

TEST REPORT

FCC ID: 2AHLHEPS134130

Product: Bluetooth speakers

Model No.: EPS134

Additional Model: EPS130

Trade Mark: N/A

Report No.: TCT160223E004

Issued Date: Mar. 08, 2016

Issued for:

NORSON INDUSTRY CO., LTD

**Room 401, 4/F, Anxin Building, #536 Shenhui Road, Henggang, Longgang,
Shenzhen, 518115, China.**

Issued By:

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Appendix A: Test Result of Conducted Test**Appendix B: Photographs of Test Setup****Appendix C: Photographs of EUT**

1. Test Certification

Product:	Bluetooth speakers
Model No.:	EPS134
Additional Model:	EPS130
Applicant:	NORSON INDUSTRY CO., LTD
Address:	Room 401, 4/F, Anxin Building, #536 Shenhui Road, Henggang, Longgang, Shenzhen, 518115, China.
Manufacturer:	NORSON INDUSTRY CO., LTD
Address:	Room 401, 4/F, Anxin Building, #536 Shenhui Road, Henggang, Longgang, Shenzhen, 518115, China.
Date of Test:	Feb. 22 – Mar. 07, 2016
Applicable Standards:	FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247

The above equipment has been tested by Shenzhen Tongce Testing Lab. and found compliance with the requirements set forth in the technical standards mentioned above. The results of testing in this report apply only to the product/system, which was tested. Other similar equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Tested By:

Neil Wong

Date:

Mar. 07, 2016

Reviewed By:

Joe Zhou

Date:

Mar. 08, 2016

Approved By:

Tomsin

Date:

Mar. 08, 2016

2. Test Result Summary

Requirement	CFR 47 Section	Result
Antenna Requirement	§15.203/§15.247 (c)	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	§15.207	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	§15.247 (b)(1)	PASS
20dB Occupied Bandwidth	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Carrier Frequencies Separation	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Hopping Channel Number	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Dwell Time	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Radiated Emission	§15.205/§15.209	PASS
Band Edge	§15.247(d)	PASS

Note:

1. PASS: *Test item meets the requirement.*
2. Fail: *Test item does not meet the requirement.*
3. N/A: *Test case does not apply to the test object.*
4. *The test result judgment is decided by the limit of test standard.*

3. EUT Description

Product Name:	Bluetooth speakers
Model :	EPS134
Additional Model:	EPS130
Trade Mark:	N/A
Operation Frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Transfer Rate:	1/2Mbits/s
Number of Channel:	79
Modulation Type:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK
Modulation Technology:	FHSS
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna
Antenna Gain:	1.0dBi
Power Supply:	DC3.7V
Remark:	Both the product are identical in interior structure, electrical circuits and components, and just model names are different for the marketing requirement.

Operation Frequency each of channel for GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
0	2402MHz	20	2422MHz	40	2442MHz	60	2462MHz
1	2403MHz	21	2423MHz	41	2443MHz	61	2463MHz
...
10	2412MHz	30	2432MHz	50	2452MHz	70	2472MHz
11	2413MHz	31	2433MHz	51	2453MHz	71	2473MHz
...
18	2420MHz	38	2440MHz	58	2460MHz	78	2480MHz
19	2421MHz	39	2441MHz	59	2461MHz		-

Remark: Channel 0, 39 & 78 have been tested for GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK modulation mode.

4. General Information

4.1. Test environment and mode

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.0 °C
Humidity:	56 % RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar
Test Mode:	
Engineering mode:	Keep the EUT in continuous transmitting by select channel and modulations
<p>The sample was placed 0.8m above the ground plane of 3m chamber. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were performed. During the test, each emission was maximized by: having the EUT continuously working, investigated all operating modes, rotated about all 3 axis (X, Y & Z) and considered typical configuration to obtain worst position, manipulating interconnecting cables, rotating the turntable, varying antenna height from 1m to 4m in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. The emissions worst-case are shown in Test Results of the following pages.</p>	

4.2. Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

Equipment	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID	Trade Name
/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.
3. For conducted measurements (Output Power, 20dB Occupied Bandwidth, Carrier Frequencies Separation, Hopping Channel Number, Dwell Time, Spurious Emissions), the antenna of EUT is connected to the test equipment via temporary antenna connector, the antenna connector is soldered on the antenna port of EUT, and the temporary antenna connector is listed in the Test Instruments.

5. Facilities and Accreditations

5.1. Facilities

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

- FCC - Registration No.: 572331

Shenzhen Tongce Testing Lab

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber has been registered and fully described in a report with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

- IC - Registration No.: 10668A-1

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen TCT Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing

- CNAS - Registration No.: CNAS L6165

Shenzhen TCT Testing Technology Co., Ltd. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration laboratories for the competence of testing. The Registration No. is CNAS L6165.

