

## 5.6. RF EXPOSURE REQUIRMENTS [§§ 15.247(i), 1.1310 & 2.1091]

§ 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b).

### Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging time (minutes)
<b>(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures</b>				
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f <sup>2</sup> )	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			f/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6
<b>(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure</b>				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

Note 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

Note 2: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

### 5.6.1. Method of Measurements

#### Calculation Method of Power Density/RF Safety Distance:

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi \cdot r^2} = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi \cdot r^2}$$

Where,  
P: power input to the antenna in mW  
EIRP: Equivalent (effective) isotropic radiated power.  
S: power density mW/cm<sup>2</sup>  
G: numeric gain of antenna relative to isotropic radiator  
r: distance to centre of radiation in cm

### 5.6.2. RF Evaluation

#### 5.6.2.1. Standalone

Frequency (MHz)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (mW)	Evaluation Distance, r (cm)	Power Density, S (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	MPE Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Margin (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
902.5	17	50.119	20	0.010	0.602	-0.592

#### 5.6.2.2. Co-location

Pursuant to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, Section 7.2:

*Simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneously transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device is  $\leq 1.0$ , according to calculated/estimated, numerically modeled, or measured field strengths or power density.*

**The maximum calculated MPE ratio of the EUT with 3 dBi Dipole Antenna**

Frequency (MHz)	EUT EIRP (dBm)	EUT EIRP (mW)	Evaluation Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	FCC MPE Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	MPE Ratio
902.5	17	50.119	20	0.010	0.602	0.017

The maximum calculated MPE ratio for the EUT with 3 dBi dipole antenna is 0.017, this configuration can be co-located with other transmitting antennas provided the sum of the MPE ratios for all the other simultaneous transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device is  $\leq 1.0 - 0.017 \leq \underline{0.983}$