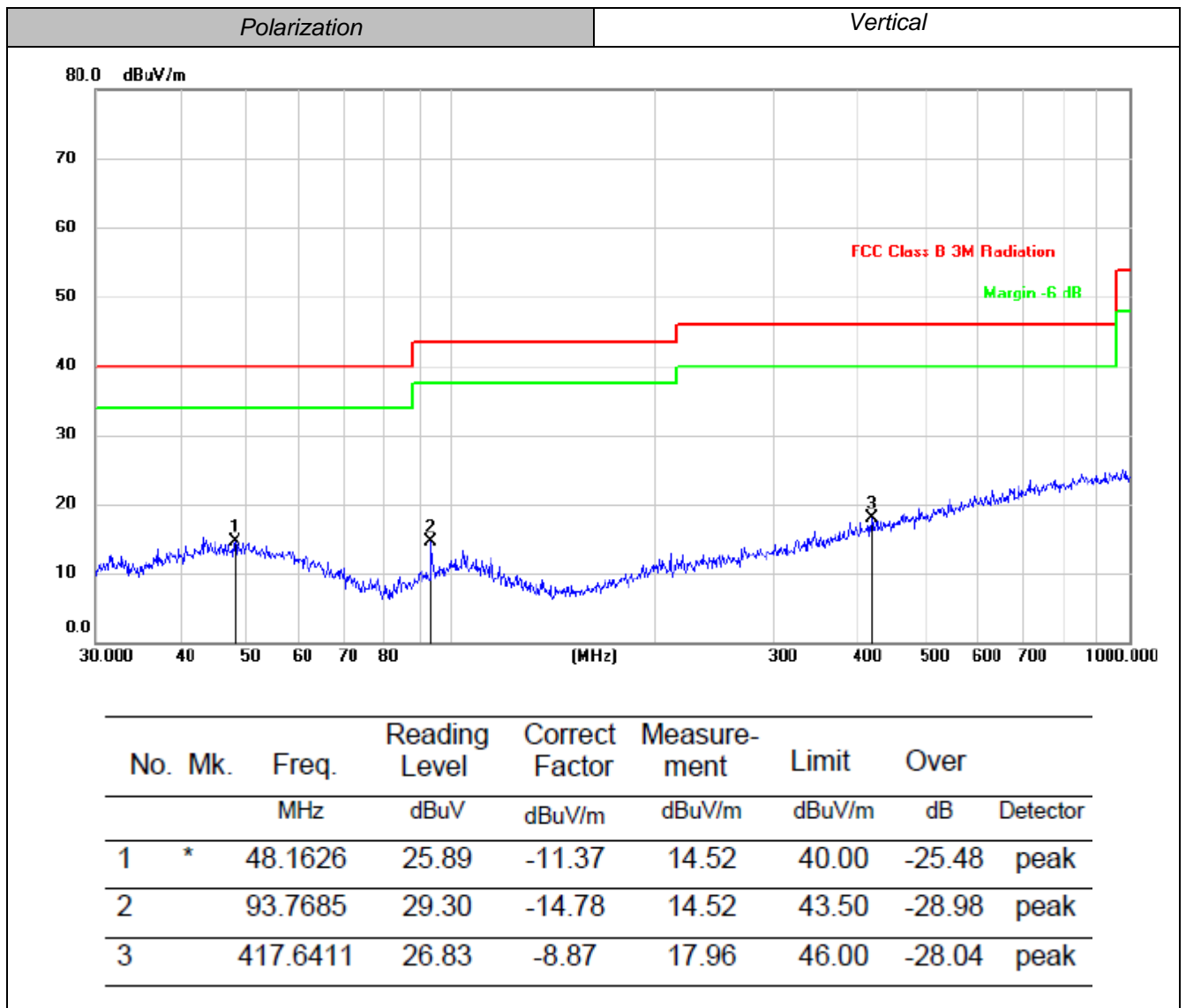
1. The radiated measurement are performed the each channel (low/mid/high), the datum recorded below is the worst case for all test channels.
2. ULTRA-BROADBAND ANTENNA for the radiation emission test below 1G.
3. HORN ANTENNA for the radiation emission test above 1G.
4. "----" means not recorded as emission levels lower than limit.
5. Margin= Emission Level - Limit

#### ***For 9KHz to 30MHz***

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Reading (dBμV/m)@3m	FCC Limit (dBμV/m) @3m	Margin (dB)	Detector	Result
12.58	46.95	69.54	-22.59	QP	PASS
20.45	47.48	69.54	-22.06	QP	PASS

