

#### 12.4. Calibration Certificate for E-Field Probe

This sub-section contains Cal Certificates for E-Field Probes, and is not included in the total number of pages for this report.

Checked by  
Bentley  
09/05/16

A1185

Calibration Laboratory of  
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Client **UL RFI UK**

Certificate No: **ET3-1528\_Apr16**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1528**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **April 22, 2016**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02293)	Apr-17
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-15 (No. ES3-3013_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-660_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02285/02284)	In house check: Jun-16
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02285)	In house check: Jun-16
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02284)	In house check: Jun-16
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Jun-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Claudio Leubler</b>	Function <b>Laboratory Technician</b>	Signature 
Approved by:	Name <b>Katja Pokovic</b>	Function <b>Technical Manager</b>	

Issued: April 23, 2016

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM $x,y,z$	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM $x,y,z$
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\phi$	$\phi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\theta$	$\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORM_{x,y,z}$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- $DCPx,y,z$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- $PAR$ : PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- $Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z$ :  $A, B, C, D$  are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to  $NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the  $NORM_x$  (no uncertainty required).

# Probe ET3DV6

SN:1528

Manufactured: March 21, 2000  
Calibrated: April 22, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1528

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.46	1.86	1.58	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	97.6	101.3	100.2	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	297.3	$\pm 3.5\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		280.3	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		260.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1528

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.43	6.43	6.43	0.80	1.77	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.22	6.22	6.22	0.57	2.14	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.04	6.04	6.04	0.35	2.82	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	5.30	5.30	5.30	0.70	2.08	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.22	5.22	5.22	0.79	2.11	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.80	2.07	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	5.18	5.18	5.18	0.80	1.95	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1528

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.11	6.11	6.11	0.66	1.83	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.05	6.05	6.05	0.37	2.61	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	5.93	5.93	5.93	0.53	2.13	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	5.06	5.06	5.06	0.80	1.94	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.80	2.50	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.80	2.40	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.80	2.19	± 12.0 %

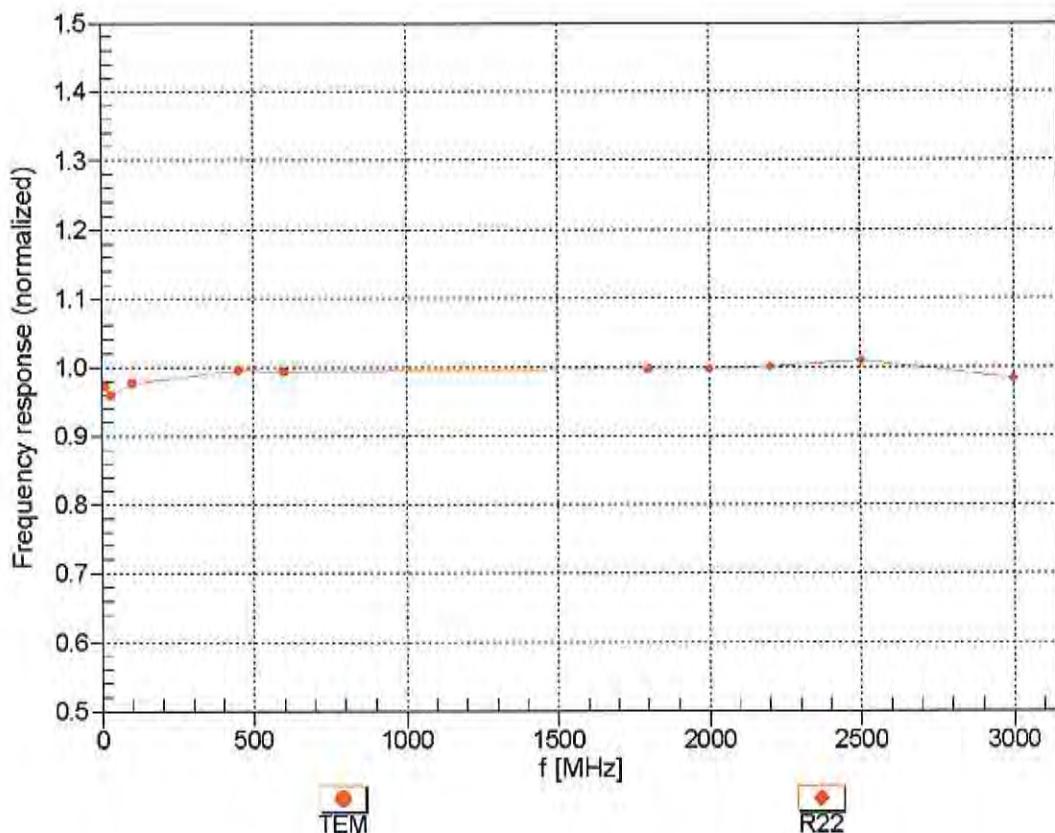
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

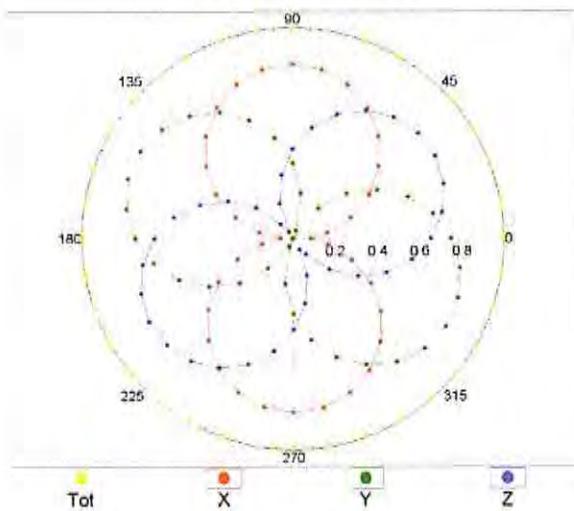
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



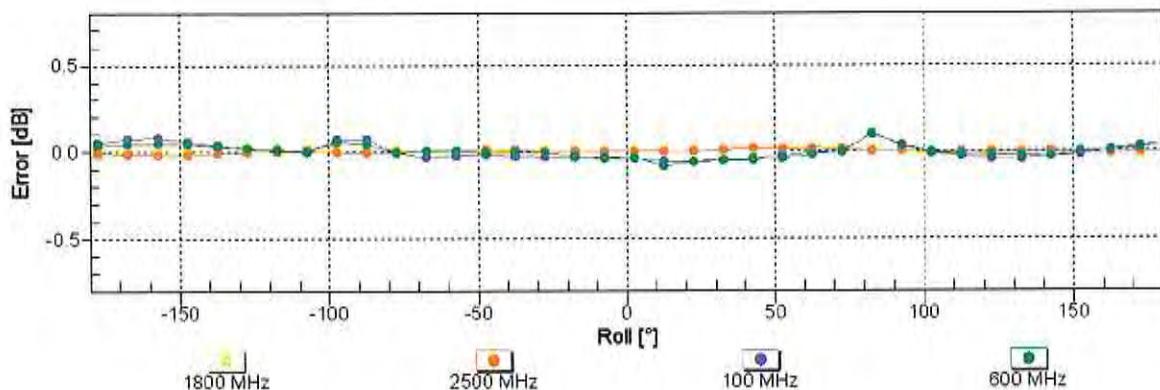
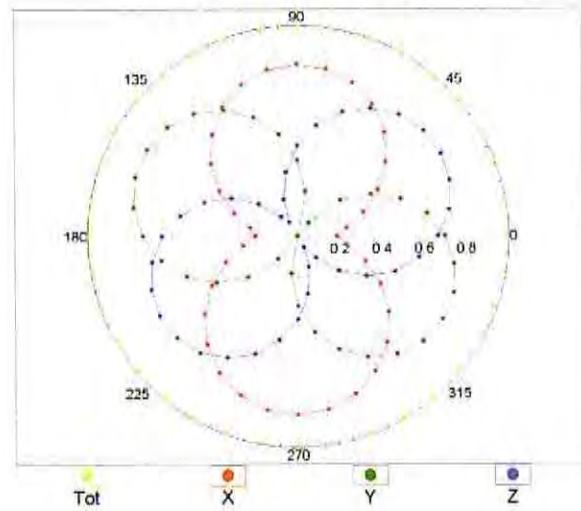
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=1800 MHz,R22

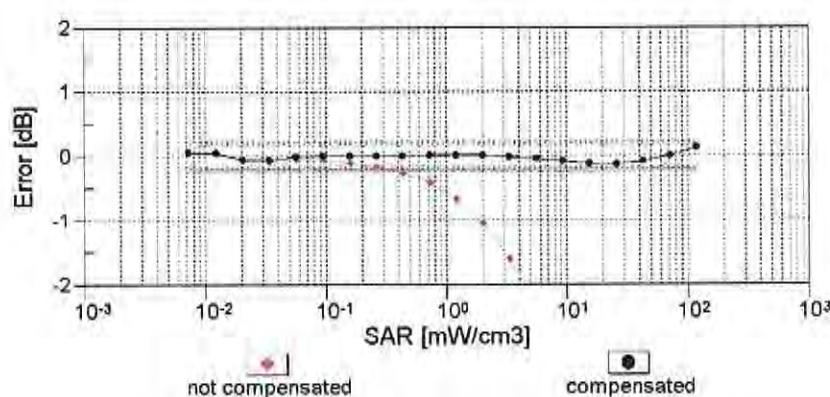
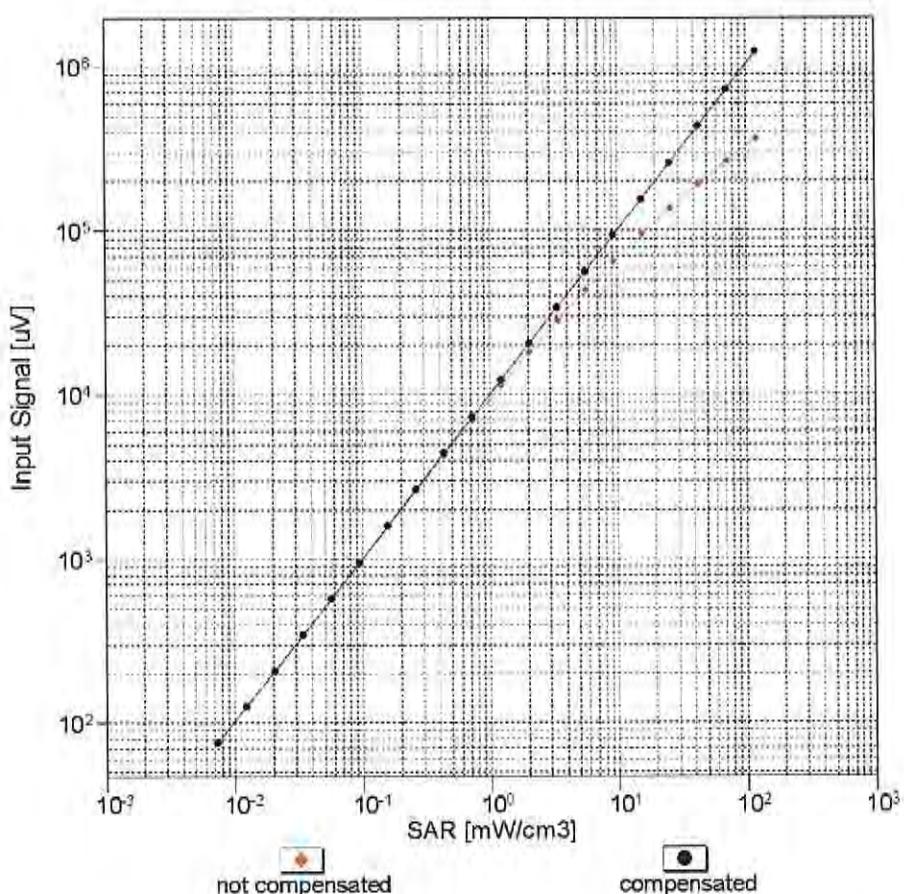


f=600 MHz,TEM



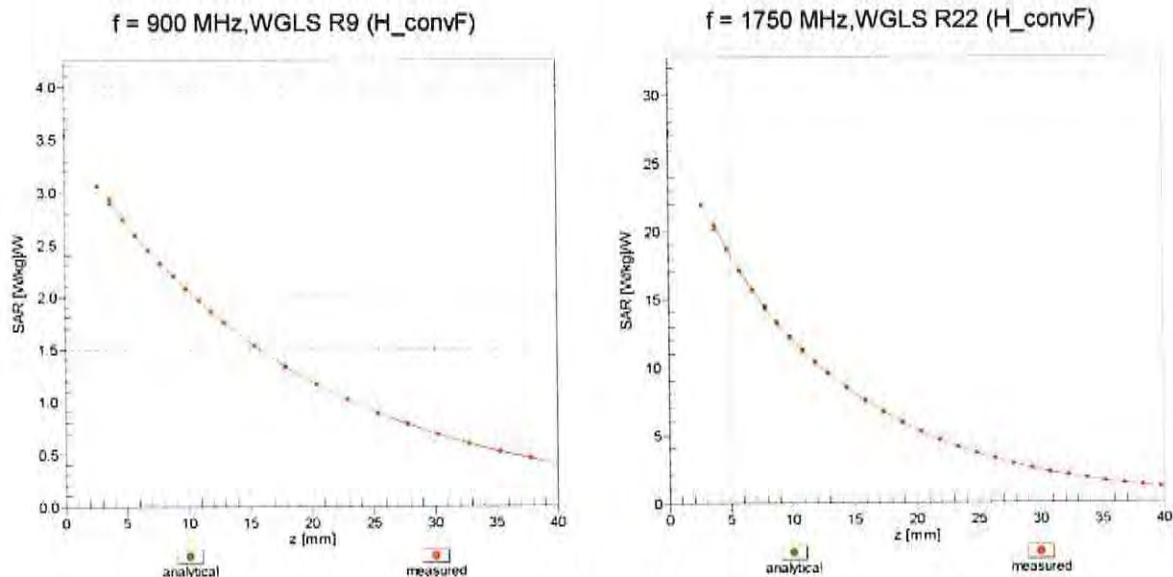
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)

