



**中认信通**  
CHINA CERTIFICATION ICT CO., LTD (DONGGUAN)



## SAR TEST REPORT

**Applicant:** Inrico Technologies Co.,Ltd

**Address:** A1703, Shenzhen National Engineering Laboratory Building, No. 20 Gaoxin  
South 7th Road , Shenzhen,China

**FCC ID:** 2AIV6-IRC380

**Product Name:** SMART MULTI-MODE RADIO

**Standard(s):** 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

The above equipment has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

**Report Number:** CR231058645-SA

**Date Of Issue:** 2024-04-02

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Title: SAR Engineer

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Title: SAR Engineer

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**SAR TEST RESULTS SUMMARY**

| Operation Frequency Bands             | Highest Reported 1g SAR<br>(W/kg) |                        | Limits<br>(W/kg) |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
|                                       | Head Face Up<br>(Gap 25mm)        | Body-Worn<br>(Gap 0mm) |                  |
| PTT(400~480MHz)                       | 2.17                              | 3.47                   | 8.0              |
| Maximum Simultaneous Transmission SAR |                                   |                        |                  |
| Items                                 | Head Face Up<br>(Gap 25mm)        | Body-Worn<br>(Gap 0mm) | Limits           |
| Sum SAR(W/kg)                         | /                                 | /                      | 8.0              |
| SPLSR                                 | N/A                               | N/A                    | 0.04             |
| EUT Received Date:                    | 2024/01/09                        |                        |                  |
| Test Date:                            | 2024/03/30                        |                        |                  |
| Test Result:                          | Pass                              |                        |                  |

## Test Facility

The Test site used by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 442868, the FCC Designation No. : CN1314.

## Declarations

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with a triangle symbol “▲”. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.

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## DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

| Revision Number | Report Number  | Description of Revision | Data of Revision |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| 1.0             | CR231058645-SA | Original Report         | 2024-04-02       |

## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 Product Description for device under Test (EUT)

|                               |                                   |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>EUT Name:</b>              | SMART MULTI-MODE RADIO            |
| <b>EUT Model:</b>             | IRC380                            |
| <b>Device Type:</b>           | Portable                          |
| <b>Exposure Category:</b>     | Occupational/Controlled Exposure  |
| <b>Antenna Type(s):</b>       | External Antenna for PTT          |
| <b>Body-Worn Accessories:</b> | Belt Clip                         |
| <b>Face-Head Accessories:</b> | None                              |
| <b>Operation Mode:</b>        | PTT_FM, PTT_4FSK                  |
| <b>Frequency Band:</b>        | PTT_FM/PTT_4FSK: 400-480MHz       |
| <b>Conducted RF Power:</b>    | PTT_FM/PTT_4FSK: 36.55 dBm        |
| <b>Power Source:</b>          | DC 7.6V from Rechargeable Battery |
| <b>Serial Number:</b>         | 2C06-1                            |
| <b>Normal Operation:</b>      | Face Up and Body                  |

## **1.2 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures**

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06  
KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04  
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02  
KDB 643646 D01 SAR Test for PTT Radios v01r03

TCB Workshop April 2019: RF Exposure Procedures

### 1.3 SAR Limits

#### FCC Limit

| EXPOSURE LIMITS                                                  | SAR (W/kg)                                                     |                                                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                  | (General Population /<br>Uncontrolled Exposure<br>Environment) | (Occupational /<br>Controlled Exposure<br>Environment) |
| Spatial Average<br>(averaged over the whole body)                | 0.08                                                           | 0.4                                                    |
| Spatial Peak<br>(averaged over any 1 g of tissue)                | 1.60                                                           | <b>8.0</b>                                             |
| Spatial Peak<br>(hands/wrists/feet/ankles<br>averaged over 10 g) | 4.0                                                            | 20.0                                                   |

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

Occupational/Controlled Environments Spatial Peak limit 8.0W/kg for 1g SAR applied to the EUT.

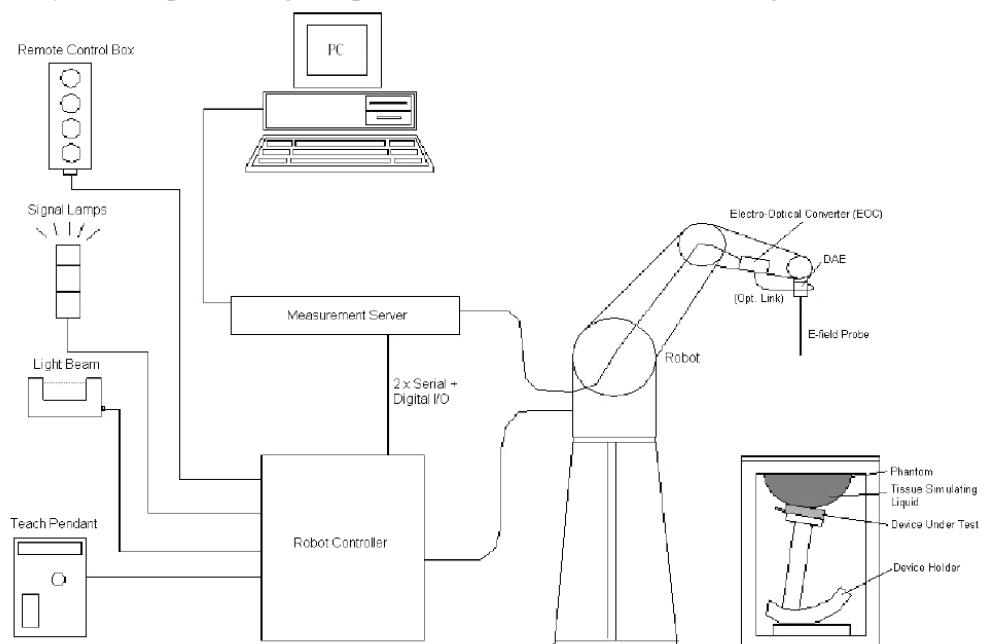
## 2. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



### DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### **DASY5 Measurement Server**

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MΩ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

**ES3DV2 E-Field Probes**

|                      |                                                                                                                                        |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Frequency</b>     | 10 MHz - 4 GHz<br>Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)                                                                            |
| <b>Directivity</b>   | $\pm 0.2$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)<br>$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)                                |
| <b>Dynamic Range</b> | 5 $\mu$ W/g to $> 100$ mW/g<br>Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically $< 1$ $\mu$ W/g)                                              |
| <b>Dimensions</b>    | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)<br>Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)<br>Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm |
| <b>Application</b>   | General dosimetry up to 4 GHz<br>Dosimetry in strong gradient fields<br>Compliance tests of mobile phones                              |
| <b>Compatibility</b> | DASY3, DASY4, DASY52, DASY6, DASY8 SAR, EASY6, EASY4/MRI                                                                               |

**Calibration Frequency Points for ES3DV2 E-Field Probes SN: 3019 Calibrated: 2024/2/8**

| Calibration Frequency Point(MHz) | Frequency Range(MHz) |     | Conversion Factor |      |      |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------------------|------|------|
|                                  | From                 | To  | X                 | Y    | Z    |
| 150 Head                         | 100                  | 200 | 7.38              | 7.38 | 7.38 |
| 150 Body                         | 100                  | 200 | 7.15              | 7.15 | 7.15 |
| 450 Head                         | 350                  | 550 | 6.76              | 6.76 | 6.76 |

### ELI Phantom

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the latest draft of the use of all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized for performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover is provided to prevent evaporation of water and changes in liquid parameters. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points.



The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.
- DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom.



Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to \_fill the ELI phantom

### Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robot. The robot offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS7MB robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

## SAR Scan Procedures

### Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 1.4 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### Step 2: Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

|                                                                                                        | $\leq 3$ GHz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | $> 3$ GHz                                               |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface | 5 mm $\pm$ 1 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm $\pm$ 0.5 mm |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location              | $30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | $20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$                                  |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$                            | $\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm<br>2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 12$ mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 12$ mm<br>4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 10$ mm      |
|                                                                                                        | When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device. |                                                         |

### Step 3: Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                           |                                                                                             | ≤ 3 GHz                                                                             | > 3 GHz                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                           |                                                                                             | $\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 8 \text{ mm}$<br>$2 - 3 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$ | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$<br>$4 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 4 \text{ mm}^*$                                          |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$ |                                                                                             | $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$                                                                 | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 4 \text{ mm}$<br>$4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \leq 3 \text{ mm}$<br>$5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2 \text{ mm}$    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | graded grid                               | $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface | $\leq 4 \text{ mm}$                                                                 | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \leq 3 \text{ mm}$<br>$4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2.5 \text{ mm}$<br>$5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \leq 2 \text{ mm}$  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                           | $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points                                   | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1) \text{ mm}$                             |                                                                                                                               |
| Minimum zoom scan volume                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | x, y, z                                   |                                                                                             | $\geq 30 \text{ mm}$                                                                | $3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \geq 28 \text{ mm}$<br>$4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \geq 25 \text{ mm}$<br>$5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \geq 22 \text{ mm}$ |
| Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                           |                                                                                             |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                               |
| * When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$ , $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ , $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz. |                                           |                                                                                             |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                               |

### Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x 7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

## Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1:2016

### Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head liquid

**Table A.3 – Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid**

| Frequency<br>MHz | Relative permittivity<br>$\epsilon_r$ | Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )<br>S/m |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 300              | 45,3                                  | 0,87                             |
| 450              | 43,5                                  | 0,87                             |
| <i>750</i>       | <i>41,9</i>                           | <i>0,89</i>                      |
| 835              | 41,5                                  | 0,90                             |
| 900              | 41,5                                  | 0,97                             |
| 1 450            | 40,5                                  | 1,20                             |
| <i>1 500</i>     | <i>40,4</i>                           | <i>1,23</i>                      |
| <i>1 640</i>     | <i>40,2</i>                           | <i>1,31</i>                      |
| <i>1 750</i>     | <i>40,1</i>                           | <i>1,37</i>                      |
| 1 800            | 40,0                                  | 1,40                             |
| 1 900            | 40,0                                  | 1,40                             |
| 2 000            | 40,0                                  | 1,40                             |
| <i>2 100</i>     | <i>39,8</i>                           | <i>1,49</i>                      |
| <i>2 300</i>     | <i>39,5</i>                           | <i>1,67</i>                      |
| 2 450            | 39,2                                  | 1,80                             |
| <i>2 600</i>     | <i>39,0</i>                           | <i>1,96</i>                      |
| 3 000            | 38,5                                  | 2,40                             |
| <i>3 500</i>     | <i>37,9</i>                           | <i>2,91</i>                      |
| <i>4 000</i>     | <i>37,4</i>                           | <i>3,43</i>                      |
| <i>4 500</i>     | <i>36,8</i>                           | <i>3,94</i>                      |
| <i>5 000</i>     | <i>36,2</i>                           | <i>4,45</i>                      |
| <i>5 200</i>     | <i>36,0</i>                           | <i>4,66</i>                      |
| <i>5 400</i>     | <i>35,8</i>                           | <i>4,86</i>                      |
| <i>5 600</i>     | <i>35,5</i>                           | <i>5,07</i>                      |
| <i>5 800</i>     | <i>35,3</i>                           | <i>5,27</i>                      |
| <i>6 000</i>     | <i>35,1</i>                           | <i>5,48</i>                      |

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown *in italics*). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.

