SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services
(Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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1 Cover Page

RF TEST REPORT

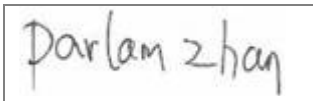
Application No.:	SHEM1602000589CR
Applicant:	HANGZHOU CHIC INTELLIGENT TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD
FCC ID:	2AHNZCHIC
Equipment Under Test (EUT): **NOTE:** The following sample(s) was/were submitted and identified by the client as	
Product Name:	Balancing scooter
Model No.(EUT):	SMART-B
Add Model No.:	SMART-S, SMART-C, SMART-F
Standards:	FCC PART 15 Subpart C: 2015
Date of Receipt:	2016-02-26
Date of Test:	2016-04-07 to 2016-04-11
Date of Issue:	2016-05-15
Test Result:	**Pass***

* In the configuration tested, the EUT detailed in this report complied with the standards specified above.

Parlam Zhan
E&E Section Manager
SGS-CSTC (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

2 Version

Revision Record				
Version	**Chapter**	**Date**	**Modifier**	**Remark**
00	/	2016-06-15	/	Original

Authorized for issue by:				
Engineer		Eddy Zong **Print Name**		
Clerk		Susie Liu **Print Name**		
Reviewer		Parlam Zhan **Print Name**		

3 Test Summary

Test Item	FCC Requirement	Test method	Result
Antenna Requirement	FCC Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.203/15.247 (c)	---	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	FCC Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.207	ANSI C63.10 (2013) Section 6.2	PASS
20dB Occupied Bandwidth	FCC Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013) Section 6.9.2	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	FCC Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (b)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013) Section 7.8.5	PASS
Carrier Frequencies Separation	FCC Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013) Section 7.8.2	PASS
Hopping Channel Number	FCC Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013) Section 7.8.3	PASS
Dwell Time	FCC Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013) Section 7.8.4	PASS
Conducted Spurious Emissions and Band-edge	FCC Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10 (2013) Section 7.8.6&7.8.8	PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions and Band-edge	FCC Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.209&15.205	ANSI C63.10 (2013) Section 6.4&6.5&6.6&6.10	PASS

4 Contents

5 General Information

5.1 Client Information

Applicant:	HANGZHOU CHIC INTELLIGENT TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD
Address of Applicant:	LIANGZHU UNIVERSITY SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PARK, JINGYI ROAD, QIXIANQIAO LIANGZHU, HANGZHOU, CHINA, 311112
Manufacturer:	HANGZHOU CHIC INTELLIGENT TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD
Address of Manufacturer:	LIANGZHU UNIVERSITY SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PARK, JINGYI ROAD, QIXIANQIAO LIANGZHU, HANGZHOU, CHINA, 311112
Factory:	HANGZHOU CHIC INTELLIGENT TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD
Address of Factory:	LIANGZHU UNIVERSITY SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PARK, JINGYI ROAD, QIXIANQIAO LIANGZHU, HANGZHOU, CHINA, 311112

5.2 General Description of E.U.T.

Product Description:	Mobile product with BT function for scooter
Brand Name:	IO CHIC
Rechargeable Batteries:	DC 36V, 4.4Ah Li-on Rechargeable Battery for scooter
Charging Voltage:	100~240V AC, 50/60Hz Max. 1.6A

5.3 Technical Specifications

Operation Frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Bluetooth Version:	2.1+EDR
Modulation Technique:	FHSS(GFSK, π/4DQPSK)
Number of Channel:	79
Antenna Type	PIFA
Antenna Gain	4 dBi

5.4 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested with associated equipment below.

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Supplied by
Laptop	Lenovo	ThinkPad X100e	SGS
USB to Serial RSS 232 Bridge Controller	Prolific	PL2303	Client

Software name	Manufacturer	Version	Supplied By
SPI Assist	/	1.3	Client

5.5 Test Mode

Test Mode	Description of Test Mode
Hopping disabled mode	Using test software to control EUT working in continuous transmitting, and select channel and modulation type.
Hopping enabled mode	Using test software to control EUT working in continuous transmitting, and hopping on status.

The packet type used for the final test:

Test Item	Packet Type									Hopping Status	
	DH1	DH3	DH5	2DH1	2DH3	2DH5	3DH1	3DH3	3DH5	Disabled	Enabled
CE	-	-	√	-	-	√	-	-	√	√	√
20dB OBW	-	-	√	-	-	√	-	-	√	√	-
Peak Power	-	-	√	-	-	√	-	-	√	√	-
CFS	-	-	√	-	-	√	-	-	√	-	√
HCN	-	-	√	-	-	√	-	-	√	-	√
Dwell Time	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	-	√
CSE	-	-	√	-	-	√	-	-	√	√	-
Conducted Band-edge	-	-	√	-	-	√	-	-	√	√	√
RSE & Band-edge	-	-	√	-	-	√	-	-	√	√	-
99% OBW	-	-	√	-	-	√	-	-	√	√	-

5.6 Test Location

All tests were performed at:

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

588 West Jindu Road, Xinqiao, Songjiang, 201612 Shanghai, China

Tel: +86 21 6191 5666

Fax: +86 21 6191 5678

5.7 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

- **CNAS (No. CNAS L0599)**

CNAS has accredited SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing. Date of expiry: 2017-07-14.

- **FCC – Registration No.: 402683**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration No.: 402683, Expiry Date: 2017-09-16.

- **Industry Canada (IC) – IC Assigned Code: 8617A**

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 8617A-1. Expiry Date: 2017-06-18.

- **VCCI (Member No.: 3061)**

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: R-3868, C-4336, T-2221, G-830 respectively. Date of Expiry: 2017-11-16.

5.8 Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
1	Radio Frequency	< ±1 x 10^{-5}
2	Total RF power, conducted	< ±1.5 dB
3	RF power density, conducted	< ±3 dB
4	Spurious emissions, conducted	< ±3 dB
5	All emissions, radiated	< ±6 dB (Below 1GHz) < ±6 dB (Above 1GHz)
6	Temperature	< ±1°C
7	Humidity	< ±5 %
8	DC and low frequency voltages	< ±3 %

6 Equipments Used during Test

Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due date
1	EMI test receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCS30	100086	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
2	Line impedance stabilization network	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK8127	8127490	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
3	Line impedance stabilization network	EMCO	3816/2	00034161	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
4	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP-30	100324	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
5	EMI test receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	100109	2016-02-13	2017-02-12
6	Active Loop Antenna (9kHz to 30MHz)	Schwarzbeck - Mess-Elektronik	FMZB 1519	1519-034	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
7	Broadband UHF-VHF ANTENNA (25MHz to 2GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9168	9168-313	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
8	Ultra broadband antenna (25MHz to3GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz	HL562	100227	2015-08-30	2016-08-29
9	Horn Antenna (1GHz to 18GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz	HF906	100284	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
10	Horn Antenna (1GHz to 18GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	9120D-679	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
11	Horn Antenna (14GHz to 40GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170373	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
12	Pre-amplifier (9KHz – 2GHz)	LNA6900	TESEQ	71033	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
13	Pre-amplifier (1GHz – 26.5GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz	SCU-F0118-G40-BZ4-CSS(F)	10001	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
14	Pre-amplifier (14GHz – 40GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz	SCU-F1840-G35-BZ3-CSS(F)	10001	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
15	Tunable Notch Filter	Wainwright instruments Gmbh	WRCT800.0/880.0-0.2/40-5SSK	9170397	/	/
16	High pass Filter	FSCW	HP 12/2800-5AA2	19A45-02	/	/
17	High-low temperature cabinet	Suzhou Zhihe	TL-40	50110050	2015-09-11	2016-09-10
18	AC power stabilizer	WOCEN	6100	51122	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
19	DC power	QJE	QJ30003SII	611145	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
20	Signal Generator (Interferer)	Agilent	SMR40	100555	2015-08-13	2016-08-12
21	Signal Generator (Blocker)	Rohde & Schwarz	SMJ100A	101394	2016-01-14	2017-01-13
22	Splitter	Anritsu	MA1612A	M12265	/	/
23	Coupler	e-meca	803-S-1	900-M01	/	/

7 Test Results

7.1 E.U.T. test conditions

Requirements: 15.31(e) For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

Operating Environment:

Temperature:	20.0 -25.0 °C
Humidity:	35-75 % RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	99.2 -102 kPa

Test frequencies: According to the 15.31(m) Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers, other than TV broadcast receivers, shall be performed and. if required. reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band specified in the following table:

Frequency range over which device operates	Number of frequencies	Location in the range of operation
1 MHz or less	1	Middle
1 to 10 MHz	2	1 near top and 1 near bottom
More than 10 MHz	3	1 near top. 1 near middle and 1 near bottom

Pursuant to Part 15.31(c) For swept frequency equipment, measurements shall be made with the frequency sweep stopped at those frequencies chosen for the measurements to be reported.

Test frequency is the lowest channel: 0 channel (2402MHz), middle channel: 39 channel (2441MHz) and highest channel: 78 channel (2480MHz) with fixed at channel.

7.2 Frequency Hopping System Requirement

Test Requirement: Section 15.247 (a)(1), (g), (h) requirement:

The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

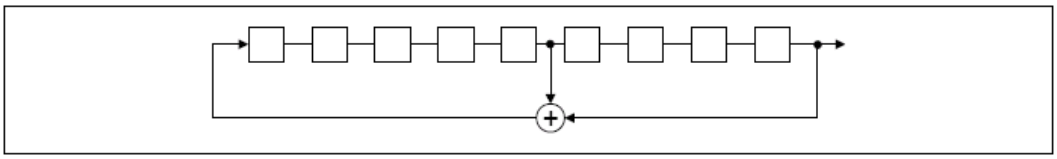
Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hop sets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

Compliance for section 15.247(a)(1)

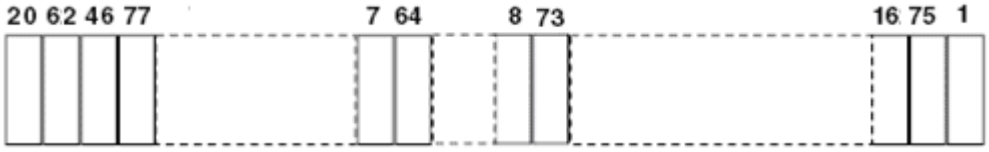
According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence: 2^9 -1 = 511 bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, Bluetooth receivers are designed to have input and IF bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of any Bluetooth transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Compliance for section 15.247(g)

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system transmits the packet with the pseudorandom hopping frequency with a continuous data and the short burst transmission from the Bluetooth system is also transmitted under the frequency hopping system with the pseudorandom hopping frequency system.

Compliance for section 15.247(h)

According to Bluetooth Core specification, the Bluetooth system incorporates with an adaptive system to detect other user within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently to avoid hopping on the occupied channels.

According to the Bluetooth Core specification, the Bluetooth system is designed not have the ability to coordinate with other FHSS System in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitter.

7.3 Antenna Requirement

Standard requirement:

15.203 requirement:

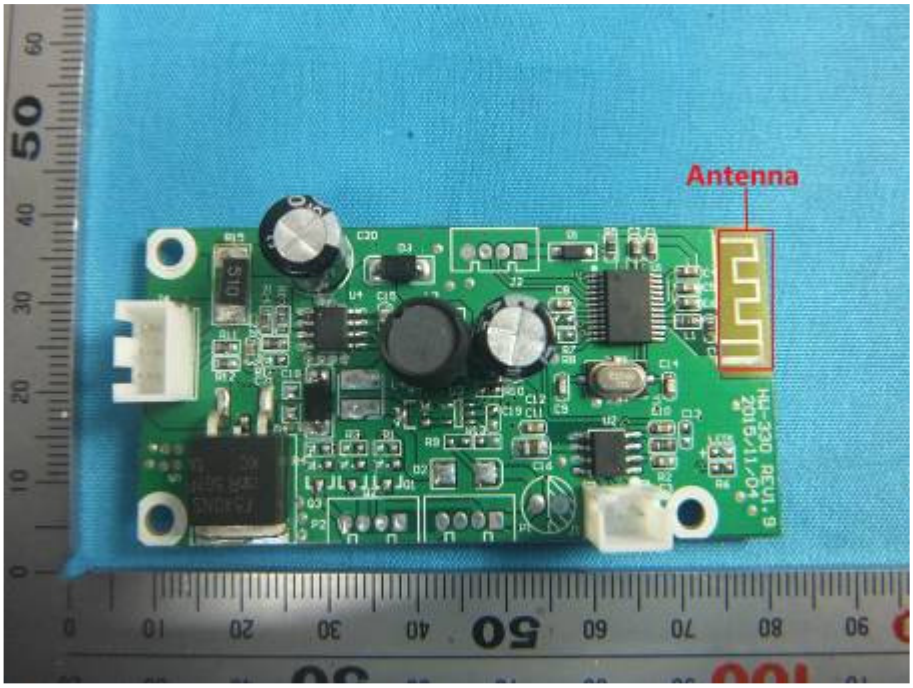
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited

15.247(b) (4) requirement:

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

EUT Antenna:

The BT antenna is integral antenna and no consideration of replacement. The gain of the antenna is less than 4.0 dBi.



7.4 Conducted Emissions on Mains Terminals

Frequency Range: 150 KHz to 30 MHz

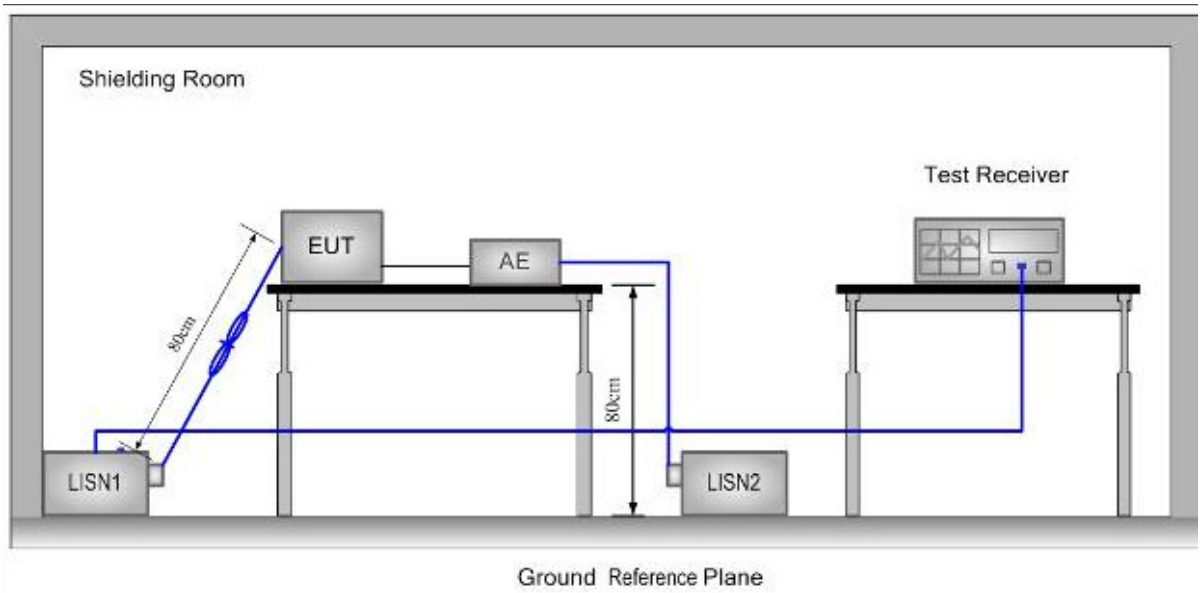
Limit:

Frequency range MHz	Class B Limits: dB (μV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

Note1: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50MHz.

Note2: The lower limit is applicable at the transition frequency.

Test Setup:



Test Procedure:

1) The mains terminal disturbance voltage was measured with the EUT in a shielded room.
2) The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides 50Ω/50μH + 5Ω linear impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded
3) The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane, but separated from metallic contact with the ground reference plane by 0.1m of insulation.
4) The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0.4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN was placed 0.8 m from the boundary of the unit under test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISN mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance was between the closest points of the LISN and the EUT. The mains lead of EUT excess 0.8m was folded back and forth parallel to the lead so as to form a horizontal bundle with a length between 0.3m and 0.4m. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment were at least 0.8 m from the LISN.

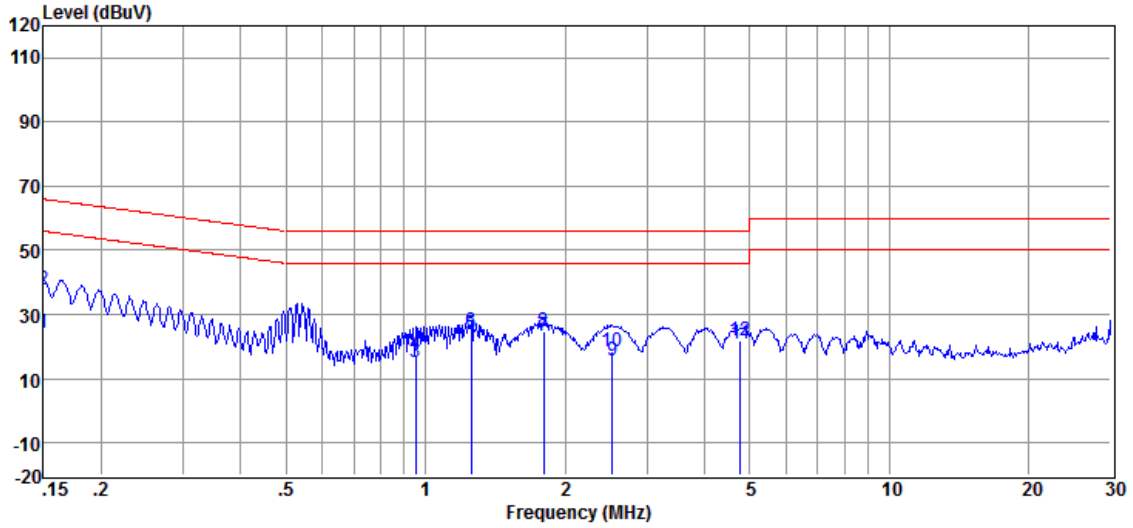
Remark: Pre-scan was performed with peak detected on all ports, Quasi-peak & average measurements were performed at the frequencies at which maximum peak emission level were

detected. Pretest under all modes; choose the worst case mode (GFSK and Hopping enabled mode) record on the report. Please see the attached Quasi-peak and Average test results.

Test Result: Pass

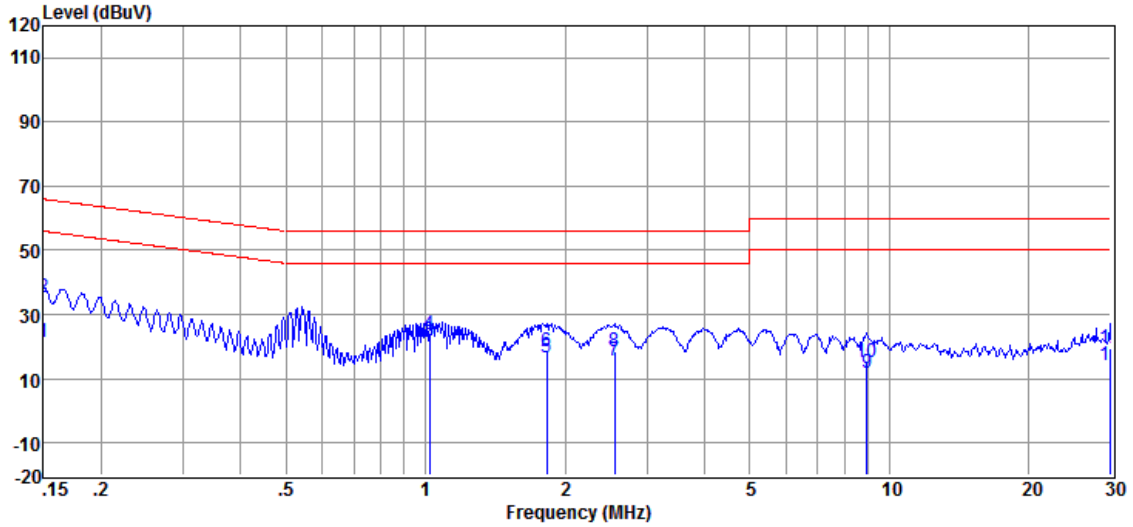
Test Data:

Test Mode: Hopping enabled mode	**Test Port:** AC Live Line



Item	Freq.	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Detector
(Mark)	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB)	
1	0.150	14.01	0.33	9.86	24.20	56.00	-31.80	Average
2	0.150	27.51	0.33	9.86	37.70	66.00	-28.30	QP
3	0.951	5.29	0.18	9.87	15.34	46.00	-30.66	Average
4	0.951	7.40	0.18	9.87	17.45	56.00	-38.55	QP
5	1.253	13.63	0.23	9.87	23.73	46.00	-22.27	Average
6	1.253	14.53	0.23	9.87	24.63	56.00	-31.37	QP
7	1.796	12.96	0.33	9.87	23.16	46.00	-22.84	Average
8	1.796	14.44	0.33	9.87	24.64	56.00	-31.36	QP
9	2.533	5.53	0.37	9.87	15.77	46.00	-30.23	Average
10	2.533	8.05	0.37	9.87	18.29	56.00	-37.71	QP
11	4.780	10.76	0.39	9.90	21.05	46.00	-24.95	Average
12	4.780	11.80	0.39	9.90	22.09	56.00	-33.91	QP

Test Mode: Hopping enabled mode	**Test Port:** AC Neutral Line

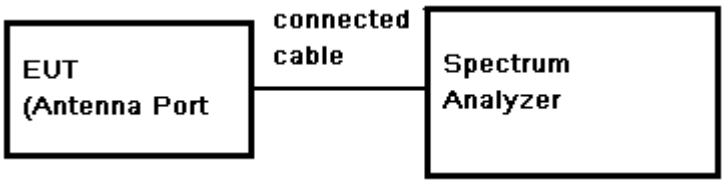


Item	Freq.	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Detector
(Mark)	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)	(dBµV)	(dB)	
1	0.150	11.08	0.34	9.86	21.28	56.00	-34.72	Average
2	0.150	25.20	0.34	9.86	35.40	66.00	-30.60	QP
3	1.019	11.56	0.25	9.87	21.68	46.00	-24.32	Average
4	1.019	13.43	0.25	9.87	23.55	56.00	-32.45	QP
5	1.824	5.86	0.90	9.87	16.63	46.00	-29.37	Average
6	1.824	7.94	0.90	9.87	18.71	56.00	-37.29	QP
7	2.560	4.81	0.84	9.87	15.52	46.00	-30.48	Average
8	2.560	7.57	0.84	9.87	18.28	56.00	-37.72	QP
9	8.927	1.51	0.40	9.88	11.79	50.00	-38.21	Average
10	8.927	4.92	0.40	9.88	15.20	60.00	-44.80	QP
11	29.841	3.72	0.56	10.02	14.30	50.00	-35.70	Average
12	29.841	8.97	0.56	10.02	19.55	60.00	-40.45	QP

Remark: Level = Read Level + LISN/ISN Factor + Cable Loss.

