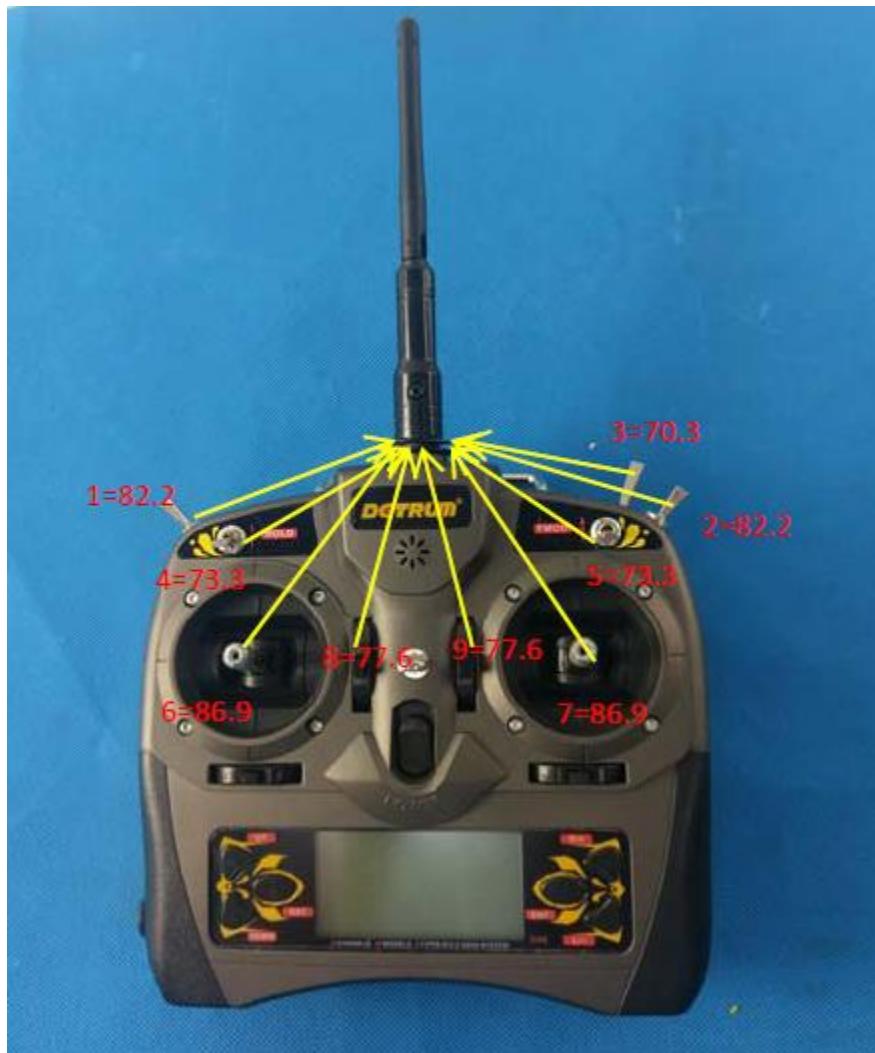


## RF Exposure evaluation



Shortest distance between ant and switch is 70.3mm

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

Step 1: The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR,}$   
where

- $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:

[Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) • 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and  $\leq 6$  GHz

Worse case is 19.3dBm (85.1mW) @2401MHz

Threshold is { [(7.5 /  $\sqrt{2.401}$ ) x 50] + (70.3 - 50) x 10 } = 207.8mW

85.1mW < 207.8mW

So Extremity SAR test is exclusion