
SAR Test Report

Report No.: AGC01826170501FH01

FCC ID : 2A162T71V3

APPLICATION PURPOSE : Original Equipment

PRODUCT DESIGNATION : rugged tablet

BRAND NAME : HUGEROCK

MODEL NAME : T71V3,T70, T71, T70V2,

CLIENT : SOTEN TECHNOLOGY (HONGKONG) CO., LIMITED

DATE OF ISSUE : July 3,2017

STANDARD(S) : IEEE Std. 1528:2013
FCC 47CFR § 2.1093
IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005
V1.0

REPORT VERSION :

Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

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Report Revise Record

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	July 3,2017	Valid	Original Report

Test Report Certification

Applicant Name	SOTEN TECHNOLOGY (HONGKONG) CO., LIMITED
Applicant Address	FLAT/RM A10 9/F SILVERCORP INTERNATIONAL TOWER 707713 NATHAN ROAD MONGKOK KL Hong Kong
Manufacturer Name	Shenzhen SOTEN Technology Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer Address	10th Floor, 2nd Building, BaiWang Research and Development Building, No. 5308 Shahe west Road, Xili, Nanshan District, ShenZhen, China
Product Designation	rugged tablet
Brand Name	HUGEROCK
Model Name	T70, T71, T70V2, T71V3
Different Description	All the same except the model name, the test model is T71V3
EUT Voltage	DC3.7V by battery
Applicable Standard	IEEE Std. 1528:2013 FCC 47CFR § 2.1093 IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005
Test Date	June 7,2017 to June 24,2017
Performed Location	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. 2 F, Building 2, No.1-No.4, Chaxi Sanwei Technical Industrial Park, Gushu, Xixiang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Report Template	AGCRT-US-4G/SAR (2016-01-01)



Tested By

Eric Zhou(Zhou Yongkang)

June 24,2017



Checked By

Angela Li(Li Jiao)

July 3,2017



Authorized By

Forrest Lei(Lei Yonggang)

Authorized Officer

July 3,2017

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1. SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM SAR VALUE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for EUT are as follows:

Frequency Band	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)	SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)
	Body-worn	
GSM 850	0.965	1.6
PCS 1900	1.215	
UMTS Band II	1.171	
UMTS Band V	0.465	
LTE Band 2	0.993	
LTE Band 4	0.797	
LTE Band 5	0.447	
LTE Band 7	0.877	
LTE Band 17	0.521	
WIFI 2.4G	0.124	
Simultaneous Reported SAR	1.382	
SAR Test Result	PASS	

This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/Kg) specified in IEEE Std. 1528:2013; FCC 47CFR § 2.1093; IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005 and the following specific FCC Test Procedures:

- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04
- KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01
- KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. EUT Description

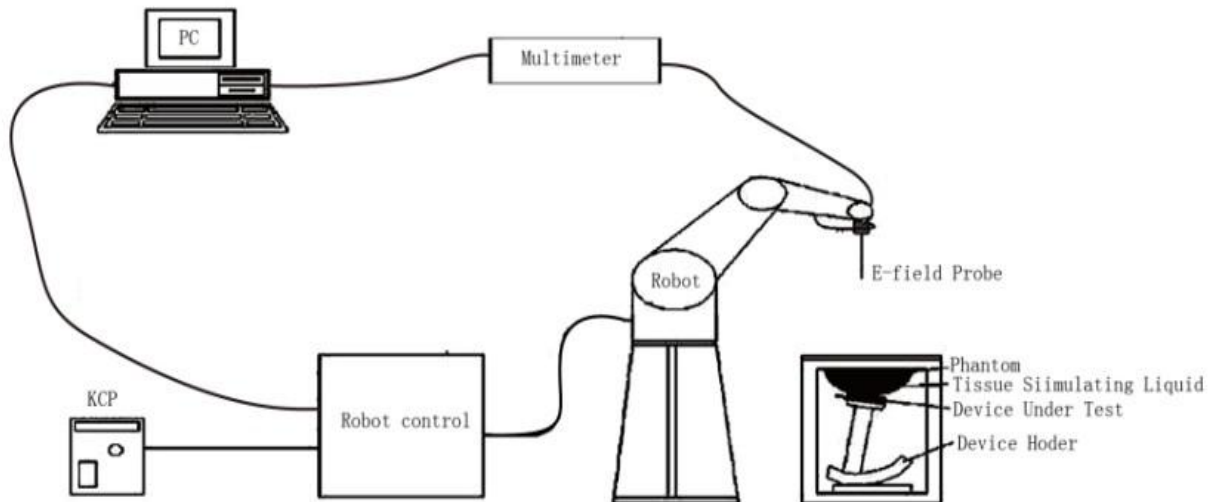
General Information	
Product Designation	rugged tablet
Test Model	T71V3
Hardware Version	M6035-71-SUBBoard-V3
Software Version	T71V3-20170210-EN
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Antenna Type	Internal
GSM and GPRS& EGPRS	
Support Band	☒ GSM 850 ☒ PCS 1900 ☒ GSM 900 ☒ DCS 1800
GPRS & EGPRS Type	Class B
GPRS & EGPRS Class	Class 12(1Tx+4Rx, 2Tx+3Rx, 3Tx+2Rx, 4Tx+1Rx)
TX Frequency Range	GSM 850 : 820-850MHz; PCS 1900: 1850-1910MHz;
RX Frequency Range	GSM 850 : 869~894MHz; PCS 1900: 1930~1990MHz
Release Version	R99
Type of modulation	GMSK for GSM/GPRS; GMSK & 8-PSK for EGPRS
Antenna Gain	GSM850: -0.9dBi; PCS1900: -1.5dBi
Max. Average Power	GSM850: 30.82dBm; PCS1900: 26.89dBm
WCDMA	
Support Band	☒ UMTS FDD Band II ☒ UMTS FDD Band V ☐ UMTS FDD Band IV (U.S. Bands) ☒ UMTS FDD Band I ☒ UMTS FDD Band VIII (Non-U.S. Bands)
HS Type	HSPA(HSUPA/HSDPA)
TX Frequency Range	FDD Band II: 1850-1910MHz; FDD Band V: 820-850MHz
RX Frequency Range	FDD Band II: 1930-1990MHz; FDD Band V: 869-894MHz
Release Version	Rel-6
Type of modulation	HSDPA:QPSK/16QAM; HSUPA:BPSK; WCDMA:QPSK
Antenna Gain	Band II: -0.9dBii; Band V: -1.5dBi
Max. Average Power	Band II: 21.54dBm; Band V: 21.55dBm

EUT Description(Continue)

LTE	
Support Band	☒ FDD Band 2 ☒ FDD Band 4 ☒ FDD Band 5 ☒ FDD Band 7 ☒ FDD Band 17 ☐ FDD Band 25 ☐ FDD Band 26 ☐ TDD Band 41 (U.S. Bands)
TX Frequency Range	Band 2:1850-1910MHz; Band 4:1710-1755MHz; Band 5:824-849MHz; Band 7: 2500-2570 MHz; Band 17: 704-716 MHz;
RX Frequency Range	Band 2:1930-1990MHz; Band 4:2110-2155MHz; Band 5:869-894MHz; Band 7: 2620-2690 MHz; Band 17 734-746 MHz;
Release Version	Rel-8
Type of modulation	QPSK, 16QAM
Antenna Gain	Band 2:- 0.5dBi; Band 4: -0.7dBi; Band 5: -1.0dBi; Band 7: -0.3dBi; Band 17: -1.0dBi
Diversity Antenna Gain	Band 2: -0.7dBi; Band 4: -0.9dBi; Band 5: -1.3dBi; Band 7:-0.5dBi; Band 17: -1.3dBi
Max. Average Power	Band 2: 23.24dBm; Band 4: 22.96dBm; Band 5: 22.91dBm; Band 7:22.86dBm; Band 17:22.85dBm
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version	☐ V2.0 ☐ V2.1 ☐ V2.1+EDR ☐ V3.0 ☐ V3.0+HS ☒ V4.0 ☐ V4.1
Operation Frequency	2402~2480MHz
Type of modulation	☒ GFSK ☒ II/4-DQPSK ☒ 8-DPSK
Peak Power	5.005dBm
Antenna Gain	0.5dBi
WIFI	
WIFI Specification	☐ 802.11a ☒ 802.11b ☒ 802.11g ☒ 802.11n(20) ☒ 802.11n(40)
Operation Frequency	2412~2472MHz
Avg. Burst Power	11b: 14.82dBm,11g:10.94dBm,11n(20):10.56dBm,11n(40):9.94dBm
Antenna Gain	0.5dBi
Accessories	
Battery	Brand name: N/A Model No. : 8070120 Voltage and Capacitance: 3.7 V & 10000mAh
Adapter	Brand name: HWELETTPACKARD Model No. : 8395-UW01-1070 Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.4A Output: DC 5.3V, 2.0A
Earphone	Brand name: N/A Model No. : N/A
Note:1.CMU200 can measure the average power and Peak power at the same time 2.The sample used for testing is end product.	
Product	Type ☒ Production unit ☐ Identical Prototype

3. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

3.1. The SATIMO system used for performing compliance tests consists of following items



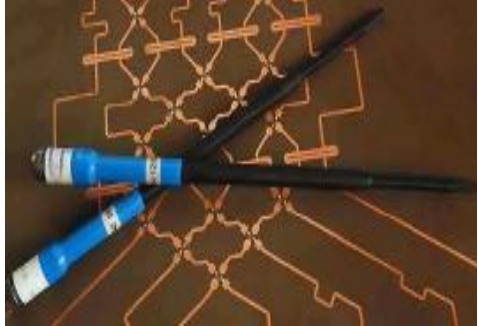
The COMOSAR system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- The PC. It controls most of the bench devices and stores measurement data. A computer running WinXP and the Opensar software.
- The E-Field probe. The probe is a 3-axis system made of 3 distinct dipoles. Each dipole returns a voltage in function of the ambient electric field.
- The Keithley multimeter measures each probe dipole voltages.
- The SAM phantom simulates a human head. The measurement of the electric field is made inside the phantom.
- The liquids simulate the dielectric properties of the human head tissues.
- The network emulator controls the mobile phone under test.
- The validation dipoles are used to measure a reference SAR. They are used to periodically check the bench to make sure that there is no drift of the system characteristics over time.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

3.2. COMOSAR E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SATIMO. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. SATIMO conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528 and relevant KDB files.) The calibration data are in Appendix D.

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	SSE5	
Manufacture	MVG	
Identification No.	SN 14/16 EP307	
Frequency	0.7GHz-3GHz Linearity:±0.05dB(700MHz-3GHz)	
Dynamic Range	0.01W/Kg-100W/Kg Linearity:±0.05dB	
Dimensions	Overall length:330mm Length of individual dipoles:4.5mm Maximum external diameter:8mm Probe Tip external diameter:5mm Distance between dipoles/ probe extremity:2.7mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 3 GHz with precision of better 30%.	

3.3. Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the KUKA robot from SATIMO SA (France).For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from SATIMO is used.

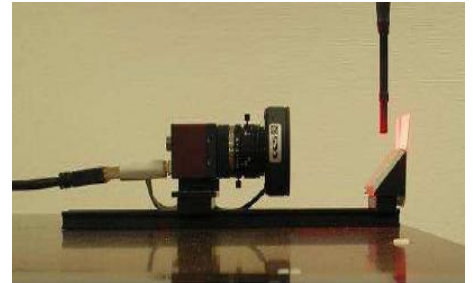
The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- ☐ High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- ☐ High reliability (industrial design)
- ☐ Jerk-free straight movements
- ☐ Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ☐ 6-axis controller



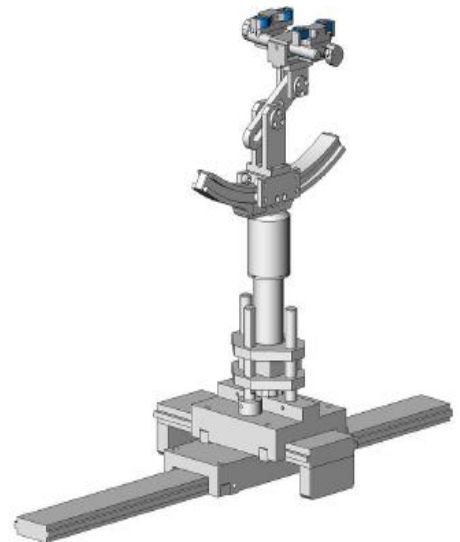
3.4. Video Positioning System

The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip. The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



3.5. Device Holder

The COMOSAR device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The COMOSAR device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon_r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



3.6. ELLI39 Phantom

The Flat phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm $\pm$ 0.2 mm shell thickness. It has only one measurement area for Flat phantom



4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

4.1. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and occupational/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element(dv) of given mass density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/Kg)

SAR can be obtained using either of the following equations:

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

$$SAR = c_h \left. \frac{dT}{dt} \right|_{t=0}$$

Where

SAR	is the specific absorption rate in watts per kilogram;
E	is the r.m.s. value of the electric field strength in the tissue in volts per meter;
σ	is the conductivity of the tissue in siemens per metre;
ρ	is the density of the tissue in kilograms per cubic metre;
c _h	is the heat capacity of the tissue in joules per kilogram and Kelvin;

$\left. \frac{dT}{dt} \right|_{t=0}$ is the initial time derivative of temperature in the tissue in kelvins per second

4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.7mm This distance cannot be smaller than the distance os sensor calibration points to probe tip as `defined in the probe properties,

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in SATIMO software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in db) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2db range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC62209 standards, whereby 3db is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan) If one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximum are detected, the number of Zoom Scan has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

	$\leq 3 \text{ GHz}$	$> 3 \text{ GHz}$
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz: } \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz: } \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \leq 10 \text{ mm}$
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scan are used to assess the peak spatial SAR value within a cubic average volume containing 1g abd 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points(refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1g and 10g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB865664 d01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the same settings. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

4.3. RF Exposure Conditions

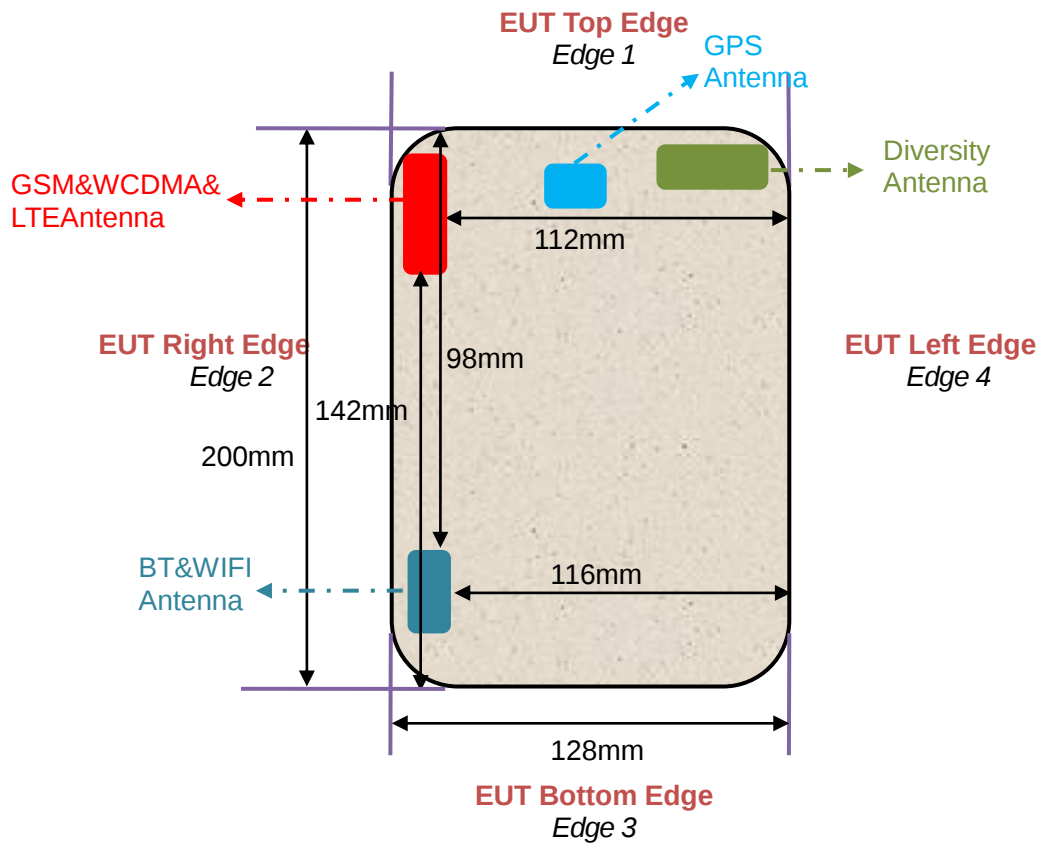
Test Configuration and setting:

The EUT is a model of GSM Portable Mobile Station (MS). It supports GSM/GPRS/EGPRS, WCDMA/HSPA, LTE, BT, WIFI, and support hot spot mode.

For WWAN SAR testing, the device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator were established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna is larger than 50cm, and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30db smaller than the output power of EUT.

For WLAN testing, the EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool through engineering command.

Antenna Location: (the back view)



For WWAN mode:

Test Configurations	Antenna to edges/surface	SAR required	Note
Head			
Left Touch		Yes	--
Left Tilt		Yes	--
Right Touch		Yes	--
Right Tilt		Yes	--
Body			
Back	<25mm	Yes	--
Front	<25mm	Yes	--
Hotspot			
Back	<25mm	Yes	--
Front	<25mm	Yes	--
Edge 1 (Top)	20mm	Yes	
Edge 2 (Right)	5mm	Yes	--
Edge 3 (Bottom)	142mm	No	SAR is not required for the distance between the antenna and the edge is >25mm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR
Edge 4 (Left)	112mm	No	SAR is not required for the distance between the antenna and the edge is >25mm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR

For WLAN mode:

Test Configurations	Antenna to edges/surface	SAR required	Note
Head			
Left Touch		Yes	--
Left Tilt		Yes	--
Right Touch		Yes	--
Right Tilt		Yes	--
Body			
Back	<25mm	Yes	--
Front	<25mm	Yes	--
Hotspot			
Back	<25mm	Yes	--
Front	<25mm	Yes	--
Edge 1 (Top)	98mm	Yes	SAR is not required for the distance between the antenna and the edge is >25mm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR
Edge 2 (Right)	5mm	No	--
Edge 3 (Bottom)	23mm	Yes	
Edge 4 (Left)	116mm	No	SAR is not required for the distance between the antenna and the edge is >25mm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR

5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15cm. For head SAR testing the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in 5.2

5.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient (% Weight) Frequency (MHz)	Water	NaCl	Polysorbate 20	DGBE	1,2 Propanediol	Triton X-100
750 Body	55	1	0.0	0.0	44	0.0
835 Body	54.00	1	0.0	15	0.0	30
1750 Body	70	1	0.0	9	0.0	20
1900 Body	70	1	0.0	9	0.0	20
2450 Body	70	1	0.0	9	0.0	20
2600 Body	70	1	0.0	9	0.0	20

5.2. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE 1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	head		body	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
750	41.9	0.89	55.5	0.96
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	1.01	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1750	40.1	1.37	53.4	1.49
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
2600	39.00	1.96	52.51	2.16
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)

5.3. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using SATIMO Dielectric Probe Kit and R&S Network Analyzer ZVL6.

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 750MHz					
Body	Fr. (MHz)	Dielectric Parameters ($\pm 5\%$)		Tissue Temp [oC]	Test time
		ϵ_r 55.5(52.725-58.275)	δ [s/m]0.96(0.912-1.008)		
	709	55.26	0.95	21.2	June 24,2017
	710	54.61	0.96		
	711	54.03	0.97		
	750	53.59	0.98		

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 835MHz					
Body	Fr. (MHz)	Dielectric Parameters ($\pm 5\%$)		Tissue Temp [oC]	Test time
		ϵ_r 55.20(52.44-57-96)	δ [s/m]0.97(0.9215-1.0185)		
	824.2	56.77	0.93	21.8	June 7,2017
	826.4	56.23	0.94		
	829	55.84	0.95		
	835	55.36	0.96		
	836.6	54.91	0.97		
	844	54.40	0.97		
	846.6	53.99	0.98		
	848.8	53.42	0.99		

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 1750MHz					
Body	Fr. (MHz)	Dielectric Parameters ($\pm 5\%$)		Tissue Temp [oC]	Test time
		ϵ_r 53.4(50.73-56.07)	δ [s/m] 1.49(1.4155-1.5645)		
	1720	54.20	1.44	21.1	June 16,2017
	1732.5	53.55	1.45		
	1745	52.96	1.46		
	1750	52.37	1.47		

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 1900MHz					
Body	Fr. (MHz)	Dielectric Parameters ($\pm 5\%$)		Tissue Temp [$^{\circ}\text{C}$]	Test time
		$\epsilon_r 53.30(50.635-55.965)$	$\delta [\text{s/m}] 1.52(1.444-1.596)$		
	1850.2	55.13	1.45	21.6	June 13, 2017
	1852.4	54.67	1.47		
	1860	54.05	1.48		
	1880	53.59	1.50		
	1900	53.00	1.51		
	1907.6	52.61	1.53		
	1909.8	52.17	1.55		

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 2450MHz					
Body	Fr. (MHz)	Dielectric Parameters ($\pm 5\%$)		Tissue Temp [$^{\circ}\text{C}$]	Test time
		$\epsilon_r 52.7(50.065-55.335)$	$\delta [\text{s/m}] 1.95(1.8525-2.0475)$		
	2412	54.69	1.87	21.6	June 18, 2017
	2437	54.03	1.89		
	2450	53.41	1.91		
	2462	52.78	1.92		

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 2600MHz					
Body	Fr. (MHz)	Dielectric Parameters ($\pm 5\%$)		Tissue Temp [$^{\circ}\text{C}$]	Test time
		$\epsilon_r 52.51 (49.88-55.14)$	$\delta [\text{s/m}] 2.16 (2.05-2.27)$		
	2510	54.53	2.08	21.3	June. 21, 2017
	2535	53.69	2.10		
	2560	52.98	2.12		
	2600	52.04	2.15		

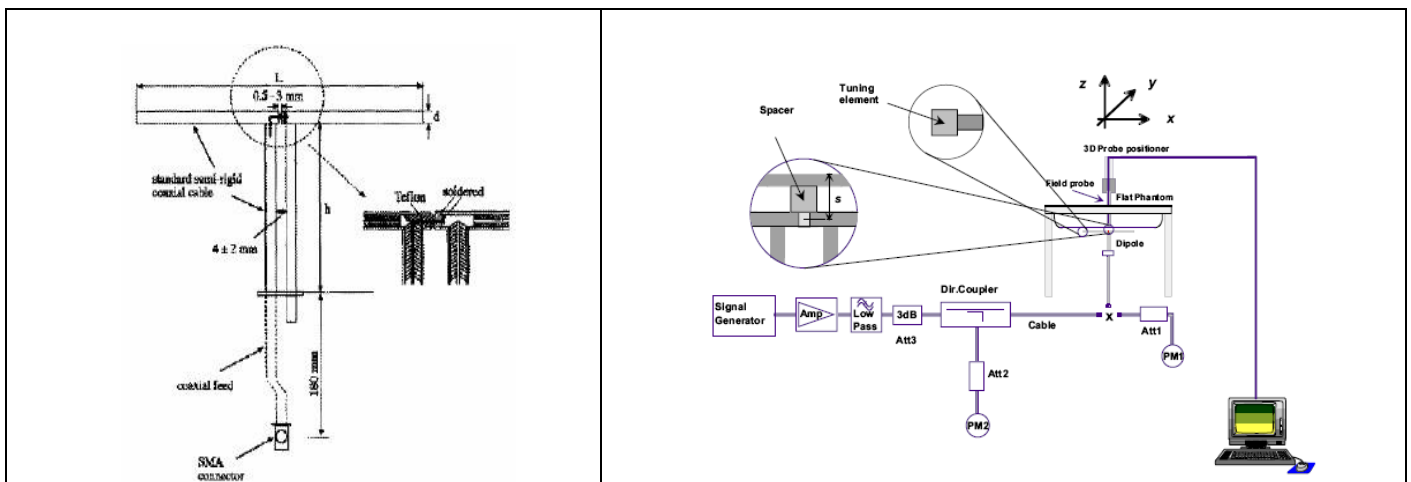
6. SAR SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURE

6.1. SAR System Check Procedures

SAR system check is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are remeasured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

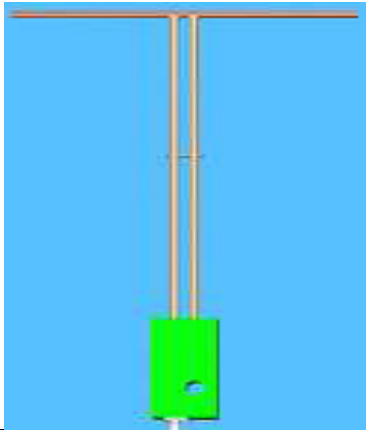
Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system check kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system check setup is shown as below.