*For 30MHz to 1000MHz*





**For 1GHz to 25GHz**

Frequency(MHz):				2402		Polarity:			HORIZONTAL	
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	4804.00	51.30	PK	74.00	22.70	46.79	33.49	6.91	35.89	4.51
1	4804.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
2	5075.85	44.91	PK	74.00	29.09	37.85	34.25	7.08	34.26	7.06
2	5075.85	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
3	7206.00	47.09	PK	74.00	26.91	35.98	36.95	9.18	35.03	11.11
3	7206.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--

Frequency(MHz):				2402		Polarity:			VERTICAL	
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	4804.00	51.05	PK	74.00	22.95	46.54	33.49	6.91	35.89	4.51
1	4804.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
2	5075.50	47.43	PK	74.00	26.57	40.37	34.24	7.08	34.26	7.06
2	5075.50	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
3	7206.00	48.73	PK	74.00	25.27	37.62	36.95	9.18	35.03	11.11
3	7206.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--

**REMARKS:**

1. Emission level (dBuV/m) =Raw Value (dBuV)+Correction Factor (dB/m)
2. Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m)+Cable Factor (dB)-Pre-amplifier Factor
3. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value
4. -- Mean the PK detector measured value is below average limit.
5. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
6. RBW=1MHz VBW=3MHz Peak detector is for PK value; RBW=1MHz VBW=10Hz Peak detector is for AV value.

Frequency(MHz):				2440		Polarity:			HORIZONTAL	
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	4884.00	52.39	PK	74.00	21.61	46.03	33.60	6.95	34.19	6.36
1	4884.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
2	5125.60	47.84	PK	74.00	26.16	40.52	34.38	7.10	34.16	7.32
2	5125.60	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
3	7326.00	49.57	PK	74.00	24.43	37.88	37.46	9.23	35.00	11.69
3	7326.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--

Frequency(MHz):				2440		Polarity:			VERTICAL	
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	4880.00	50.09	PK	74.00	23.91	43.73	33.60	6.95	34.19	6.36
1	4880.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
2	5275.50	48.34	PK	74.00	25.66	40.61	34.62	7.19	34.07	7.73
2	5275.50	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
3	7320.00	48.84	PK	74.00	25.16	37.15	37.46	9.23	35.00	11.69
3	7320.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--

## REMARKS:

1. Emission level (dBuV/m) =Raw Value (dBuV)+Correction Factor (dB/m)
2. Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m)+Cable Factor (dB)-Pre-amplifier Factor
3. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value
4. -- Mean the PK detector measured value is below average limit.
5. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
6. RBW=1MHz VBW=3MHz Peak detector is for PK value; RBW=1MHz VBW=10Hz Peak detector is for AV value.

Frequency(MHz):				2480		Polarity:			HORIZONTAL	
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	4960.00	52.36	PK	74.00	21.64	45.77	33.84	7.00	34.25	6.59
1	4960.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
2	5215.50	47.73	PK	74.00	26.27	40.33	34.56	7.15	34.31	7.40
2	5215.50	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
3	7440.00	47.00	PK	74.00	27.00	35.05	37.64	9.28	34.97	11.95
3	7440.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--

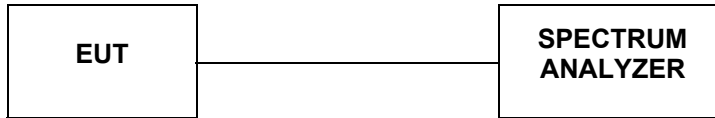
Frequency(MHz):				2480		Polarity:			VERTICAL	
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Factor (dB)	Pre-amplifier (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	4960.00	51.85	PK	74.00	22.15	45.26	33.84	7.00	34.25	6.59
1	4960.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
2	5115.50	47.34	PK	74.00	26.66	40.15	34.36	7.10	34.27	7.19
2	5115.50	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--
3	7440.00	47.24	PK	74.00	26.76	35.29	37.64	9.28	34.97	11.95
3	7440.00	--	AV	54.00	--	--	--	--	--	--

## REMARKS:

1. Emission level (dBuV/m) =Raw Value (dBuV)+Correction Factor (dB/m)
2. Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m)+Cable Factor (dB)-Pre-amplifier Factor
3. Margin value = Emission level - Limit value.
4. -- Mean the PK detector measured value is below average limit.
5. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
6. RBW=1MHz VBW=3MHz Peak detector is for PK value; RBW=1MHz VBW=10Hz Peak detector is for AV value.

### 4.3 Duty Cycle

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### LIMIT

The Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement is 30dBm.

Preferably, all measurements of maximum conducted (average) output power will be performed with the EUT transmitting continuously (i.e., with a duty cycle of greater than or equal to 98%).