5.2. Location

Shenzhen Tongce Testing Lab

Address: 1F, Leinuo Watch Building, Fuyong Town, Baoan Dist, Shenzhen, China

Tel: 86-755-36638142

5.3. Measurement Uncertainty

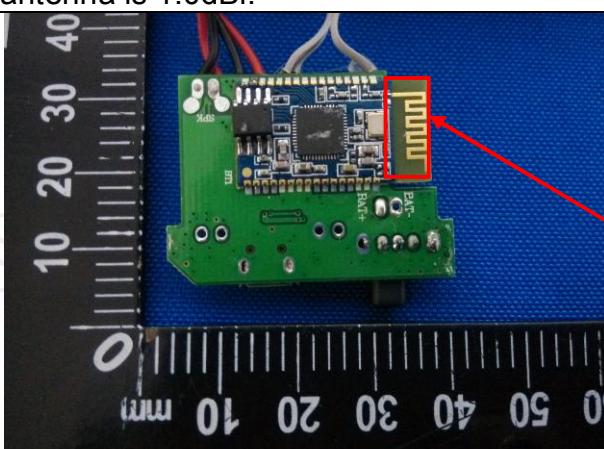
The reported uncertainty of measurement $y \pm U$, where expended uncertainty U is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of $k=2$, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 %.

No.	Item	MU
1	Conducted Emission	$\pm 2.56\text{dB}$
2	RF power, conducted	$\pm 0.12\text{dB}$
3	Spurious emissions, conducted	$\pm 0.11\text{dB}$
4	All emissions, radiated(<1G)	$\pm 3.92\text{dB}$
5	All emissions, radiated(>1G)	$\pm 4.28\text{dB}$
6	Temperature	$\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$
7	Humidity	$\pm 1.0\%$

6. Test Results and Measurement Data

6.1. Antenna requirement

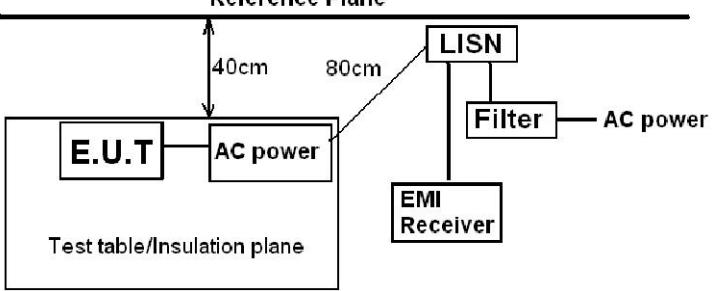
Standard requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.203 /247(c)
15.203 requirement:	An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.
15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement:	(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that is used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.
E.U.T Antenna:	The Bluetooth antenna is an internal antenna which permanently attached, and the best case gain of the antenna is 1.0dBi.



Antenna

6.2. Conducted Emission

6.2.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.207														
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: 2013														
Frequency Range:	150 kHz to 30 MHz														
Receiver setup:	RBW=9 kHz, VBW=30 kHz, Sweep time=auto														
Limits:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Frequency range (MHz)</th> <th colspan="2">Limit (dBuV)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Quasi-peak</th> <th>Average</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.15-0.5</td> <td>66 to 56*</td> <td>56 to 46*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.5-5</td> <td>56</td> <td>46</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5-30</td> <td>60</td> <td>50</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)		Quasi-peak	Average	0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*	0.5-5	56	46	5-30	60	50
Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)														
	Quasi-peak	Average													
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*													
0.5-5	56	46													
5-30	60	50													
Test Setup:	<p>Reference Plane</p>  <p>Remark: E.U.T: Equipment Under Test LISN: Line Impedance Stabilization Network Test table height=0.8m</p>														
Test Mode:	Refer to item 4.1														
Test Procedure:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The E.U.T and simulators are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (L.I.S.N.). This provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment. 2. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance with 50ohm termination. (Please refer to the block diagram of the test setup and photographs). 3. Both sides of A.C. line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.4: 2014 on conducted measurement. 														
Test Result:	PASS														