**EN 62209-2:2010/A1:2019 Recommended Body Tissue Dielectric Parameters .****Table 1 – Dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material**

| Frequency<br>MHz | Real part of the<br>complex relative<br>permittivity, $\varepsilon'_r$ | Conductivity, $\sigma$<br>S/m |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 30               | 55,0                                                                   | 0,75                          |
| 150              | 52,3                                                                   | 0,76                          |
| 300              | 45,3                                                                   | 0,87                          |
| 450              | 43,5                                                                   | 0,87                          |
| 750              | 41,9                                                                   | 0,89                          |
| 835              | 41,5                                                                   | 0,90                          |
| 900              | 41,5                                                                   | 0,97                          |
| 1 450            | 40,5                                                                   | 1,20                          |
| 1 800            | 40,0                                                                   | 1,40                          |
| 1 900            | 40,0                                                                   | 1,40                          |
| 1 950            | 40,0                                                                   | 1,40                          |
| 2 000            | 40,0                                                                   | 1,40                          |
| 2 100            | 39,8                                                                   | 1,49                          |
| 2 450            | 39,2                                                                   | 1,80                          |
| 2 600            | 39,0                                                                   | 1,96                          |
| 3 000            | 38,5                                                                   | 2,40                          |
| 3 500            | 37,9                                                                   | 2,91                          |
| 4 000            | 37,4                                                                   | 3,43                          |
| 4 500            | 36,8                                                                   | 3,94                          |
| 5 000            | 36,2                                                                   | 4,45                          |
| 5 200            | 36,0                                                                   | 4,66                          |
| 5 400            | 35,8                                                                   | 4,86                          |
| 5 600            | 35,5                                                                   | 5,07                          |
| 5 800            | 35,3                                                                   | 5,27                          |
| 6 000            | 35,1                                                                   | 5,48                          |

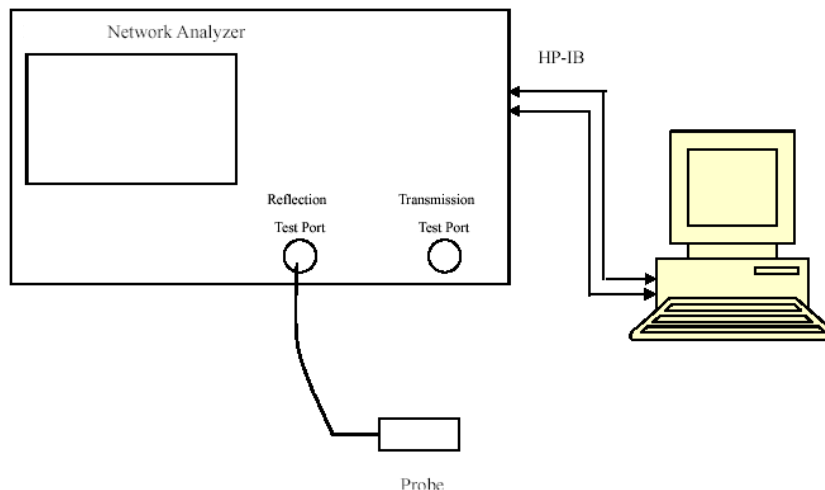
### 3. EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

#### 3.1 Equipments List & Calibration Information

| Equipment                     | Model         | S/N           | Calibration Date | Calibration Due Date |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|----------------------|
| DASY5 Test Software           | DASY52.8      | N/A           | NCR              | NCR                  |
| DASY5 Measurement Server      | DASY5 5.0.28  | 1123          | NCR              | NCR                  |
| Data Acquisition Electronics  | DAE4          | 1354          | 2023/11/17       | 2024/11/16           |
| E-Field Probe                 | ES3DV2        | 3019          | 2024/2/8         | 2025/2/7             |
| Mounting Device               | MD4HHTV5      | BJPCTC0152    | NCR              | NCR                  |
| Oval Flat Phantom             | ELI V5.0      | 1078          | NCR              | NCR                  |
| Dipole, 450MHz                | D450V3        | 1096          | 2022/11/17       | 2025/11/16           |
| Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head | TS-450        | 2309045001    | Each Time        | /                    |
| Network Analyzer              | 8753B         | 2828A00170    | 2023/10/17       | 2024/10/16           |
| Dielectric assessment kit     | 1319          | SM DAK 040 CA | NCR              | NCR                  |
| MXG Vector Signal Generator   | N5182B        | MY51350144    | 2023/3/31        | 2024/3/30            |
| Power Meter                   | ML2495A       | 1106009       | 2023/8/4         | 2024/8/3             |
| Pulse Power Sensor            | MA2411A       | 10780         | 2023/8/4         | 2024/8/3             |
| Power Amplifier               | ZHL-5W-202-S+ | 416402204     | NCR              | NCR                  |
| Directional Coupler           | 441493        | 520Z          | NCR              | NCR                  |
| Attenuator                    | 20dB, 100W    | LN749         | NCR              | NCR                  |
| Attenuator                    | 6dB, 150W     | 2754          | NCR              | NCR                  |
| Thermometer                   | DTM3000       | 3892          | 2023/3/31        | 2024/3/30            |
| Thermohygrometer              | HTC-1         | N/A           | 2023/3/31        | 2024/3/30            |
| Spectrum Analyzer             | FSU26         | 100147        | 2023/3/31        | 2024/3/30            |

## 4. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### 4.1 Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

### Liquid Verification Results

| Frequency (MHz) | LiquidType                   | Liquid Parameter |                | Target Value |                | Delta (%)          |                | Tolerance (%) |
|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|
|                 |                              | $\epsilon_r$     | $\sigma$ (S/m) | $\epsilon_r$ | $\sigma$ (S/m) | $\Delta\epsilon_r$ | $\Delta\sigma$ |               |
| 400.0125        | Simulated Tissue Liquid Head | 44.626           | 0.833          | 44.1         | 0.87           | 1.19               | -4.25          | $\pm 5$       |
| 416.0125        | Simulated Tissue Liquid Head | 44.481           | 0.839          | 43.91        | 0.87           | 1.3                | -3.56          | $\pm 5$       |
| 432             | Simulated Tissue Liquid Head | 44.259           | 0.844          | 43.72        | 0.87           | 1.23               | -2.99          | $\pm 5$       |
| 447.9875        | Simulated Tissue Liquid Head | 44.025           | 0.851          | 43.52        | 0.87           | 1.16               | -2.18          | $\pm 5$       |
| 450             | Simulated Tissue Liquid Head | 43.819           | 0.857          | 43.5         | 0.87           | 0.73               | -1.49          | $\pm 5$       |
| 463.9875        | Simulated Tissue Liquid Head | 43.717           | 0.865          | 43.43        | 0.87           | 0.66               | -0.57          | $\pm 5$       |
| 479.9875        | Simulated Tissue Liquid Head | 43.557           | 0.872          | 43.34        | 0.87           | 0.5                | 0.23           | $\pm 5$       |

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/03/30.

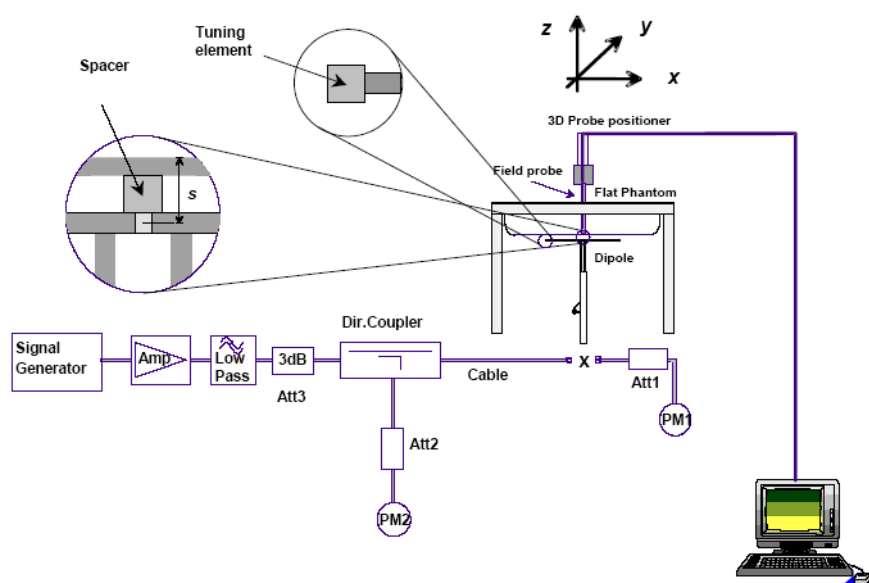
## 4.2 System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1\,000 \text{ MHz}$ ;
- $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $1\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 3\,000 \text{ MHz}$ ;
- $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $3\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 6\,000 \text{ MHz}$ .

### System Verification Setup Block Diagram



### System Accuracy Check Results

| Date       | Frequency Band | Liquid Type                  | Input Power (mW) | Measured SAR (W/kg) |      | Target Value (W/kg) | Delta (%) | Tolerance (%) |
|------------|----------------|------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|
| 2024/03/30 | 450            | Simulated Tissue Liquid Head | 1000             | 1g                  | 4.75 | 4.75                | 4.56      | 4.17          |

### 4.3 SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

System Performance 450 MHz was performed on 2024/3/30

DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: 1096

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.857$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 43.819$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 450 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x21x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.07 W/kg

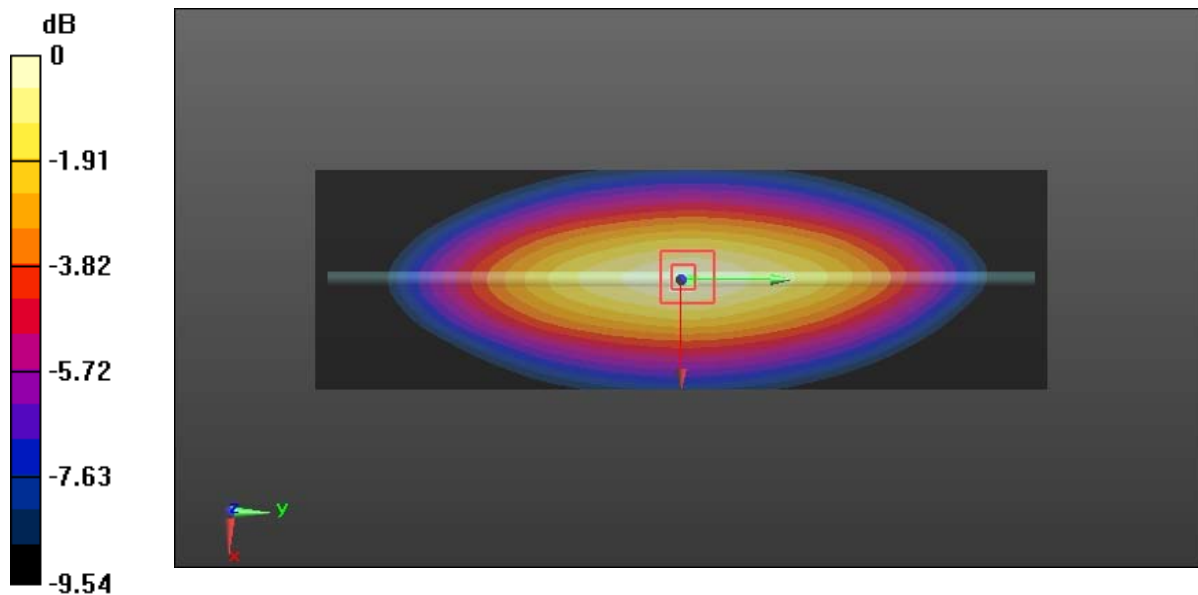
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 35.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.01 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 4.75 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.23 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.09 W/kg



0 dB = 5.09 W/kg = 7.07dBW/kg

## 5. EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

### 5.1 Test positions for Front-of-face configurations

Passive body-worn and audio accessories generally do not apply to the head SAR of PTT radios. Head SAR is measured with the front surface of the radio positioned at 2.5 cm parallel to a flat phantom. A phantom shell thickness of 2 mm is required. When the front of the radio has a contour or non-uniform surface with a variation of 1.0 cm or more, the average distance of such variations is used to establish the 2.5 cm test separation from the phantom.

