



RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION METHOD

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SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz - 6 GHz and ≤ 50 mm

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm
150	39	77	116	155	194	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold (mW)
300	27	55	82	110	137	
450	22	45	67	89	112	
835	16	33	49	66	82	
900	16	32	47	63	79	
1500	12	24	37	49	61	
1900	11	22	33	44	54	
2450	10	19	29	38	48	
3600	8	16	24	32	40	
5200	7	13	20	26	33	
5400	6	13	19	26	32	
5800	6	12	19	25	31	

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$$

 $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

BT-EDR

Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Max Antenna Gain (dBi)
GFSK	2402	-5.999	0
GFSK	2441	-5.568	0
GFSK	2480	-5.202	0
Pi/4 DQPSK	2402	-4.837	0
Pi/4 DQPSK	2441	-4.437	0
Pi/4 DQPSK	2480	-4.012	0

max possible output power (PK,conducted) : $-4 \pm 1 \text{ dBm}$

0dBi logarithmic terms convert to numeric result is nearly 1

$-3 \text{ dBm} = 0.50 \text{ mW}$

2402MHz

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation}$

$\text{distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] = 0.50 / 5 \cdot \sqrt{2.402} = 0.16 \leq 3.0$

Threshold at which no SAR required is 10mw and ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, Separation

distance is 5mm.



2441MHz

$$\frac{[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]}{0.50/5} = 0.16 \leq 3.0$$

Threshold at which no SAR required is 10mw and ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, Separation distance is 5mm.

2480MHz

$$\frac{[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]}{0.50/5} = 0.16 \leq 3.0$$

Threshold at which no SAR required is 10mw and ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, Separation distance is 5mm.

WIFI

	Frequency	Maximum Conducted Output Power(PK)	LIMIT
	(MHz)	(dBm)	dBm
802.11b	2412	8.523	30
	2437	8.423	30
	2462	8.778	30
802.11g	2412	7.340	30
	2437	7.352	30
	2462	7.649	30
802.11n20	2412	6.515	30
	2437	6.494	30
	2462	6.770	30
802.11n40	2422	5.791	30
	2437	5.642	30
	2452	5.703	30

max possible output power (PK,conducted) : 8.5±1dbm

1dBi logarithmic terms convert to numeric result is nearly 1.259

9.5dbm=8.91mW

2412MHz

$$\frac{[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]}{8.91/5} = 2.77 \leq 3.0$$

Threshold at which no SAR required is 10mw and ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, Separation distance is 5mm.

2437MHz

$$\frac{[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]}{8.91/5} = 2.78 \leq 3.0$$

Threshold at which no SAR required is 10mw and ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, Separation distance is 5mm.

2462MHz

$$\frac{[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]}{8.91/5} = 2.80 \leq 3.0$$

Threshold at which no SAR required is 10mw and ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, Separation distance is 5mm.

Conclusion: No SAR is required.