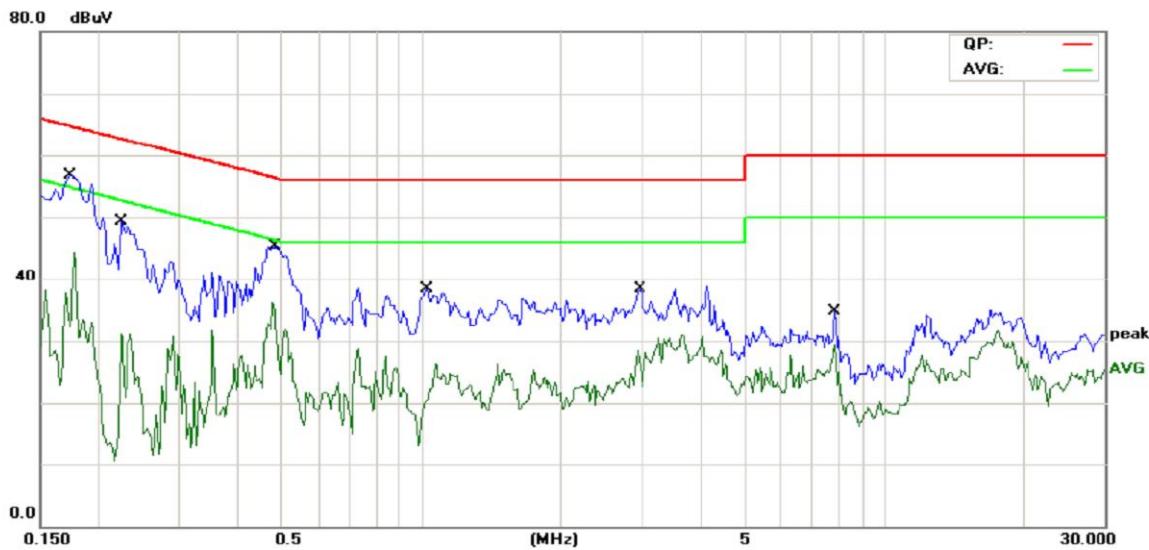
6.2.2. Test Instruments

Conducted Emission Shielding Room Test Site (843)				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCS30	100139	Sep. 11, 2016
LISN	Schwarzbeck	NSLK 8126	8126453	Sep. 16, 2016
Coax cable	TCT	CE-05	N/A	Sep. 11, 2016
EMI Test Software	Shurples Technology	EZ-EMC	N/A	N/A

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

6.2.3. Test data

Please refer to following diagram for individual
Conducted Emission on Line Terminal of the power line (150 kHz to 30MHz)



Site Chamber #2				Phase:	<i>L1</i>	Temperature:	25 (C)	
Limit: FCC PART15 Conduction(QP)				Power:	AC 120V/60Hz	Humidity:	56 %	
<hr/>								
No.	Mk.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over		
	MHz	dB μ V	dB	dB μ V	dB	Detector	Comment	
1	*	0.1734	41.46	11.50	52.96	64.79	-11.83	QP
2		0.1734	24.50	11.50	36.00	54.79	-18.79	AVG
3		0.2242	34.54	11.47	46.01	62.66	-16.65	QP
4		0.2242	17.94	11.47	29.41	52.66	-23.25	AVG
5		0.4859	29.27	11.32	40.59	56.24	-15.65	QP
6		0.4859	17.34	11.32	28.66	46.24	-17.58	AVG
7		1.0289	17.26	11.19	28.45	56.00	-27.55	QP
8		1.0289	5.59	11.19	16.78	46.00	-29.22	AVG
9		2.9663	20.10	11.35	31.45	56.00	-24.55	QP
10		2.9663	11.56	11.35	22.91	46.00	-23.09	AVG
11		7.8281	14.38	11.05	25.43	60.00	-34.57	QP
12		7.8281	6.73	11.05	17.78	50.00	-32.22	AVG

Note:

Freq. = Emission frequency in MHz

Reading level (dB μ V) = Receiver reading

Corr. Factor (dB) = Antenna factor + Cable loss

Measurement (dB μ V) = Reading level (dB μ V) + Corr. Factor (dB)

Limit (dB μ V) = Limit stated in standard

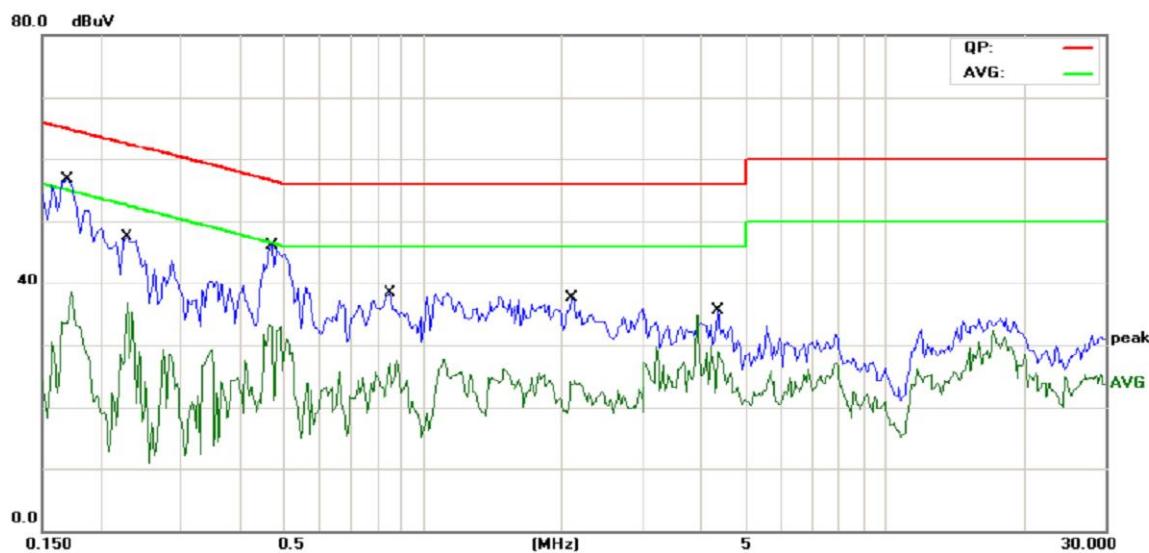
Margin (dB) = Measurement (dB μ V) – Limits (dB μ V)