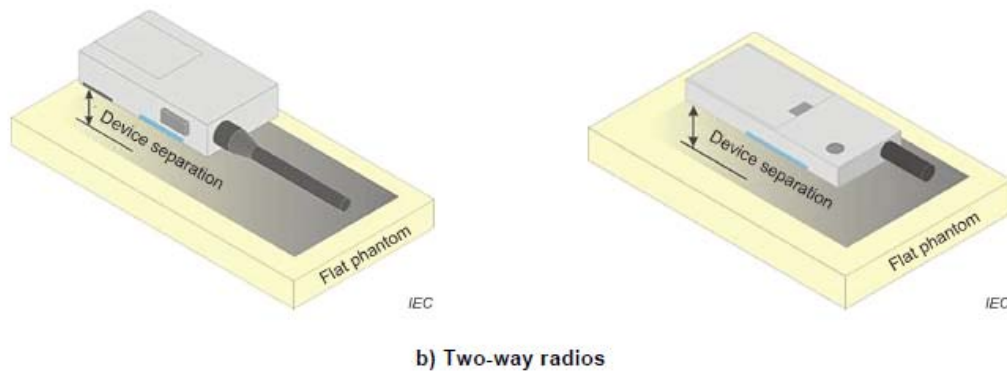


Figure 10 – Test positions for front-of-face devices

## 5.2 Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

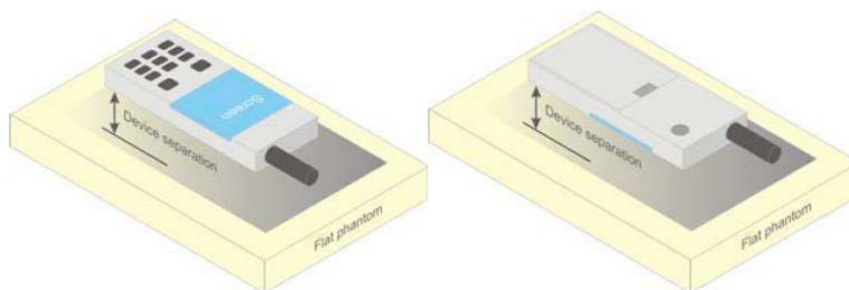


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

## 5.3 Test Distance for SAR Evaluation

In this case the DUT(Device Under Test) is set directly against the phantom, the test distance is 0mm for Body Back mode; for Face Up mode the distance is 25mm.

## 5.4 SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

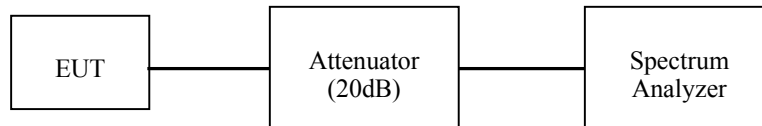
All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

## 6. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### 6.1 Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the Spectrum Analyzer through sufficient attenuation.



The Signal Analyzer setting:

| RBW     | VBW     |
|---------|---------|
| 100 kHz | 300 kHz |

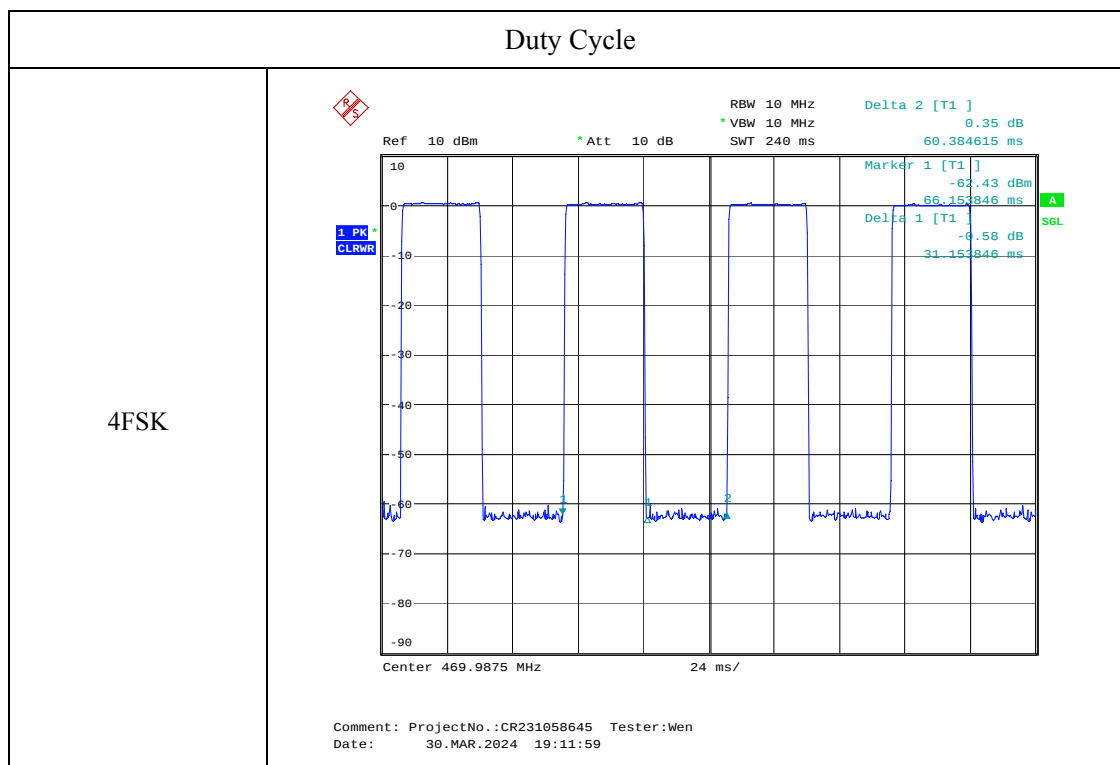
### 6.2 Maximum Target Output Power

| Mode                |              | Max. tune-up tolerance power limit for Production(dBm) |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| PTT<br>(400~480MHz) | FM_12.5kHz   | 36.8                                                   |
|                     | 4FSK_12.5kHz | 36.8                                                   |

**6.3 Test Results:****PTT(400-480MHz)**

| Test Mode           |                  | Frequency (MHz) | Output Power(dBm) | Power level |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|
| PTT<br>(400-480MHz) | FM<br>12.5 kHz   | 400.0125        | 36.44             | High        |
|                     |                  | 416.0125        | 36.43             | High        |
|                     |                  | 432             | 36.51             | High        |
|                     |                  | 447.9875        | 36.53             | High        |
|                     |                  | 463.9875        | 36.44             | High        |
|                     |                  | 479.9875        | 36.41             | High        |
|                     | 4FSK<br>12.5 kHz | 400.0125        | 36.49             | High        |
|                     |                  | 416.0125        | 36.42             | High        |
|                     |                  | 432             | 36.54             | High        |
|                     |                  | 447.9875        | <b>36.55</b>      | High        |
|                     |                  | 463.9875        | 36.47             | High        |
|                     |                  | 479.9875        | 36.46             | High        |

| Test Modes | Ton (ms) | Ton+off (ms) | Duty cycle (%) | Scaled Factor (1/duty cycle) |
|------------|----------|--------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| 4FSK       | 31.154   | 60.385       | 51.6           | 2                            |



**Antennas Location:**



## 7. SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

### 7.1 SAR Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

|                    |             |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Temperature:       | 21.7-22.9°C |
| Relative Humidity: | 55 %        |
| ATM Pressure:      | 100.8 kPa   |
| Test Date:         | 2024/03/30  |

*Testing was performed by Leo Lu, Aixlee Li.*

**PTT(400~480MHz):**

Pre-scan all 6Channels, the peak SAR located on 463.9875MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode.

| Test Mode           |                  | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Max.<br>Meas.<br>Power<br>(dBm) | Maximum<br>output<br>Power(dBm) | 1 g SAR Value(W/kg) |              |       |               |      |
|---------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|-------|---------------|------|
|                     |                  |                    |                                 |                                 | Scaled<br>Factor    | Meas.<br>SAR | 50%   | Scaled<br>SAR | Plot |
| Face Up<br>(25 mm)  | FM<br>12.5 kHz   | 400.0125           | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
|                     |                  | 416.0125           | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
|                     |                  | 432                | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
|                     |                  | 447.9875           | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
|                     |                  | 463.9875           | 36.44                           | 36.8                            | 1.086               | 4            | 2     | 2.17          | 1#   |
|                     |                  | 479.9875           | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
|                     | 4FSK<br>12.5 kHz | 400.0125           | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
|                     |                  | 416.0125           | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
|                     |                  | 432                | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
|                     |                  | 447.9875           | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
|                     |                  | 463.9875           | 36.47                           | 36.8                            | 1.079               | 2.93         | 1.465 | 1.58          | 2#   |
|                     |                  | 479.9875           | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
| Body Back<br>(0 mm) | FM<br>12.5 kHz   | 400.0125           | 36.44                           | 36.8                            | 1.086               | 4.12         | 2.06  | 2.24          | 3#   |
|                     |                  | 416.0125           | 36.43                           | 36.8                            | 1.089               | 3.63         | 1.815 | 1.98          | 4#   |
|                     |                  | 432                | 36.51                           | 36.8                            | 1.069               | 4.63         | 2.315 | 2.47          | 5#   |
|                     |                  | 447.9875           | 36.53                           | 36.8                            | 1.064               | 6.23         | 3.115 | 3.31          | 6#   |
|                     |                  | 463.9875           | 36.44                           | 36.8                            | 1.086               | 6.39         | 3.195 | 3.47          | 7#   |
|                     |                  | 479.9875           | 36.41                           | 36.8                            | 1.094               | 3.15         | 1.575 | 1.72          | 8#   |
|                     | 4FSK<br>12.5 kHz | 400.0125           | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
|                     |                  | 416.0125           | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
|                     |                  | 432                | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
|                     |                  | 447.9875           | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |
|                     |                  | 463.9875           | 36.47                           | 36.8                            | 1.079               | 3.53         | 1.765 | 1.9           | 9#   |
|                     |                  | 479.9875           | /                               | /                               | /                   | /            | /     | /             | /    |

The data above was performed on 2024/3/30.

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 3.5\text{W/kg}$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. KDB 447498 D01 - A duty factor of 50% should be applied to determine compliance for radios with maximum operating duty factors  $\leq 50\%$ . The 50% duty factor only applies to exposure conditions where the radio operates with a mechanical PTT button.
3. The whole antenna and radiating structures that may contribute to the measured SAR or influence the SAR distribution has been included in the area scan.

## 8. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .

*Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.*

### The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

#### Head(Face Up)

| SAR probe calibration point | Freq.(MHz) | EUT Position | Meas. SAR (W/kg) |          | Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio |
|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
|                             |            |              | Original         | Repeated |                               |
| /                           | /          | /            | /                | /        | /                             |

#### Body(Body Back)

| SAR probe calibration point | Freq.(MHz) | EUT Position | Meas. SAR (W/kg) |          | Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio |
|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
|                             |            |              | Original         | Repeated |                               |
| /                           | /          | /            | /                | /        | /                             |

#### Note:

1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not  $> 1.20$ .
2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.
3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements.