When continuous transmission cannot be achieved and sweep triggering/signal gating cannot be implemented, alternate procedures are provided that can be used to measure the average power; however, they will require an additional measurement of the transmitter duty cycle. Within this guidance document, the duty cycle refers to the fraction of time over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level. The duty cycle is considered to be constant if variations are less than  $\pm 2$  percent, otherwise the duty cycle is considered to be non-constant.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

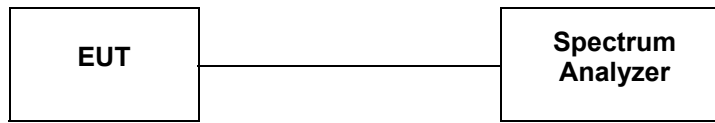
- a. A diode detector and an oscilloscope that together have sufficiently short response time to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.
- b. The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set  $RBW \geq OBW$  if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set  $VBW \geq RBW$ . Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$  and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 16.7$  microseconds.)

#### TEST RESULTS

The Manufacturer provide specific test software to setup 100% continuous transmit for Lower Energy Bluetooth.

## 4.4 Maximum Peak Output Power

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

According to ANSI C63.10:2013 Measurement Guidance Section 11.9.1 Maximum peak conducted output power, 9.1.1.

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

- a) Set the RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth.
- b) Set VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- c) Set span  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

### LIMIT

The Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement is 30dBm.

### TEST RESULTS

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Peak Power (dBm)	Limits (dBm)	Verdict
GFSK-BLE	00	2402	-3.965	30	PASS
	20	2442	-4.131		
	39	2480	-4.483		

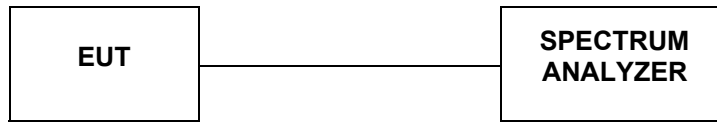
Remark:

1. Test results including cable loss;
2. please refer to following plots;

**Maximum Peak Output Power**

## 4.5 Power Spectral Density

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

According to ANSI C63.10:2013 Method PKPSD (peak PSD) this procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance, and is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance.

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .
4. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \text{ RBW}$ .
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### LIMIT

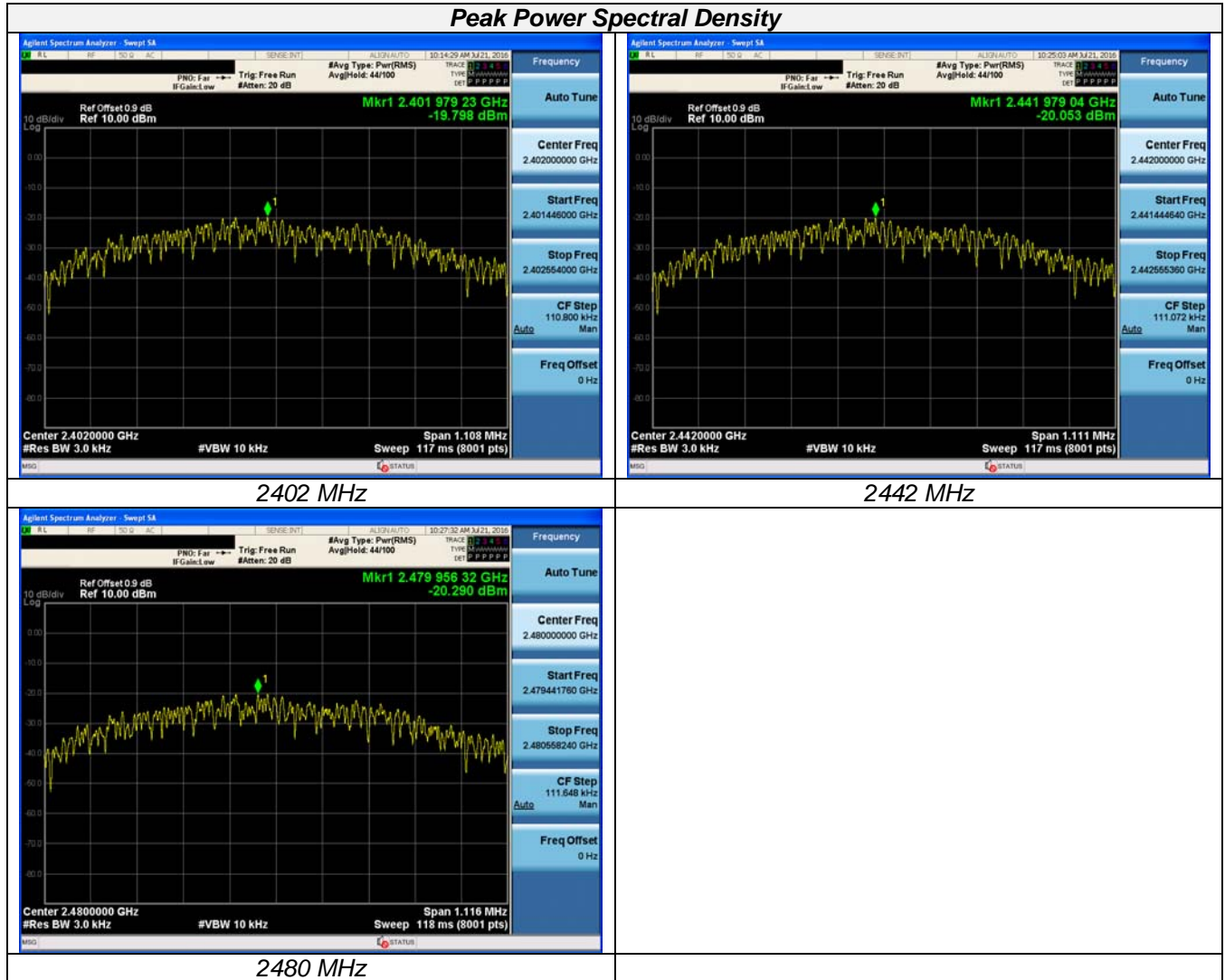
For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