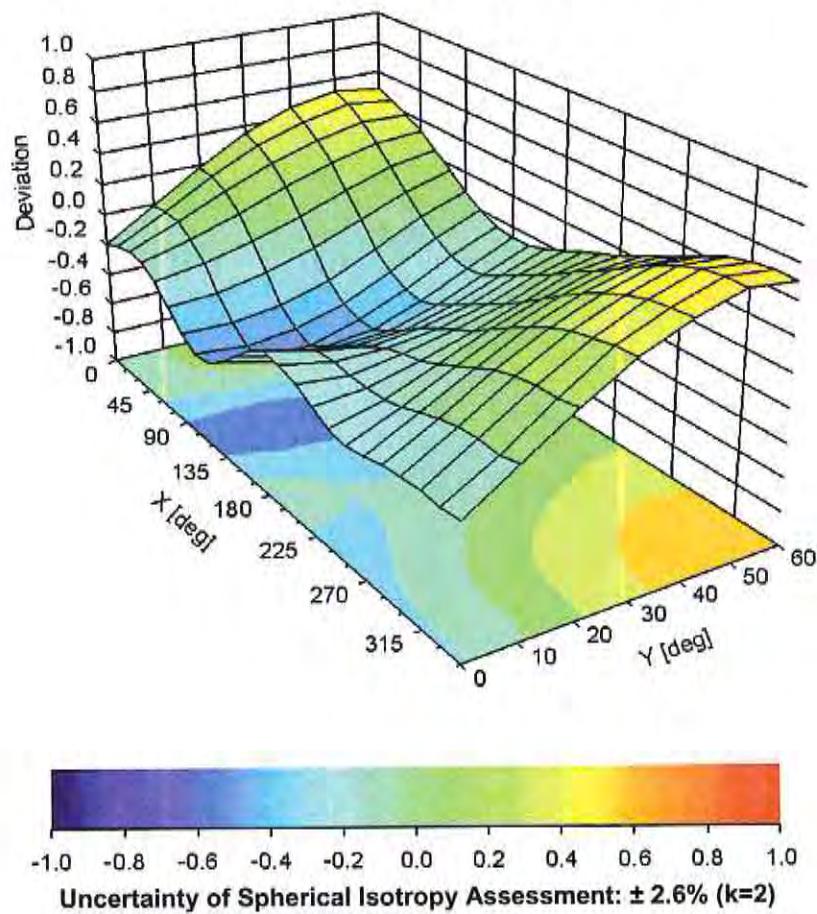


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1528

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	22.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm

A2112

checked  
M. Naegele  
05/06/2015

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Client **UL RFI UK**Certificate No: **ET3-1586\_May15**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1586**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **May 22, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Israe Elnaouq	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: May 25, 2015

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORM_{x,y,z}$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- $NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- $DCP_{x,y,z}$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR*: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- $A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}$ :  $A, B, C, D$  are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to  $NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

# Probe ET3DV6

**SN:1586**

Manufactured: May 7, 2001  
Calibrated: May 22, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1586

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.86	1.91	1.95	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	98.8	99.0	100.7	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	223.5	$\pm 3.5\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		226.6	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		225.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1586

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.60	6.60	6.60	0.31	3.00	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.31	6.31	6.31	0.36	3.00	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.17	6.17	6.17	0.38	3.00	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	5.36	5.36	5.36	0.56	2.32	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.28	5.28	5.28	0.72	2.13	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.07	5.07	5.07	0.80	2.07	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	5.11	5.11	5.11	0.80	1.94	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1586

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.36	6.36	6.36	0.29	3.00	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.22	6.22	6.22	0.31	3.00	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.06	6.06	6.06	0.34	3.00	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	5.07	5.07	5.07	0.57	2.38	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.76	2.56	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.64	4.64	4.64	0.80	2.43	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.80	2.06	± 12.0 %

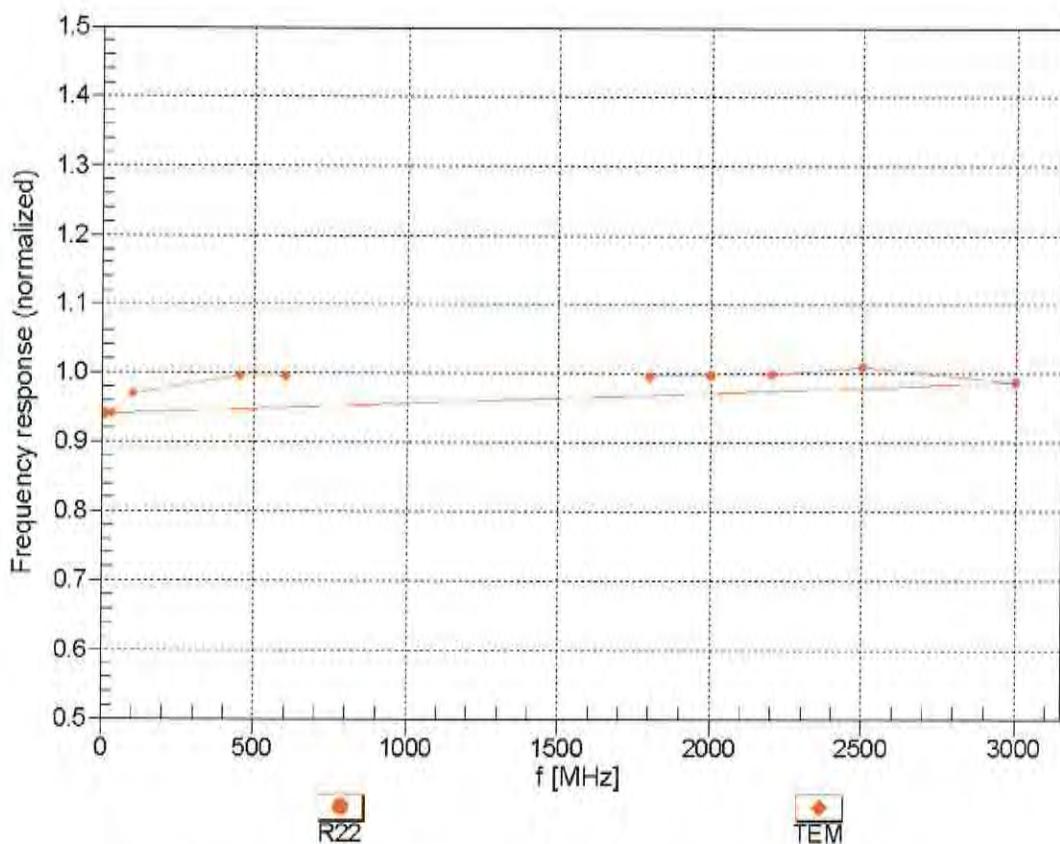
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration, SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

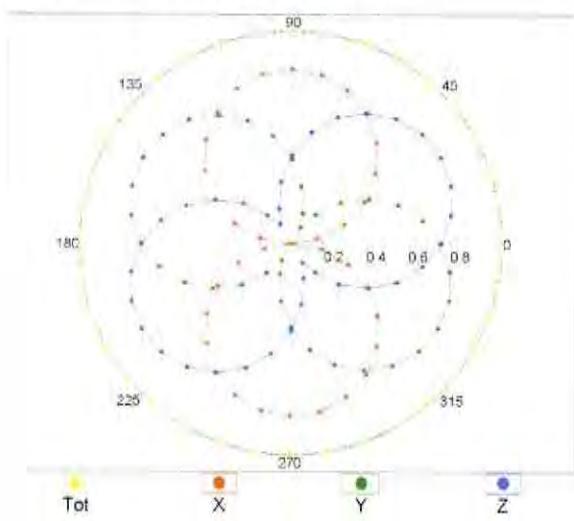
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



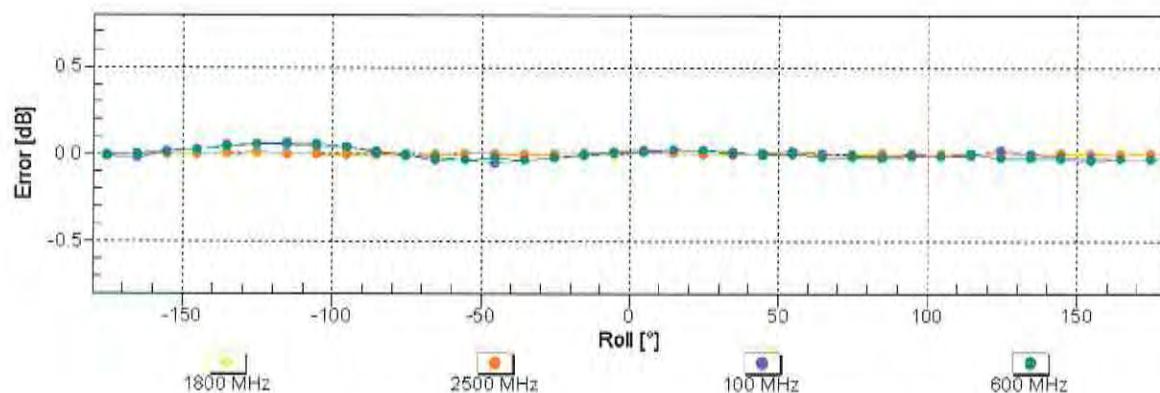
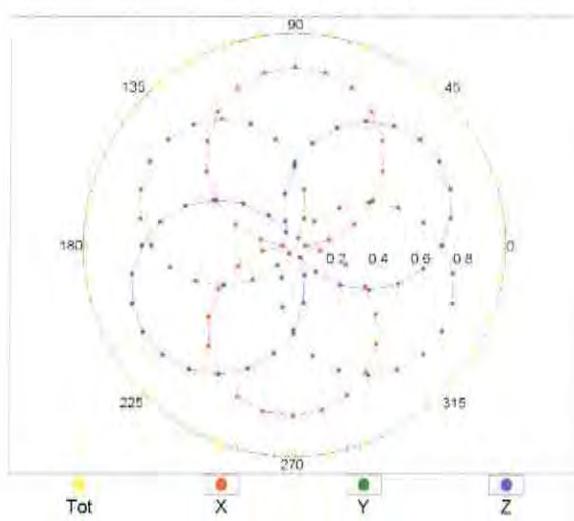
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

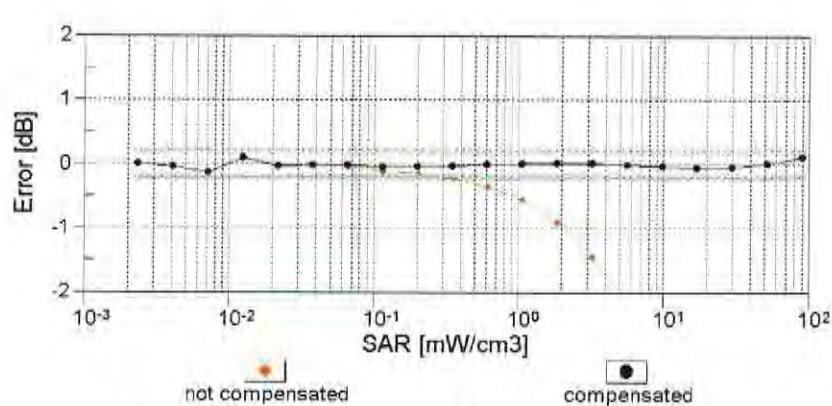
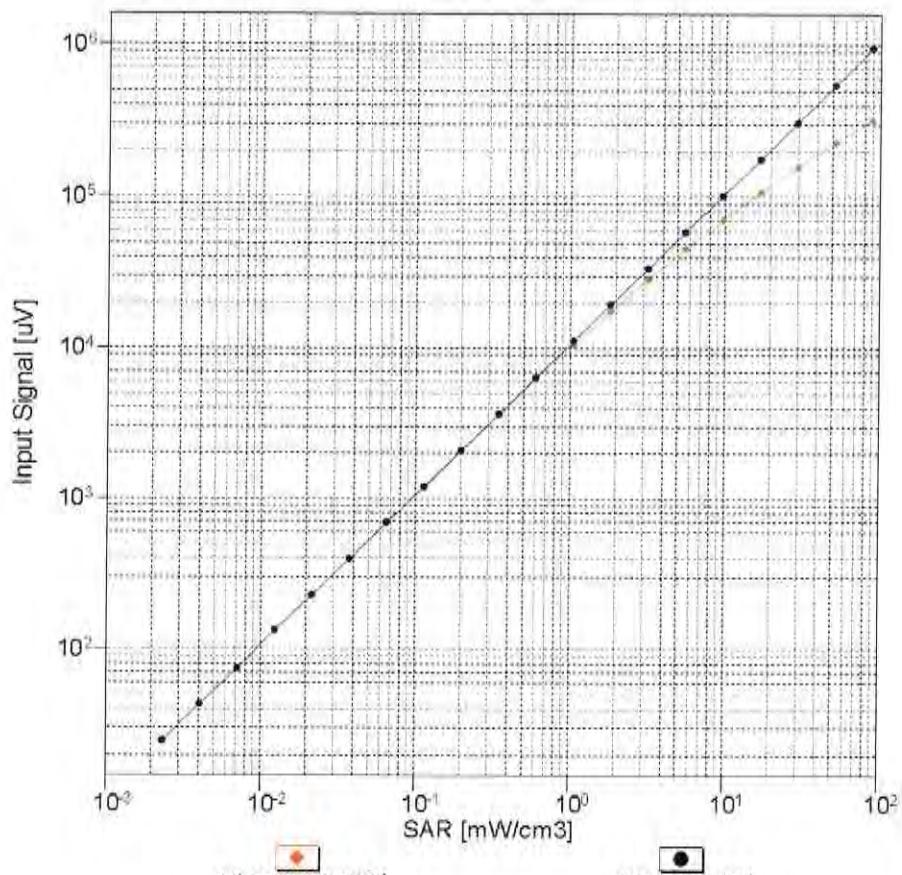
f=1800 MHz, R22



f=600 MHz, TEM

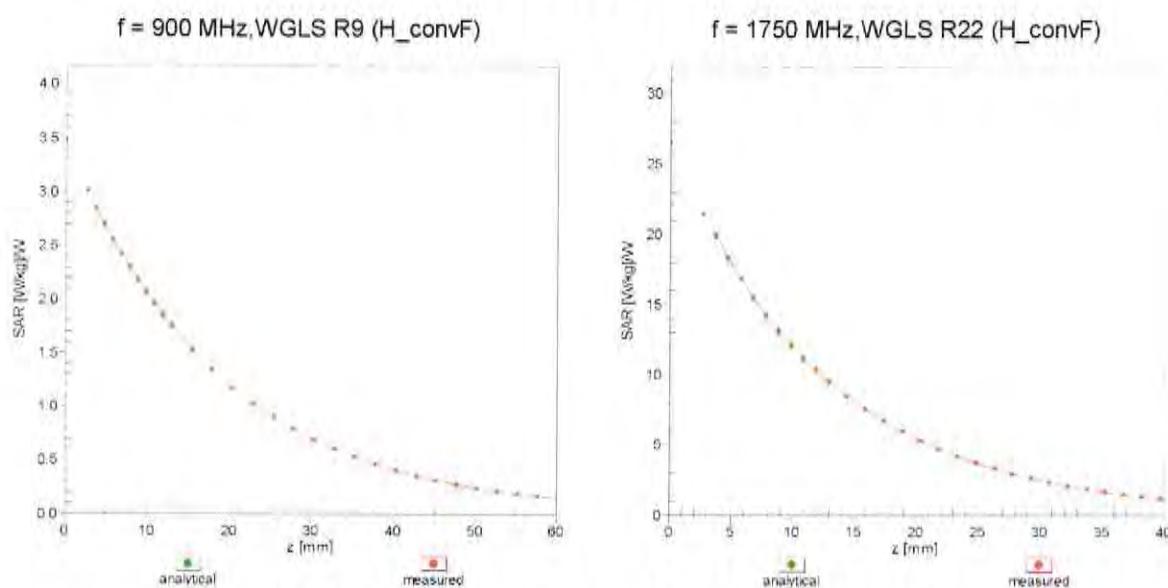


### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)