6.2. SAR System Check

6.2.1. Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of IEEE. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical Specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
750MHz	176	100	6.35
835MHz	161.0	89.8	3.6
1800MHz	71.6	41.7	3.6
1900MHz	68	39.5	3.6
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6
2600MHz	48.5	28.8	3.6

6.2.2. System Check Result

System Performance Check at 750MHz & 835MHz & 1800MHz & 1900MHz & 2450MHz for Body								
Validation Kit: SN47/14 DIP 0G750-340& SN29/15 DIP 0G835-383& SN29/15 DIP 1G800-387&SN 29/15 DIP 1G900-389& SN 29/15DIP 2G450-393								
Frequency [MHz]	Target Value(W/Kg)		Reference Result ($\pm 10\%$)		Tested Value(W/Kg)		Tissue Temp. [°C]	Test time
	1g	10g	1g	10g	1g	10g		
750	8.78	5.86	7.902-9.658	5.274-6.446	9.47	6.14	21.2	June 24,2017
835	9.85	6.45	8.865-10.835	5.805-7.095	10.51	6.85	21.8	June 7,2017
1800	36.53	19.80	32.877-40.183	17.82-21.780	34.87	18.50	21.1	June 16,2017
1900	39.38	20.86	35.442-43.318	18.774-22.946	41.86	19.82	21.6	June 13,2017
2450	49.92	23.16	44.928-54.912	20.844-25.476	54.25	23.97	21.6	June 18,2017
2600	52.19	23.58	46.971-57.409	21.222-25.938	54.72	23.61	21.3	June 21,2017

Note:

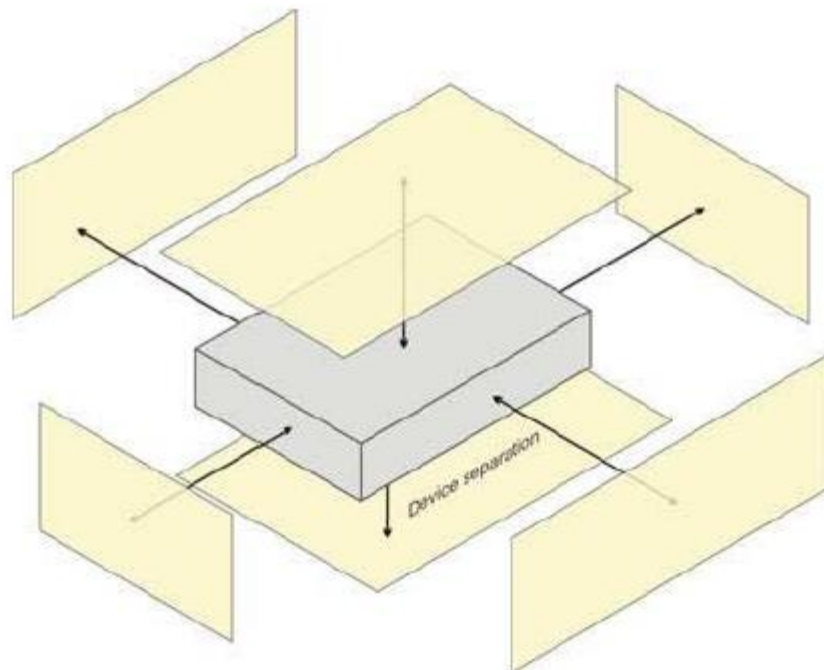
(1) We use a CW signal of 18dBm for system check, and then all SAR value are normalized to 1W forward power. The result must be within $\pm 10\%$ of target value.

7. EUT TEST POSITION

This EUT was tested in **Body back, Body front and 4 edges**.

7.1. Body Worn Position

- (1) To position the EUT parallel to the phantom surface.
- (2) To adjust the EUT parallel to the flat phantom.
- (3) To adjust the distance between the EUT surface and the flat phantom to **0mm**.



8. SAR EXPOSURE LIMITS

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005 “Uncontrolled Environments” limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as “Uncontrolled Environment” which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit (W/kg)
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60
Spatial Average SAR (Whole body)	0.08
Spatial Peak SAR (Limbs)	4.0

9. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Equipment description	Manufacturer/ Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	MVG	SN 14/16 EP307	07/05/2016	07/04/2017
Phantom	SATIMO	SN_2316_ELLI39	N/A	N/A
Liquid	SATIMO	-	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Comm Tester	Agilent-8960	GB46310822	03/02/2017	03/01/2018
Comm Tester	R&S- CMW500	S/N121209	07/18/2016	07/17/2017
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	03/02/2017	03/01/2018
Dipole	SATIMO SID750	SN47/14 DIP 0G750-340	12/03/2014	12/02/2017
Dipole	SATIMO SID835	SN29/15 DIP 0G835-383	07/05/2016	07/04/2019
Dipole	SATIMO SID1800	SN29/15 DIP 1G800-387	07/05/2016	07/04/2019
Dipole	SATIMO SID1900	SN 29/15 DIP 1G900-389	07/05/2016	07/04/2019
Dipole	SATIMO SID2450	SN29/15 DIP 2G450-393	07/05/2016	07/04/2019
Dipole	SATIMO SID2600	SN47/14 DIP 2G600-342	12/03/2014	12/02/2017
Signal Generator	Agilent-E4438C	US41461365	03/02/2017	03/01/2018
Vector Analyzer	Agilent / E4440A	US40420298	07/02/2016	07/01/2017
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVL6	SN100132	03/02/2017	03/01/2018
Attenuator	Warison /WATT-6SR1211	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	Mini-circuits / VAT-10+	N/A	N/A	N/A
Amplifier	EM30180	SN060552	03/02/2017	03/01/2018
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C5571-10	SN99463	07/02/2016	07/01/2017
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C6026-10	SN99482	07/02/2016	07/01/2017
Power Sensor	NRP-Z21	1137.6000.02	10/10/2016	10/09/2017
Power Sensor	NRP-Z23	US38261498	03/02/2017	03/01/2018
Power Viewer	R&S	V2.3.1.0	N/A	N/A

Note: Per KDB 865664 Dipole SAR Validation, AGC Lab has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;
4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement.

10. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/Kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

11. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT

GSM BAND

Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Avg. Burst Power(dBm)	Duty cycle Factor(dBm)	Frame Power(dBm)
Maximum Power <1>				
GSM 850	824.2	30.82	-9	21.82
	836.6	30.65	-9	21.65
	848.8	30.31	-9	21.31
GPRS 850 (1 Slot)	824.2	30.12	-9	21.12
	836.6	30.29	-9	21.29
	848.8	30.09	-9	21.09
GPRS 850 (2 Slot)	824.2	27.27	-6	21.27
	836.6	27.20	-6	21.20
	848.8	27.15	-6	21.15
GPRS 850 (3 Slot)	824.2	25.46	-4.26	21.20
	836.6	25.41	-4.26	21.15
	848.8	25.22	-4.26	20.96
GPRS 850 (4 Slot)	824.2	24.31	-3	21.31
	836.6	24.63	-3	21.63
	848.8	24.25	-3	21.25
EGPRS 850 (1 Slot)	824.2	23.52	-9	14.52
	836.6	23.33	-9	14.33
	848.8	23.41	-9	14.41
EGPRS 850 (2 Slot)	824.2	20.55	-6	14.55
	836.6	20.34	-6	14.34
	848.8	20.40	-6	14.40
EGPRS 850 (3 Slot)	824.2	19.27	-4.26	15.01
	836.6	19.28	-4.26	15.02
	848.8	19.41	-4.26	15.15
EGPRS 850 (4 Slot)	824.2	18.23	-3	15.23
	836.6	18.12	-3	15.12
	848.8	18.35	-3	15.35

GSM BAND CONTINUE

Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Avg. Burst Power(dBm)	Duty cycle Factor(dBm)	Frame Power(dBm)
Maximum Power <1>				
PCS1900	1850.2	26.89	-9	17.89
	1880	26.73	-9	17.73
	1909.8	26.68	-9	17.68
GPRS1900 (1 Slot)	1850.2	26.29	-9	17.29
	1880	26.33	-9	17.33
	1909.8	26.26	-9	17.26
GPRS1900 (2 Slot)	1850.2	23.24	-6	17.24
	1880	23.18	-6	17.18
	1909.8	23.40	-6	17.40
GPRS1900 (3 Slot)	1850.2	20.79	-4.26	16.53
	1880	20.85	-4.26	16.59
	1909.8	20.83	-4.26	16.57
GPRS1900 (4 Slot)	1850.2	20.12	-3	17.12
	1880	20.06	-3	17.06
	1909.8	20.07	-3	17.07
EGPRS1900 (1 Slot)	1850.2	22.26	-9	13.26
	1880	22.28	-9	13.28
	1909.8	22.49	-9	13.49
EGPRS1900 (2 Slot)	1850.2	20.58	-6	14.58
	1880	20.62	-6	14.62
	1909.8	20.60	-6	14.60
EGPRS1900 (3 Slot)	1850.2	20.34	-4.26	16.08
	1880	20.30	-4.26	16.04
	1909.8	20.29	-4.26	16.03
EGPRS1900 (4 Slot)	1850.2	19.25	-3	16.25
	1880	19.17	-3	16.17
	1909.8	19.09	-3	16.09

Note 1:

The Frame Power (Source-based time-averaged Power) is scaled the maximum burst average power based on time slots. The calculated methods are show as following:

Frame Power = Max burst power (1 Up Slot) – 9 dB

Frame Power = Max burst power (2 Up Slot) – 6 dB

Frame Power = Max burst power (3 Up Slot) – 4.26 dB

Frame Power = Max burst power (4 Up Slot) – 3 dB

Note 2:

SAR is not required for GPRS (1 Slot) Mode because its output power is less than of Voice Mode

UMTS BAND

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Based Station with following setting:
 - (1) Set Gain Factors(β_c and β_d) parameters set according to each
 - (2) Set RMC 12.2Kbps+HSDPA mode.
 - (3) Set Cell Power=-86dBm
 - (4) Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - (5) Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - (6) Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI=8
 - (7) Set Ack - Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - (8) Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4ms
 - (9) Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - (10) Power Ctrl Mode=All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.2.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c (Note5)	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15(Note 4)	15/15(Note 4)	64	12/15(Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: ΔACK , $\Delta NACK$ and $\Delta CQI = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, ΔACK and $\Delta NACK = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta CQI = 24/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - (1) Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - (2) Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - (3) Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - (4) Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - (5) Set UE Target Power
 - (6) Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - (7) Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - (8) Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Code s)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TF CI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, ΔACK , $\Delta NACK$ and $\Delta CQI = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, ΔACK , $\Delta NACK$ and $\Delta CQI = 5/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

UMTS BAND II

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Burst Power (dBm)
WCDMA 1900 RMC	1852.4	21.54
	1880	21.22
	1907.6	21.32
WCDMA 1900 AMR	1852.4	21.00
	1880	20.93
	1907.6	21.08
HSDPA Subtest 1	1852.4	20.62
	1880	20.21
	1907.6	20.32
HSDPA Subtest 2	1852.4	20.53
	1880	20.29
	1907.6	20.27
HSDPA Subtest 3	1852.4	20.31
	1880	20.01
	1907.6	20.37
HSDPA Subtest 4	1852.4	20.36
	1880	19.92
	1907.6	20.26
HSUPA Subtest 1	1852.4	20.53
	1880	20.39
	1907.6	20.06
HSUPA Subtest 2	1852.4	20.51
	1880	20.54
	1907.6	20.59
HSUPA Subtest 3	1852.4	20.70
	1880	20.87
	1907.6	20.65
HSUPA Subtest 4	1852.4	20.40
	1880	20.52
	1907.6	20.30
HSUPA Subtest 5	1852.4	20.42
	1880	20.61
	1907.6	20.32

UMTS BAND V

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Burst Power (dBm)
WCDMA 850 RMC	826.4	21.24
	836.6	21.55
	846.6	21.30
WCDMA 850 AMR	826.4	21.31
	836.6	21.27
	846.6	21.14
HSDPA Subtest 1	826.4	20.82
	836.6	20.38
	846.6	20.73
HSDPA Subtest 2	826.4	20.23
	836.6	20.20
	846.6	20.66
HSDPA Subtest 3	826.4	20.01
	836.6	20.09
	846.6	20.28
HSDPA Subtest 4	826.4	20.48
	836.6	20.18
	846.6	20.20
HSUPA Subtest 1	826.4	20.25
	836.6	20.37
	846.6	20.22
HSUPA Subtest 2	826.4	20.36
	836.6	20.45
	846.6	20.13
HSUPA Subtest 3	826.4	20.40
	836.6	20.22
	846.6	20.32
HSUPA Subtest 4	826.4	20.72
	836.6	20.40
	846.6	20.47
HSUPA Subtest 5	826.4	20.20
	836.6	20.27
	846.6	20.35

According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2 , the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1aA: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	$0 \leq CM \leq 3.5$	$MAX(CM-1,0)$
Note: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$.For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.		

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done .However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensation for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.

LTE Band

Conducted Power of LTE Band II(dBm)							
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					18607	18900	19193
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	21.97	21.96	22.25
			3	0	22.50	22.55	22.37
			5	0	22.37	22.51	22.41
		3	0	0	22.70	22.49	22.61
			2	0	21.97	22.21	22.65
			3	0	22.39	21.95	22.18
		6	0	1	22.37	22.39	22.11
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.49	23.24	22.64
			3	1	22.26	22.98	22.63
			5	1	21.74	22.16	22.31
		3	0	1	22.58	21.97	21.86
			2	1	22.78	22.36	21.68
			3	1	22.05	21.88	22.20
		6	0	2	21.93	22.73	22.13
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					18615	18900	19185
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.68	22.09	22.61
			7	0	22.76	22.29	22.95
			14	0	22.64	22.14	22.24
		8	0	1	22.71	21.98	22.16
			4	1	22.57	21.93	22.16
			7	1	22.30	21.81	21.87
		15	0	1	22.81	21.77	22.02
	16QAM	1	0	1	21.83	22.47	21.86
			7	1	22.60	21.93	22.78
			14	1	22.28	22.66	22.26
		8	0	2	21.93	21.90	22.86
			4	2	21.79	22.26	22.93
			7	2	22.41	22.25	22.53
		15	0	2	22.58	22.44	21.87

Conducted Power of LTE Band II(dBm)							
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					18625	18900	19175
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.82	22.25	22.90
			13	0	22.09	22.33	21.98
			24	0	22.81	22.18	22.31
		12	0	1	21.87	22.71	22.93
			6	1	21.62	22.39	22.03
			13	1	22.97	22.62	22.23
		25	0	1	22.13	22.14	21.82
	16QAM	1	0	1	21.84	22.38	22.36
			13	1	22.56	22.88	21.78
			24	1	22.70	22.40	21.95
		12	0	2	22.18	22.46	22.64
			6	2	22.66	22.90	22.00
			13	2	22.63	21.75	22.19
		25	0	2	22.54	22.75	22.41
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					18650	18900	19150
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	21.87	22.49	22.60
			25	0	22.02	22.16	21.85
			49	0	22.28	22.72	22.43
		25	0	1	22.32	22.41	22.50
			13	1	22.50	22.75	22.74
			25	1	21.79	22.65	23.07
		50	0	1	22.10	21.96	22.72
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.67	22.82	21.62
			25	1	22.56	22.03	22.92
			49	1	22.46	22.53	22.51
		25	0	2	21.49	22.61	22.58
			13	2	22.51	22.36	22.77
			25	2	21.69	22.56	22.65
		50	0	2	21.51	22.84	22.32

Conducted Power of LTE Band II(dBm)							
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					18675	18900	19125
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.41	22.71	22.23
			38	0	22.68	22.15	21.90
			74	0	22.40	22.66	21.65
		36	0	1	22.21	22.86	22.11
			18	1	22.53	22.68	22.53
			39	1	22.50	22.41	22.32
		75	0	1	22.55	22.16	21.73
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.39	22.48	21.83
			38	1	22.32	22.13	22.07
			74	1	22.86	22.37	21.90
		36	0	2	22.14	22.19	22.64
			18	2	21.96	22.07	21.78
			39	2	21.31	22.65	21.85
		75	0	2	21.61	22.01	22.09
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					18700	18900	19100
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.66	22.61	21.94
			50	0	22.63	22.75	22.08
			99	0	22.66	22.62	22.12
		50	0	1	22.31	21.96	22.75
			25	1	22.92	22.77	22.73
			50	1	22.55	22.33	22.31
		100	0	1	22.22	22.25	22.16
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.09	22.67	22.46
			50	1	22.93	21.89	22.55
			99	1	22.62	22.00	22.18
		50	0	2	22.13	22.38	22.85
			25	2	21.96	22.82	22.56
			50	2	22.09	22.44	21.88
		100	0	2	22.09	22.17	22.00

Conducted Power of LTE Band IV(dBm)							
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					19957	20175	20393
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.02	22.00	21.76
			3	0	22.55	22.73	22.55
			5	0	22.69	22.29	21.83
		3	0	0	22.53	22.21	21.99
			2	0	21.85	22.90	22.46
			3	0	22.18	22.66	22.36
		6	0	1	21.62	21.94	22.00
	16QAM	1	0	1	21.48	22.39	22.74
			3	1	22.35	21.88	22.20
			5	1	21.68	22.85	22.14
		3	0	1	22.19	21.94	21.75
			2	1	21.93	22.23	21.81
			3	1	22.30	22.15	22.60
		6	0	2	22.60	22.57	22.54
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					19965	20175	20385
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.44	22.42	22.20
			7	0	22.12	21.92	22.69
			14	0	22.04	22.76	21.93
		8	0	1	22.62	21.78	21.72
			4	1	22.46	21.82	22.56
			7	1	22.52	21.87	21.64
		15	0	1	22.15	22.30	21.74
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.67	22.52	21.68
			7	1	22.09	22.27	21.99
			14	1	22.51	21.75	22.20
		8	0	2	21.95	22.27	21.69
			4	2	21.96	21.26	22.25
			7	2	21.92	22.21	22.02
		15	0	2	22.29	21.93	21.84

Conducted Power of LTE Band IV(dBm)							
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					19975	20175	20375
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.92	21.75	21.75
			13	0	22.28	22.16	22.33
			24	0	22.05	21.70	22.10
		12	0	1	22.24	22.51	22.79
			6	1	22.47	22.96	22.01
			13	1	22.28	22.76	22.43
		25	0	1	22.49	22.53	22.45
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.65	22.48	21.82
			13	1	22.51	21.73	22.39
			24	1	22.00	22.47	22.45
		12	0	2	21.99	21.82	22.01
			6	2	22.38	22.17	22.06
			13	2	21.86	21.91	22.53
		25	0	2	22.46	21.95	22.41
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					20000	20175	20350
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.60	22.62	22.23
			25	0	21.61	22.96	21.58
			49	0	22.68	22.67	21.93
		25	0	1	22.72	22.38	21.97
			13	1	21.93	22.29	22.96
			25	1	22.63	22.49	21.83
		50	0	1	22.58	22.41	22.16
	16QAM	1	0	1	21.93	22.38	21.58
			25	1	21.95	23.13	21.92
			49	1	22.42	21.85	22.09
		25	0	2	22.61	22.62	22.39
			13	2	22.05	22.53	22.86
			25	2	21.87	22.41	22.58
		50	0	2	22.55	22.41	22.60

Conducted Power of LTE Band IV(dBm)							
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					20025	20175	20325
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.24	22.87	22.80
			38	0	22.33	22.82	21.57
			74	0	22.53	22.11	22.65
		36	0	1	21.91	22.32	22.69
			18	1	22.23	22.75	22.55
			39	1	21.93	22.10	22.12
		75	0	1	22.19	22.23	22.06
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.36	22.10	22.07
			38	1	22.25	22.28	21.65
			74	1	22.56	22.32	22.12
		36	0	2	22.40	22.91	22.82
			18	2	22.83	21.93	22.38
			39	2	22.78	22.51	22.50
		75	0	2	21.37	22.16	22.28
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					20050	20175	20300
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.30	21.98	22.90
			50	0	22.18	22.68	22.60
			99	0	22.32	21.78	22.33
		50	0	1	22.12	22.90	22.07
			25	1	22.09	22.14	22.27
			50	1	21.80	22.76	22.42
		100	0	1	21.58	22.58	22.27
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.30	22.51	22.15
			50	1	22.11	22.88	22.93
			99	1	21.87	21.63	22.73
		50	0	2	22.31	21.78	22.62
			25	2	22.43	21.99	22.56
			50	2	22.13	22.35	22.36
		100	0	2	21.79	22.63	22.68

Conducted Power of LTE Band V(dBm)							
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					20407	20525	20643
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.02	22.00	21.76
			3	0	22.51	22.70	22.55
			5	0	22.69	22.29	21.83
		3	0	0	22.53	22.21	21.99
			2	0	21.81	22.90	22.47
			3	0	22.18	22.68	22.37
		6	0	1	21.62	21.94	22.00
	16QAM	1	0	1	21.48	22.39	22.74
			3	1	22.36	21.88	22.20
			5	1	21.68	22.85	22.14
		3	0	1	22.19	21.94	21.75
			2	1	21.93	22.23	21.81
			3	1	22.30	22.15	22.60
		6	0	2	22.60	22.57	22.54
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					20415	20525	20635
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.44	22.42	22.20
			7	0	22.12	21.92	22.69
			14	0	22.04	22.76	21.93
		8	0	1	22.62	21.78	21.72
			4	1	22.46	21.82	22.56
			7	1	22.52	21.87	21.64
		15	0	1	22.15	22.30	21.74
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.67	22.52	21.68
			7	1	22.09	22.27	21.99
			14	1	22.51	21.75	22.20
		8	0	2	21.95	22.27	21.69
			4	2	21.96	21.26	22.25
			7	2	21.92	22.21	22.02
		15	0	2	22.29	21.93	21.84

Conducted Power of LTE Band V(dBm)							
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					20425	20525	20625
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.45	22.07	21.75
			13	0	22.37	22.91	21.72
			24	0	22.46	22.52	22.49
		12	0	1	22.27	22.17	22.05
			6	1	22.46	21.74	22.31
			13	1	22.13	22.25	21.98
		25	0	1	22.46	22.63	22.12
	16QAM	1	0	1	21.86	22.12	22.13
			13	1	22.28	22.60	22.73
			24	1	21.84	21.99	22.28
		12	0	2	22.31	21.89	22.51
			6	2	22.16	21.80	22.25
			13	2	22.39	22.56	22.40
		25	0	2	22.15	22.15	22.22
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					20450	20525	20600
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.25	22.43	22.66
			25	0	22.08	22.39	22.43
			49	0	22.11	22.43	21.99
		25	0	1	22.11	22.24	22.32
			13	1	22.40	22.52	22.73
			25	1	22.58	22.36	22.04
		50	0	1	22.40	22.59	22.21
	16QAM	1	0	1	21.75	21.95	22.65
			25	1	21.90	22.11	21.96
			49	1	21.85	22.24	21.59
		25	0	2	21.86	22.05	22.83
			13	2	21.88	22.55	22.56
			25	2	22.56	22.54	22.83
		50	0	2	21.18	21.91	22.57

Conducted Power of LTE Band VII (dBm)							
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					20775	21100	21425
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	21.91	22.16	22.14
			12	0	22.10	22.39	22.00
			24	0	22.19	21.81	22.13
		12	0	1	22.27	22.17	22.43
			6	1	21.81	22.48	22.31
			13	1	21.82	22.28	22.44
		25	0	1	22.47	22.30	22.12
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.57	21.95	22.21
			12	1	22.24	22.54	22.08
			24	1	22.32	21.87	21.58
		12	0	2	22.07	22.06	22.61
			6	2	21.74	21.67	22.17
			13	2	22.61	21.67	22.08
		25	0	2	22.58	21.88	22.01
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					20800	21100	21400
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.86	22.80	22.03
			24	0	22.46	22.47	22.16
			49	0	22.76	21.77	21.99
		25	0	1	22.08	22.19	22.48
			12	1	22.39	22.06	22.10
			25	1	21.99	22.55	22.29
		50	0	1	22.56	22.44	22.66
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.24	22.04	22.43
			24	1	21.92	22.13	22.23
			49	1	21.79	21.91	22.02
		25	0	2	22.83	22.26	22.54
			12	2	22.22	21.98	22.39
			25	2	22.22	22.08	22.70
		50	0	2	21.83	22.37	21.97

Conducted Power of LTE Band VII (dBm)							
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					20825	21100	21375
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.34	22.61	22.04
			37	0	22.71	22.13	22.64
			74	0	21.80	22.43	22.50
		37	0	1	22.47	22.70	22.06
			19	1	22.11	22.16	22.58
			38	1	22.22	22.51	22.78
		75	0	1	22.61	22.19	22.50
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.50	22.25	22.50
			37	1	22.37	21.88	22.38
			74	1	21.87	22.31	22.53
		37	0	2	21.96	22.08	22.31
			19	2	22.36	22.66	21.89
			38	2	22.63	22.50	22.02
		75	0	2	22.51	22.04	21.87
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					20850	21100	21350
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.23	22.08	22.11
			49	0	22.20	22.18	22.44
			99	0	22.06	22.25	22.29
		50	0	1	22.09	21.95	22.40
			25	1	22.07	22.74	21.87
			50	1	22.68	22.37	22.56
		100	0	1	22.28	21.81	22.27
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.29	22.48	22.25
			49	1	22.11	22.65	21.97
			99	1	22.08	22.39	22.02
		50	0	2	22.60	22.16	21.96
			25	2	22.05	22.36	22.00
			50	2	22.60	21.98	22.42
		100	0	2	21.74	22.24	22.37

Conducted Power of LTE Band XVII(dBm)							
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					23755	23790	23825
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	22.03	21.96	22.27
			13	0	22.20	21.83	22.28
			24	0	22.01	22.55	22.66
		12	0	1	21.96	22.46	22.10
			6	1	22.22	22.31	22.24
			13	1	22.55	21.73	22.05
		25	0	1	22.25	22.05	21.91
	16QAM	1	0	1	22.25	22.65	22.21
			13	1	22.85	22.58	22.41
			24	1	22.29	22.70	22.34
		12	0	2	22.38	21.87	21.47
			6	2	22.03	21.95	21.61
			13	2	22.52	22.13	22.22
		25	0	2	22.66	21.71	22.42
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Target MPR	Channel	Channel	Channel
					23780	23790	23800
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	0	21.81	21.87	22.05
			25	0	22.44	22.42	22.33
			49	0	22.33	21.72	22.05
		25	0	1	22.32	21.76	22.27
			13	1	22.22	22.86	22.25
			25	1	21.94	21.71	21.79
		50	0	1	22.11	22.65	21.72
	16QAM	1	0	1	21.77	21.82	21.74
			25	1	22.40	22.78	22.26
			49	1	22.06	22.53	21.96
		25	0	2	22.67	22.12	22.05
			13	2	22.19	22.66	21.69
			25	2	22.19	22.35	21.96
		50	0	2	21.75	21.80	22.24

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS36.101 specification.