Q.P. =Quasi-Peak

AVG =average

* is meaning the worst frequency has been tested in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30MHz

Conducted Emission on Neutral Terminal of the power line (150 kHz to 30MHz)



Site Chamber #2				Phase: <i>N</i>	Temperature: 25 (C)				
Limit: FCC PART15 Conduction(QP)				Power: AC 120V/60Hz	Humidity: 56 %				
No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	Detector	Comment
		MHz	dBμV	dB	dBμV	dBμV	dB		
1	*	0.1695	41.28	11.51	52.79	64.98	-12.19	QP	
2		0.1695	24.83	11.51	36.34	54.98	-18.64	AVG	
3		0.2281	33.41	11.47	44.88	62.52	-17.64	QP	
4		0.2281	19.73	11.47	31.20	52.52	-21.32	AVG	
5		0.4742	30.42	11.32	41.74	56.44	-14.70	QP	
6		0.4742	17.80	11.32	29.12	46.44	-17.32	AVG	
7		0.8492	22.78	11.20	33.98	56.00	-22.02	QP	
8		0.8492	12.48	11.20	23.68	46.00	-22.32	AVG	
9		2.1070	19.08	11.65	30.73	56.00	-25.27	QP	
10		2.1070	9.87	11.65	21.52	46.00	-24.48	AVG	
11		4.3438	18.30	10.86	29.16	56.00	-26.84	QP	
12		4.3438	11.12	10.86	21.98	46.00	-24.02	AVG	

Note1:

Freq. = Emission frequency in MHz

Reading level (dB μ V) = Receiver reading

Corr. Factor (dB) = Antenna factor + Cable loss

Measurement (dB μ V) = Reading level (dB μ V) + Corr. Factor (dB)

Limit (dB μ V) = Limit stated in standard

Margin (dB) = Measurement (dB μ V) – Limits (dB μ V)

Q.P. =Quasi-Peak

AVG =average

* is meaning the worst frequency has been tested in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30MHz.

Note2:

Measurements were conducted in all three channels (high, middle, low) and three modulation(GFSK, Pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK), and the worst case Mode (Highest channel of Pi/4-DQPSK) was submitted only.

6.3. Conducted Output Power

6.3.1. Test Specification

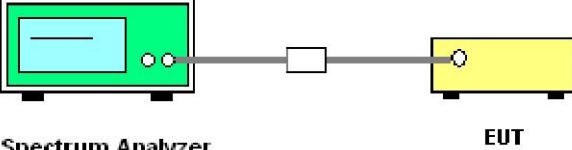
6.3.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 12, 2016
RF Cable	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

6.4. 20dB Occupy Bandwidth

6.4.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	DA00-705
Limit:	N/A
Test Setup:	
Test Mode:	Transmitting mode with modulation
Test Procedure:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines. 2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 20dB Bandwidth measurement. Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel; $RBW \geq 1\%$ of the 20 dB bandwidth; $VBW \geq RBW$; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold. 5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
Test Result:	PASS

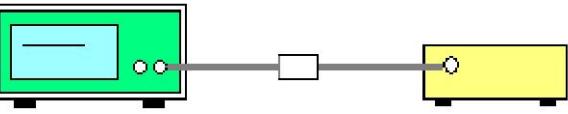
6.4.2. Test Instruments

RF Test Room				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 12, 2016
RF cable	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

6.5. Carrier Frequencies Separation

6.5.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	DA00-705
Limit:	Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.
Test Setup:	 <p style="text-align: center;">Spectrum Analyzer EUT</p>
Test Mode:	Hopping mode
Test Procedure:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines. 2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 4. Enable the EUT hopping function. 5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels; RBW\geq1% of the span; VBW\geqRBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold. 6. Measure and record the results in the test report.
Test Result:	PASS

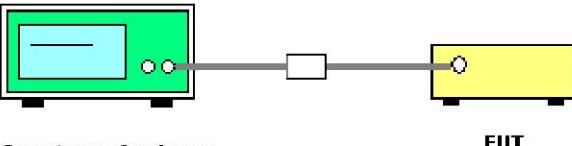
6.5.2. Test Instruments

RF Test Room				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 12, 2016
RF cable	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI)

6.6. Hopping Channel Number

6.6.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	DA00-705
Limit:	Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.
Test Setup:	 <p style="text-align: center;">Spectrum Analyzer EUT</p>
Test Mode:	Hopping mode
Test Procedure:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines. 2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 4. Enable the EUT hopping function. 5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation; RBW \geq 1% of the span; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold. 6. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel. 7. Record the measurement data derived from spectrum analyzer.
Test Result:	PASS