### TEST RESULTS

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (dBm/3KHz)	Limits (dBm/3KHz)	Verdict
GFSK-BLE	00	2402	-19.798	8	PASS
	20	2442	-20.053		
	39	2480	-20.290		

Remark:

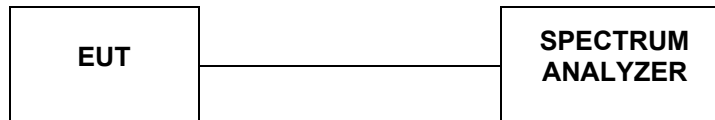
1. Test results including cable loss;
2. please refer to following plots;

**Peak Power Spectral Density**



## 4.6 6dB Bandwidth

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with RBW=100 KHz and VBW=300KHz.

The 6dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 6dB. According to ANSI C63.10:2013 for one of the following procedures may be used to determine the modulated DTS device signal bandwidth.

1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3$  RBW.
3. Detector = Peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

### LIMIT

For digital modulation systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### TEST RESULTS

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (MHz)	Verdict
GFSK-BLE	00	2402	0.6925	$\geq 0.5000$	PASS
	20	2442	0.6942		
	39	2480	0.6978		

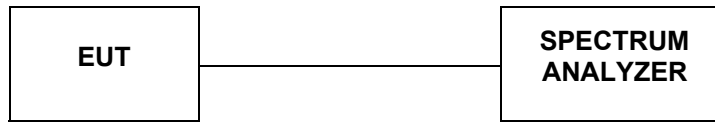
Remark:

1. Test results including cable loss;
2. please refer to following plots;

**6 dB Bandwidth**

## 4.7 Occupied Bandwidth – 99% Bandwidth

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

1. The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.
2. The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
3. Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than  $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$  below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
4. Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.
5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
6. Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
7. If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.
8. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

### LIMIT

Not limits, only for Emission Designator.

### TEST RESULTS

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (MHz)	Verdict
GFSK-BLE	00	2402	1.0475	No Limits	PASS
	20	2442	1.0495		
	39	2480	1.0490		

Remark:

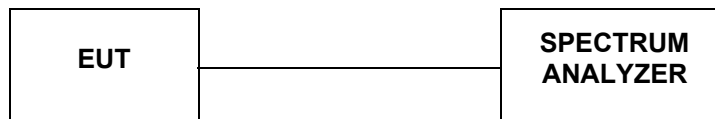
1. Test results including cable loss;
2. please refer to Section 4.6 measure plots;

## 4.8 Band-edge Measurements for Radiated Emissions

### TEST REQUIREMENT

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a)/ RSS-Gen is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a)/ RSS-Gen, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a)/ RSS-Gen (see §15.205(c)).

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

According to ANSI C63.10:2013 for Antenna-port conducted measurement. Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, for Radiated emissions restricted band RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for peak detector and RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz for Peak detector.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
6. Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency (see 12.2.2, 12.2.3, and 12.2.4 for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
7. Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see 12.2.5 for guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
8. Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies  $\leq 30$  MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies  $> 1000$  MHz).
9. For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
10. Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:  

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB $\mu$ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

11. Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.
12. Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable regulatory limit.

13. Perform radiated spurious emission test dures until all measured frequencies were complete.

#### **LIMIT**

Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.