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3.3-1 Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power class3

Modulation	Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power[RB]						MPR(dB)
	1.4MHz	3MHz	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz	20MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤1
16QAM	≤5	≤4	≤8	≤12	≤16	≤18	≤1
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤2

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.3-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signaling Value of "NS_01".3

Table 6.2.4.3-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) / Spectrum Emission requirements

Network Signaling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N_{RB})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.2-1	1.4,3,5,10,15,20	Table 5.4.2-1	N/A
NS_03	6.6.2.2.3.1	2,4,10, 23, 25,35,36	3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤ 1
			10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.3.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
			10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4.3-4	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.4.2-1	N/A
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3.3 6.6.3.3.3.2	13	10	Table 6.2.4.3-2	Table 6.2.4.3-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40	≤ 1
				> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4.3-3	Table 6.2.4.3-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.3.13	231	1.4, 3, 5, 10,15,20	Table 6.2.4.3-5	Table 6.2.4.3-5
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table 6.2.4.3-6	Table 6.2.4.3-6
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5	Table 6.2.4.3-7	Table 6.2.4.3-7
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15	Table 6.2.4.3-8	Table 6.2.4.3-8
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15	Table 6.2.4.3-9 Table 6.2.4.3-10	Table 6.2.4.3-9, Table 6.2.4.3-10
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4.3-11, Table 6.2.4.3-12, Table 6.2.4.3-13	
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.4.2-1	N/A
	6.6.3.3.11	28	5	≥ 2	≤ 1
NS_18			10, 15, 20	≥ 1	≤ 4
NS_19			10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4.3-15	Table 6.2.4.3-15
NS_20			5, 10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4.3-14	Table 6.2.4.3-14
...					
NS_20	-	-	-	-	-

WIFI

Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Avg. Burst Power(dBm)
802.11b	1	01	2412	12.00
		06	2437	13.35
		11	2462	14.82
802.11g	6	01	2412	7.29
		06	2437	10.94
		11	2462	10.24
802.11n(20)	6.5	01	2412	7.78
		06	2437	10.56
		11	2462	10.11
802.11n(40)	13.5	03	2422	6.72
		06	2437	9.94
		09	2452	7.12

Bluetooth_V4.0(EDR)

Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)
GFSK	0	2402	2.668
	39	2441	3.714
	78	2480	5.005
π /4-DQPSK	0	2402	1.390
	39	2441	2.515
	78	2480	3.766
8-DPSK	0	2402	1.240
	39	2441	2.359
	78	2480	3.603

Bluetooth_V4.0(BLE)

Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)
GFSK	0	2402	-4.894
	19	2440	-3.524
	39	2480	-2.626

12. TEST RESULTS

12.1. SAR Test Results Summary

12.1.1. Test position and configuration

Body SAR was performed with the device 0mm from the phantom.

12.1.2. Operation Mode

1. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06 ,for each exposure position, if the highest 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04,for each frequency band, if the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/Kg, testing for repeated SAR measurement is required , that the highest measured SAR is only to be tested. When the SAR results are near the limit, the following procedures are required for each device to verify these types of SAR measurement related variation concerns by repeating the highest measured SAR configuration in each frequency band.
 - (1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/Kg, repeat that measurement once.
 - (2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/Kg.
 - (3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/Kg and ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second measurement is ≥ 1.20 .
3. Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call operations, therefore GSM voice call mode is selected to be test.
4. Per KDB 648474 D04 v01r03,when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/Kg, SAR testing with a headset connected is not required.
5. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02,for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
6. Per KDB 941225 D06 V02r01, When the same wireless mode transmission configurations for voice and data are required for SAR measurements, the more conservative configuration with a smaller separation distance should be tested for the overlapping SAR configurations.
7. Maximum Scaling SAR in order to calculate the Maximum SAR values to test under the standard Peak Power, Calculation method is as follows:
Maximum Scaling SAR =tested SAR (Max.) $\times$ [maximum turn-up power (mw)/ maximum measurement output power(mw)]
8. Proximity sensor, just for avoiding the wrong operation in the phone screen when call, and has no influence on output power or SAR result
8. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1RB allocation using the RB offset and required test channel combination with highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
9. Per KDB 941125 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
10. Per KDB 941125 D05v02r03. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation. SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100% RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1RB allocation and the highest reported SAR is >1.45 W/Kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

11. Per KDB 941125 D05v02r03. 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is not 1/2 dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is $\leq 1.45\text{W/Kg}$, Per KDB 941225 D05v02r02, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
12. Per KDB 941125 D05v02r03. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is >not 1/2 dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is $\leq 1.45\text{W/Kg}$. Per KDB 941125 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.

12.1.3. Test Result

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				Relative Humidity (%): 50.3					
Product: rugged tablet									
Test Mode: GSM850 with GMSK modulation									
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
SIM 1 Card									
Body back	voice	190	836.6	0.05	0.509	30.70	30.65	0.515	1.6
Body front	voice	190	836.6	0.02	0.241	30.70	30.65	0.244	1.6
Body back	GPRS-4 slot	128	824.2	-0.06	0.882	24.70	24.31	0.965	1.6
Body back	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	0.12	0.929	24.70	24.63	0.944	1.6
Body back	GPRS-4 slot	251	848.8	-0.23	0.829	24.70	24.25	0.920	1.6
Body front	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	0.13	0.386	24.70	24.63	0.392	1.6
Edge 1 (Top)	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	-0.09	0.384	24.70	24.63	0.390	1.6
Edge 2(Right)	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	0.14	0.359	24.70	24.63	0.365	1.6
Edge 3(Bottom)	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	-0.11	0.130	24.70	24.63	0.132	1.6
Edge 4(Left)	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	0.20	0.079	24.70	24.63	0.080	1.6

Note:

- When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.
- The test separation of all above table is 0mm.

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				Relative Humidity (%): 53.7					
Product: rugged tablet									
Test Mode: PCS1900 with GMSK modulation									
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
SIM 1 Card									
Body back	voice	661	1880.0	0.06	0.590	26.73	26.73	0.590	1.6
Body front	voice	661	1880.0	-0.08	0.144	26.73	26.73	0.144	1.6
Body back	GPRS-2 slot	512	1850.2	-0.11	1.011	23.40	23.24	1.049	1.6
Body back	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880	0.12	0.945	23.40	23.18	0.994	1.6
Body back	GPRS-2 slot	810	1909.8	-0.20	0.881	23.40	23.40	0.881	1.6
Body front	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880.0	0.06	0.247	23.40	23.18	0.260	1.6
Edge 1 (Top)	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880.0	0.05	0.282	23.40	23.18	0.297	1.6
Edge 2(Right)	GPRS-2 slot	512	1850.2	-0.15	1.101	23.40	23.18	1.158	1.6
Edge 2(Right)	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880	0.08	1.155	23.40	23.18	1.215	1.6
Edge 2(Right)	GPRS-2 slot	810	1909.8	0.13	1.024	23.40	23.18	1.077	1.6
Edge 3(Bottom)	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880.0	-0.01	0.037	23.40	23.18	0.039	1.6
Edge 4(Left)	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880.0	0.07	0.045	23.40	23.18	0.047	1.6

Note:

- When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.
- The test separation of all above table is 0mm.

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				Relative Humidity (%): 53.7					
Product: rugged tablet									
Test Mode: WCDMA Band II with QPSK modulation									
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Body back	RMC 12.2kbps	9262	1852.4	-0.08	0.989	21.60	21.54	1.003	1.6
Body back	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	0.12	0.838	21.60	21.22	0.915	1.6
Body back	RMC 12.2kbps	9538	1907.6	-0.06	0.800	21.60	21.32	0.853	1.6
Body front	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	0.00	0.334	21.60	21.22	0.365	1.6
Edge 1 (Top)	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	0.16	0.105	21.60	21.22	0.115	1.6
Edge 2(Right)	RMC 12.2kbps	9262	1852.4	-0.05	1.020	21.60	21.22	1.113	1.6
Edge 2(Right)	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	0.23	1.022	21.60	21.22	1.115	1.6
Edge 2(Right)	RMC 12.2kbps	9538	1907.6	-0.28	1.073	21.60	21.22	1.171	1.6
Edge 3(Bottom)	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	-0.12	0.029	21.60	21.22	0.032	1.6
Edge 4(Left)	RMC 12.2kbps	9400	1880	0.10	0.074	21.60	21.22	0.081	1.6

Note:

- When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.
- The test separation of all above tableis 0mm.

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15					Relative Humidity (%): 50.3				
Product: rugged tablet									
Test Mode: WCDMA Band V with QPSK modulation									
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Body back	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	-0.15	0.460	21.60	21.55	0.465	1.6
Body front	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	0.22	0.156	21.60	21.55	0.158	1.6
Edge 1 (Top)	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	-0.12	0.087	21.60	21.55	0.088	1.6
Edge 2(Right)	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	0.13	0.031	21.60	21.55	0.031	1.6
Edge 3(Bottom)	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	-0.03	0.060	21.60	21.55	0.061	1.6
Edge 4(Left)	RMC 12.2kbps	4183	836.6	-0.06	0.025	21.60	21.55	0.025	1.6

Note:

- When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.
- The test separation of all above tableis 0mm.

SAR MEASUREMENT												
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15						Relative Humidity (%): 53.7						
Product: rugged tablet												
Test Mode: LTE Band II												
BM MHz	MOD	Position	Test Mode		Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
			UL RB Allocation	UL RB START								
20	QPSK	Body back	1	0	18700	1860	-0.25	0.892	22.80	22.75	0.902	1.6
		Body back	1	0	18900	1880	0.16	0.982	22.80	22.75	0.993	1.6
		Body back	1	0	19100	1900	-0.28	0.960	22.80	22.75	0.971	1.6
		Body front	1	0	18900	1880	0.22	0.377	22.80	22.75	0.381	1.6
		Edge 1 (Top)	1	0	18900	1880	-0.10	0.129	22.80	22.75	0.130	1.6
		Edge 2(Right)	1	0	18900	1880	0.07	0.715	22.80	22.75	0.723	1.6
		Edge 3(Bottom)	1	0	18900	1880	0.01	0.018	22.80	22.75	0.018	1.6
		Edge 4(Left)	1	0	18900	1880	0.03	0.024	22.80	22.75	0.024	1.6

Note:

- When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.
- The test separation of all above tableis 0mm.

SAR MEASUREMENT												
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15					Relative Humidity (%): 54.3							
Product: rugged tablet												
Test Mode: LTE Band IV												
BM MHz	MOD	Position	Test Mode		Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tuneup Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
			UL RB Allocation	UL RB START								
20	QPSK	Body back	1	0	20175	1732.5	-0.13	0.645	22.90	21.98	0.797	1.6
		Body front	1	0	20175	1732.5	0.22	0.201	22.90	21.98	0.248	1.6
		Edge 1 (Top)	1	0	20175	1732.5	0.35	0.346	22.90	21.98	0.428	1.6
		Edge 2(Right)	1	0	20175	1732.5	-0.16	0.373	22.90	21.98	0.461	1.6
		Edge3(Bottom)	1	0	20175	1732.5	0.27	0.042	22.90	21.98	0.052	1.6
		Edge 4(Left)	1	0	20175	1732.5	-0.14	0.029	22.90	21.98	0.036	1.6

Note:

- When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.
- The test separation of all above tableis 0mm.

SAR MEASUREMENT												
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15						Relative Humidity (%): 50.3						
Product: rugged tablet												
Test Mode: LTE Band V												
BM MHz	MOD	Position	Test Mode		Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tuneup Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
			UL RB Allocation	UL RB START								
10	QPSK	Body back	1	0	20525	836.5	-0.19	0.420	22.70	22.43	0.447	1.6
		Body front	1	0	20525	836.5	0.27	0.212	22.70	22.43	0.226	1.6
		Edge 1 (Top)	1	0	20525	836.5	-0.11	0.213	22.70	22.43	0.227	1.6
		Edge 2(Right)	1	0	20525	836.5	0.15	0.182	22.70	22.43	0.194	1.6
		Edge 3(Bottom)	1	0	20525	836.5	-0.18	0.069	22.70	22.43	0.073	1.6
		Edge 4(Left)	1	0	20525	836.5	-0.09	0.039	22.70	22.43	0.042	1.6

Note:

- When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.
- The test separation of all above tableis 0mm.

SAR MEASUREMENT												
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15						Relative Humidity (%): 53.6						
Product: rugged tablet												
Test Mode: LTE Band VII												
BM MHz	MOD	Position	Test Mode		Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tuneup Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
			UL RB Allocation	UL RB START								
10	QPSK	Body back	1	0	20850	2510	0.11	0.798	22.44	22.18	0.847	1.6
		Body back	1	0	21100	2535	-0.24	0.826	22.44	22.18	0.877	1.6
		Body back	1	0	21350	2560	0.15	0.811	22.44	22.18	0.861	1.6
		Body front	1	0	21100	2535	0.28	0.109	22.44	22.18	0.116	1.6
		Edge 1 (Top)	1	0	21100	2535	-0.23	0.033	22.44	22.18	0.035	1.6
		Edge 2(Right)	1	0	21100	2535	-0.36	0.565	22.44	22.18	0.600	1.6
		Edge 3(Bottom)	1	0	21100	2535	0.52	0.014	22.44	22.18	0.015	1.6
		Edge 4(Left)	1	0	21100	2535	-0.07	0.006	22.44	22.18	0.006	1.6

Note:

- When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.
- The test separation of all above tableis 0mm.

SAR MEASUREMENT												
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15					Relative Humidity (%): 53.9							
Product: rugged tablet												
Test Mode: LTE Band XVII												
BM MHz	MOD	Position	Test Mode		Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tuneup Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
			UL RB Allocation	UL RB START								
10	QPSK	Body back	1	0	23790	710	0.02	0.511	22.50	22.42	0.521	1.6
		Body front	1	0	23790	710	0.12	0.101	22.50	22.42	0.103	1.6
		Edge 1 (Top)	1	0	23790	710	-0.11	0.055	22.50	22.42	0.056	1.6
		Edge 2(Right)	1	0	23790	710	0.13	0.103	22.50	22.42	0.105	1.6
		Edge 3(Bottom)	1	0	23790	710	-0.35	0.010	22.50	22.42	0.010	1.6
		Edge 4(Left)	1	0	23790	710	0.26	0.017	22.50	22.42	0.017	1.6

Note:

- When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.
- The test separation of all above table is 0mm.

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				Relative Humidity (%): 51.9					
Product: rugged tablet									
Test Mode:802.11b									
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Body back	DTS	6	2437	-0.07	0.026	14.82	14.82	0.026	1.6
Body front	DTS	6	2437	-0.12	0.082	14.82	14.82	0.082	1.6
Edge 2(Right)	DTS	6	2437	0.23	0.124	14.82	14.82	0.124	1.6
Edge 3(Bottom)	DTS	6	2437	-0.05	0.007	14.82	14.82	0.007	1.6
Edge 4(Left)	DTS	6	2437	0.25	0.001	14.82	14.82	0.001	1.6

Note:

- According to KDB248227, SAR is not required for 802.11n HT20/HT40 channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11a/b channels.
- All of above “DTS” means data transmitters.
- The test separation of all above table is 0mm.

Repeated SAR										
Product: rugged tablet										
Test Mode: GSM850& PCS1900 with GMSK modulation &WCDMA Band II with QPSK modulation										
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	Once SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (<±5%)	Twice SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (<±5%)	Third SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Limit W/kg
Body back	GPRS-4 slot	190	836.6	0.03	0.889					
Edge 2(Right)	GPRS-2 slot	661	1880	-0.11	1.085					
Edge 2(Right)	RMC 12.2kbps	9538	1907.6	0.10	1.027					

Repeated SAR										
Product: rugged tablet										
Test Mode: LTE Band II & LTE Band VII with QPSK modulation										
Position	Test Mode		Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
	UL RB Allocation	UL RB START								
Body back	1	0	18900	1880	-0.22	0.898				1.6
Body back	1	0	21100	2535	0.14	0.813				1.6

NO	Simultaneous state	Portable Handset		
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
1	GSM(voice)+WLAN 2.4GHz (data)	Yes	Yes	-
2	WCDMA(voice)+WLAN 2.4GHz (data)	Yes	Yes	-
3	GSM(voice)+Bluetooth(data)	-	Yes	-
4	WCDMA(voice)+Bluetooth(data)	-	Yes	-
5	GSM (Data) + Bluetooth(data)	-	Yes	
6	GSM (Data) + WLAN 2.4GHz (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	WCDMA (Data) + Bluetooth(data)	--	Yes	
8	WCDMA (Data) + WLAN 2.4GHz (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
9	LTE + Bluetooth(data)	--	Yes	
10	LTE + WLAN 2.4GHz (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes

NOTE:

1. WIFI and BT share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. Simultaneous with every transmitter must be the same test position.
3. KDB 447498 D01, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
4. KDB 447498 D01, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user; which is 0mm body-worn SAR.
5. According to KDB 447498 D01 4.3.1, Standalone SAR test exclusion is as follow:
For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR, and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR³⁰, where
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation³¹
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
 - The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds in step b) below
The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 4.1 f) is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.
6. If the test separation distance is < 5 mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
7. According to KDB 447498 D01 4.3.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is as follow:
 - (1) Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.
 - (2) Any transmitters and antennas should be considered when calculating simultaneous mode.
 - (3) For mobile phone and PC, it's the sum of all transmitters and antennas at the same mode with same position in each applicable exposure condition
 - (4) When the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.2 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to det

$$(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x] \text{ W/kg}$$
for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;
where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.
8. When the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio. The simultaneous transmitting antennas in each operating mode and exposure condition combination must be considered one pair at a time to determine the SAR to peak location separation ratio to qualify for test exclusion. The ratio is determined by $(\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)1.5/R_i$, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be ≤ 0.04 for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion.

Estimated SAR		Max Power including Tune-up Tolerance		Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
		dBm	mW		
BT	Body	6	3.98	0	0.167

Sum of the SAR for GSM 850 &Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario			Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
		GSM 850	Wi-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth		
Body-worn (voice)	Rear	0.515	0.026		0.541	No
		0.515		0.167	0.682	No
	Front	0.244	0.082		0.326	No
		0.244		0.167	0.411	No
Body-worn (Data)	Rear	0.965		0.167	1.132	No
		0.965	0.026		0.991	No
	Front	0.392		0.167	0.559	No
		0.392	0.082		0.474	No
	Edge 2	0.365	0.124		0.489	No
	Edge 3	0.132	0.007		0.139	No
	Edge 4	0.080	0.001		0.081	No
	Edge 2	0.365		0.167	0.532	No
	Edge 3	0.132		0.167	0.299	No
	Edge 4	0.080		0.167	0.247	No

Note:

- According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.
- SPLSR mean is “The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio “

Sum of the SAR for GSM 1900 &Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario			Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
		PCS 1900	Wi-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth		
Body-worn (voice)	Rear	0.590	0.026		0.616	No
		0.590		0.167	0.757	No
	Front	0.144	0.082		0.226	No
		0.144		0.167	0.311	No
Body-worn (Data)	Rear	1.049		0.167	1.216	No
		1.049	0.026		1.075	No
	Front	0.260		0.167	0.427	No
		0.260	0.082		0.342	No
	Edge 2	1.215	0.124		1.339	No
	Edge 3	0.039	0.007		0.046	No
	Edge 4	0.047	0.001		0.048	No
	Edge 2	1.215		0.167	1.382	No
	Edge 3	0.039		0.167	0.206	No
	Edge 4	0.047		0.167	0.214	No

Note:

- According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.
- SPLSR mean is “The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio “

Sum of the SAR for WCDMA Band II &Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario			Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
		WCDMA Band II	Wi-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth		
Body-worn	Rear	1.003	0.026		1.029	No
	Front	0.365	0.082		0.447	No
	Edge 2	1.171	0.124		1.295	No
	Edge 3	0.032	0.007		0.039	No
	Edge 4	0.081	0.001		0.082	No
	Rear	1.003		0.167	1.170	No
	Front	0.365		0.167	0.532	No
	Edge 2	1.171		0.167	1.338	No
	Edge 3	0.032		0.167	0.199	No
	Edge 4	0.081		0.167	0.248	No

Note:

- According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.
- SPLSR mean is “The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio “

Sum of the SAR for WCDMA Band V &Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario			Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
		WCDMA Band V	Wi-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth		
Body-worn	Rear	0.465	0.026		0.491	No
	Front	0.158	0.082		0.240	No
	Edge 2	0.031	0.124		0.155	No
	Edge 3	0.061	0.007		0.068	No
	Edge 4	0.025	0.001		0.026	No
	Rear	0.465		0.167	0.632	No
	Front	0.158		0.167	0.325	No
	Edge 2	0.031		0.167	0.198	No
	Edge 3	0.061		0.167	0.228	No
	Edge 4	0.025		0.167	0.192	No

Note:

- According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.
- SPLSR mean is “The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio “

Sum of the SAR for LTE Band II &Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario			Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
		LTE Band II	Wi-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth		
Body-worn	Rear	0.993	0.026		1.019	No
	Front	0.381	0.082		0.463	No
	Edge 2	0.723	0.124		0.847	No
	Edge 3	0.018	0.007		0.025	No
	Edge 4	0.024	0.001		0.025	No
	Rear	0.993		0.167	1.160	No
	Front	0.381		0.167	0.548	No
	Edge 2	0.723		0.167	0.890	No
	Edge 3	0.018		0.167	0.185	No
	Edge 4	0.024		0.167	0.191	No

Note:

- According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.
- SPLSR mean is “The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio “

Sum of the SAR for LTE Band IV &Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario			Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
		LTE Band IV	Wi-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth		
Body-worn	Rear	0.797	0.026		0.823	No
	Front	0.248	0.082		0.330	No
	Edge 2	0.461	0.124		0.585	No
	Edge 3	0.052	0.007		0.059	No
	Edge 4	0.036	0.001		0.037	No
	Rear	0.797		0.167	0.964	No
	Front	0.248		0.167	0.415	No
	Edge 2	0.461		0.167	0.628	No
	Edge 3	0.052		0.167	0.219	No
	Edge 4	0.036		0.167	0.203	No

Note:

- According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.
- SPLSR mean is “The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio “

Sum of the SAR for LTE Band V & Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario			Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
		LTE Band V	Wi-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth		
Body-worn	Rear	0.447	0.026		0.473	No
	Front	0.226	0.082		0.308	No
	Edge 2	0.194	0.124		0.318	No
	Edge 3	0.073	0.007		0.080	No
	Edge 4	0.042	0.001		0.043	No
	Rear	0.447		0.167	0.614	No
	Front	0.226		0.167	0.393	No
	Edge 2	0.194		0.167	0.361	No
	Edge 3	0.073		0.167	0.240	No
	Edge 4	0.042		0.167	0.209	No

Note:

- According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than 1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.
- SPLSR mean is “The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio “

Sum of the SAR for LTE Band VII & Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario			Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
		LTE Band VII	Wi-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth		
Body-worn	Rear	0.877	0.026		0.903	No
	Front	0.116	0.082		0.198	No
	Edge 2	0.600	0.124		0.724	No
	Edge 3	0.015	0.007		0.022	No
	Edge 4	0.006	0.001		0.007	No
	Rear	0.877		0.167	1.044	No
	Front	0.116		0.167	0.283	No
	Edge 2	0.600		0.167	0.767	No
	Edge 3	0.015		0.167	0.182	No
	Edge 4	0.006		0.167	0.173	No

Note:

- According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than 1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.
- SPLSR mean is “The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio “

Sum of the SAR for LTE Band XVII & Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario			Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
		LTE Band XVII	Wi-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth		
Body-worn	Rear	0.521	0.026		0.547	No
	Front	0.103	0.082		0.185	No
	Edge 2	0.105	0.124		0.229	No
	Edge 3	0.010	0.007		0.017	No
	Edge 4	0.017	0.001		0.018	No
	Rear	0.521		0.167	0.688	No
	Front	0.103		0.167	0.270	No
	Edge 2	0.105		0.167	0.272	No
	Edge 3	0.010		0.167	0.177	No
	Edge 4	0.017		0.167	0.184	No

Note:

- According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than 1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.
- SPLSR mean is “The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio “

APPENDIX A. SAR SYSTEM CHECK DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab

Date: June 24,2017

System Check Body 750 MHz

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz Type: SID 750

Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D750 (750.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.27

Frequency: 750 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma=0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r=53.59$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm

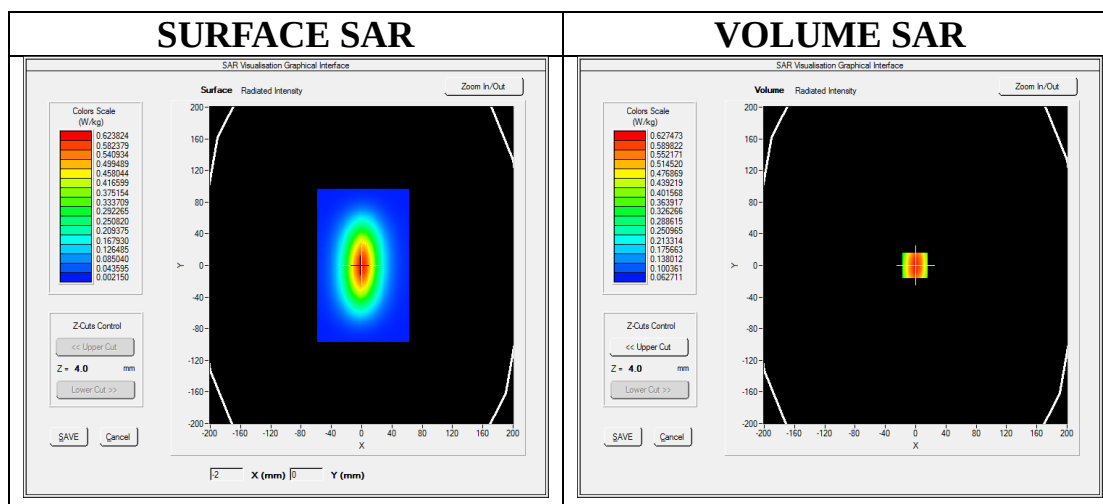
Ambient temperature (°C):22.3, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.2