6.6.2. Test Instruments

RF Test Room				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 12, 2016
RF cable	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

6.7. Dwell Time

6.7.1. Test Specification

6.7.2. Test Instruments

RF Test Room				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 12, 2016
RF cable	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

6.8. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1) requirement:
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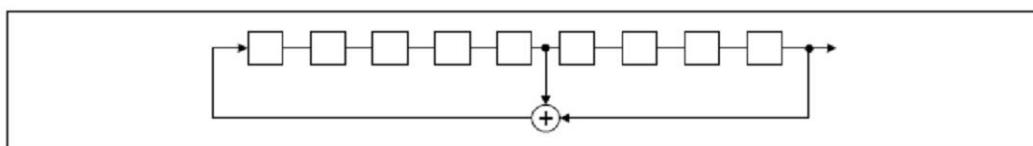
Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Alternatively. Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence
--

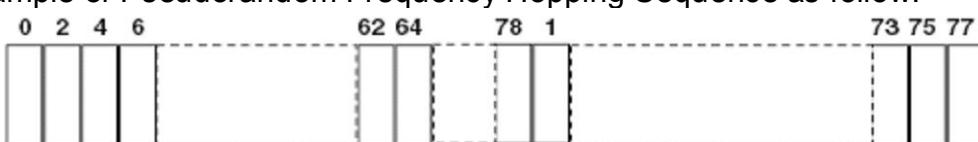
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first one of 9 consecutive ones; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence: $2^9 - 1 = 511$ bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:

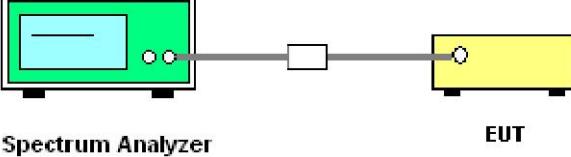


Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

6.9. Conducted Band Edge Measurement

6.9.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	DA00-705
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.
Test Setup:	 <p style="text-align: center;">Spectrum Analyzer EUT</p>
Test Mode:	Transmitting mode with modulation
Test Procedure:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The testing follows the guidelines in Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines. 2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 3. Set RBW = 100 kHz ($\geq 1\%$ span=10MHz), VBW = 300 kHz (\geqRBW). Band edge emissions must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100kHz RBW. The attenuation shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB when RMS conducted output power procedure is used. 4. Enable hopping function of the EUT and then repeat step 2 and 3. 5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
Test Result:	PASS

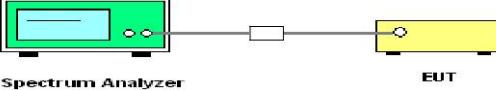
6.9.2. Test Instruments

RF Test Room				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 12, 2016
RF cable	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

6.10. Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

6.10.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	DA00-705
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.
Test Setup:	
Test Mode:	Transmitting mode with modulation
Test Procedure:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious RF Conducted Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines 2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 4. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300kHz, scan up through 10th harmonic. All harmonics / spurs must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW. 5. Measure and record the results in the test report. 6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
Test Result:	PASS

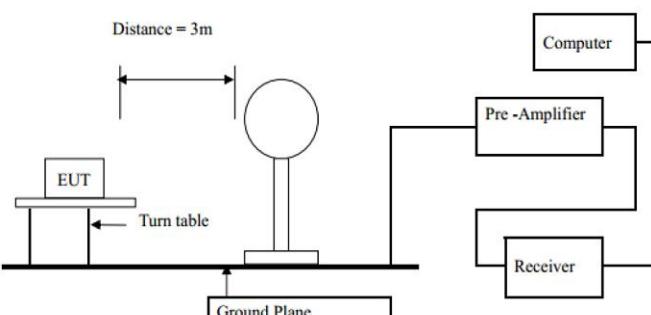
6.10.2. Test Instruments

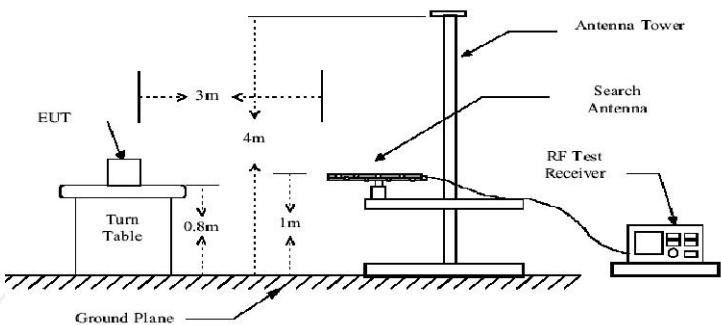
RF Test Room				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 12, 2016
RF cable	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 12, 2016