## 9. SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

### Simultaneous Transmission:

| Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities |               |          |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------|
| Transmitter Combination                           | Simultaneous? | Hotspot? |
| WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) + PTT                         | ×             | ×        |
| WLAN 2.4G/5G + PTT                                | ×             | ×        |
| PTT + Bluetooth                                   | ×             | ×        |

*Note: The test data of WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE), WIFI and Bluetooth please refer to FCC ID: 2AIV6-IRC380, SAR report of CR231058645-20, issued by Bay China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) on 2024-04-02.*

## 10. SAR PLOTS

**Test Plot 1#: FM 12.5kHz\_463.9875MHz\_ Face Up**

**DUT: SMART MULTI-MODE RADIO; Type: IRC380; Serial: 2C06-1**

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 463.988 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 463.988 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.865 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 43.717$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 463.988 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x15x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.53 W/kg

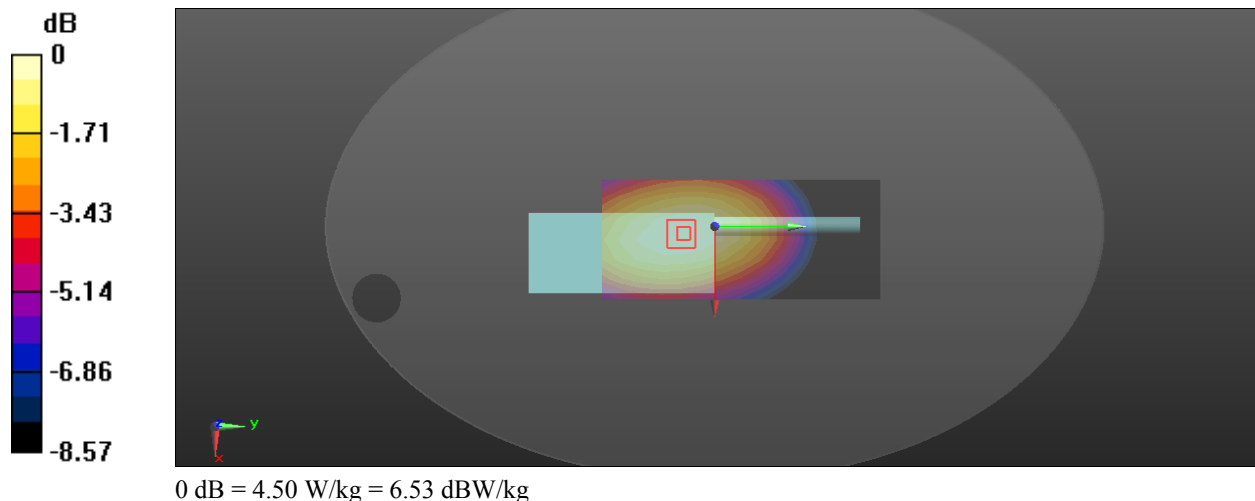
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 72.14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.61 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.9 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.50 W/kg

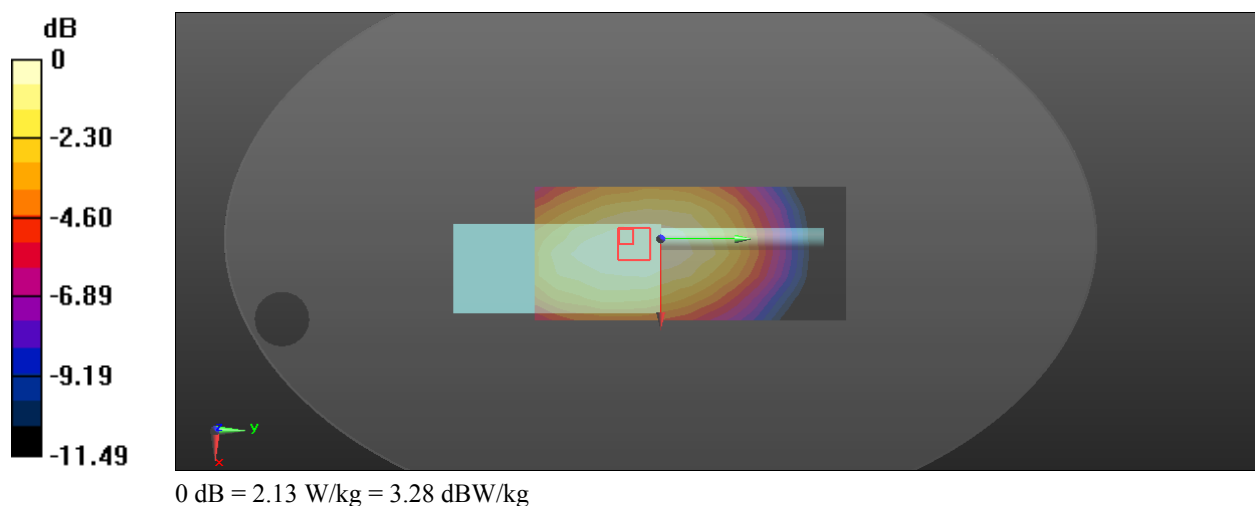


**Test Plot 2#: 4FSK 12.5kHz\_463.9875MHz\_ Face Up****DUT: SMART MULTI-MODE RADIO; Type: IRC380; Serial: 2C06-1**

Communication System: UID 0, 4FSK (0); Frequency: 463.988 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 463.988 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.865 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 43.717$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 463.988 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x15x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$ Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.20 \text{ W/kg}$ **Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ Reference Value =  $48.30 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.16 \text{ dB}$ Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $6.29 \text{ W/kg}$ **SAR(1 g) =  $2.93 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.73 \text{ W/kg}$** Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.13 \text{ W/kg}$ 

**Test Plot 3#: FM 12.5kHz\_400.0125MHz\_Body Back****DUT: SMART MULTI-MODE RADIO; Type: IRC380; Serial: 2C06-1**

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 400.012 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (extrapolated):  $f = 400.012$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.833$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 44.626$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 400.012 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.66 W/kg

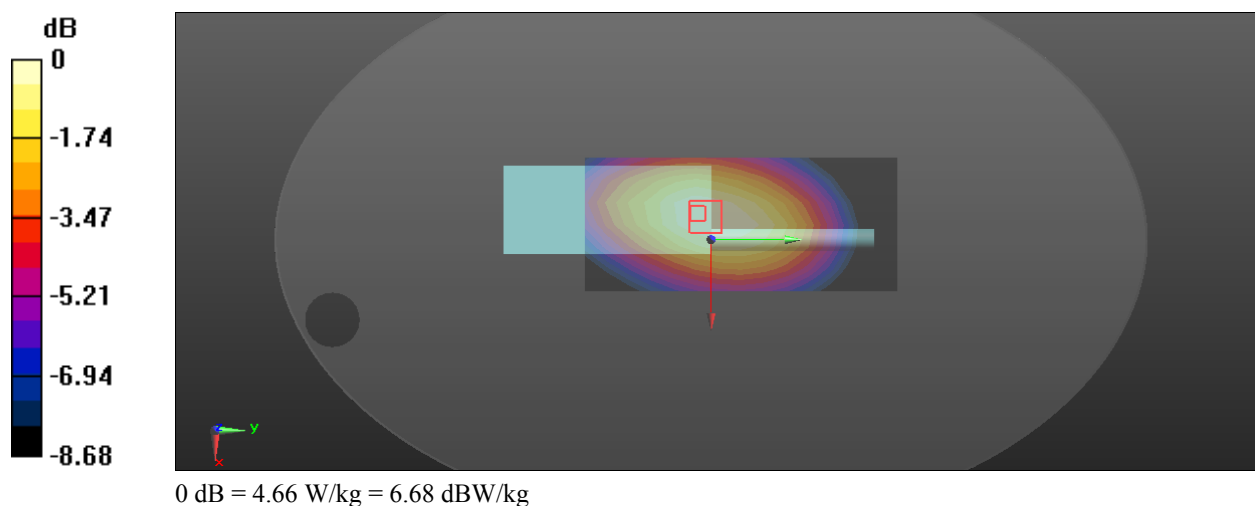
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 73.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.94 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 4.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.96 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.66 W/kg



**Test Plot 4#: FM 12.5kHz\_416.0125MHz\_Body Back****DUT: SMART MULTI-MODE RADIO; Type: IRC380; Serial: 2C06-1**

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 416 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 416.012 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.839 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 44.481$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 416 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x15x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$ 

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.22 W/kg

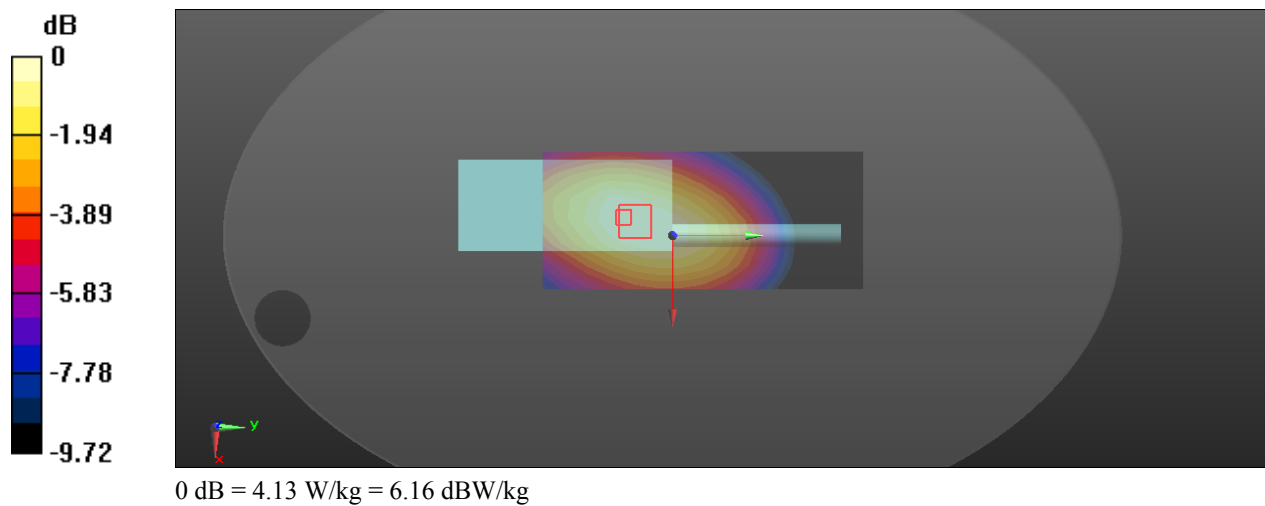
**Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

Reference Value = 74.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.27 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.59 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.13 W/kg