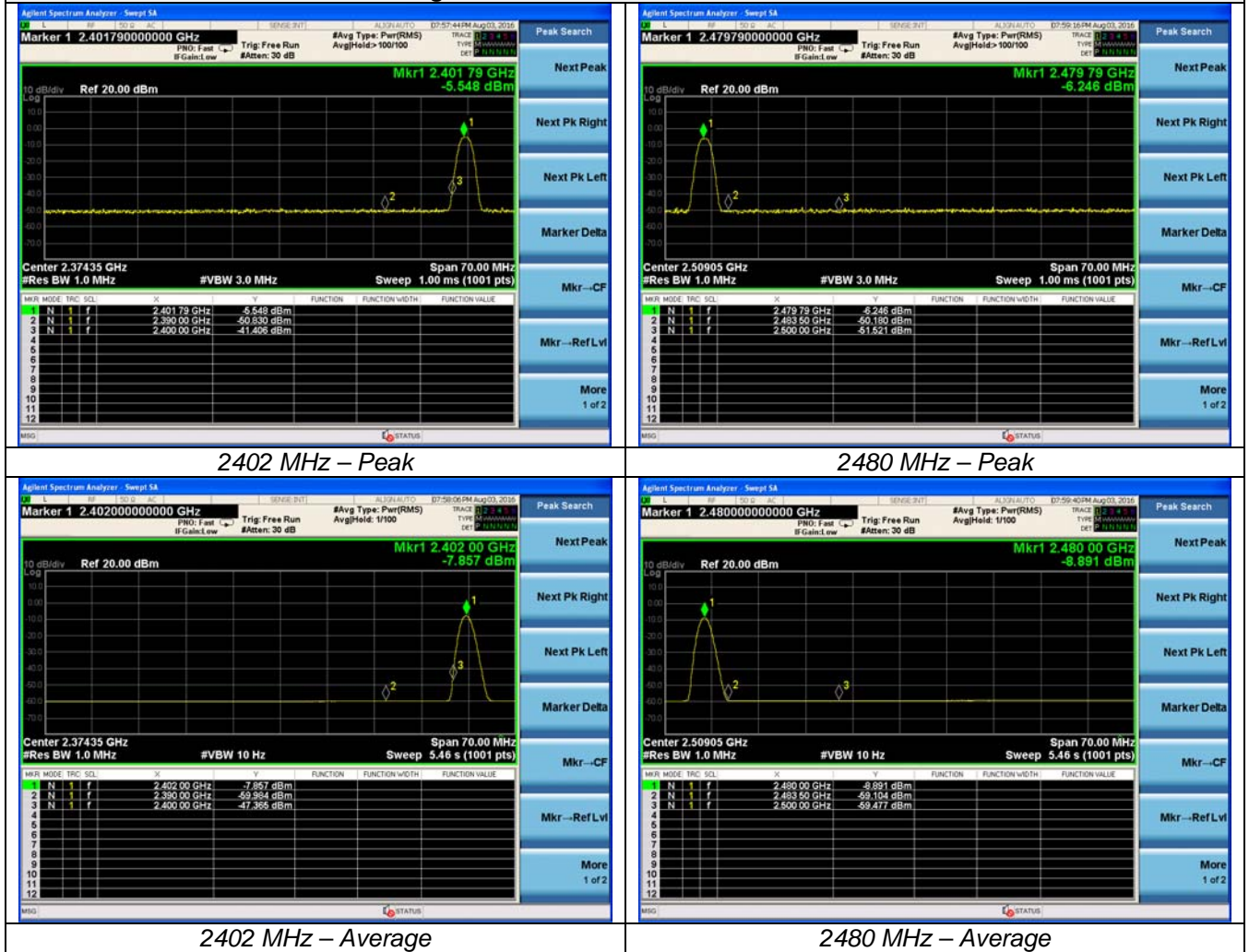
Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a)

#### **TEST RESULTS**

<b>GFSK – BLE</b>								
<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Conducted Power (dBm)</b>	<b>Cable loss (dBi)</b>	<b>Antenna Gain (dBi)</b>	<b>Ground Reflection Factor (dB)</b>	<b>Covert Radiated E Level At 3m (dBuV/m)</b>	<b>Detector</b>	<b>Limit (dBuV/m)</b>	<b>Verdict</b>
2390.000	-50.830	0.9	2.00	0.00	47.328	Peak	74.00	PASS
2390.000	-59.984	0.9	2.00	0.00	38.174	AV	54.00	PASS
2483.500	-50.180	0.9	2.00	0.00	47.978	Peak	74.00	PASS
2483.500	-59.104	0.9	2.00	0.00	39.054	AV	54.00	PASS

*Remark:*

1. *Test results without cable loss;*
2. *“---” means that the fundamental frequency not for 15.209 limits requirement.*
3. *please refer to following plots;*

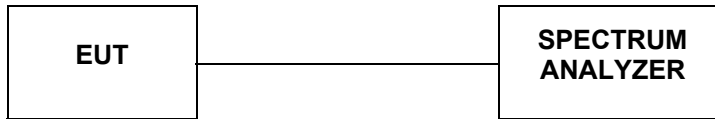
**Band-edge Measurements for Radiated Emissions**

## 4.9 Band-edge Measurements for RF Conducted Emissions

### LIMIT

1. Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.
2. Fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205/ RSS-Gen. The maximum permitted average field strength is listed in section 15.209/ RSS-Gen.