7.5 20dB Occupied Bandwidth

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

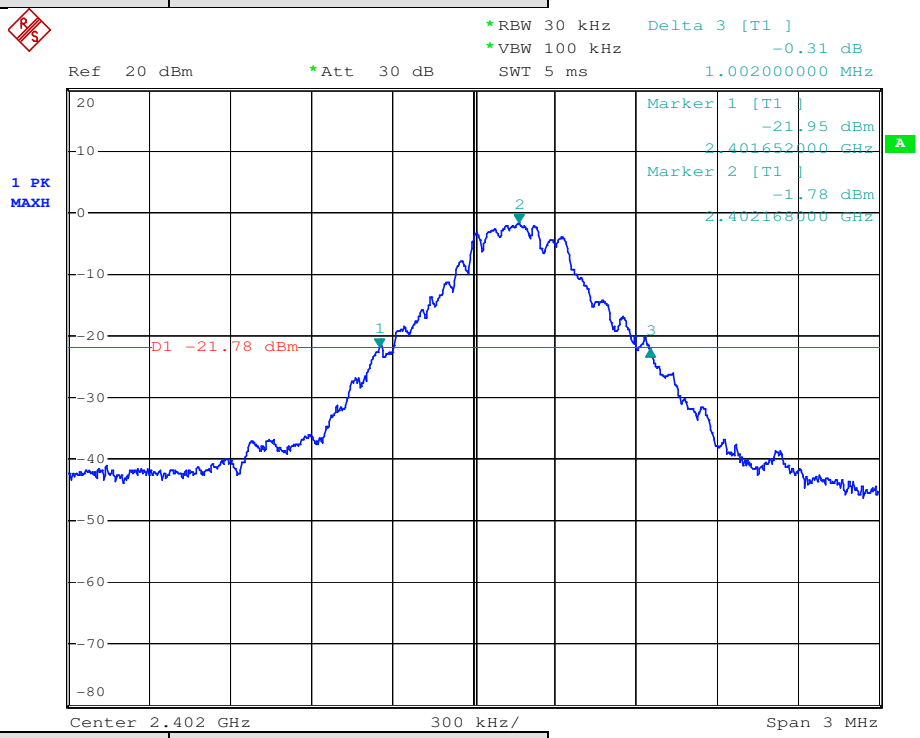
1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum;
2) Set the spectrum analyzer: Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the OBW, centred on the hopping channel;
3) Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW >= 1% to 5% of the OBW (set 30 kHz). VBW >= RBW. Sweep = Auto; Detector = Peak. Trace = Max Hold.
4) Mark the peak frequency and -20dB points.

Test Date:

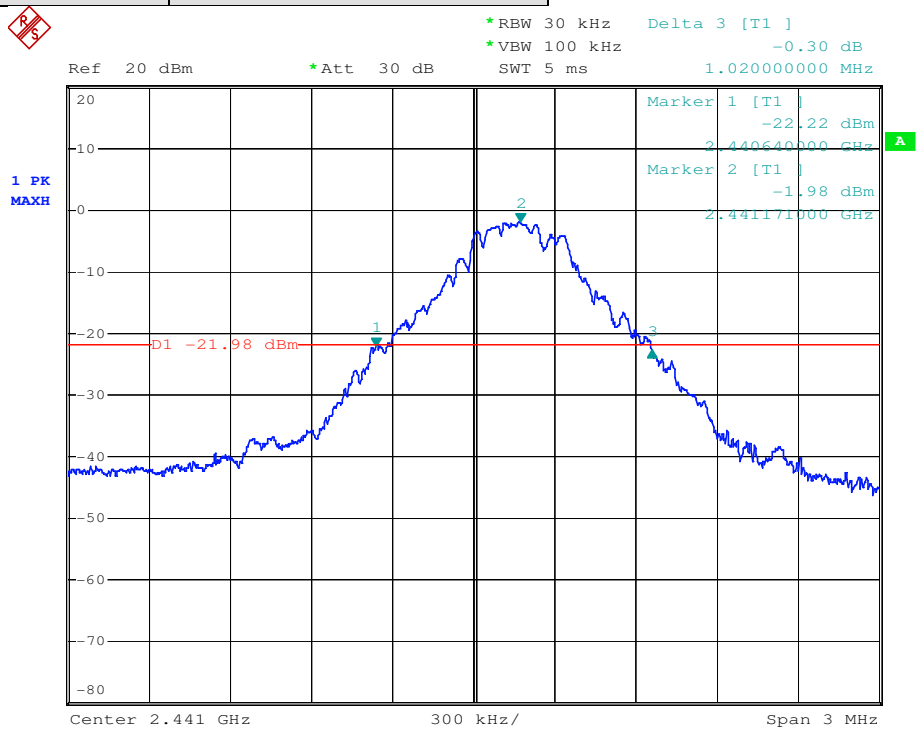
Test Mode	Test Frequency(MHz)	Bandwidth(MHz)
GFSK	2402	1.00
	2441	1.02
	2480	0.95
π/4DQPSK	2402	1.33
	2441	1.33
	2480	1.28

Test plot as follows:

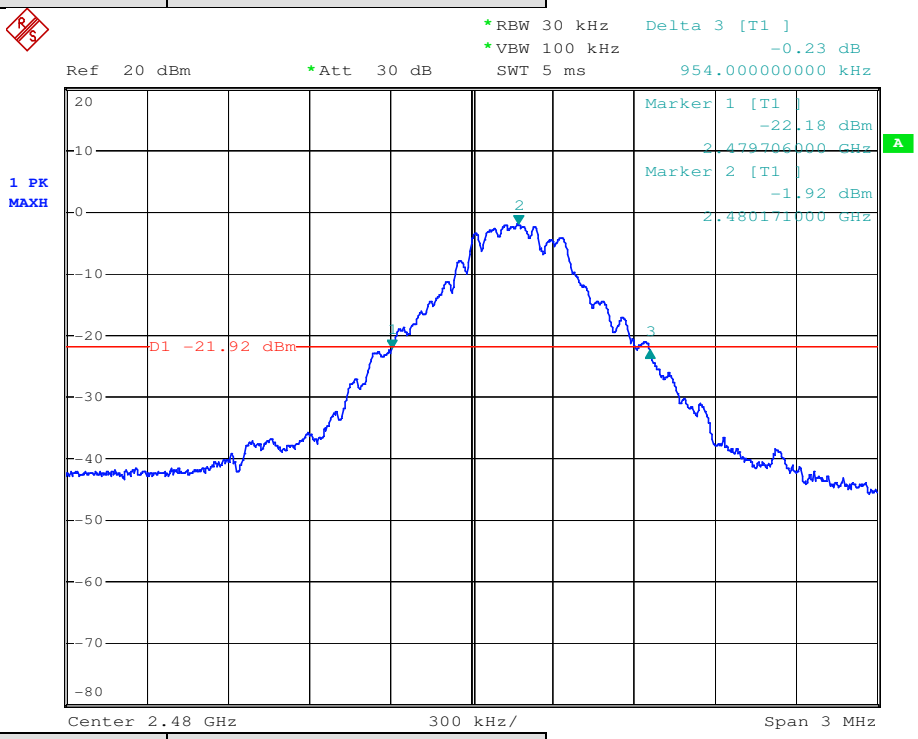
Test mode: GFSK	Test channel: 2402



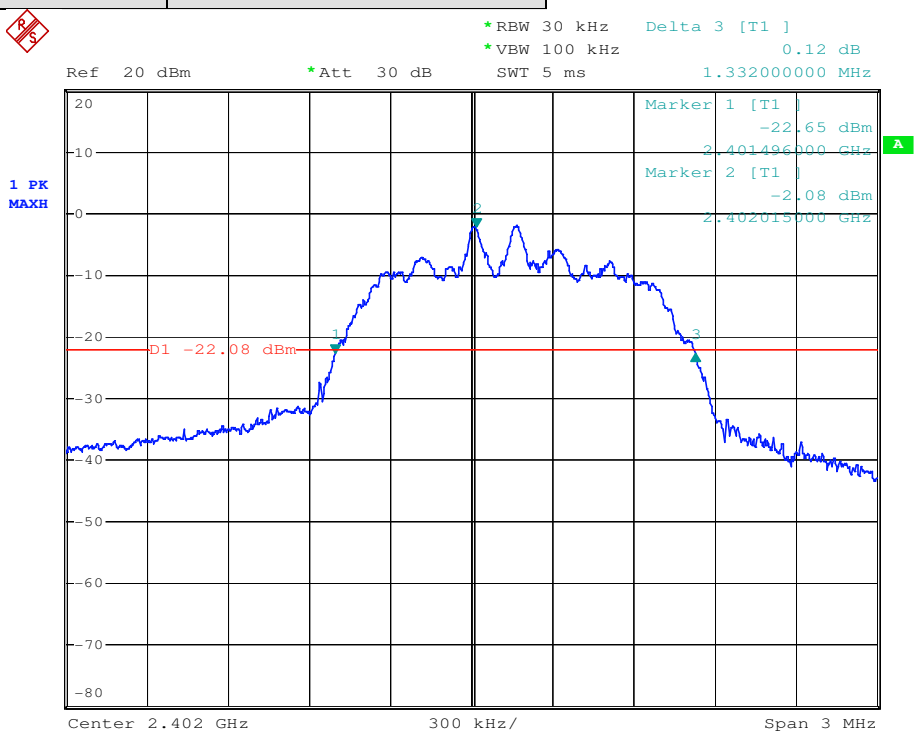
Test mode: GFSK	Test channel: 2441



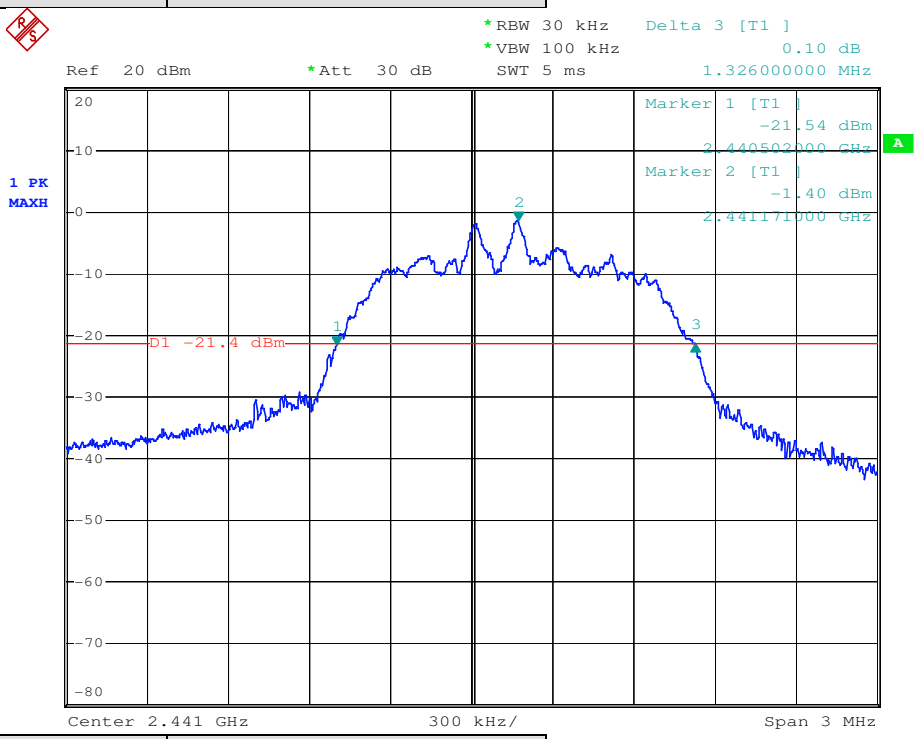
Test mode: GFSK	Test channel: 2480



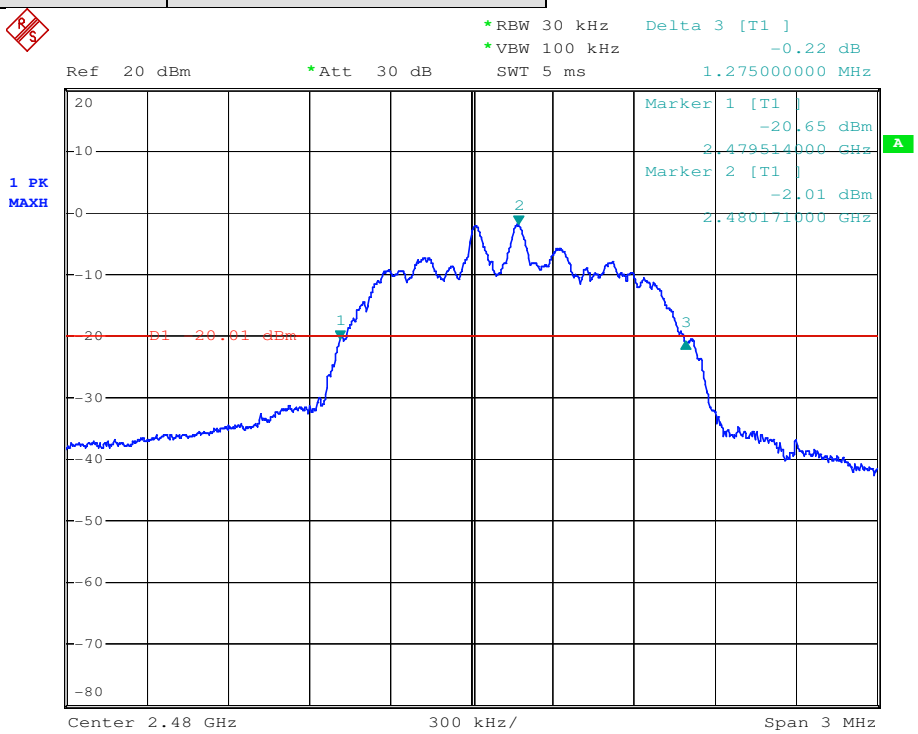
Test mode: π/4DQPSK	Test channel: 2402



Test mode: π/4DQPSK	Test channel: 2441

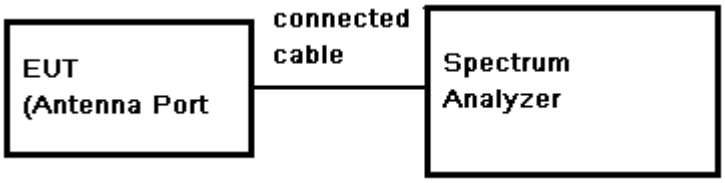


Test mode: π/4DQPSK	Test channel: 2480



7.6 Conducted Peak Output Power

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2) Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 3 MHz, VBW = 3 MHz, Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak.
3) Keep the EUT in transmitting at lowest, middle and highest channel individually. Record the max value.

Test Limit:

Regulation 15.247 (b)(1)For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts. Refer to the result “Hopping channel number” of this document. The 1 watt (30.0dBm) limit applies.

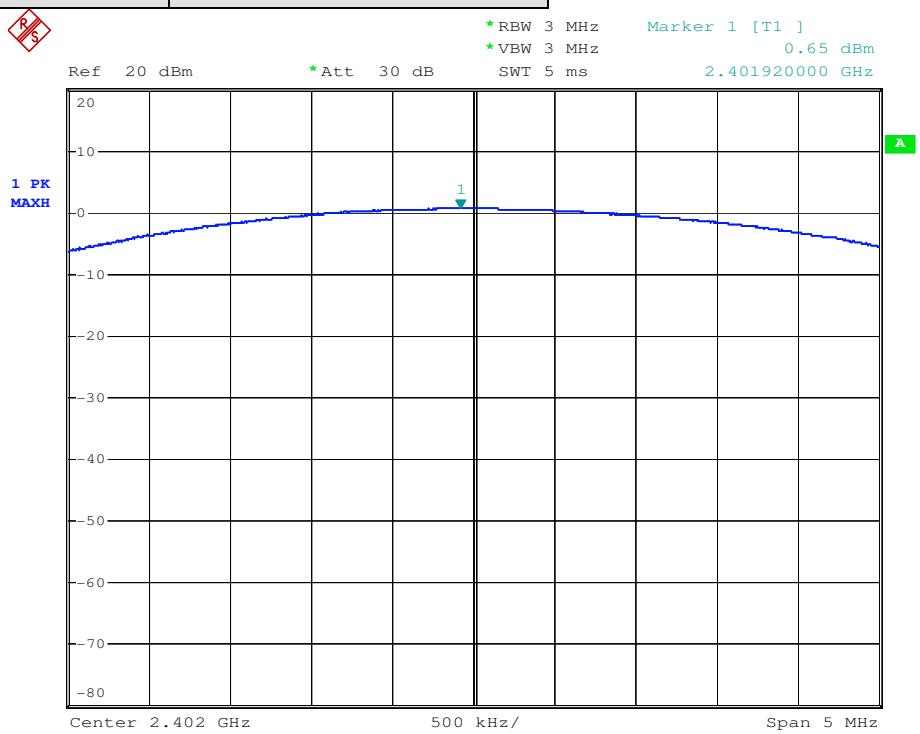
Test Data:

Test Mode	Test Frequency (MHz)	Reading Power (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Test Result
GFSK	2402	0.65	0.5	1.15	30	Pass
	2441	0.58		1.08		Pass
	2480	0.59		1.09		Pass
π/4DQPSK	2402	1.62		2.12		Pass
	2441	1.57		2.07		Pass
	2480	1.57		2.07		Pass

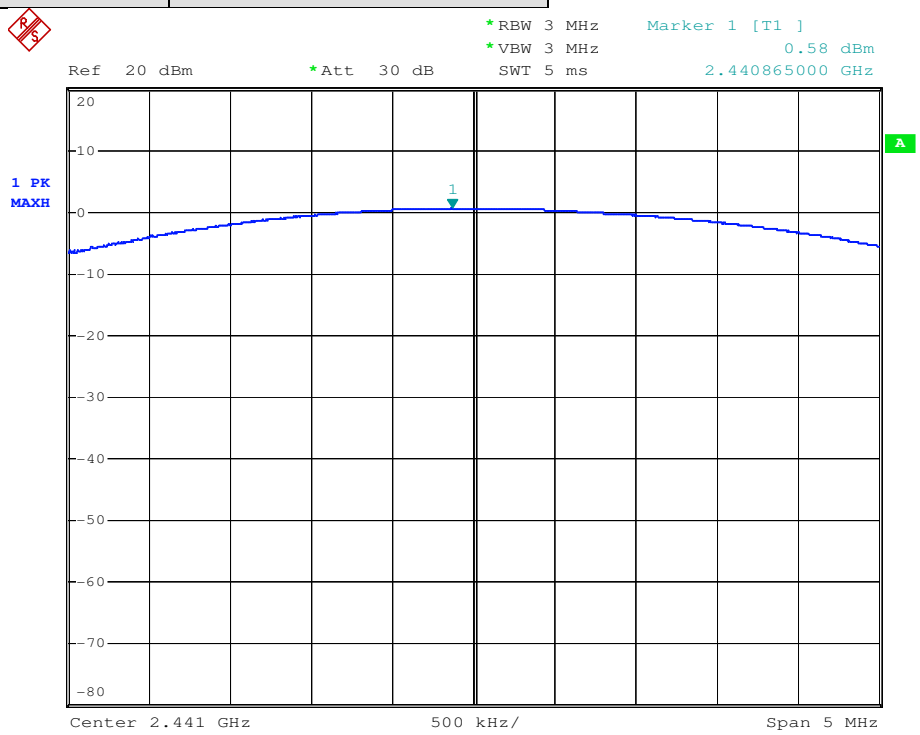
Remark: Output Power=Reading Power + Cable loss

Test plot as follows:

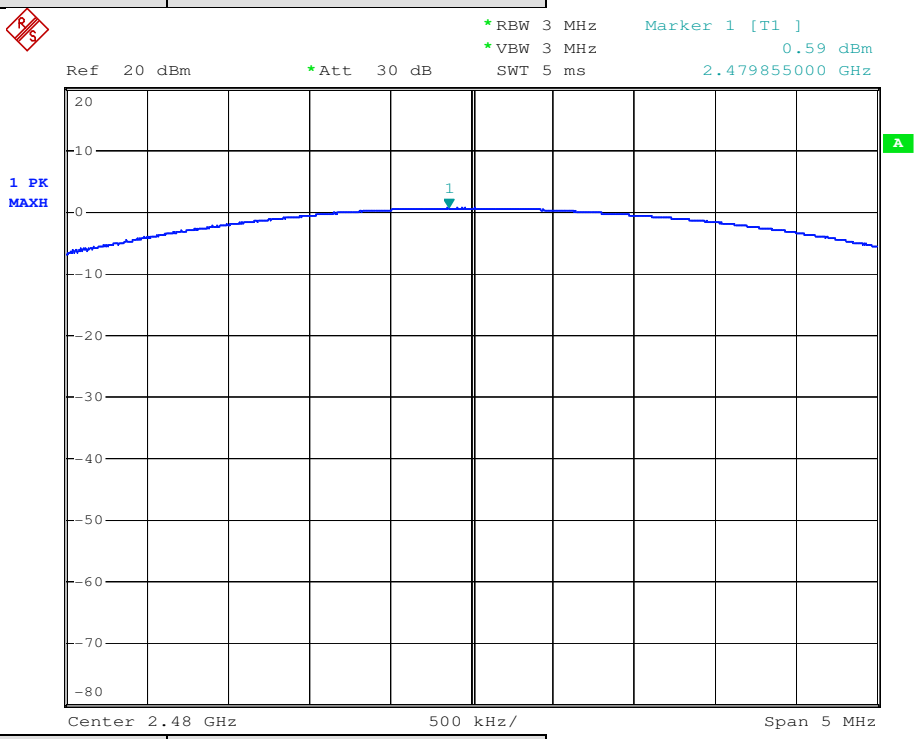
Test mode: GFSK	Test channel: 2402



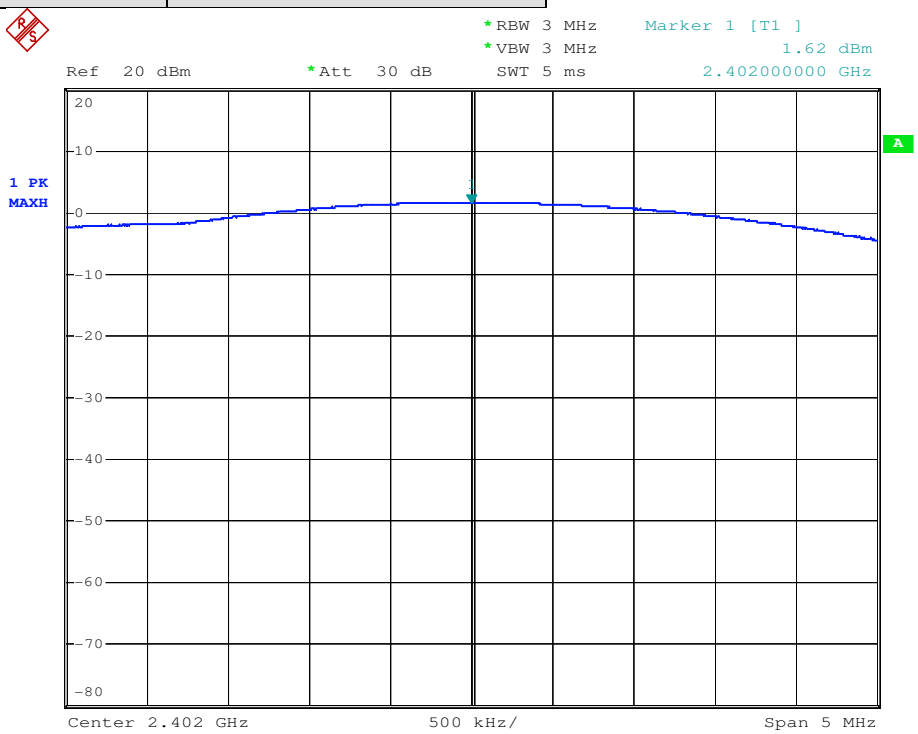
Test mode: GFSK	Test channel: 2441



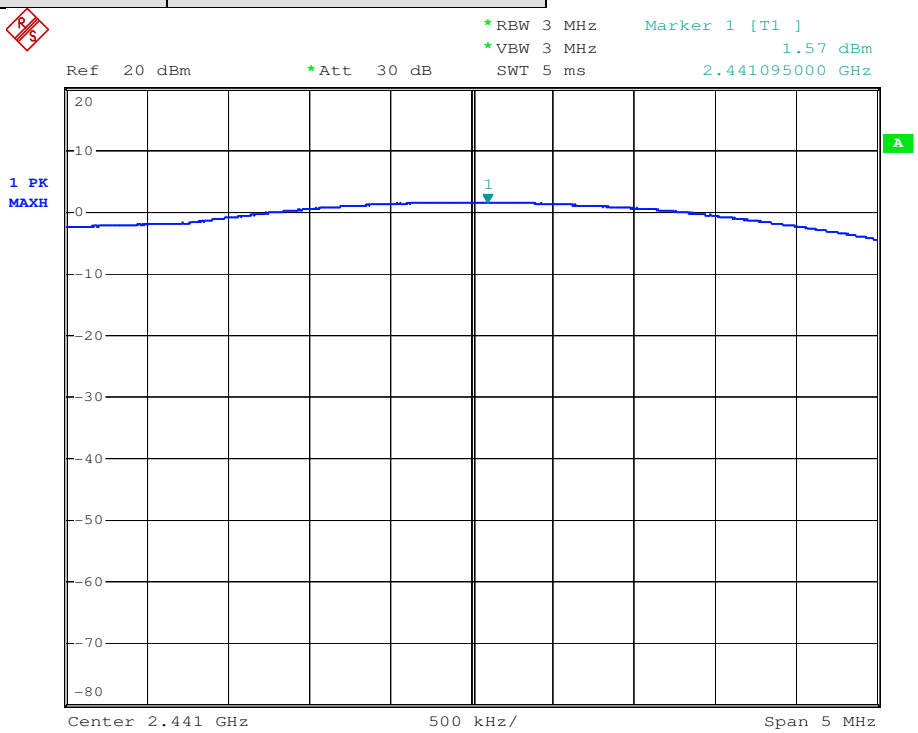
Test mode: GFSK	Test channel: 2480



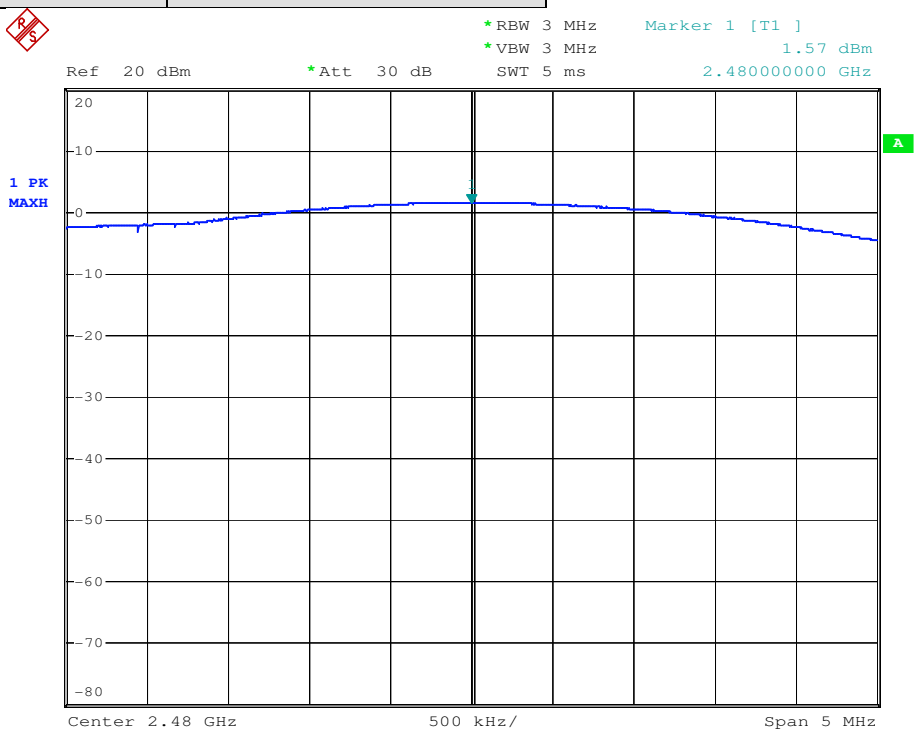
Test mode: π/4DQPSK	Test channel: 2402



Test mode: π/4DQPSK	Test channel: 2441

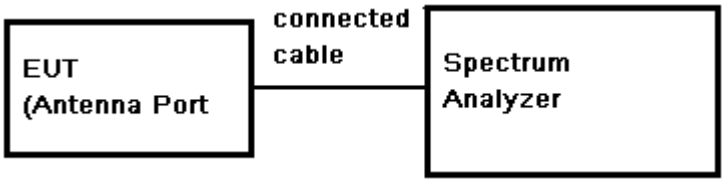


Test mode: π/4DQPSK	Test channel: 2480



7.7 Carrier Frequencies Separated

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2) Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW >= 1% of the span (set 30 kHz). VBW >= RBW, Span = 3MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Maxhold.
3) Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

Limit: 0.025MHz or 2/3 of the 20dB bandwidth (whichever is greater)

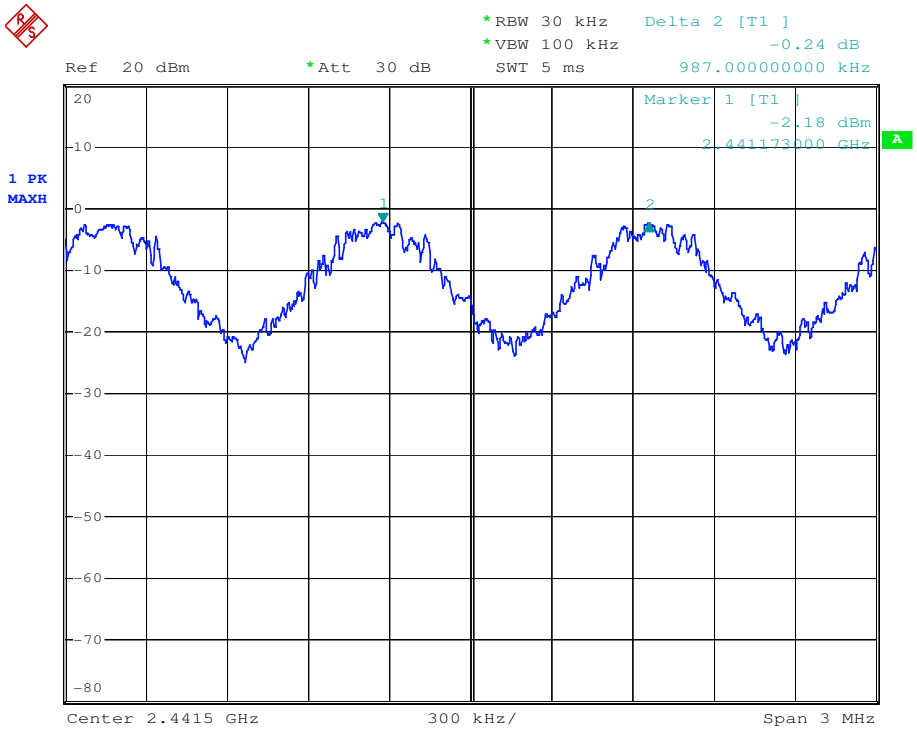
Test data:

Test Mode	Test Channel	Carrier Frequencies Separated (MHz)	Limit	Test Result
GFSK	Middle Channels (Channel 39 & 40)	0.987	700kHz	Pass
π/4DQPSK	Middle Channels (Channel 39 & 40)	1.005	787kHz	Pass

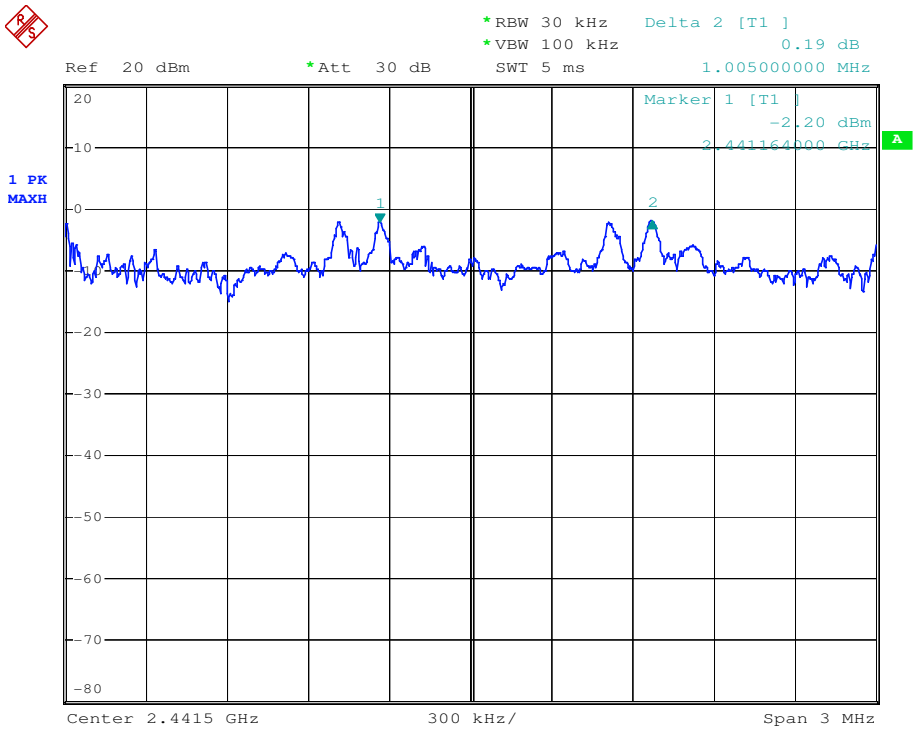
Remark: 1. According to the section 7.6, the conducted power measured is less than 125mW and 2/3 of 20dB bandwidth is used for limit.
2. 20dB bandwidth reference Section 7.5

Test plot as follows:

Test mode: GFSK	Test channel: Channel 39 & 40

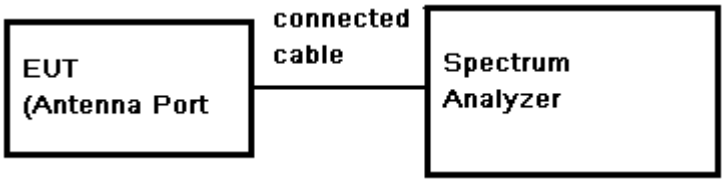


Test mode: π/4DQPSK	Test channel: Channel 39 & 40



7.8 Hopping Channel Number

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2) Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100 kHz. VBW = 100 kHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3) Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.
4) Set the spectrum analyzer: start frequency = 2400MHz. stop frequency = 2483.5MHz. Submit the test result graph.

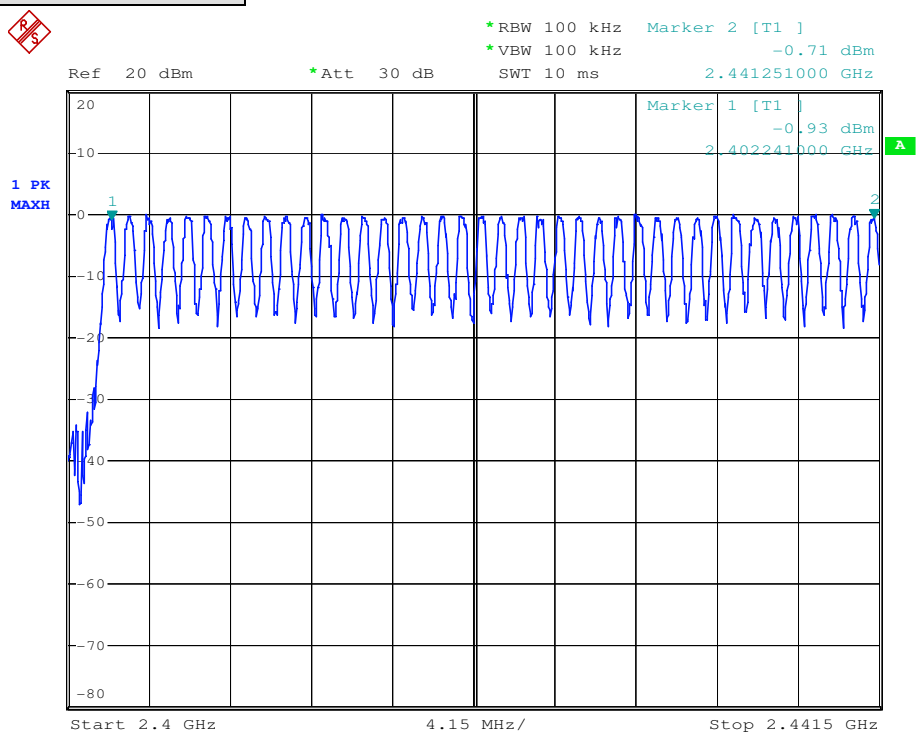
Limit: At least 15 channels

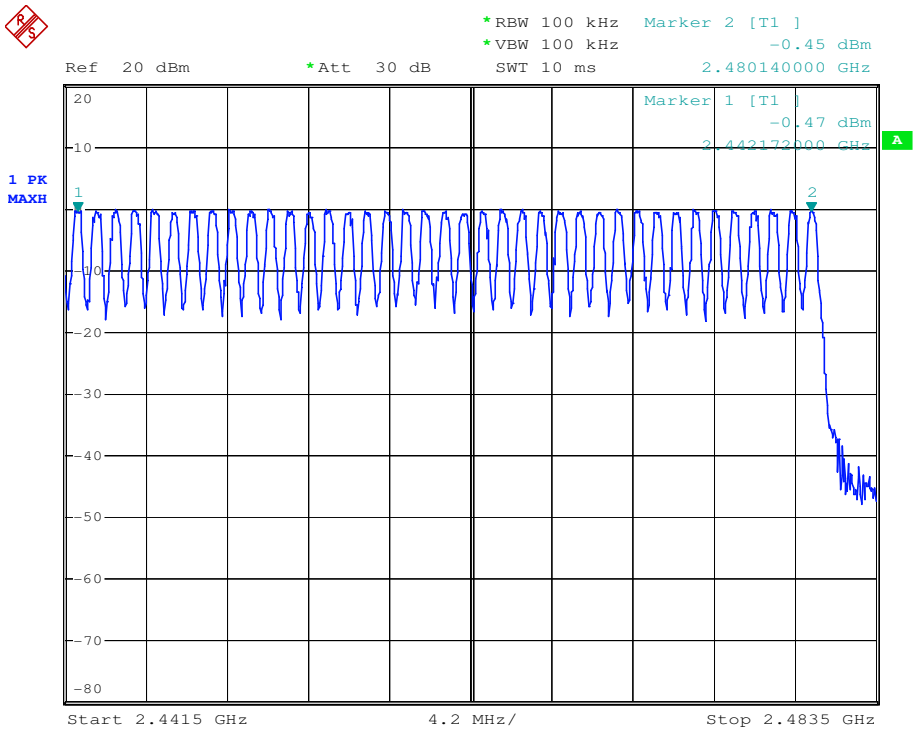
Test Data:

Mode	Hopping channel numbers	Limit	Test Result
GFSK	79	≥15	Pass
π/4DQPSK	79		Pass

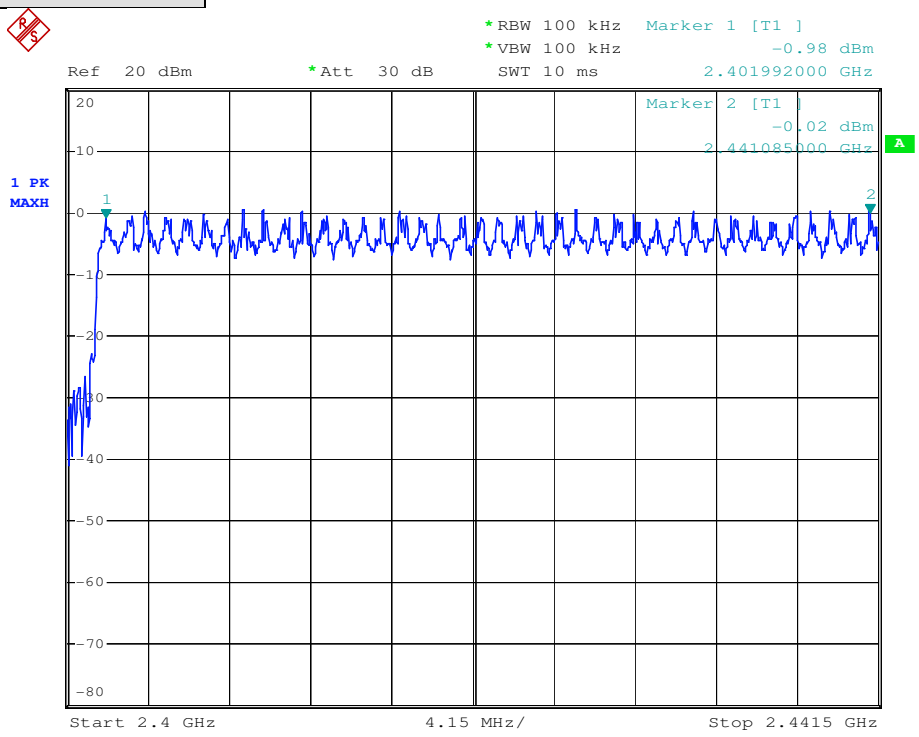
Test plot as follows:

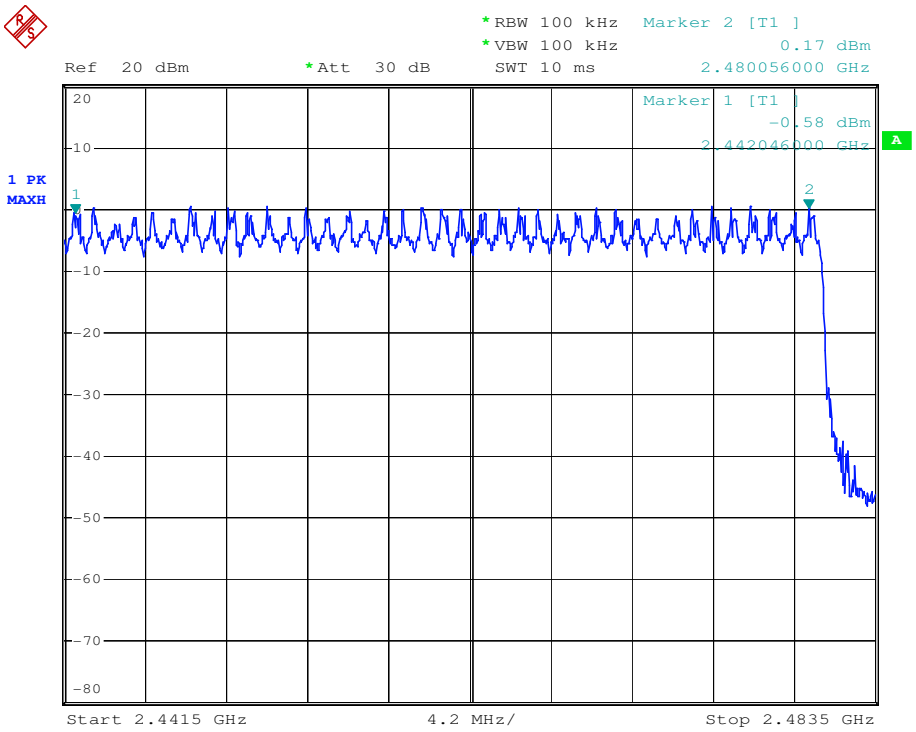
Test mode: GFSK





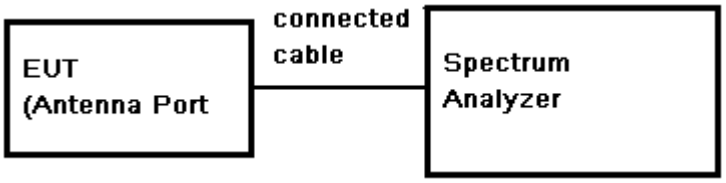
Test mode: π/4DQPSK





7.9 Dwell Time

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum. Keep EUT in Hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation.
2) Set spectrum analyzer span = 0. centered on a hopping channel;
3) Use Emission width * No. of Hopping Channels in 31.6s to determine the dwell time.