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

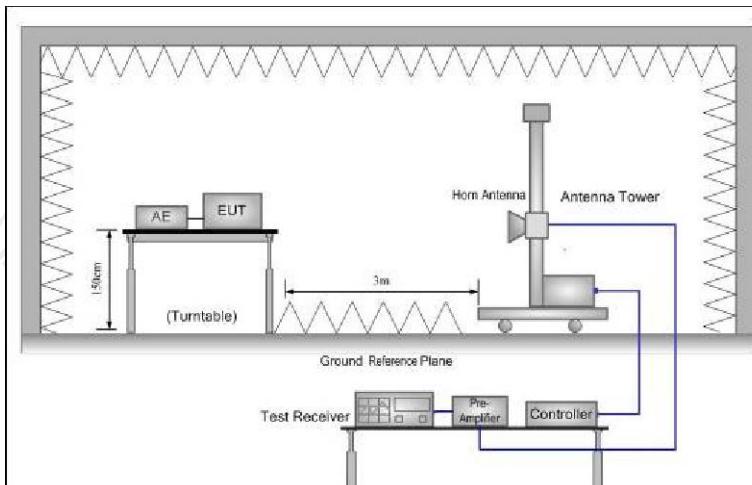
6.11. Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement

6.11.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.209																																							
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: 2013																																							
Frequency Range:	9 kHz to 25 GHz																																							
Measurement Distance:	3 m																																							
Antenna Polarization:	Horizontal & Vertical																																							
Receiver Setup:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency</th> <th>Detector</th> <th>RBW</th> <th>VBW</th> <th>Remark</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>9kHz- 150kHz</td> <td>Quasi-peak</td> <td>200Hz</td> <td>1kHz</td> <td>Quasi-peak Value</td> </tr> <tr> <td>150kHz- 30MHz</td> <td>Quasi-peak</td> <td>9kHz</td> <td>30kHz</td> <td>Quasi-peak Value</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30MHz-1GHz</td> <td>Quasi-peak</td> <td>100KHz</td> <td>300KHz</td> <td>Quasi-peak Value</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">Above 1GHz</td><td>Peak</td> <td>1MHz</td> <td>3MHz</td> <td>Peak Value</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Peak</td> <td>1MHz</td> <td>10Hz</td> <td>Average Value</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark	9kHz- 150kHz	Quasi-peak	200Hz	1kHz	Quasi-peak Value	150kHz- 30MHz	Quasi-peak	9kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak Value	30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	100KHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak Value	Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak Value	Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average Value						
Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark																																				
9kHz- 150kHz	Quasi-peak	200Hz	1kHz	Quasi-peak Value																																				
150kHz- 30MHz	Quasi-peak	9kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak Value																																				
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Limit:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency</th> <th>Field Strength (microvolts/meter)</th> <th>Measurement Distance (meters)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.009-0.490</td> <td>2400/F(KHz)</td> <td>300</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.490-1.705</td> <td>24000/F(KHz)</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.705-30</td> <td>30</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30-88</td> <td>100</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>88-216</td> <td>150</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>216-960</td> <td>200</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Above 960</td> <td>500</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency</th> <th>Field Strength (microvolts/meter)</th> <th>Measurement Distance (meters)</th> <th>Detector</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">Above 1GHz</td><td>500</td> <td>3</td> <td>Average</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5000</td> <td>3</td> <td>Peak</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Frequency	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)	0.009-0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300	0.490-1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30	1.705-30	30	30	30-88	100	3	88-216	150	3	216-960	200	3	Above 960	500	3	Frequency	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)	Detector	Above 1GHz	500	3	Average	5000	3	Peak
Frequency	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)																																						
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0.490-1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30																																						
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30-88	100	3																																						
88-216	150	3																																						
216-960	200	3																																						
Above 960	500	3																																						
Frequency	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)	Detector																																					
Above 1GHz	500	3	Average																																					
	5000	3	Peak																																					
Test setup:	<p>For radiated emissions below 30MHz</p> <p>Distance = 3m</p>  <p>30MHz to 1GHz</p>																																							



Above 1GHz


Test Mode:

Transmitting mode with modulation

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious Radiated Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.

2. For the radiated emission test below 1GHz:
The EUT was placed on a turntable with 1.5 meter above ground. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower. The EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high PASS filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level.

For the radiated emission test above 1GHz:

Place the measurement antenna on a turntable with 1.5 meter above ground, which is away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT,

Test Procedure:

	<p>depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.</p> <p>3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.</p> <p>4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured; (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz, RBW=1MHz for $f > 1$ GHz ; $VBW \geq RBW$; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold for peak (3) For average measurement: use duty cycle correction factor method per 15.35(c). Duty cycle = On time/100 milliseconds On time = $N_1 \cdot L_1 + N_2 \cdot L_2 + \dots + N_{n-1} \cdot L_{n-1} + N_n \cdot L_n$ Where N_1 is number of type 1 pulses, L_1 is length of type 1 pulses, etc. Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + $20 \cdot \log(\text{Duty cycle})$ <p>Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level</p>
Test results:	PASS