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

According to ANSI C63.10:2013 for Antenna-port conducted measurement.

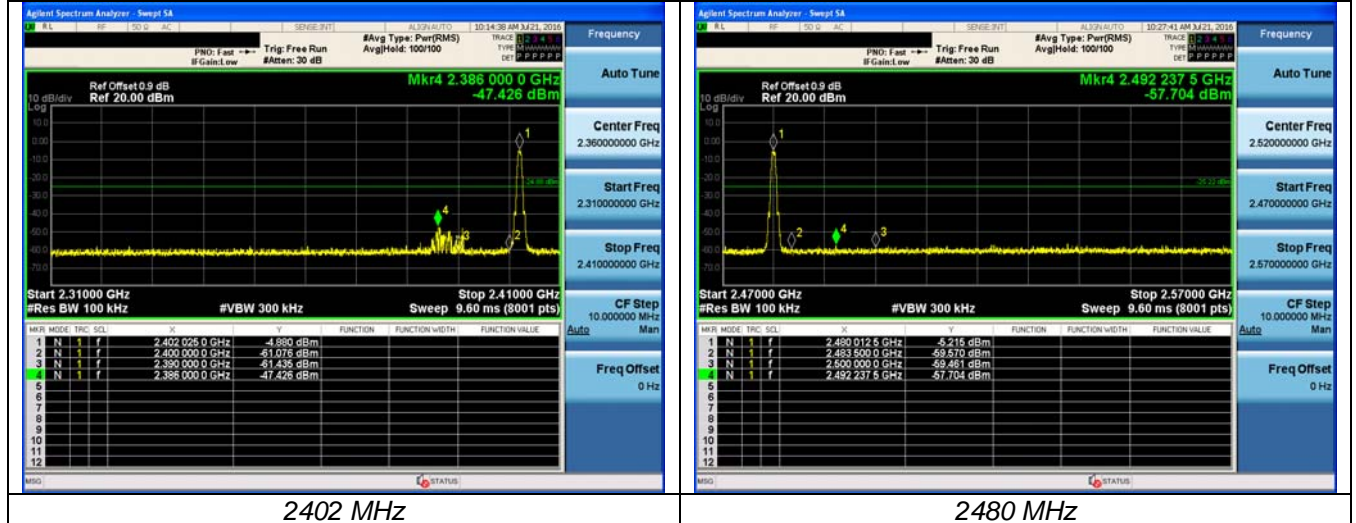
1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge,
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
6. Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency (see 12.2.2, 12.2.3, and 12.2.4 for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).

### TEST RESULTS

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conductd Band-edge Emission (dBc)	Limits (dBc)	Verdict
GFSK-BLE	00	2402	<-20dBc	-20	PASS
	39	2480	<-20dBc	-20	

Remark:

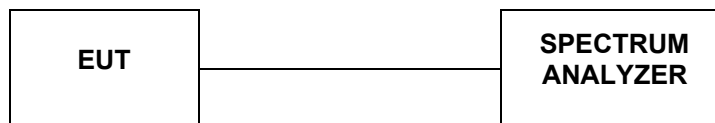
1. Test results including cable loss;
2. “---” means that the fundamental frequency not for 15.209 limits requirement.
3. please refer to following plots;

**Band-edge Measurements for RF Conducted Emissions**



## 4.10 Spurious RF Conducted Emission

### TEST CONFIGURATION



### TEST PROCEDURE

The Spurious RF conducted emissions compliance of RF radiated emission should be measured by following the guidance in ANSI C63.10-2013 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization etc. Set RBW=100 kHz and VBW= 300 KHz to measure the peak field strength, and measure frequency range from 9 KHz to 25GHz.

### LIMIT

1. Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.
2. Fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. The maximum permitted average field strength is listed in section 15.209.