Limit:

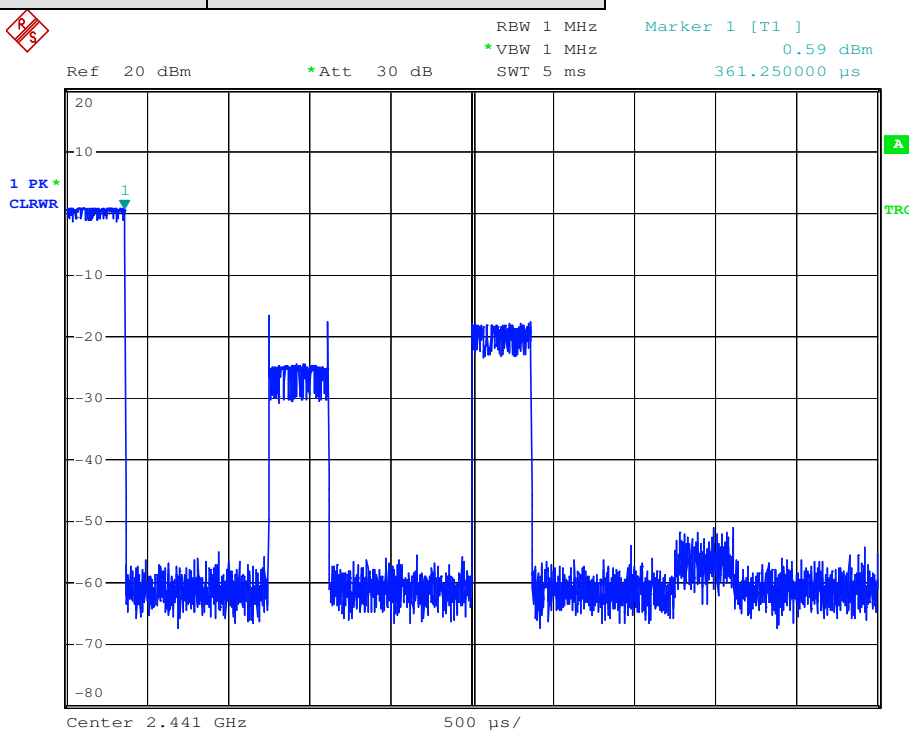
Regulation 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

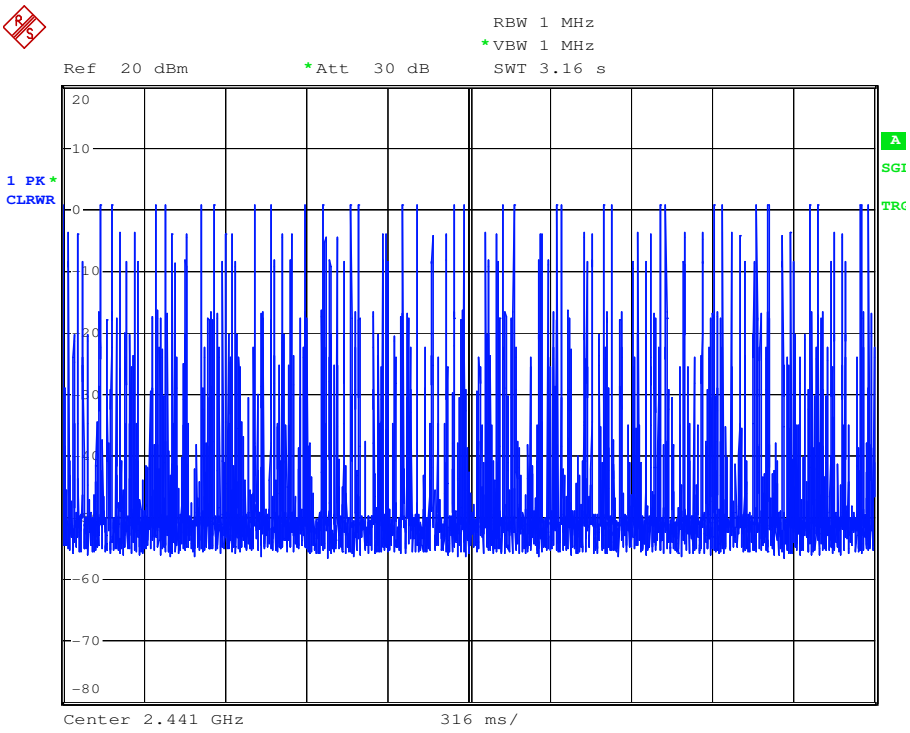
Test Data:

Test Mode	Test Frequency	Packet	Emission Width (ms)	Number of Hopping Channel in 31.6s	Average Occupancy Time (s)	Limit(s)	Test Result
GFSK	2441	DH1	0.361	320	0.116	0.4	Pass
		DH3	1.615	160	0.258		Pass
		DH5	2.863	110	0.315		Pass
π/4DQPSK		2DH1	0.363	320	0.116		Pass
		2DH3	1.625	160	0.260		Pass
		2DH5	2.852	110	0.314		Pass

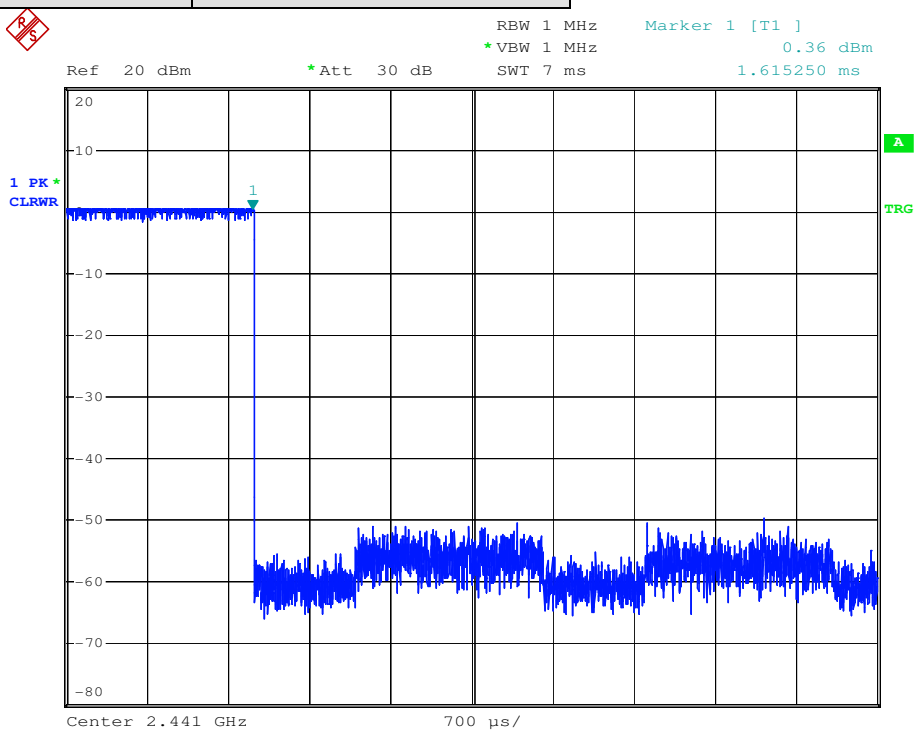
Test plot as follows:

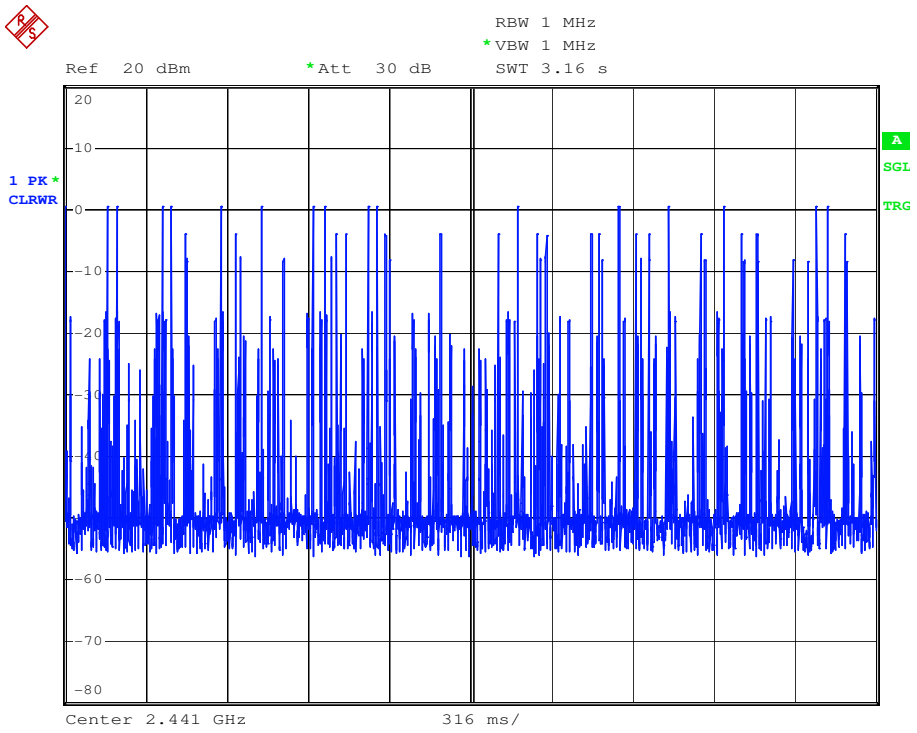
Test mode:GFSK-DH1	Test channel:2441



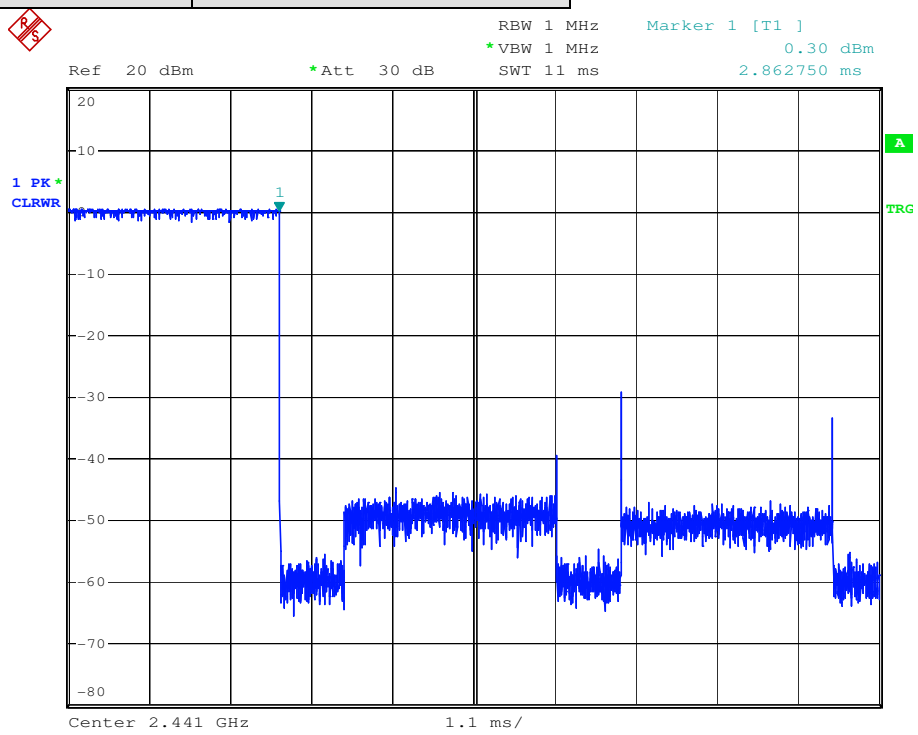


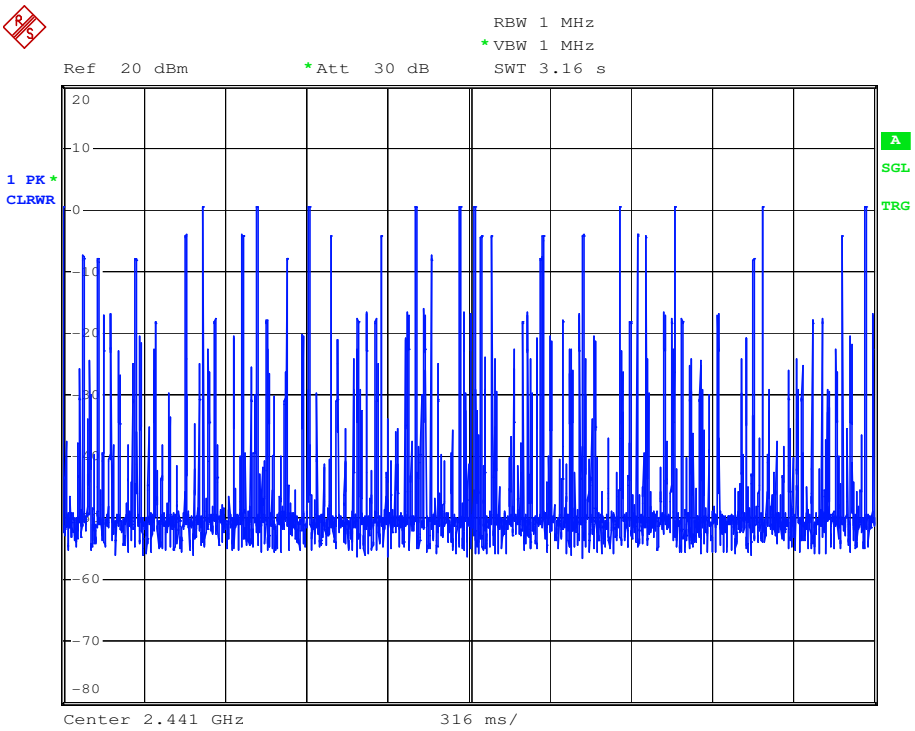
Test mode:GFSK-DH3	Test channel:2441



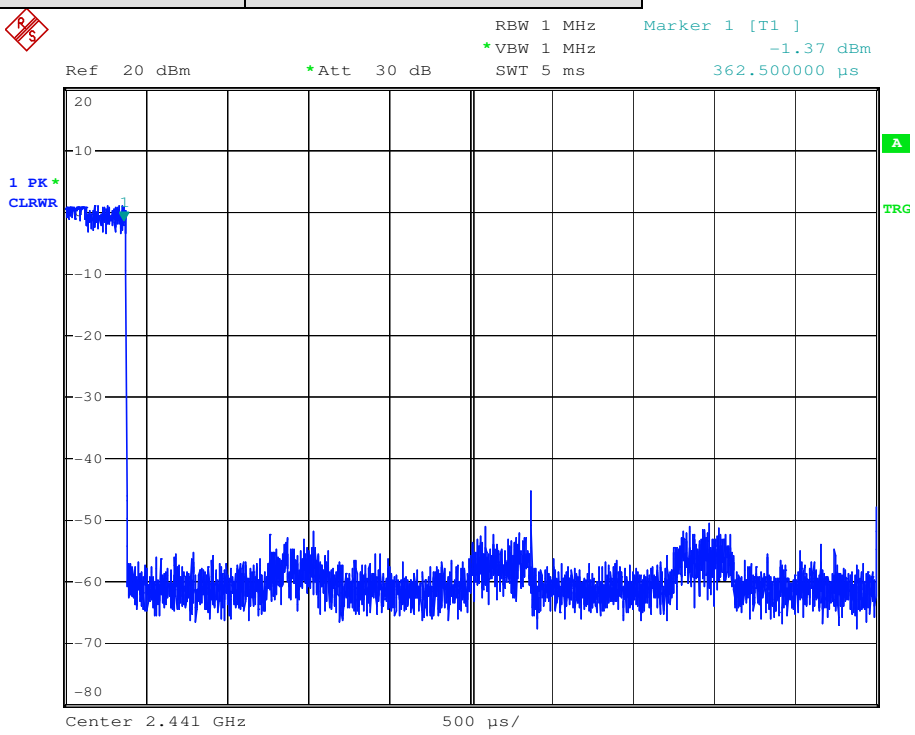


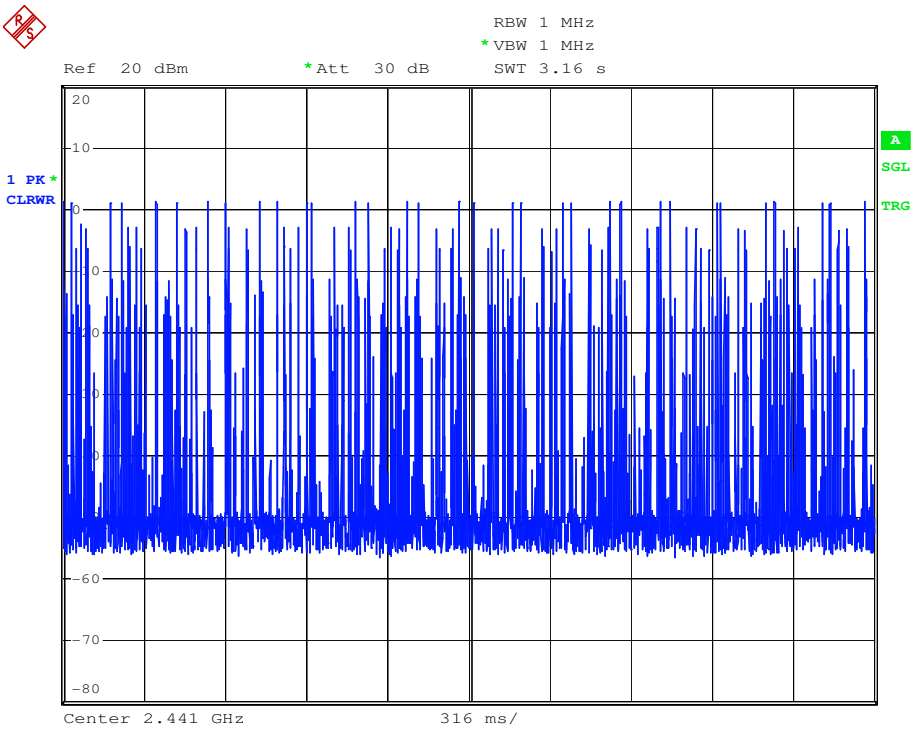
Test mode:GFSK-DH5	Test channel:2441



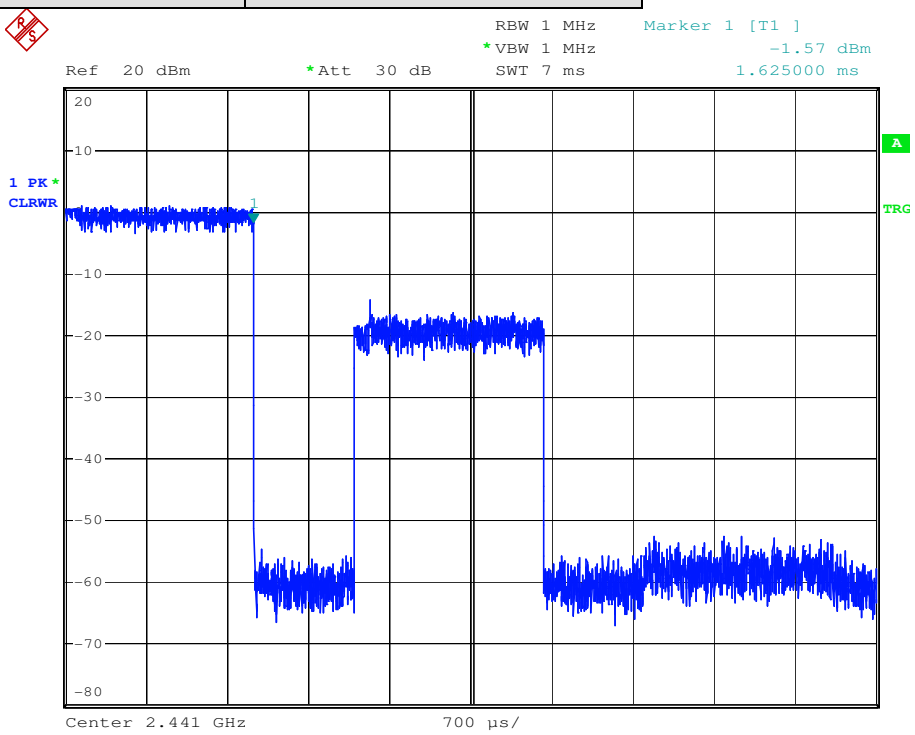


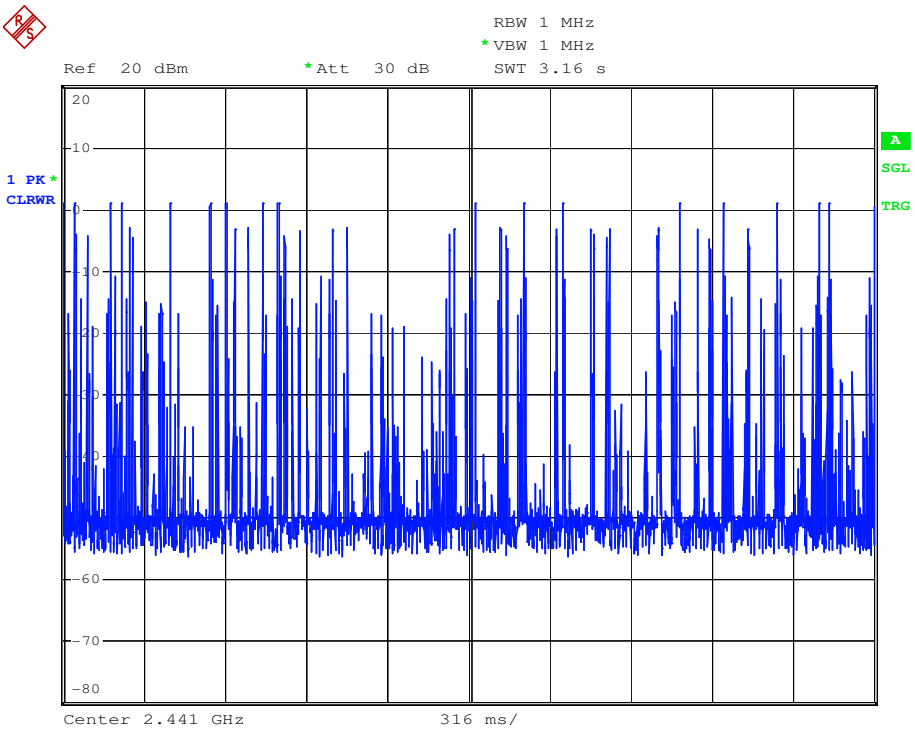
Test mode: π/4DQPSK -2DH1	Test channel:2441



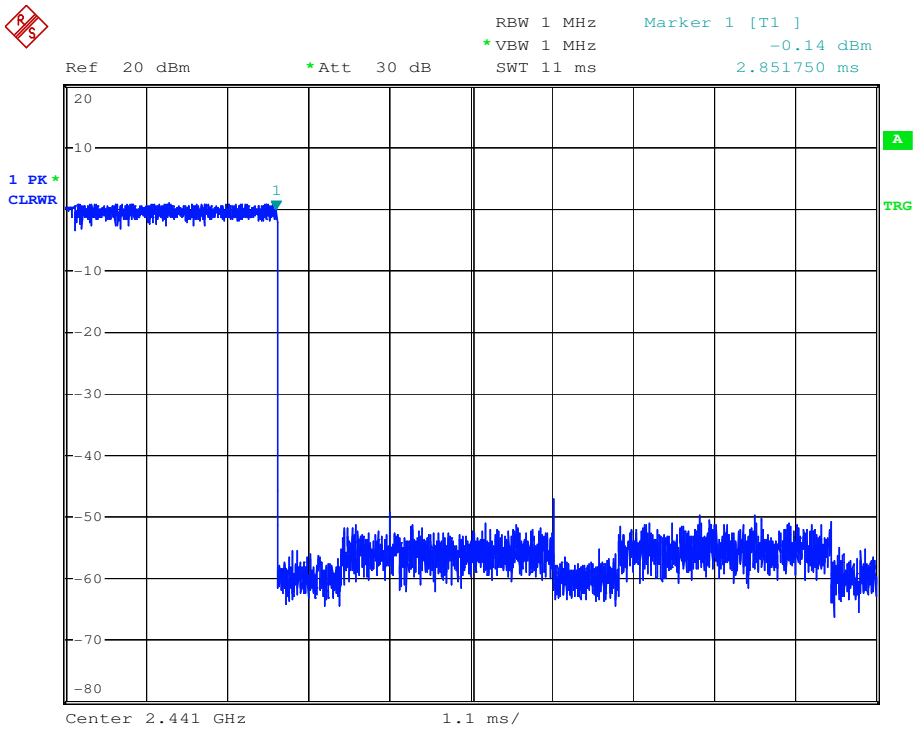


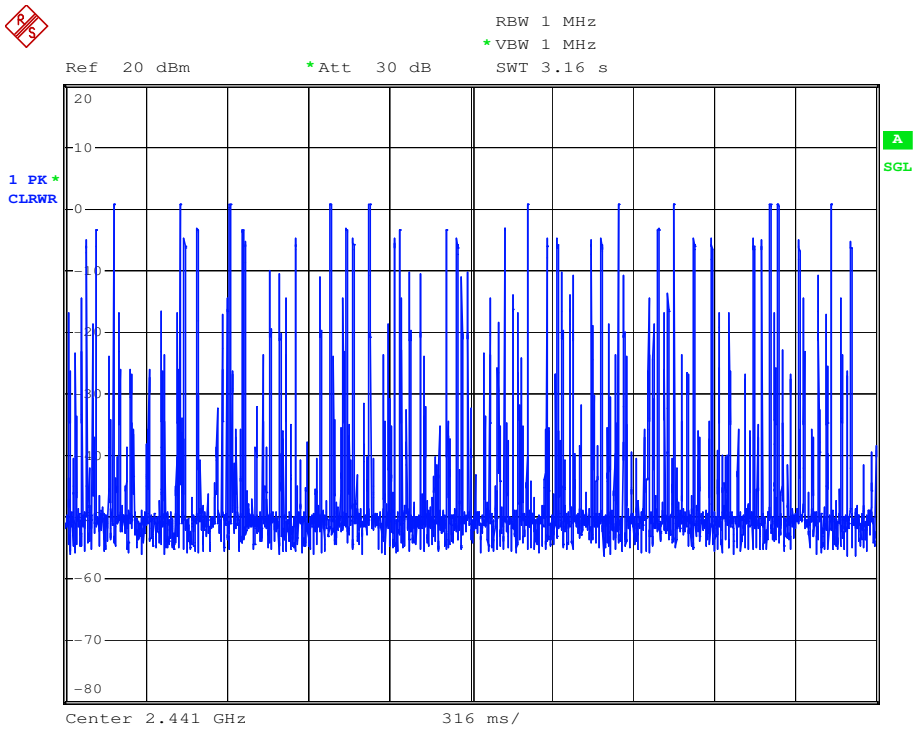
Test mode: π/4DQPSK -2DH3	Test channel:2441





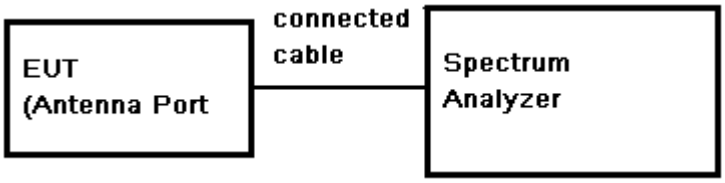
Test mode: π/4DQPSK -2DH5	Test channel:2441





7.10 Conducted Spurious Emissions and Band-edge

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure: 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.

2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100KHz. VBW >= RBW. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak (Max. hold).

Limit: (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

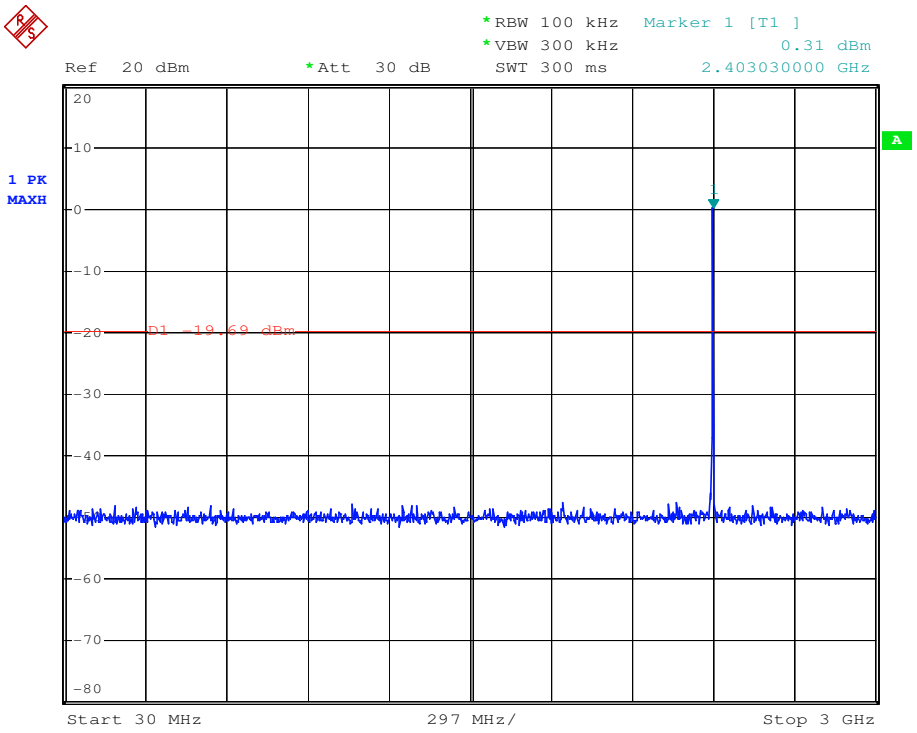
Test Result: Pass

7.10.1 Conducted spurious emission

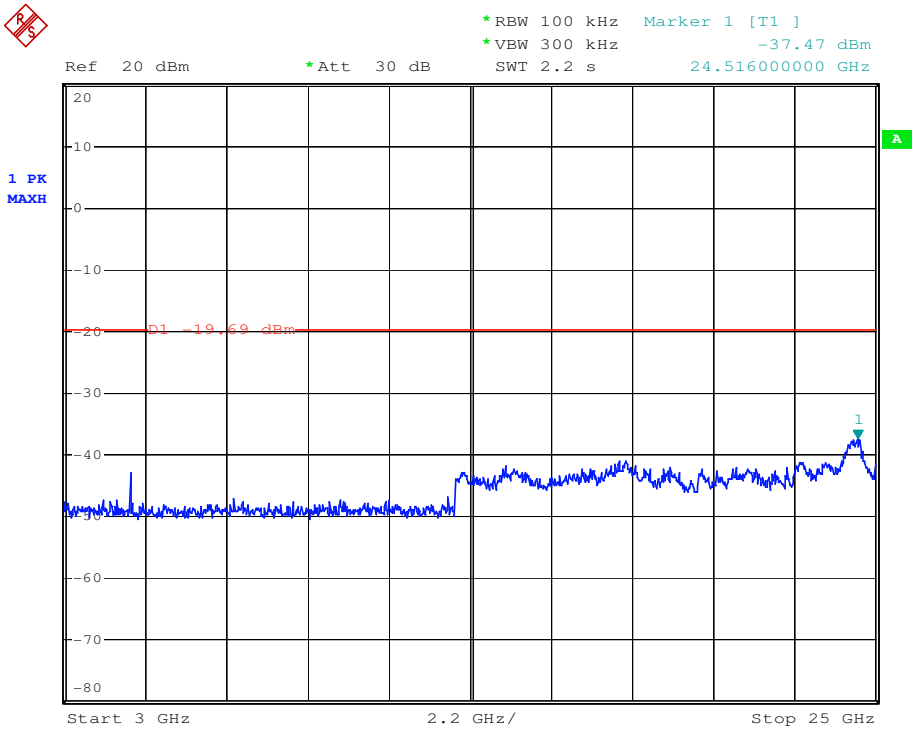
Test plot as follows:

Test mode: GFSK	Test channel: 2402

30MHz-3GHz:

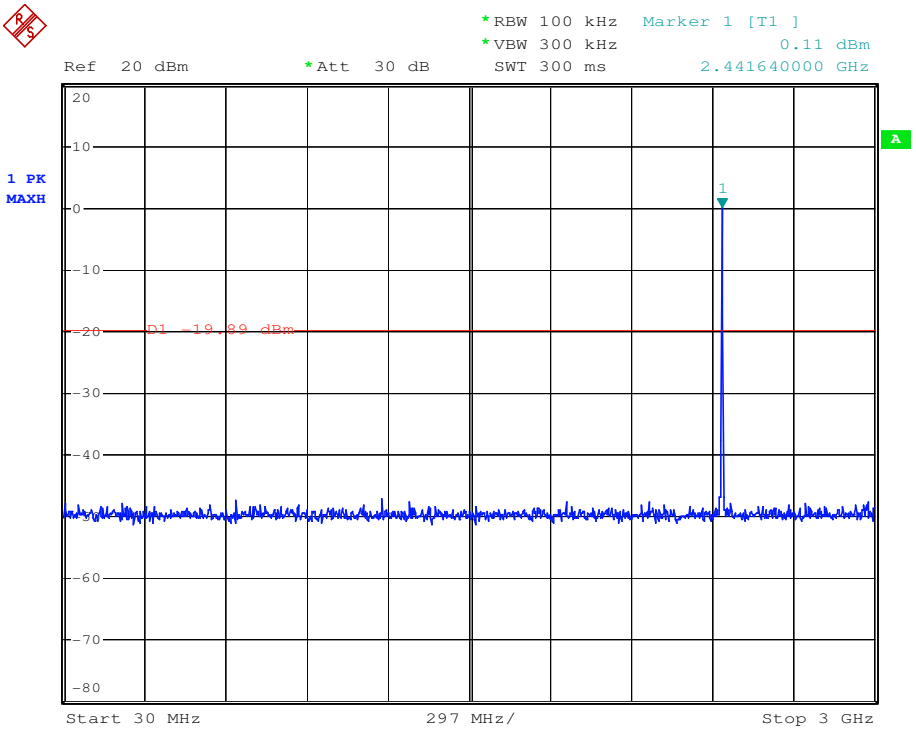


3GHz-25GHz:

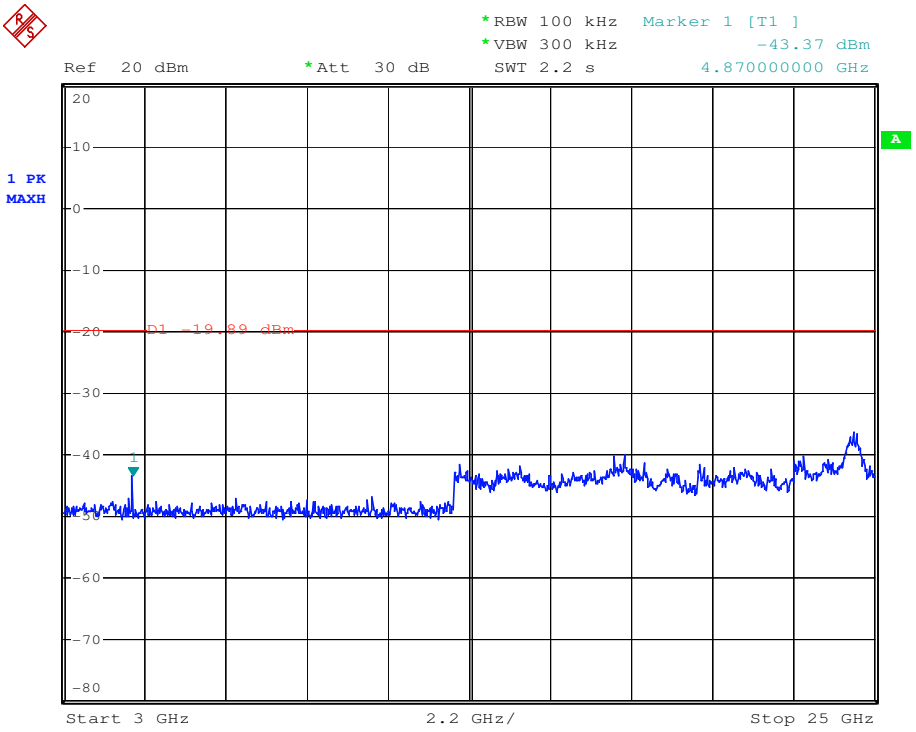


Test mode: GFSK	Test channel: 2441

30MHz-3GHz:

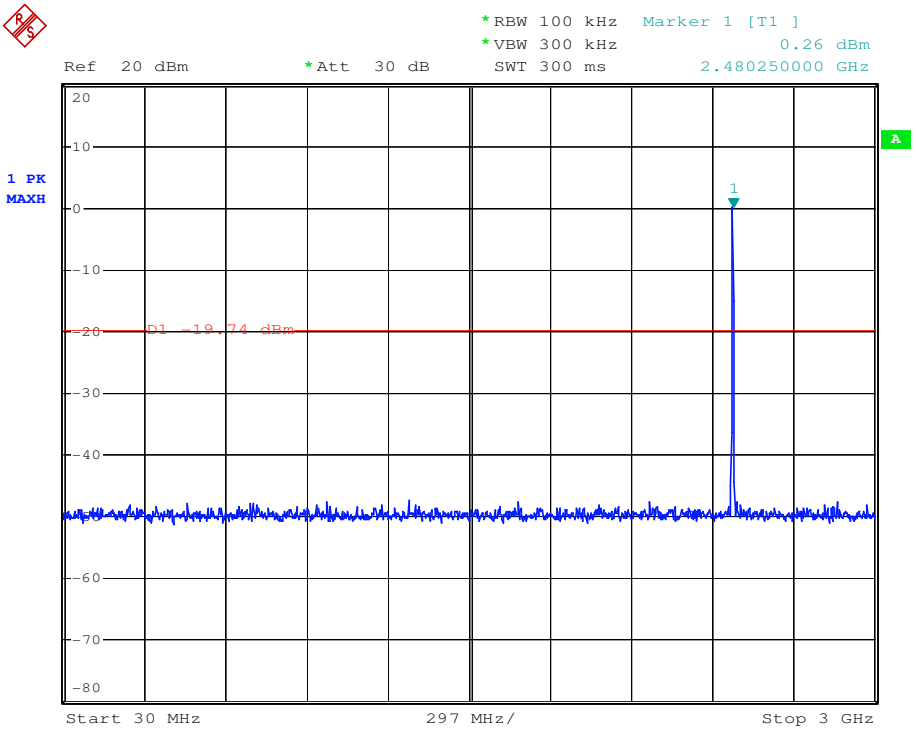


3GHz-25GHz:

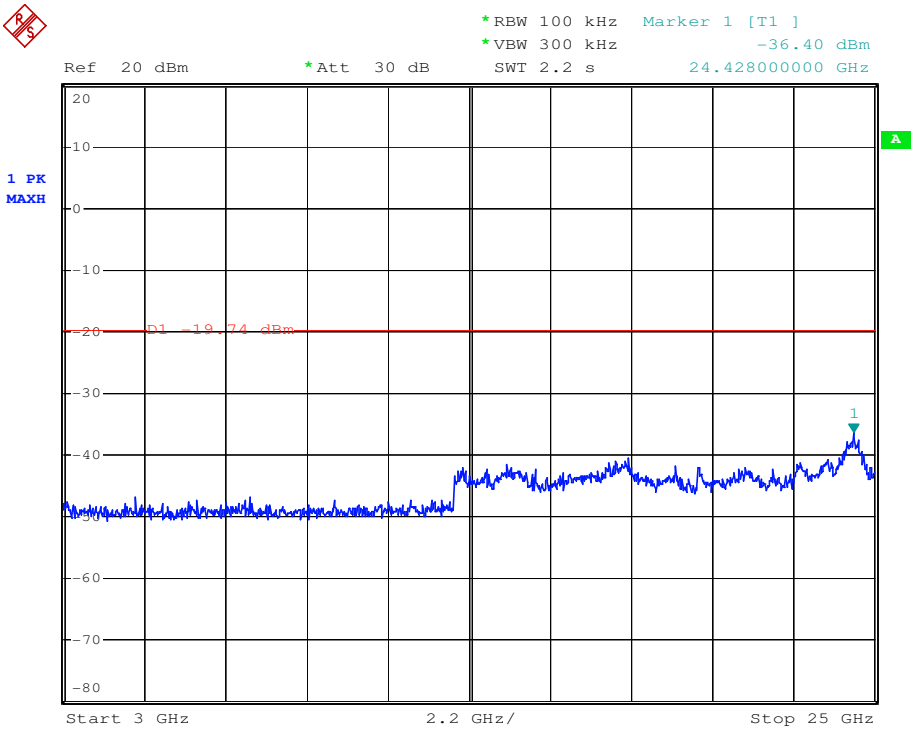


Test mode: GFSK	Test channel: 2480

30MHz-3GHz:

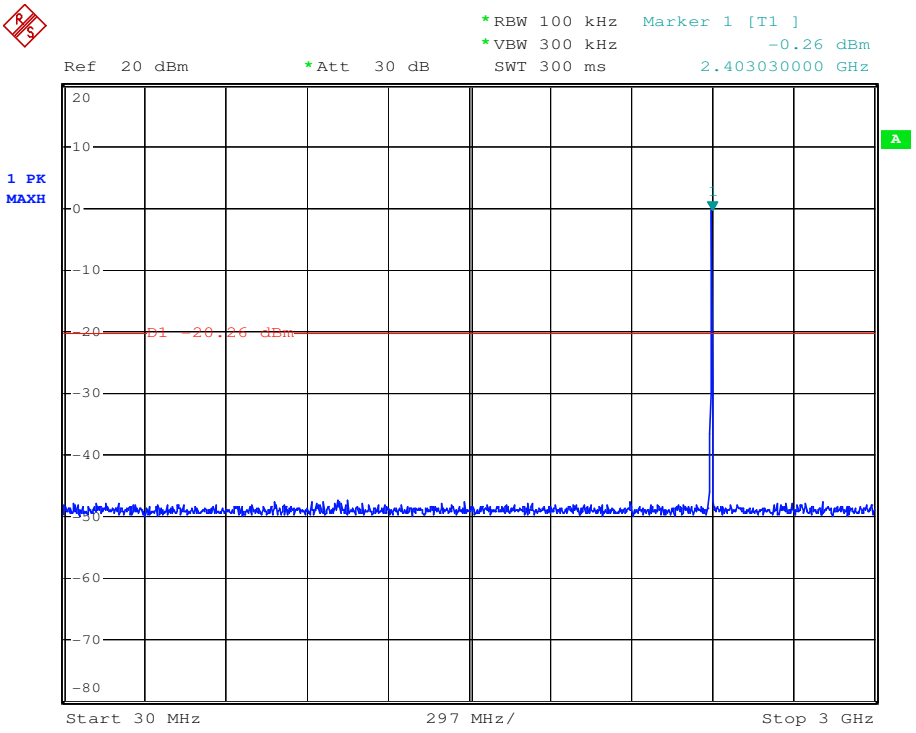


3GHz-25GHz:

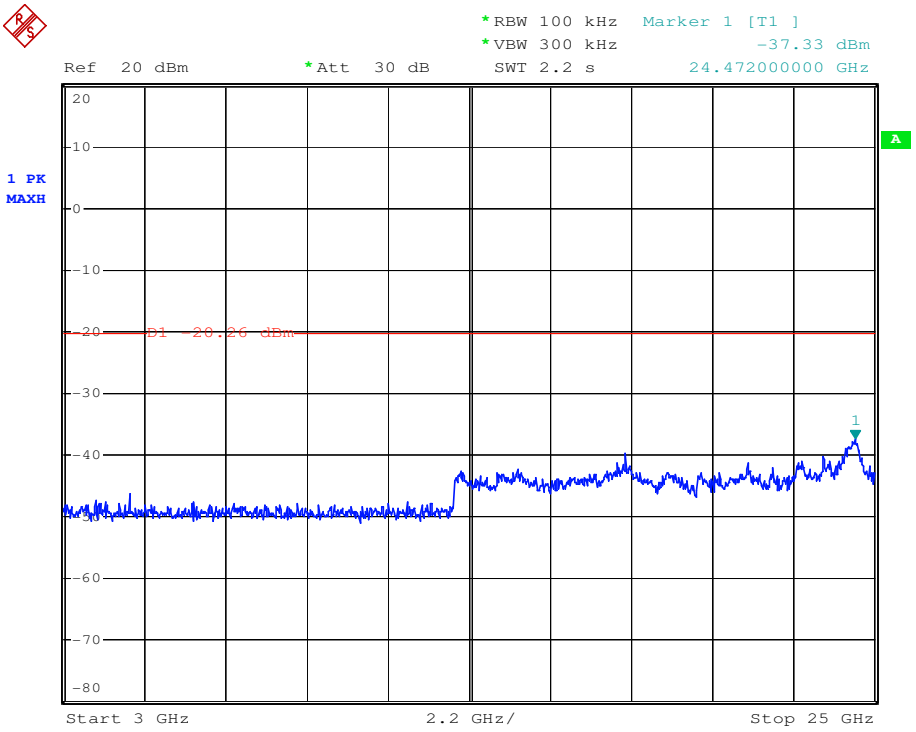


Test mode: π/4DQPSK		Test channel: 2402

30MHz-3GHz:

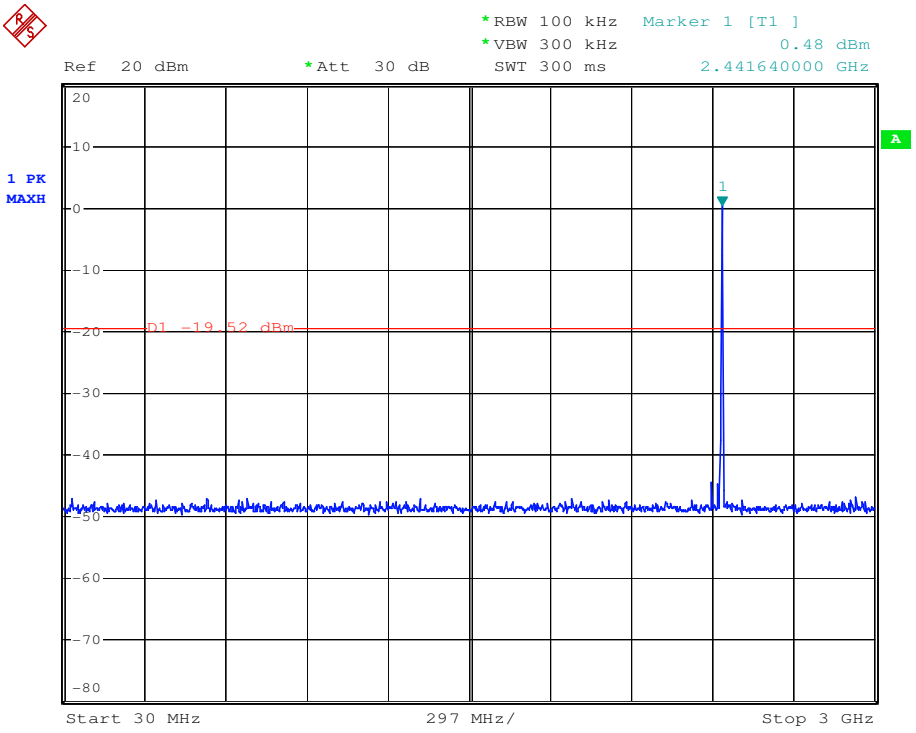


3GHz-25GHz:

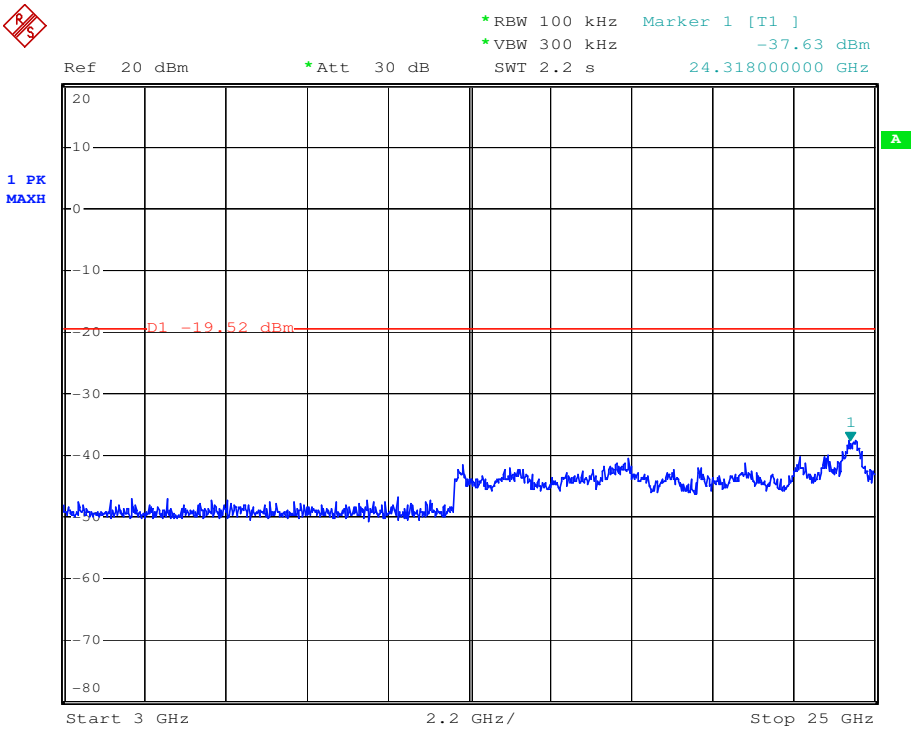


Test mode: π/4DQPSK	Test channel: 2441

30MHz-3GHz:

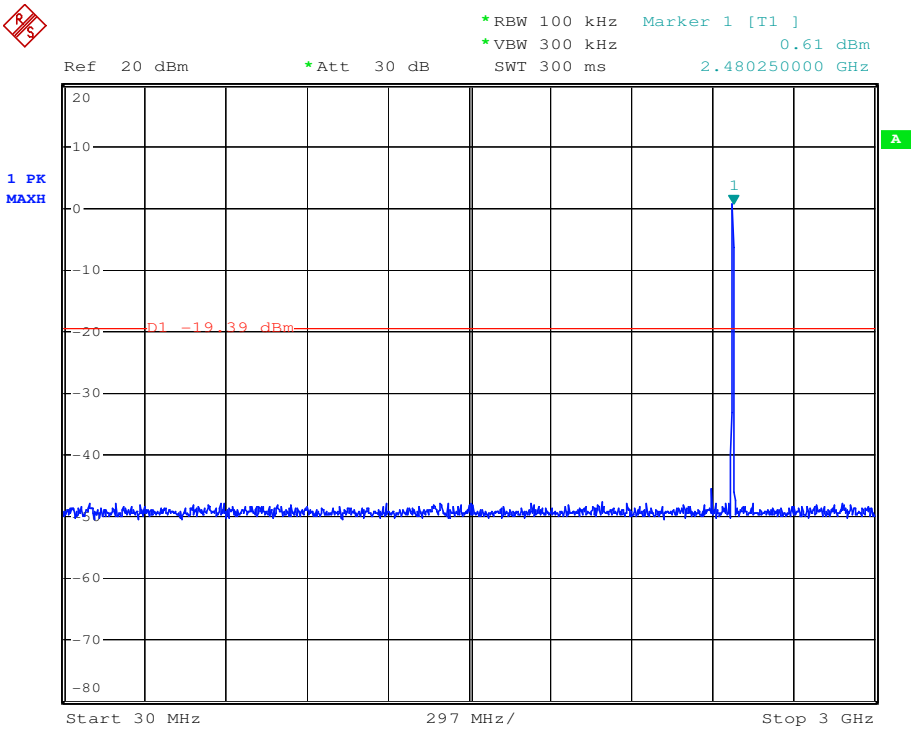


3GHz-25GHz:

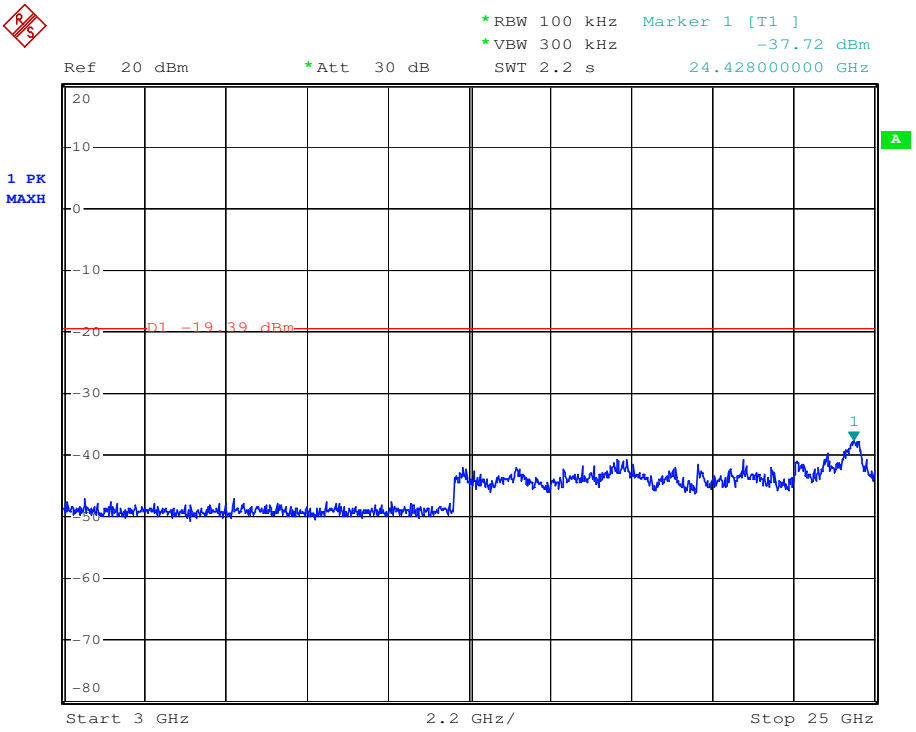


Test mode: π/4DQPSK	Test channel: 2480

30MHz-3GHz:



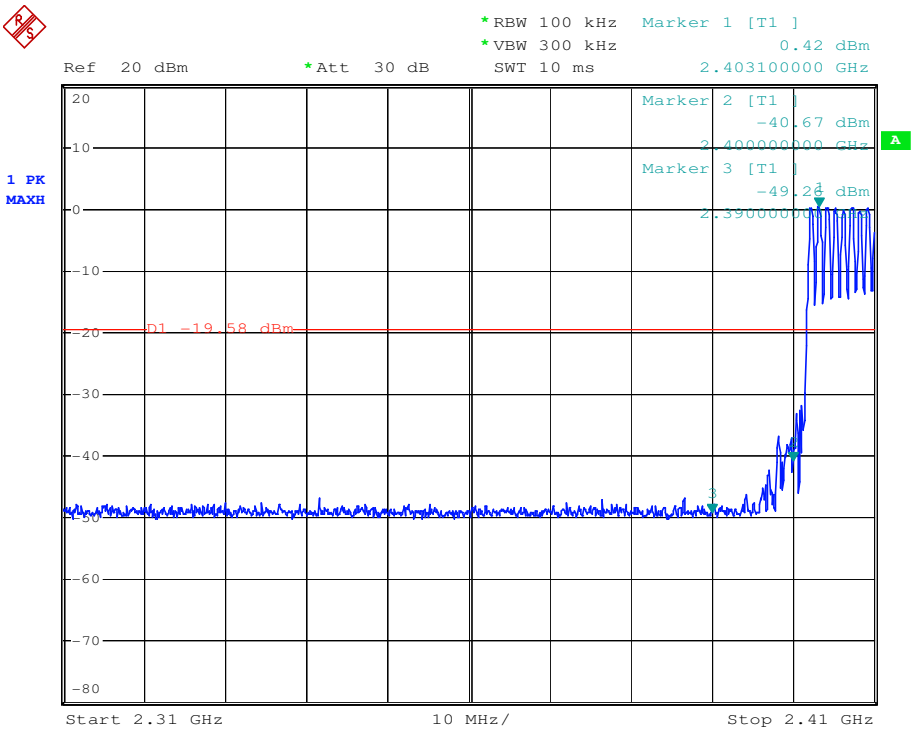
3GHz-25GHz:

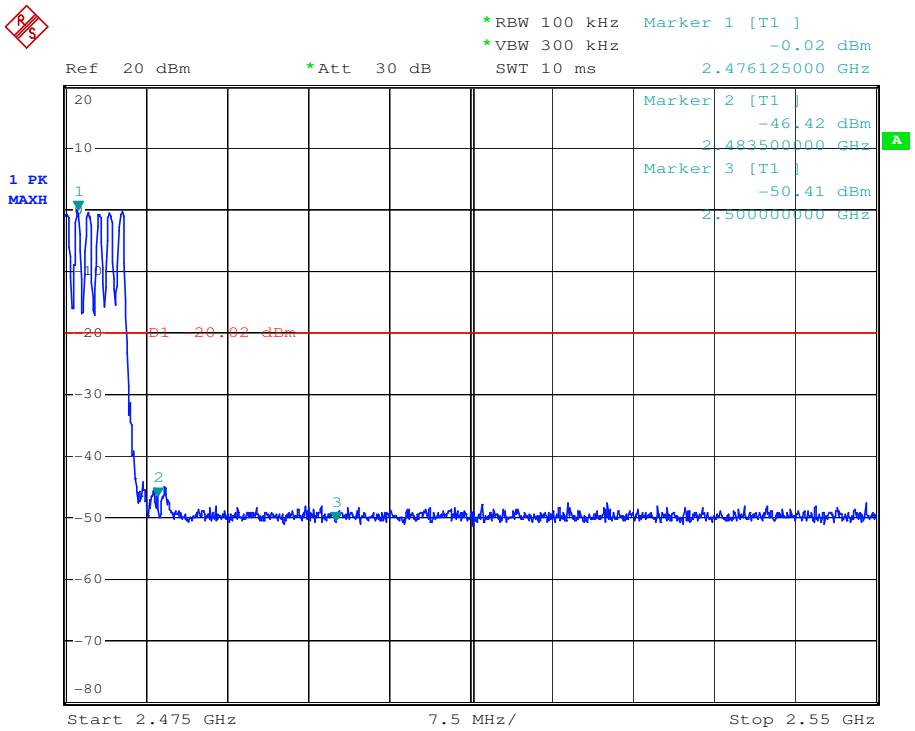


7.10.2 Conducted Band-edge

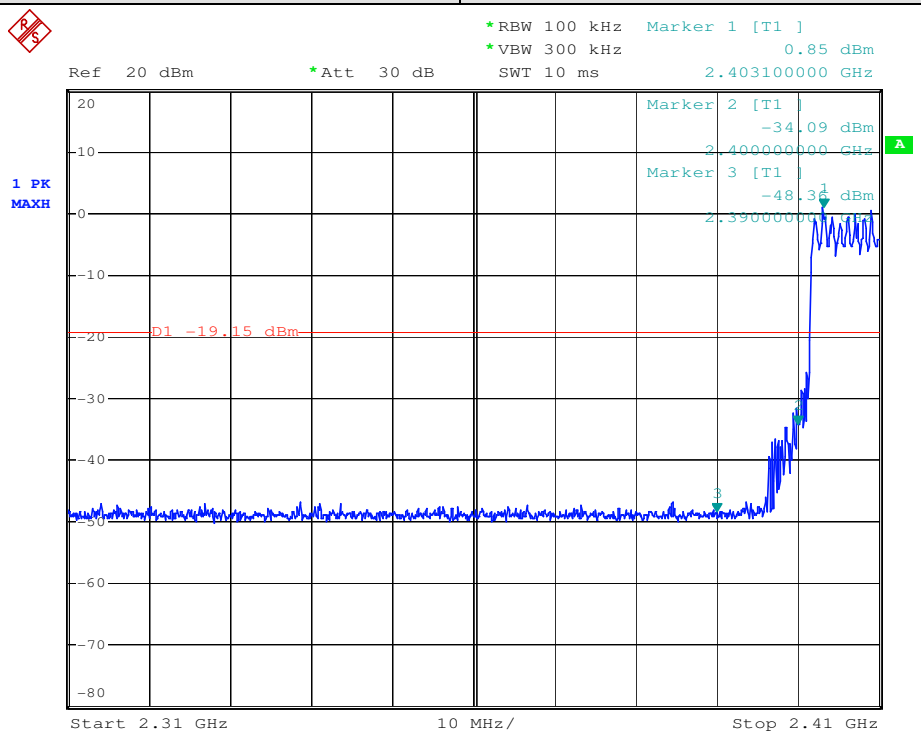
Test plot as follows:

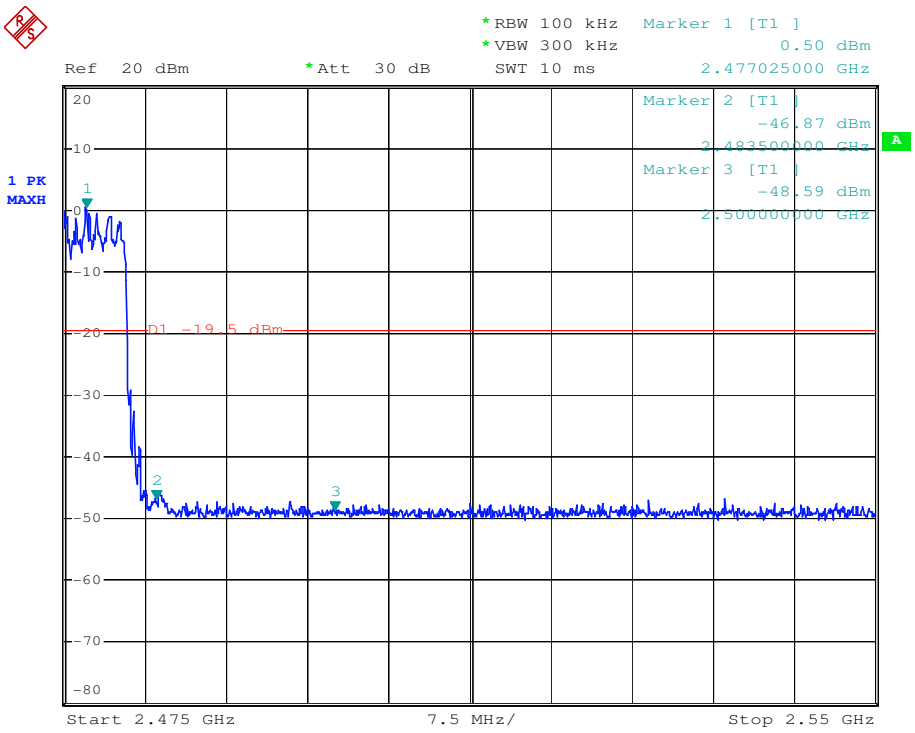
Test mode: GFSK	Hopping enabled



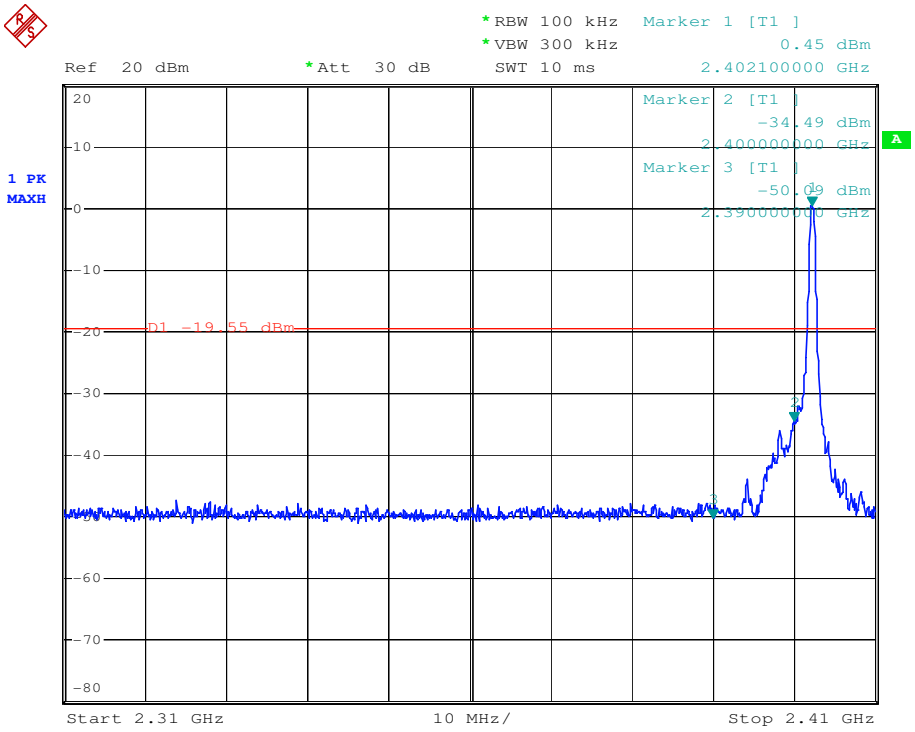


Test mode: π/4DQPSK	Hopping enabled

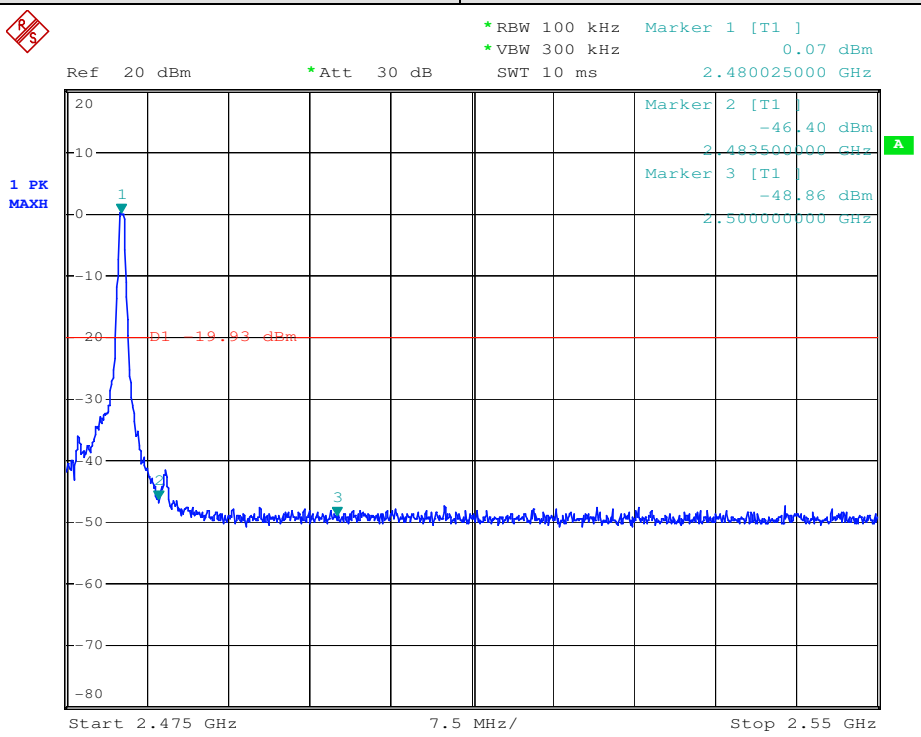




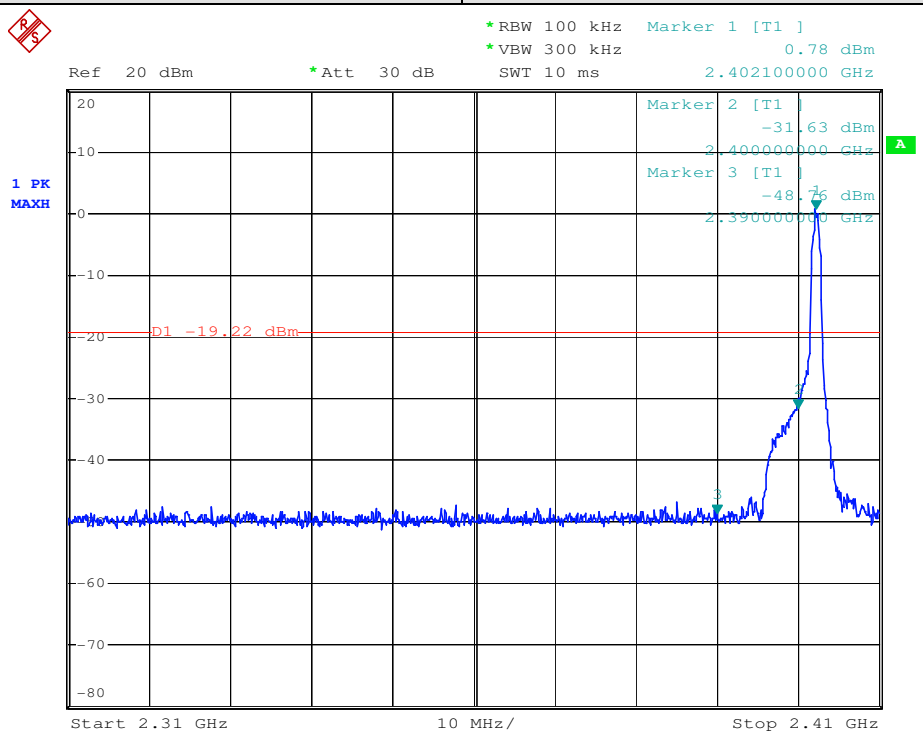
Test mode: GFSK	Test channel: Hopping disabled- 2402



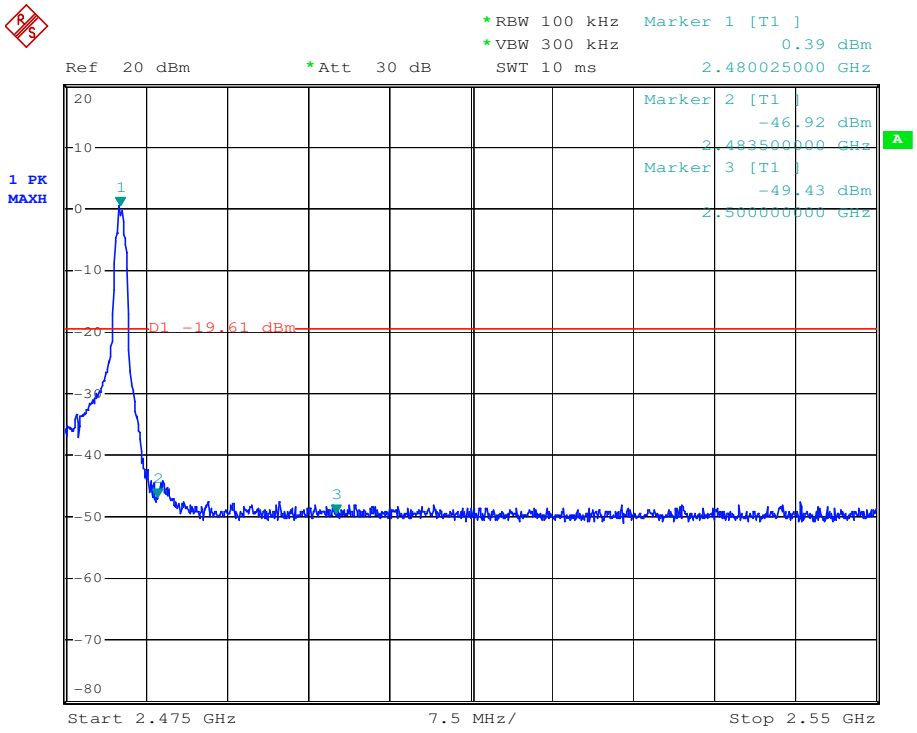
Test mode: GFSK	Test channel: Hopping disabled- 2480



Test mode: π/4DQPSK	Test channel: Hopping disabled- 2402



Test mode: π/4DQPSK	Test channel: Hopping disabled- 2480



7.11 Radiated Spurious Emissions and Band-edge

Frequency Range: 9KHz to 25GHz

Test site/setup: Measurement Distance: 3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)
Test instrumentation set-up:

Frequency Range	Detector	RBW	VBW
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Peak	10kHz	30kHz
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Average	10kHz	30kHz
0.090MHz-0.110MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Peak	10kHz	30kHz
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Average	10kHz	30kHz
0.490MHz -30MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz
30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	100kHz	300kHz
Above 1GHz	Peak	RBW=1MHz	VBW≥RBW
	Average		VBW=10Hz

Sweep=Auto

15.209 Limit:

Frequency	Limit (dBuV/m)
0.009MHz-0.490MHz	128.5 ~ 93.8
0.490MHz-1.705MHz	73.8 ~63.0
1.705MHz-30MHz	69.5
30MHz-88MHz	40.0
88MHz-216MHz	43.5
216MHz-960MHz	46.0
960MHz-1GHz	54.0
Above 1GHz	54.0

Note: 15.35(b), Unless otherwise specified, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device.

Test Configuration: Receive antenna scan height 1 m - 4 m. polarization Vertical / Horizontal

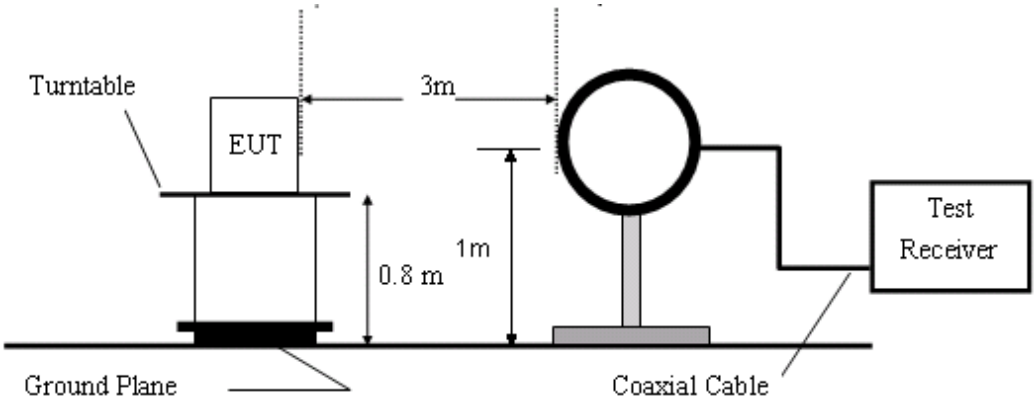


Figure1. Below 30MHz radiated emissions test configuration

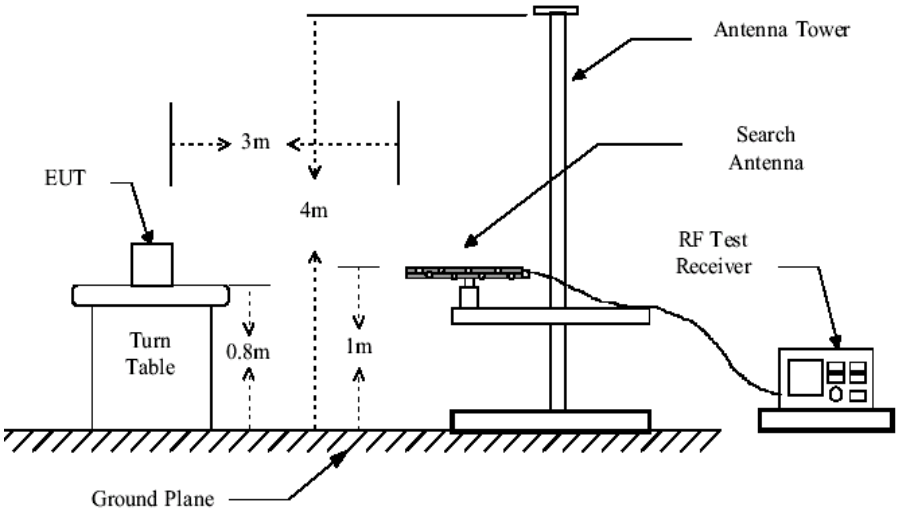


Figure2. 30MHz to 1GHz radiated emissions test configuration

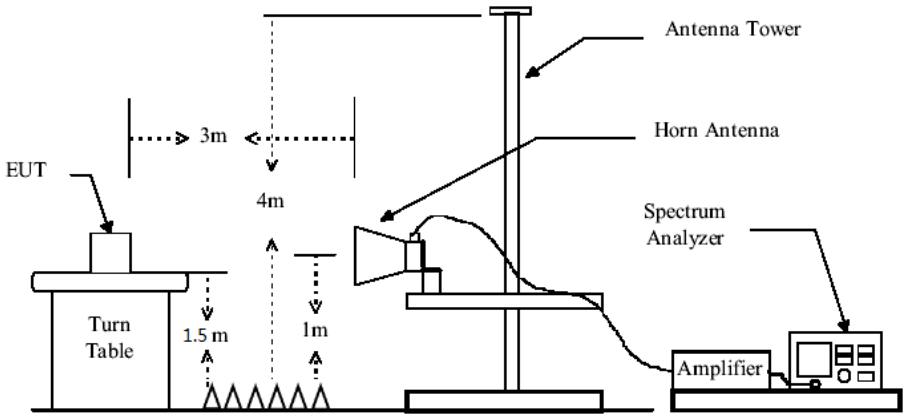


Figure3. Above 1GHz radiated emissions test configuration

Test Procedure:

1) The procedure used was ANSI Standard C63.10. The receiver was scanned from 9KHz to 25GHz.When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. An initial pre-scan was performed for in peak detection mode using the receiver. The EUT was measured for both the Horizontal and Vertical polarities and performed a pre-test three orthogonal planes. For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. The worst case emissions were reported.
2) Low noise amplifier was used below 1GHz, High pass Filter was used above 3GHz. Between 1G and 3GHz, we did not use any amplifier or filter.
3) Pre-test was performed on all modes, Compliance test was performed on worse case (GFSK mode).
   a) Below 30 MHz, Test were performed for their spatial orthogonal(X, Y, Z), the worst test data (X orthogonal) was submitted.
   b) For this intentional radiator operates below 25 GHz. the spectrum shall be investigated to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency. And above the third harmonic of this intentional radiator, the disturbance is very low. So the test result only displays to 5rd harmonic.
   c) As shown in Section, for frequencies above 1000MHz. the above field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation.
4) No spurious emissions were detected within 20dB of limit below 30MHz.

Test Result: Pass

7.11.1 Radiated Spurious Emissions

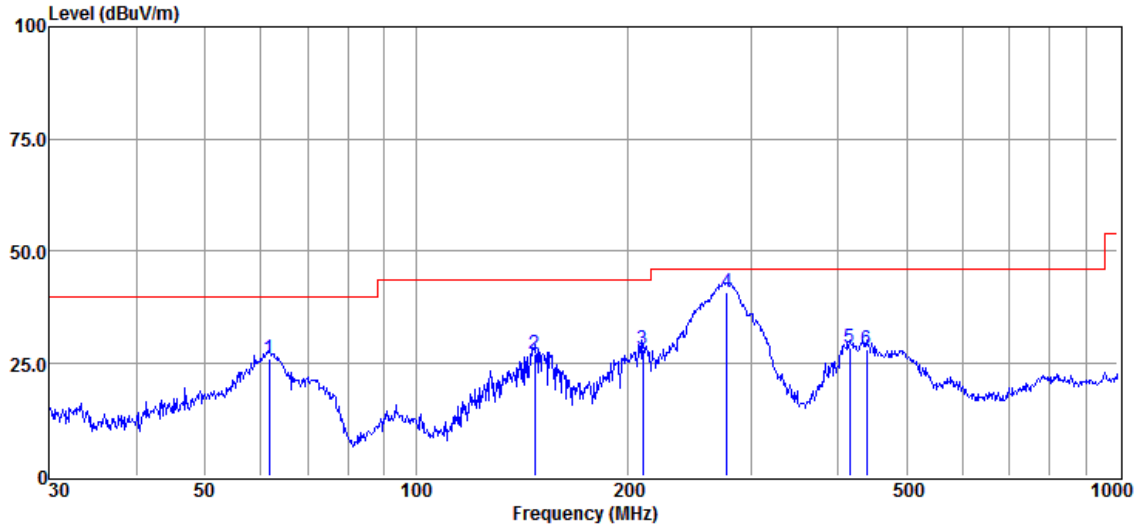
30MHz-1GHz:

lowest Channel

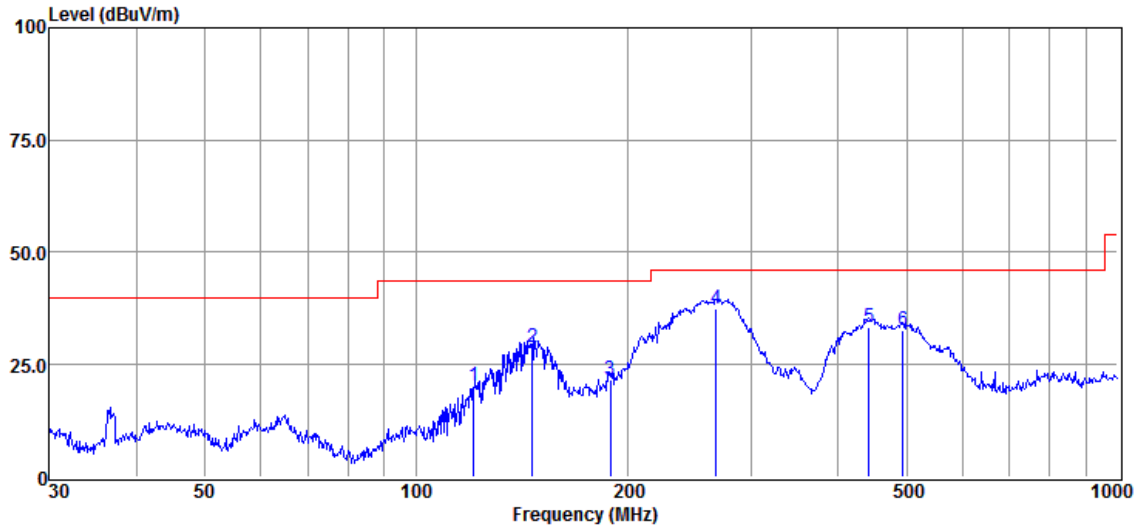
Item	Freq.	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Preamp Factor	Cable Loss	Result Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Detector	Polarization
(Mark)	(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)		
1	120.87	50.89	11.81	43.54	1.22	20.38	43.50	-23.12	QP	Horizontal
2	146.47	58.31	12.62	43.49	1.35	28.79	43.50	-14.71	QP	Horizontal
3	189.01	52.30	11.08	43.43	1.54	21.49	43.50	-22.01	QP	Horizontal
4	268.01	66.60	12.28	43.34	1.90	37.44	46.00	-8.56	QP	Horizontal
5	441.63	57.59	16.41	43.21	2.56	33.35	46.00	-12.65	QP	Horizontal
6	493.85	55.79	17.16	43.18	2.74	32.51	46.00	-13.49	QP	Horizontal
1	61.73	56.63	12.31	43.71	0.80	26.03	40.00	-13.97	QP	Vertical
2	147.69	56.71	12.68	43.49	1.36	27.26	43.50	-16.24	QP	Vertical
3	210.38	59.72	10.20	43.40	1.69	28.21	43.50	-15.29	QP	Vertical
4	277.45	70.17	12.23	43.33	1.96	41.03	46.00	-4.97	QP	Vertical
5	415.09	53.57	15.55	43.23	2.49	28.38	46.00	-17.62	QP	Vertical
6	439.02	52.67	16.32	43.21	2.55	28.33	46.00	-17.67	QP	Vertical

Result Level = Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable loss - Preamp Factor

Below is the plot of worst case on lowest channel:
Vertical:



Horizontal:



Above 1GHz:

Lowest Channel(2402MHz)

Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Emission (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	4804	36.61	6.18	42.79	54	-11.21	peak	Horizontal
2	7206	37.82	10.63	48.45	54	-5.55	peak	Horizontal
3	9608	34.14	14.38	48.52	54	-5.48	peak	Horizontal
4	4804	35.92	6.18	42.1	54	-11.9	peak	Vertical
5	7206	35.85	10.63	46.48	54	-7.52	peak	Vertical
6	9608	32.25	14.38	46.63	54	-7.37	peak	Vertical

Middle Channel(2441MHz)

Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Emission (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	4882	34.24	7	41.24	54	-12.76	peak	Horizontal
2	7323	37.2	11.13	48.33	54	-5.67	peak	Horizontal
3	9764	34.03	14.36	48.39	54	-5.61	peak	Horizontal
4	4882	34.61	7	41.61	54	-12.39	peak	Vertical
5	7323	35.38	11.13	46.51	54	-7.49	peak	Vertical
6	9764	31.57	14.36	45.93	54	-8.07	peak	Vertical

Highest Channel(2480MHz)

Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Emission (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	4960	35.68	7.49	43.17	54	-10.83	peak	Horizontal
2	7440	37.5	11.65	49.15	54	-4.85	peak	Horizontal
3	9920	34.15	14.4	48.55	54	-5.45	peak	Horizontal
4	4960	36.44	7.49	43.93	54	-10.07	peak	Vertical
5	7440	37.28	11.65	48.93	54	-5.07	peak	Vertical
6	9920	32.85	14.4	47.25	54	-6.75	peak	Vertical

Remark: 1) Emission = Receiver Reading + Factor

2) Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Pre-amplifier Factor.