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/System Check 750MHz Body/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

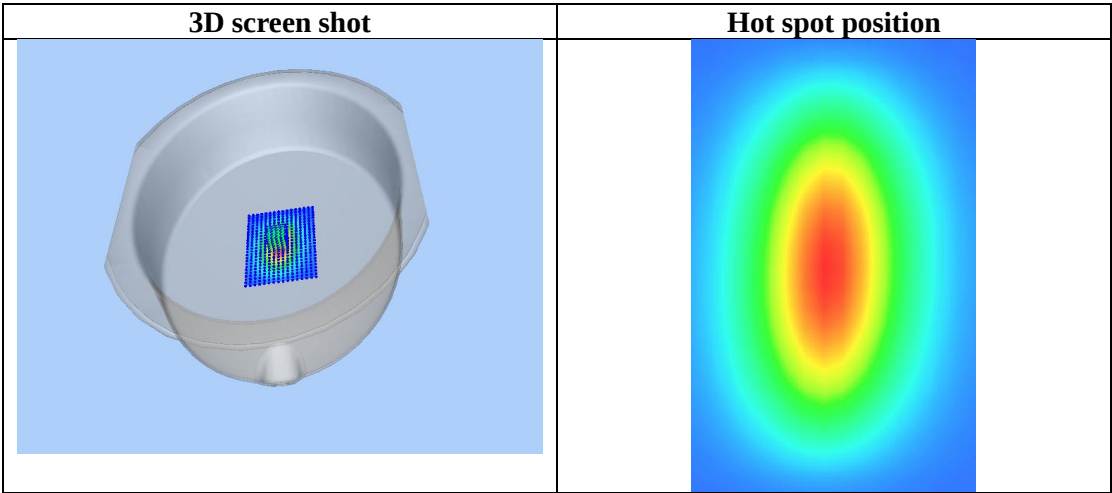
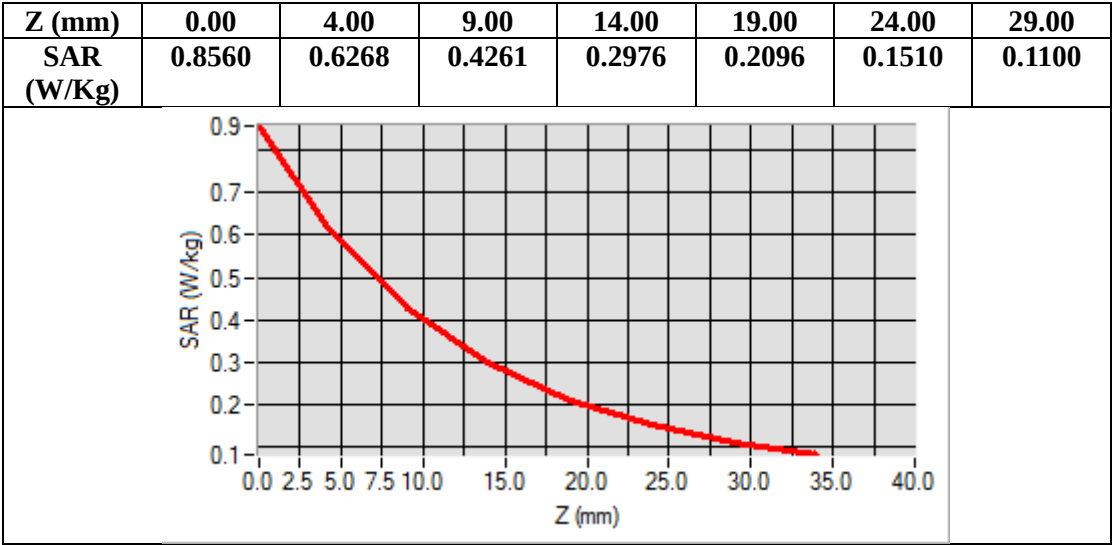
Configuration/System Check 750MHz Body/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 0.83 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.387123
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.597759



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
System Check Body 835 MHz
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz Type: SID 835

Date: June 7,2017

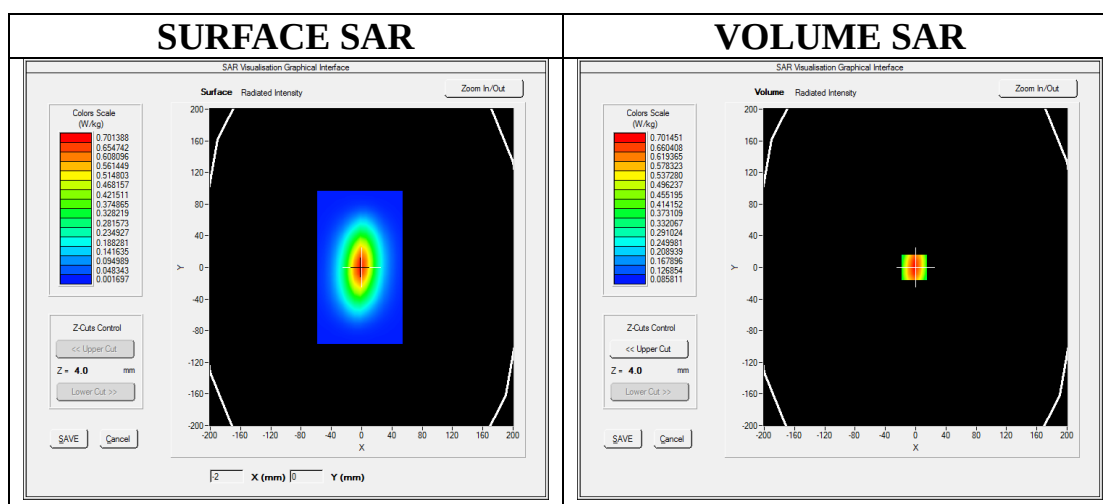
Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.89
Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma=0.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r=55.36$; $\rho= 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm
Ambient temperature (°C):22.3, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.8

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/System Check 835MHz Body/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

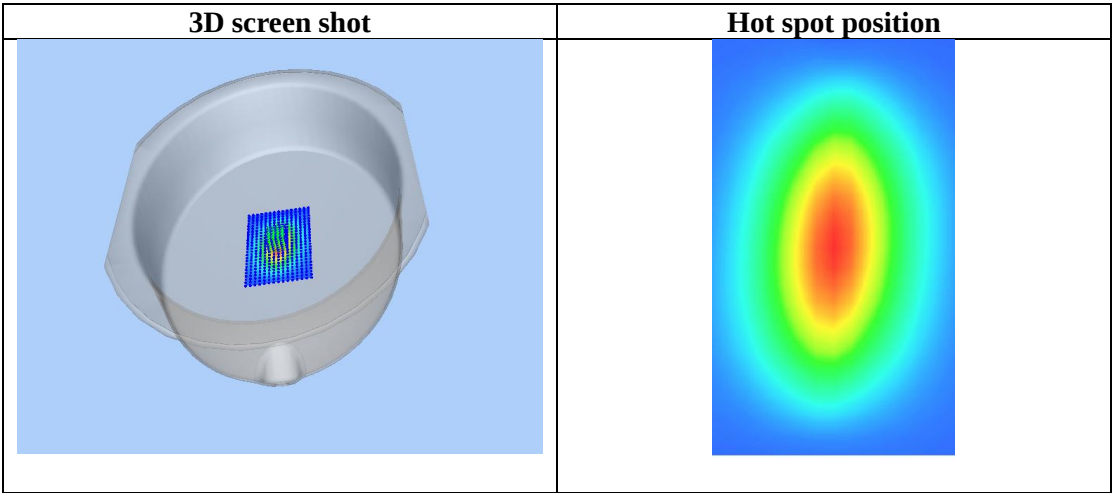
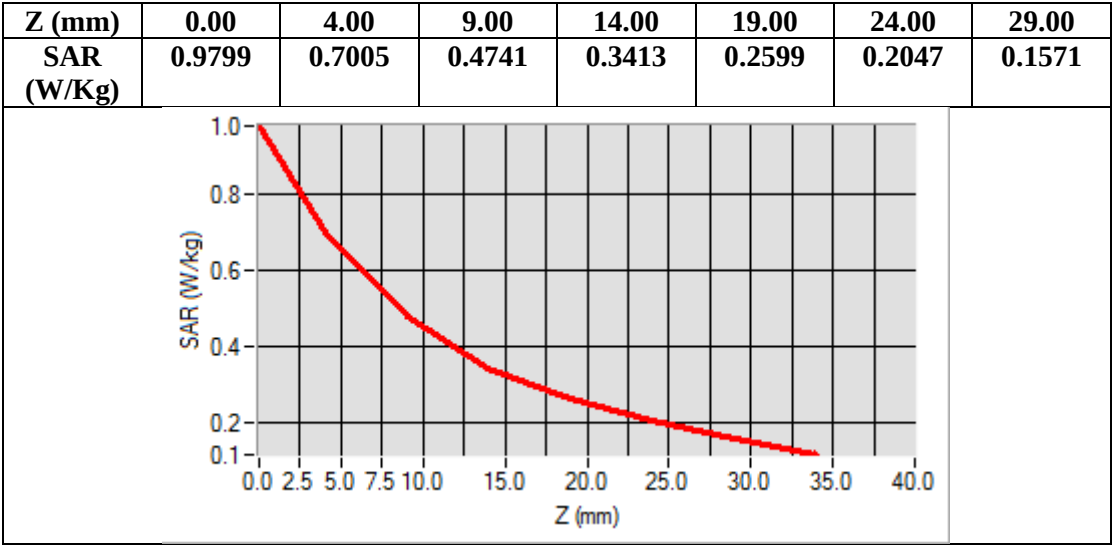
Configuration/System Check 835MHz Body/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm



Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 0.94 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.432014
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.663117



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
System Check Body 1750MHz
DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: SID 1800

Date: June 16,2017

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1700 (1750.0 MHz); Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.06
Frequency: 1750MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1750\text{MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.47 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.37$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;
Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm
Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$): 21.1

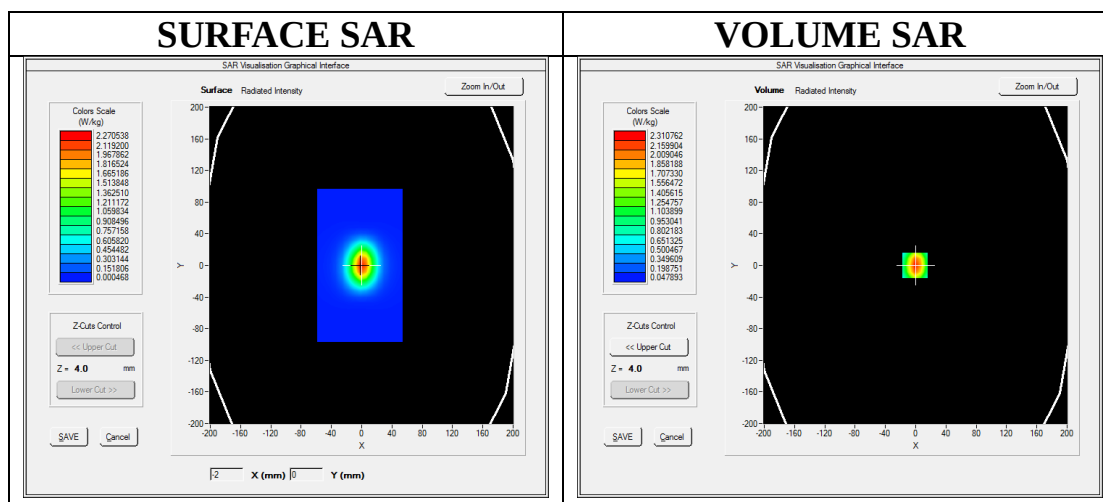
SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/System Check 1750MHz Body/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

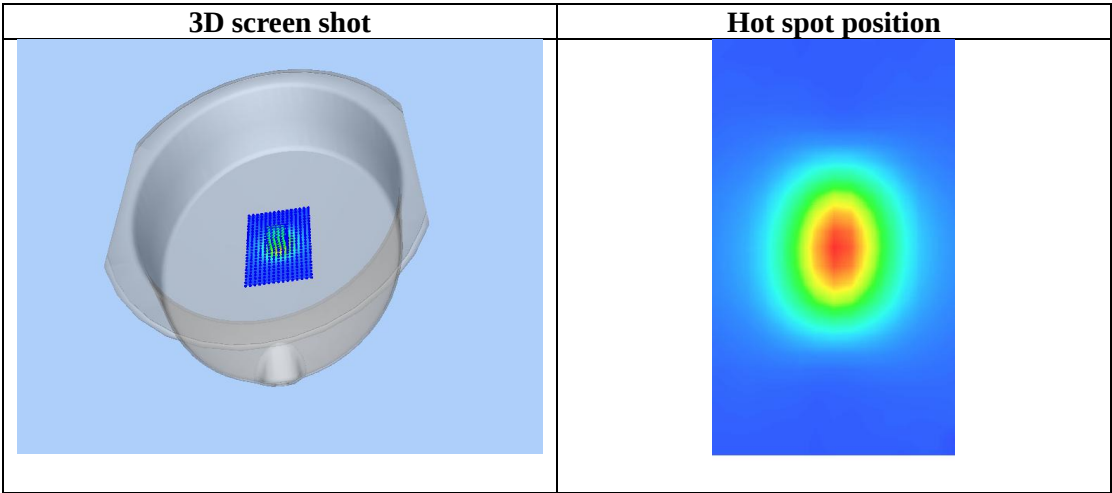
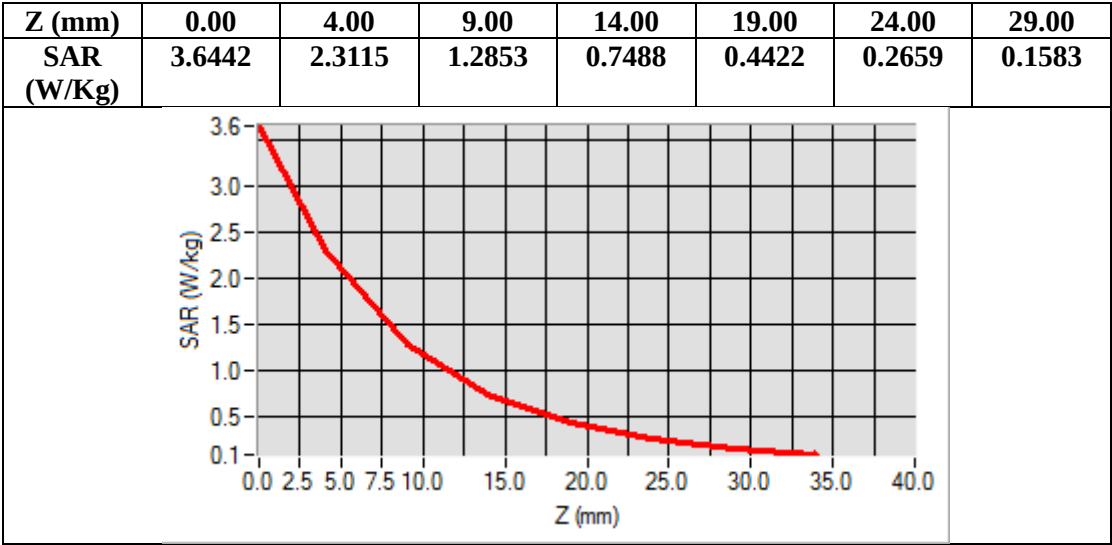
Configuration/System Check 1750MHz Body/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 3.65 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.167143
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.199957



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
System Check Body 1900MHz
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: SID 1900

Date: June 13,2017

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.34
Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma=1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r=53.00$; $\rho= 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm
Ambient temperature (°C):22.1, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.6

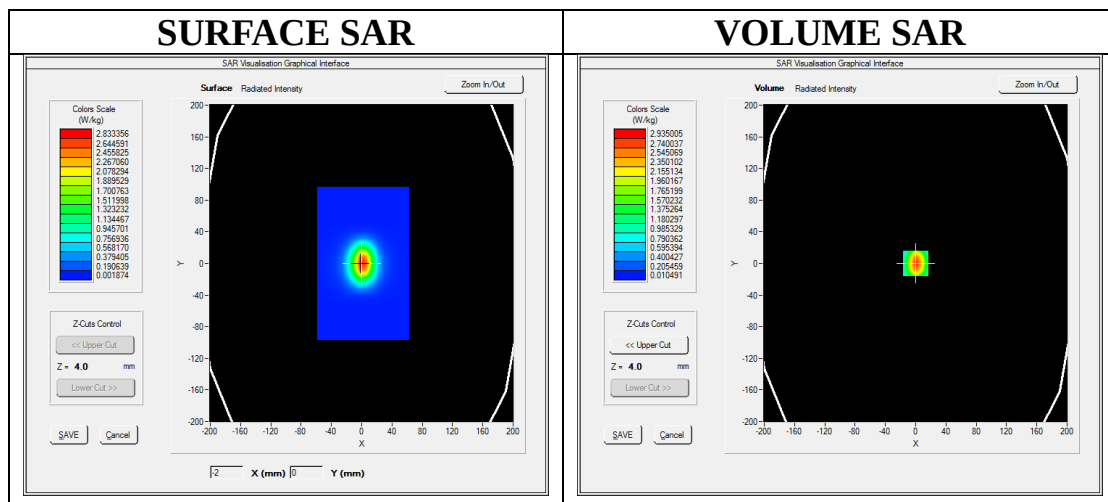
SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/System Check 1900MHz Body/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

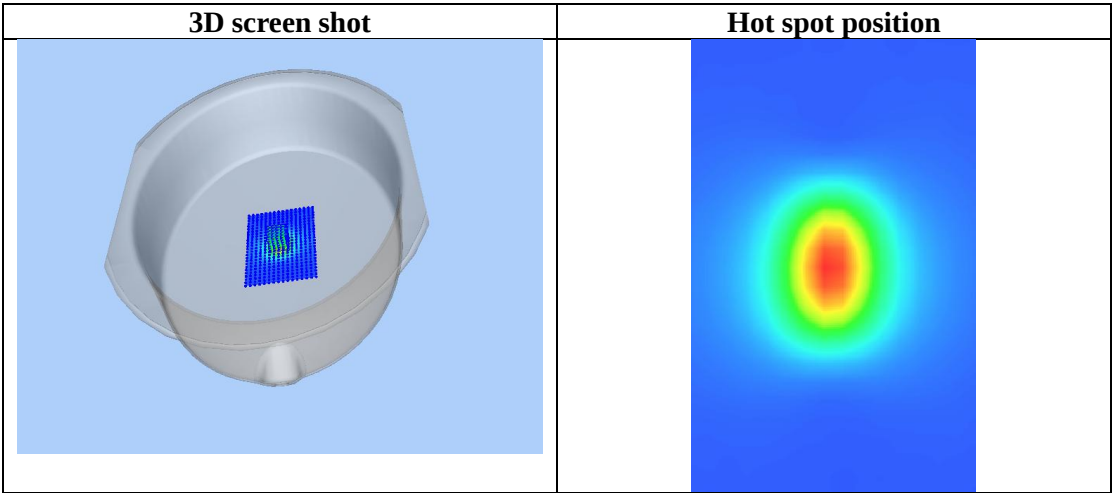
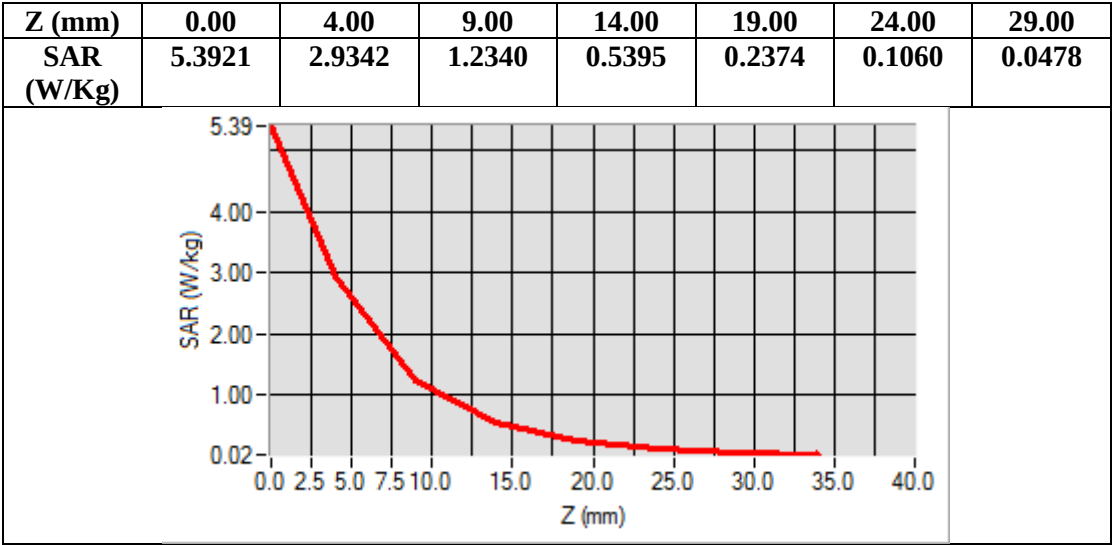
Configuration/System Check 1900MHz Body/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 5.33 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.250413
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.641237



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
System Check Body 2450 MHz

Date: June 18,2017

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type: SID 2450

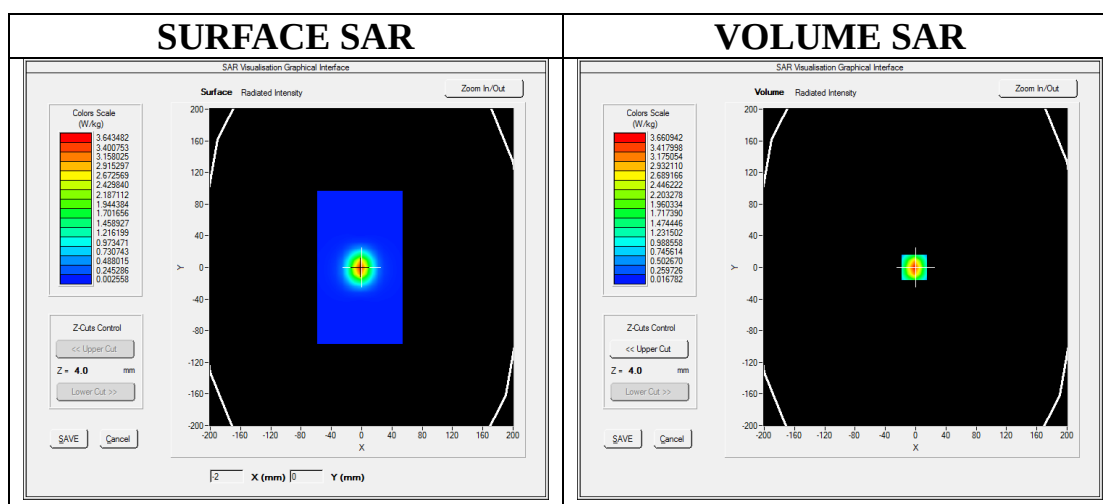
Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.75
Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma=1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r=53.41$; $\rho= 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm
Ambient temperature (°C):22.3, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.6

SATIMO Configuration

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Body/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

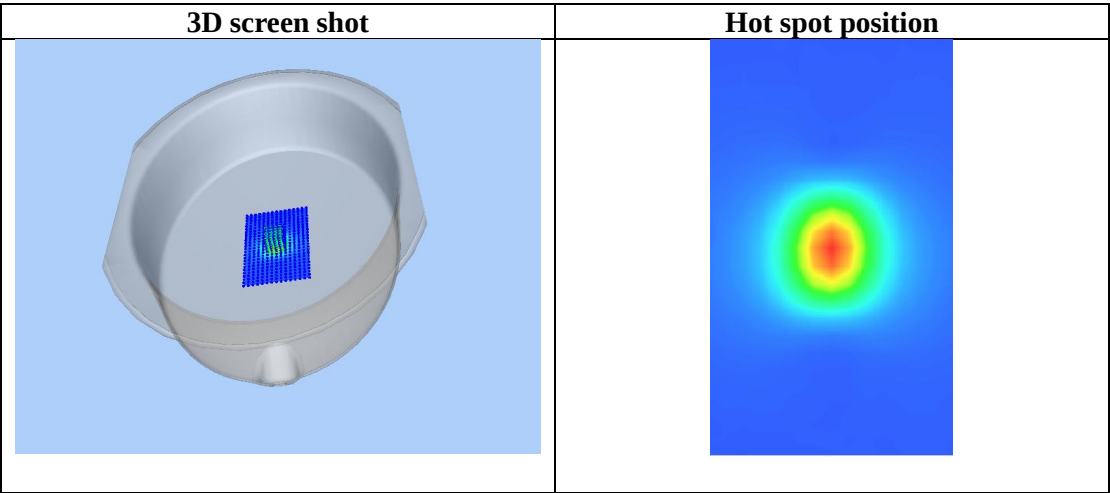
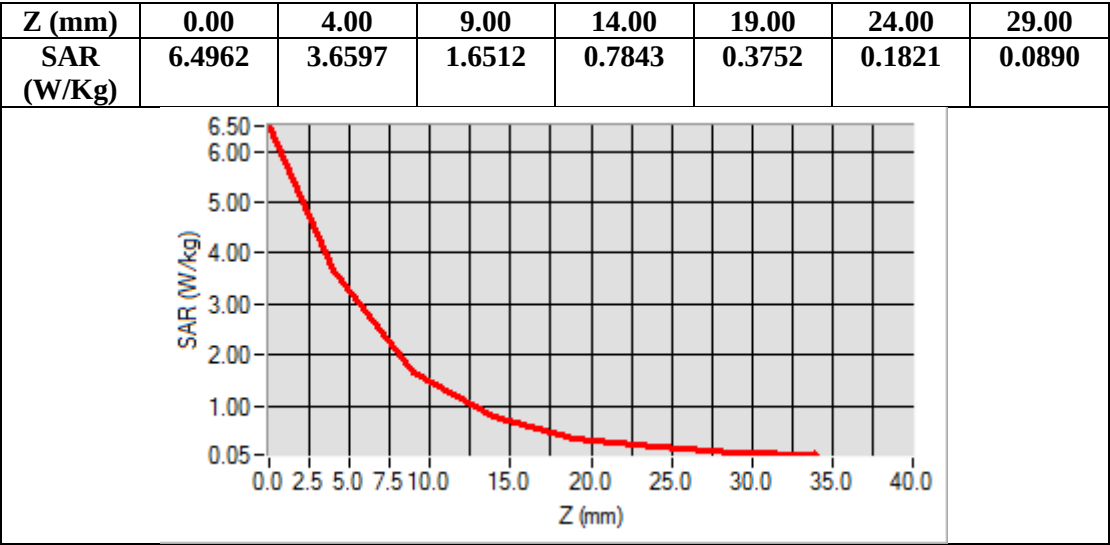
Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Body/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm



Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 6.27 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.512410
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.423117



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
System Check Body 2600MHz
DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: SID 2600

Date: June 21,2017

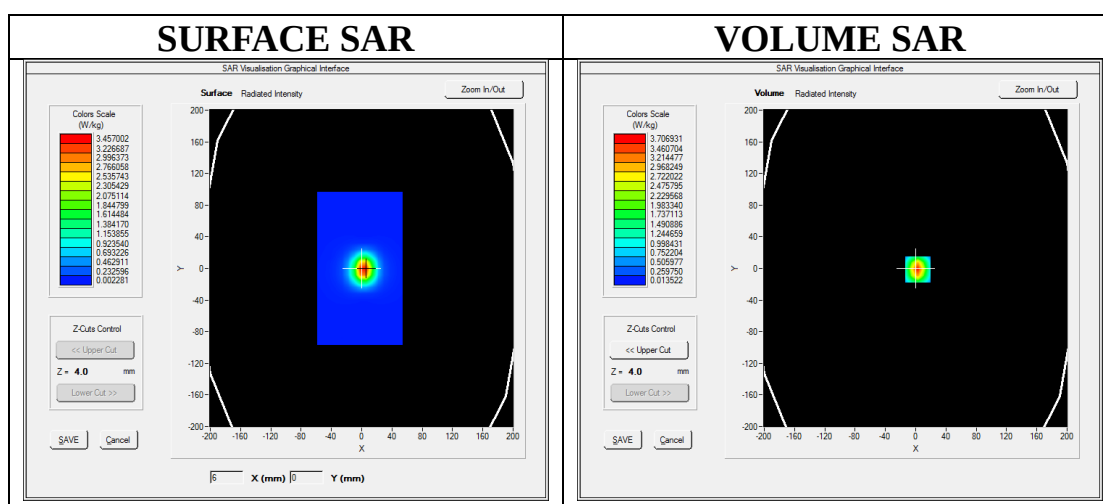
Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2600 (2600.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.75
Frequency:2600 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma=2.15\text{mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.04$; $\rho= 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.7, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.3

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

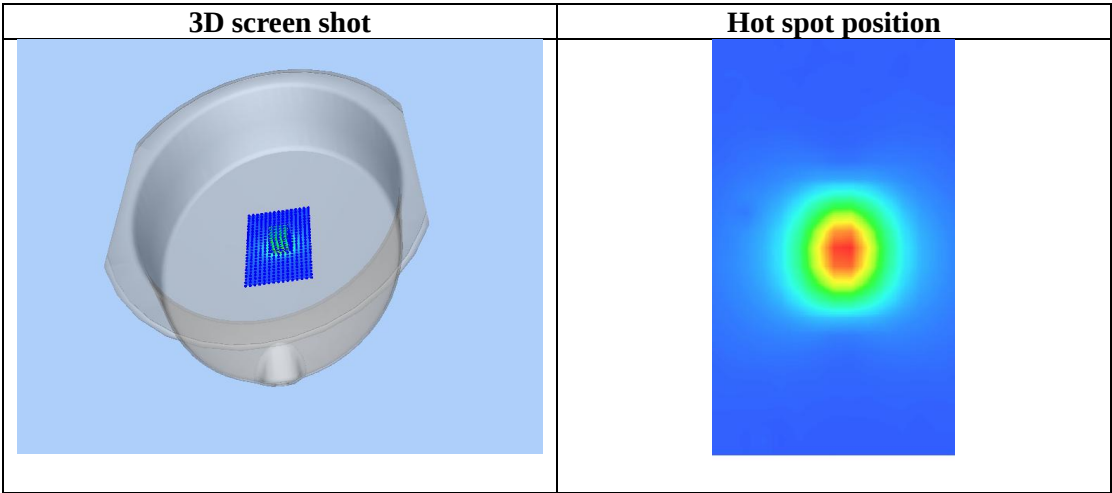
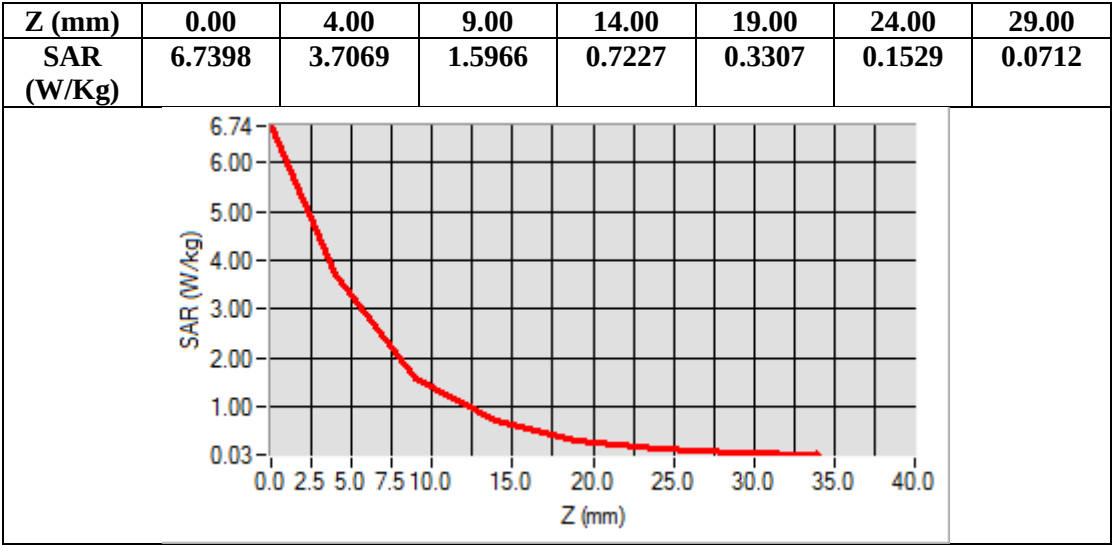
Configuration/System Check 2600 Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Configuration/System Check 2600 Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm



Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=-1.00
SAR Peak: 6.63 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.489785
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.452370



APPENDIX B. SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
GSM 850 Mid- Body- Back (MS)<SIM 1>
DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Date: June 7,2017

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.89;
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.91$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 22.3, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.8

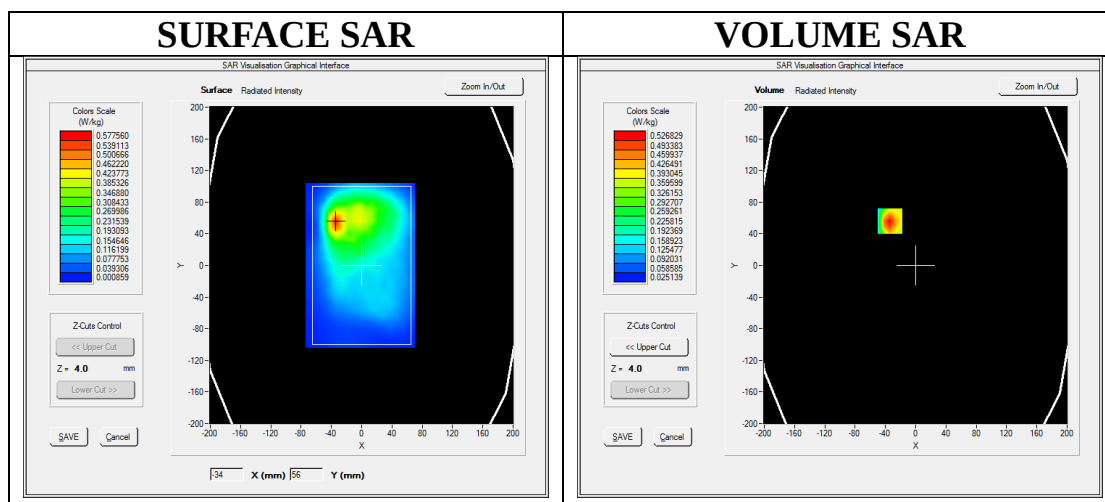
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

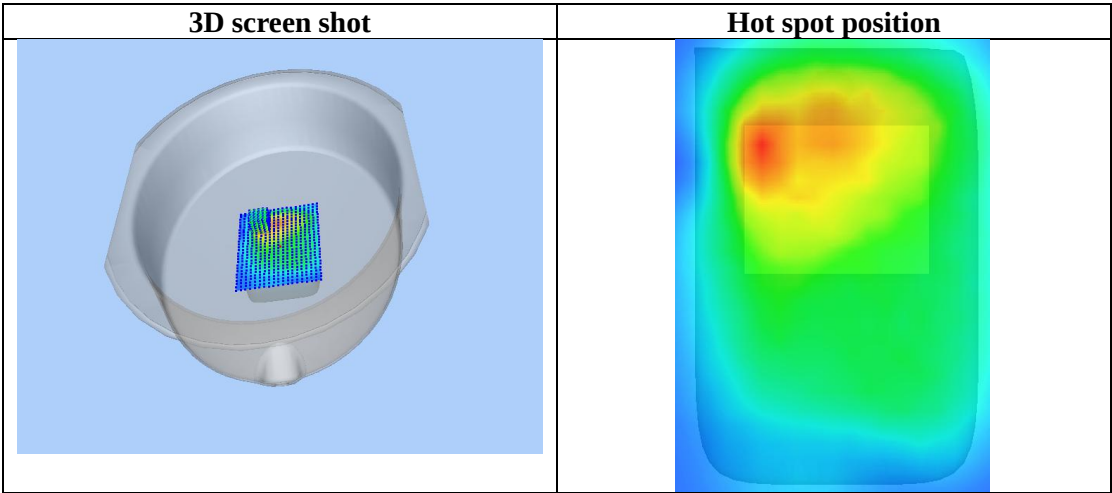
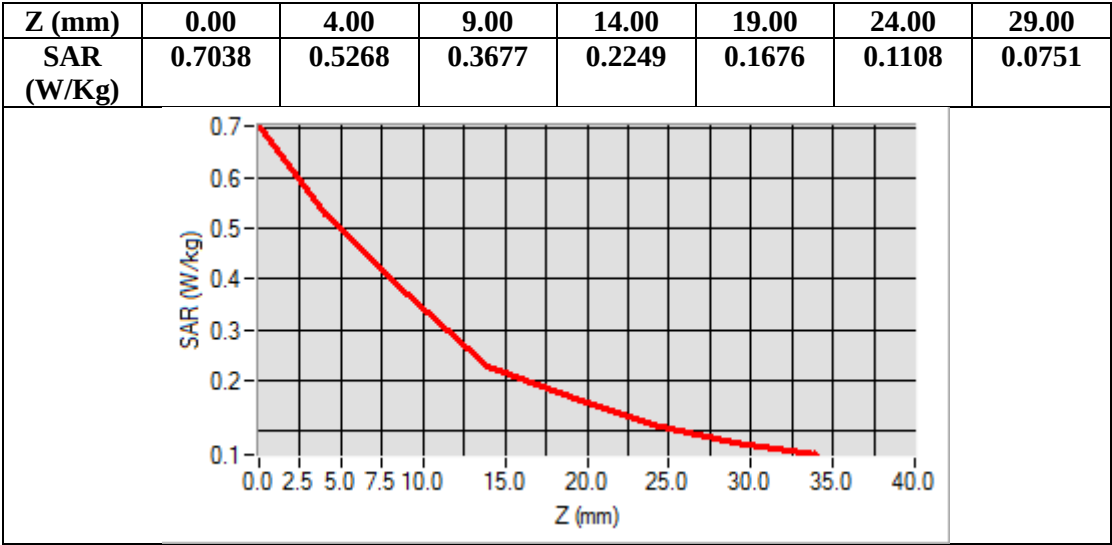
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	GSM 850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



Maximum location: X=-34.00, Y=56.00

SAR Peak: 0.80 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.302290
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.508527



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
GPRS 850 Mid- Body- Back (4up)
DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Date: June 7,2017

Communication System: GPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1; Conv.F=5.89;
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.91$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 22.3, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.8

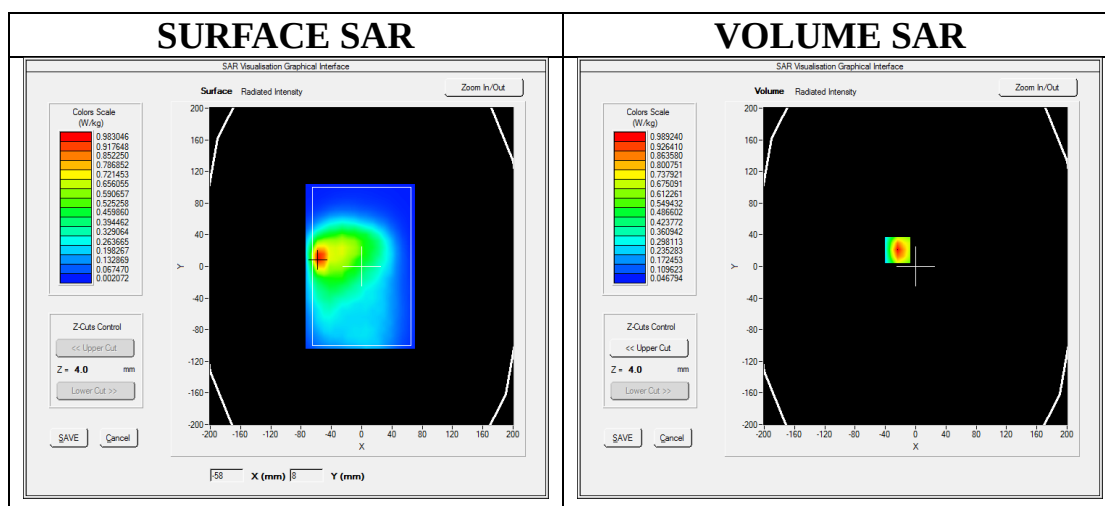
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

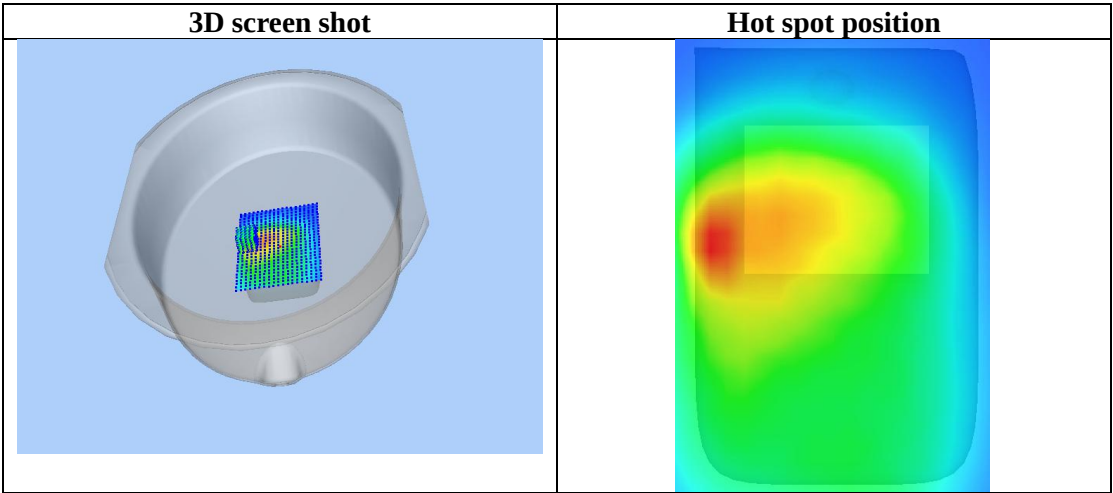
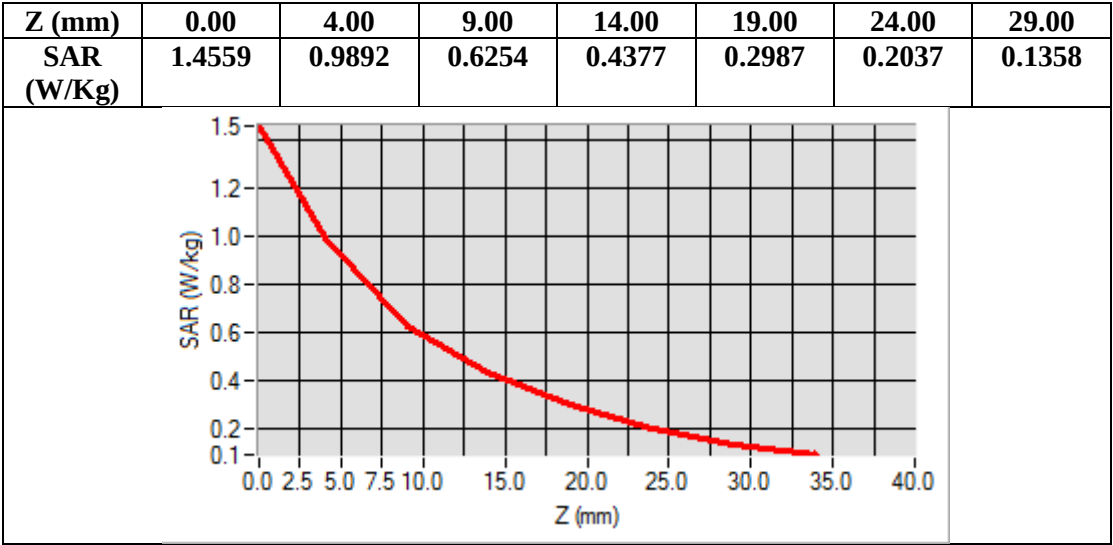
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	GSM 850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)



Maximum location: X=-24.00, Y=21.00

SAR Peak: 1.45 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.560850
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.929364



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
PCS 1900 Mid-Body-Back (MS)<SIM 1>
DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Date: June 13,2017

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.34;
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.50$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.59$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 22.1, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.6

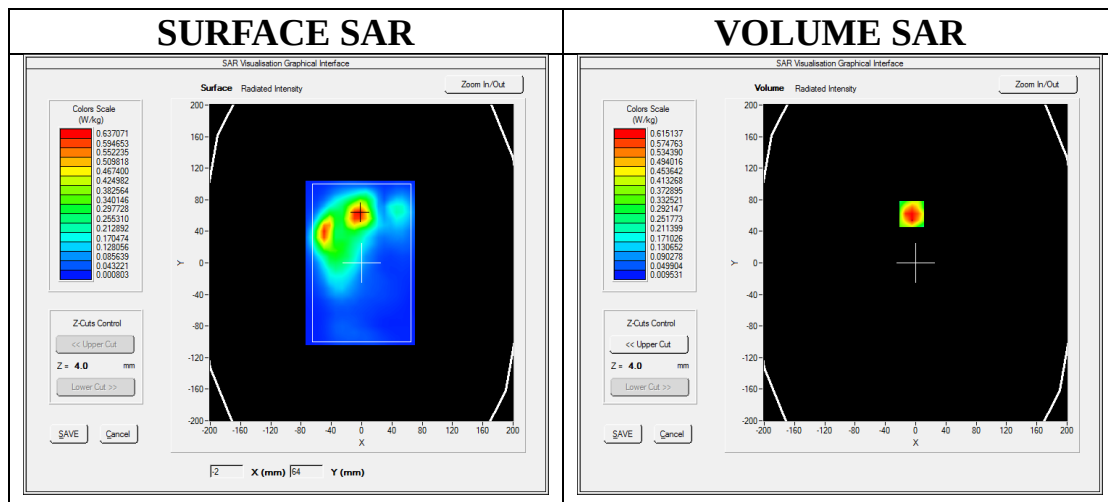
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

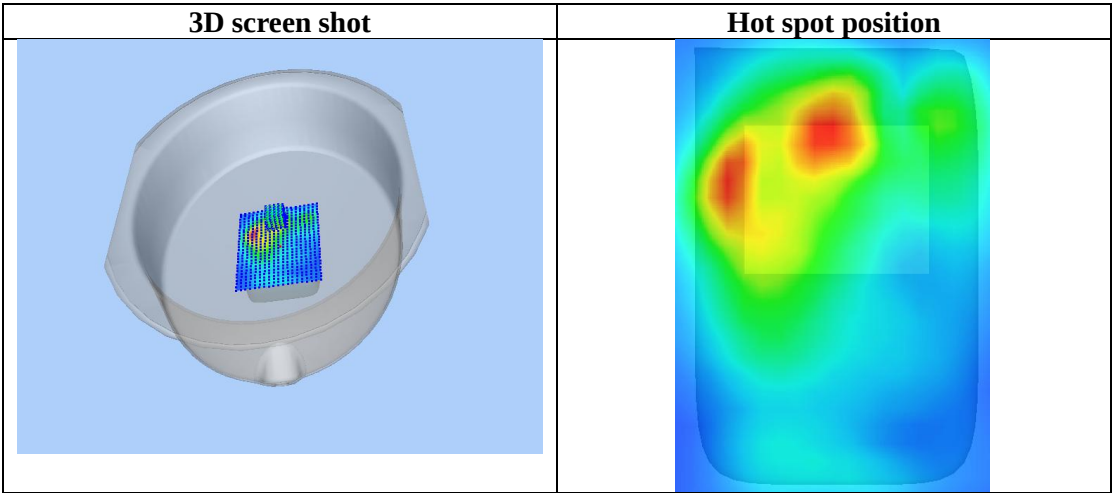
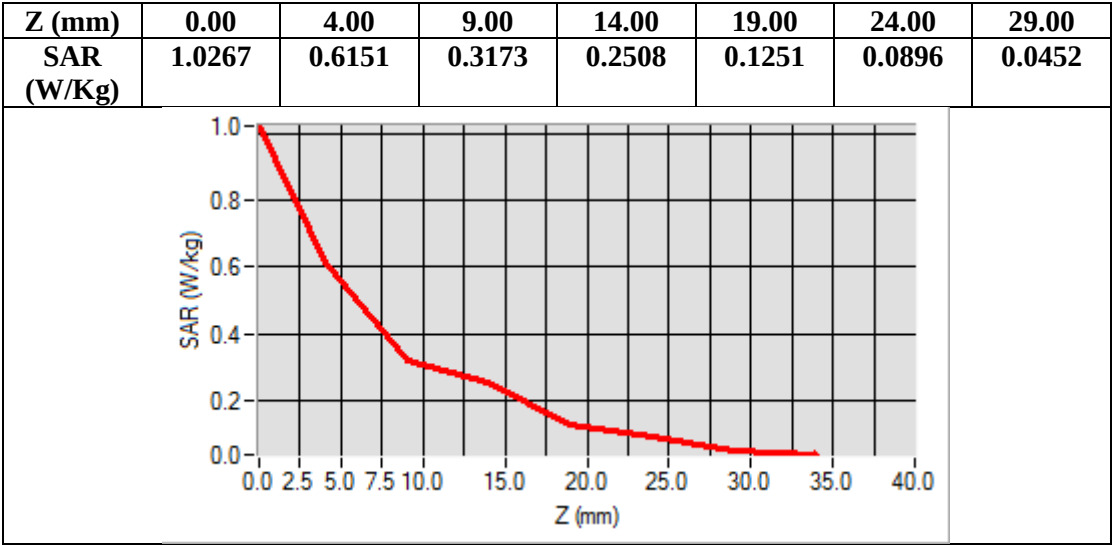
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	PCS 1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=62.00

SAR Peak: 0.90 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.336519
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.590374



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
GPRS 1900 Mid-Edge 2 (2up)
DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Date: June 13,2017

Communication System: GPRS-2Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2; Conv.F=5.34;
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.50$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.59$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 22.1, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.6

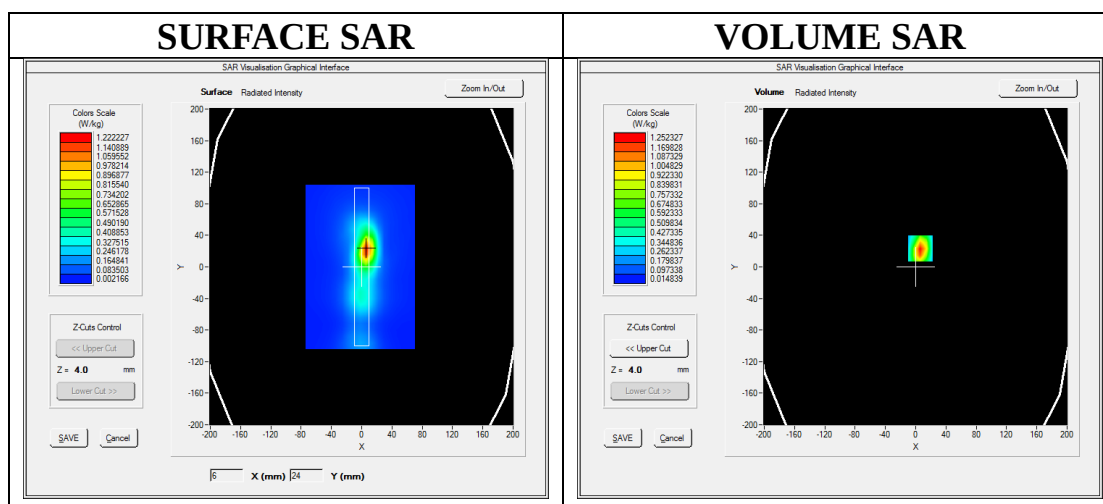
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Edge 2/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Edge 2/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