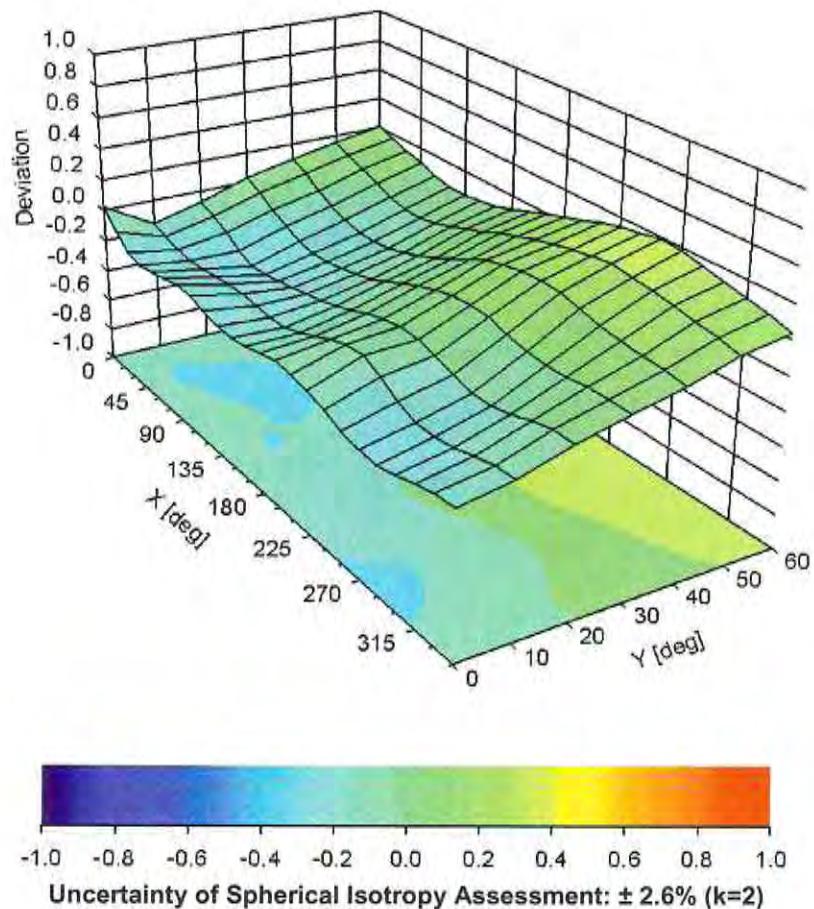


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1586

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	124.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm

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Checked  
M. N. Corce  
08/06/2015

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **UL RFI UK**Certificate No: **ET3-1529\_May15**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1529**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**  
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **May 22, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility. environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:	Name Israe Elnaouq	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: May 25, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM $x,y,z$	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM $x,y,z$
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\theta$	$\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORMx,y,z$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).  $NORMx,y,z$  are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of  $NORMx,y,z$  does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below  $ConvF$ ).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of  $ConvF$ .
- $DCPx,y,z$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- $PAR$ : PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- $Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z$ :  $A, B, C, D$  are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to  $NORMx,y,z * ConvF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for  $ConvF$ . A frequency dependent  $ConvF$  is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the  $NORMx$  (no uncertainty required).

# Probe ET3DV6

**SN:1529**

Manufactured: March 21, 2000  
Calibrated: May 22, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1529

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.66	1.98	1.80	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	109.1	99.2	99.5	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB/ $\mu\text{V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	248.6	$\pm 3.3\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		249.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		242.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1529

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.36	6.36	6.36	0.31	3.00	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.32	3.00	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.03	6.03	6.03	0.37	2.59	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	5.13	5.13	5.13	0.50	2.95	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.78	2.16	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.80	2.07	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.80	1.90	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1529

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.13	6.13	6.13	0.43	2.46	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	5.98	5.98	5.98	0.37	2.65	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	5.80	5.80	5.80	0.39	2.67	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	4.86	4.86	4.86	0.80	2.03	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.80	2.39	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.80	2.44	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	4.58	4.58	4.58	0.80	2.20	± 12.0 %

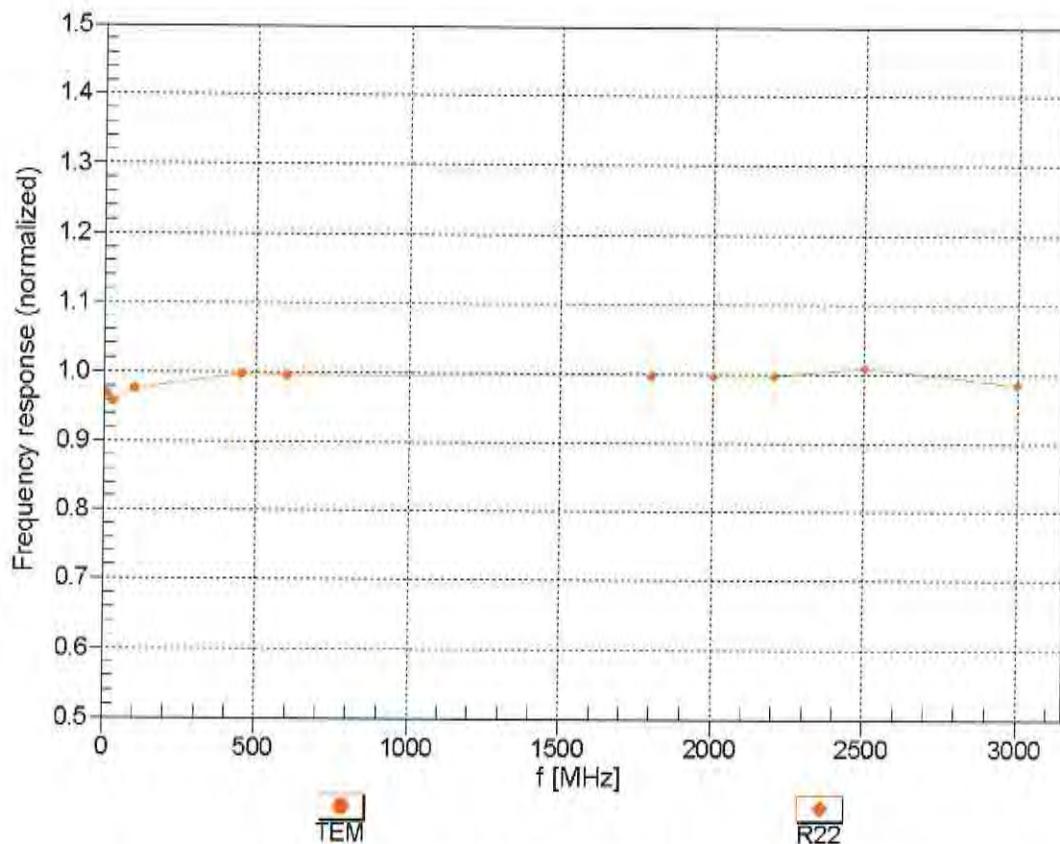
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

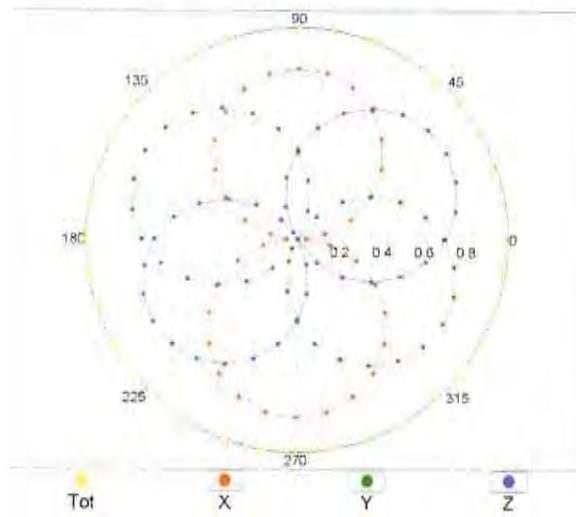
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



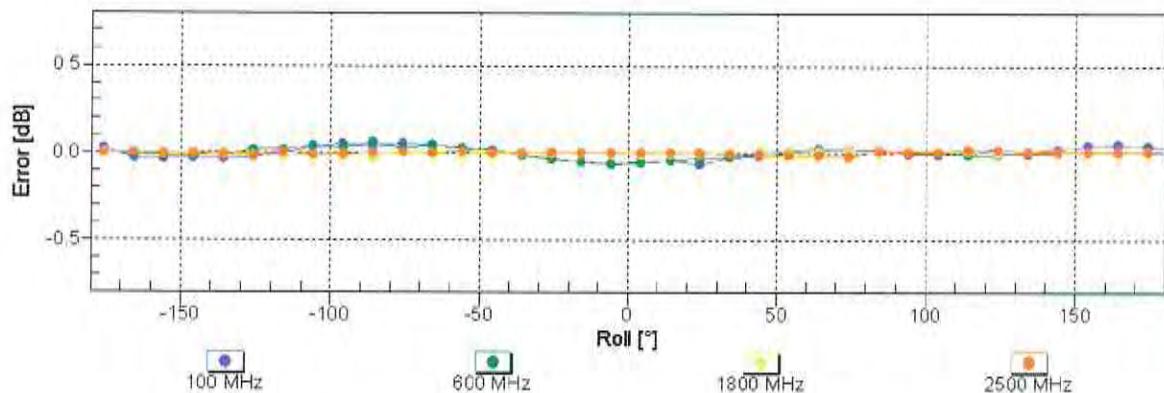
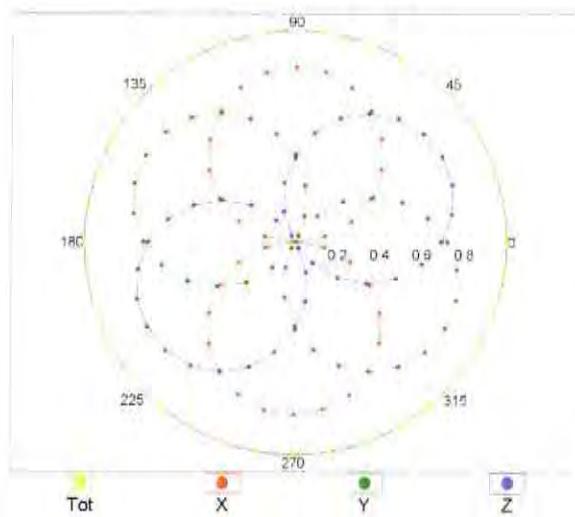
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

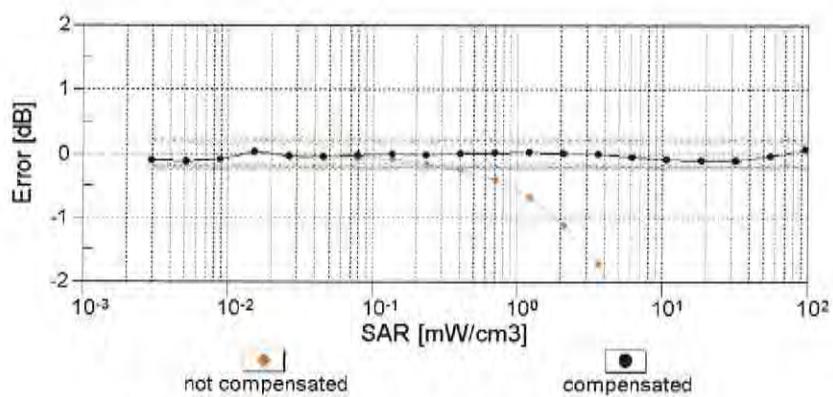
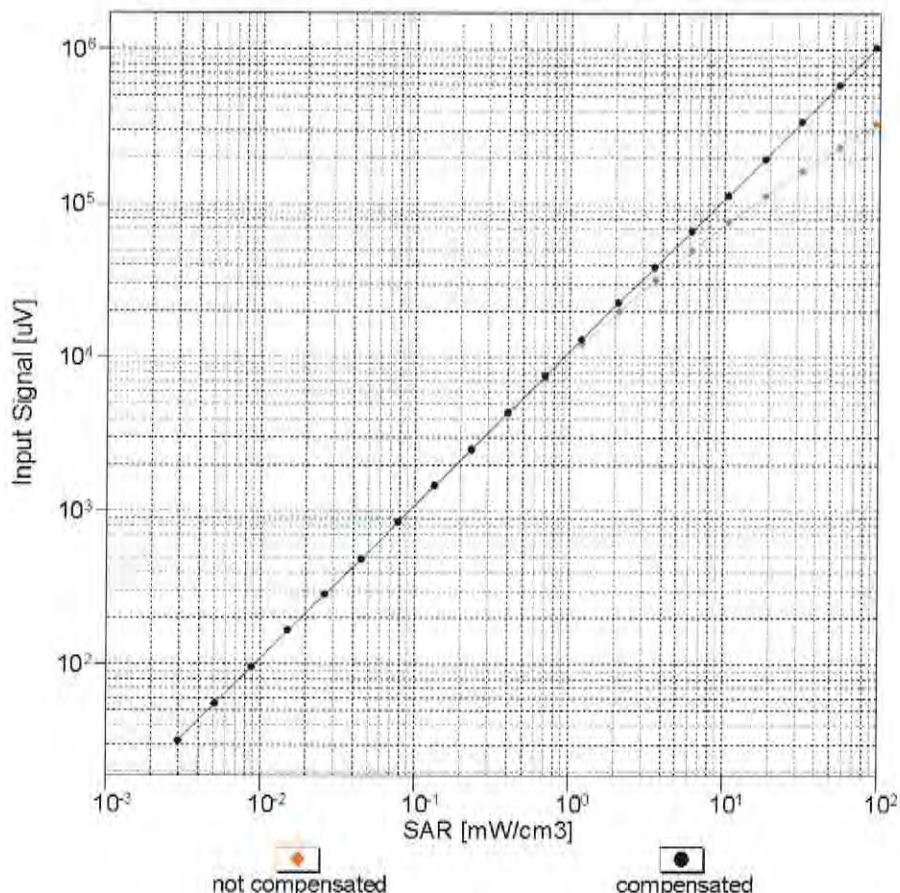


f=1800 MHz, R22



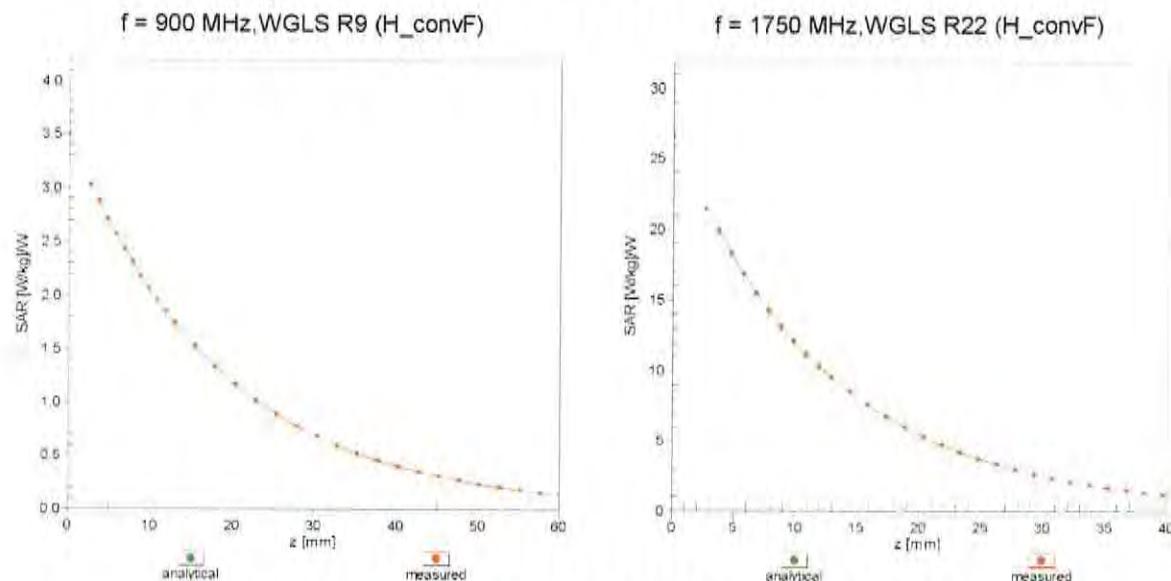
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

