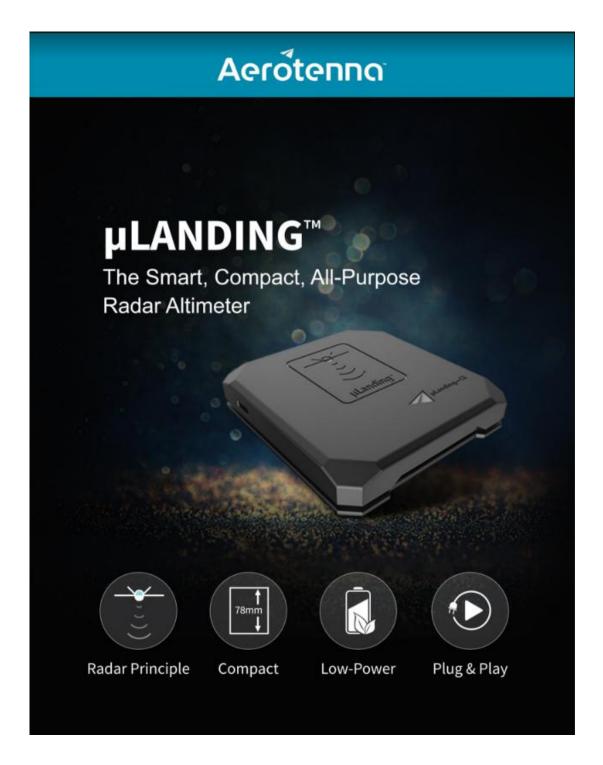


## **User's Maunal/Installation Instruction**





### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

#### **FCC Regulation**

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may case harmful interference to radio communication. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his/her own expense.

**NOTE:** Only peripherals complying with FCC limits may be attached to this equipment. Operation with non-compliant peripherals or peripherals not recommended by Aerotenna. Any modifications or changes to the product, not particularly approved by Aerotenna can void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



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## What is µLanding™?



### The Smart, Compact, All-purpose Radar Altimeter

μLanding<sup>TM</sup> is a miniaturized microwave radar altimeter that provides accurate above-ground-level (AGL) altitude information in real time. It can be used for autonomous takeoff, Landing<sup>TM</sup> and waypoint navigation for UAVs/drones as well as maintaining a target altitude during flight.

At 68 x 78 x 15mm and 30g (60g with enclosure), it's the smallest and lightest radar altimeter on the market and a great solution even for small drones.

Designed with the end user in mind,  $\mu$ Landing<sup>TM</sup> is quick to install, easy to use and seamlessly interfaces with Aerotenna's OcPoC SoC flight controller or other flight controllers.

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 $\mu$ Landing<sup>TM</sup> is a cost-effective, ready-to-fly solution used by drone makers, developers and service providers to enable:

- $\bullet$  Autonomous takeoff and Landing  $^{TM}$
- Waypoint navigation
- Maintaining target altitude
- Mapping and surveying over land and water and more!



## Why μLanding<sup>TM</sup>?

### Advantages of µLanding<sup>TM</sup>

- 1. Robust performance in any weather condition, making microwave sensing technology superior to IR and ultrasound
- 2. Superior capability at any time of day or night
- 3. Unparalleled flexibility over challenging terrains including water, bushes, crops, sand, etc.
- 4. Long range of up to 150m
- 5. High accuracy down to 2cm
- 6. Fastest update rate on the market for microwave radars
- 7. At 68 x 78 x 15mm, it's the smallest radar altimeter on the market
- 8. Super light weight (30g without enclosure) makes it ideal for drones of any size
- 9. Low power consumption of just 1.25W
- 10. Supports multiple I/O interfaces including GPIO, USB and CAN



## **Version Information**

Product Nam e	Version	Users	Release D ate
μLanding <sup>™</sup> C1	V1.0	Commercial drone maker/users	Feb 2016
μLanding <sup>TM</sup> C1 Lite	V1.0	<ul><li>Commercial drone maker/users</li><li>DIY drone users</li></ul>	Apr 2016
μLanding <sup>™</sup> C1 Aqua	V1.0	Drone or boat application over water	Jul 2016
μLanding <sup>TM</sup> Pro	Under development	Commercial drone makers/users with long distance sensing requirement	TBD