6.11.2. Test Instruments

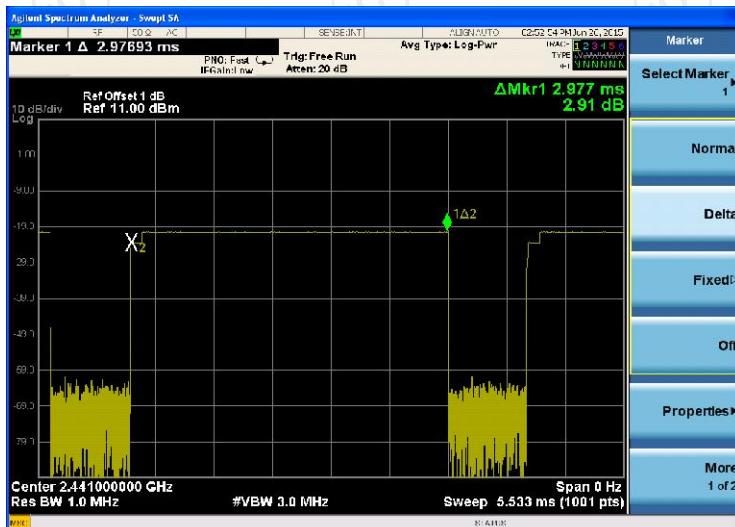
Radiated Emission Test Site (966)				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
ESPI Test Receiver	ROHDE&SCHW ARZ	ESVD	100008	Sep. 11, 2016
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHW ARZ	FSEM	848597/001	Sep. 11, 2016
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 12, 2016
Pre-amplifier	EM Electronics Corporation CO.,LTD	EM30265	07032613	Sep. 11, 2016
Pre-amplifier	HP	8447D	2727A05017	Sep. 11, 2016
Loop antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900A	12024	Sep. 13, 2016
Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	340	Sep. 13, 2016
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	631	Sep. 13, 2016
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	373	Sep. 13, 2016
Antenna Mast	CCS	CC-A-4M	N/A	N/A
Coax cable	TCT	RE-low-01	N/A	Sep. 11, 2016
Coax cable	TCT	RE-high-02	N/A	Sep. 11, 2016
Coax cable	TCT	RE-low-03	N/A	Sep. 11, 2016
Coax cable	TCT	RE-high-04	N/A	Sep. 11, 2016
EMI Test Software	Shurples Technology	EZ-EMC	N/A	N/A

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

6.11.3. Test Data

Duty cycle correction factor for average measurement

DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39



DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



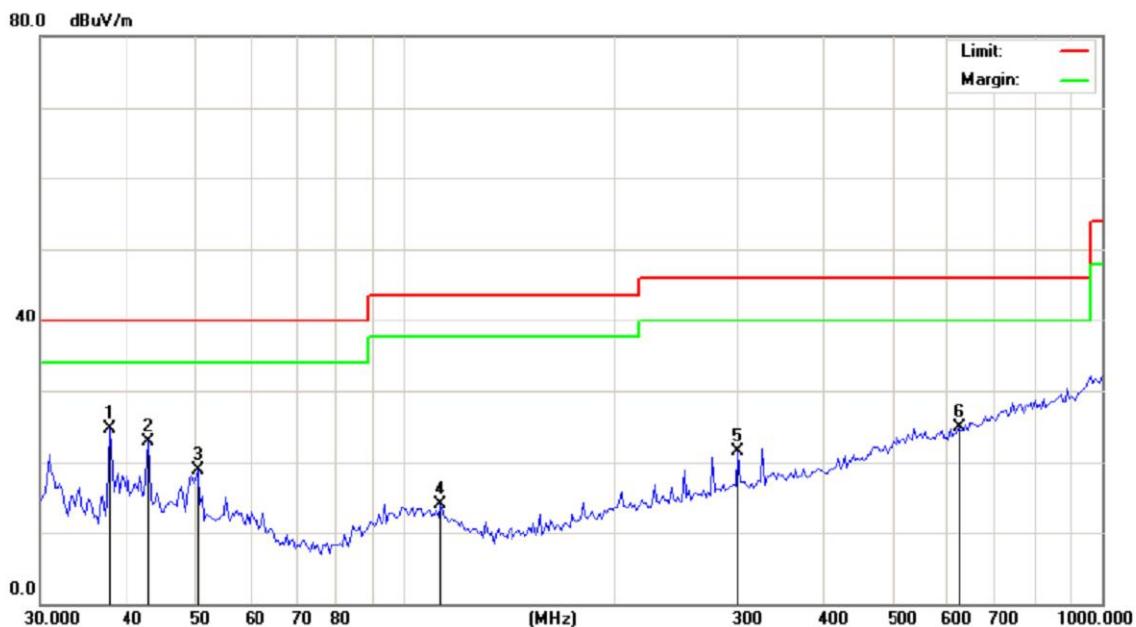
Note:

1. Worst case Duty cycle = on time/100 milliseconds = $(2.977*26+1.700)/100 = 0.79$
2. Worst case Duty cycle correction factor = $20*\log(\text{Duty cycle}) = -2.04\text{dB}$
3. DH5 has the highest duty cycle worst case and is reported.
4. The average levels were calculated from the peak level corrected with duty cycle correction factor (-2.04dB) derived from $20\log(\text{dwell time}/100\text{ms})$. This correction is only for signals that hop with the fundamental signal, such as band-edge and harmonic. Other spurious signals that are independent of the hopping signal would not use this correction.