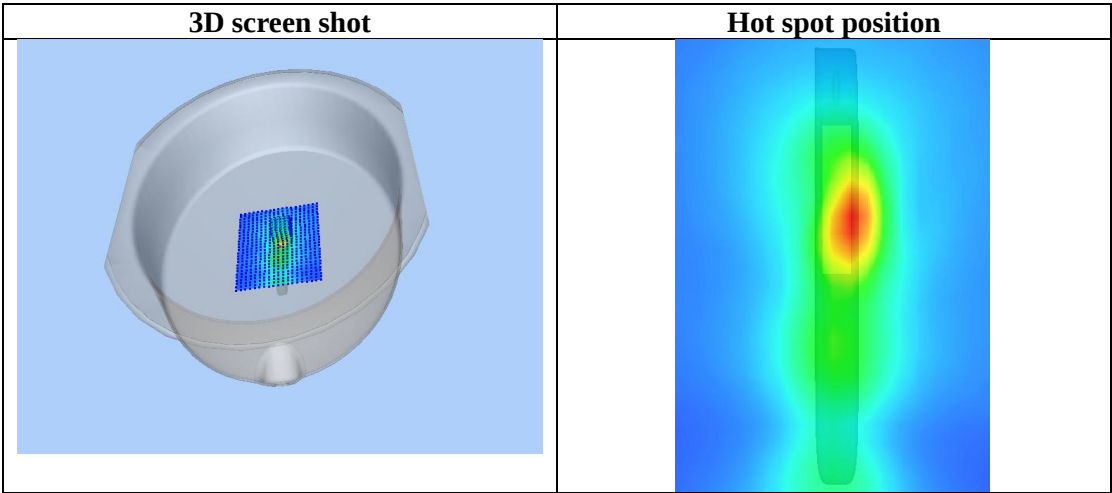
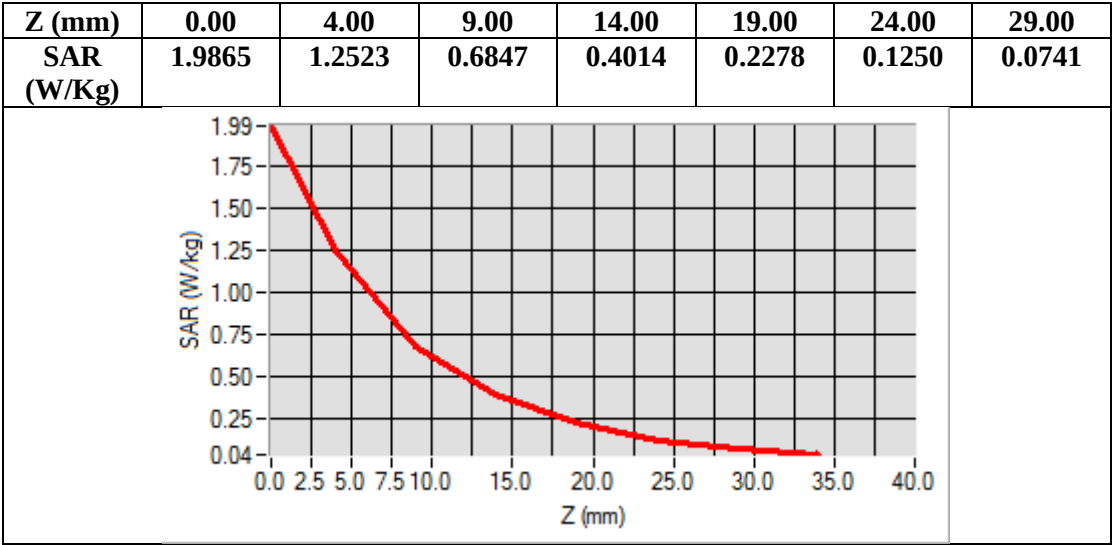
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Edge 2
Band	PCS 1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)



Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=23.00

SAR Peak: 1.99 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.573140
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.155480



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
WCDMA Band II High -Edge 2(RMC)
DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Date: June 13,2017

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD ;Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.34;
Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma=1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r=52.61$; $\rho= 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 22.1, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.6

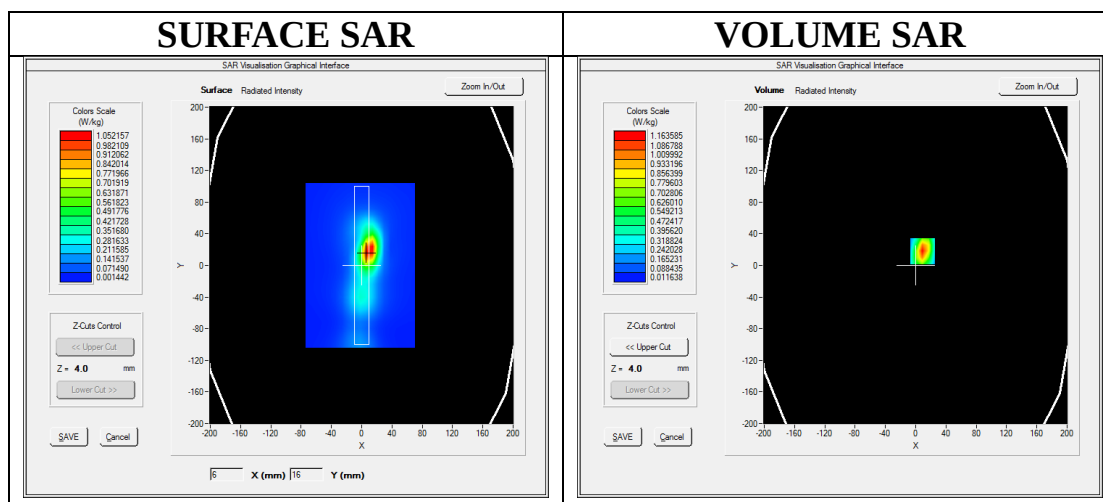
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/ WCDMA band II High-Body-back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Configuration/ WCDMA band II High-Body-back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5m;

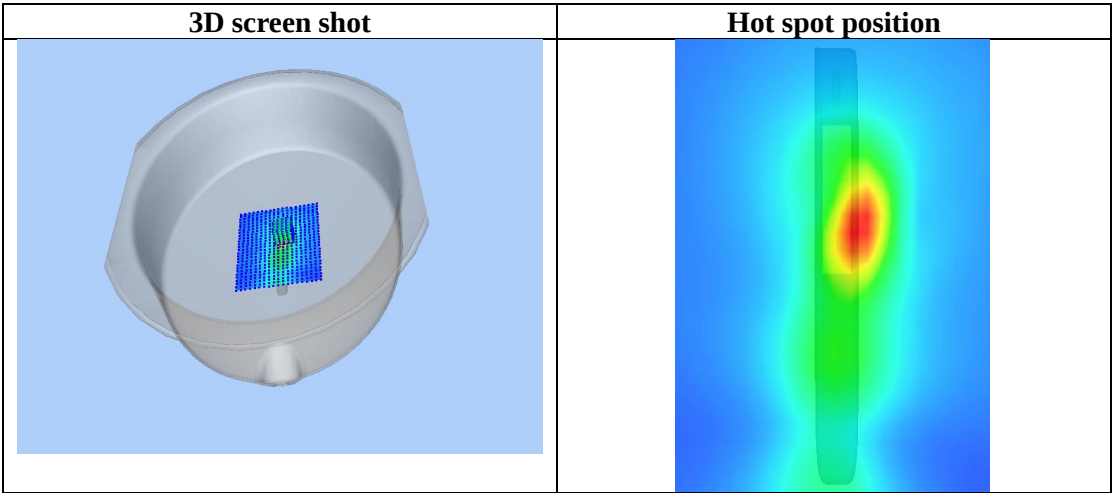
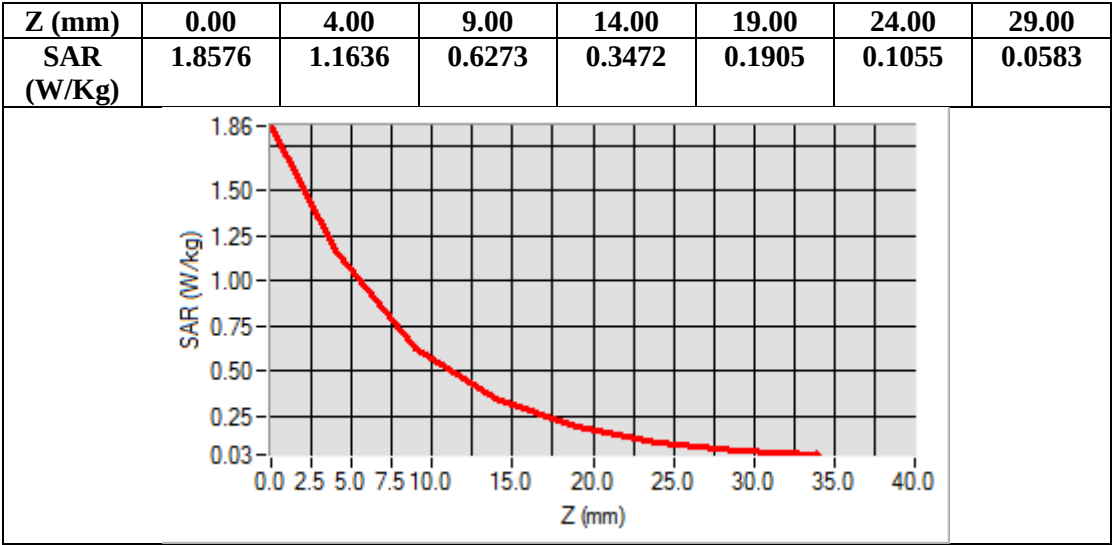
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	WCDMA band II
Channels	High
Signal	CDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=18.00

SAR Peak: 1.85 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.518644
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.072763



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab

Date: June 7,2017

WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Towards Grounds (RMC)

DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.89;
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 835\text{MHz}$; $\sigma=0.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r=54.91$; $\rho= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$): 22.3, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$): 21.8

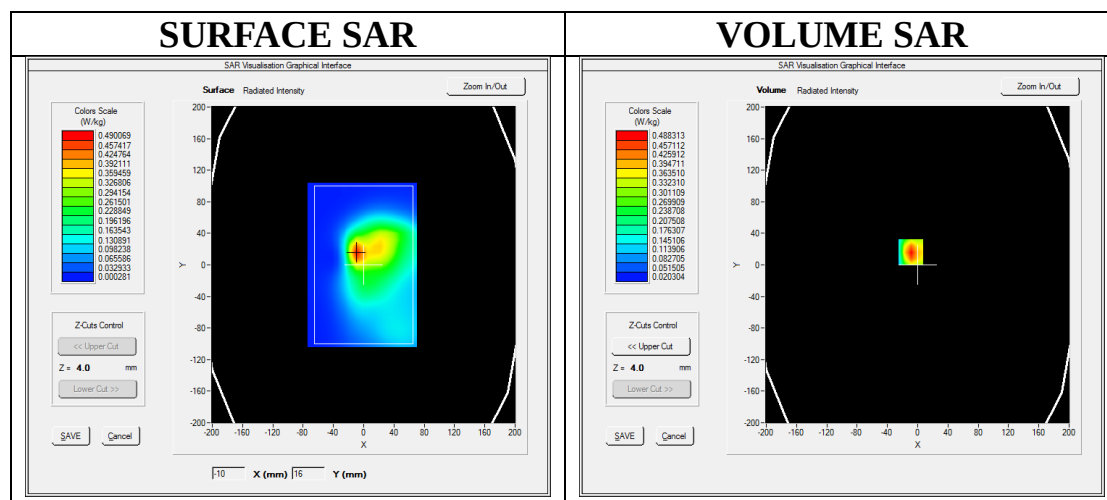
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$;

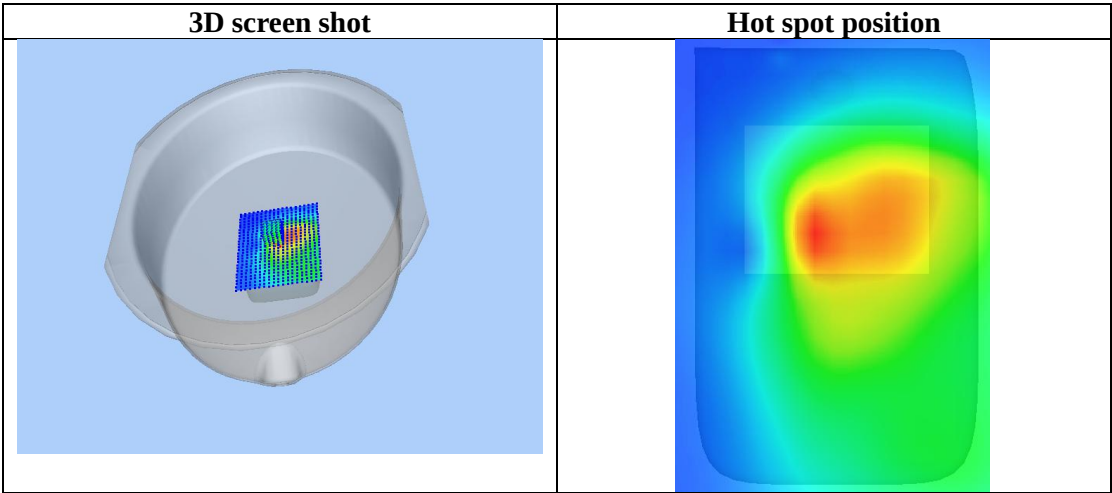
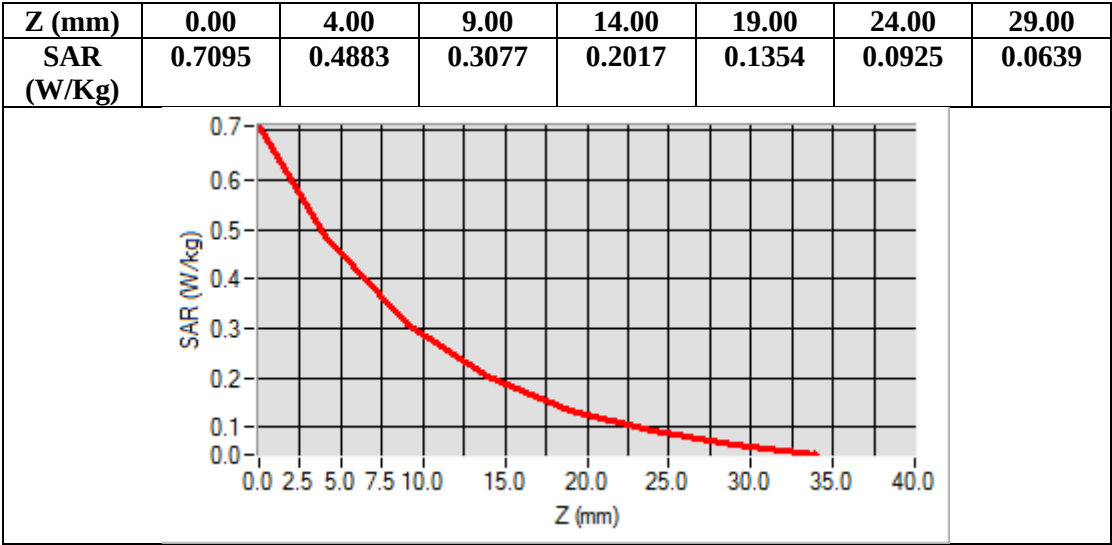
Area Scan	$dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
ZoomScan	$5\times 5\times 7$, $dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$,Complete
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	WCDMA Band V
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=16.00

SAR Peak: 0.72 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.278385
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.460199



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
LTE Band II Mid-Body-Back (1 RB#0)
DUT: rugged tablet; **Type:** T71V3

Date: June 13,2017

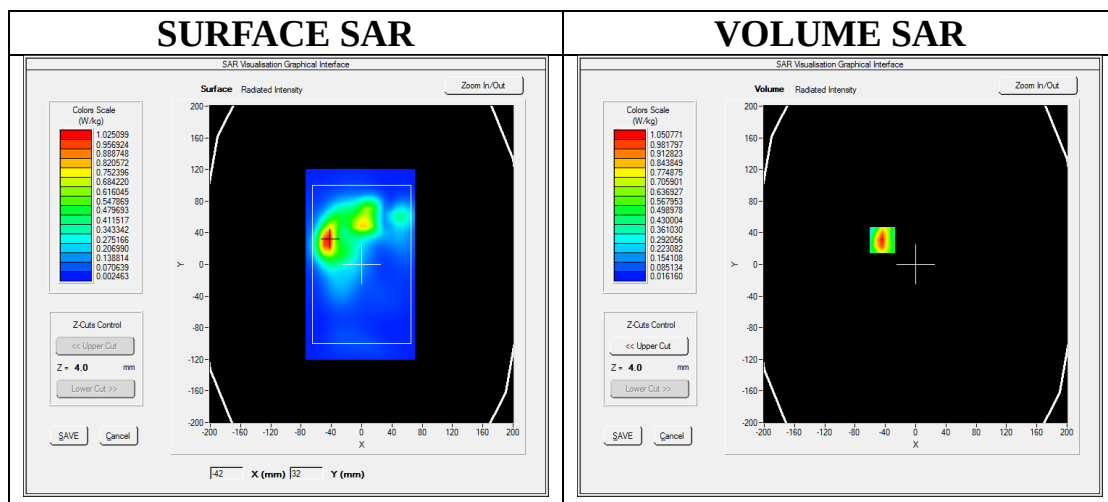
Communication System: LTE; Communication System Band: LTE Band II; Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.34;
Frequency:1880MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.50$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.59$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 22.1, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.6

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/ LTE Band II Mid-Body-back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/ LTE Band II Mid-Body-back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

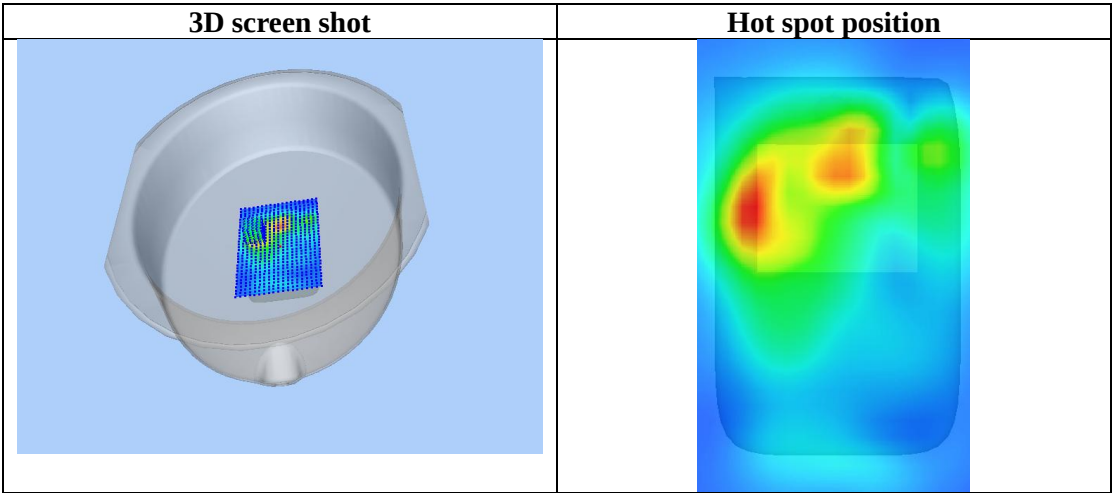
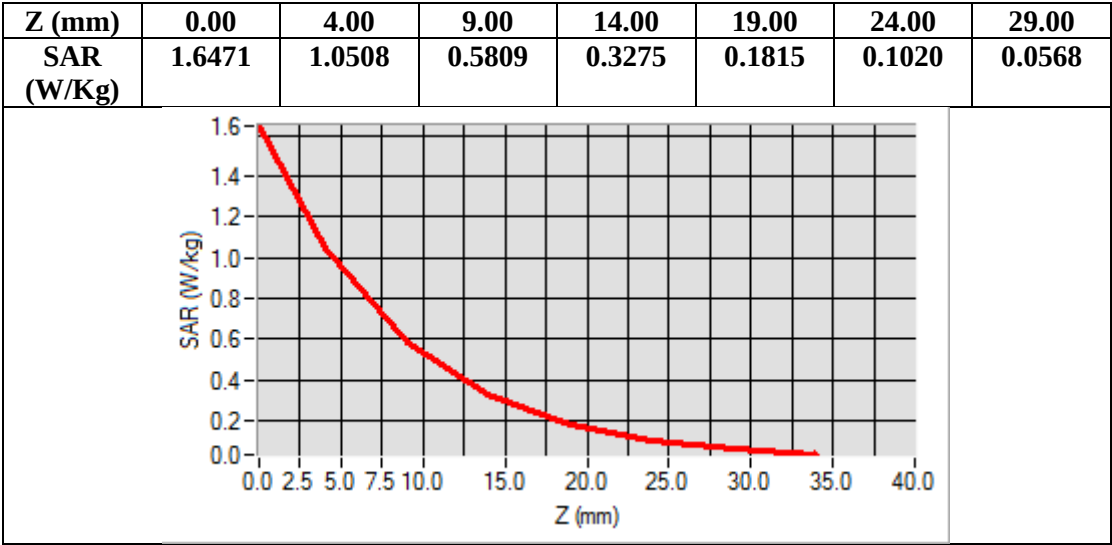
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	LTE Band II
Channels	Middle
Signal	OFDM (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=-44.00, Y=31.00

SAR Peak: 1.65 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.500924
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.981594



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab

Date: June 16,2017

LTE Band IV Mid-Body-Back (1 RB#0)

DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Communication System: LTE; Communication System Band: LTE Band IV; Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.06;
Frequency:1732.5 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.55$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.1

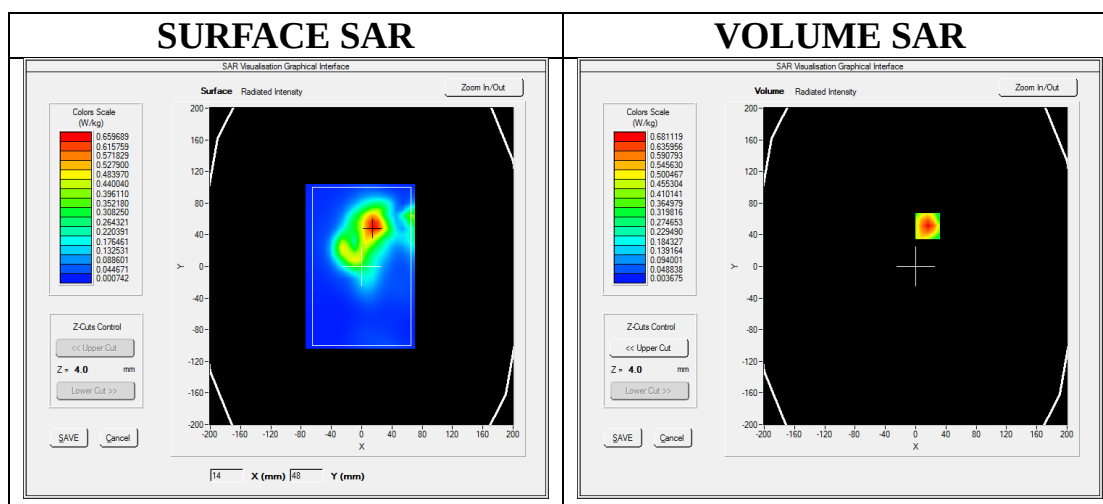
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/ LTE Band IV Mid-Body-back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Configuration/ LTE Band IV Mid-Body-back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