**Dynamic Range  $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$**   
(TEM cell,  $f_{\text{eval}} = 1900$  MHz)

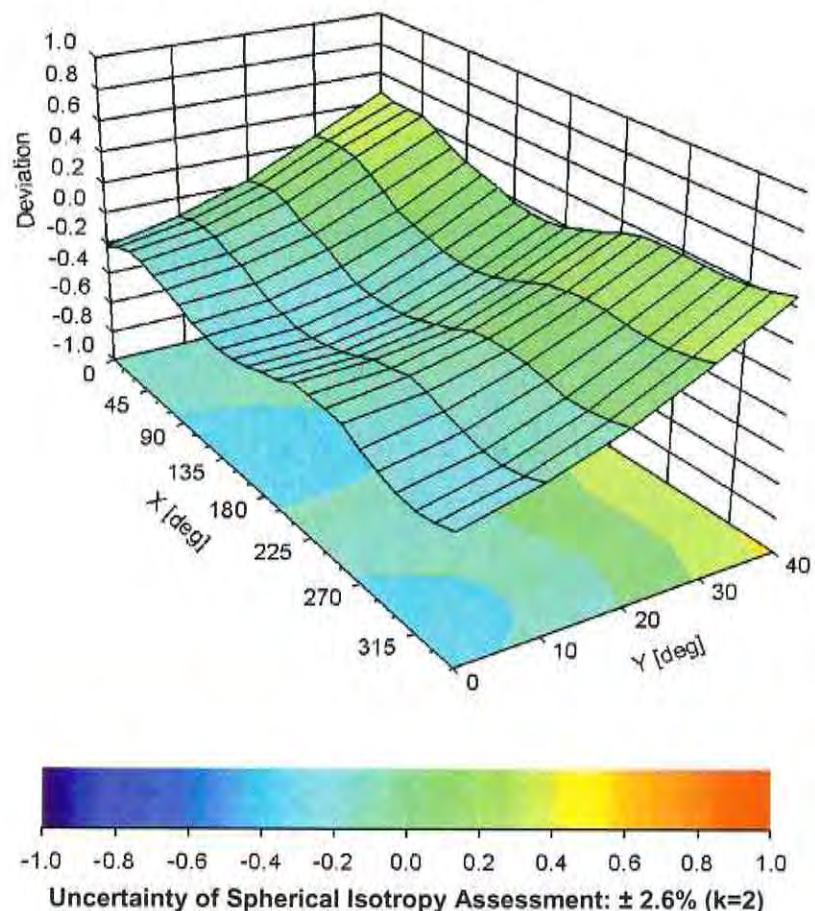


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1529

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-5.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm

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Check ok  
M. Naser  
04/09/15

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
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**Engineering AG**  
**Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland**



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**Client **UL RFI UK**Certificate No: **ES3-3341\_Aug15**

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3341**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**  
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **August 25, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:	Name Claudio Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 25, 2015

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM $x,y,z$	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM $x,y,z$
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORM_{x,y,z}$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- $DCPx,y,z$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- $PAR$ : PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- $Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z$ :  $A, B, C, D$  are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to  $NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

# Probe ES3DV3

**SN:3341**

Manufactured: March 15, 2012  
Calibrated: August 25, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3341

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.04	1.14	1.07	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	107.5	104.4	107.1	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	194.4	$\pm 3.3\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		199.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		194.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3341

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	6.82	6.82	6.82	0.19	1.90	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	6.53	6.53	6.53	0.22	2.52	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.42	6.42	6.42	0.80	1.15	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.17	6.17	6.17	0.53	1.42	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	5.39	5.39	5.39	0.35	1.76	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.27	5.27	5.27	0.76	1.17	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.07	5.07	5.07	0.75	1.20	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	5.12	5.12	5.12	0.52	1.49	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.62	1.40	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.50	4.50	4.50	0.80	1.25	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.33	4.33	4.33	0.75	1.27	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3341

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.15	1.50	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	6.37	6.37	6.37	0.30	1.93	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.33	6.33	6.33	0.48	1.53	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.14	6.14	6.14	0.36	1.85	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	5.16	5.16	5.16	0.34	1.87	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.72	1.31	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.78	4.78	4.78	0.68	1.40	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	4.88	4.88	4.88	0.80	1.31	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.54	4.54	4.54	0.80	1.15	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.31	4.31	4.31	0.80	1.16	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.10	4.10	4.10	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %

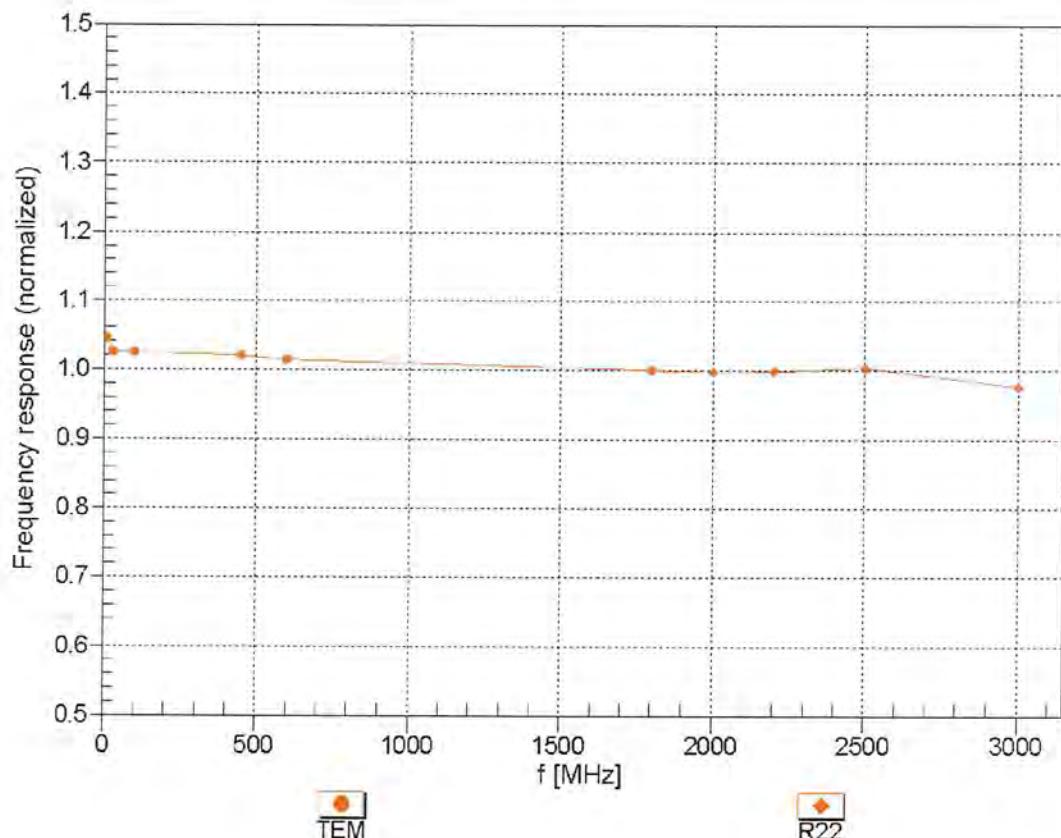
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

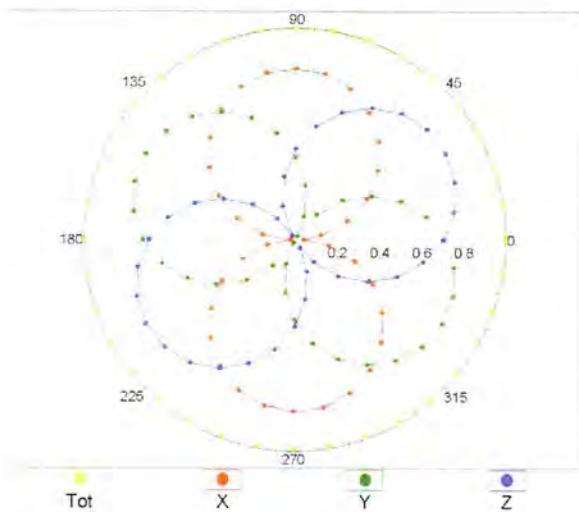
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



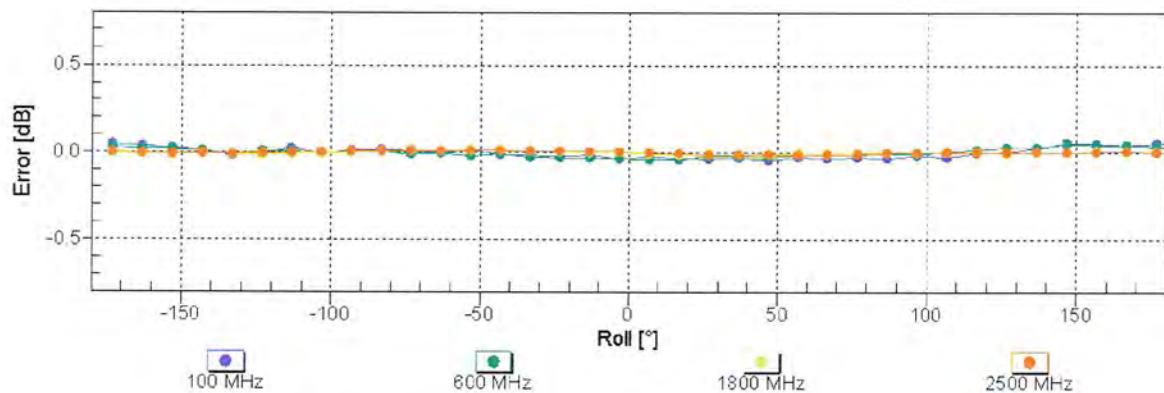
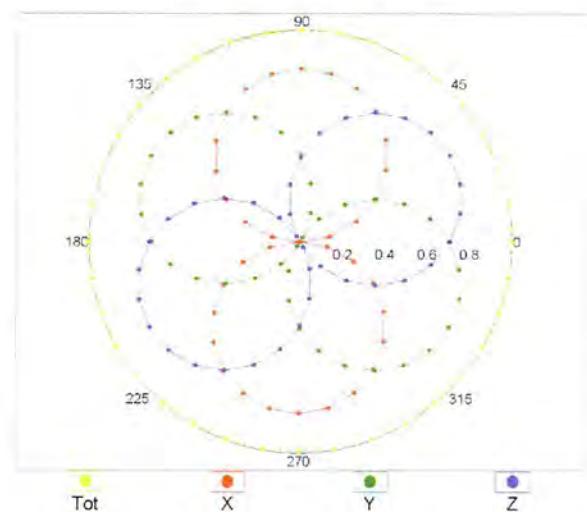
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\% (k=2)$

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

$f=600$  MHz, TEM

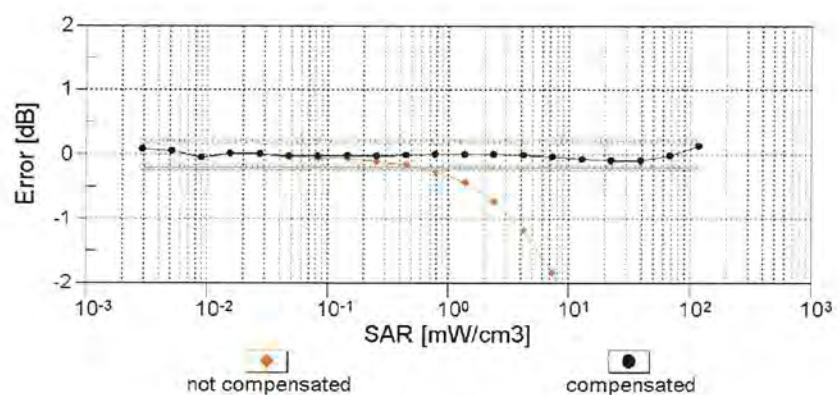
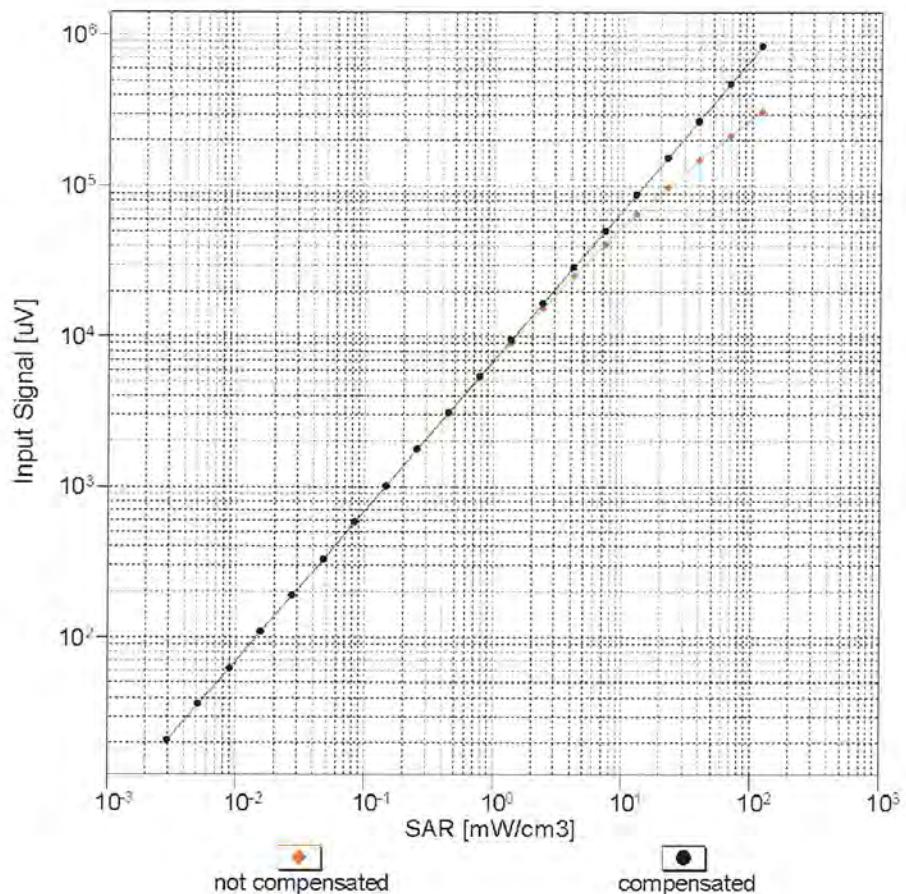