### TEST RESULTS

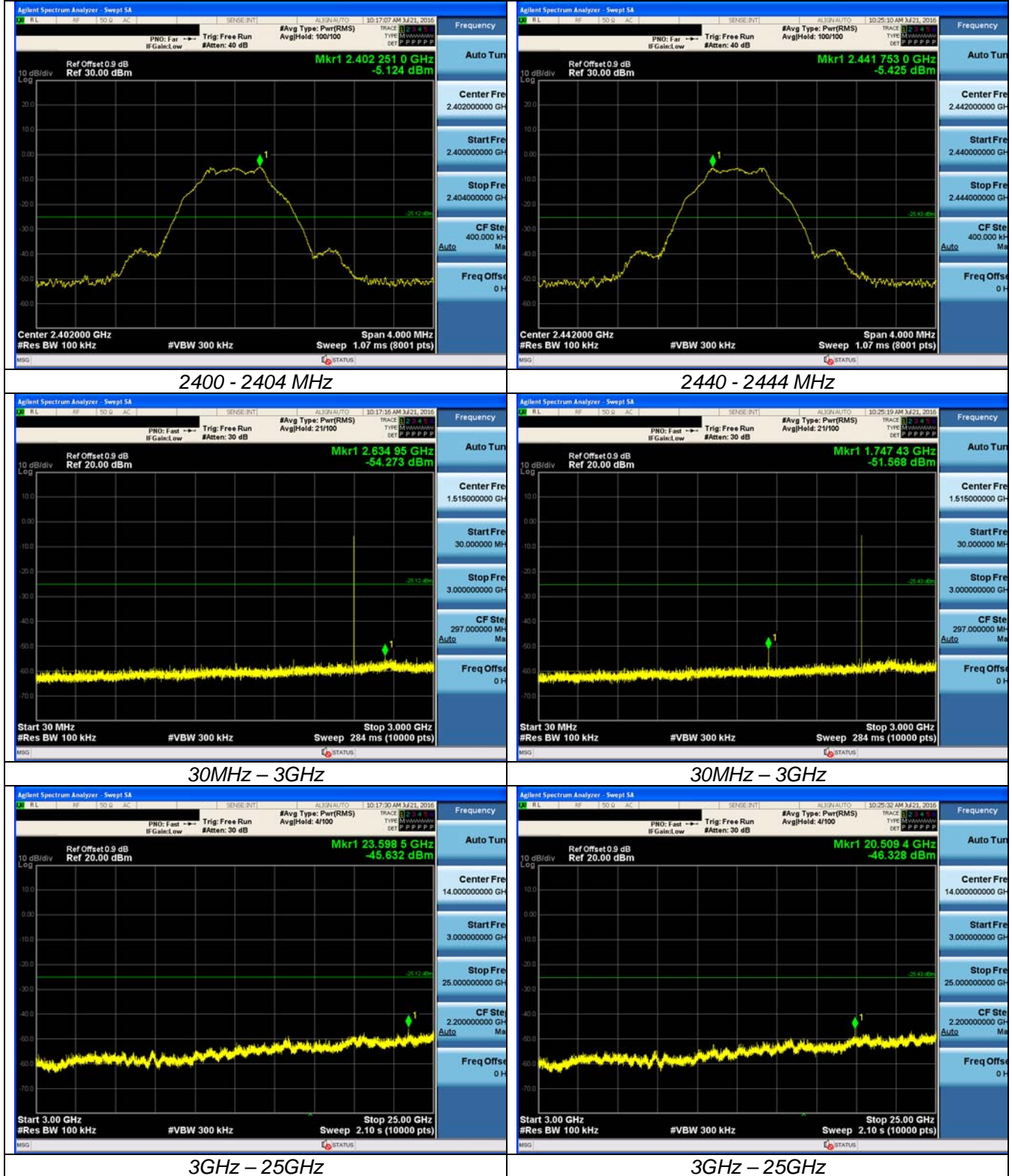
1. Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.
2. Fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. The maximum permitted average field strength is listed in section 15.209.