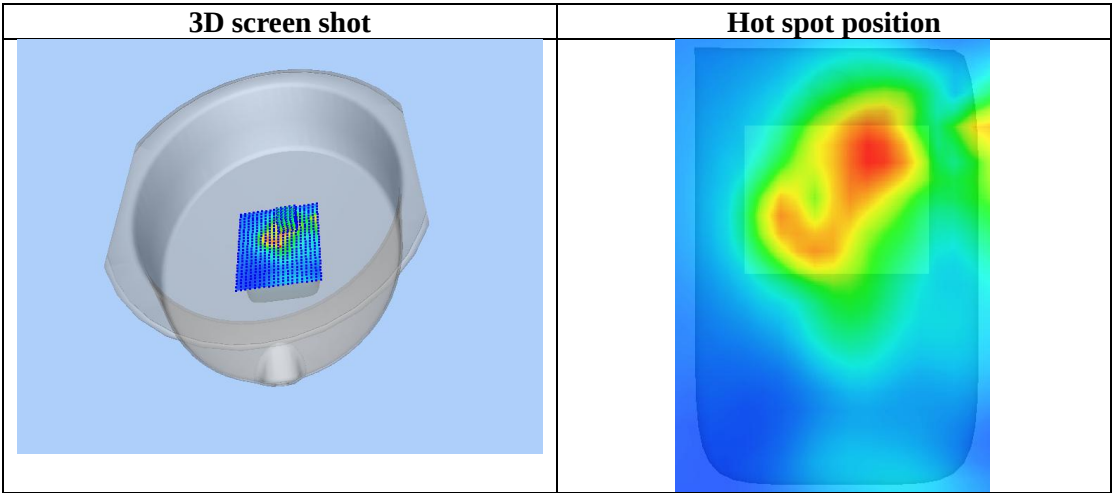
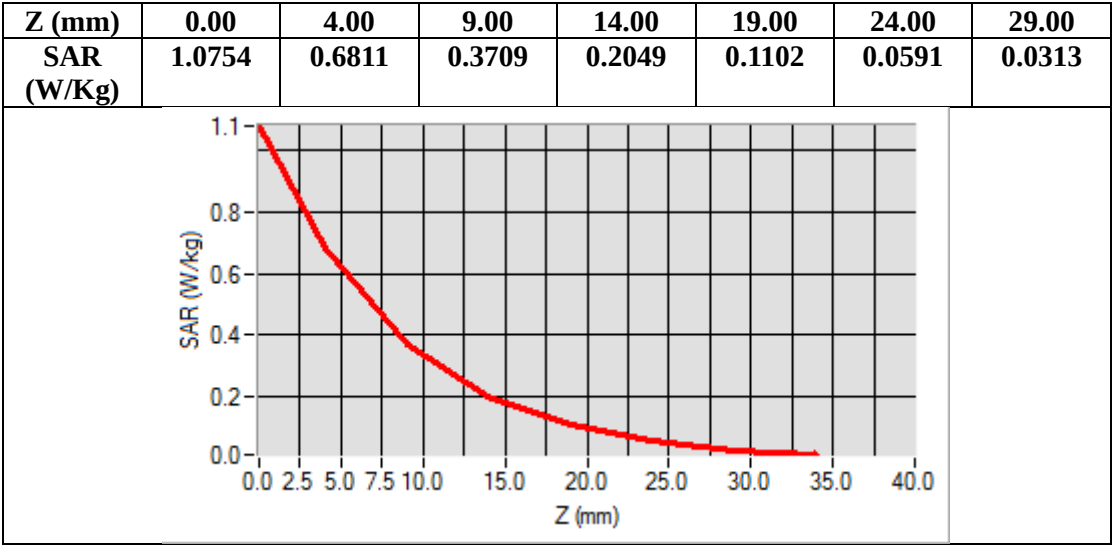
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	LTE Band IV
Channels	Middle
Signal	OFDM (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=51.00

SAR Peak: 1.07 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.345074
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.645390



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
LTE Band V Mid-Body-Back (1 RB#0)
DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Date: June 17,2017

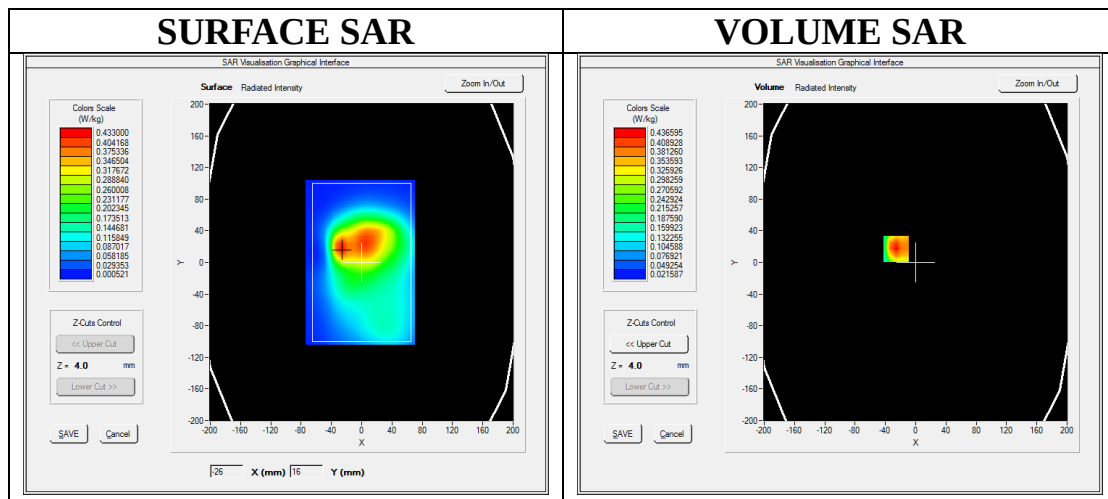
Communication System: LTE; Communication System Band: LTE Band V; Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.89
Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.91$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 22.3, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.8

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/ LTE Band V Mid-Body-back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/ LTE Band V Mid-Body-back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

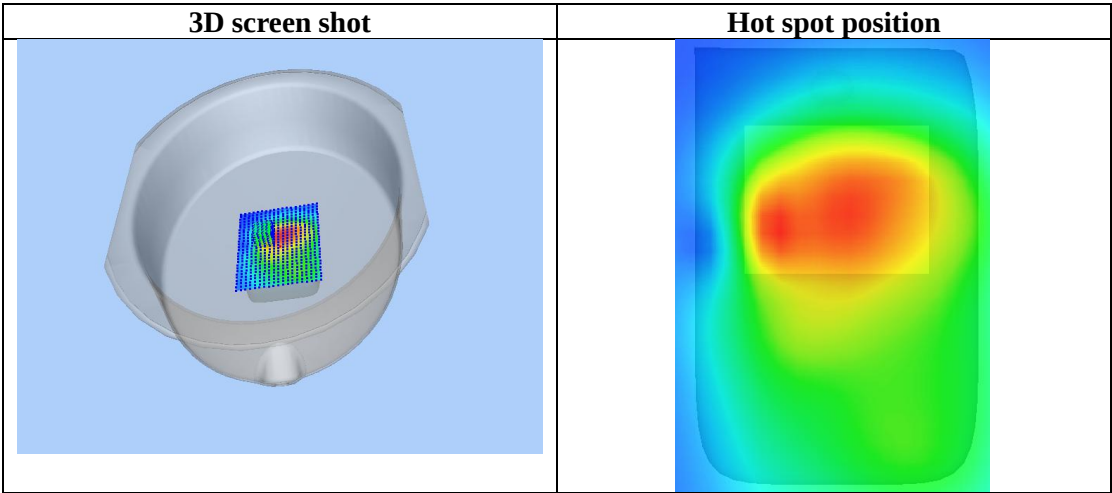
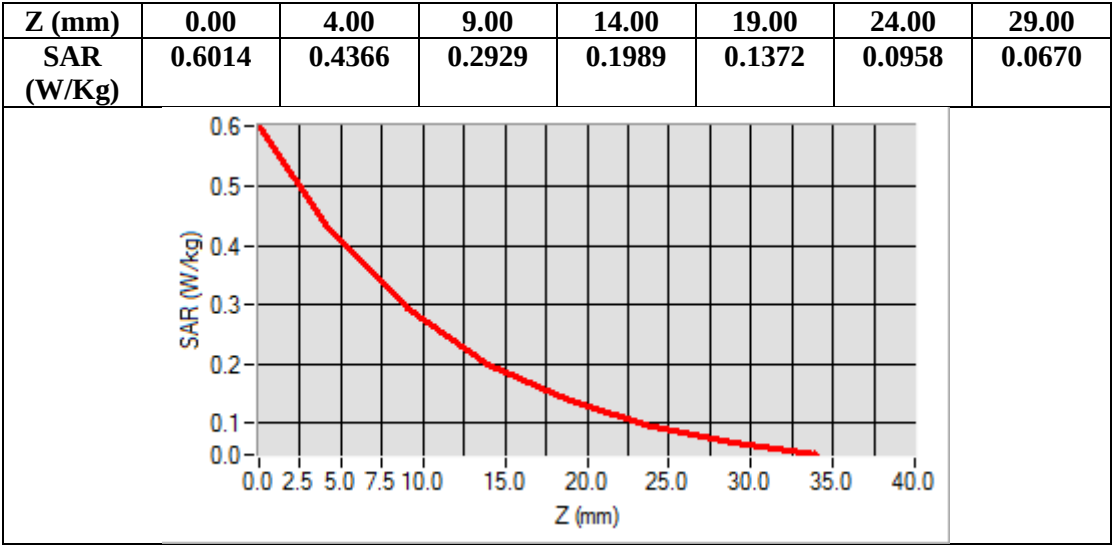
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	LTE Band V
Channels	Middle
Signal	OFDM (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=17.00

SAR Peak: 0.64 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.266333
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.419745



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
LTE Band VII Mid-Body-Back (1RB#0)
DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Date: June. 21,2017

Communication System: LTE; Communication System Band: LTE Band 7; Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.07
Frequency: 2535MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.10$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.69$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.7, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.3

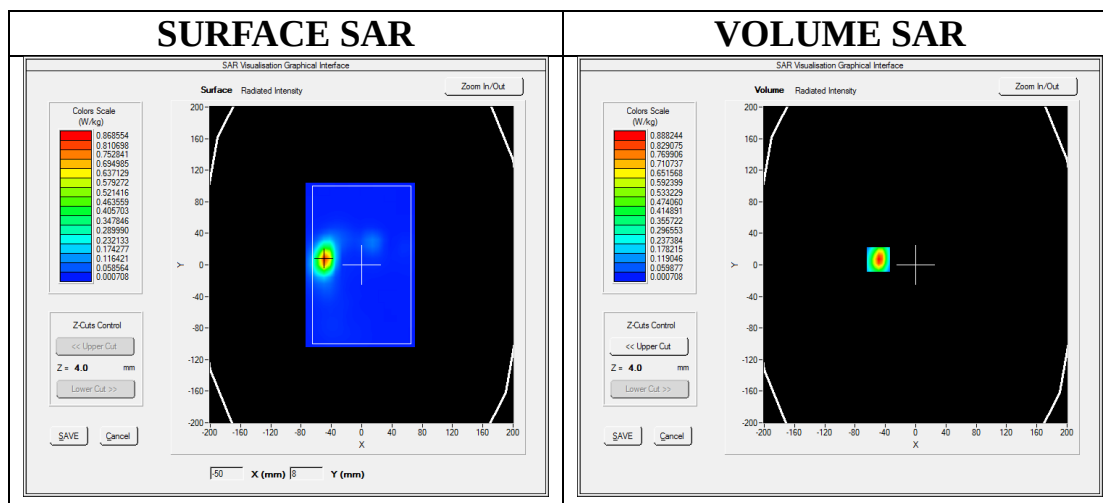
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/ LTE BAND VII Mid-Body-Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, y=8mm

Configuration/ LTE BAND VII Mid-Body-Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

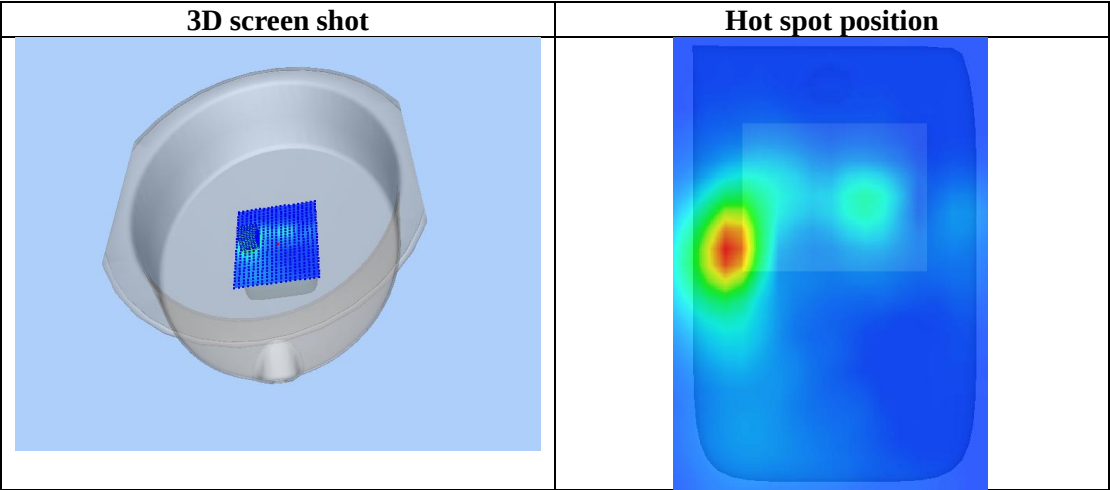
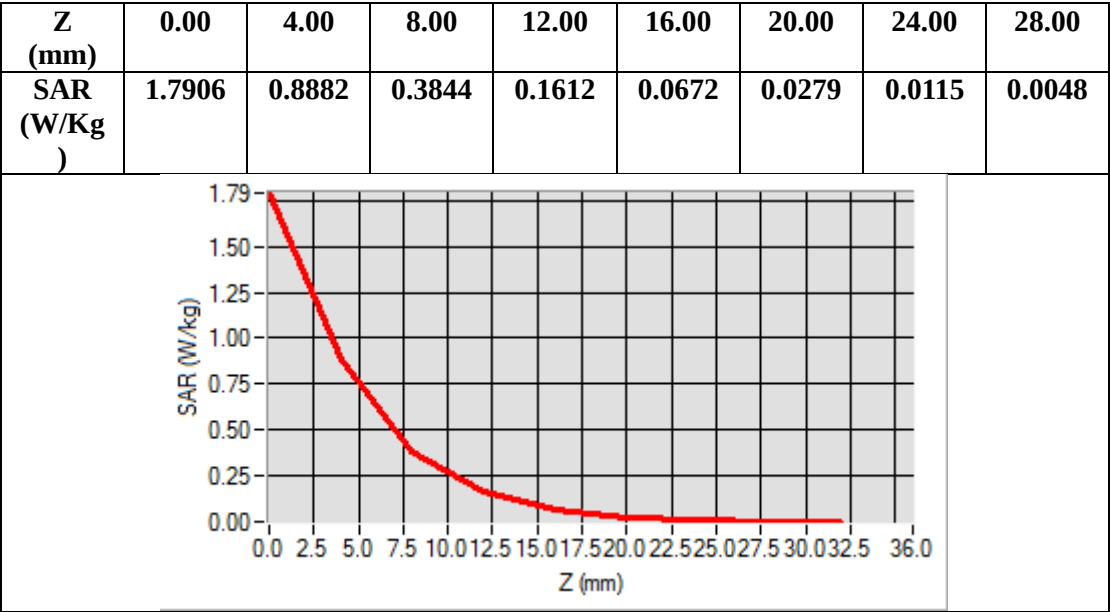
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	LTE BAND VII
Channels	Middle
Signal	OFDM (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=7.00

SAR Peak: 1.78 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.314236
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.826175



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
LTE Band XVII Mid-Body-Back (1 RB#0)
DUT: rugged tablet; **Type:** T71V3

Date: June 24,2017

Communication System: LTE; Communication System Band: LTE Band XVII; Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.27;
Frequency: 710 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma=0.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r=54.61$; $\rho= 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 22.3, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.2

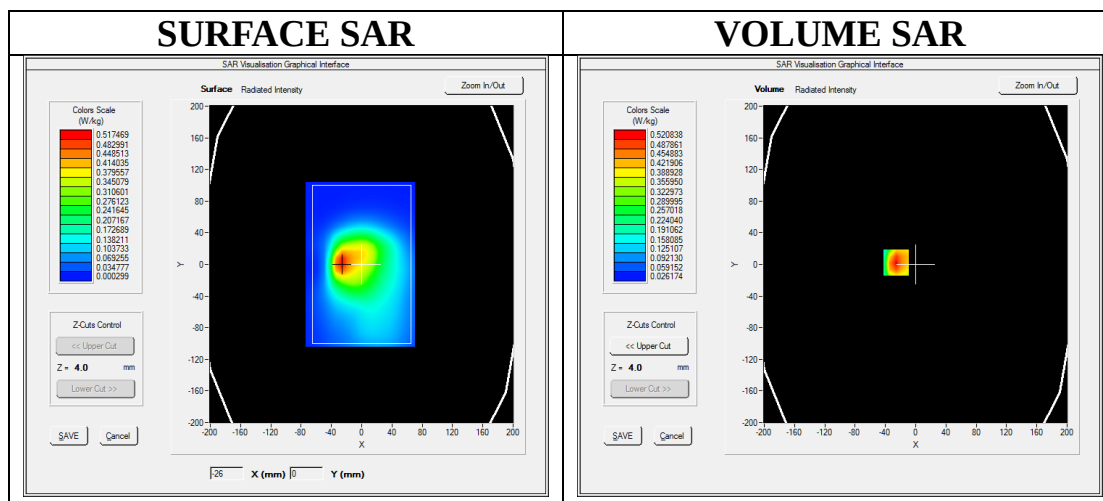
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/ LTE Band XVII Mid-Body-back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Configuration/ LTE Band XVII Mid-Body-back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

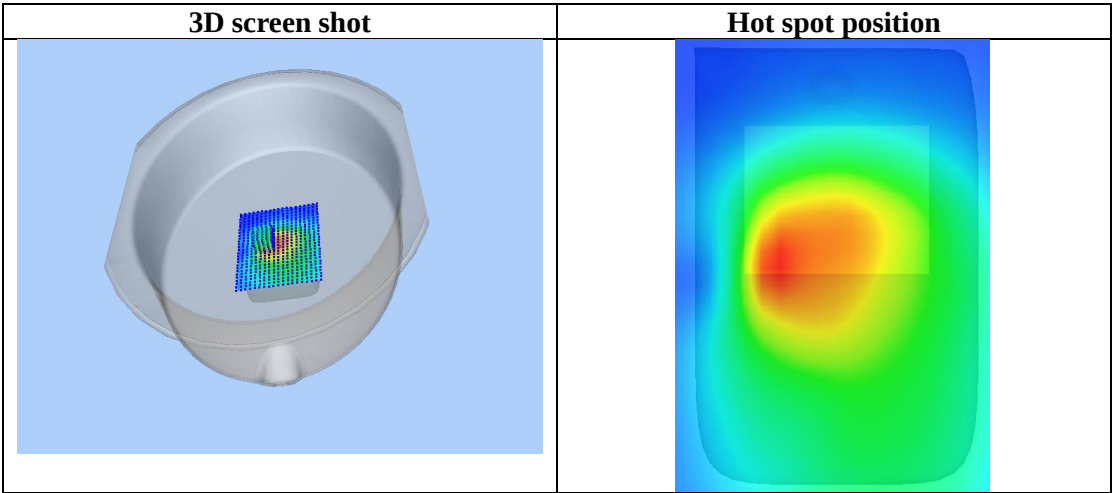
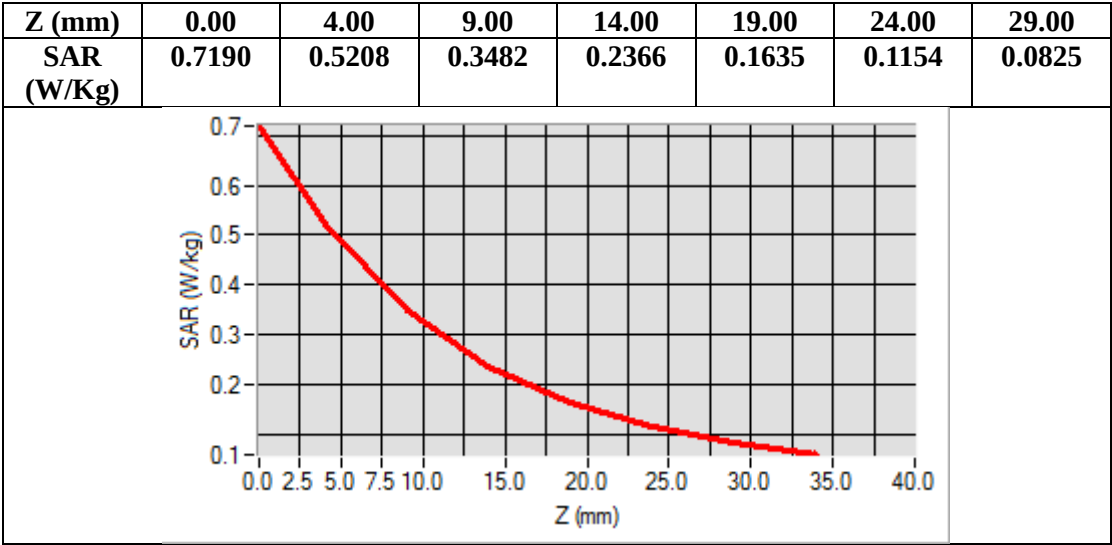
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	LTE Band XVII
Channels	Middle
Signal	OFDM (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 0.75 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.325974
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.510593



WIFI MODE

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab

Date: June 18,2017

802.11b Mid-Body-Worn- Back

DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.75;
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.03$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C):22.3, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.6

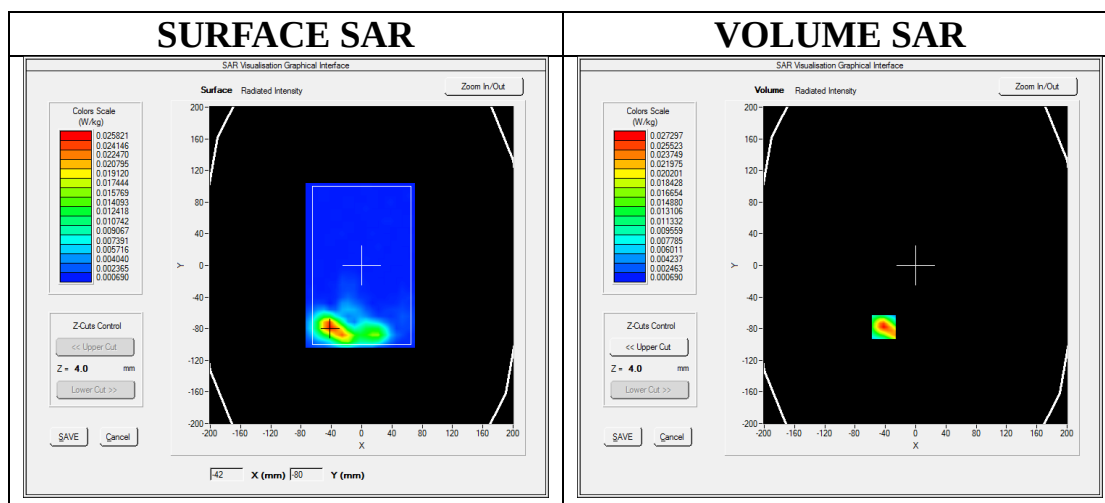
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/802.11b Mid- Body- Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Configuration/802.11b Mid- Body- Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

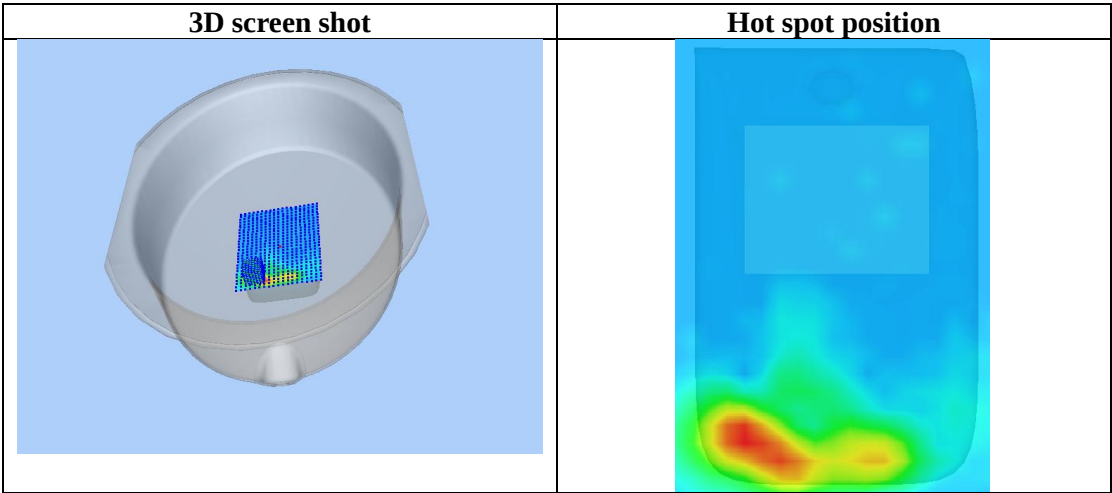
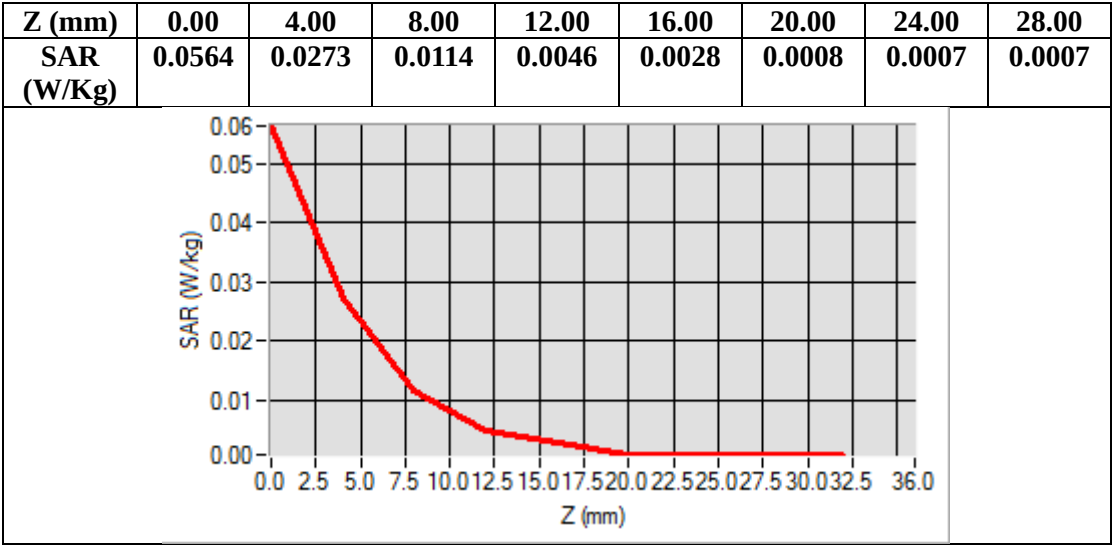
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	2450MHz
Channels	Middle
Signal	Crest factor: 1.0