$f=1800$  MHz, R22



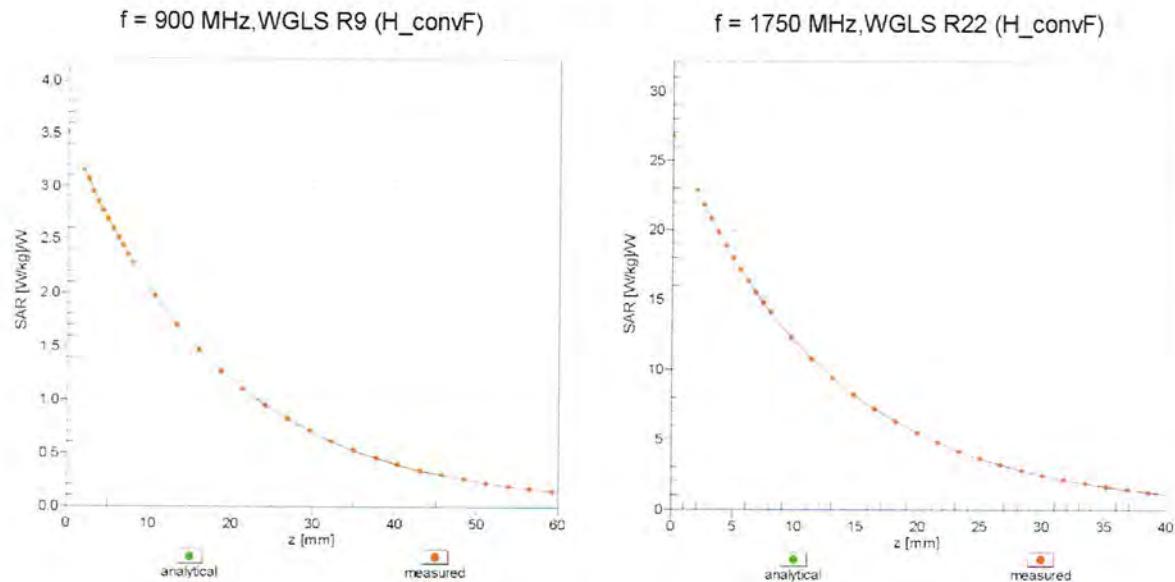
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)

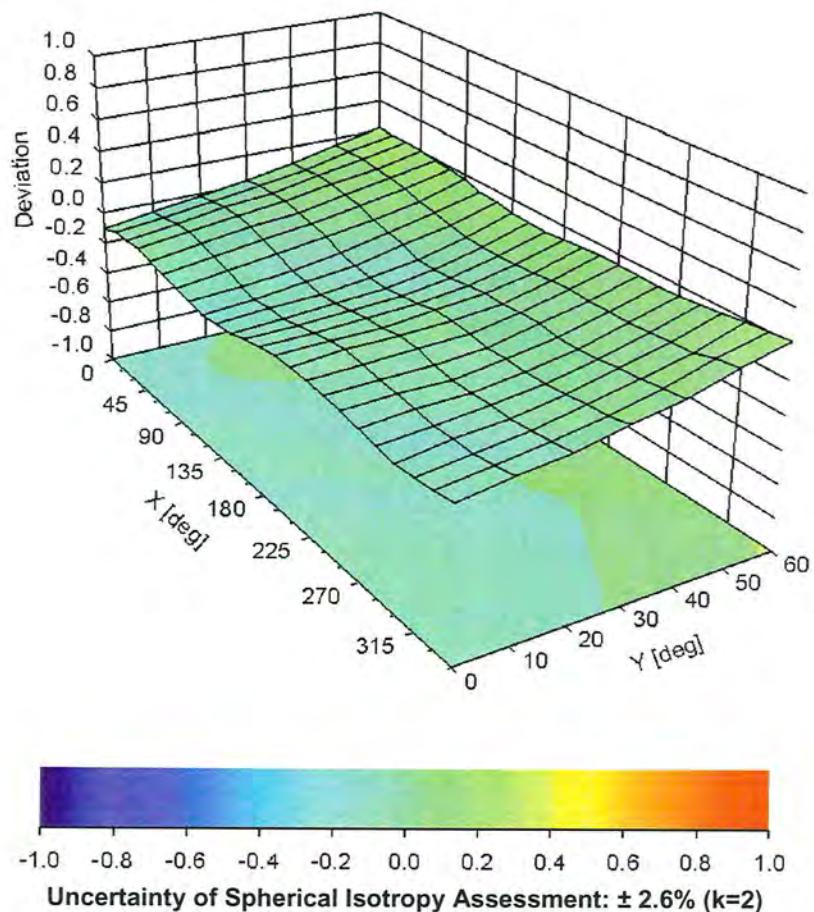


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3341

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	106.8
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

A2436

Calibration Laboratory of  
 Schmid & Partner  
 Engineering AG  
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
 C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
 S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
 Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Checked By  
 Date: 07/08/15

Client UL RFI UK

Certificate No: ES3-3335\_Jul15

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ES3DV3 - SN:3335

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6  
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: July 23, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660, Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:	Name Claudio Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: July 23, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

**Glossary:**

TS	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\phi$	$\phi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\theta$	$\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- $NORM_{x,y,z}$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- $DCP_{x,y,z}$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- $PAR$ : PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- $A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}$ :  $A, B, C, D$  are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to  $NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the  $NORM_x$  (no uncertainty required).

# Probe ES3DV3

**SN:3335**

Manufactured: January 24, 2012  
Calibrated: July 23, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3335

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.07	1.08	1.13	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	103.1	107.3	106.3	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	191.9	$\pm 3.8\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		191.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		198.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3335

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.57	6.57	6.57	0.23	2.33	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.30	6.30	6.30	0.72	1.20	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.19	6.19	6.19	0.21	2.67	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	5.30	5.30	5.30	0.22	2.40	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.24	5.24	5.24	0.57	1.39	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.07	5.07	5.07	0.79	1.18	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.78	1.21	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.78	4.78	4.78	0.78	1.23	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.75	1.26	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.33	4.33	4.33	0.76	1.29	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.95	1.16	± 13.1 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3335

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.13	6.13	6.13	0.80	1.13	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.04	6.04	6.04	0.50	1.51	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	5.97	5.97	5.97	0.80	1.17	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.33	2.01	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.54	1.53	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.71	4.71	4.71	0.46	1.72	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	4.83	4.83	4.83	0.77	1.29	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.76	1.31	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.31	4.31	4.31	0.80	1.08	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.16	4.16	4.16	0.80	0.80	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	3.83	3.83	3.83	0.90	1.34	± 13.1 %

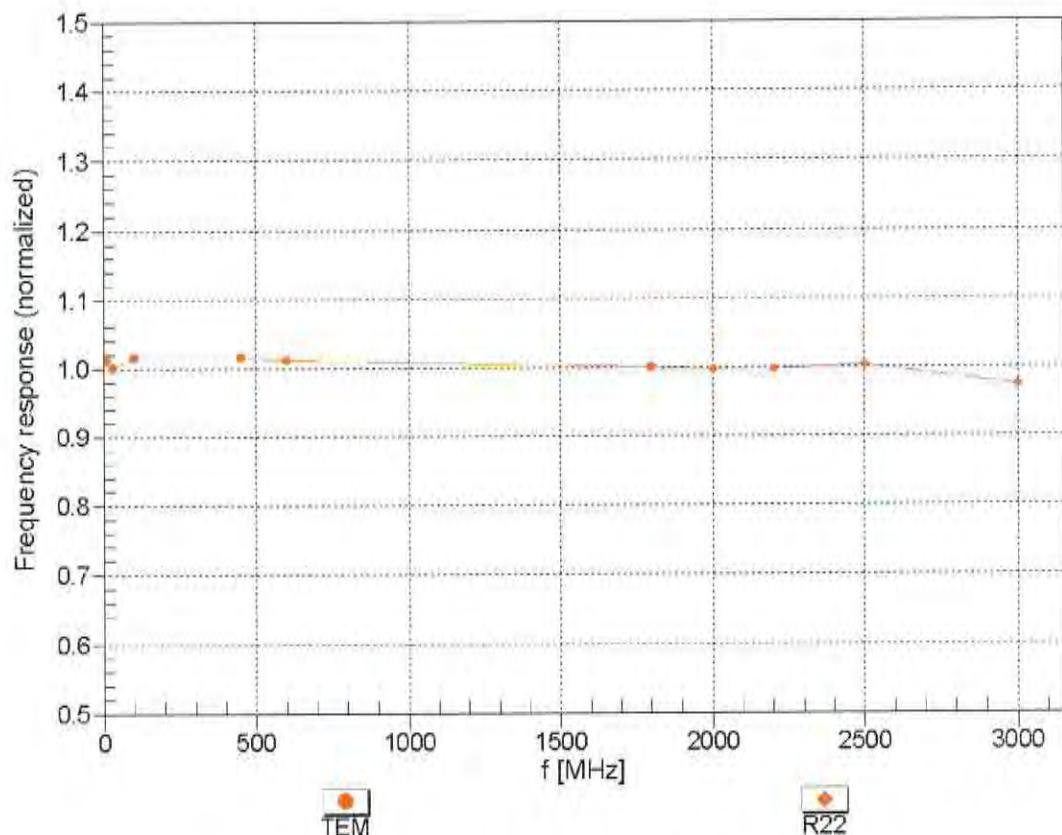
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



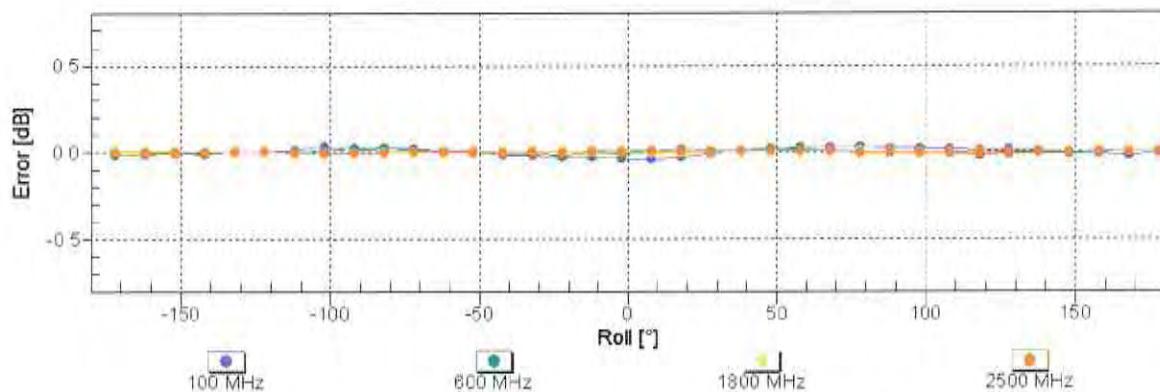
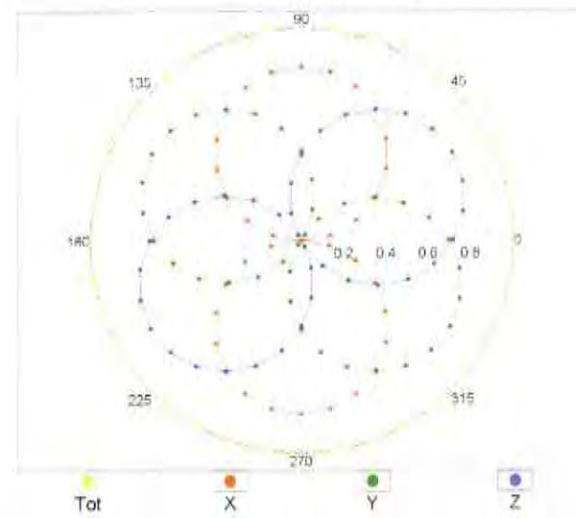
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