Please refer to following diagram for individual

Below 1GHz

Horizontal:



Site

Polarization: **Horizontal**

Temperature: 25

Limit: FCC Part 15B Class B RE_3 m

Power:

Humidity: 56 %

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading	Correct	Measure-	Limit	Over	Antenna	Table	
			Level	Factor	ment					
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1	*	37.5648	37.44	-12.78	24.66	40.00	-15.34	peak	0	
2		42.9305	35.30	-12.34	22.96	40.00	-17.04	peak	0	
3		50.4614	31.04	-12.07	18.97	40.00	-21.03	peak	0	
4		112.4271	26.33	-12.40	13.93	43.50	-29.57	peak	0	
5		300.6988	29.69	-8.25	21.44	46.00	-24.56	peak	0	
6		624.4897	26.25	-1.42	24.83	46.00	-21.17	peak	0	

Vertical:



Site

 Polarization: **Vertical**

Temperature: 25

Limit: FCC Part 15B Class B RE_3 m

Power:

Humidity: 56 %

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading	Correct	Measure-	Limit	Over	Antenna	Table		
			Level	Factor	ment				Height	Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	
1		31.2920	40.15	-13.56	26.59	40.00	-13.41	peak		0	
2		42.9305	40.27	-12.34	27.93	40.00	-12.07	peak		0	
3	*	49.0627	40.62	-12.08	28.54	40.00	-11.46	peak		0	
4		69.2297	31.87	-16.22	15.65	40.00	-24.35	peak		0	
5		103.3353	25.82	-11.62	14.20	43.50	-29.30	peak		0	
6		554.1708	28.18	-2.41	25.77	46.00	-20.23	peak		0	

Note: 1. The low frequency, which started from 9KHz~30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported

2. Measurements were conducted in all three channels (high, middle, low) and three modulation(GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK), and the worst case Mode (Highest channel of $\pi/4$ DQPSK) was submitted only.

Above 1GHz

Modulation Type: Pi/4 DQPSK									
Low channel: 2402 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. H/V	Peak reading (dB μ V)	AV reading (dB μ V)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Emission Level		Peak limit (dB μ V/m)	AV limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
					Peak (dB μ V/m)	AV (dB μ V/m)			
2390	H	44.53	---	-8.23	36.30	---	74	54	-17.70
4804	H	41.03	---	6.59	47.62	---	74	54	-6.38
7206	H	37.05	---	12.87	49.92	---	74	54	-4.08
---	H	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
2390	V	39.64	---	-8.23	31.41	---	74	54	-22.59
4804	V	39.01	---	6.59	45.60	---	74	54	-8.40
7206	V	37.57	---	12.87	50.44	---	74	54	-3.56
---	V	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Middle channel: 2441 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. H/V	Peak reading (dB μ V)	AV reading (dB μ V)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Emission Level		Peak limit (dB μ V/m)	AV limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
					Peak (dB μ V/m)	AV (dB μ V/m)			
4882	H	37.85	---	7.01	44.86	---	74	54	-9.14
7323	H	36.31	---	13.21	49.52	---	74	54	-4.48
---	H	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
4882	V	38.79	---	7.01	45.80	---	74	54	-8.20
7323	V	36.91	---	13.21	50.12	---	74	54	-3.88
---	V	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

High channel: 2480 MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. H/V	Peak reading (dB μ V)	AV reading (dB μ V)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Emission Level		Peak limit (dB μ V/m)	AV limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
					Peak (dB μ V/m)	AV (dB μ V/m)			
2483.5	H	41.97	---	-7.52	34.45	---	74	54	-19.55
4960	H	40.69	---	7.44	48.13	---	74	54	-5.87
7440	H	35.29	---	13.54	48.83	---	74	54	-5.17
---	H	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
2483.5	V	40.20	---	-7.52	32.68	---	74	54	-21.32
4960	V	41.55	---	7.44	48.99	---	74	54	-5.01
7440	V	37.74	---	13.54	51.28	---	74	54	-2.72
---	V	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Note:

1. Emission Level=Peak Reading + Correction Factor; Correction Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable loss – Pre-amplifier
2. Margin (dB) = Emission Level (Peak) (dB μ V/m)-Average limit (dB μ V/m)
3. The emission levels of other frequencies are very lower than the limit and not show in test report.
4. Measurements were conducted from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
5. Data of measurement shown “---” in the above table mean that the reading of emissions is attenuated more than 20 dB below the limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
6. Measurements were conducted in all three modulation(GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK), and the worst case Mode (Pi/4 DQPSK) was submitted only.