**Test Plot 5#: FM 12.5kHz\_432MHz\_Body Back****DUT: SMART MULTI-MODE RADIO; Type: IRC380; Serial: 2C06-1**

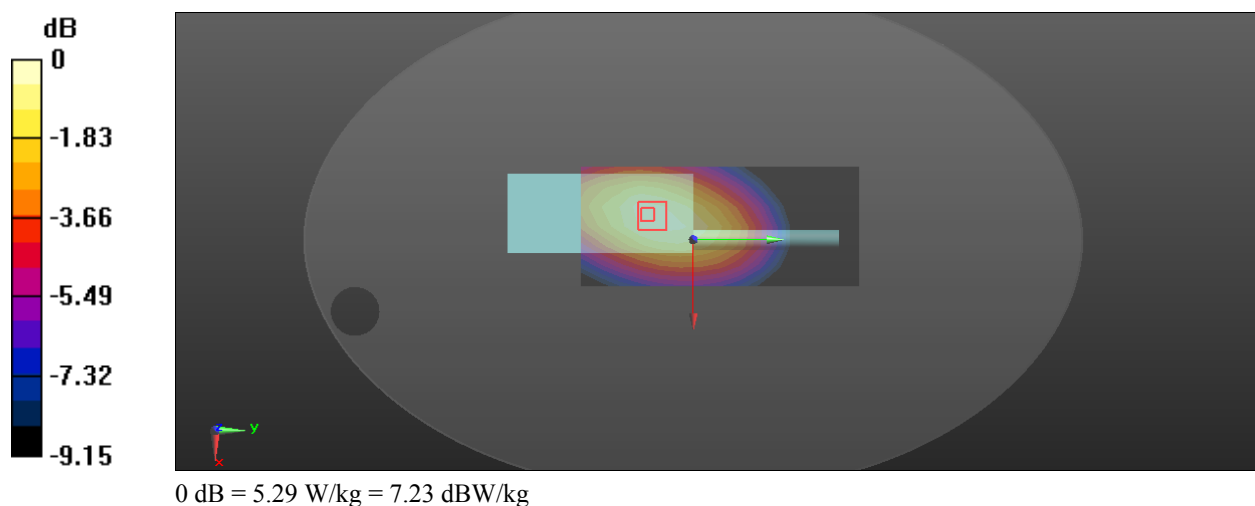
Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 432 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 432 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.844 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 44.259$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 432 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x15x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$ Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $4.96 \text{ W/kg}$ **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ Reference Value =  $69.89 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.17 \text{ dB}$ Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $6.73 \text{ W/kg}$ **SAR(1 g) =  $4.63 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $3.28 \text{ W/kg}$** Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $5.29 \text{ W/kg}$ 

**Test Plot 6#: Procedure Name: 447.9875MHz\_Body Back****DUT: SMART MULTI-MODE RADIO; Type: IRC380; Serial: 2C06-1**

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 447.988 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 447.988 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.851 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 44.025$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 447.988 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x15x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$ 

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.29 W/kg

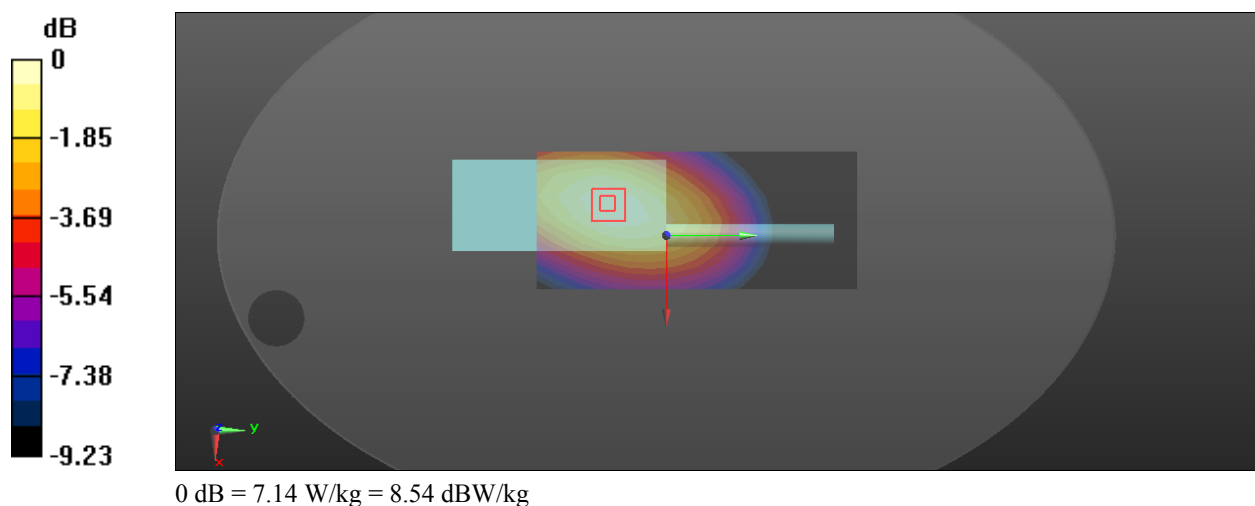
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

Reference Value = 83.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.11 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 6.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.37 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.14 W/kg



**Test Plot 7#: FM 12.5kHz\_463.9875MHz\_Body Back****DUT: SMART MULTI-MODE RADIO; Type: IRC380; Serial: 2C06-1**

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 463.993 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 463.993$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.865$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 43.717$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 463.993 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.69 W/kg

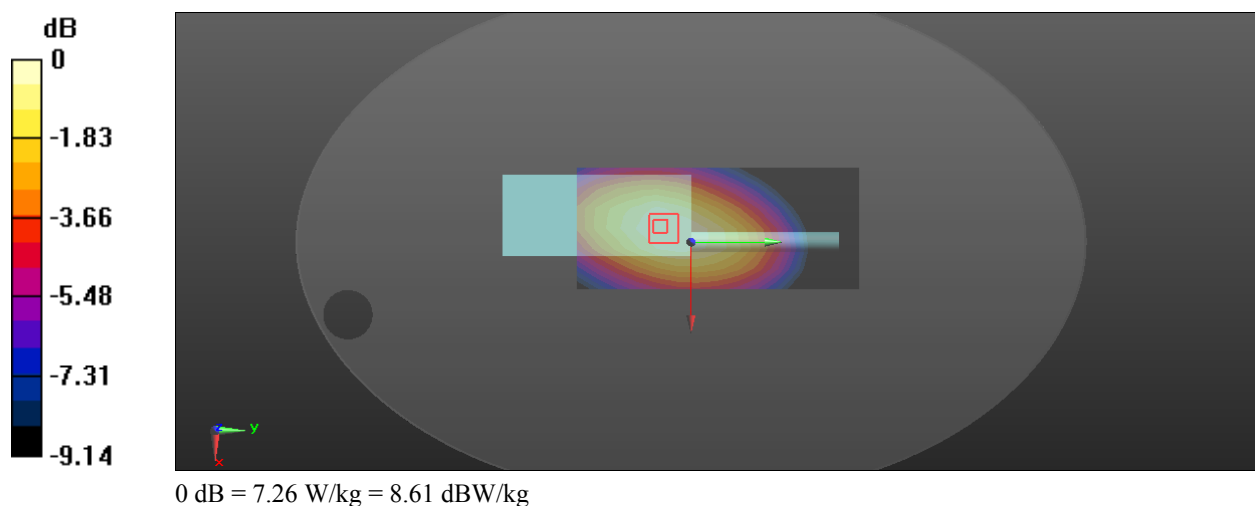
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.33 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 6.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.49 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.26 W/kg



**Test Plot 8#: FM 12.5kHz\_479.9875Hz\_Body Back****DUT: SMART MULTI-MODE RADIO; Type: IRC380; Serial: 2C06-1**

Communication System: UID 0, FM (0); Frequency: 479.988 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (extrapolated):  $f = 479.988$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.872$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 43.557$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 479.988 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.61 W/kg

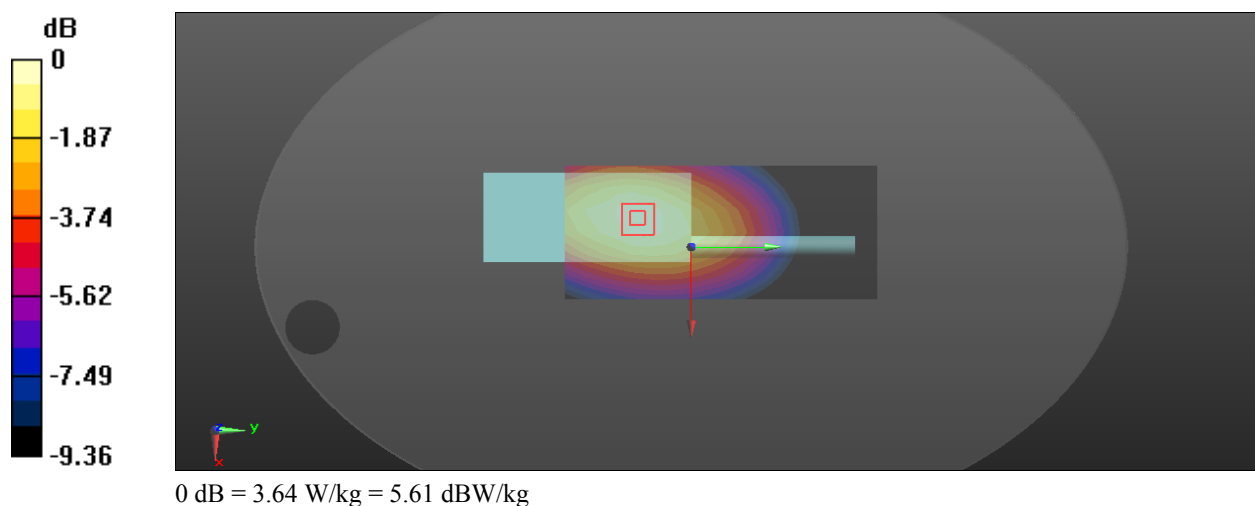
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.69 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.64 W/kg



**Test Plot 9#: 4FSK 12.5kHz\_463.9875MHz\_Body Back****DUT: SMART MULTI-MODE RADIO; Type: IRC380; Serial: 2C06-1**

Communication System: UID 0, 4FSK (0); Frequency: 463.988 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used:  $f = 463.988$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.865$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 43.717$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3019; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 463.988 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/2/8
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1078
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.87 W/kg

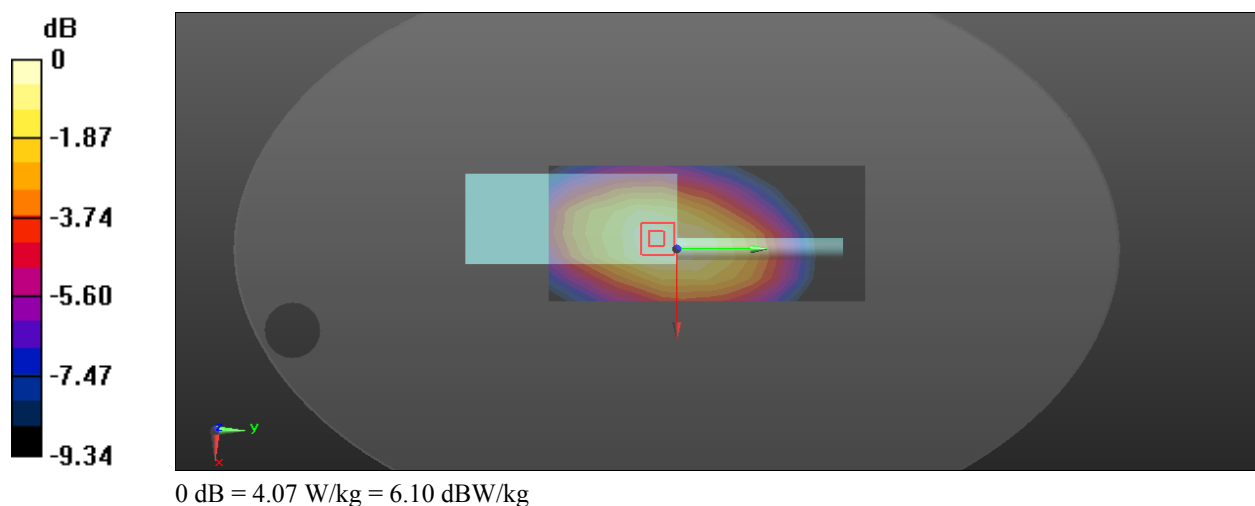
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 66.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.56 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.48 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.07 W/kg



## APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

### Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

| Source of uncertainty                                   | Tolerance/<br>uncertainty<br>± % | Probability<br>distribution | Divisor    | ci<br>(1 g) | ci<br>(10 g) | Standard<br>uncertainty<br>± %, (1 g) | Standard<br>uncertainty<br>± %, (10 g) |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| <b>Measurement system</b>                               |                                  |                             |            |             |              |                                       |                                        |
| Probe calibration                                       | 6.55                             | N                           | 1          | 1           | 1            | 6.3                                   | 6.3                                    |
| Axial Isotropy                                          | 4.7                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 2.7                                   | 2.7                                    |
| Hemispherical Isotropy                                  | 9.6                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0           | 0            | 0.0                                   | 0.0                                    |
| Boundary effect                                         | 1.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.6                                   | 0.6                                    |
| Linearity                                               | 4.7                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 2.7                                   | 2.7                                    |
| Detection limits                                        | 1.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.6                                   | 0.6                                    |
| Readout electronics                                     | 0.3                              | N                           | 1          | 1           | 1            | 0.3                                   | 0.3                                    |
| Response time                                           | 0.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.0                                   | 0.0                                    |
| Integration time                                        | 0.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.0                                   | 0.0                                    |
| RF ambient conditions –<br>noise                        | 1.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.6                                   | 0.6                                    |
| RF ambient conditions–<br>reflections                   | 1.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.6                                   | 0.6                                    |
| Probe positioner mech.<br>Restrictions                  | 0.8                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.5                                   | 0.5                                    |
| Probe positioning with<br>respect to phantom shell      | 6.7                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 3.9                                   | 3.9                                    |
| Post-processing                                         | 2.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 1.2                                   | 1.2                                    |
| <b>Test sample related</b>                              |                                  |                             |            |             |              |                                       |                                        |
| Test sample positioning                                 | 2.8                              | N                           | 1          | 1           | 1            | 2.8                                   | 2.8                                    |
| Device holder uncertainty                               | 6.3                              | N                           | 1          | 1           | 1            | 6.3                                   | 6.3                                    |
| Drift of output power                                   | 5.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 2.9                                   | 2.9                                    |
| <b>Phantom and set-up</b>                               |                                  |                             |            |             |              |                                       |                                        |
| Phantom uncertainty (shape<br>and thickness tolerances) | 4.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 2.3                                   | 2.3                                    |
| Liquid conductivity target)                             | 5.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64        | 0.43         | 1.8                                   | 1.2                                    |
| Liquid conductivity meas.)                              | 2.5                              | N                           | 1          | 0.64        | 0.43         | 1.6                                   | 1.1                                    |
| Liquid permittivity target)                             | 5.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6         | 0.49         | 1.7                                   | 1.4                                    |
| Liquid permittivity meas.)                              | 2.5                              | N                           | 1          | 0.6         | 0.49         | 1.5                                   | 1.2                                    |
| Combined standard<br>uncertainty                        |                                  | RSS                         |            |             |              | 12.2                                  | 12.0                                   |
| Expanded uncertainty 95 %<br>confidence interval)       |                                  |                             |            |             |              | 24.1                                  | 23.7                                   |

## Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-1 SAR test

| Source of uncertainty                                      | Tolerance/<br>uncertainty<br>± % | Probability<br>distribution | Divisor    | ci<br>(1 g) | ci<br>(10 g) | Standard<br>uncertainty<br>± %, (1 g) | Standard<br>uncertainty<br>± %, (10 g) |
|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| <b>Measurement system</b>                                  |                                  |                             |            |             |              |                                       |                                        |
| Probe calibration                                          | 6.55                             | N                           | 1          | 1           | 1            | 6.3                                   | 6.3                                    |
| Axial Isotropy                                             | 4.7                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 2.7                                   | 2.7                                    |
| Hemispherical Isotropy                                     | 9.6                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0           | 0            | 0.0                                   | 0.0                                    |
| Boundary effect                                            | 1.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.6                                   | 0.6                                    |
| Linearity                                                  | 4.7                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 2.7                                   | 2.7                                    |
| Detection limits                                           | 1.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.6                                   | 0.6                                    |
| Readout electronics                                        | 0.3                              | N                           | 1          | 1           | 1            | 0.3                                   | 0.3                                    |
| Response time                                              | 0.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.0                                   | 0.0                                    |
| Integration time                                           | 0.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.0                                   | 0.0                                    |
| RF ambient conditions –<br>noise                           | 1.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.6                                   | 0.6                                    |
| Probe positioning with<br>respect to phantom shell         | 6.7                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 3.9                                   | 3.9                                    |
| Probe positioner mech.<br>Restrictions                     | 0.8                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.5                                   | 0.5                                    |
| RF ambient conditions–<br>reflections                      | 1.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 0.6                                   | 0.6                                    |
| Post-processing                                            | 2.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 1.2                                   | 1.2                                    |
| <b>Test sample related</b>                                 |                                  |                             |            |             |              |                                       |                                        |
| Test sample positioning                                    | 2.8                              | N                           | 1          | 1           | 1            | 2.8                                   | 2.8                                    |
| Device holder uncertainty                                  | 6.3                              | N                           | 1          | 1           | 1            | 6.3                                   | 6.3                                    |
| Drift of output power                                      | 5.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 2.9                                   | 2.9                                    |
| <b>Phantom and set-up</b>                                  |                                  |                             |            |             |              |                                       |                                        |
| Phantom uncertainty<br>(shape and thickness<br>tolerances) | 4.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1           | 1            | 2.3                                   | 2.3                                    |
| Liquid conductivity target)                                | 5.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64        | 0.43         | 1.8                                   | 1.2                                    |
| Liquid conductivity meas.)                                 | 2.5                              | N                           | 1          | 0.64        | 0.43         | 1.6                                   | 1.1                                    |
| Liquid permittivity target)                                | 5.0                              | R                           | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6         | 0.49         | 1.7                                   | 1.4                                    |
| Liquid permittivity meas.)                                 | 2.5                              | N                           | 1          | 0.6         | 0.49         | 1.5                                   | 1.2                                    |
| Combined standard<br>uncertainty                           |                                  | RSS                         |            |             |              | 12.2                                  | 12.0                                   |
| Expanded uncertainty 95 %<br>confidence interval)          |                                  |                             |            |             |              | 24.0                                  | 23.6                                   |

## **APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS**

**Please Refer to the Attachment:** SAR EUT Test Position Photos for CR231058645-SA

**APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES**

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **BACL**  
Shenzhen

Certificate No. **ES-3019\_Feb24**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **ES3DV2 - SN:3019**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-23.v6, QA CAL-25.v8**  
**Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date **February 08, 2024**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.  
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .  
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards          | ID               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power meter NRP2           | SN: 104778       | 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)   | Mar-24                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91       | SN: 103244       | 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)         | Mar-24                |
| OCP DAK-3.5 (weighed)      | SN: 1249         | 05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct23) | Oct-24                |
| OCP DAK-12                 | SN: 1016         | 05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct23)  | Oct-24                |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: CC2552 (20x) | 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)         | Mar-24                |
| DAE4                       | SN: 660          | 16-Mar-23 (No. DAE4-660_Mar23)    | Mar-24                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4     | SN: 7349         | 03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23)    | Nov-24                |

| Secondary Standards     | ID               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B      | SN: GB41293874   | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| Power sensor E4412A     | SN: MY41498087   | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| Power sensor E4412A     | SN: 000110210    | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| RF generator HP 8648C   | SN: US3642U01700 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| Network Analyzer E8358A | SN: US41080477   | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |

|                                                                                                                 | Name            | Function              | Signature |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by                                                                                                   | Claudio Leubler | Laboratory Technician |           |
| Approved by                                                                                                     | Sven Kühn       | Technical Manager     |           |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory. |                 |                       |           |
| Issued: February 08, 2024                                                                                       |                 |                       |           |

**Calibration Laboratory of**Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

**Glossary**

|                        |                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TSL                    | tissue simulating liquid                                                                                                                       |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>  | sensitivity in free space                                                                                                                      |
| ConvF                  | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>                                                                                                     |
| DCP                    | diode compression point                                                                                                                        |
| CF                     | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal                                                                                                   |
| A, B, C, D             | modulation dependent linearization parameters                                                                                                  |
| Polarization $\varphi$ | $\varphi$ rotation around probe axis                                                                                                           |
| Polarization $\theta$  | $\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| Connector Angle        | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system                                                         |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices – Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).

ES3DV2 - SN:3019

February 08, 2024

Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3019

Basic Calibration Parameters

|                                                           | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k = 2) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|
| Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 1.04     | 1.15     | 0.97     | ±10.1%      |
| DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>                                     | 104.2    | 100.9    | 106.9    | ±4.7%       |

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

| UID | Communication System Name |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$ | C    | D<br>dB | VR<br>mV | Max<br>dev. | Max<br>Unc <sup>E</sup><br>k = 2 |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------------------------|------|---------|----------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 0   | CW                        | X | 0.00    | 0.00                         | 1.00 | 0.00    | 118.8    | ±1.0%       | ±4.7%                            |
|     |                           | Y | 0.00    | 0.00                         | 1.00 |         | 118.8    |             |                                  |
|     |                           | Z | 0.00    | 0.00                         | 1.00 |         | 120.2    |             |                                  |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).  
<sup>B</sup> Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.  
<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ES3DV2 - SN:3019

February 08, 2024

**Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3019****Other Probe Parameters**

|                                               |            |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement                            | Triangular |
| Connector Angle                               | -57.7°     |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode             | enabled    |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode                | disabled   |
| Probe Overall Length                          | 337 mm     |
| Probe Body Diameter                           | 10 mm      |
| Tip Length                                    | 10 mm      |
| Tip Diameter                                  | 4 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point       | 2 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point       | 2 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point       | 2 mm       |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 3 mm       |

ES3DV2 - SN:3019

February 08, 2024

**Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3019**

**Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m) | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unc (k = 2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 150                  | 52.3                               | 0.76                            | 7.38    | 7.38    | 7.38    | 0.00               | 2.00                    | ±13.3%      |
| 450                  | 43.5                               | 0.87                            | 6.76    | 6.76    | 6.76    | 0.16               | 1.30                    | ±13.3%      |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for  $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$  by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10% if SAR correction is applied.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

ES3DV2 - SN:3019

February 08, 2024

Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 - SN:3019

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m) | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unc (k = 2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 150                  | 61.9                               | 0.80                            | 7.15    | 7.15    | 7.15    | 0.00               | 1.00                    | ±13.3%      |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 8–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for  $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$  by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10% if SAR correction is applied.