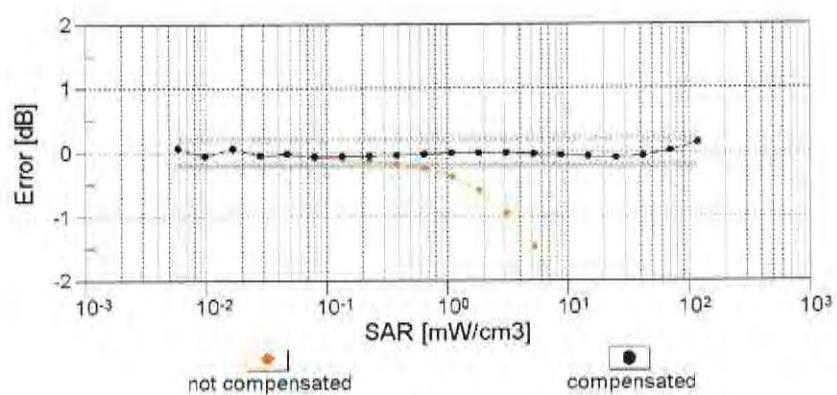
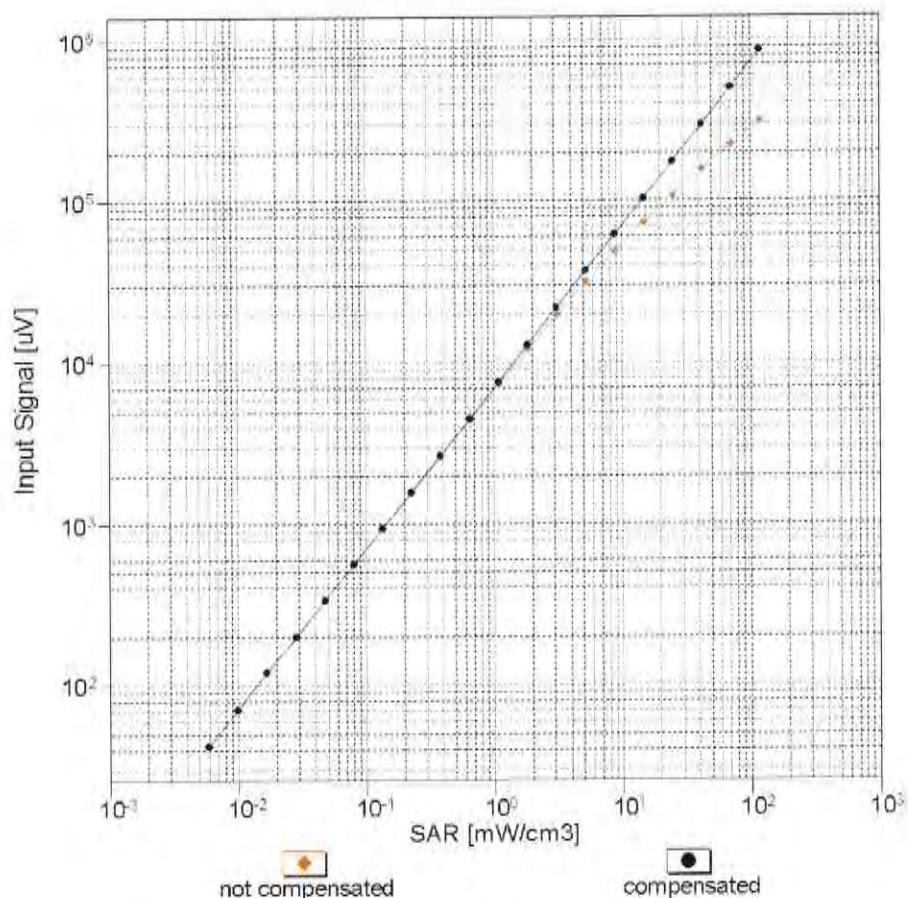


f=1800 MHz,R22



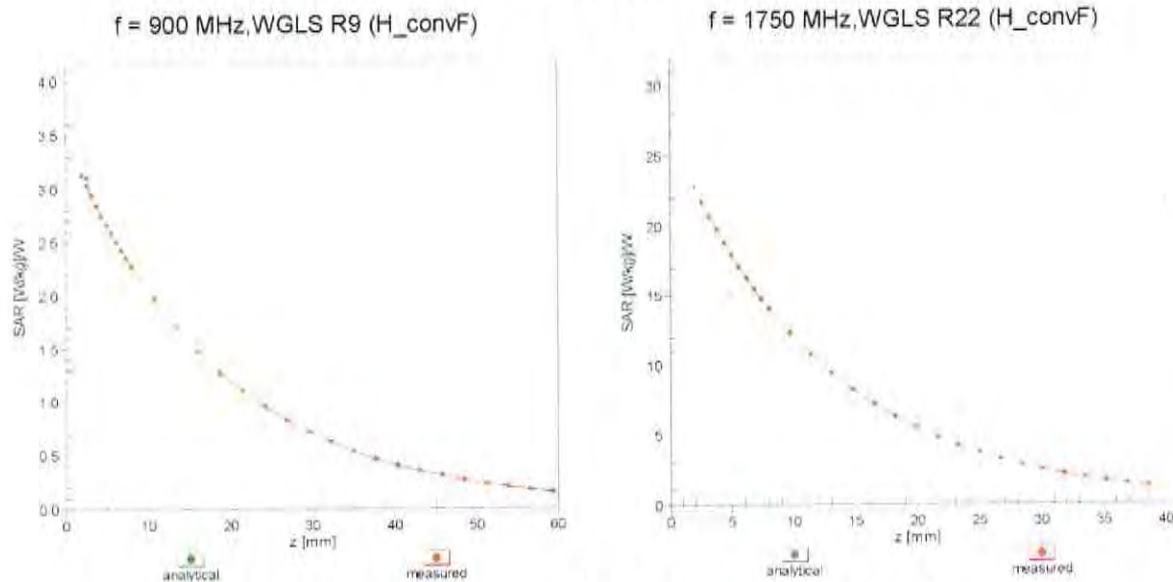
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)



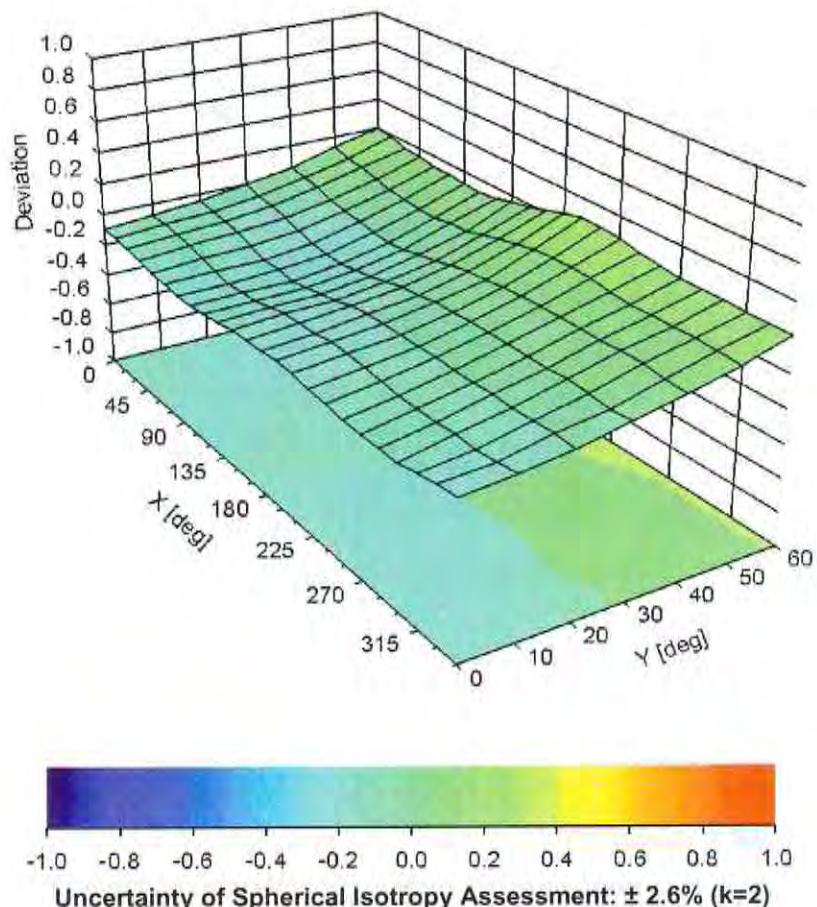
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  (k=2)

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ),  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3335

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	57.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

A 2544

checked

Mr. Narce

19/05/2016

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client UL RFI UK

Certificate No: EX3-3994\_Mar16/2

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE (Replacement of No: EX3-3994\_Mar16)

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3994

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: March 21, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-15 (No. ES3-3013_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-660_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klynsner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: May 10, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM $x,y,z$	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM $x,y,z$
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORMx,y,z$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).  $NORMx,y,z$  are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of  $NORMx,y,z$  does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- $DCPx,y,z$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- $PAR$ : PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- $Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D$  are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to  $NORMx,y,z * ConvF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the  $NORMx$  (no uncertainty required).

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3994

Manufactured: January 21, 2014  
Calibrated: March 21, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3994

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m}))^2$ <sup>A</sup>	0.50	0.50	0.43	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	101.2	101.2	96.5	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	195.7	$\pm 3.0 \%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		183.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		177.0	

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix.

### Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	$\alpha$ V $^{-1}$	T1 ms.V $^{-2}$	T2 ms.V $^{-1}$	T3 ms	T4 V $^{-2}$	T5 V $^{-1}$	T6
X	64.44	483.3	36.1	24.54	1.628	5.046	0.743	0.447	1.007
Y	53.98	404.3	35.87	21.79	1.722	5.007	0.175	0.525	1.004
Z	58.14	448.8	38	23.28	1.723	5.019	0	0.516	1.005

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E $^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3994

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.32	10.32	10.32	0.65	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.79	9.79	9.79	0.57	0.86	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.42	9.42	9.42	0.47	0.95	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.72	8.72	8.72	0.43	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.34	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.14	8.14	8.14	0.31	0.87	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	8.26	8.26	8.26	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.71	7.71	7.71	0.29	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.36	7.36	7.36	0.32	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.07	7.07	7.07	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.20	5.20	5.20	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.50	4.50	4.50	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3994

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.93	9.93	9.93	0.54	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.73	9.73	9.73	0.44	0.89	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.74	9.74	9.74	0.41	0.90	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.47	8.47	8.47	0.32	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.12	8.12	8.12	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.81	7.81	7.81	0.37	0.85	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	8.10	8.10	8.10	0.28	1.02	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.45	7.45	7.45	0.32	0.95	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.28	7.28	7.28	0.36	0.85	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.99	6.99	6.99	0.29	0.95	± 12.0 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.38	4.38	4.38	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.76	3.76	3.76	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	3.99	3.99	3.99	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %

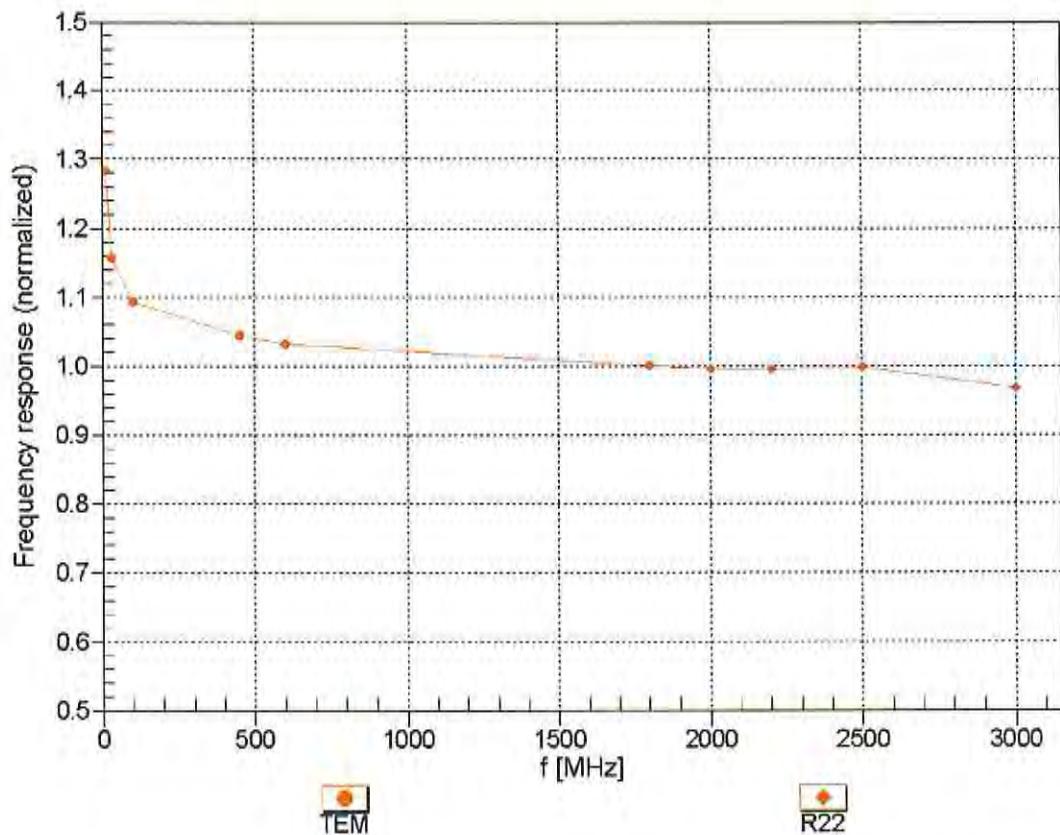
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

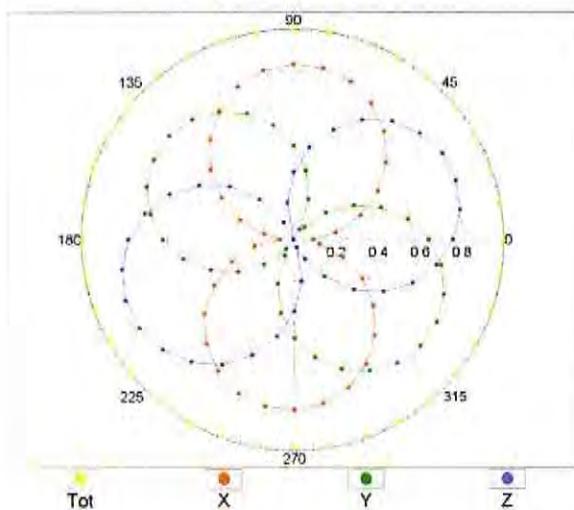
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



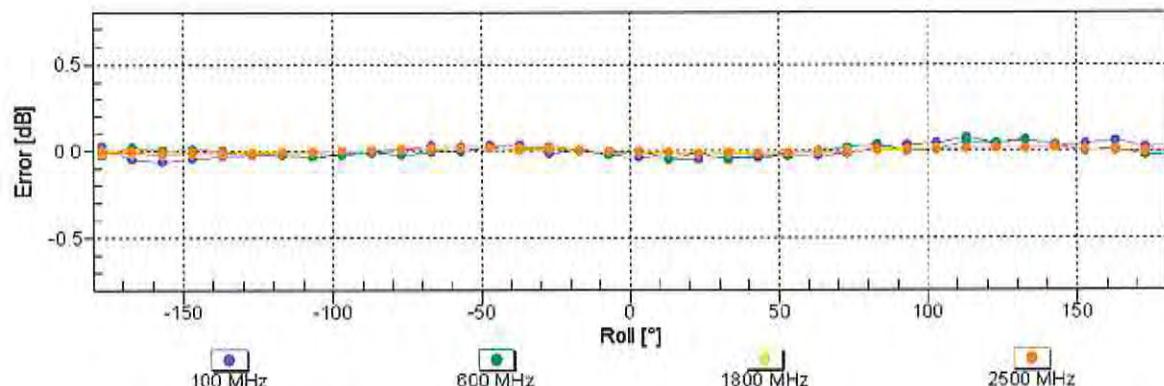
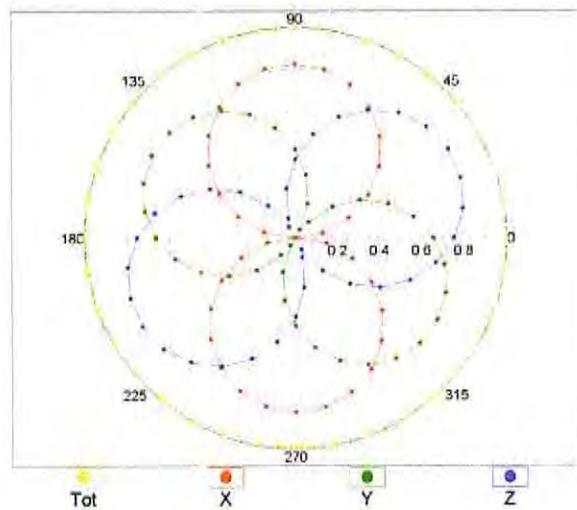
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