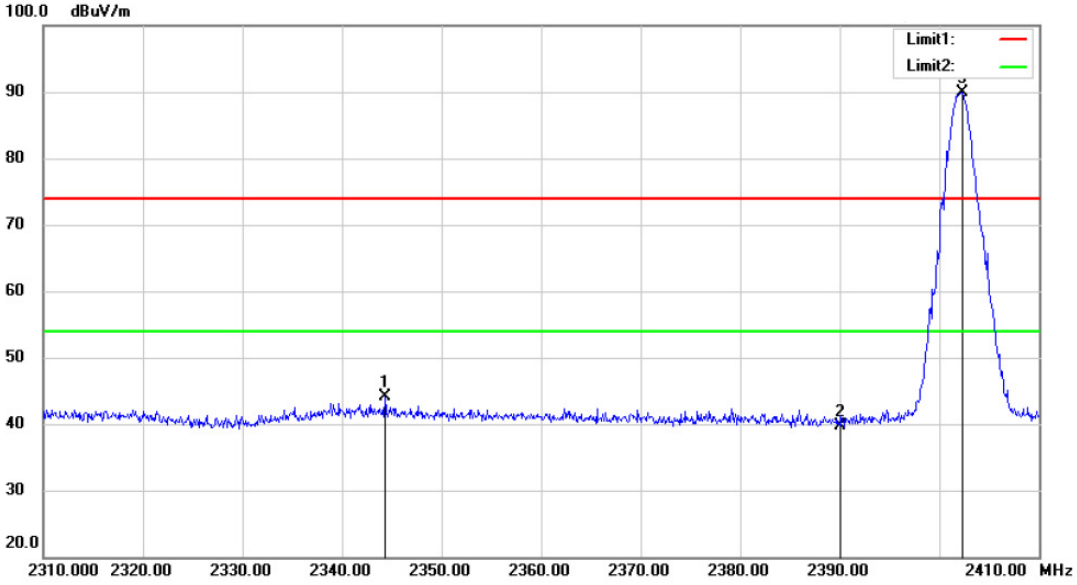
3) If the Peak value below the AV Limit, the AV test doesn't perform for this submission.

7.11.2 Radiated Band edge

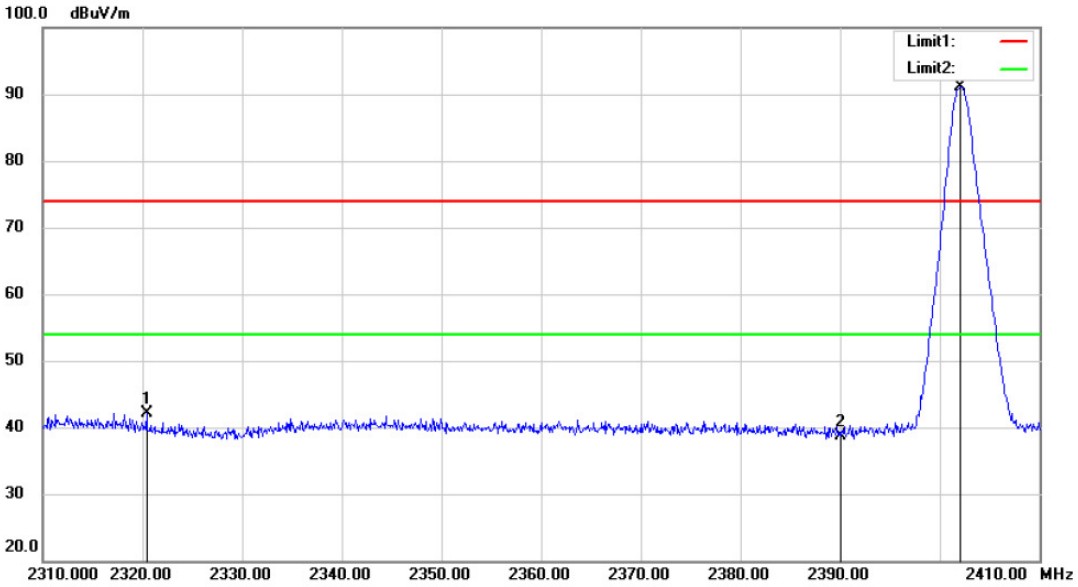
Lowest Channel(2402MHz) **Modulation: GFSK**

MK.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Corrected factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	2344.3	47.84	-3.75	44.09	54	-9.91	Peak	Vertical
2	2390	43.56	-3.89	39.67	54	-14.33	Peak	Vertical
	2402.3	93.75	-3.92	89.83	54	35.83	Peak	Vertical
1	2320.4	45.87	-3.68	42.19	54	-11.81	Peak	Horizontal
2	2390	42.54	-3.89	38.65	54	-15.35	Peak	Horizontal
	2402.1	95.1	-3.92	91.18	54	37.18	Peak	Horizontal

Vertical:



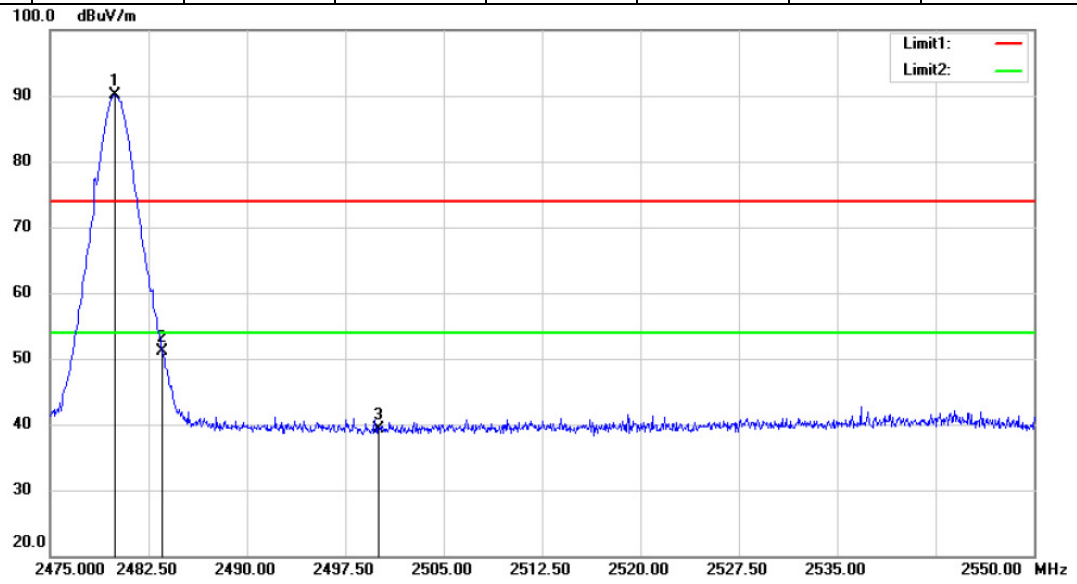
Horizontal:



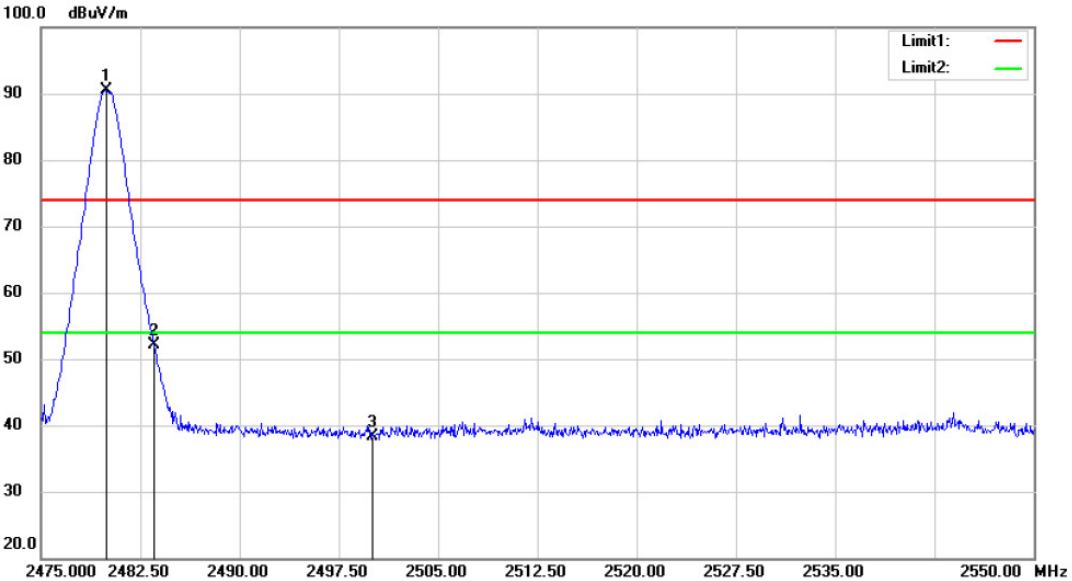
Highest Channel(2480MHz) **Modulation: GFSK**

MK.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Corrected factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	2479.95	94.09	-4	90.09	54	36.09	Peak	Vertical
2	2483.5	55.19	-4.01	51.18	54	-2.82	Peak	Vertical
3	2500	43.41	-4.03	39.38	54	-14.62	Peak	Vertical
1	2479.95	94.5	-4	90.5	54	36.5	Peak	Horizontal
2	2483.5	56.03	-4.01	52.02	54	-1.98	Peak	Horizontal
3	2500	42.43	-4.03	38.4	54	-15.6	Peak	Horizontal

Vertical:



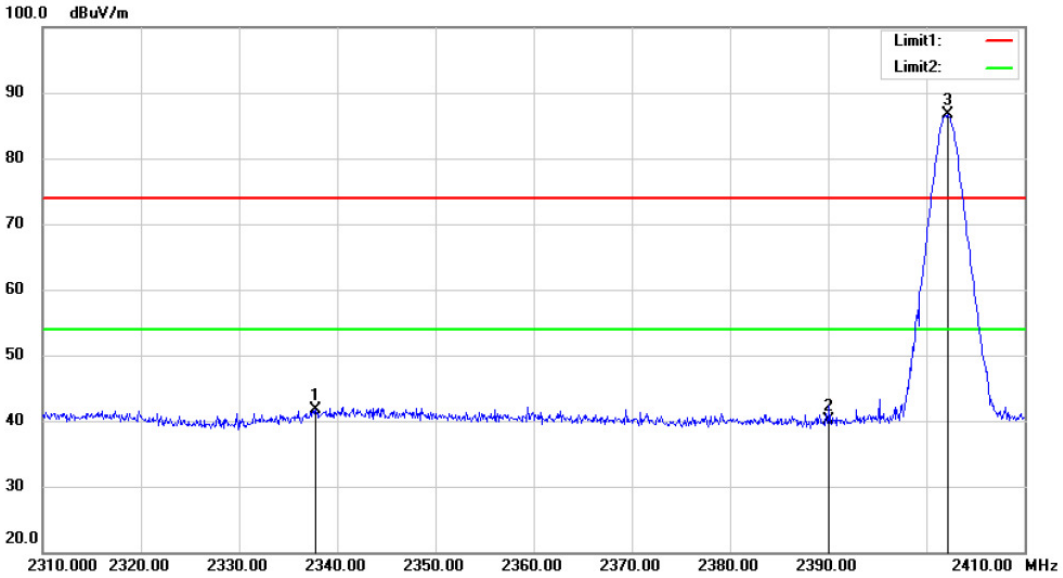
Horizontal:



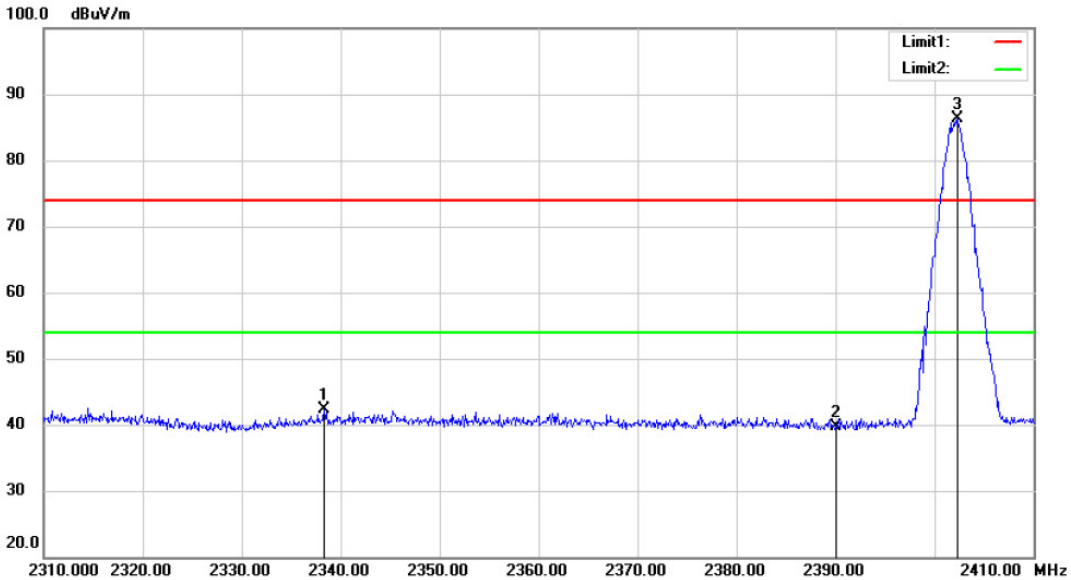
Lowest Channel(2402MHz) **Modulation: π/4DQPSK**

MK.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Corrected factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	2337.8	45.41	-3.73	41.68	54	-12.32	Peak	Vertical
2	2390	43.99	-3.89	40.1	54	-13.9	Peak	Vertical
	2402.2	90.55	-3.92	86.63	54	32.63	Peak	Vertical
1	2338.3	45.96	-3.74	42.22	54	-11.78	Peak	Horizontal
2	2390	43.57	-3.89	39.68	54	-14.32	Peak	Horizontal
	2402.3	90.26	-3.92	86.34	54	32.34	Peak	Horizontal

Vertical:



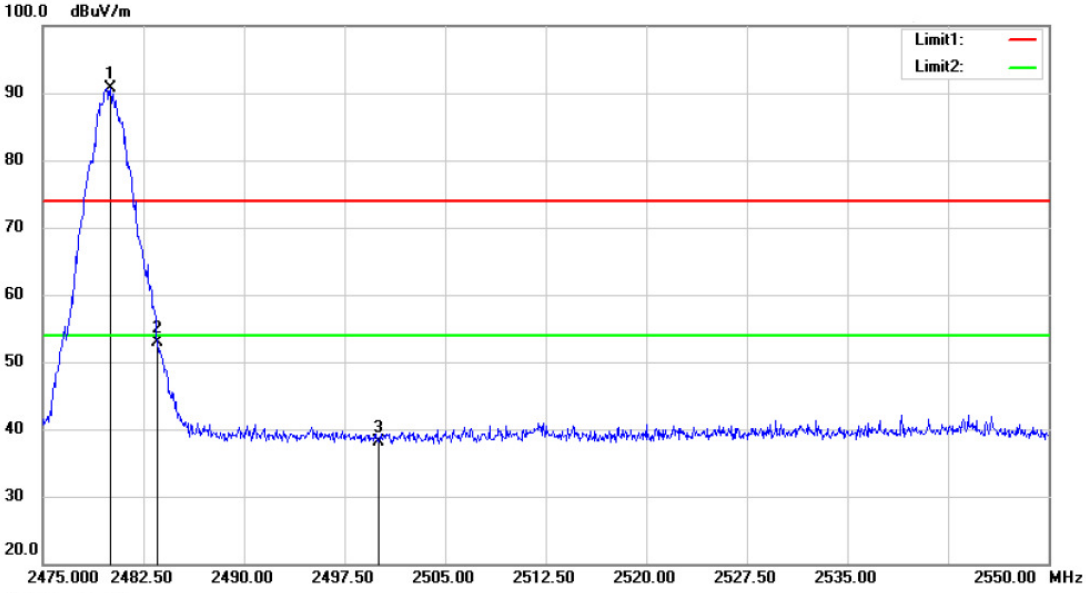
Horizontal:



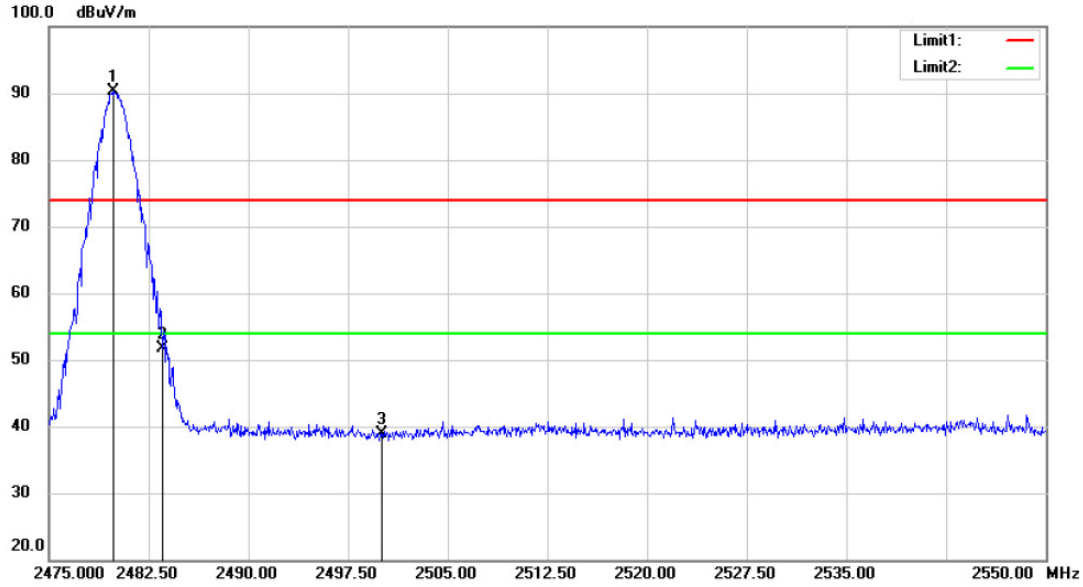
Highest Channel(2480MHz) **Modulation: π/4DQPSK**

MK.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Corrected factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	2480.025	94.66	-4	90.66	54	36.66	Peak	Vertical
2	2483.5	56.83	-4.01	52.82	54	-1.18	Peak	Vertical
3	2500	42.07	-4.03	38.04	54	-15.96	Peak	Vertical
1	2479.875	94.29	-4	90.29	54	36.29	Peak	Horizontal
2	2483.5	55.73	-4.01	51.72	54	-2.28	Peak	Horizontal
3	2500	42.91	-4.03	38.88	54	-15.12	Peak	Horizontal

Vertical:



Horizontal:



Remark: 1). Test Level = Receiver Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss- Preamplifier Factor

2). If the Peak value below the AV Limit, the AV test doesn't perform for this submission.

All frequencies within the "Restricted bands" have been evaluated to compliance. Except as shown in paragraph of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation.

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
[1]0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.5 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	
13.36 - 13.41			

8 Test Setup Photographs

Refer to the < SMART-B _Test Setup photos-FCC>.

9 EUT Constructional Details

Refer to the < SMART-B _External Photos > & < SMART-B _Internal Photos >.

--End of the Report--