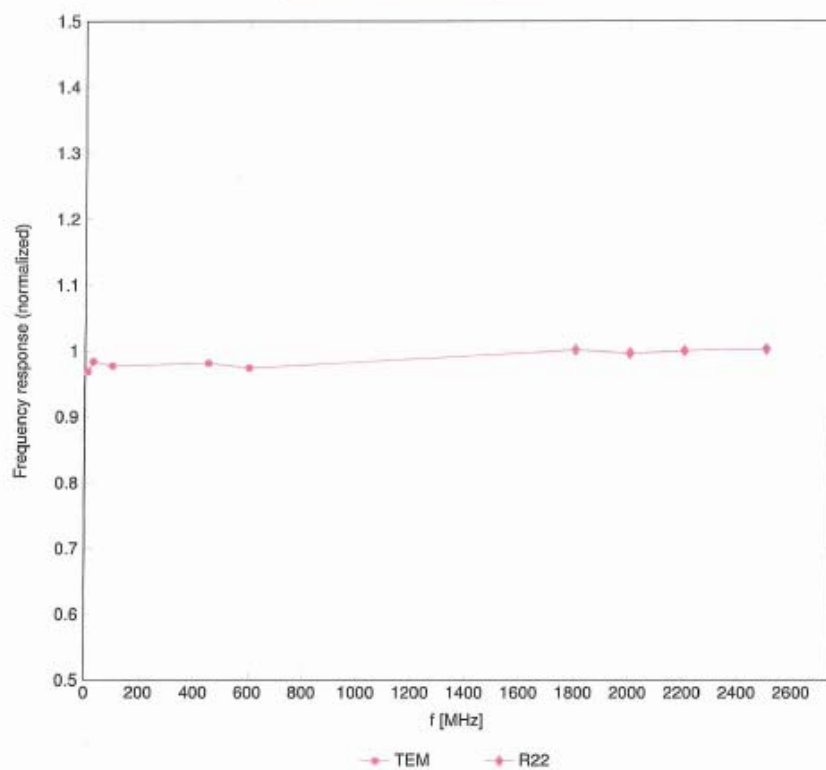
<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

ES3DV2 - SN:3019

February 08, 2024

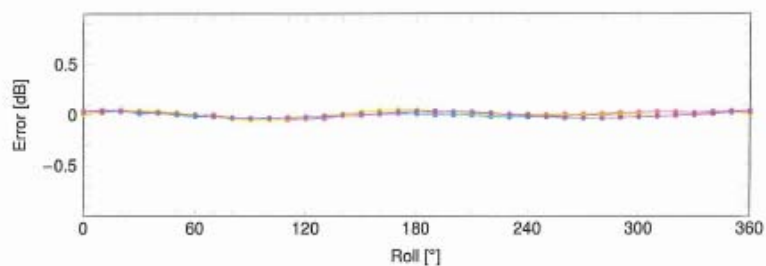
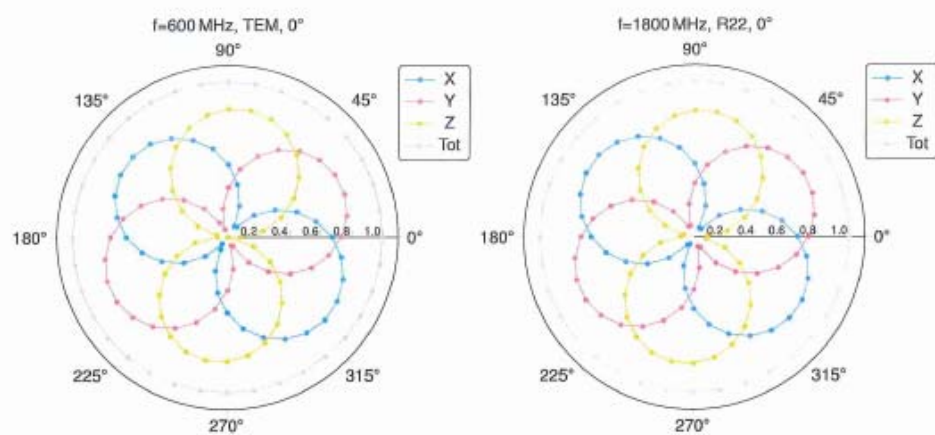
**Frequency Response of E-Field**

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

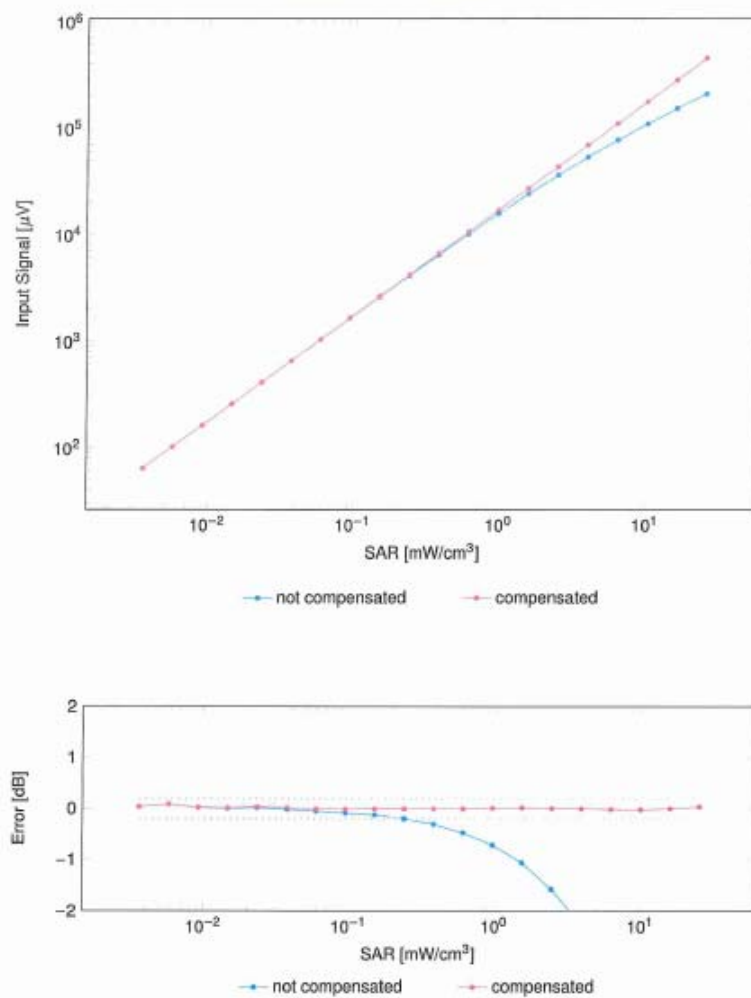
ES3DV2 - SN:3019

February 08, 2024

Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$ Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

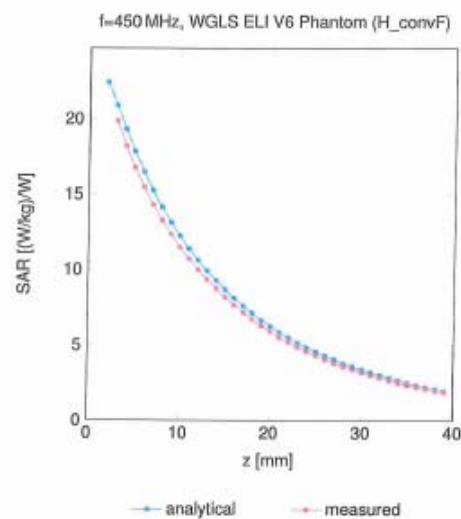
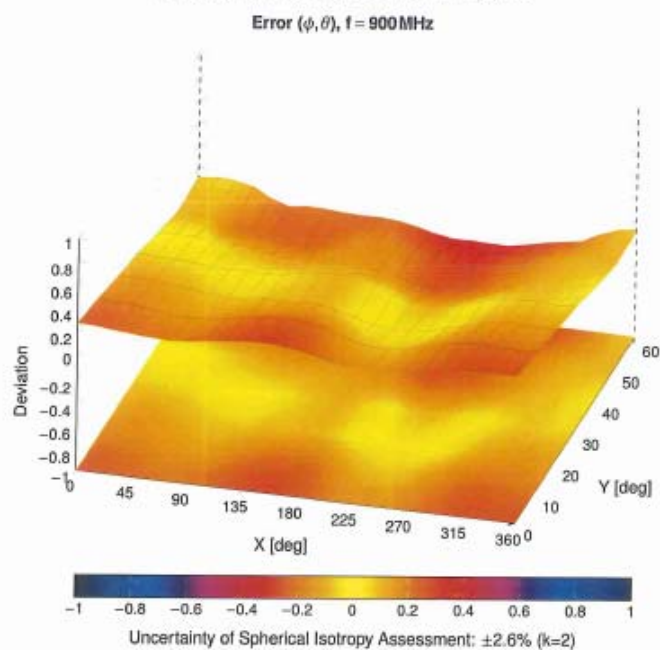
ES3DV2 - SN:3019

February 08, 2024

**Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)**(TEM cell,  $f_{\text{eval}} = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ )Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

ES3DV2 - SN:3019

February 08, 2024

**Conversion Factor Assessment****Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **BACL USA**

Certificate No: **D450V3-1096\_Nov22**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D450V3 - SN:1096**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-15.v9  
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources below 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **November 17, 2022**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards               | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP                 | SN: 104778         | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)   | Apr-23                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103244         | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)         | Apr-23                 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91            | SN: 103245         | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)         | Apr-23                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator      | SN: CC2552 (20x)   | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)         | Apr-23                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination     | SN: 310982 / 06327 | 04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528)         | Apr-23                 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4          | SN: 3877           | 31-Dec-21 (No. EX3-3877_Dec21)    | Dec-22                 |
| DAE4                            | SN: 654            | 26-Jan-22 (No. DAE4-654_Jan22)    | Jan-23                 |
| Secondary Standards             | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| Power meter E4419B              | SN: GB41293874     | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| Power sensor E4412A             | SN: MY41498087     | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| Power sensor E4412A             | SN: 000110210      | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| RF generator HP 8648C           | SN: US3642U01700   | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22) | In house check: Jun-24 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477     | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22) | In house check: Oct-24 |

|                |                    |                       |           |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
|                | Name               | Function              | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Aldonia Georgiadou | Laboratory Technician |           |
| Approved by:   | Sven Kühn          | Technical Manager     |           |

Issued: November 17, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D450V3-1096\_Nov22

Page 1 of 8

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss:** This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                        |                                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY52                 | V52.10.4                        |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation |                                 |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | ELI4 Flat Phantom      | Shell thickness: $2 \pm 0.2$ mm |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 15 mm                  | with Spacer                     |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |                                 |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz    |                                 |

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                                | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C             | 43.5           | 0.87 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 43.4 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.88 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

**SAR result with Head TSL**

|                                                             |                    |                                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                | 250 mW input power | 1.15 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>4.56 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 18.1 % (k=2)</b> |

|                                                               |                    |                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 0.766 W/kg                                     |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>3.04 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.6 % (k=2)</b> |

**Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                                | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C             | 56.7           | 0.94 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 56.2 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.93 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

**SAR result with Body TSL**

|                                                             |                    |                                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                | 250 mW input power | 1.14 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>4.59 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 18.1 % (k=2)</b> |

|                                                               |                    |                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b> | condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 0.768 W/kg                                     |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>3.09 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.6 % (k=2)</b> |

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 56.1 $\Omega$ - 5.9 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 22.0 dB                      |

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.2 $\Omega$ - 9.7 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 20.1 dB                      |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.347 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 17.11.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN:1096**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.88$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 43.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3877; ConvF(10.64, 10.64, 10.64) @ 450 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 26.01.2022
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 38.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

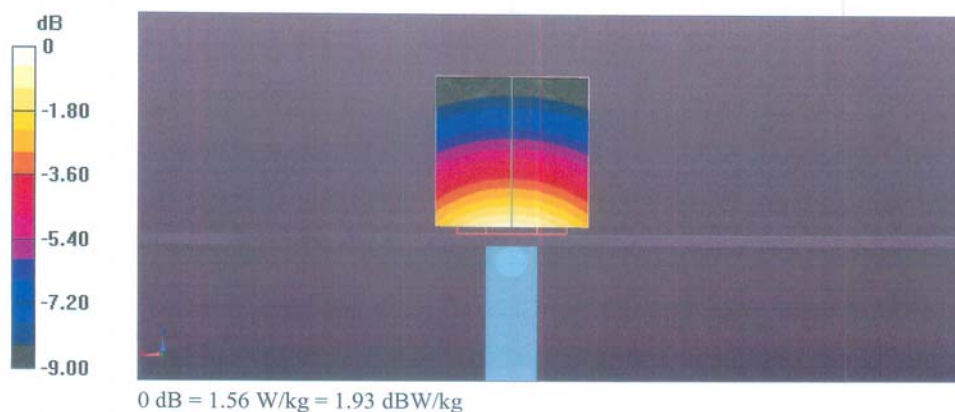
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.79 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.766 W/kg**