# $\mu Landing^{TM}$ C1 Specifications

Performance		
Maximum Altitude Range	45m	
Altitude Accuracy	2.5-5cm	
Maximum Update Rate	750Hz	
Power Consumption	1.25W (5V, 250mA)	
Operational Temperature Range	-55° to +85°	
Operable Environment Conditions	All-Weather	

Specifications		
Supported Interfaces	GPIO, CAN, USB	
Communication	UART	
Data Format	16-bit TTL Signal	
Dimensions	68*78*15mm	
Weight without Enclosure	30g	
Weight with Enclosure	60g	



## μLanding<sup>TM</sup> C1 Lite Specifications

 $\mu$ Landing<sup>TM</sup> C1 Lite is the standard release version of  $\mu$ Landing<sup>TM</sup> with tuned sensing range from 0.25m to 50m and intuitive plug-and-play operation. The  $\mu$ Landing<sup>TM</sup> C1 Lite package comes with: 1) sensor unit 2) installation bracket.

Performance		
Maximum Altitude Range	45m	
Altitude Accuracy	2.5-5cm	
Maximum Update Rate	750Hz	
Power Consumption	1.25W (5V, 250mA)	
Operational Temperature Range	-55° to +85°	
Operable Environment Conditions	All-Weather	

Specifications		
Supported Interfaces	GPIO, CAN, USB	
Communication	UART	
Data Format	16-bit TTL Signal	
Dimensions	68*78*15mm	
Weight without Enclosure	30g	
Weight with Enclosure	60g	



## μLanding<sup>TM</sup> C1 Aqua Specifications

Performance		
Maximum Altitude Range	45m	
Altitude Accuracy	2.5-5cm	
Maximum Update Rate	750Hz	
Power Consumption	1.25W (5V, 250mA)	
Operational Temperature Range	-55° to +85°	
Operable Environment Conditions	All-Weather	

Specifications		
Supported Interfaces	GPIO, CAN, USB	
Communication	UART	
Data Format	16-bit TTL Signal	
Dimensions	68*78*15mm	
Weight without Enclosure	30g	
Weight with Enclosure	60g	



## μLanding<sup>TM</sup> C1 Pro

Performance		
Maximum Altitude Range	100m	
Altitude Accuracy	10-12cm	
Maximum Update Rate	750Hz	
Power Consumption	1.25W (5V, 250mA)	
Operational Temperature Range	-55° to +85°	
Operable Environment Conditions	All-Weather	

Specifications		
Supported Interfaces	GPIO, CAN, USB	
Communication	UART	
Data Format	16-bit TTL Signal	
Dimensions	68*78*15mm	
Weight without Enclosure	30g	
Weight with Enclosure	60g	

**Aerotenno** 

**Quick Installation** 

**About This Tutorial** 

Here we will explain the process of connecting μLanding<sup>TM</sup> to your airframe. This tutorial does not discuss

structure and function of µLanding<sup>TM</sup> or any additional sensore interfacing. For these topics, please refer to

the relevant documentation on www.aerotenna.com.

**Easy Integration** 

Integrating μLanding<sup>TM</sup> with your specific system or airframe is straightforward and simple. μLanding<sup>TM</sup>

is designed to detect the distance between the radar sensore and any physical reflector. The setup process has

been drastically simplified, and all you need to do is install  $\mu$ Landing<sup>TM</sup> on any aircraft and power it on.

What You Need

Here is a short list of hardware you will need to complete this tutorial:

Aerotenna µLanding<sup>TM</sup>

External 5V DC power

Receiver device with UART interface



### **Hardware Installation**

• STEP 1 -- Attach μLanding<sup>TM</sup> to Airframe

Secure the base lock on the airframe or any other suitable position, ensuring that the fastener points down vertically (when airframe is standing upright).