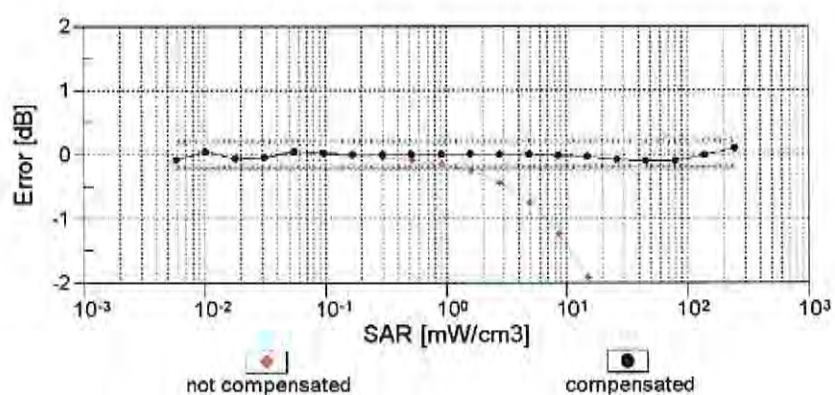
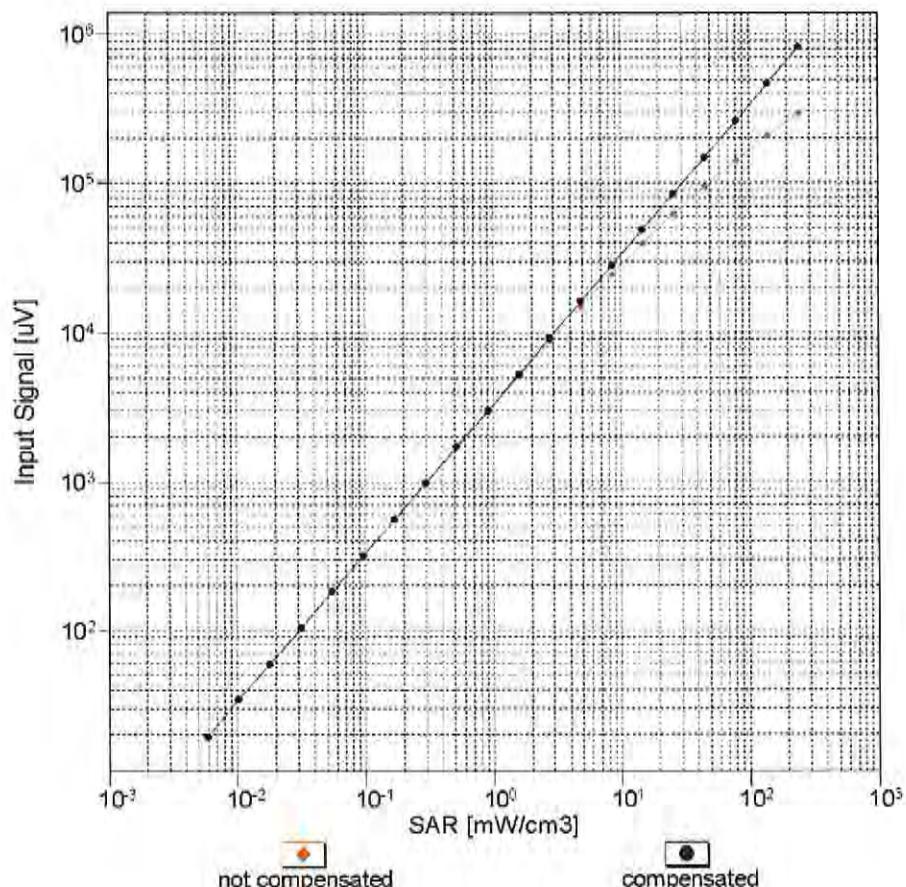
f=600 MHz,TEM



f=1800 MHz,R22

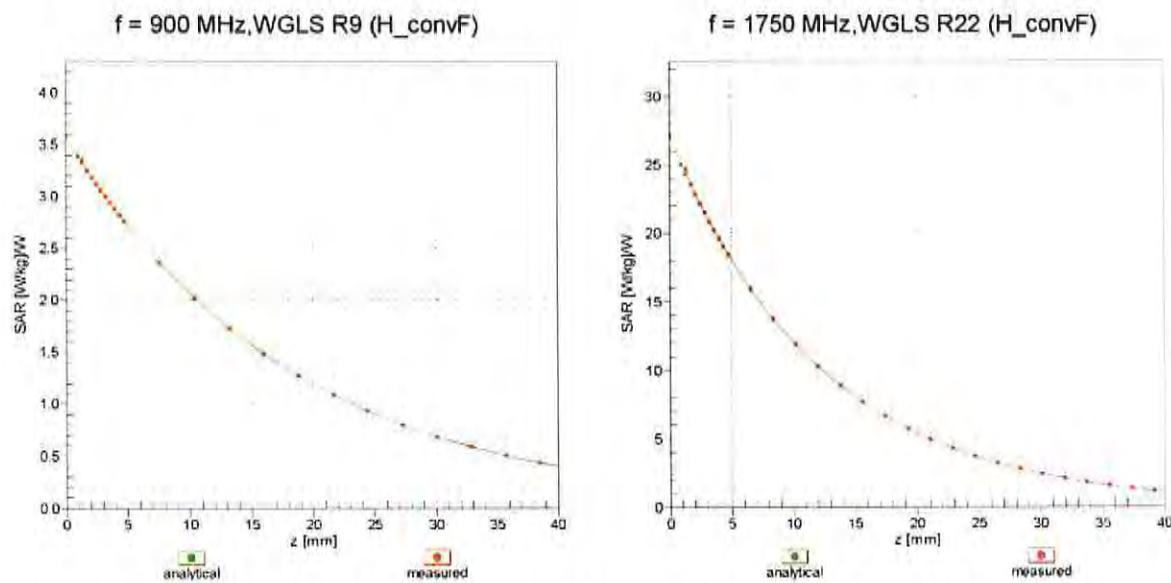
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)

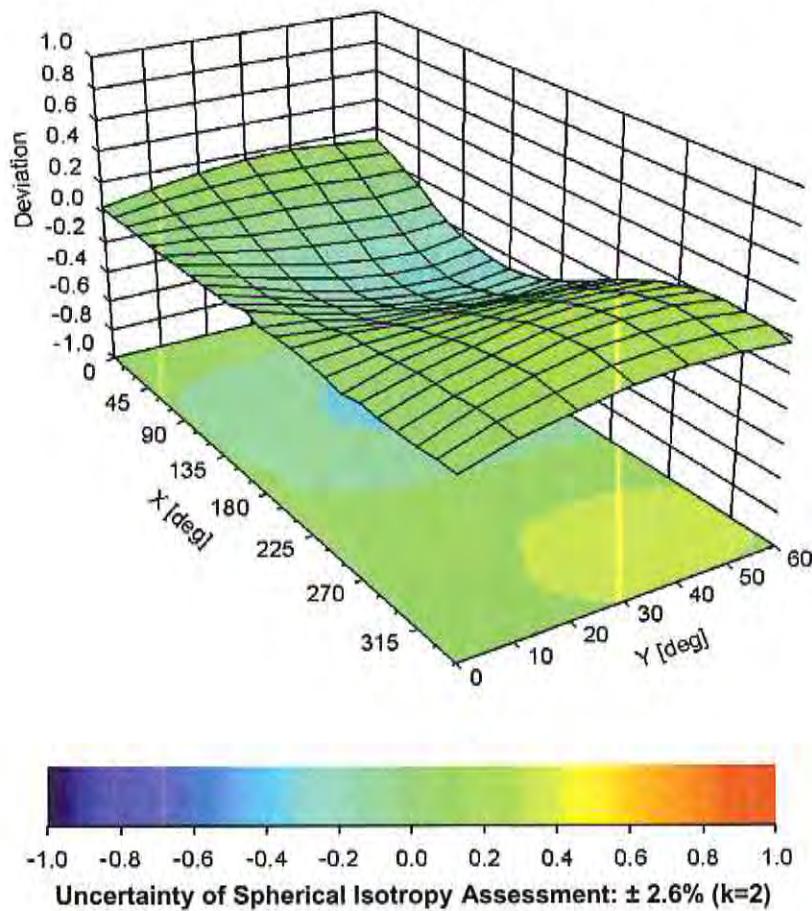


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900$ MHz



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3994

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-27
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

## Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	195.7	$\pm 3.0 \%$
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		183.5	
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		177.0	
10010-CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	X	6.51	76.69	16.64	10.00	20.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	4.27	71.21	14.22		20.0	
		Z	4.72	72.61	14.88		20.0	
10011-CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	1.43	73.16	18.77	0.00	150.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	1.09	68.15	15.86		150.0	
		Z	1.43	73.23	18.83		150.0	
10012-CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	X	1.32	65.94	16.90	0.41	150.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	1.23	64.44	15.58		150.0	
		Z	1.30	65.69	16.83		150.0	
10013-CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	5.10	66.88	17.39	1.46	150.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	4.97	66.66	17.05		150.0	
		Z	5.05	66.81	17.41		150.0	
10021-DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	100.00	117.92	30.54	9.39	50.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	23.03	95.65	24.26		50.0	
		Z	40.87	104.25	26.79		50.0	
10023-DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	X	98.13	117.67	30.54	9.57	50.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	18.04	92.05	23.23		50.0	
		Z	29.33	99.41	25.52		50.0	
10024-DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	X	100.00	115.10	28.12	6.56	60.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	100.00	112.82	26.88		60.0	
		Z	100.00	113.82	27.38		60.0	
10025-DAB	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	X	17.74	108.93	42.09	12.57	50.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	5.96	75.31	27.21		50.0	
		Z	16.02	106.17	41.14		50.0	
10026-DAB	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	X	21.43	108.03	37.50	9.56	60.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	12.07	93.30	31.83		60.0	
		Z	17.57	103.65	36.10		60.0	
10027-DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	100.00	114.64	27.11	4.80	80.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	100.00	111.49	25.48		80.0	
		Z	100.00	112.98	26.20		80.0	
10028-DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	100.00	115.69	26.86	3.55	100.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	100.00	111.47	24.78		100.0	
		Z	100.00	113.62	25.77		100.0	
10029-DAB	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	12.45	95.25	32.07	7.80	80.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	8.28	85.45	27.91		80.0	
		Z	10.59	91.97	30.95		80.0	
10030-CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	X	100.00	113.80	27.04	5.30	70.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	100.00	110.89	25.50		70.0	
		Z	100.00	112.19	26.15		70.0	
10031-CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	X	100.00	119.08	26.88	1.88	100.0	$\pm 9.6 \%$
		Y	100.00	111.20	23.34		100.0	
		Z	100.00	115.41	25.16		100.0	

10032-CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	X	100.00	129.54	30.14	1.17	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	100.00	115.90	24.36		100.0	
		Z	100.00	124.34	27.82		100.0	
10033-CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	X	37.42	111.13	30.80	5.30	70.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	9.13	86.58	22.59		70.0	
		Z	17.26	97.69	26.59		70.0	
10034-CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	X	11.00	95.71	25.50	1.88	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.89	78.57	18.76		100.0	
		Z	7.54	89.20	23.01		100.0	
10035-CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	X	5.65	87.47	22.88	1.17	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.67	75.06	17.35		100.0	
		Z	4.67	84.07	21.28		100.0	
10036-CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	X	60.17	119.16	32.93	5.30	70.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	11.03	89.67	23.66		70.0	
		Z	23.43	102.75	28.11		70.0	
10037-CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	X	10.50	95.03	25.25	1.88	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.69	77.89	18.47		100.0	
		Z	7.11	88.41	22.71		100.0	
10038-CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	X	5.95	88.57	23.34	1.17	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.72	75.58	17.65		100.0	
		Z	4.89	85.06	21.72		100.0	
10039-CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	X	3.40	81.02	20.67	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.23	74.57	17.31		150.0	
		Z	3.76	82.65	20.93		150.0	
10042-CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate)	X	100.00	113.78	27.74	7.78	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	33.41	98.36	23.38		50.0	
		Z	100.00	112.71	27.10		50.0	
10044-CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	X	0.00	112.12	1.08	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.00	101.45	3.05		150.0	
		Z	0.00	118.00	0.51		150.0	
10048-CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	X	15.77	89.94	24.74	13.80	25.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	9.06	80.54	21.21		25.0	
		Z	10.23	82.70	22.08		25.0	
10049-CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	X	23.93	96.82	25.49	10.79	40.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	11.10	84.61	21.24		40.0	
		Z	13.75	88.08	22.51		40.0	
10056-CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	X	18.32	95.19	26.76	9.03	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	10.13	84.16	22.38		50.0	
		Z	13.16	89.12	24.44		50.0	
10058-DAB	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	8.67	87.80	28.66	6.55	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.33	80.61	25.37		100.0	
		Z	7.55	85.18	27.73		100.0	
10059-CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	X	1.47	68.12	17.95	0.61	110.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.33	65.93	16.27		110.0	
		Z	1.43	67.66	17.76		110.0	
10060-CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	X	100.00	136.18	35.57	1.30	110.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	26.68	112.29	28.88		110.0	
		Z	100.00	135.38	35.14		110.0	