Maximum location: X=-42.00, Y=-78.00

SAR Peak: 0.06 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.010639
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.025641



Repeated SAR

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
GPRS 850 Mid- Body- Back (4up)
DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Date: June 7,2017

Communication System: GPRS-4 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1; Conv.F=5.89;
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.91$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 22.3, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.8

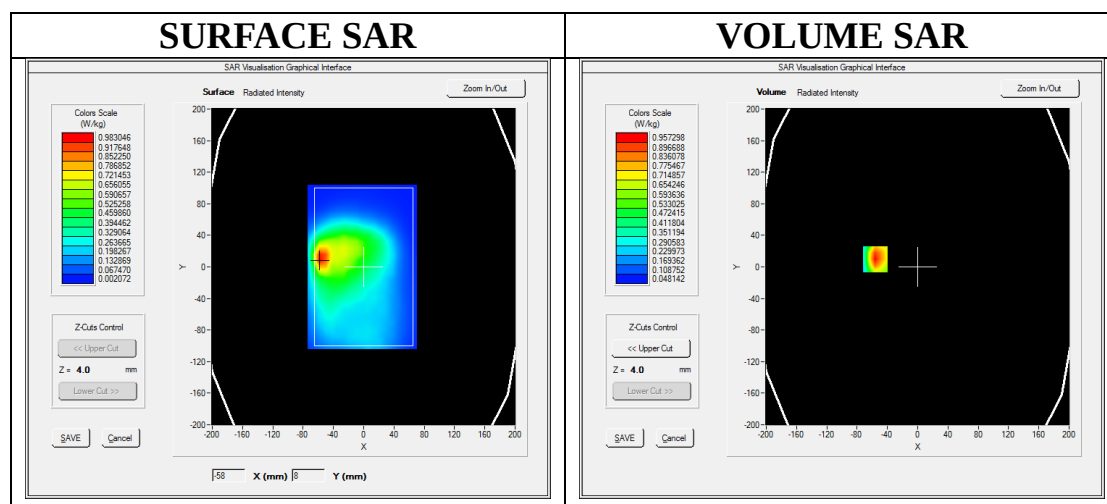
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

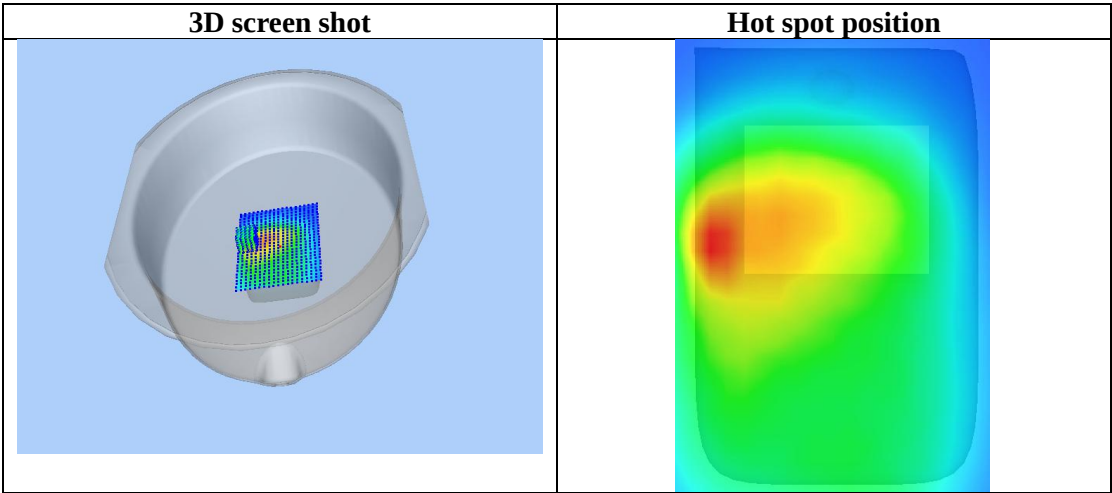
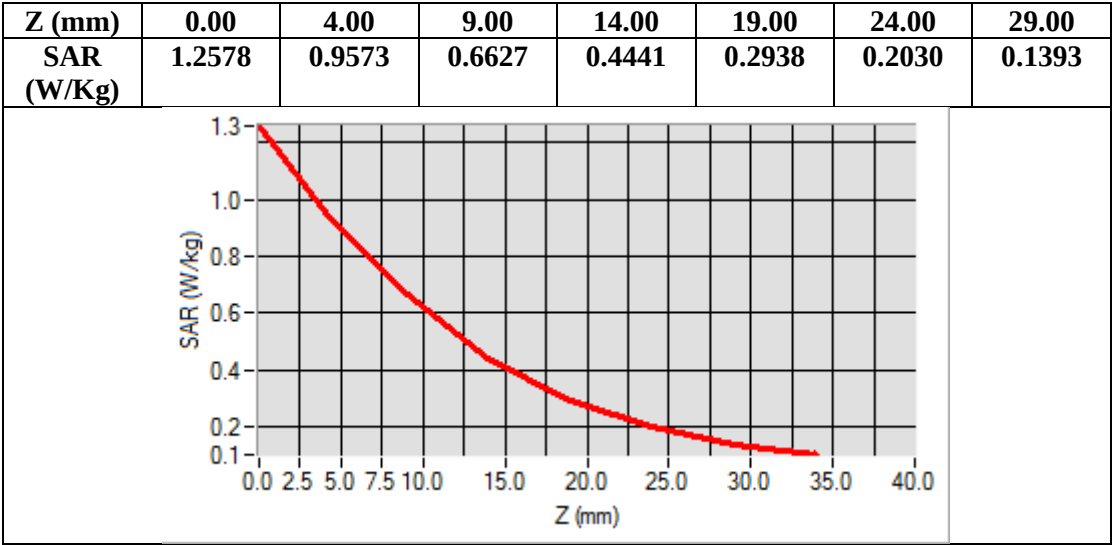
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	GSM 850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)



Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=10.00

SAR Peak: 1.26 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.566777
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.888794



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
GPRS 1900 Mid-Edge 2 (2up)
DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Date: June 13, 2017

Communication System: GPRS-2Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2; Conv.F=5.34;
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.50$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.59$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 22.1, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.6

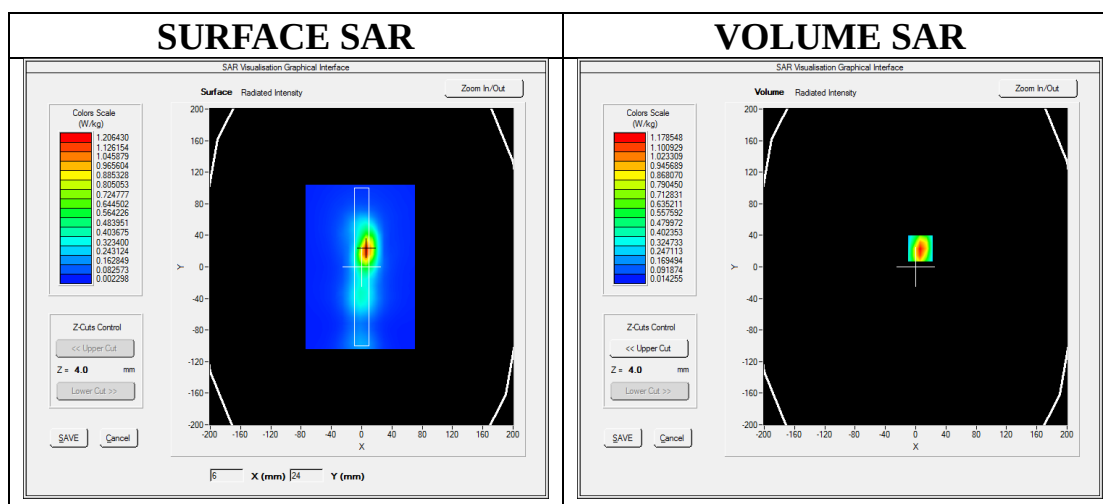
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Edge 2/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Edge 2/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

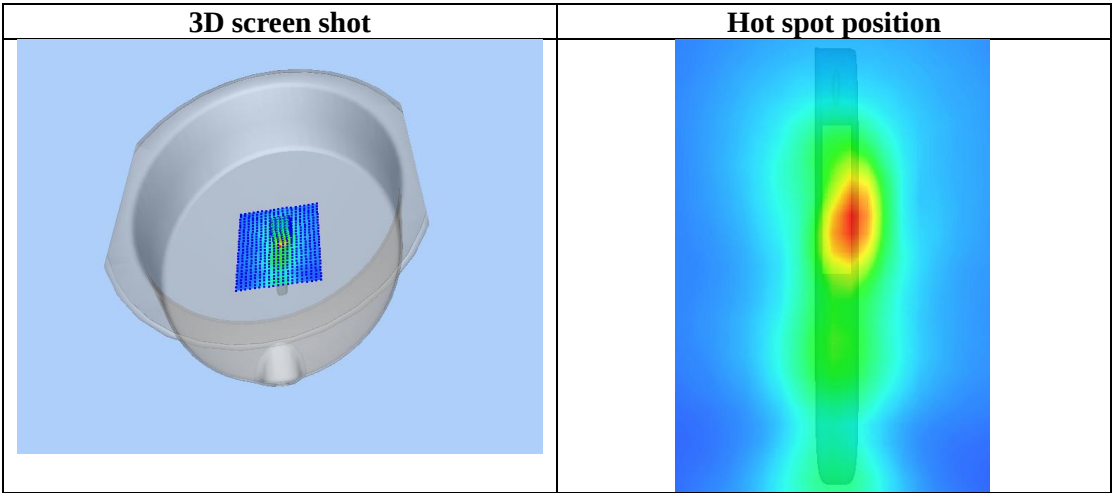
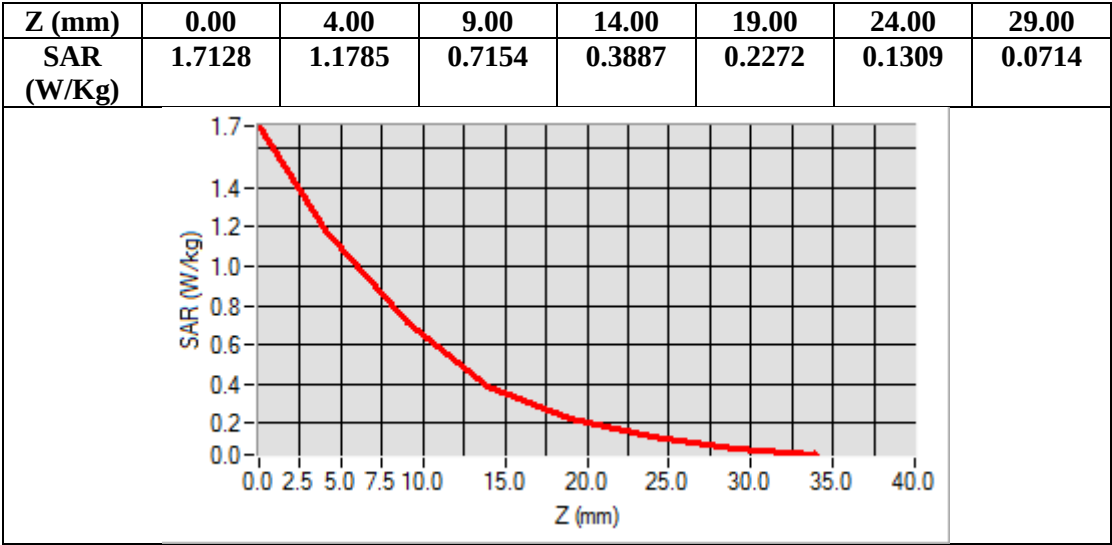
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Edge 2
Band	PCS 1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)



Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=23.00

SAR Peak: 1.72 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.566233
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.085217



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
WCDMA Band II High-Edge 2(RMC)
DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Date: June 13,2017

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD ;Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.34;
Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma=1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r=52.61$; $\rho= 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 22.1, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.6

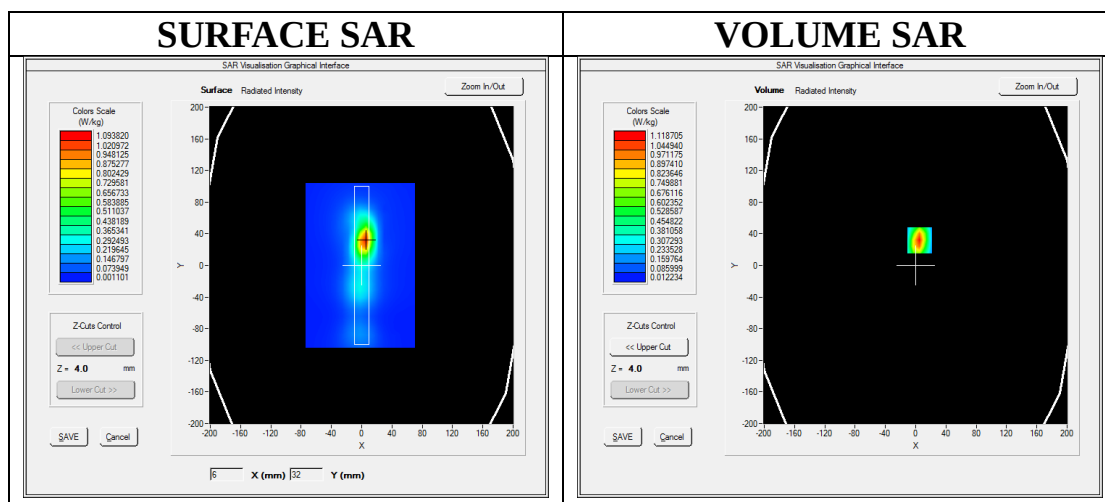
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/ WCDMA band II High-Body-back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Configuration/ WCDMA band II High-Body-back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5m;

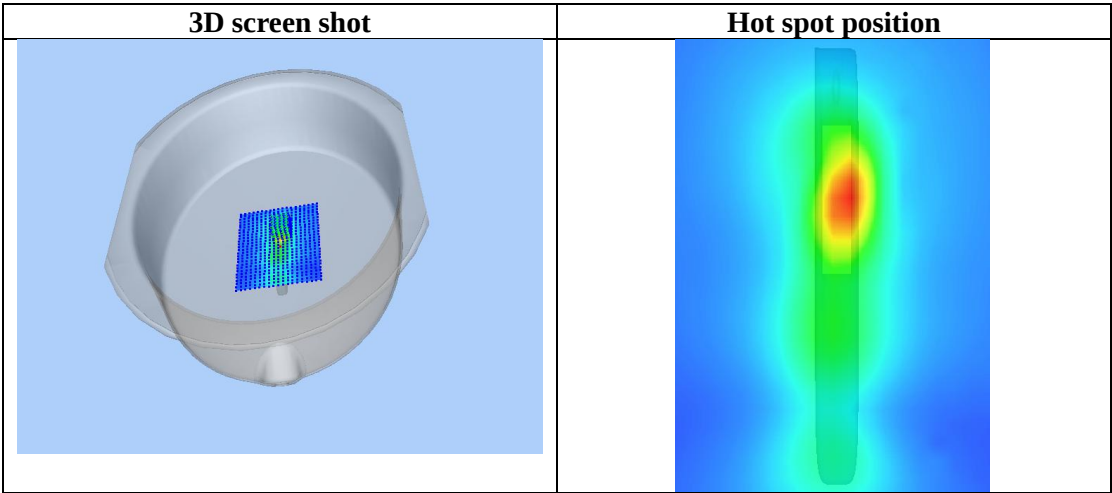
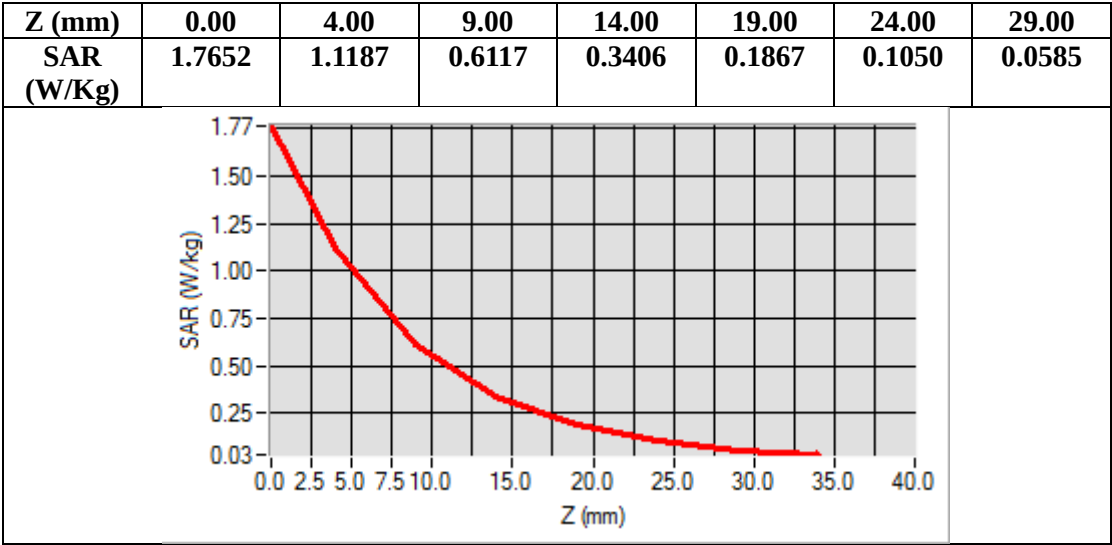
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	WCDMA band II
Channels	High
Signal	CDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=32.00

SAR Peak: 1.76 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.501762
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.026620



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
LTE Band II Mid-Body-Back (1 RB#0)
DUT: rugged tablet; **Type:** T71V3

Date: June 13,2017

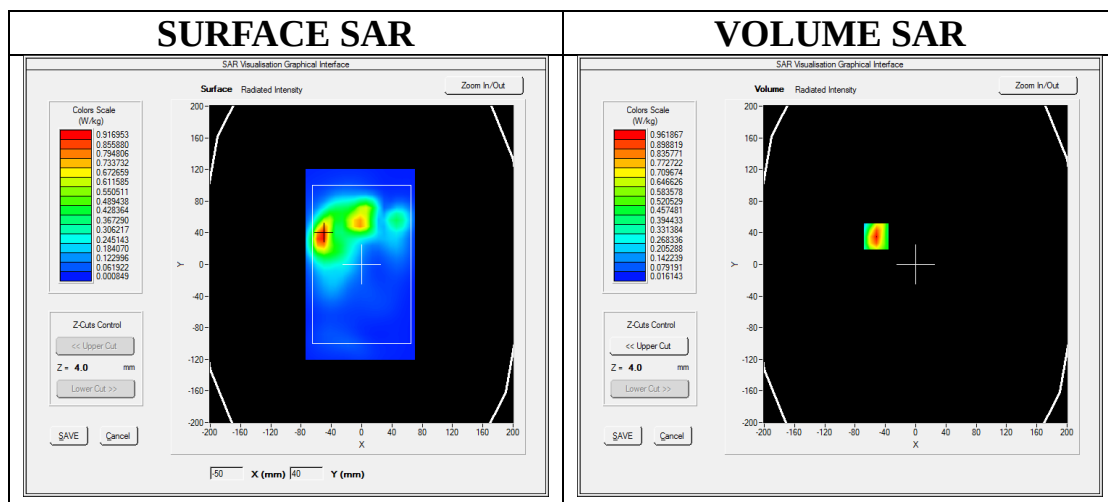
Communication System: LTE; Communication System Band: LTE Band II; Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.34;
Frequency:1880MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.50$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.59$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 22.1, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.6

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/ LTE Band II Mid-Body-back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/ LTE Band II Mid-Body-back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

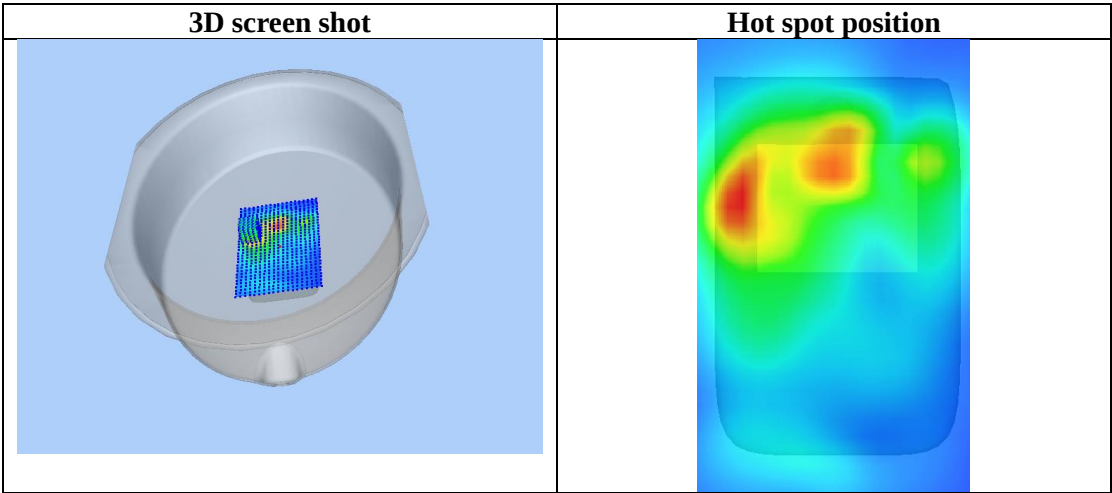
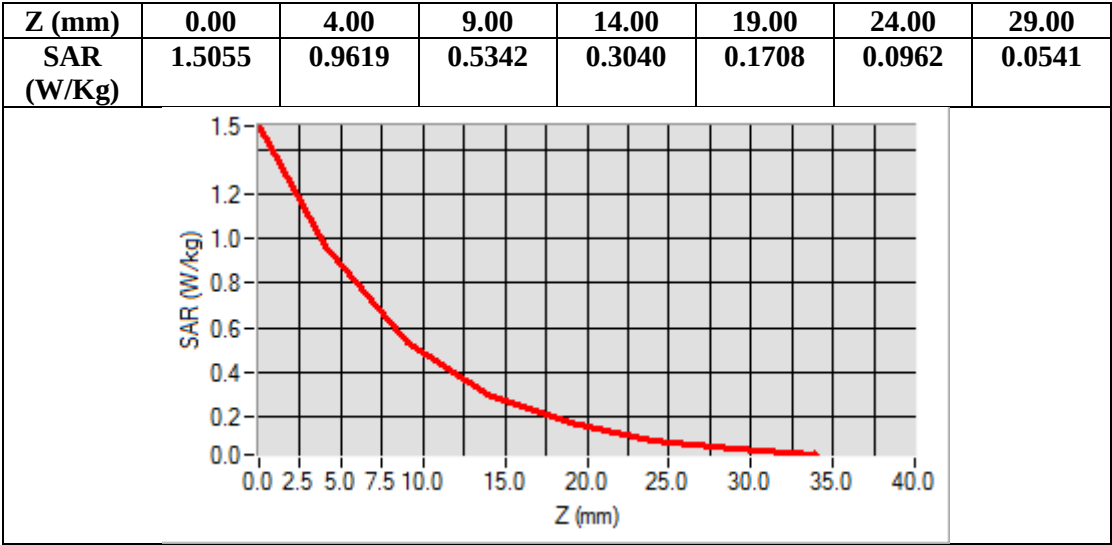
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	LTE Band II
Channels	Middle
Signal	OFDM (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=35.00

SAR Peak: 1.50 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.464716
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.898346



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
LTE Band VII Mid-Body-Back (1RB#0)
DUT: rugged tablet; Type: T71V3

Date: June 21,2017

Communication System: LTE; Communication System Band: LTE Band 7; Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.07
Frequency: 2535MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.10$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.69$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (°C): 21.7, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.3

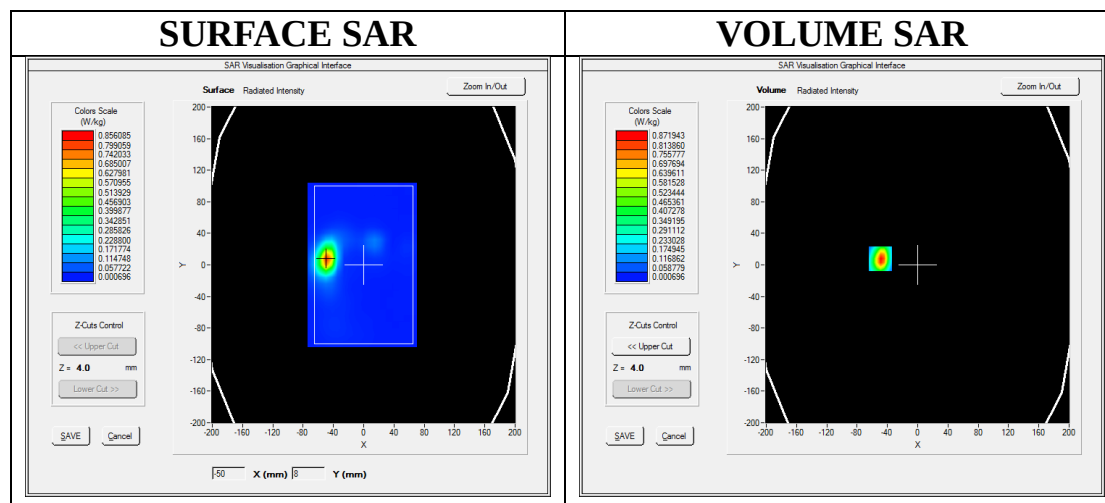
SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016; Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: ELLI39 Phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/ LTE BAND VII Mid-Body-Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, y=8mm

Configuration/ LTE BAND VII Mid-Body-Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	ELLI
Device Position	Body Back
Band	LTE BAND VII
Channels	Middle
Signal	OFDM (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=8.00

SAR Peak: 1.75 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.309142
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.813008