μLanding<sup>TM</sup> Base Lock



Secure the base lock on the airframe

# **Aerotenno**

Then, attach the secure  $\mu$ Landing<sup>TM</sup> under the base lock.



screw µLanding<sup>TM</sup> on the base lock

### • STEP 2 -- Powering μLanding<sup>TM</sup>

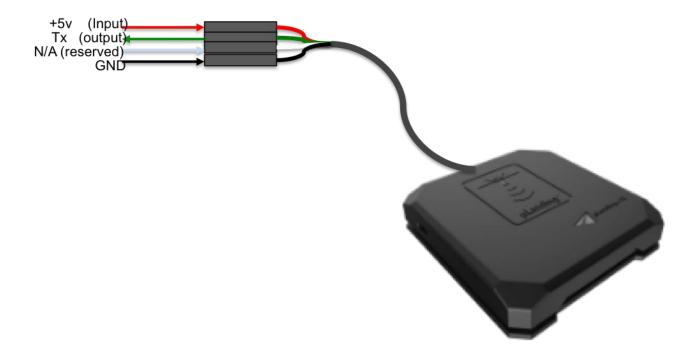
Connect 5V DC power supply to the RED port and connect GND to the BLACK port.(connections shown below)

### ● STEP 3 -- Connection between μLanding<sup>™</sup> and Receiver Device

Connect your own receiver device to the GREEN port, it will automatically output data from this port.

(This is for general UART data format and protocol. for more data format and protocol options, please contact Aerotenna)





user interface on  $\mu Landing^{TM}$ 



### **Receiving Data**

This is the newest version of  $\mu$ Landing<sup>TM</sup> 's data format and protocol.

The standard UART protocol is used for our serial transmission interface. The protocol can be modified based on your specific requirement. Contact us to request a change in data format and protocol or other requirements you may have with your system.

#### **Communication Protocol**

The communication protocol is:

- Standard UART
- Baud rate is 115200 b/s
- Data length is 8 bits, plus one start bit and one stop bit.
- I/O standard is 3.3V LVTTL.

#### **Data Format for Serial Transmission Interface**

The frame of output data consists if 6 Bytes. The Byte structure is explained below. Note that an 'x' refers to a variable bit containing dynamic data.

Byte 1	0xFE	Packet Header
Byte 2	0x01	Version ID
Byte 3	0bxxxxxxx	Altitude (Least Significant 8 bits)
Byte 4	0bxxxxxxx	Altitude (Most Significant 8 bits)
Byte 5	0bxxxxxxx	SNR (Signal to Noise Ratio)
Byte 6	0bxxxxxxx	Checksum (formula below)



#### **Explanation**

#### Altitude

The altitude bytes can be combined (total 16 bits) to represent the altitude information in centimeters. The structure would be: 0x[MSB][LSB], where MSB and LSB are each two hex numbers (8 bits).

#### **SNR**

The altitude **reading w**ill be associated with SNR (normally range from 20 to 50) to indicate the quality of the reflections.

#### Checksum

The Checksum Byte could be used in the following check code:

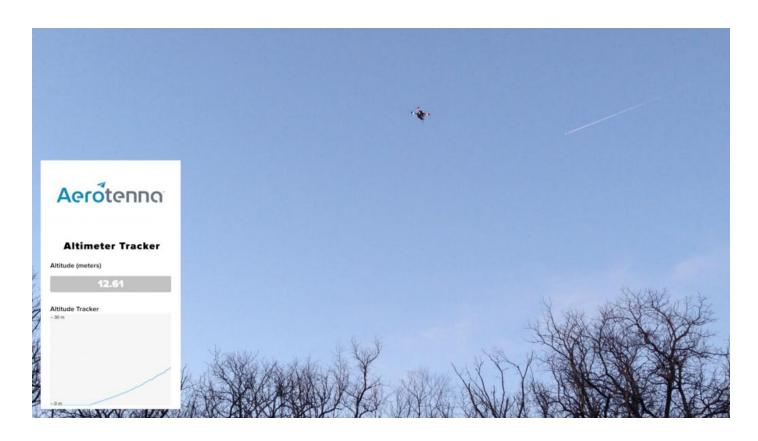
```
if (Version_ID + Altitude_H + Altitude_L + SNR) & 0xFF == Checksum
is_valid = 1 (check passed)
else
is_valid = 0 (failed)
```



### **Integration References**

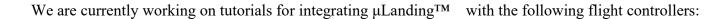
This section gives integration examples with specific airframe to ensure that assembly is as simple as pssible!

We have created a native Android app that can connect via Bluetooth to  $\mu Landing^{TM}$  (shown below). This can be run using Cordova on Android devices, or you can use Evothings to deploy it on an iOS device.



Actual µLanding<sup>TM</sup> reading using our natice app





- OcPoC
- Pixhawk
- APM

For more information about integration, please refer to our user hub.