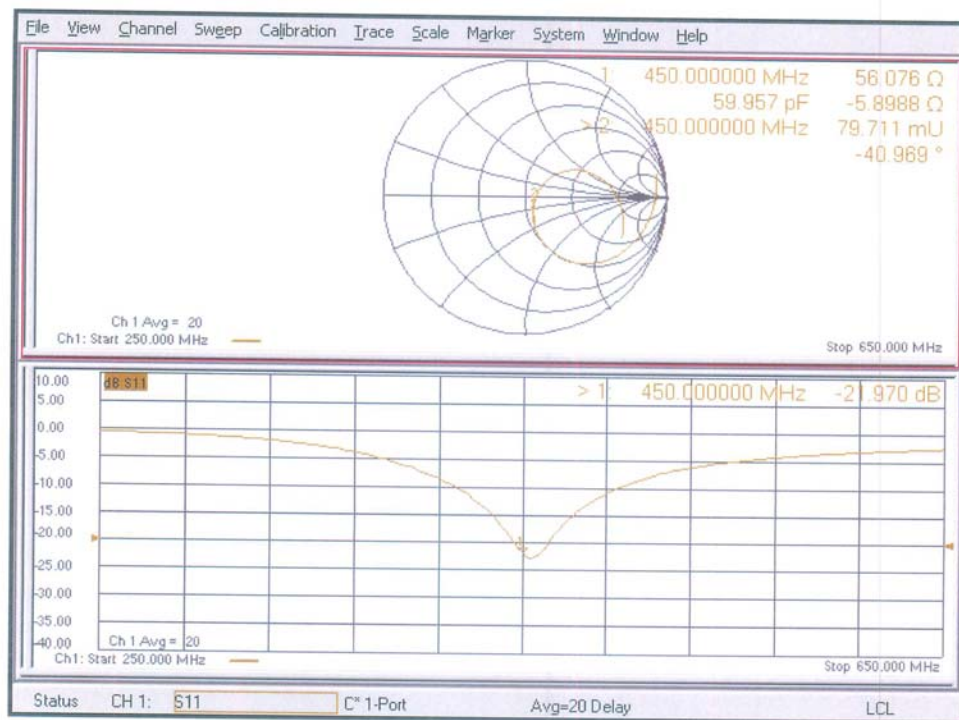
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (&gt; 15 mm)

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 17.11.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN:1096**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.93$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3877; ConvF(10.64, 10.64, 10.64) @ 450 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 26.01.2022
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 42.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

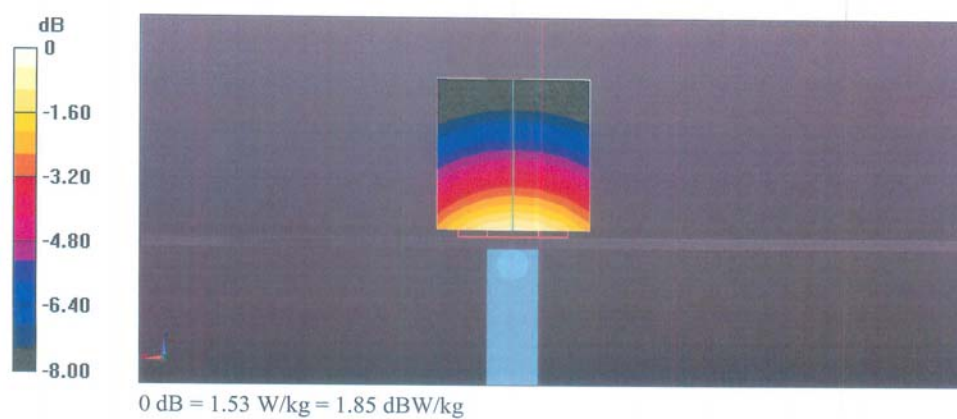
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.74 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.768 W/kg**

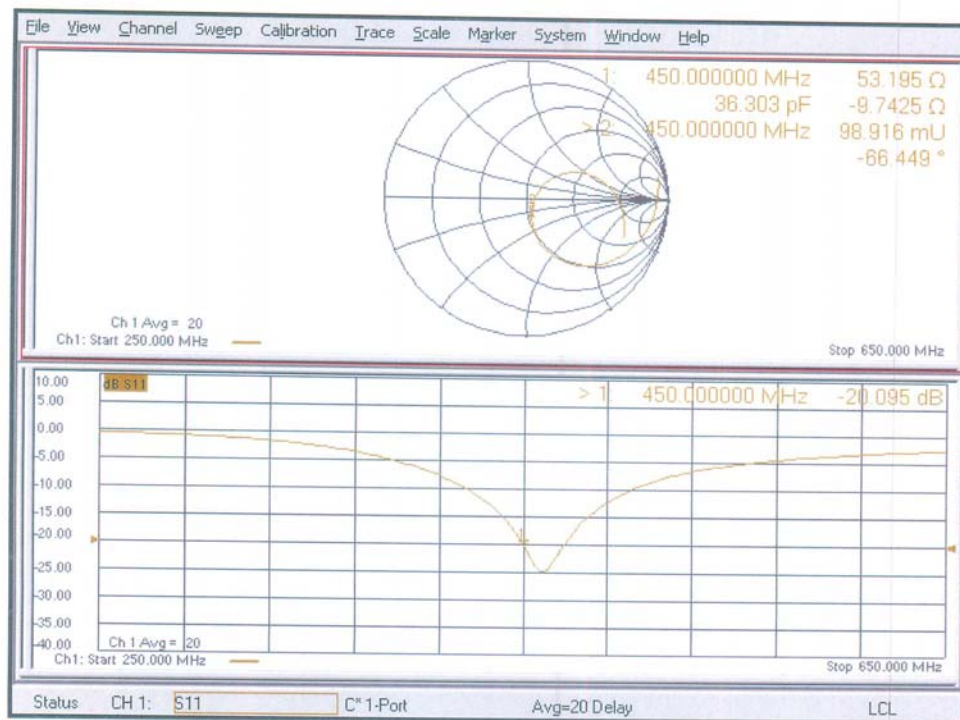
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (&gt; 15 mm)

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.53 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



**Measure Report for Antenna - Dipole**

|                                                                                                 |                                |                             |                     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| DUT Code:                                                                                       | ADK                            | Cal Date:                   | 2023/11/15          |
| Description:                                                                                    | Antenna - Dipole               | Temperature:                | 23.6℃               |
| Model:                                                                                          | D450V3                         | Humidity:                   | 58%                 |
| Manufacturer:                                                                                   | SPEAG                          | Pressure:                   | 101.7 kPa           |
| Certificate No.:                                                                                | D450V3-1096_Nov22              | Tester:                     | Karl Gong           |
| TEST SPECIFICATIONS                                                                             |                                |                             |                     |
| Specification:                                                                                  | WP 438 SAR Dipole Verification | Version:                    | 2020 - Rev 0        |
| Specification:                                                                                  |                                | Version:                    |                     |
| TEST PARAMETERS                                                                                 |                                |                             |                     |
| Device Received In Tolerance:                                                                   | Yes                            | Calibrated Frequency Range: | N/A                 |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Next Cal Due Date:          | 2024/11/15          |
| Equipment Used to perform Measure                                                               |                                |                             |                     |
| Item:                                                                                           | Network Analyzer               | Identifier:                 | NAM                 |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Model:                      | 8753B               |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Last Cal:                   | 2023/10/17          |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Cal Due:                    | 2024/10/16          |
| Item:                                                                                           | Calibration/Verification - Kit | Identifier:                 | NAM                 |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Model:                      | 85032F              |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Last Cal:                   | NCR                 |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Cal Due:                    | NCR                 |
| Item:                                                                                           | Terminator                     | Identifier:                 | NANA                |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Model:                      | 85032-10003         |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Last Cal:                   | 2023/4/29           |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Cal Due:                    | 2024/4/28           |
| Item:                                                                                           |                                | Identifier:                 |                     |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Model:                      |                     |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Last Cal:                   |                     |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Cal Due:                    |                     |
| COMMENTS, OPINIONS and INTERPRETATIONS                                                          |                                |                             |                     |
| None                                                                                            |                                |                             |                     |
| Measurement Uncertainty                                                                         |                                |                             |                     |
|                                                                                                 | Probability Distribution       | Impedance (dB)              | Insertion Loss (dB) |
|                                                                                                 |                                | Value (dB)                  | Value (+/- %)       |
| Expanded uncertainty U (level of confidence = 95%)                                              | Normal(k=2)                    |                             | 0.93                |
| RESULTS                                                                                         |                                |                             |                     |
| Pass                                                                                            |                                |                             |                     |
| This measurement was a calibration verification. (Instrument parameters are within tolerances.) |                                |                             |                     |
| Measurements are traceable to the international System of Units (SI) via NIST                   |                                |                             |                     |
| CALIBRATION DATA ATTACHED                                                                       |                                |                             |                     |

|             |           |              |                  |
|-------------|-----------|--------------|------------------|
|             | Name      | Function     | Signatum         |
| Measure By: | Karl Gong | SAR Engineer | <i>Karl Gong</i> |

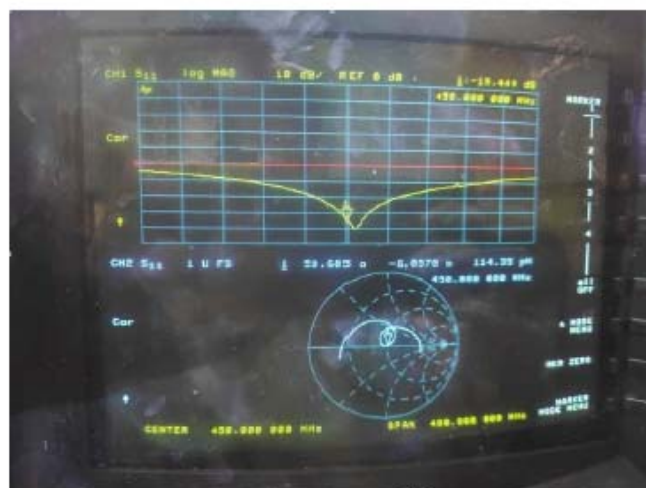
### Dipole Calibration Extension

Per FCC KDB 865664 D01, calibration intervals of up to 3 years may be considered for reference dipoles when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remained stable according to the following requirements.

1. The measured SAR does not deviate more than 10% from the target on the calibration certificate.
2. The return-loss does not deviate more than 20% from the previous measurement and meets the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement.
3. The measurement of real or imaginary parts of impedance does not deviate more than  $5\Omega$  from the previous measurement.

The following dipole was checked to pass the above 3 requirements to have 3-year calibration period from calibration date.

|              |                 | Return Loss |                         | Real Impedance | Imaginary Impedance |
|--------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Head Phantom | 2022 Value (dB) | -22.0       | 2022 Value ( $\Omega$ ) | 56.1           | -5.9                |
|              | 2023 Value (dB) | -19.4       | 2023 Value ( $\Omega$ ) | 53.6           | -6.1                |
|              | Devation (%)    | 11.8        | Devation ( $\Omega$ )   | -2.5           | -0.2                |
|              | Limit (%)       | 20          | Limit ( $\Omega$ )      | 5              | 5                   |
|              | Limit (< dB)    | -20         | Results                 | Pass           | Pass                |
|              | Results         | Pass        |                         |                |                     |



\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*