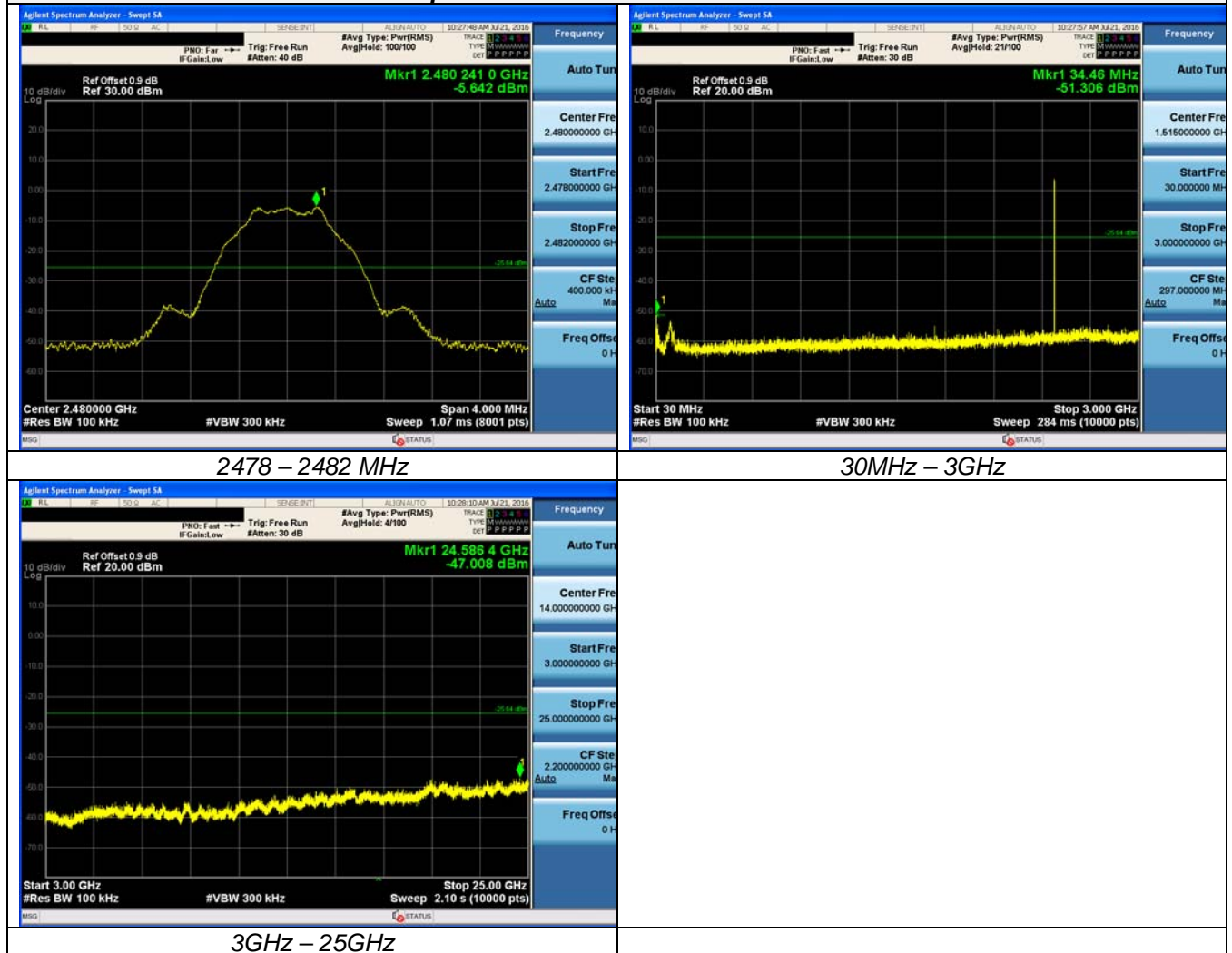
### TEST RESULTS

Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Spurious RF Conducted Emission (dBc)	Limits (dBc)	Verdict
GFSL-BLE	00	2402	<-20dBc	-20	PASS
	20	2442	<-20dBc	-20	
	39	2480	<-20dBc	-20	

#### *Remark:*

1. Test results including cable loss;
2. “---“ means that the fundamental frequency not for 15.209 limits requirement.
3. please refer to following plots;
4. the data below 30MHz is background, So we do not record it .

**Spurious RF Conducted Emissions**

**Spurious RF Conducted Emissions**

## 4.11 Antenna Requirement

### Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203 and RSS-Gen, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (c) and RSS-Gen, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

### Refer to statement below for compliance

The manufacturer may design the unit so that the user can replace a broken antenna, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed.

### Measurement

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Conducted power refer ANSI C63.10 :2013 Section 11.9 Output power test procedure for DTS devices

Radiated power refer to ANSI C63.10 :2013 Section 6.6.4 Radiated emissions tests.

### Measurement parameters

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1MHz
Video bandwidth:	3MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max hold

### Limits

FCC	IC
Antenna Gain	
6 dBi	

### Results

T <sub>nom</sub>	V <sub>nom</sub>	Lowest Channel 2402 MHz	Middle Channel 2442 MHz	Highest Channel 2480 MHz
Conducted power [dBm] Measured with GFSK modulation		-3.965	-4.131	-4.483
Radiated power [dBm] Measured with GFSK modulation		-3.689	-3.585	-4.168
Gain [dBi] Calculated		0.276	0.546	0.315
Measurement uncertainty		± 0.6 dB (cond.) / ± 2.56 dB (rad.)		

## **5 Test Setup Photos of the EUT**

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of the EUT.

## **6 External Photos of the EUT**

Please refer to separated files for External Photos of the EUT.

## **7 Internal Photos of the EUT**

Please refer to separated files for Internal Photos of the EUT.

.....**End of Report**.....