10061-CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	X	14.71	105.39	30.19	2.04	110.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.34	83.44	22.51		110.0	
		Z	9.12	97.21	27.69		110.0	
10062-CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	4.89	66.89	16.84	0.49	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.76	66.66	16.53		100.0	
		Z	4.85	66.82	16.89		100.0	
10063-CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)	X	4.92	67.01	16.96	0.72	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.78	66.76	16.63		100.0	
		Z	4.87	66.93	16.99		100.0	
10064-CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	X	5.26	67.33	17.20	0.86	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.09	67.05	16.85		100.0	
		Z	5.19	67.23	17.22		100.0	
10065-CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	X	5.13	67.27	17.30	1.21	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.96	66.97	16.94		100.0	
		Z	5.06	67.16	17.31		100.0	
10066-CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	X	5.16	67.34	17.49	1.46	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.99	67.00	17.10		100.0	
		Z	5.09	67.21	17.49		100.0	
10067-CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	X	5.45	67.37	17.87	2.04	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.28	67.10	17.48		100.0	
		Z	5.38	67.28	17.87		100.0	
10068-CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	X	5.56	67.67	18.19	2.55	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.37	67.28	17.75		100.0	
		Z	5.47	67.52	18.17		100.0	
10069-CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	X	5.63	67.54	18.33	2.67	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.45	67.23	17.91		100.0	
		Z	5.55	67.45	18.33		100.0	
10071-CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	X	5.21	67.02	17.71	1.99	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.08	66.78	17.34		100.0	
		Z	5.16	66.93	17.71		100.0	
10072-CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	X	5.24	67.50	17.98	2.30	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.09	67.17	17.56		100.0	
		Z	5.18	67.38	17.96		100.0	
10073-CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	X	5.33	67.72	18.32	2.83	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.17	67.37	17.88		100.0	
		Z	5.26	67.59	18.29		100.0	
10074-CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	X	5.31	67.68	18.52	3.30	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.17	67.32	18.05		100.0	
		Z	5.25	67.53	18.47		100.0	
10075-CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	X	5.42	68.06	18.96	3.82	90.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.26	67.58	18.40		90.0	
		Z	5.35	67.85	18.87		90.0	
10076-CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	X	5.40	67.74	19.01	4.15	90.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.26	67.35	18.50		90.0	
		Z	5.34	67.57	18.94		90.0	
10077-CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	X	5.42	67.80	19.10	4.30	90.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.29	67.42	18.58		90.0	
		Z	5.36	67.64	19.03		90.0	

10081-CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	X	1.49	73.97	17.75	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.96	67.53	13.88		150.0	
		Z	1.50	74.25	17.52		150.0	
10082-CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate)	X	1.34	61.18	6.55	4.77	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.15	60.22	5.78		80.0	
		Z	1.20	60.55	6.02		80.0	
10090-DAB	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	X	100.00	115.15	28.17	6.56	60.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	100.00	112.87	26.92		60.0	
		Z	100.00	113.87	27.42		60.0	
10097-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	X	2.08	69.70	17.34	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.89	68.04	16.08		150.0	
		Z	2.08	69.81	17.39		150.0	
10098-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	X	2.04	69.72	17.34	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.85	67.99	16.05		150.0	
		Z	2.04	69.83	17.39		150.0	
10099-DAB	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	X	21.42	107.97	37.47	9.56	60.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	12.09	93.28	31.82		60.0	
		Z	17.58	103.60	36.07		60.0	
10100-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.72	72.96	18.10	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.28	70.92	17.01		150.0	
		Z	3.62	72.58	18.06		150.0	
10101-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.53	68.70	16.75	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.33	67.79	16.12		150.0	
		Z	3.48	68.49	16.76		150.0	
10102-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.62	68.53	16.78	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.43	67.74	16.21		150.0	
		Z	3.57	68.34	16.80		150.0	
10103-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.35	78.46	21.41	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	7.27	76.09	20.19		65.0	
		Z	7.52	76.83	20.80		65.0	
10104-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	8.06	76.53	21.55	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	7.25	74.59	20.43		65.0	
		Z	7.64	75.72	21.25		65.0	
10105-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	7.68	75.58	21.45	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.99	73.84	20.41		65.0	
		Z	7.08	74.21	20.90		65.0	
10108-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.26	72.04	17.92	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.87	70.10	16.84		150.0	
		Z	3.18	71.79	17.93		150.0	
10109-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.20	68.59	16.76	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.99	67.65	16.07		150.0	
		Z	3.15	68.45	16.78		150.0	
10110-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	2.68	71.14	17.70	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.34	69.15	16.48		150.0	
		Z	2.62	71.06	17.75		150.0	
10111-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	2.94	69.46	17.26	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.73	68.56	16.49		150.0	
		Z	2.89	69.48	17.29		150.0	

10112-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.31	68.41	16.74	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.12	67.61	16.12		150.0	
		Z	3.26	68.30	16.76		150.0	
10113-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.08	69.40	17.29	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.88	68.66	16.61		150.0	
		Z	3.04	69.45	17.33		150.0	
10114-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	5.29	67.40	16.70	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.19	67.22	16.49		150.0	
		Z	5.28	67.37	16.80		150.0	
10115-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	5.66	67.68	16.83	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.53	67.49	16.63		150.0	
		Z	5.65	67.71	16.97		150.0	
10116-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	5.42	67.67	16.75	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.30	67.47	16.53		150.0	
		Z	5.41	67.66	16.87		150.0	
10117-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	5.30	67.43	16.73	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.17	67.16	16.47		150.0	
		Z	5.28	67.35	16.81		150.0	
10118-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	5.72	67.80	16.90	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.61	67.66	16.72		150.0	
		Z	5.74	67.91	17.08		150.0	
10119-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	5.39	67.61	16.74	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.27	67.40	16.51		150.0	
		Z	5.39	67.61	16.86		150.0	
10140-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.67	68.53	16.70	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.47	67.74	16.13		150.0	
		Z	3.62	68.34	16.71		150.0	
10141-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.78	68.50	16.80	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.60	67.82	16.29		150.0	
		Z	3.73	68.34	16.83		150.0	
10142-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	2.49	71.42	17.73	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.13	69.25	16.30		150.0	
		Z	2.44	71.50	17.76		150.0	
10143-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	2.89	70.64	17.43	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.63	69.52	16.43		150.0	
		Z	2.86	70.79	17.42		150.0	
10144-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	2.65	68.33	15.89	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.38	67.07	14.75		150.0	
		Z	2.58	68.27	15.75		150.0	
10145-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	2.01	71.51	16.50	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.46	67.12	13.47		150.0	
		Z	1.87	70.73	15.71		150.0	
10146-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.80	75.01	17.18	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.13	67.17	12.68		150.0	
		Z	2.61	70.09	14.59		150.0	
10147-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	5.23	79.70	19.17	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.55	69.52	13.93		150.0	
		Z	3.33	73.46	16.20		150.0	

10149-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.21	68.65	16.81	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.00	67.72	16.12		150.0	
		Z	3.16	68.51	16.82		150.0	
10150-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.32	68.47	16.78	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.13	67.67	16.16		150.0	
		Z	3.27	68.35	16.81		150.0	
10151-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.89	80.86	22.46	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	7.55	78.00	21.02		65.0	
		Z	8.22	79.74	22.04		65.0	
10152-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	7.69	76.78	21.46	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.78	74.50	20.12		65.0	
		Z	7.23	75.88	21.08		65.0	
10153-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	8.03	77.50	22.11	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	7.19	75.46	20.90		65.0	
		Z	7.59	76.67	21.76		65.0	
10154-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	2.77	71.74	18.05	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.41	69.70	16.81		150.0	
		Z	2.70	71.63	18.08		150.0	
10155-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	2.94	69.45	17.26	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.73	68.56	16.50		150.0	
		Z	2.89	69.48	17.30		150.0	
10156-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	2.40	72.17	17.97	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.00	69.57	16.27		150.0	
		Z	2.36	72.29	17.96		150.0	
10157-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	2.55	69.48	16.33	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.24	67.87	14.96		150.0	
		Z	2.50	69.49	16.17		150.0	
10158-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.09	69.46	17.33	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.89	68.73	16.65		150.0	
		Z	3.05	69.51	17.38		150.0	
10159-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	2.69	69.99	16.64	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.37	68.44	15.30		150.0	
		Z	2.63	70.00	16.47		150.0	
10160-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.10	70.21	17.38	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.84	68.94	16.54		150.0	
		Z	3.09	70.31	17.51		150.0	
10161-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.21	68.38	16.75	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.02	67.61	16.11		150.0	
		Z	3.17	68.30	16.77		150.0	
10162-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.31	68.37	16.78	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.13	67.71	16.20		150.0	
		Z	3.27	68.34	16.83		150.0	
10166-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.91	70.15	19.62	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.59	68.95	18.73		150.0	
		Z	3.67	69.38	19.31		150.0	
10167-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.00	73.54	20.31	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.36	71.51	19.08		150.0	
		Z	4.47	72.08	19.72		150.0	

10168-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	5.50	75.56	21.49	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.83	73.74	20.43		150.0	
		Z	4.89	74.02	20.90		150.0	
10169-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.53	71.82	20.39	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.00	68.74	18.63		150.0	
		Z	3.06	69.43	19.40		150.0	
10170-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.50	79.81	23.33	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.10	74.43	20.89		150.0	
		Z	4.15	75.19	21.66		150.0	
10171-AAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	4.33	74.66	20.30	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.34	70.14	18.03		150.0	
		Z	3.45	71.26	19.00		150.0	
10172-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	28.44	110.26	33.77	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	10.11	89.88	26.80		65.0	
		Z	13.57	96.67	29.65		65.0	
10173-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	39.55	110.46	31.84	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	12.83	90.50	25.34		65.0	
		Z	18.99	98.26	28.27		65.0	
10174-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	26.02	101.66	28.83	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	10.54	86.25	23.46		65.0	
		Z	12.72	90.24	25.26		65.0	
10175-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.48	71.43	20.11	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.96	68.40	18.36		150.0	
		Z	3.03	69.13	19.16		150.0	
10176-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.51	79.84	23.35	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.11	74.45	20.91		150.0	
		Z	4.16	75.21	21.67		150.0	
10177-CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.52	71.63	20.23	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.99	68.57	18.47		150.0	
		Z	3.05	69.28	19.26		150.0	
10178-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.41	79.45	23.16	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.05	74.17	20.76		150.0	
		Z	4.11	74.95	21.53		150.0	
10179-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	4.86	77.04	21.65	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.67	72.09	19.30		150.0	
		Z	3.78	73.13	20.20		150.0	
10180-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	4.31	74.54	20.23	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.33	70.05	17.97		150.0	
		Z	3.44	71.18	18.95		150.0	
10181-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.51	71.61	20.22	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.99	68.55	18.46		150.0	
		Z	3.05	69.27	19.25		150.0	
10182-CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.40	79.42	23.15	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.05	74.15	20.74		150.0	
		Z	4.10	74.93	21.52		150.0	
10183-AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	4.30	74.51	20.22	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.32	70.03	17.96		150.0	
		Z	3.44	71.16	18.93		150.0	

10184-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.52	71.66	20.24	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.00	68.60	18.49		150.0	
		Z	3.06	69.31	19.27		150.0	
10185-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.43	79.51	23.19	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.07	74.22	20.78		150.0	
		Z	4.12	75.00	21.55		150.0	
10186-AAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	4.33	74.59	20.25	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.34	70.09	18.00		150.0	
		Z	3.46	71.23	18.97		150.0	
10187-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.53	71.69	20.29	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.00	68.64	18.54		150.0	
		Z	3.07	69.35	19.32		150.0	
10188-CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.68	80.43	23.65	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.22	74.97	21.21		150.0	
		Z	4.26	75.67	21.94		150.0	
10189-AAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	4.45	75.15	20.58	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.42	70.53	18.28		150.0	
		Z	3.53	71.65	19.25		150.0	
10193-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	4.73	66.84	16.52	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.60	66.65	16.24		150.0	
		Z	4.69	66.80	16.58		150.0	
10194-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	4.93	67.22	16.63	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.78	66.99	16.36		150.0	
		Z	4.88	67.16	16.70		150.0	
10195-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	4.97	67.23	16.62	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.83	67.01	16.37		150.0	
		Z	4.92	67.17	16.71		150.0	
10196-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	4.75	66.95	16.56	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.61	66.73	16.27		150.0	
		Z	4.71	66.90	16.62		150.0	
10197-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	4.95	67.24	16.63	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.80	67.01	16.37		150.0	
		Z	4.90	67.18	16.71		150.0	
10198-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	4.98	67.24	16.63	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.83	67.03	16.38		150.0	
		Z	4.93	67.19	16.72		150.0	
10219-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	X	4.70	66.98	16.53	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.56	66.74	16.23		150.0	
		Z	4.66	66.92	16.59		150.0	
10220-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	4.95	67.24	16.63	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.80	66.99	16.36		150.0	
		Z	4.90	67.17	16.71		150.0	
10221-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	4.98	67.17	16.62	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.84	66.96	16.37		150.0	
		Z	4.93	67.12	16.70		150.0	
10222-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	X	5.28	67.46	16.73	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.15	67.18	16.47		150.0	
		Z	5.25	67.37	16.81		150.0	

10223-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	5.66	67.76	16.90	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.46	67.36	16.58		150.0	
		Z	5.60	67.65	16.97		150.0	
10224-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	5.34	67.58	16.72	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.20	67.28	16.45		150.0	
		Z	5.30	67.46	16.78		150.0	
10225-CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	X	3.03	66.77	16.19	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.88	66.27	15.59		150.0	
		Z	2.99	66.76	16.18		150.0	
10226-CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	43.29	112.24	32.41	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	13.62	91.62	25.79		65.0	
		Z	20.27	99.53	28.74		65.0	
10227-CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	29.93	104.13	29.62	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	12.07	88.44	24.24		65.0	
		Z	16.60	94.64	26.69		65.0	
10228-CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	32.77	113.44	34.77	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	11.53	92.65	27.81		65.0	
		Z	17.87	102.20	31.43		65.0	
10229-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	39.67	110.50	31.86	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	12.91	90.59	25.38		65.0	
		Z	19.07	98.31	28.29		65.0	
10230-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	27.95	102.83	29.17	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	11.48	87.55	23.88		65.0	
		Z	15.74	93.65	26.31		65.0	
10231-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	30.59	111.96	34.27	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	10.99	91.68	27.41		65.0	
		Z	16.92	101.05	31.00		65.0	
10232-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	39.68	110.52	31.86	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	12.89	90.57	25.37		65.0	
		Z	19.06	98.31	28.29		65.0	
10233-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	27.96	102.86	29.18	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	11.47	87.54	23.87		65.0	
		Z	15.73	93.66	26.31		65.0	
10234-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	28.50	110.35	33.71	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	10.51	90.71	26.98		65.0	
		Z	16.06	99.86	30.52		65.0	
10235-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	39.84	110.60	31.88	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	12.90	90.60	25.38		65.0	
		Z	19.10	98.37	28.31		65.0	
10236-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	28.31	103.04	29.22	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	11.55	87.64	23.90		65.0	
		Z	15.89	93.80	26.35		65.0	
10237-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	30.95	112.21	34.34	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	11.01	91.74	27.43		65.0	
		Z	17.04	101.22	31.05		65.0	
10238-CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	39.70	110.54	31.86	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	12.87	90.56	25.36		65.0	
		Z	19.04	98.30	28.29		65.0	